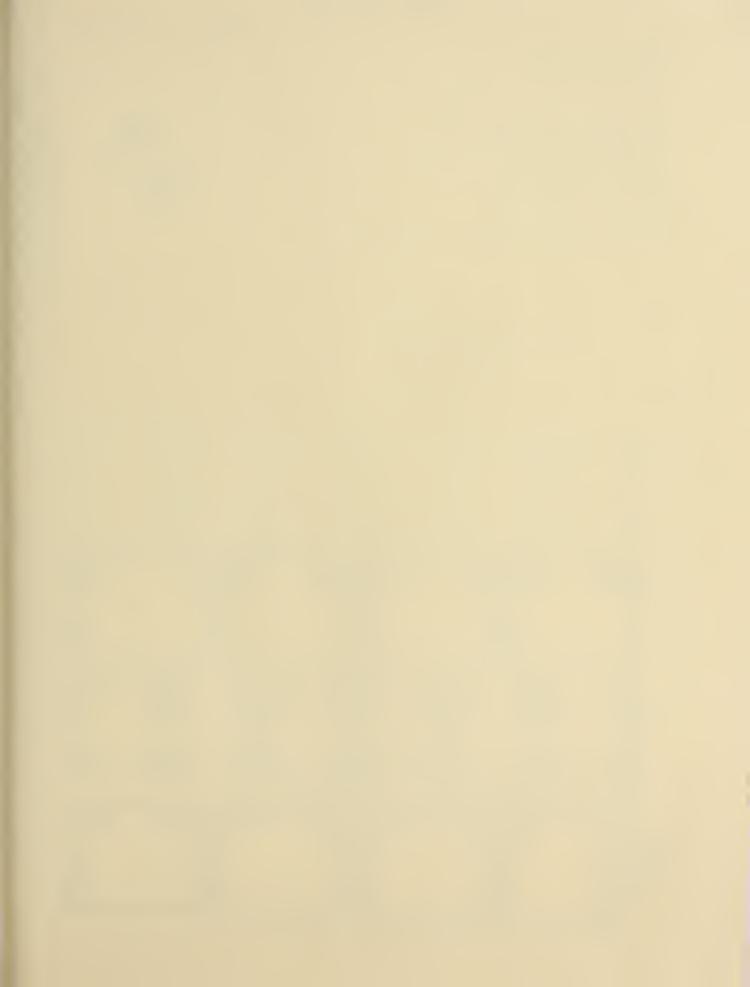
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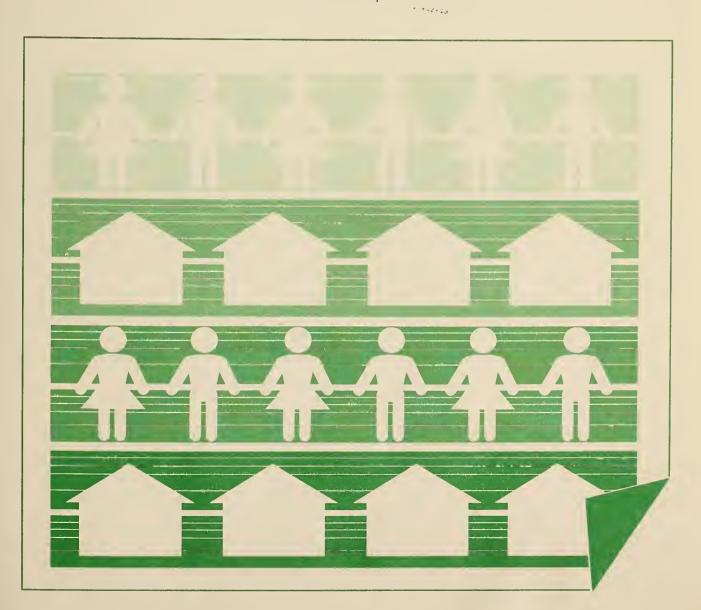
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1990 Census of
Population and Housing
Population and Housing
Characteristics for
Census Tracts and Block
Numbering Areas
Peoria, IL MSA

Issued May 1993



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Economics and Statistics Administration Jeffrey Mayer, Acting Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS Harry A. Scarr, Acting Director

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## **HOW TO USE THIS CENSUS REPORT**

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### INTRODUCTION

Data from the 1990 census are presented in several different report series. These series are published under the following three subject titles:

- 1. 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP)
- 2. 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH)
- 3. 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH)

The types of data and the geographic areas shown in reports differ from one series to another. In most series, there is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands), plus a United States summary report. Some series include reports for American Indian and Alaska Native areas, metropolitan areas, and urbanized areas. See appendix F for detailed information about the various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; other related materials; and sources of assistance.

The data from the 1990 census were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions). Two primary versions of questionnaires were used: a short form containing only the 100-percent questions and a long form containing both the 100-percent questions and the additional sample questions. Appendix E presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data included in this report. Appendix F lists the subjects that are covered by the 100-percent and sample components of the 1990 census.

Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1990, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which is codified in Title 13, United States Code.

# HOW TO FIND RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN DETAIL AND SUBJECT-MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the data that are needed. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, the subjects shown in this report by race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the left-hand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for specific race groups or persons of Hispanic origin. Below is an example of a table finding guide.

## **TABLE FINDING GUIDE**

Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Humber
[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left aids, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top.
For definition and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix [5]

Subject	Total	White	Binck	American Indian, Eakimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS							
Age	1	2	3	4	6	6	7
Ancestry	18				_		-
Class of worker	18		_		_		_
Count adjustment	1	2	3	4	5	8	7
Disability	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children	1	2	3	4	5	8	7
Fertility	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin	8, 18						-
Household type and relationship	1	2	3	~ 4	5	6	7
income in 1989	19	21	23	25	27	ž	31
industry.	18	- 21	ω,				
Journey to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to	'0	20	- 4	24	20		
speak English	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Markai status	"	20	3		5	6	7
Means of transportation to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation.		21	23	25	27	29	31
	18			24	26	28	30
Piace of birth	17	20	22			28	30
Place of work	17	20	22	24	26		
Poverty status in 1989	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race	8		-			<u></u>	30
Residence in 1985	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school	17	20	22	24	26	28	7
Sex	1	2	3	4	5	6	′
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons)	17	-	-				30
Work status in 1989	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1969	18		-	-	-	-	-
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS		j					
Bedrooms	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium	32	-	۵.	~			
Contract rent	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel.	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household Income in 1989.	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Meals included in rent	9	10	11	12	13	,,,	,,,
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner oosts	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room.	3	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing fecilities.	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
	9	10	30 11	12	13	14	15
Rooms			36	38	40	42	44
Sewage disposal	32	34		38	40	42	44
Source of water	32	34	36		40	42	44
Telephone in unit	32	34	36	38	13	14	15
Tenure	9	10	11	12			15
Units in structure	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Urban, rural, end farm residence (housing units).						-	-
Vacancy characteristics	9	10	- 11	12	13	14	15
Value	9	10	- 11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
LAND AREA	1 1			_		-	

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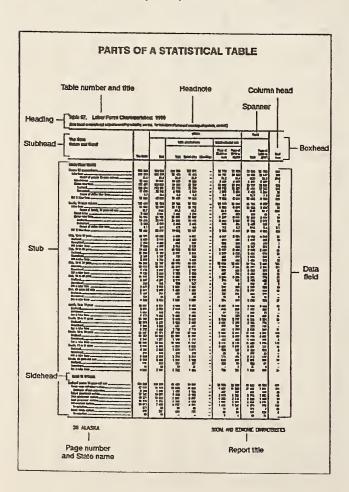
## HOW TO USE THE STATISTICAL TABLES

### Parts of a Statistical Table

The census data included in printed reports are arranged in tables. Each table includes four major parts: (1) heading, (2) boxhead, (3) stub, and (4) data field. A typical census report table is illustrated below.

The *heading* consists of the table number, title, and headnote. The table number indicates the position of the table within the report, while the title is a brief statement indicating the classification, nature, and time reference of the data presented in the table. The headnote is enclosed in brackets and is located under the title. It contains statements that qualify, explain, or provide information pertaining to the entire table. In some tables showing racial and Hispanic origin groups, the headnote includes information that data are presented only when certain population-size criteria (thresholds) are met. (For more information on thresholds, see the "User Notes" section.)

The boxhead is under the heading. This portion of the table, which contains the individual column heads or captions, describes the data in each vertical column. In the boxhead of many tables, a spanner appears across and above two or more column heads or across two or more lower spanners. The purpose of a spanner is to classify or qualify items below it or separate the table into identifiable blocks in terms of major aspects of the data.



The *stub* is located at the left edge of the table. It includes a listing of line or row captions or descriptions. At the top of the stub is the stubhead. The stubhead is considered to be an extension of the table title and usually shows generic geographic area designations and restrictions.

In the stub, several features are used to help the user better understand the contents of the table. Usually, a block of data lines is preceded by a sidehead. The sidehead, similar to a spanner, describes and classifies the stub entries following it. The use of indentation in a stub indicates the relationship of one data line to another. Indented data lines represent subcategories that in most instances, sum to a total. Occasionally in tables, it is desirable to show one or more single-line subcategories that do not sum to the total. The unit of measure, such as dollars, is shown when it is not clear from the general wording of the data line.

The *data field* is that part of the table that contains the data. It extends from the bottom of the boxhead to the bottom of the table and from the right of the stub to the right-hand edge of the page.

Both geographic and subject-matter terms appear in tables. It is important to read the definitions of the terms used in the tables because census terms often are defined in special ways that reflect the manner in which the questions were asked and the data were tabulated. Definitions of geographic terms are provided in appendix A. Subject-matter terms are defined in appendix B.

## Symbols and Geographic Abbreviations

The following symbols are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A dash "-" represents zero, a figure that rounds to less than 0.1, or a percent that rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable.
- · (NA) means not available.
- The prefix "r" indicates that the count has been revised since publication of 1980 reports or that the area was erroneously omitted or not shown in the correct geographic relationship in the 1980 census reports. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports.
- A dagger "†" next to the name of a geographic area indicates that there has been a geographic change(s) (for example, an annexation or detachment, a new incorporation, or a name change) since the information published for the 1980 census for that area. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, Population and Housing Unit Counts reports. The geographic change information for the entities in a Staţe is shown in the "User Notes" section of 1990 CPH-2, Population and Housing

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Unit Counts report, for that State. The information for all States appears in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation for Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

- A plus sign "+" or a minus sign "-" following a figure denotes that the median falls in the initial or terminal category of an open-ended distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures" in appendix B.)
- A minus sign "-" preceding a figure denotes decrease.

The following geographic abbreviations are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A "(pt.)" next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is only partially located in the superior geographic entity. For example, a "(pt.)" next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be "split" by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be "split" by a higher-level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- · BG is block group.
- · BNA is block numbering area.
- · CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- · MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- TJSA is tribal jurisdiction statistical area.
- · unorg. is unorganized territory.
- · VTD is voting district.

Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percents, and ratios. More detailed information about derived measures is provided in appendix B.

## **CENSUS TRACT COMPARABILITY TABLES**

A listing of all the census tract reports in this series and information on changes in the boundaries of census tracts between 1980 and 1990 for the area covered in this report appear on page IV-1, directly before the statistical tables.

The census tract comparability table shows the 1980 components of 1990 census tracts and 1990 components of 1980 census tracts, as relevant, for: (1) 1980 census tracts that were split into two or more 1990 census tracts; (2) 1980 census tracts that were combined into new 1990 census tracts; (3) 1980 census tracts in areas with new

numbering systems for 1990; and (4) those census tracts with boundary changes between 1980 and 1990 that affected 2.5 percent or more of the population of the census tract.

A census tract will not appear in the comparability tables if: (1) no change occurred between 1980 and 1990; (2) boundary revisions affected fewer than 2.5 percent of the persons and that was the only change that occurred to that census tract; (3) the area has block numbering areas for 1990; or (4) an area where census tracts were defined for the first time in 1990.

#### **USER NOTES**

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. They present information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves.

### **CONTENTS OF THE APPENDIXES**

**Appendix A—**Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census reports.

**Appendix B**—Contains definitions for the subject-matter items used in census reports, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. In reports that contain both population and housing characteristics, the population characteristics are described first, followed by the explanations of the housing subjects.

**Appendix C**—Provides information on confidentiality of the data, allocations and substitutions, and sources of errors in the data.

Appendix D—Explains the residence rules used in counting the population and housing units, presents a brief overview of data collection operations, and describes processing procedures used to convert data from unedited questionnaires to final 1990 publications and tapes. This appendix also clarifies the procedures used to collect data for persons abroad at the time of the census, where persons on military bases or away at school were counted, how data were collected for persons in institutions, and which citizens of foreign countries were included in the U.S. data.

**Appendix E—**Presents a facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data in this report.

**Appendix F**—Summarizes the 1990 census data products program by describing the information available in printed reports and in other sources, such as microfiche or computer tape; and provides information on where to obtain assistance.

**Appendix G**—Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.



## **TABLE FINDING GUIDE**

## Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. Tables 1 through 15 show 100-percent characteristics. Tables 16 through 45 show sample characteristics. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS							
Age	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry	16						•••
Class of worker	18				•••		•••
Count adjustment	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Disability	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fertility	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin	8, 16						
Household type and relationship	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry	18						
Journey to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to							
speak English	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status	1.	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race	8						
Residence in 1985	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons)	17						
Work status in 1989	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989	18						
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS							
Bedrooms	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium	32						•••
Contract rent	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner							
costs	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit	32	34	36	38	40	42	44 15
Tenure	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vacancy characteristics	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 44
Vehicles available	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit	32	34	36	38 38	40 40	42 42	44
LAND AREA	32	34	36			42	
THE PARTY OF THE P	'		•••	***			

<sup>...</sup> Not applicable for this report.

TABLE FINDING GUIDE 11-1



## **USER NOTES**

Additional information concerning this 1990 census product may be available at a later date. If you wish to receive these *User Notes*, contact:

Data User Services Division Customer Services Bureau of the Census Washington, DC 20233 301-763-4100

Questions concerning the content of this report may be directed to:

Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division Bureau of the Census Washington, DC 20233

Population Division Bureau of the Census Washington, DC 20233

## ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANA-TIONS OF DATA

## **GENERAL**

### **User Note 1**

Age Reporting—Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age on April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round up their age if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous

censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the discussion on comparability under "Age" in appendix B.)

#### **User Note 2**

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

### **User Note 3**

This report series (CPH-3) includes 100-percent and sample data for population and housing characteristics. Tables 1 through 8 present data on general population characteristics based on tabulations of 100-percent data and tables 9 through 15 show 100-percent housing data. Tables 16 through 31 show sample data on social and economic characteristics and tables 32 through 45 show sample housing data.

## **User Note 4**

Persons or householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. References indicating this information were inadvertently omitted from some tables in this report series.

### **User Note 5**

Electrostatic-plotter copies of Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps are no longer sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. Printed copies of maps are obtainable through the Superintendent of Documents. The availability of selected products and information on certain services described in appendix F of this report series has changed. For current information about various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; reference materials; and sources of assistance, see appendix F in the 1990 CP-2 or CH-2 report series.

### **User Note 6**

The data shown in selected products for persons enumerated in "visible in street locations" are incorrect and should not be used. Only the 100-percent data shown in

**USER NOTES** 

data products, such as Summary Tape Files (STF's) 1 and 2 and in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics* State reports should be used for persons enumerated at "visible in street locations."

During "Shelter and Street Night Enumeration," all visible persons on the streets were asked only the basic 100-percent population questions (age, sex, marital status, race, and Hispanic origin).

During census processing of sample data, information from the long-form questionnaire was inadvertently assigned to a very small percentage of the visible in street population.

## **User Note 7**

The estimated population totals for persons in group quarters, specifically by group quarters type, that are based on census sample tabulations may differ from comparable figures shown in 100-percent tabulations. Such differences result, in part, from sampling variability which occurs because information was obtained from a sample of the population rather than from all persons. Differences also occur because of nonsampling errors which affect the 100-percent and sample data. Examples of nonsampling errors include respondent and enumerator errors, processing errors, and nonresponse.

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source for data on group quarters type when the primary focus is on counts of the population in group quarters, especially for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's or blocks. When the group quarters population is shown by characteristics covered only on a sample basis (for example, education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

For more information on the limitations of 100-percent and sample data for persons in group quarters and the classification of group quarters type, see appendix B. Reasons for the differences between 100-percent and sample totals will be an important focus of post-census research and evaluation.

#### **User Note 8**

Estimated population and housing unit totals based on tabulations from only the sample questionnaires (sample tabulations) may differ from the official counts as tabulated from every census questionnaire (100-percent tabulations). Such differences result, in part, because the sample tabulations are based on information from a sample of households rather than from all households (sampling error). Differences also can occur because the interview situation (length of questionnaire, effect of the interviewer, etc.) and the processing rules differ between the 100-percent and sample tabulations. These types of differences are referred to as nonsampling errors. (For more information on nonsampling error, see appendix C.)

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source of information on population and housing items collected on the 100-percent questionnaire, such as age, race, Hispanic origin, number of rooms, and tenure. This is especially appropriate when the primary focus is on counts of the population or housing units for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's, block groups, and for American Indian and Alaska Native areas. For estimates of counts of persons and housing units by characteristics asked only on a sample basis (such as education, labor force status, income, and source of water), the sample estimates should be used within the context of the error associated with them.

Many users are interested in tabulations of items collected on the sample cross-classified by items collected on a 100-percent basis such as age, race, sex, Hispanic origin, and housing units by tenure. Given the way the weights were applied during sample tabulations, generally, there is exact agreement between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for total population and total housing units for most geographic areas. At the State level and higher geographic levels, sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on would be reasonably similar and, in some cases, the same.

At smaller geographic levels, including census tract/BNA, there is still general agreement between 100-percent counts and sample estimates of total population or housing units. At smaller geographic levels, however, there will be expected differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on. In these cases, users may want to consider using derived measures (such as means and medians) or percent distributions. Whether using absolute numbers or derived measures for small population groups and for a small number of housing units in small geographic areas, users should be cautioned that the sampling error associated with these data may be large.

Even though the differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for these categories are generally small, the differences for the American Indian, as well as the Hispanic origin populations, are relatively larger than for other groups. The following provides some explanation for these differences.

State-level sample estimates of the number of American Indians are generally higher than the corresponding 100-percent counts. It appears the differences are primarily the result of proportionately higher reporting of "Cherokee" tribe on sample questionnaires. This phenomenon occurs primarily in off-reservation areas. The reasons for the greater reporting of Cherokee on sample forms are not fully known at this time. The Census Bureau will do research to provide more information on this phenomenon.

For the Hispanic origin population, sample estimates at the State level are generally lower than the corresponding 100-percent counts. The majority of difference is caused by the 100-percent and sample processing of the Hispanic question on the sample questionnaire when the respondent did not mark any response category. When processing the sample, we used written entries in race or Hispanic origin as well as responses to questions only asked on the sample, such as ancestry and place of birth. These procedures led to a lower proportion of persons being assigned as Hispanic in sample processing than were assigned during 100-percent processing. The Census Bureau will evaluate the effectiveness of the 100-percent and sample procedures.

As in previous censuses, the Census Bureau will evaluate the quality of the data and make this information available to data users. In the meanwhile, both 100-percent and sample data serve very important purposes and, therefore, should be used within the limitations of the sampling and nonsampling errors.

## **User Note 9**

Thresholds and Complementary Thresholds—To show characteristics for a large number of racial and Hispanic groups and to avoid using a large number of pages to show characteristics for small population groups, population thresholds are used in some tables in selected reports. Also, complementary population thresholds are used in some tables to avoid showing largely repetitive data for the

White population and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population. Specifically, complementary thresholds are used to limit the presentation of characteristics for the White population when the population of races other than White is small and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population when the Hispanic origin population is small.

For example, assume that the threshold and complementary threshold are 400 in a table showing data by race and Hispanic origin for counties. The threshold of 400 applies to each group, and in addition, the complementary threshold of 400 applies to White and to White, not of Hispanic origin. The following figure shows how the threshold and complementary threshold for race and Hispanic origin apply for a hypothetical county. (For simplicity, it is assumed that the "Other race" population of the county is zero because characteristics are not shown for the "Other race" population below the State level.

## **User Note 10**

Thresholds in CPH-3—For this report series, the threshold and complementary threshold of 400 persons used to present characteristics for racial and Hispanic origin groups are applied separately for 100-percent and sample data. Therefore, the geographic coverage may differ between tables showing 100-percent data and tables showing sample data.

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Figure. Example of Threshold and Complementary Threshold

Race and Hispanic origin	Population	Characteristics shown	Reason
All persons	14,700	Yes	Threshold does not apply to total population.
White	13,800	Yes	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White persons, and there are 400 or more persons of races other than White.
Black	500	Yes	Threshold applies. There are 400 or more Black persons.
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	100	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut persons.
Asian or Pacific Islander	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Asian or Pacific Islander persons.
Hispanic origin (or any race)	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Hispanic persons.
White, not of Hispanic origin	13,500	No	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White, not of Hispanic origin persons, <i>but</i> there are fewer than 400 Hispanic origin persons.

USER NOTES III-3



Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
1	United States	56	Not Assigned		Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY CMSA:
2	Alabama	57	Not Assigned	100A	Buffalo, NY PMSA
3	Alaska	58	Abilene, TX MSA	100B	Niagara Falls, NY PMSA
4	Arizona	59	Aguadilla, PR MSA		
5	Arkansas	60	Albany, GA MSA	101	Burlington, NC MSA
6	Colifornia			102	Burlington, VT MSA
7	California Colorado	61	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY	103	Canton, OH MSA
8	Connecticut	60	MSA	104	Casper, WY MSA
9	Delaware	62 63	Albuquerque, NM MSA	105	Cedar Rapids, IA MSA
10	Not Assigned	64	Alexandria, LA MSA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton,	106	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL
	140t 7todigited	04	PA-NJ MSA	100	MSA
11	Florida	65	Altoona, PA MSA	107	Charleston, SC MSA
12	Georgia		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	108	Charleston, WV MSA
13	Hawaii	66	Amarillo, TX MSA	109	Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill,
14	Idaho	67	Anchorage, AK MSA		NC-SC MSA
15	Illinois	68	Anderson, IN MSA	110	Charlottesville, VA MSA
16	Indiana	69	Anderson, SC MSA	111	Chattanooga, TN-GA MSA
17	lowa	70	Anniston, AL MSA	112	Cheyenne, WY MSA
18	Kansas	71	Appleton Ochkach Negnah Wil		Chicago-Gary-Lake County,
19	Kentucky	/1	Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI MSA		IL-IN-WI CMSA:
20	Louisiana	72	Arecibo, PR MSA	113A	Aurora-Elgin, IL PMSA
	200,010110	73	Asheville, NC MSA	113B	Chicago, IL PMSA
21	Maine	74	Athens, GA MSA	113C	Gary-Hammond, IN PMSA
22	Maryland	75	Atlanta, GA MSA	113D	Joliet, IL PMSA
23	Massachusetts			113E	Kenosha, WI PMSA
24	Michigan	76	Atlantic City, NJ MSA	113F	Lake County, IL PMSA
25	Minnesota	77	Augusta, GA-SC MSA		
26	Mississippi	78	Austin, TX MSA	114	Chico, CA MSA
27	Missouri	79	Bakersfield, CA MSA		Cincinnati Hamilton OH-KV-IN
28	Montana	80	Baltimore, MD MSA		Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA:
29	Nebraska	81	Bangor, ME MSA	115A	Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN PMSA
30	Nevada	82	Baton Rouge, LA MSA	115B	Hamilton-Middletown, OH
		83	Battle Creek, MI MSA		PMSA
31	New Hampshire	84	Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX MSA		
32	Not Assigned	85	Bellingham, WA MSA	116	Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY
33	New Mexico		Domingriam, Without		MSA
34	New York	86	Benton Harbor, MI MSA		Cleveland-Akron-Lorain, OH
35	North Carolina	87	Billings, MT MSA		CMSA:
36	North Dakota	88	Biloxi-Gulfport, MS MSA	117A	Akron, OH PMSA
37	Ohio	89	Binghamton, NY MSA	117B	Cleveland, OH PMSA
38	Oklahoma	90	Birmingham, AL MSA	117C	Lorain-Elyria, OH PMSA
39	Oregon	91	Piemerek ND MSA	440	Only only Ondry on CO MOA
40	Pennsylvania	92	Bismarck, ND MSA Bloomington, IN MSA	118	Colorado Springs, CO MSA
44		93	Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	119 120	Columbia, MO MSA Columbia, SC MSA
41	Rhode Island	94	Boise City, ID MSA		Columbia, SC MSA Columbus, GA-AL MSA
42	South Carolina	34	DOIGO ON, ID MIGA	121 122	Columbus, GA-AL WSA Columbus, OH MSA
43	South Dakota		Boston-Lawrence-Salem,	123	Corpus Christi, TX MSA
44 45	Tennessee		MA-NH CMSA:	124	Cumberland, MD-WV MSA
40	Texas	95A	Boston, MA PMSA	127	
46	Utah	95B	Brockton, MA PMSA		Dallas-Fort Worth, TX CMSA:
47	Vermont	95C	Lawrence-Haverhill, MA-NH	125A	Dallas, TX PMSA
48	Virginia	050	PMSA	125B	Fort Worth-Arlington, TX PMSA
49	Washington	95D	Lowell, MA-NH PMSA	126	Danville, VA MSA
50	West Virginia	95E	Nashua, NH PMSA	126 127	Davenport-Rock Island-
51	Wisconsin	95F	Salem-Gloucester, MA PMSA	127	Moline, IA-IL MSA
51 52	Wisconsin Wyoming	96	Bradènton, FL MSA	128	Dayton-Springfield, OH MSA
52 53	Puerto Rico	97	Bremerton, WA MSA	129	Daytona Beach, FL MSA
54	Not Assigned	98	Brownsville-Harlingen, TX MSA	130	Decatur, AL MSA
55	Virgin Islands	99	Bryan-College Station, TX MSA	131	Decatur, IL MSA
- 55	Virgin Islanus		<u> </u>		

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
132A	Denver-Boulder, CO CMSA: Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	179 180	Indianapolis, IN MSA Iowa City, IA MSA	230	Midland, TX MSA
132B	Denver, CO PMSA	181	Jackson, MI MSA		Milwaukee-Racine, WI CMSA:
				231A	Milwaukee, WI PMSA
133	Des Moines, IA MSA	182	Jackson, MS MSA	231B	Racine, WI PMSA
	Detroit-Ann Arbor, MI CMSA:	183	Jackson, TN MSA	232	Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI MSA
134A	Ann Arbor, MI PMSA	184	Jacksonville, FL MSA Jacksonville, NC MSA	233	Mobile, AL MSA
134B	Detroit, MI PMSA	185 186	Jamestown-Dunkirk, NY MSA	234	Modesto, CA MSA
405		100	Jamestown-Dunkirk, NT WISA	235	Monroe, LA MSA
135	Dothan, AL MSA	187	Janesville-Beloit, WI MSA	236	Montgomery, AL MSA
136	Dubuque, IA MSA	188	Johnson City-Kingsport-		
137 138	Duluth, MN-WI MSA Eau Claire, WI MSA		Bristol, TN-VA MSA	237	Muncie, IN MSA
139	El Paso, TX MSA	189	Johnstown, PA MSA	238	Muskegon, MI MSA
100	El l'aso, l'A WOA	190	Joplin, MO MSA	239	Naples, FL MSA
140	Elkhart-Goshen, IN MSA	191	Kalamazoo, MI MSA	240	Nashville, TN MSA
141	Elmira, NY MSA	192	Kankakee, IL MSA	241	New Bedford, MA MSA
142	Enid, OK MSA	193	Kansas City, MO-KS MSA	242	New Haven-Meriden, CT MSA
143	Erie, PA MSA	194	Killeen-Temple, TX MSA	243	New London-Norwich, CT-RI MSA
144	Eugene-Springfield, OR MSA	195	Knoxville, TN MSA	244	New Orleans, LA MSA
145	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	196	Kokomo, IN MSA		
146	Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN MSA	197	La Crosse, WI MSA		New York-Northern New
147	Fayetteville, NC MSA	198	Lafayette, LA MSA		Jersey-Long Island,
148	Fayetteville-Springdale, AR MSA	199	Lafayette-West Lafayette, IN MSA	0.45.4	NY-NJ-CT CMSA:
149	Fitchburg-Leominster, MA MSA	200	Lake Charles, LA MSA	245A	Bergen-Passaic, NJ PMSA
150	Flint, MI MSA	201	Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL MSA	245B 245C	Bridgeport-Milford, CT PMSA Danbury, CT PMSA
151	Florence, AL MSA	200	Langester DA MCA	245D	Jersey City, NJ PMSA
152	Florence, SC MSA	202 203	Lancaster, PA MSA Lansing-East Lansing, MI MSA	245E	Middlesex-Somerset-
153	Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	203	Laredo, TX MSA	2402	Hunterdon, NJ PMSA
154	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL MSA	204	Las Cruces, NM MSA	245F	Monmouth-Ocean, NJ PMSA
		206	Las Vegas, NV MSA	245G	Nassau-Suffolk, NY PMSA
155	Fort Pierce, FL MSA			245H	New York, NY PMSA
156	Fort Smith, AR-OK MSA	207	Lawrence, KS MSA	2451	Newark, NJ PMSA
157	Fort Walton Beach, FL MSA	208	Lawton, OK MSA	245J	Norwalk, CT PMSA
158	Fort Wayne, IN MSA	209	Lewiston-Auburn, ME MSA	245K	Orange County, NY PMSA
159	Fresno, CA MSA	210	Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA	245L	Stamford, CT PMSA
160	Gadsden, AL MSA	211	Lima, OH MSA	246	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-
161	Gainesville, FL MSA	212	Lincoln, NE MSA		Newport News, VA MSA
162	Glens Falls, NY MSA	213	Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR	247	Ocala, FL MSA
163	Grand Forks, ND MSA	04.4	MSA	248	Odessa, TX MSA
164	Grand Rapids, MI MSA	214	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	249	Oklahoma City, OK MSA
165	Great Falls, MT MSA		Los Angeles-Anaheim-	250	Olympia, WA MSA
166	Greeley, CO MSA		Riverside, CA CMSA:	251	Omaha, NE-IA MSA
167	Green Bay, WI MSA	215A	Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA PMSA	252	Orlando, FL MSA
168	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-	215B	Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	253	Owensboro, KY MSA
	High Point, NC MSA	215C	PMSA Oxnard-Ventura, CA PMSA	254	Panama City, FL MSA
169	Greenville-Spartanburg, SC MSA	215D	Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	255	Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH
170	Hagerstown, MD MSA	02	PMSA		MSA
171	Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA	216	Louisville, KY-IN MSA	256	Pascagoula, MS MSA
	MSA	217	Lubbock, TX MSA	257	Pensacola, FL MSA
	Hartford-New Britain-	218	Lynchburg, VA MSA	258	Peoria, IL MSA
	Middletown, CT CMSA:	219	Macon-Warner Robins, GA MSA		Philadelphia-Wilmington-
172A	Bristol, CT PMSA	220	Madison, WI MSA		Trenton, PA-NJ-DE-MD CMSA:
172B	Hartford, CT PMSA	004		259A	Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA
172C	Middletown, CT PMSA	221 222	Manchester, NH MSA	259B	Trenton, NJ PMSA
172D	New Britain, CT PMSA	223	Mansfield, OH MSA Mayagüez, PR MSA	259C	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ
173	Hickory-Morganton, NC MSA	224	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	aran	PMSA
174	Honolulu, HI MSA		MSA	259D	Wilmington, DE-NJ-MD PMSA
175	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	225	Medford, OR MSA	260	Phoenix, AZ MSA
		226	Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL	261	Pine Bluff, AR MSA
	Houston-Galveston-Brazoria,	007	MSA		Dittahungh Bagyar Vallay DA
176A	TX CMSA: Brazoria, TX PMSA	227	Memphis, TN-AR-MS MSA		Pittsburgh-Beaver Valley, PA CMSA:
176B	Galveston-Texas City, TX PMSA	228	Merced, CA MSA	262A	Beaver County, PA PMSA
176C	Houston, TX PMSA		Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL	262B	Pittsburgh, PA PMSA
			CMSA:		
177	Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH	229A	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-	263	Pittsfield, MA MSA Ponce, PR MSA
178	MSA Huntsville, AL MSA	229B	Pompano Beach, FL PMSA Miami-Hialeah, FL PMSA	264 265	Portland, ME MSA
.,,	TOTAL MON	2230	Manier natean, FL PIVIOA	200	. S. Harrid, III.E III.O. I

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA	292	San Antonio, TX MSA	315	Stockton, CA MSA
	CMSA:	293	San Diego, CA MSA	316	Syracuse, NY MSA
- 266A	Portland, OR PMSA	200	Call Diego, CA WISA	317	Tallahassee, FL MSA
266B	Vancouver, WA PMSA		San Francisco-Oakland-San	317	Tallariassec, TE 1007
			Jose, CA CMSA:		
267	Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester,	294A	Oakland, CA PMSA	318	Tampa-St. Petersburg-
	NH-ME MSA	294B	San Francisco, CA PMSA		Clearwater, FL MSA
268	Poughkeepsie, NY MSA	294C	San Jose, CA PMSA	319	Terre Haute, IN MSA
		294D	Santa Cruz, CA PMSA	320	Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR
	Dunddaman Dawkostok Sall	294E		004	MSA
	Providence-Pawtucket-Fall River, RI-MA CMSA:		Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA PMSA	321	Toledo, OH MSA
269A	Fall River, MA-RI PMSA	294F	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA	202	Tanaka KS MSA
269B	Pawtucket-Woonsocket-		PMSA	322 323	Topeka, KS MSA Tucson, AZ MSA
	Attleboro, RI-MA PMSA				
269C	Providence, RI PMSA		San Juan-Caguas, PR CMSA:	324	Tulsa, OK MSA
		295A	Caguas, PR PMSA	325	Tuscaloosa, AL MSA
270	Provo-Orem, UT MSA	295B	San Juan, PR PMSA	326	Tyler, TX MSA
271	Pueblo, CO MSA			327	Utica-Rome, NY MSA
<b>2</b> 72	Raleigh-Durham, NC MSA	296	Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-		
273	Rapid City, SD MSA		Lompoc, CA MSA	328	Victoria, TX MSA
274	Reading, PA MSA	297	Santa Fe, NM MSA	329	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA
	<b>3,</b>	298	Sarasota, FL MSA	020	MSA
275	Redding, CA MSA	299	Savannah, GA MSA	330	Waco, TX MSA
276	Reno, NV MSA	300	Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA MSA	331	Washington, DC-MD-VA MSA
277	Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA			332	Waterbury, CT MSA
	MSA		Seattle-Tacoma, WA CMSA:		,,
278	Richmond-Petersburg, VA MSA	301A	Seattle, WA PMSA	000	Motorles Coder Falls IA MCA
279	Roanoke, VA MSA	301B	Tacoma, WA PMSA	333	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA MSA
				334	Wausau, WI MSA
280	Rochester, MN MSA	302	Sharon, PA MSA	335	West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-
281	Rochester, NY MSA	303	Sheboygan, WI MSA	000	Delray Beach, FL MSA Wheeling, WV-OH MSA
282	Rockford, IL MSA	304	Sherman-Denison, TX MSA	336	
283	Sacramento, CA MSA	305	Shreveport, LA MSA	337	Wichita, KS MSA
284	Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI	306	Sioux City, IA-NE MSA		
	MSA			338	Wichita Falls, TX MSA
		307	Sioux Falls, SD MSA	339	Williamsport, PA MSA
285	St. Cloud, MN MSA	308	South Bend-Mishawaka, IN MSA	340	Wilmington, NC MSA
286	St. Joseph, MO MSA	309	Spokane, WA MSA	341	Worcester, MA MSA
287	St. Louis, MO-IL MSA	310	Springfield, IL MSA	342	Yakima, WA MSA
288	Salem, OR MSA	311	Springfield, MO MSA		
289	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA	311	Opinigheid, NO NOA	343	York, PA MSA
200	MSA	312	Springfield, MA MSA	343	Youngstown-Warren, OH
		312	State College, PA MSA	344	MSA
290	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT MSA			345	Yuba City, CA MSA
291	San Angelo, TX MSA	314	Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV MSA	345	Yuma, AZ MSA
201	Can Angelo, TA IVISA		IVIOA	346	Turna, AZ IVIOA

## Table A. Census Tract Comparability: 1990 to 1980

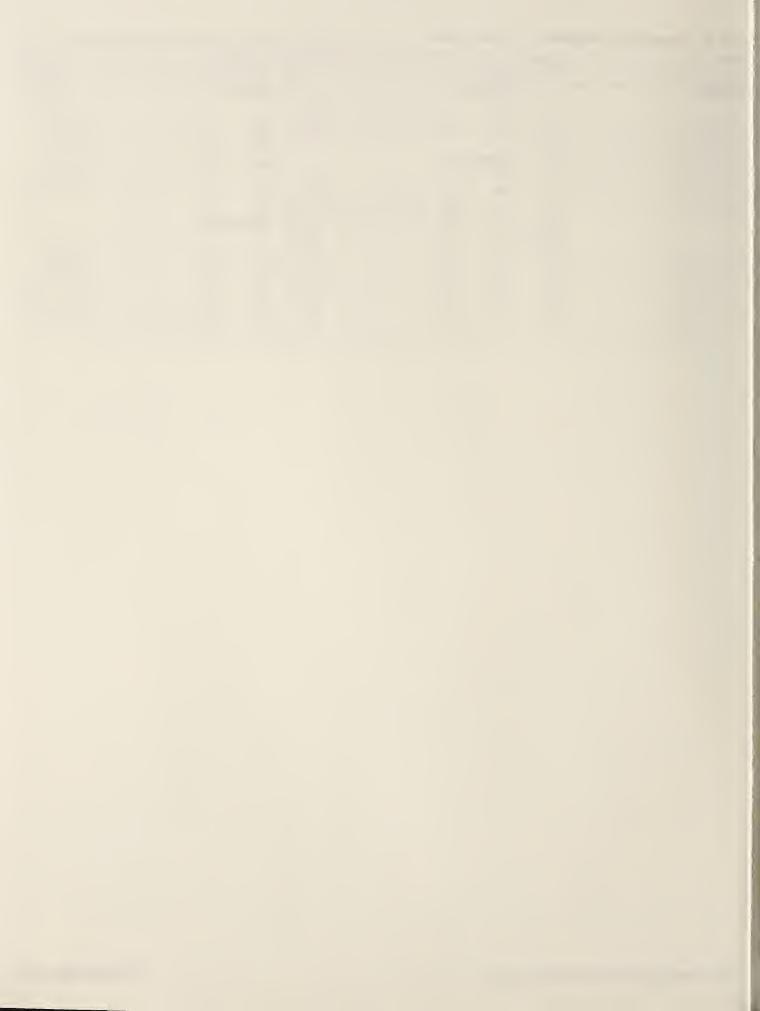
[Tobles list selected census trocts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1990 tract	1980 troct	1990 tract	1980 troct	1990 troct	1980 troct
PEORIA COUNTY, IL		PEORIA COUNTY, IL — Con.		TAZEWELL COUNTY, IL—Con.	
5	4 (pt.)			217	217 (pt.)
9	5 4 (pt.)	50.97	36 (pt.)	217.01	217 (pt.)
/	9	50.98	36 (pt.)	217.02	217 (pt.)
	10 (pt.)			218.01	218 (pt.)
11	17 (pt.)			218.02	218 (pt.)
''	11	TAZEWELL COUNTY, IL		222	222
17				223	224 (pt.)
35	35	000.01	200 ( ) )	224	223 (pt.)
36.01	39 (pt.) 36 (pt.)	203.01	203 (pt.)	227	224 (pt.)
	37 (pt.)	207	203 (pt.)		225 (pt.)
36.02		208	208 (pt.)		
37	36 (pt.)	211.01	207 (pt.) 208 (pt.)		
38			208 (pr.) 211.01	WOODFORD COUNTY, IL	
	39 (pt.)	212.01	212 (pt.)		
39			223 (pt.)	301.98	
	40 (pt.) 41.01 (pt.)	212.02	225 (pt.) 212 (pt.)	304	304 (pt.)
0	40 (pt.)	212.03			205 (-4.)
1.01	41.01 (pt.)		225 (pt.)	305.01	305 (pt.)
18.01 18.02	48 (pt.)	215		305.02	
8.02 9.01			216.03 (pt.) 216.04 (pt.)	306.01	305 (pt.)
19.02		216.03	215 (pt.)	306.02	306 (pt.)
	48 (pt.)		216.03 (pt.)		307 (nt.)
	49 (pt.)	216.04	216.04 (pt.)	307	307 (pt.)

## Table B. Census Tract Comparability: 1980 to 1990

[Tobles list selected census tracts for which boundories or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1980 troct	1990 tract	1980 tract	1990 troct	1980 troct	1990 tract
PEORIA COUNTY, IL		PEORIA COUNTY, IL—Con.		TAZEWELL COUNTY, IL—Con.	
		48		l aug	017.00 ()
	5 ( 4 )		48.02 49.02 (pt.)	218	217.02 (pt.) 218.01
4	5 (pt.) 9 (pt.)	49	49.01		218.02
5	5 (pt.)		49.02 (pt.)	222	222 (pt.) 212.01 (pt.)
9		TAZEWELL COUNTY, IL			223
	11 (pt.)			224	222 (pt.) 224 (pt.)
17		203	203.01 203.02	225	212.01 (pt.)
17	17	207	203.02		212.03 (pt.)
35	35 (pt.)	208	011 01 (-4)		224 (pt.)
36	36.01 (pt.)				
	37 (pt.)	211.01	211.01 (pt.)	WOODFORD COUNTY, IL	
	50.97 50.98	212	212.01 (pt.) 212.02		
37			212.02 212.03 (pt.)	301	301.98 (pt.)
20	37 (pt.)	215	224 (pt.)	304	305.02 (pt.)
38	38 (pt.)	215	216.03 (nt.)		304 (pt )
	38 (pt.)	216.03	215 (pt.)	305	304 (pt.)
40	39 (pt.) 39 (pt.)	216.04	216.03 (pt.) 215 (pt.)		305.01 305.02 (pt.)
40	40		01/04	306	306.01
41.01	49.02 (pt.)	217	217 217.01	307	204 02 (-4)
41.01	39 (pt.) 41.01		217.01 217.02 (pt.)	30/	306.02 (pt.) 307



ensus Tract or Block Numbering			Pearia Caunty				Tazewell Caunty			
Area	Pearia, IL MSA	Tatal	Pekin city (pt.)	Peoria city	Tatal	East Pearia city	Martan village	Pekin city (pt.)	Washingtan city	Waadfo Caur
AND AREA										
quare kilameters quare miles		1 604.6 619.6	.3 .1	105.9 40.9	1 680.7 648.9	44.2 17.1	31.0 12.0	28.0 10.8	16.5 6.4	1 367 528
GE										
All persons	. 23 605	1 <b>82 827</b> 12 831	1	113 504 8 561	<b>123 692</b> 8 416	<b>21 378</b> 1 461	13 799 848	<b>32 254</b> 2 280	10 099 710	<b>32 6</b> 2 3
ta 9 years ) ta 14 years	.   25 768	13 393 13 443		8 417 7 931	9 199 9 524	1 433 1 432	1 019 1 003	2 340 2 322	743 765	2 7 2 8
5 ta 19 years ) ta 24 years		14 081 13 555	_	8 919 9 646	8 888 7 453	1 405 1 301	877 795	2 214 2 116	721 663	2 5 1 7
6 ta 34 years 6 ta 44 years	. 51 198	27 750 26 855	Ξ	17 608 15 660	18 846 18 969	3 287 3 171	1 906 2 185	4 998 4 553	1 754 1 601	4 6
ta 54 yearsta 64 years	. 35 817	18 727 16 204	=	10 657 9 724	13 708 12 318	2 244 2 297	1 628 1 478	3 234 3 181	1 077	3 3
ta 74 yearsta 84 years	26 054	14 429 8 749	=	8 998 5 627	9 209 5 448	1 817 1 155	1 048 716	2 748 1 746	652 401	2 4
years and over	5 111	2 810	Ξ	1 756	1 714	375	296	522	131	' 3
and 4 years years and over		5 157 140 498		3 382 87 051	3 510 94 642	575 16 742	365 10 753	959 24 840	305 7 727	24 2
years and overyears and over	249 532	135 322 125 958	_	84 039 77 392	90 993 86 046	16 163 15 344	10 368 9 889	23 975 22 655	7 462 7 023	23 2 21 8
years and over	62 643	34 206 30 921	_	21 428 19 432	22 455 19 936	4 527 4 033	2 792 2 485	6 676 6 018	1 604	5 9
edian	34.2	33.8	-	32.6	34.8	36.1	37.0	34.7	33.3	3
Femole der_5 years	. 11 545	<b>95 316</b> 6 232	-	<b>59 918</b> 4 176	<b>63 743</b> 4 158	<b>11 156</b> 716	<b>7 184</b> 405	17 052 1 133	5 <b>205</b> 343	16 (
a 9 yearsta 14 years	12 281 12 497	6 456 6 495	_	4 025 3 817	4 493 4 629	704 714	502 493	1 118 1 128	383 383	1
ta 19 yearsta 24 years	12 565 11 506	6 961 6 834	_	4 476 4 939	4 351 3 765	711 649	414 411	1 130 1 068	350 351	i
ta 34 yearsta 44 years	26 481	14 399 13 887	Ξ	9 236 8 211	9 758 9 553	1 710 1 589	971 1 131	2 627 2 295	903 803	2 2
ta 54 yearsta 64 years	18 227	9 573 8 600	=	5 605 5 268	6 970 6 313	1 129 1 201	834 747	1 697 1 706	549 443	ī 1
ta 74 yearsta 84 years	14 629	8 216	Ξ	5 212	5 097	1 026	592	1 605	351 248	1
years and aver		5 553 2 110	Ξ.	3 632 1 321	3 412 1 244	731 276	464 220	1 151 394	98	
nd 4 yearsyears and averyears and aver	4 645 136 949	2 468 74 838	Ξ.	1 624 47 158	1 702 49 552	281 8 872	172 5 710	462 13 444	151 4 023	12
years and averyears and aver	132 073	72 292 67 595	=	45 643 42 252	47 722 45 358	8 573 8 174	5 519 5 297	12 993 12 331	3 891 3 671	12 11
years and over	36 556	20 229 18 491	Ξ	12 897 11 818	12 862 11 598	2 643 2 398	1 647 1 485	4 023 3 686	902 827	3
years and averdian	35.4	35.2	=	34.3	35.7	37.2	38.3	36.3	33.8	3
Male		<b>87 511</b> 32.2	-	<b>53 586</b> 30.7	<b>59 949</b> 33.8	10 222 35.0	6 615 35.6	15 202 33.2	<b>4 894</b> 32.9	15 9
DUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	339 172	182 827		113 504	123 692	21 378	13 799	32 254	10 099	32 6
households	330 419	176 490 70 797	-	108 757	122 226	21 088	13 438	31 784 13 078	9 983 3 793	31 11
lausehalder Family hausehalder	91 728	47 815	_	44 976 28 441	47 171 34 962	8 566 6 004	5 323 3 945	8 942	2 880	8
Nanfamily hausehalderLiving alane	32 865	22 982 19 879	=	16 535 14 205	12 209 10 769	2 562 2 237	1 378 1 249	4 136 3 709	913 791	2
Spause Child	106 728	37 169 56 201	_	20 613 34 240	29 844 39 283	4 989 6 346	3 553 4 168	7 222 9 777	2 536 3 218	7 ' 11 '
Other relativesNanrelatives	10 024	5 861 6 462		4 094 4 834	2 935 2 993	549 638	189 205	776 931	215 221	
itutianalized persansenable persans in graup quartersenable persans in graup quarters		3 111 3 226	_	1 694 3 053	1 406 60	284 6	361	443 27	116	
sans per hauseholdsans per family Persons 65 years and over	2.55	2.49 3.08	Ξ	2.42 3.07	2.59 3.06	2.46 2.98	2.52 3.01	2.43 2.99	2.63 3.07	3
nausehalds	43 279	<b>25 988</b> 24 030	Ξ	16 381 15 257	16 371 15 189	<b>3 347</b> 3 076	<b>2 060</b> 1 732	<b>5 016</b> 4 650	1 184 1 074	4
Hausehalder Nanfamily hausehalder	30 252	16 830 8 221	Ξ	10 843 5 608	10 622 4 976	2 193 1 112	1 162 518	3 382 1 809	731 297	2
Living alane	14 057	7 988 5 950	_	5 438 3 588	4 867 3 890	1 087 732	512 498	1 767 1 076	291 307	1
Other relatives	1 705	1 013 237		646 180	568 109	116 35	66	150 42	30	
itutianalized persanser persans in group quarterser	3 529	1 874 84	Ī	1 087 37	1 179	271 -	328	366	110	
MILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Familiesh awn children under 18 years	44 293	<b>47 815</b> 22 929		28 441 13 835	<b>34 962</b> 16 808	6 <b>004</b> 2 736	<b>3 945</b> 1 800	<b>8 942</b> 4 326	2 880 1 398	8
Number af awn children under 18 years Morried-couple families	.   74 997	43 505 <b>37 169</b>	Ξ	26 680 <b>20 613</b>	30 900 <b>29 844</b>	4 880 <b>4 989</b>	3 354 <b>3 553</b>	7 758 <b>7 222</b>	2 501 2 536	9 <b>7</b>
th awn children under 18 years Number af awn children under 18 years	. 33 912 65 074	16 261 31 218	_	8 726 16 920	13 674 25 754	2 113 3 847	1 566 2 986	3 237 5 980	1 205 2 205	3 8
Female householder, no husbond present th awn children under 18 years	. <b>13 264</b> 8 718	<b>8 684</b> 5 776		6 596 4 551	3 894 2 505	<b>784</b> 507	<b>309</b> 184	1 <b>361</b> 908	<b>257</b> 147	
Number af awn children under 18 years	15 836	10 883	-	8 860	4 177	853	285	1 513	228	
ARITAL STATUS  Males 15 years and over	. 125 056	67 027	-	40 695	46 090	8 030	5 145	11 639	3 785 882	11 2
ver married w married, except separated	. 77 113	20 368 38 395	Ξ.	13 975 21 395	10 447 30 567	1 811 5 135	1 086 3 631	2 714 7 391	2 582 2 582	8
parateddawed	. 3 241	825 1 833	-	587 1 105	401 1 129	82 257	26 119	124 345	29 58	
rarced	. 9 800	5 606 <b>76 133</b>	-	3 633 47 900	3 546 <b>50 463</b>	745 <b>9 022</b>	283 <b>5 784</b>	1 065 <b>13 673</b>	4 096	12
Females 15 years and over	. 29 635	18 580	Ξ.	13 541	8 653	1 498	989	2 359	762	2
w married, except separatedparated	1 970	38 296 1 309	Ξ.	21 354	30 554 555	5 126 101	3 625 39	7 395 208	2 595 25	8
dawedarced		9 834 8 114	-	6 342 5 660	6 106 4 595	1 324 973	712 419	2 126 1 585	386 328	1

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Totals	for split tracts/8N	A's in Peoria Co	ounty			
Area	Troct 28	Troct 29	Troct 30	Troct 31.01	Tract 31.02	Tract 33	Tract 34.01	Tract 34.02	Tract 35	Tract 39
LAND AREA Square kilometersSquare miles	4.5 1.7	4.5 1.7	4.4 1.7	6.7 2.6	7.8 3.0	8.8 3.4	13.4 5.2	19.4 7.5	18.8 7.2	27 <b>7</b> .9 107.3
AGE    All persons   State   S	3 605 207 203 178 201 309 568 501 378 389 421 206 44	4 168 198 219 238 205 210 582 579 443 483 575 353 83	5 673 330 380 413 395 241 825 856 699 756 491 202 85	4 495 383 437 446 375 287 770 927 501 219 111 37 2	5 835 302 332 359 344 589 1 176 1 000 726 578 314 1 02 1 3	3 325 177 242 228 215 114 238 536 470 405 319 227 154	3 119 244 259 251 215 126 388 578 430 333 191 84 20	3 820 283 362 383 301 159 437 796 606 270 142 65 16	1 078 73 82 65 61 56 173 152 126 133 106 46	4 429 281 385 431 361 224 603 784 548 386 272 121
3 and 4 yeors 16 years and over 21 yeors and over 21 yeors and over 60 yeors and over 62 years and over Median  Female  Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 35 to 64 years 35 to 64 years 36 years 37 years 38 years and over 39 and 4 years 31 and 4 years 31 years 31 and 4 years 32 years 31 and 4 years 32 years 33 and 4 years 34 years 35 years and over 35 years and over 36 years and over 37 years and over 38 years and over 39 years and over 40 years and over	79 2 979 2 884 2 769 876 799 37.6 1 905 1 905 1 174 279 262 205 225 237 130 26 45 1 612 1 564 1 511 514 471 40.0 1 700	76 3 471 3 380 3 269 1 291 1 189 42.2 2 288 100 109 120 98 109 315 313 232 270 332 226 64 39 1 935 1 894 1 840 789 723 44.0	142 4 464 4 306 4 100 1 191 1 024 38.0 2 907 161 171 194 185 125 414 437 375 398 260 131 56 65 2 344 2 260 2 169 659 569 39.9 2 766	155 3 149 3 002 2 805 210 29.5 2 286 200 207 216 193 146 421 477 237 115 53 20 1 82 1 618 1 549 1 448 1 130 108 29.6 2 209	125 4 773 4 624 4 411 686 575 33.2 2 913 138 153 171 180 303 563 517 364 302 155 57 10 59 2 411 2 346 2 218 307 34 2 2 922	73 2 640 2 550 2 437 907 827 43.5 1 772 87 130 107 95 58 129 278 243 200 168 153 124 33 1 436 1 393 1 338 551 510 45.1	99 2 322 2 124 439 377 36.2 1 586 107 135 128 104 67 220 281 226 152 108 48 10 36 1 198 1 152 1 095 2 200 2 36.0 1 533	134 2 734 2 593 2 443 336 281 34.8 1 921 146 179 195 134 29 276 129 77 38 8 71 1 374 1 374	30 842 819 784 230 195 36.8 <b>545</b> 35 37 26 34 84 80 64 466 58 26 3 3 14 439 426 404 125 107 37.8 533	126 3 256 3 097 2 915 613 537 34.0 2 208 128 180 212 174 107 313 405 265 192 145 67 20 55 1 653 1 579 1 491 328 292 34.7 2 221
Median oge  HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  All persons In hauseholds	35.2 3 605 3 597 1 612 1 004 608 513 831 885 108 161	39.7  4 168 4 122 1 944 1 166 778 709 1 031 971 73 103 31 15	36.3 5 673 5 354 2 064 1 592 472 427 1 383 1 669 1 33 1 05 3 19	29.2  4 495 4 495 1 515 1 214 301 233 1 007 1 723 110 140	32.4 5 835 5 768 2 662 1 516 1 146 996 1 325 1 504 86 191 50	42.2  3 325 3 175 1 211 968 243 235 902 991 53 18 150	3 119 3 119 1 114 928 186 163 840 1 068 49 48	3 820 3 820 3 820 1 270 1 100 170 157 996 1 459 55 40	35.6  1 078 1 078 457 309 148 130 254 309 27 31	33.3 4 429 4 429 1 511 1 262 249 221 1 138 1 616 98 66
Persons per household Persons per family Persons 65 years and aver In households Householder Living olone Spouse Other relatives Nonrelatives Institutionolized persons Other persons in group quorters	2.23 2.82 671 668 453 194 192 187 21 7	2.12 2.78 1 011 1 009 693 344 339 274 34 8	2.59 3.00 <b>778</b> 659 438 165 159 189 27 5	2.97 3.34 150 150 92 27 26 42 12 4	2.17 2.92 <b>429</b> 429 286 101 100 125 15	2.62 3.01 <b>700</b> 551 357 148 146 165 28 1	2.80 3.11 <b>295</b> 295 181 61 59 100 12	3.01 3.28 223 223 139 44 44 68 15	2.36 2.91 157 157 104 48 47 42 9	2.93 3.26 426 426 4282 109 106 114 29
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Families	1 004 381 664 831 288 516 139 80	1 166 417 754 1 031 346 649 113 60 88	1 592 674 1 276 1 383 560 1 079 165 88 151	1 214 748 1 404 1 007 614 1 167 166 115	1 516 670 1 180 1 325 570 1 055 139 81	968 401 759 902 370 710 49 23 37	<b>928</b> 457 864 <b>840</b> 409 783 <b>67</b> 40	1 100 637 1 188 996 572 1 092 74 50 72	309 134 241 254 106 198 41 22 36	1 262 652 1 277 1 138 579 1 148 88 55 94
MARITAL STATUS  Males 15 years and aver	1 388 364 862 24 27 111 1 629 337 854 24 221 193	1 554 333 1 066 16 35 104 1 959 357 1 054 21 321 206	2 169 529 1 438 13 40 149 2 381 439 1 422 22 280 218	1 566 401 1 026 13 12 114 1 663 387 1 023 24 53 176	2 391 778 1 367 34 25 187 2 451 668 1 357 25 127 274	1 230 224 921 5 37 43 1 448 207 927 7 240 67	1 149 207 848 8 16 70 1 216 197 850 11 76 82	1 391 305 1 013 7 11 55 1 401 227 1 007 8 72 87	411 84 259 4 10 54 447 73 258 6 49 61	1 644 385 1 157 7 23 72 1 688 299 1 161 9

BUKEAU J. TITL OF

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Tatals for s	plit tracts/8NA's in	Pearia Caunty—Ca	in.			Pekin city (pt.), Pearia Caunty
Area	Tract 41.01	Tract 41.02	Tract 42	Tract 43	Tract 44	Tract 46	Tract 48.02	Tract 49.01	Tract 49.01 (pt.)
LAND AREA Square kilometers Square miles	70.2 27.1	7.7 3.0	4.9 1.9	1.6	3.5 1.3	20.9 8.1	7.8 3.0	139.5 53.9	.3 .1
AGE  All persons Under 5 years	3 007 230 190 206 216 229 626 509 375 183 149 79 15	4 058 429 261 214 241 301 642 582 400 282 311 288 107	4 089 234 186 188 197 364 703 544 400 353 420 334 166	2 823 175 203 200 177 183 508 397 254 248 288 153 37	5 899 406 440 419 423 337 816 868 503 459 565 439 224	5 493 299 369 462 435 296 811 877 547 624 479 240	4 902 278 349 378 356 299 747 758 582 534 398 194 29	3 595 218 278 296 295 195 481 608 473 318 274 130 29	
16 years and aver 18 years and aver 21 years and aver 60 years and aver 62 years and aver  15 years and aver  16 years and aver  16 years 16 to 9 years 17 to 19 years 18 to 19 years 19 to 14 years 19 to 15 to 16 years 19 to 16 years 19 to 17 years 19 to 18 years 19 years and aver 19 years 19 years and aver	2 328 2 229 2 136 335 301 31.6 1 466 104 93 110 109 106 287 255 177 97 77 40 11	3 105 3 022 2 852 832 778 34.2 2 331 208 122 103 132 199 371 307 213 160 215 207 94	3 443 3 376 3 226 1 096 1 038 37.9 2 217 115 98 89 106 196 351 270 210 183 249 219 131	2 211 2 145 2 045 602 555 34.4 1 471 78 104 90 85 95 272 196 126 145 174 86 21	4 537 4 350 4 144 1 465 1 379 36.1 3 181 179 220 190 208 173 447 444 275 247 325 305 178	4 269 4 099 3 873 1 060 941 35.8 2 856 136 166 240 230 143 434 443 272 328 272 150 42	3 820 3 672 3 483 892 784 35.6 2 544 145 188 167 171 145 398 392 283 311 213 111 20	2 747 2 606 2 458 610 538 35.6 <b>1 817</b> 113 129 148 162 92 2 235 317 222 162 138 80 19	
16 years and aver 18 years and aver 21 years and aver 60 years and aver 62 years and aver Median Mate Median age	1 127 1 075 1 039 181 160 32.4 1 541 30.9	1 869 1 828 1 728 589 559 35.7 1 727 31.8	1 899 1 868 1 773 688 654 39.9 1 872 35.8	1 180 1 152 1 101 350 322 35.5 1 352 33.4	2 542 2 440 2 347 937 894 38.9 2 718 33.1	2 269 2 163 2 064 611 546 36.7 <b>2 637</b> 34.9	2 007 1 931 1 846 505 439 36.7 2 358 34.5	1 395 1 319 1 241 321 285 35.8 1 778 35.2	-
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  All persons	3 007 3 007 1 183 804 379 321 730 938 77 79	4 058 3 524 1 565 960 605 558 631 1 181 58 89 534	4 089 3 829 1 887 1 022 865 772 816 895 78 153 260	2 823 2 823 1 225 786 439 387 590 809 96 103	5 899 5 391 2 204 1 497 707 621 1 117 1 729 158 183 335 173	5 493 5 493 2 157 1 577 580 506 1 296 1 740 143 157	4 902 4 902 1 893 1 420 473 406 1 161 1 553 152 143	3 595 3 595 1 299 1 031 268 237 910 1 229 87 70	-
Persans per hausehald Persans per family  Persons 65 years and over  In hausehalds Hausehalder Nanfamily hausehalder Living alane Spause Other relatives Nancelatives Institutianalized persans Other persans in graup quarters	2.54 3.17 <b>243</b> 243 149 47 46 71 22 1	2.25 2.95 <b>706</b> 382 297 206 203 60 19 6	2.03 2.75 <b>920</b> 688 499 274 266 166 15 8 232	2.30 2.90 478 478 337 158 156 126 12 3 -	2.45 3.01 1 228 927 657 324 322 230 36 4 254 47	2.55 3.02 773 773 534 243 239 204 31 4	2.59 3.02 <b>621</b> 621 435 182 177 153 30 3	2.77 3.16 <b>433</b> 433 297 122 119 121 12	-
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies	804 402 750 730 367 701 56 30 42	960 606 1 012 631 340 615 300 254 379	1 022 413 666 816 290 498 153 94	786 349 617 590 237 429 149 89	1 497 707 1 377 1 117 472 956 317 212 384	1 577 713 1 289 1 296 544 1 004 215 130 233	1 420 632 1 137 1 161 488 896 197 123 215	1 031 487 930 910 422 808 92 51	
Males 15 years and aver	1 222 384 760 7 19 52 1 159 258 754 7 61	1 256 413 656 17 43 127 1 898 522 660 35 370 311	1 566 404 856 23 100 183 1 915 386 851 30 403 245	1 046 271 607 14 41 113 1 199 245 612 19 169 154	2 042 603 1 154 27 89 169 2 592 644 1 150 41 489 268	2 049 460 1 322 17 54 196 2 314 411 1 325 47 283 248	1 853 449 1 182 23 52 147 2 044 369 1 180 24 241 230	1 376 302 932 9 34 99 1 427 256 936 7 130 98	

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Pearia city, Pea	ria Caunty			-1	
Area	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 11	Tract 12
LAND AREA Square kilometers	3.7 1.4	1.0	1.0	2.1	2 2 .9	.8	.6	2.0	.8 .3	.7 .3
AGE  All persons  Under 5 years	1 935 323 238 196 198 155 229 187 109 118 103 63 16 121 1 139 1 066 951 242 217 20.4 1 082 148 103 95 130 101 156 111 67 67 55 38 111	2 742 325 301 273 246 188 349 310 199 231 194 113 13 124 1 788 1 692 1 554 447 404 25.9 1 509 1157 138 107 211 1185 107 211 117 129 105 105 117 117 129 105 105 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 11	2 795 253 239 285 253 186 386 335 224 263 213 1124 34 111 1 958 1 857 1 722 517 464 30.1 1 484 464 30.1 1 484 111 98 207 183 126 135 129 207 23 24 24 24 24 25 26 26 27 27 28 28 28 29 207 20 21 21 21 22 23 24 24 24 24 25 26 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	2 419 219 221 215 209 175 346 254 201 208 2125 1728 1 641 1 521 481 436 30.3 1 278 100 99 93 117 97 166 146 141 113 119 87 27 34 968	3 452 298 306 227 280 227 526 435 305 305 305 305 305 305 305 305 3159 39 2 413 2 259 649 584 31.6 1 818 143 149 131 133 126 280 235 157 96 26 163 179 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157	2 075 188 191 191 216 154 266 260 187 190 159 59 14 1 368 1 250 346 302 29.0 1 029 84 94 74 82 73 143 139 98 100 91 12 39 12	1 365 108 123 116 104 95 181 146 132 136 138 69 17 42 995 938 890 299 273 32.6 709 55 55 47 48 95 74 65 80 72 36 80 72 72 74 80 75 80 75 80 75 80 75 80 75 80 75 80 75 80 75 80 75 80 75 80 75 80 75 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	2 528 373 234 153 182 208 357 203 161 178 263 160 56 131 1 730 1 663 1 538 576 537 28.0 1 448 175 102 82 107 117 117 117 117 117 117 117	295 19 5 2 15 47 70 59 40 18 5 10 5 9 266 259 244 29 23 33.2 143 31 31 33 19 4 4 3 127	1 753 268 207 142 168 196 274 181 106 67 777 49 18 109 109 929 182 164 22.2 969 131 98 124 154 90 68 37 49 33 164
18 years and over	669 583 139 121 22.6 <b>853</b> 15.9	993 919 250 229 28.7 1 233 22.3	1 024 948 298 273 31.8 1 311 27.7	913 849 290 269 33.3 1 141 27.1	1 313 1 239 365 328 33.0 1 634 30.1	720 673 206 177 32.1 <b>1 046</b> 24.2	502 473 161 144 33.6 <b>656</b> 31.5	1 036 951 395 371 30.3 1 080 24.5	124 117 15 14 33.6 <b>152</b> 32.8	622 542 118 110 23.2 <b>784</b> 20.5
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  All persons In hauseholds Householder Fornily householder Living olane Spause Child Other relatives Nanfamilyenseholder Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quarters	1 935 1 935 690 508 182 150 152 918 95 80	2 742 2 742 970 721 249 217 363 1 141 159 109	2 795 2 795 1 006 721 285 246 430 1 054 159 146	2 419 2 381 903 539 364 326 296 846 205 131	3 452 3 452 1 340 907 433 375 547 1 220 182 163	2 075 2 047 656 476 180 153 240 819 225 107	1 365 1 365 492 346 146 126 165 449 173 86	2 528 2 417 1 175 537 638 611 141 888 145 68	295 182 108 32 76 56 20 20 20 5 29 58	1 753 1 585 668 361 307 283 71 685 87 74 9
Persons per hausehald Persons per family Persons 65 years and over In hausehalds Hausehalder Living alone Spause Other relatives Nanfamily hausehalder Living alone Spause Spause Other persons Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quarters	2.80 3.29 182 182 135 78 75 31 11 5	2.83 3.31 320 320 223 97 94 77 14 6	2.78 3.28 <b>371</b> 371 260 125 119 82 21 8	2.64 3.50 <b>371</b> 371 282 179 172 60 24 5	2.58 3.15 498 498 358 164 160 116 17 7 —	3.12 3.70 232 232 161 77 66 38 19	2.77 3.27 <b>224</b> 158 51 46 40 21 5	2.06 3.19 479 469 429 368 363 31 6 3	1.69 2.41 20 19 15 11 11 4 1	2.37 3.34 144 143 123 98 98 9 7 4 -
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies  With awn children under 18 years.  Number of awn children under 18 years.  Married-couple families  With awn children under 18 years.  Number of awn children under 18 years.  Femole householder, no husband present  With awn children under 18 years.  Number of awn children under 18 years.	508 355 791 152 65 143 329 279 634	721 402 909 363 125 280 332 268 615	721 389 816 430 186 399 244 170 357	539 280 617 296 124 276 210 140 314	907 446 908 547 204 397 311 216 462	476 232 535 240 110 238 200 113 276	346 141 287 165 51 114 141 77 152	537 367 754 141 54 108 371 302 628	32 14 15 20 6 8 5	361 278 594 71 40 86 275 230 497
MARITAL STATUS  Males 15 years and aver	442 173 162 20 23 64 736 351 160 43 71	779 296 373 17 24 69 1 064 386 378 43 121	906 299 447 18 32 110 112 307 444 40 165 156	778 292 321 14 28 123 986 272 319 34 182 159	1 181 404 562 20 53 142 1 395 404 565 45 186 195	728 351 256 26 20 75 777 271 260 45 114 87	489 197 178 23 26 65 529 159 176 26 91	679 307 162 33 56 121 1089 418 158 73 269	140 72 26 8 4 30 129 50 34 7 8 30	467 271 89 17 19 71 669 385 87 23 88 86

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				P	learia city, Pearia	Caunty—Can.				
Area	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22
LAND AREA Square kilameters Square miles	.7 .3	1.0 .4	2.0 .8	1.3 .5	.6 .2	1.3 .5	.7 .3	1.3 .5	3.0 1.1	1.9
All persons Under 5 years	1 289 145 115 107 120 1111 189 178 131 75 77 33 8 52 899 852 770 154 141 27.6 656 75 57 57 57 51 70 28 85 69 28 20 4 27 461 431 388 77 71 27.2 633 28.5	1 367 146 121 110 112 99 222 163 103 106 84 72 29 55 962 915 854 238 214 29,3 736 78 71 43 58 60 116 92 55 54 48 41 19 26 55 51 19 27 28 48 41 19 28 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	2 271 210 218 191 169 162 373 283 204 170 174 98 19 89 1 615 1 545 1 448 387 346 29.9 1 172 100 104 29.8 88 196 139 106 81 109 61 14 45 858 823 776 228 211 31.2 28.5	3 683 284 322 341 280 301 675 484 295 264 237 159 41 118 2 679 2 574 2 400 573 517 29.9 1 928 142 145 161 124 158 357 240 169 175 141 140 109 36 59 1 457 1 407 1 323 361 330 31.8 1 755 27.5	685 22 16 10 30 102 169 81 555 69 85 355 35 11 12 637 635 588 167 157 33.9 370 115 9 8 25 64 72 32 24 42 42 42 52 18 9 9 7 338 337 300 102 102 102 102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	4 031 305 297 276 301 723 786 486 486 259 255 193 109 41 117 3 109 3 013 2 687 466 414 26.1 2 026 1139 130 169 329 374 255 1 360 67 31 555 1 583 1 583 1 5835 1 366 264 227 27.2 2005 25.3	1 999 81 75 87 252 688 264 185 128 103 89 38 9 32 1 734 1 707 1 221 189 166 22.0 870 377 36 96 301 115 79 760 301 115 79 760 746 554 87 98 87 22.4 1 129 21.8	3 899 115 135 143 1 302 1 202 273 296 170 125 777 48 13 50 3 483 3 434 1 687 200 175 20.5 1 914 683 673 535 60 673 535 60 673 536 60 444 277 709 1 683 783 116 103 20.3 1 985 20.6	5 300 442 426 388 353 375 906 7722 433 408 386 342 119 165 3 970 3 825 3 618 1 055 977 32.2 2 868 219 201 187 171 173 508 391 225 236 235 90 78 2 225 2 060 678 630 34.4 2 432 29.7	4 420 352 337 286 276 306 810 704 363 316 6350 238 88 82 129 3 388 82 129 3 388 3 270 3 113 823 760 33.0 2 365 187 153 141 145 162 434 372 189 170 212 145 55 61 1 851 1 797 1 710 499 465 34.0 2 2055 32.2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  All persons In households Householder Formily householder Using alone Spause Child Other relatives Nanrelatives Nanrelatives Iother persons in group quarters	1 289 1 274 492 284 208 174 118 472 91 101	1 367 1 317 470 318 152 116 163 486 95 103 50	2 271 2 271 871 562 309 258 359 796 110 135	3 683 3 683 1 465 879 586 483 510 1 244 191 273	685 611 444 83 361 332 56 64 7 40 2	4 031 3 988 1 751 784 967 691 426 1 155 196 460 43	1 999 1 522 620 294 326 204 222 373 49 258	3 899 1 905 661 400 261 141 328 577 48 291	5 300 5 280 2 214 1 341 873 758 843 1 689 273 261 8	4 420 4 420 1 847 1 193 654 570 914 1 358 155 146
Persons per hausehold Persons of Syears and over  n households Householder Living alane Spause Other relatives Nanreality Nanfamily Other relatives Nanrelatives Nanrelatives Other persons in graup quarters	2.59 3.40 118 116 81 40 36 25 7 3	2.80 3.34 185 142 100 49 43 30 8 4	2.61 3.25 291 291 211 124 121 65 14 1	2.51 3.21 <b>437</b> 437 326 200 192 78 21 12	1.38 2.53 131 121 100 83 79 16 2 3	2.28 3.27 <b>343</b> 342 237 128 124 65 34 6	2.45 3.19 <b>136</b> 136 136 32 8 3 	2.88 3.38 138 138 95 40 38 29 12 2	2.38 3.09 <b>847</b> 838 635 399 390 159 - 7	2.39 3.03 <b>670</b> 670 480 248 242 161 24 5
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Families  With own children under 18 years  Number of own children under 18 years  Morried-couple families  With awn children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  Number of awn children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  Number of awn children under 18 years	284 162 358 118 52 110 133 96 219	318 188 376 163 83 166 132 90 182	562 301 658 359 166 382 152 107 225	879 480 969 510 234 490 298 212 428	83 29 47 56 11 19 24 16 26	784 435 903 426 194 410 303 219 453	294 137 265 222 99 202 56 30 51	400 211 437 328 176 379 58 29	1 341 685 1 290 843 366 685 412 278 539	1 193 596 1 070 914 435 810 224 142 225
MARITAL STATUS  Males 15 years and over	449 206 135 16 21 71 473 195 129 24 52 73	446 163 175 16 16 76 544 176 26 78 88	776 243 381 18 24 110 876 216 375 20 131	1 256 494 551 24 31 156 1 480 465 551 45 206 213	299 171 64 11 10 43 338 173 59 14 38 54	1 547 871 456 34 33 153 1 606 723 455 67 128 233	989 671 245 5 15 53 767 443 230 7 42 45	1 785 1 376 351 5 10 43 1 721 1 255 343 6 57 60	1 783 614 878 18 67 206 2 261 590 890 64 375 342	1 561 423 936 177 49 136 1 884 433 942 30 239 240

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				P	eorio city, Peor	io County—Con.				
Area	Troct 23	Troct 24	Troct 25	Troct 26	Troct 27	Troct 28 (pt.)	Troct 29 (pt.)	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.)
LAND AREA  5quore kilometers  Squore miles	3.2 1.2	2.0	1.6	4.1 1.6	5.1 2.0	4.4 1.7	4.5 1.7	3.9 1.5	3.2 1.2	7.5 2.9
All persons Under 5 yeors	5 295 325 294 284 242 214 746 738 479 482 702 564 225 124 4 339 4 248 4 114 1 759 1 660 41.7 2 965 163 143 144 107 123 400 390 250 271 432 376 166 65 2 491 2 452 2 387 1 120 1 061 45.4	4 967 356 352 314 297 250 853 748 452 393 476 381 95 136 3 888 3 772 3 604 1 152 1 064 35.8 2 636 173 135 135 136 439 395 230 219 294 246 67 66 2 134 2 084 2 084 2 084 2 084 2 081 7 174 6 66 3 7,7	3 613 261 300 339 296 256 663 538 294 248 178 42 1111 2 646 2 533 2 368 545 492 30.4 1 885 118 156 154 157 127 137 137 137 137 137 137 137 137 124 117 116 116 117 117 118 116 119 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110	2 070 108 117 134 110 125 366 271 210 217 251 134 27 43 1 691 1 633 1 580 536 480 37.3 1 085 53 64 64 64 63 111 126 1123 1142 1123 1142 1123 1142 1123 1142 1121 1121	7 285 389 469 427 430 389 1 009 954 750 862 891 547 177 159 5 922 5 745 5 498 2 086 1 913 40.3 3 988 192 233 205 192 188 523 403 403 403 404 409 523 525 525 525 525 525 525 525	3 588 206 201 177 201 308 563 501 374 389 420 204 44 79 2 966 2 871 2 756 873 796 37.6 1 898 108 94 72 91 174 277 262 203 325 216 263 130 155 160 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175	4 166 198 2199 238 205 582 5799 442 483 575 353 83 76 3 267 1 291 1 189 42.2 2 286 1000 109 1200 98 108 315 313 231 270 332 266 44.2 48.3 39.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 49.8 4	5 631 330 379 409 392 239 822 841 693 749 490 202 85 142 4 427 4 271 4 066 1 185 1 021 37.9 2 887 161 170 192 184 4 124 4 426 375 394 260 131 56 65 56 568 399	4 380 379 426 432 364 281 759 909 483 209 102 34 2 154 3 066 2 924 2 731 234 193 29.3 2 235 198 203 213 145 415 449 228 109 49 18 18 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 19 1 1	5 826 301 331 358 344 589 1 174 999 725 576 314 102 13 124 4 767 4 618 4 405 685 575 575 33.2 2 909 138 303 303 303 3562 516 363 362 575 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
Made	<b>2 330</b> 38.1	2 331 33.2	1 <b>728</b> 28.8	985 35.8	3 297 36.7	1 <b>690</b> 35.2	1 <b>880</b> 39.7	2 744 36.3	2 145 29.2	2 917 32.4
All persons In households Householder Fomily householder Nonfomily householder Living olone Spouse Child Other relatives Nonrelatives Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quarters	5 295 5 096 2 279 1 502 777 700 1 278 1 295 129 115 199	4 967 4 957 2 131 1 363 768 692 1 086 1 461 141 138 10	3 613 3 590 1 378 913 465 395 640 1 258 147 167 22	2 070 2 070 923 598 325 276 475 524 63 85	7 285 7 123 3 132 2 006 1 126 1 017 1 660 1 926 196 209 162	3 588 3 580 1 605 998 607 512 826 881 107 161	4 166 4 120 1 943 1 165 778 709 1 031 970 73 103 31 15	5 631 5 312 2 047 1 579 468 423 1 370 1 658 133 104 319	4 380 4 380 1 476 1 182 294 227 978 1 682 108 136	5 826 5 759 2 659 1 513 1 146 996 1 322 1 501 86 191 50
Persons per household Persons per fomily Persons 65 yeors and over In households Householder Living olone Spouse Other relatives Nonrelatives Nonrelatives Unstritutionalized persons Other persons in group quorters	2.24 2.80 1 491 1 292 868 379 364 46 47 9	2.33 2.97 <b>952</b> 952 683 376 367 235 27 7	2.61 3.24 418 418 305 164 158 90 14 9	2.24 2.78 412 412 301 149 142 101 8 2	2.27 2.89 1 615 1 453 1 006 500 484 380 53 14 162	2.23 2.82 668 665 451 194 192 186 21 7	2.12 2.78 1 011 1 009 693 344 339 274 34 8 2	2.60 3.00 777 658 437 165 159 189 27 5	2.97 3.34 138 138 85 25 24 37 12 4	2.17 2.92 <b>429</b> 429 286 101 100 125 15
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Families With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors Married-couple families With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	1 502 542 1 006 1 278 444 853 185 85	1 363 619 1 123 1 086 470 878 219 124 209	913 495 966 640 313 616 223 153 303	598 234 399 475 169 297 92 54 89	2 006 785 1 424 1 660 580 1 099 285 180 289	998 379 660 826 286 512 139 80 131	1 165 417 754 1 031 346 649 112 60 88	1 579 670 1 269 1 370 556 1 072 165 88 151	1 182 734 1 372 978 602 1 140 164 114 210	1 513 669 1 177 1 322 569 1 052 139 81 99
MARITAL STATUS  Males 15 years and over  Never morried Now morried, except seporated Seporated Widowed Divorced  Females 15 years and over Never morried Now morried, except separated Seporated Widowed Divorced	1 877 390 1 305 5 66 111 2 515 465 1 305 18 504 223	1 784 449 1 114 12 57 152 2 161 418 1 125 1 8 343 257	1 256 423 658 13 27 135 1 457 400 654 24 184 195	807 200 487 6 36 78 904 151 494 15 151 93	2 651 651 1 694 29 78 199 3 358 639 1 702 47 589 381	1 380 363 857 24 25 1111 1 624 337 849 24 221	1 554 333 1 066 16 35 104 1 957 356 1 054 21 320 206	2 149 523 1 424 13 40 149 2 364 4 366 1 409 222 279 218	1 522 390 996 13 12 111 1 621 380 994 24 51	2 388 778 1 364 34 25 187 2 448 668 1 354 25 127 274

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Pearia city, Pea	ria Caunty—Con.				
Area	Tract 32	Tract 33 (pt.)	Troct 34.01 (pt.)	Tract 34.02 (pt.)	Tract 35 (pt.)	Tract 39 (pt.)	Tract 41.01 (pt.)	Tract 41.02 (pt.)	Troct 42 (pt.)	Tract 43 (pt.)
LAND AREA								0.4		
Squore kilometersSquore miles	3.2 1.2	8.8 3.4	9.6 3.7	3.7 1.4	5.3 2.1	.2 .1	4.0 1.5	2.4	Ξ	=
AGE All persons	4 136	3 316	2 102	722	578	_	1 085	3 354	19	17
Under 5 years 5 ta 9 years	246 236	176 242	160 188	48 78	38 39		89 71	371 226	3	1 2
0 ta 14 years	201 211	228 215	171 148	75 55	24 27	Ξ	67 52	162 192	3	1
20 ta 24 years 25 ta 34 years	384 800	114 236	73 232	35 58	32 106	-	132 319	242 508	1 5	_
35 ta 44 years	650	536	395	165	74	=	202	492	3	1
45 to 54 years	487 442	469 403	311 231	132 40	69 77	_	99 31	316 229	1	2
65 ta 74 years	296 155	319 224	122 55	21 12	54 34	_	17 5	253 257	_	2
85 years and over	28	154	16	3	4	-	1	106	1	-
3 and 4 years	95 3 410	73 2 632	66 1 551	25 511	14 469	-	31 844	117 2 559	13	14
18 years and over	3 331 3 206	2 542 2 429	1 482 1 418	482 451	460 444	Ξ	821 797	2 496 2 353	13 13	13 13
50 years and over	704 626	904 824	289 249	52 46	131 111	Ξ	40 35	714 672	1	5
Median	34.9	43.5	36.8	35.8	38.8	-	28.2	34.6	29.8	38.5
Jnder 5 years	2 122 132	<b>1 767</b> 87	1 078 66	<b>371</b> 26	<b>305</b> 21		<b>520</b> 38	1 <b>975</b> 178	10 2	9
5 ta 9 yéors 10 to 14 yeors	113 98	130 107	98 93	37 43	18 10		30 40	106 81	_ 1	1
5 to 19 years	109	95	75	27	16	=	34	111	-	-
20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	186 385	58 128	38 136	15 34	18 53		62 141	167 307	3	2
85 to 44 years	341 247	278 242	193 165	84 61	41 34	-	97 49	253 172	1	ī
55 to 64 years	239 166	199 168	109 65	21 13	37 34	-	17 8	135 180	1 -	2
75 ta 84 years	89 17	151 124	31	7 3	21	-	3	192 93	-	ī
and 4 years	50	33	25	16	6	_	15	58	,	_
6 years and over	1 756 1 716	1 431 1 388	807 768	260 246	251 246	-	402 386	1 588 1 553	7	8
?1 years and over	1 652	1 333	736	231	236	Ξ	375	1 465	7	8
50 years and over	396 353	549 508	140 129	32 29	75 66	_	24 20	528 504	1	3
Median	36.3 <b>2 014</b>	45.0 <b>1 549</b>	36.3 1 <b>024</b>	35.5 <b>351</b>	39.1 <b>273</b>	_	28.6 <b>565</b>	36.1 <b>1 379</b>	30.5 <b>9</b>	58.5 <b>8</b>
Median age	33.6	42.2	37.3	35.9	38.3	-	27.9	32.4	29.5	31.5
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  All persons	4 136	3 316	2 102	722	578	_	1 085	3 354	19	17
In households	4 128 1 958	3 166 1 207	2 102 733	722 228	578 283	=	1 085 505	2 820 1 262	19	17 8
Family householder	1 105	964	626	203	162	=	261	756	5 2	5
Nonfamily householder	853 738	243 235	107 95	25 25	121 105	_	244 205	506 476	2	3
SpouseChild	952 986	899 989	581 740	193 294	124 132	_	230 296	487 978	4 7	4 5
Other relatives	77 155	53 18	28 20	6	14 25	_	6 48	35 58	1 -	_
Institutionalized persans Other persans in group quarters	- 8	150		=	=	_		534	7.	_
Persans per hausehold	2.11	2.62	2.87	3.17	2.04	_	2.15	2.23	2.71	2.13
Persons per fomilyPersons 65 years and over	2.82 <b>479</b>	3.01 <b>697</b>	3.15 <b>193</b>	3.43 <b>36</b>	2.67 <b>92</b>	_	3.04 <b>23</b>	2.98 <b>616</b>	3.40 1	2.80 <b>4</b>
n hausehaldsHausehalder	479 330	548 355	193 116	36 26	92 61	_	23 13	292 239	1	4
Nonfamily householder	145 143	148 146	37 35	11 11	35 35	-	5 5	182 181	į	2 2
Spause	133	164	63	8	23	Ξ.	7	36	-	1
Other relativesNanrelatives	15 1	28 1	12 2	2 -	1	-	2 1	14	_	-
nstitutianalized persans Other persans in group quarters	_	149	_	=	_	Ξ	Ξ	324		Ξ
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families With own children under 18 years	1 105 442	<b>964</b> 400	<b>626</b> 316	<b>203</b> 121	1 <b>62</b> 71	-	<b>261</b> 149	<b>756</b> 498	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b> 2
Number of awn children under 18 years	761	758	614	236	109		257 <b>230</b>	844	5	4
Married-couple fomilies	<b>952</b> 347	<b>899</b> 369	<b>581</b> 290	<b>193</b> 116	124 48	_	123	<b>487</b> 271	3	4 2
Femole householder, no husband present	636 119	709 <b>48</b>	566 <b>35</b>	229 <b>9</b>	75 <b>29</b>	_	224 <b>27</b>	505 <b>255</b>	5 1	4
With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	84 113	23 37	21 39	4 5	18 29	Ξ	22 28	223 332	_	=
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	1 674 515	1 <b>227</b> 224	<b>762</b> 126	<b>256</b> 59	<b>221</b> 49	-	<b>446</b> 175	985 341	6	6
Naw married, except separated	980	918	586	194	127	Ξ.	238	509	4	4
Separated	28 35	5 37	2 11		4 5	Ξ	3	12 37	-	-
Divorced	116	43	37	3	36	-	29 <b>412</b>	86 1 <b>610</b>	1 7	1
Femoles 15 years and over	1 779 429	1 443 207	821 134	265 46	256 44	=	124	473		ī
Naw morried, except separated Separated	973 16	924 7	588 6	193	126 4	_	232 3	515 31	4	4
Widowed Divorced	155 206	239 66	47 46	17 9	34 48	_	9 44	341 250	2	2
	200				,0					

## Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peoria	city, Pearia County-	-Con.			Rema	inder of Peoria Co	ounty		
Area	Tract 44 (pt.)	Tract 46 (pt.)	Tract 48.02 (pt.)	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29 (pt.)	Tract 30 (pt.)	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 31.02 (pt.)	Troct 33 (pt.)	Tract 34.01 (pt.)
LAND AREA Squore kilometers	.4	_	.2	.1	_	6	3.6	4	_	3.8
Square miles		-	î,	<u>'-</u>	-	.6 .2	1.4	.4	-	1.5
All persons	751	-	300	17	2	42	115	9	9	1 017
Under 5 yeors5 to 9 years	92 103 75	_	17 17 29	2	_	1	4 11 14	1	1 -	84 71
10 to 14 yeors	60		11 14	-	- 1	3	11 6	<u>.</u>	=	71 80 67 53 156 183 119
25 to 34 years	97 77	=	55 35	5	<u> </u>	3 15	11 18	2	2	156 183
45 ta 54 years55 to 64 years	38 24	-	25 31	4 -	1 -	6 7	18 10	1 2	1 2	102
65 ta 74 years	37 58	Ξ.	42 23	1 2	Ξ	1 -	9 3	_	3	69 29
85 years and aver	31		8	-	_	-	1	1	-	4 33 771
16 yeors and over	462 441	_	234 229	13 13	2 2	37 35	83 78	6	8	750
21 years and over60 years and over	411 139 133	=	224 83 77	13 3 3	2 -	34 6 3	74 21 17	6	8 3	706 150 128
62 years ond over Median	24.1	=	36.3	32.8	36.0	40.5	35.3	34.8	55.5	34.8
Under 5 yeors	38	=	164 9	7	2 -	20	51 2	4	5 -	508 41
5 to 9 years	51 38 34	=	8 15 6	2	Ξ	2	4 3 6	1	=	37 35 29
20 to 24 years	34 70	=	8 29	- 2	1	<u>i</u>	1 6	- 1	_ 1	37 35 29 29 84 88
35 to 44 yeors	50 28	_	17 17	2	<del>-</del> 1	11	8 9	i 1	1	61
55 to 64 years65 ta 74 years	17 22	Ξ	16 26	1	Ξ	4 -	6	Ξ	1	43 43 17
75 ta 84 yeors 85 years and over	41 26	Ξ	12	_	Ξ	Ξ	2	Ξ	2 -	17
3 ond 4 yeors	16 312	_	3 131	5	- 2	17	1 40	_ 3	5	11 391
18 yeors ond over	297 283		127 124	5	2 2	16 16	37 36	3 3	5	384 359
60 years and over	98 93 29.2	Ξ	48 45 38.3	1 1 32.5	36.0	3 1 40.0	11 8 40.8	39.5	2 2 55.5	80 73 34.9
Male	<b>302</b> 15.9	=	136 34.5	10 33.5	-	<b>22</b> 43.5	64 32.0	34.5	4 45.0	<b>509</b> 34.8
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons In households	<b>751</b> 661	-	<b>300</b> 300	<b>17</b> 17	<b>2</b> 2	<b>42</b> 42	<b>115</b> 115	<b>9</b> 9	<b>9</b> 9	1 017 1 017
Householder Fornity hauseholder	229 170	_	140 79	7 6	1	17 13	39 32	3 3	4 4	381 302
Nonfamily householder Living alane Spouse	59 54 52	Ξ	61 50 57	1	=	4 4 13	7 6 29	- - 3	- - 3	79 68 259
Child: Other relatives	323 34	=	80 7	4	1	11	41 2	3	2	328 21
Nanrelotives	23 90	_	16	-	_	1_	4	Ξ	Ξ	28
Other persons in group quarters	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.47
Persons per household Persons per family Persons 65 years and aver	2.89 3.41 126	Ξ	2.14 2.82 <b>66</b>	2.43 2.67 <b>3</b>	2.00 2.00	2.47 2.85	2.95 3.25 <b>12</b>	3.00 3.00	2.25 2.25 <b>3</b>	2.67 3.01 <b>102</b>
In householdsHauseholder	37 32	=	66 50	3 2	Ξ.	i	12 7		3 2	102 65
Nonfomily householder Living alane	19 19	Ξ	26 26	=	_	=	2 2	Ξ	-	102 65 24 24 37
Spouse	1	Ξ	16	1 -	_	_	5 -	_	1 -	37
Nonrelatives Institutionalized persans Other persans in group quarters	89	=	-	-	Ξ	=	Ξ	=	<u>-</u>	Ξ
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families With own children under 18 years	1 <b>70</b> 130	-	<b>79</b> 31	<b>6</b> 2	1	13 4	<b>32</b> 14	3	4	<b>302</b> 141
Number of awn children under 18 years	280	=	63 <b>57</b>	4 5	Ξ	7 13	32 <b>29</b>	3	i 3	250 <b>259</b>
With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	26 68	=	15	2 4	=	4 7	12 27	1 3	1	119 217
Female househalder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years	114 102	-	<b>22</b> 16	Ξ	1 -	-	<b>2</b>	_	1 -	<b>32</b> 19
Number of own children under 18 years  MARITAL STATUS	207	-	32	-	-	-	1	-	-	30
Males 15 years and aver	159	-	105	8	-	20	44	3	3	387
Never married Naw married, except separated Separated	61 65 8	_	29 57	1 5	Ξ	6 14	11 30	3	3	81 262 6
Widowed	11	-	6	2	=	=		Ē	Ξ	5 33
Females 15 years and over Never married	322	-	132 26	5	2	17 3	<b>42</b> 7	3	5	395
Naw married, except separated Separated	67	-	57 3	5	-	13	29	3	3	63 262 5
Widowed	62	-	24 22	-	1	1	2	_	!	5 29 36

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Re	emainder of Peoric	County—Con.				
Area	Tract 34.02 (pt.)	Tract 35 (pt.)	Troct 36.01	Troct 36.02	Tract 37	Tract 38	Tract 39 (pt.)	Tract 40	Troct 41.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)
AND AREA			10.0	15.0	154.0			050		5.0
quore kilometersquore miles	15.7	13.4 5.2	13.2 5.1	15.0 5.8	156.2 60.3	291.0 112.4	277.7 107.2	252.4 97.4	66.2 25.6	5.3 2.0
GE										
All persons	3 098 235	<b>500</b> 35	<b>2 758</b> 177	<b>5 623</b> 396	2 912 168	<b>2 997</b> 194	<b>4 429</b> 281	<b>4 281</b> 260	1 <b>922</b> 141	<b>704</b>
to 9 years	284	43	186	416	217	248	385	322	119	58 35 52 49
0 to 14 years 5 to 19 years	308 246	41 34	217 192	445 419	245 222	227 205	431 361	387 342	139 164	52 49
0 to 24 years 5 to 34 years	124 379	24 67	136 428	331 787	130 363	175 382	224 603	208 570	97 307	59
5 to 44 years	631	78	496	876	561	436	784	678	307	134 90 84 53 58
5 to 54 years 5 to 64 years	474 230	57 56	339 275	555 559	424 280	366 277	548 386	543 367	276 152	53
to 74 yearsto 84 years	121 53	52 12	157 103	468 290	187 99	279 154	272 121	357 192	132 74	58 31
yeors and over	13	ī	52	81	16	54	33	55	14	1
ond 4 years	109	16 373	67 2 119	175 4 292	67 2 232	85 2 288	126 3 256	98 3 237	61 1 484	18 546
years and over	2 111	359	2 053	4 104	2 142	2 194	3 097	3 091	1 408	526
years and over	1 992 284	340 99	1 952 443	3 869 1 130	2 030 430	2 095 606	2 915 613	2 926 788	1 339 295	499 118
years and averdian	235 34.6	84 36.0	376 35.8	1 026 35.2	372 37.5	559 36.3	537 34.0	716 35.8	266 34.8	106 31.9
Femole	1 550	240	1 409	2 922	1 429	1 505	2 208	2 195	946	356
der 5 yeors	120 142	14 19	87 93	200 193	75 104	89 117	128 180	128 165	66 63	30 16
to 14 yeors	152	16	111	222	123	106	212	192	70	22
to 19 yeors	107 64	18 14	98 61	191 180	102 64	96 84	174 107	169 103	75 44	21 32
to 34 years	197 345	31 39	225 245	406	189 280	190 221	313	299 334	146 158	64 54
to 44 yearsto 54 years	215	30	161	441 288	207	187	405 265	278	128	41
to 64 yearsto 74 years	108 64	29 24	137 80	297 255	124 98	137 152	192 145	185 195	80 69	25 35
to 84 years	31	5	67 44	191	54 9	90 36	67 20	108 39	37 10	15
years and overond 4 years	55	8	34	58 85	24	33	55	49	31	10
years and over	1 114	188	1 091	2 267	1 102	1 174	1 653	1 673	725	281
yeors ond overyeors ond over	1 066 1 014	180 168	1 060 1 008	2 186 2 076	1 057 1 009	1 129 1 082	1 579 1 491	1 613 1 518	689 664	275 263
yeors and averyeors and aver	140 120	50 41	254 223	662 603	219 192	334 307	328 292	436 405	157 140	61 55
edion	34.8	36.9	36.0	36.7	37.7	38.5	34.7	36.3	35.6	33.6
Maleedian age	1 <b>548</b> 34.4	<b>260</b> 34.5	1 <b>349</b> 35.6	<b>2 701</b> 33.9	1 <b>483</b> 37.2	1 <b>492</b> 34.9	<b>2 221</b> 33.3	<b>2 086</b> 35.3	<b>976</b> 33.9	<b>348</b> 29.8
OUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP All persons	3 098	500	2 758	5 623	2 912	2 997	4 429	4 281	1 922	704
households	3 098	500	2 677	5 599	2 912	2 997	4 429	4 271	1 922	704
Family householder	1 042	174 147	993 767	2 184 1 574	1 063 862	1 111 868	1 511 1 262	1 554 1 229	678 543	303 204
Nonfamily householder	145	27 25	226 186	610 546	201 177	243 222	249 221	325 292	135 116	99 82
Living oloneSpouse	803	130	672	1 293	785	753	1 138	1 095	500	144
ChildOther relatives	1 165	177 13	857 84	1 822 165	962 55	1 001 76	1 616 98	1 445 96	642 71	203 23
Nonrelativesstitutionolized personss	39	6	71 81	135 24	47	56	66	81 10	31	31
ther persons in group quorters	_	=	-	-	Ξ	-	_	-	-	-
rsons per householdrsons per family	2.97 3.25	2.87 3.18	2.70 3.10	2.56 3.08	2.74 3.09	2.70 3.11	2.93 3.26	2.75 3.14	2.83 3.23	2.32 2.81
Persons 65 years and over	187 187	<b>65</b> 65	<b>312</b> 234	<b>839</b> 829	<b>302</b> 302	<b>487</b> 487	<b>426</b> 426	<b>604</b> 594	<b>220</b> 220	<b>90</b> 90
Householder Nonfomily hauseholder	113	43 13 12	160	580 280	198 70	320 132	282 109	398 171	136 42	58
Living olone	33	12	61 58	272	67	129	106	164	41	22
SpouseOther relatives	60	19 2	61 12	207 35	90 11	142 24	114 29	168 23	64 20	90 58 24 22 24 5
Nanrelotivesstitutionolized persans	1	Ī	1 78	7 10	3	1	1	5 10	Ξ	3
her persons in group quarters		Ξ	-	-	Ξ	Ξ	_	-	-	-
MILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN	897	147	767	1 574	862	868	1 262	1 229	543	204
ith awn children under 18 veors	516	63	350	772	396	387	652 1 277	591 1 121	253 493	108 168
Number of own children under 18 yeors Married-cauple families	803	132 <b>130</b>	648 <b>672</b>	1 423 <b>1 293</b>	742 <b>785</b>	766 <b>753</b>	1 138	1 095	500	144
ith own children under 18 years	I 863	58 123	301 564	611 1 169	350 671	332 672	579 1 148	513 986	244 477	69 110
Female householder, na husband present	65	12	68	223	47	<b>79</b> 38	<b>88</b> 55	<b>99</b> 58	<b>29</b> 8	<b>45</b> 31
ith own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	46 67	4 7	38 67	134 210	27 42	63	94	101	14	47
ARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	1 135	190	1 060	2 059	1 155	1 135	1 644	1 602	776	271
ever married ow married, except separated	. 1 246	35 132	235 691	482 1 323	253 796	261 769	385 1 157	371 1 117	209 522	72 147
parated		-	14	19	4	5	7	8	4 18	5
idowedvorced	52	5 18	19 101	53 1 <b>82</b>	21 81	30 70	23 72	34 72	23	6 41
Females 15 years and over	1 136	191	1 118	2 307	1 127	1 193	1 688	1 710	747	288
ever morriedow married, except separated	. 814	29 132	184 693	367 1 319	181 796	206 767	299 1 161	289 1 116	134 522	49 145
eparatedVidowedVidowed	.   8	2 15	11 129	31 322	11 72	4 141	9 134	16 193	4 52	29
Divarced	78	13	101	268	67	75	85	96	52 35	61

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Remoinde	er of Peorio County	Con.			
Area	Tract 42 (pt.)	Tract 43 (pt.)	Tract 44 (pt.)	Troct 45	Troct 46 (pt.)	Troct 48.01	Troct 48.02 (pt.)	Tract 49.01 (pt.)	Troct 49.02
LAND AREA Squore kilometers Squore miles	4.9 1.9	1.6	3.1 1.2	30.8 11.9	20.9 8.1	42.8 16.5	7.6 2.9	139.2 53.7	132.7 51.2
AGE  All persons  Under 5 yeors 5 to 9 yeors 10 to 14 yeors 20 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 54 yeors 55 to 64 yeors 65 to 74 yeors 75 to 84 yeors 85 yeors ond over	4 070 231 186 185 197 363 698 541 398 352 420 334 165	2 806 174 201 200 176 183 504 396 252 246 286 151 37	5 148 314 337 344 363 278 719 791 465 435 528 381 193	5 066 285 301 355 386 308 811 666 548 512 400 319 175	5 493 299 369 462 435 296 811 877 547 624 479 240 54	4 040 218 321 362 323 178 561 714 519 396 292 130 26	4 602 261 332 349 345 285 692 723 557 503 356 171 28	3 595 218 278 296 295 195 481 608 473 318 274 130 29	4 068 234 310 367 327 252 666 725 495 336 233 100 23
3 and 4 years 16 years and over 18 years and over 21 years and over 60 years and over 61 years and over 62 years and over 62 years and over Median  Female  Under 5 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 to 84 years 85 years and over	89 3 430 3 233 1 095 1 037 37.9 2 207 113 98 88 106 196 348 269 209 182 249 219	72 2 197 2 132 2 032 597 551 34.4 1 462 78 103 90 85 94 270 196 125 143 172 85	128 4 075 3 909 3 733 1 326 1 246 37.4 2 732 141 169 152 174 139 367 394 247 230 303 264 152	111 4 039 3 883 3 651 1 165 1 050 36.1 2 583 144 151 166 161 115 381 342 268 266 236 208	120 4 269 4 099 3 873 1 060 941 35.8 2 856 136 240 230 143 434 443 272 328 272 150	90 3 064 2 924 2 771 614 540 35.7 <b>2 053</b> 104 158 182 155 97 297 364 249 194 159	117 3 586 3 443 3 259 809 707 35.5 2 380 136 180 152 165 137 369 375 266 295 187 99	102 2 747 2 606 2 458 610 538 35.6 1 817 113 129 148 162 92 235 317 222 162 138 80	89 3 070 2 947 2 776 512 448 33.5 1 951 111 141 193 160 97 308 346 235 164 123 555
3 and 4 yeors 16 years ond over 18 years and over 21 years and over 60 yeors and over 62 years and over Median Male Medion oge	45 1 892 1 861 1 766 687 653 40.0 1 863 35.8	34 1 172 1 144 1 093 346 319 35.5 1 344 33.4	55 2 230 2 143 2 064 839 801 40.3 <b>2 416</b> 34.9	56 2 084 2 022 1 929 732 673 40.1 <b>2 483</b> 32.8	58 2 269 2 163 2 064 611 546 36.7 <b>2 637</b> 34.9	46 1 567 1 509 1 429 329 296 35.9 1 987 35.6	59 1 876 1 804 1 722 457 394 36.6 2 222 34.5	51 1 395 1 319 1 241 321 285 35.8 1 778 35.2	44 1 464 1 398 1 316 272 243 34.1 2 117 32.7
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  All persons In households . Householder Family householder Living alone Spouse Child Other relatives Nonrelatives Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quorters	4 070 3 810 1 880 1 017 863 770 812 888 77 153 260	2 806 2 806 1 217 781 436 384 586 804 96 103	5 148 4 730 1 975 1 327 648 567 1 065 1 406 124 160 245 173	5 066 4 455 1 704 1 281 423 377 1 100 1 392 - 151 108 611	5 493 5 493 2 157 1 577 580 506 1 296 1 740 143 157	4 040 4 040 1 439 1 186 253 214 1 044 1 359 105 93	4 602 4 602 1 753 1 341 412 356 1 104 1 473 145 127	3 595 3 595 1 299 1 031 268 237 910 1 229 87 70	4 068 3 882 1 332 1 119 213 185 1 014 1 390 85 61 186
Persons per hausehold	2.03 2.75 919 687 498 273 265 166 15 8 232	2.31 2.90 <b>474</b> 474 334 156 154 125 12	2.39 2.96 1 102 890 625 305 303 226 35 4 165	2.61 3.06 <b>894</b> 602 422 203 198 152 22 6	2.55 3.02 <b>773</b> 773 534 243 239 204 31 4	2.81 3.11 448 448 287 104 103 136 24 1	2.63 3.03 555 555 385 156 151 137 30 3	2.77 3.16 433 433 297 122 119 121 12 3 -	2.91 3.22 <b>356</b> 356 240 90 88 102 12 2
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Families  With own children under 18 years  Number of own children under 18 years  Married-cauple families  With own children under 18 years  Number of own children under 18 years  With own children under 18 years  Number of own children under 18 years  Number of own children under 18 years	1 017 410 661 812 287 493 152 94	781 347 613 586 235 425 148 89 151	1 327 577 1 097 1 065 446 888 203 110	1 281 579 1 029 1 100 483 879 134 75	1 577 713 1 289 1 296 544 1 004 215 130 233	1 186 573 1 049 1 044 492 918 108 70	1 341 601 1 074 1 104 473 865 175 107 183	1 031 487 930 910 422 808 92 51	1 119 556 1 064 1 014 501 976 70 40
MARITAL STATUS  Males 15 years and aver	1 560 403 852 23 100 182 1 908 386 847 30 401 244	1 040 270 603 14 41 112 1 191 244 608 19 167 153	1 883 542 1 089 19 78 155 2 270 529 1 083 28 427 203	2 003 563 1 169 27 82 162 2 122 334 1 150 23 436 179	2 049 460 1 322 17 54 196 2 314 411 1 325 47 283 248	1 530 331 1 056 8 35 100 1 609 279 1 062 12 138 118	1 748 420 1 125 23 46 134 1 912 343 1 123 21 217 208	1 376 302 932 9 34 99 1 427 256 936 7 130 98	1 651 454 1 062 19 31 85 1 506 264 1 028 14 117 83

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ensus Tract or Block Numbering	Remainder of Pe Con				Totals fo	or split trocts/8NA	A's in Tazewell Co	iunty		
Area	Troct 50.97	Troct 50.98	Troct 201	Troct 203.01	Troct 203.02	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206	Troct 207	Tract 20
ND AREA										
uare kilometersuore miles	-	.3	8.3 3.2	14.7 5.7	12.6 4.9	9.0 3.5	18.5 7.1	1.1	7.0 2.7	3 1.
E										
All persons	-	-	2 015	4 835	5 370	5 955	4 876	2 078	3 950	3 77
er 5 years	_	-	121 132	332 337	364 345	439 441	356 461	118 123	233 297	3
to 14 years	_	-	129 124	320 323	364 367	439 428	523 395	94 106	291 272	28
to 24 years	-	-	140	301	361	440	256	116	238	3
o 34 years o 44 years	_	_	316 284	785 723	858 782	1 072 799	793 888	285 274	627 591	4
to 54 yearsto 64 years	_	_	219 217	563 552	545 606	630 580	498 389	184 278	431 488	3
o 74 yeors o 84 years	_	_	207 107	373 198	444 255	441 212	207 89	291 187	319 127	
eors ond over	_	-	19	28	79	34	21	22	36	
d 4 years	-	-	46 1 608	139 3 780	137 4 214	178 4 543	150 3 445	44 1 724	96 3 065	1 2 7
vears and overveors ond over	_	-	1 554	3 645	4 065	4 371	3 278	1 678	2 964	2 6
ears and overears and over	_	-	1 478 452	3 454 866	3 846 1 102	4 120 975	3 095 508	1 610 652	2 799 730	2 5
ears and over	_	-	397 36.5	760 35.3	969 35.3	871 32.3	435 30.9	594 42.1	630 35.2	30
Femole	_	_	1 059	2 431	2 778	3 036	2 406	1 100	2 046	1 9
r 5 yeors9 yeors	-	-	70 62	170 165	187 163	233 215	186 210	54 56	127 135	
14 yeors	_	-	69	144	177	207	249	46	146	
o 19 yeors o 24 yeors	_	-	67 67	162 146	199 184	218 231	184 134	55 53	145 124	
34 yeors	-	-	162 147	385 366	433 408	560 374	413 428	140 136	331 301	
0 44 yeors0 54 yeors	_	-	111	299	248	311	241	93	217	
o 64 yeors	Ξ	-	116 113	289 182	324 251	298 246	198 98	159 174	252 168	
o 84 yeorseors ond overeors ond over	_	-	63 12	106 17	149 55	121 22	50 15	118 16	70 30	
4 years	_	-	26	72	76	93	74	21	52	
ears and over	-	-	845	1 918	2 207	2 337	1 720	935 911	1 611 1 553	1 .
ears and over	_	-	812 782	1 853 1 762	2 127 2 010	2 244 2 124	1 639 1 554	876	1 464	1.3
ears and overears and overears	_	-	251 222	447 385	622 560	539 488	264 231	393 359	384 341	
Male	-	-	36.9 <b>956</b>	36.2 2 404	36.2 <b>2 592</b>	32.3 2 919	31.1 2 470	46.4 <b>978</b>	35.4 1 <b>904</b>	3
an age	Ξ.	=	36.0	34.3	34.7	32.3	30.7	38.1	35.1	2
USEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  All persons	_	_	2 015	4 835	5 370	5 955	4 876	2 078	3 950	3 7
ouseholdsousehalder	-	-	2 015 881	4 835 1 871	5 287 2 158	5 955 2 328	4 876 1 596	2 078 938	3 909 1 489	3 7
Fomily householder	_	-	567	1 415	1 464	1 670	1 353	621	1 163	9
Nonfomily householder	_	_	314 272	456 377	694 613	658 548	243 211	317 290	326 281	
pousehild	_	_	448 578	1 153 1 482	1 221 1 571	1 337 1 846	1 162 1 861	526 512	1 006 1 236	1 2
ther relotives	_	-	41	167	156	217	151	55	99	
onrelotivestutionolized persons	_	-	67 -	162	181 83	227 —	106	47 -	79 26	
er persons in group quarters	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	
ons per household	-	-	2.29	2.58	2.45	2.56	3.06	2.22	2.63	2
Persons 65 years and over	_	-	2.88 <b>333</b>	2.98 <b>599</b>	3.01 <b>778</b>	3.04 <b>687</b>	3.35 <b>317</b>	2.76 <b>500</b>	3.01 <b>482</b>	
ousehaldsousehalder	_	-	333 238	599 413	705 502	687 469	317 213	500 346	457 296	
Nonfamily householder	-	-	116 107	155 153	243 235	193 191	67 64	163 158	106 102	
Living aloneouse	_	-	83	141	165	191	81	134	136	
ther relotivesonrelotives		-	6	40 5	26 12	26 1	22 1	18 2	20 5	
tutionalized personser persons in group quarterser	_	-	_	-	73	_	_	_	25 _	
							1 353	621	1 163	
AILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN	_	_	567	1 415	1 464	1 670			541	
AILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Fomilies own children under 18 yeors	=	-	242	626	671	791	774	214 375	938	
AILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies own children under 18 yeors mber of own children under 18 years Morried-couple families		- - -	242 435 <b>448</b>	626 1 090 <b>1 153</b>	671 1 194 <b>1 221</b>	791 1 438 <b>1 337</b>	774 1 503 <b>1 162</b>	375 <b>526</b>	938 1 <b>006</b> 452	
MILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies own children under 18 yeors mber of own children under 18 years own children under 18 years mber of own children under 18 years		- - - - -	242 435 <b>448</b> 171 329	626 1 090 <b>1 153</b> 473 828	671 1 194 <b>1 221</b> 524 952	791 1 438 <b>1 337</b> 576 1 070	774 1 503 <b>1 162</b> 661 1 306	375 <b>526</b> 176 315	1 <b>006</b> 452 798	
ILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies  own children under 18 years  Married-couple families  own children under 18 years  own children under 18 years  miber of own children under 18 years  Femdle householder, no husband present		-	242 435 <b>448</b> 171 329	626 1 090 1 153 473 828 189	671 1 194 <b>1 221</b> 524	791 1 438 <b>1 337</b> 576	774 1 503 <b>1 162</b> 661	375 <b>526</b> 176 315 <b>78</b> 33	1 <b>006</b> 452	
AILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Fomilies own children under 18 years umber of own children under 18 years Morried-couple families own children under 18 years umber of own children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present own children under 18 yeors umber of own children under 18 yeors	-	-	242 435 <b>448</b> 171 329	626 1 090 <b>1 153</b> 473 828	671 1 194 <b>1 221</b> 524 952 <b>172</b>	791 1 438 <b>1 337</b> 576 1 070 <b>248</b>	774 1 503 <b>1 162</b> 661 1 306 <b>130</b>	375 <b>526</b> 176 315	1 <b>006</b> 452 798 <b>113</b>	
AILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Fomilies  a own children under 18 years umber of own children under 18 years own children under 18 years own children under 18 years umber af own children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present own children under 18 years umber of own children under 18 years RITAL STATUS		-	242 435 <b>448</b> 171 329 <b>99</b> 58 88	626 1 090 1 153 473 828 189 120 210	671 1 194 1 221 524 952 172 108 180	791 1 438 <b>1 337</b> 576 1 070 <b>248</b> 170 297	774 1 503 1 162 661 1 306 130 82 148	375 <b>526</b> 176 315 <b>78</b> 33	1 <b>006</b> 452 798 <b>113</b> 68	
AILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Fomilies Own children under 18 years Worried-couple families Own children under 18 years Worried-couple families Own children under 18 years Umber of own children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present Own children under 18 yeors Worried-Couple familier Worried-Couple familier Worried-Couple familier Own children under 18 yeors World STATUS  Males 15 yeors and over Fer morried	-	-	242 435 448 171 329 99 58 88	626 1 090 1 153 473 828 189 120 210	671 1 194 1 221 524 952 172 108 180	791 1 438 1 337 576 1 070 248 170 297	774 1 503 1 162 661 1 306 130 82 148	375 526 176 315 78 33 52	1 006 452 798 113 68 108	1
AILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies  own children under 18 yeors  where of own children under 18 years  Morried-couple families  own children under 18 years  where of own children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  own children under 18 yeors  umber of own children under 18 yeors  RITAL STATUS  Males 15 yeors and over  or married  r married, except separated	-	-	242 435 <b>448</b> 171 329 <b>99</b> 58 88	626 1 090 1 153 473 828 189 120 210	671 1 194 1 221 524 952 172 108 180 2 046 464 1 259 22	791 1 438 1 337 576 1 070 248 170 297	774 1 503 1 162 661 1 306 1 306 1 30 8 2 1 48	375 526 176 315 78 33 52 799 170 534 3	1 006 452 798 113 68 108	1
MILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Fomilies In own children under 18 years In own children under 18 years Morried-couple families In own children under 18 years Iumber af own children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present Iumber of own children under 18 years	-	-	242 435 448 171 329 99 58 88 775 200 454 100	626 1 090 1 153 473 828 189 120 210	671 1 194 1 221 524 952 172 108 180 2 046 464 1 259 22 71	791 1 438 1 337 576 1 070 248 1 170 297 2 255 539 1 381 28 54	774 1 503 1 162 661 1 306 130 82 148	375 526 176 315 78 33 52 799 170 534 3 25	1 006 452 798 113 68 108	1
MILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies  h own children under 18 yeors  lumber of own children under 18 years  Morried-Cuople families  h own children under 18 years  Lumber af own children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  h own children under 18 yeors  Lumber of own children under 18 yeors  Warried  Males 15 yeors and over  w married  w married  w married  w married  orated  lowed  orced	-	-	242 435 <b>448</b> 171 329 <b>99</b> 58 88 <b>775</b> 200 454 10 24	626 1 0990 1 153 473 828 189 120 210 1 894 425 1 184 28 63	671 1 194 1 221 524 952 172 108 180 2 046 464 1 259 22	791 1 438 1 337 576 1 070 248 170 297	774 1 503 1 162 661 1 306 1 306 1 30 8 2 1 48	375 526 176 315 78 33 52 799 170 534 3	1 006 452 798 113 68 108	1 :
MILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies  In own children under 18 years  Married-couple families  Hown children under 18 years  Married-couple families  Warried-couple families  Married-couple families  Married-co		-	242 435 448 171 329 99 58 88 775 200 454 10 24 87 858 85 152	626 1 0990 1 153 473 828 189 120 210 1 894 425 1 184 2 8 63 194 1 952 322	671 1 194 1 221 524 952 172 108 180 2 046 464 464 1 259 22 71 230 2 251 420	791 1 438 1 337 576 1 070 248 170 297 2 255 539 1 381 28 54 253 2 381 413	774 1 503 1 162 661 1 306 1 306 1 308 82 1 48  1 775 3 84 1 192 1 4 26 1 59 1 761 299	375 526 176 315 78 33 52 799 170 534 3 25 67 944	1 006 452 798 113 68 108 1 491 299 1 022 13 45 112 1 638 279	1
MILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Fomilies h own children under 18 years lumber of own children under 18 years whoried-cuple families h own children under 18 years lumber af own children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present h own children under 18 years lumber of own children under 18 years ARITAL STATUS Males 15 years and over we married w married, except separated orcated lowed orced		-	242 435 448 171 329 99 58 88 775 200 454 10 24 87	626 1 090 1 153 473 828 189 120 210 1 894 425 1 184 28 63 194	671 1 194 1 221 524 952 172 108 180 2 046 464 4 259 22 71 230 2 251	791 1 438 1 337 576 1 070 248 170 297 2 255 539 1 381 28 54 253 2 381	774 1 503 1 162 661 1 306 1 30 82 148 1 775 384 1 192 14 26 159 1 761	375 526 176 315 78 33 52 799 170 534 3 25 67	1 006 452 798 113 68 108 1 491 299 1 022 13 45 112 1 638	1

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Tatals far	split tracts/8NA	's in Tazewell Caur	nty—Can.			18 28
Area	Tract 209	Tract 211.01	Tract 211.02	Tract 212.01	Tract 212.02	Tract 212.03	Tract 215	Tract 216.03	Tract 216.04	Tract 216.06
LAND AREA Square kilameters	2.5 1.0	5.0 1.9	5.6 2.2	40.3 15.6	5.2 2.0	6.4 2.5	63.5 24.5	36.1 14.0	9.5 3.7	26.9 10.4
AGE  All persons Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 85 years and aver	2 469 205 220 188 168 406 309 238 242 167 106 34	7 343 606 516 569 544 572 1 095 1 110 685 603 503 394 146	5 506 326 325 368 354 297 752 794 705 665 532 289	2 205 152 185 211 160 118 335 368 315 205 91 59	3 144 180 197 202 200 119 336 553 372 334 237 261 153	4 019 314 287 290 276 238 669 624 423 379 319 157 43	6 172 404 380 427 473 329 853 1 116 769 699 476 215	4 256 297 389 414 319 197 604 805 536 364 210 95	2 106 123 150 130 123 183 380 315 224 174 151 110 43	4 470 254 321 337 282 212 497 675 583 527 320 269
3 and 4 years 16 years and aver 21 years and aver 22 years and aver 23 years and aver 46 years and aver 46 years and aver 46 years and aver 47 years 48 years 49 years 40 to 14 years 41 to 15 to 19 years 42 to 18 years 43 to 18 years 45 to 18 years 45 to 18 years 45 to 18 years 46 years and aver 47 years and aver 48 years and aver 49 years and aver 40 years and aver	81 1 829 1 752 1 654 421 3374 421 101 105 85 90 87 193 153 120 125 91 67 25 42 940 900 847 244 221 32.7 1 227 30.2	252 5 533 5 331 4 994 1 341 1 219 33.0 4 051 306 256 256 260 314 607 577 369 338 331 301 116 123 3 153 3 057 2 888 919 852 35.1 3 292 30.4	147 4 396 4 259 4 076 1 260 1 147 39.2 2 884 172 2 156 176 185 150 378 397 371 357 279 191 72 68 2 339 2 260 2 173 716 662 40.7 2 622 37.6	700 1 635 1 562 1 472 242 1999 33.4 1 122 755 957 999 84 666 172 198 152 995 51 300 3 3 36 836 836 798 760 125 104 33.0 1 083 33.7	72 2 520 2 428 2 342 8 40.9 1 685 81 103 102 94 4 53 181 289 183 167 116 32 1 376 116 32 1 376 509 480 42.99 1 459 39.1	132 3 067 2 963 2 795 716 626 34.0 2 087 135 147 145 140 127 369 300 213 31 197 178 98 38 31 1 631 1 573 1 490 412 369 34.4 1 932 33.6	176 4 843 4 664 4 411 1 069 914 37.2 217 209 187 223 238 164 447 581 378 353 255 124 11 89 2 494 2 399 2 280 37.2 3 7.2 3 7.2 3 7.2 3 7.2 3 7.2	120 3 086 2 946 2 792 508 436 33.7 2 078 130 187 181 133 93 316 421 257 178 106 57 19 52 1 557 1 492 1 430 268 233 35.0 2 178 32.3	44 1 680 1 629 1 551 391 357 33.9 1 087 62 68 62 69 92 183 154 115 94 87 70 31 22 886 855 815 232 214 35.5 1 019 32.5	112 3 509 3 380 3 223 1 022 914 39.6 2 366 121 160 170 132 103 256 347 304 252 181 189 151 54 1 897 7 1 827 1 761 637 579 41 99 2 104
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  All persons In households Householder Family householder Living alane Spause Child Other relatives Nanrelatives Institutionalized persons Other persons in graup quarters	2 469 2 469 957 669 288 255 495 809 103 105	7 343 7 123 2 959 1 958 1 001 904 1 498 2 321 146 199 220	5 506 5 418 2 213 1 641 572 507 1 444 1 531 110 120 88	2 205 2 205 776 646 130 109 574 777 33 45	3 144 3 015 1 214 893 321 294 829 887 47 38 129	4 019 3 947 1 524 1 159 365 316 957 1 290 72 104 72	6 172 6 059 2 375 1 804 571 502 1 626 1 834 1113 1111 98	4 256 4 256 1 459 1 220 239 217 1 124 1 576 50 47	2 106 2 106 918 610 308 270 514 586 32 56	4 470 4 109 1 530 1 201 329 297 1 135 1 355 45 44 361
Persons per hausehald Persons per family Persons 65 years ond over In hausehalds Hausehalder Nonfamily hausehalder Living alane Spause Other relatives Nanrelatives Nanrelatives Nanrelatives Nanrelatives Other persons in group quarters	2.58 3.10 <b>307</b> 307 229 121 116 65 12	2.41 3.03 1 043 845 668 448 445 148 26 3	2.45 2.88 <b>920</b> 836 571 229 221 234 22 9	2.84 3.14 156 156 102 33 32 50 4	2.48 2.97 <b>651</b> 525 376 209 207 130 18 1	2.59 3.00 519 447 290 122 118 127 23 7	2.55 2.98 <b>722</b> 711 470 182 179 208 28 5 8	2.92 3.25 331 331 216 76 72 102 10	2.29 2.86 <b>304</b> 304 209 108 106 79 14 2	2.69 3.11 <b>782</b> 454 308 153 128 17 1
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Families  With awn children under 18 years  Number of own children under 18 years  With own children under 18 years  Number of own children under 18 years  Femole householder, no husbond present  Number of la years  Number of awn children under 18 years	669 324 641 495 222 440 128 82 160	1 958 1 085 1 894 1 498 748 3 385 396 299 458	1 641 682 1 187 1 444 568 1 006 137 89	646 340 622 574 284 534 56 44	893 389 693 829 359 651 49 24 33	1 159 577 1 017 957 432 796 162 122 188	1 804 811 1 449 1 626 697 1 282 136 93	1 220 665 1 281 1 124 606 1 201 75 47 64	610 258 474 514 207 383 68 36	1 201 573 1 074 1 135 535 1 016 52 31 45
MARITAL STATUS  Moles 15 years and over Never married Now married, except separated Separated Widawed Oivarced  Females 15 years and aver Never married, except separated Separated Widawed Oivarced Oivarced	905 250 505 11 30 109 951 165 507 23 145	2 439 608 1 549 25 56 201 3 213 563 1 543 52 604 451	2 107 405 1 485 17 62 138 2 380 378 1 478 20 330 174	806 162 586 2 7 49 851 143 586 111 46	1 166 220 852 7 44 43 1 399 182 845 9 288 75	1 468 321 994 10 28 115 1 660 302 987 14 188 169	2 410 540 1 651 18 46 155 2 551 457 1 651 36 188 219	1 576 357 1 138 7 8 66 1 580 261 1 136 6 87 90	808 182 526 8 20 72 895 163 525 11 108 88	1 643 336 1 179 4 55 69 1 915 322 1 170 8 321 94

ensus Tract or Block Numbering		Т	otals far split tracts	/BNA's in Tazewe	ell County—Con.			East Pe	oria city, Tozewell C	ounty
Area	Troct 217.02	Troct 218.01	Tract 218.02	Troct 221	Tract 222	Tract 223	Troct 224	Troct 201 (pt.)	Tract 201.99	Troct 2
ND AREA										
ore kilometers	173.9 67.2	46.8 18.1	187.5 72.4	62.7 24.2	24.0 9.3	14.1 5.5	15.5	7.9 3.0	Ξ	1
	37.12		,	2-7.2	7.0	3.3	0.0	0.0		
E										
er 5 yeors	<b>4 987</b> 338	<b>3 417</b> 246	<b>2 021</b> 103	<b>3 408</b> 242	<b>3 952</b> 260	<b>3 355</b> 221	<b>5 201</b> 307	<b>2 015</b> 121	6	1 (
9 yeors	382	292	146	231	291	253	394	132	_	
to 14 yearsto 19 years	427 391	301 237	176 174	261 243	286 288	253 253	446 446	129 124	1	
to 24 years	252	191	93	192	312	217	264	140	4	
to 34 years	630 864	564 448	278 385	558 528	704 642	531 523	801 823	316 284	1	
to 54 yeors	618	408	249	366	448	339	638	219	-	
o 74 yeors	487 342	366 241	196 147	292 292	349 227	335 211	543   318	217 207	-	
o 84 years	206	102	63	175	124	135	176	107	-	
years and over	50	21	11	28	21	84	45	19	-	
nd 4 yeors	139 3 756	104 2 533	40 1 552	101 2 617	111 3 055	91 2 580	124 3 <b>9</b> 61	46 1 608	- 6	
yeors ond over	3 561	2 436	1 474	2 521	2 955	2 492	3 765	1 554	6	
eors and over	3 394	2 291	1 392	2 395	2 763	2 325 584	3 541 787	1 478 452	3	
veors ond overveors ond over	838 744	536 457	312 278	648 595	526 459	505	680	397	Ξ	
on	35.9	32.8	36.1	34.6	32.6	34.2	34.4	36.5	21.5	:
Female	2 507	1 732	989	1 809	1 997	1 762	2 684	1 059	-	
r 5 years 9 years	164 180	123 153	50 72	118 130	120 150	118 122	147 189	70 62	Ξ	
0 14 years	215	157	81	151	140	121	212	69	-	
o 19 years	168 125	104 92	75 50	126 107	137 164	126 117	211 126	67 67	Ξ	
34 years	331	292	147	297	352	269	416	162	-	
0 44 years	424 321	224 218	181 123	265 192	327 225	270 173	406 344	147 111	Ξ	
64 years	240	181	95	149	169	163	267	116	-	
o 74 years	184 125	120 59	73 33	159 94	123 75	118 101	191   138	113 63	Ξ	
ears and over	30	9	9	21	15	64	37	12	_	
d 4 yeors	62	40	21	49	49	50	61	26	-	
ears and over	1 904 1 822	1 275	765 732	1 382 1 328	1 555 1 509	1 381 1 337	2 097	845 812	Ξ	
ears and overears and over	1 752	1 233 1 171	697	1 266	1 416	1 247	1 893	782		
ears and over	460	274	159	357	280	355	488	251	-	
years and overlian	411 36.6	233 32.6	145 36.2	331 34.2	255 33.0	318 35.3	444 35.7	222 36.9		2
Male	<b>2 480</b> 35.1	1 685 32.9	1 032 35.9	1 <b>599</b> 35.0	<b>1 955</b> 32.1	1 <b>593</b> 33.0	2 517 32.3	<b>956</b> 36.0	<b>6</b> 21.5	2
JSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	33.1	32.7	33.7	33.0	<b>32.</b> 1	30.0	32.3	00.0	21.3	
All persons	4 987	3 417	2 021	3 408	3 952	3 355	5 201	2 015	6	1
ouseholdslouseholder	4 987 1 799	3 405 1 237	2 021 729	3 408 1 325	3 952 1 520	3 239 1 226	5 201 1 902	2 015 881		1
Fomily householder	1 439	990	600	1 013	1 142	915	1 468	567	_	
Nonfamily householder	360 339	247 211	129 104	312 274	378 316	311 269	434 394	314 272		
Living olone	1 278	809	554	887	989	820	1 282	448	_	
hild	1 742	1 127	644	1 050	1 264	1 062	1 771	578 41	-	
ther relativesonrelatives	106 62	128 104	47 47	71 75	89 90	57 74	151 95	67	_	
tutionalized persons		_	-	-	-	116	-	-	-	
r persons in group quorters	-	12	-		-	-	-	-	6	
ons per householdons per family	2.77 3.17	2.75 3.08	2.77 3.08	2.57 2.98	2.60 3.05	2.64 3.12	2.73 3.18	2.29 2.88	_	
Persons 65 years and over	598	364	221	495	372	430	539	333	-	
ouseholds	598 412	364 248	221 143	495 317	372 254	320 230	539 416	333 238	_	
Nonfamily householder	174	100	46	106	106	115	262	116	_	
Living olone	172 161	89 93	45 68	103 160	105 105	115 84	259 94	107 83	Ξ	
ther relatives	20	18	8	14	11	6	28	6	-	
ther relatives onrelatives tutionolized persons	5	5	2	4	2	110	1	6		
r persons in graup quorters	=	Ξ.	Ξ.	Ξ	Ξ	-	=	-	-	
AILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	1 439	990 465	<b>600</b> 282	1 013 461	1 142 535	<b>915</b> 447	1 <b>468</b> 748	<b>567</b> 242	_	
own children under 18 years	706 1 368	891	521	843	949	821	1 353	435	Ξ.	
Morried-cauple fomilies	1 278	809	<b>554</b> 257	887	989	820	1 282	<b>448</b> 171	-	
awn children under 18 yeors umber of own children under 18 yeors	613 1 220	350 684	481	391 726	451 827	387 731	638   1 174	329	_	
Female householder, na husband present	125	126	29	99	112	72	142	<b>99</b> 58	-	
own children under 18 years umber of awn children under 18 years	71 117	84 149	15 24	53 91	65 94	50 74	86 140	88	=	
RITAL STATUS										
	1 892	1 279	810	1 264	1 528 379	1 <b>227</b> 290	1 918 452	<b>775</b> 200	<b>6</b> 5	
Males 15 years and over	441 1 309	273 830	161 566	265 901	379 1 008	837	1 314	454	1	
er married		20	2	11	12	9	9	10	-	
er married r morried, except seporated prated	12			18	17	27	28	24	_	
er married. v married, except seporated  orated  owed	34	33 123	16 65			64		87	_	
er married. married, except separated orated	34 96	123	65	69	112	64 1 <b>401</b>	115	87 858	-	
er married w morried, except separated orated oved orated orated Females 15 years and aver er married	34 96 <b>1 948</b> 334	123 1 299 183	65 <b>786</b> 119	69 1 <b>410</b> 268	112 <b>1 587</b> 311	1 <b>401</b> 270	115 <b>2 136</b> 337	<b>858</b> 152	- - -	
er married	34 96 <b>1 948</b>	123 <b>1 299</b>	65 <b>786</b>	69 <b>1 410</b>	112 <b>1 587</b>	1 401	115 <b>2 136</b>	858		

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Eost Peorio	city, Tazewell Coun	ty—Can.			
Area	Tract 203.01 (pt.)	Tract 203.02 (pt.)	Troct 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Troct 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 212.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Tract 224 (pt.)
LAND AREA									
Square kilometersSquare miles	6.7 2.6	9.0 3.5	Ξ	-	2.7 1.0	4.9 1.9	5.6 2.2	1.9 .7	1.3
AGE									
All persons	<b>4 040</b> 293	<b>5 284</b> 361	18 1	Ξ.	Ξ	<b>3 070</b> 179	<b>3 579</b> 285	<b>982</b> 66	1 <b>332</b> 53
to 9 years	280 265	338 354	3	_	Ξ	194 195	254 247	60 82	77 87
5 to 19 years	258	358	3	Ξ.	Ξ	195	246	65	71
0 to 24 years 5 to 34 years	256 683	359 847	4 -	Ξ	Ξ	114 333	221 610	46 152	60 173
5 to 54 years	597 444	764 540	1	_	Ξ	544 355	534 353	152 113	154 120 195
5 to 64 years5 to 74 years	464 306	588 441	1	_	_	320 230	331 305	104 93	195 175
5 to 84 years	172	255	1	-	-	258 153	152 41	37 12	130
5 years and aver ond 4 years	22 119	79 136	1	_	_	71	122	26	14
6 years and over	3 148	4 152 4 007	12 10	-	-	2 458	2 740 2 645	754 732	1 093 1 070
8 yeors and over	3 035 2 886	3 789	8	_	Ξ	2 368 2 285	2 492	696	1 031
0 yeors ond over 2 yeors ond over	723 633	1 090 961	2 2	<u>-</u> -	Ξ	792 736	675 597	193 168	452 403
Nedian	34.7	35.3	20.0	-	-	40.7	33.8	36.4	44.2
Female	<b>2 045</b> 148	<b>2 738</b> 185	8 -	-	-	1 <b>649</b> 80	1 852 118	<b>486</b> 33	<b>790</b> 30
to 9 yeors ) to 14 years	140 127	161 173	- 2	-	-	100 99	127 122	29 41	40 48
5 to 19 years	127	193	3	Ξ	=	92	121	30	36
0 to 24 years	129 331	184 429	_	Ξ	Ξ	53 179	116 338	21 83	36 32 93 69 71
5 to 44 years5 to 54 years	299 243	396 247	1	_	Ξ	283 175	257 177	73 53	69 71
to 64 years	243 151	317 249	-	-	-	160 137	174 171	53 47	103 124
5 to 74 years5 to 84 years	94	149	Ę	Ξ.	Ξ	175	95	20	111
5 years and over	13 63	55 75	1	-	-	116 31	36 43	3 14	33 8
6 years and over	1 605	2 177	6	Ξ.	Ξ	1 347	1 460	377	662
8 years ond over	1 552 1 478	2 100 1 984	4 3	Ξ	Ξ	1 306 1 269	1 409 1 336	365 346	648 629
0 years and over	378 325	616 555	1	Ξ	Ξ	503 475	388 353	99 85	325 306
Nedion Male	35.8 1 995	36.2 <b>2 546</b>	18.5 <b>10</b>	-	-	42.8 1 421	34.4 1 727	36.3 <b>496</b>	52.7 <b>542</b>
Aedion oge	33.8	34.7	22.0	=	Ξ	39.0	33.0	36.5	37.8
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	4 040	5 284	18	_	_	3 070	3 579	982	1 332
n households	4 040	5 201	18	-	-	2 941 1 185	3 507	982	1 332
Family householder	1 582 1 176	2 129 1 441	3 2	Ξ	Ξ	868	1 366 1 030	368 299	354
Nonfomily householder Living olone	406 334	688 607	1		_	317 290	336 290	69 57	636 354 282 270
SpouseChild	954 1 230	1 198 1 540	1 14	_	_	806 865	836 1 146	270 302	312
Other relatives	135 139	153 181	12	=	=	47 38	63 96	25 17	325 32 27
nstitutionolized persons	-	83	Ξ	Ξ	_	129	72	'-	-
ther persons in group quortersersons per householdersons per household	2.55	2.44	6.00	_	_	2.48	2.57	2.67	2.09
ersons per fomily	2.97 <b>500</b>	3.01	8.50	-	-	2.98	2.99 <b>49</b> 8	3.00 142	2.89 <b>342</b>
Persons 65 years and over	500	<b>775</b> 702	<b>2</b> 2	-	-	<b>641</b> 515	426	142	342 342 289
Nonfamily householder	349 134	501 243	2 1		_	370 209	277 117	86 23	229
Living olaneSpouse	133 114	235 164	1		Ξ	207 126	113 122	23 49	229 46
Other relativesNonrelatives	32	25 12	-	-	-	18	20 7	5 2	7
nstitutionolized persons Other persons in group quarters	-	73	<u> </u>	=	=	126	72 -	-	-
AMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Fomilies	1 176	1 441	2	-	-	868	1 030	<b>299</b> 135	<b>354</b> 134
Vith own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	530 928	658 1 167	8		-	381 679	512 901	241	242
Morried-couple families	<b>954</b> 399	<b>1 198</b> 511	<u>1</u>	=	Ξ	8 <b>06</b> 352	<b>836</b> 374	<b>270</b> 117	312 111
Number of own children under 18 years Female householder, na husband present	694 <b>165</b>	925 <b>172</b>	8	Ξ		638 <b>48</b>	690 <b>159</b>	210 <b>22</b>	203 <b>35</b>
With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	107 195	108 180	<u>:</u>	=	=	23 32	119 183	16 29	111 203 <b>35</b> 20 33
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and aver	1 <b>572</b> 352	2 012 457	6	-	-	1 132 212	1 308 299	<b>391</b> 73	<b>443</b> 87
ow married, except separated	978	1 236	ì	-	=	829	872	276 1	320 2
eporatedVidowed	24 53	22 70	ī	-	-	43	28	12	13
ivorced	165	227 <b>2 219</b>	1	-	-	42 1 <b>370</b>	100 1 485	29 <b>383</b>	21 <b>672</b>
Females 15 years and over	1 <b>630</b> 266	412	4	-	-	179	273	46	74
Now married, except separated	978	1 237	1	-	-	822	865	275	318
SeparotedWidowed	24	27 291	_	-	-	9 287	11	6 21	213

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Morton	villoge, Tozewell	County			Pekin city	(pt.), Tozewell	County
Area	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 216.03 (pt.)	Troct 216.04 (pt.)	Troct 216.05	Troct 216.06 (pt.)	Tract 217	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)
AND AREA										
Square miles	3.5 1.4	9.7 3.7	7.5 2.9	1.7	8.3 3.2	_	.4	1.1 .4	5.3 2.0	2. <i>6</i> 1.0
AGE										
All persons	1 571	2 968	2 092	2 806	4 362	-	-	2 078	3 881	3 770
Inder 5 yeors	117 88	185 260	121 150	182 213	243 308	_	_	118 123	229 294	319 330
0 to 14 years5 to 19 years	70 84	276 220	130 123	200 174	327 276	_	-	94 106	287 268	287 269
0 to 24 years	99	139	182	167	208	Ξ.	-	116	228	315
5 to 34 years5 to 44 years	232 234	388 590	378 315	421 387	487 659	_	_	285 274	609 579	698 441
5 to 54 yeors5 to 64 yeors	168 210	403 272	221 171	269 307	567 518	Ξ		184 278	429 487	312 254
5 to 74 yeors5 to 84 yeors	161 101	152 64	149 109	279 173	307 269	_		291 187	312 123	280 210
5 years and over	7	19	43	34	193	-	-	22	36	55
ond 4 years6 years and over6	49 1 272	78 2 199	44 1 668	86 2 178	108 3 436	-	_	44 1 724	95 3 008	135 2 781
8 years ond over	1 241	2 101	1 617	2 099	3 310	-	-	1 678	2 908	2 690 2 502
1 yeors and over0 years and over	1 198 373	1 994 376	1 540 387	2 000 650	3 157 1 006	_		1 610 652	2 747 719	686
2 years and over	328 39.2	320 35.3	353 33.9	584 36.2	900 39.7	_		594 42.1	619 35.4	622 30.5
Female	845	1 474	1 080	1 474	2 311	_	-	1 100	2 010	1 993
Inder 5 yeors	67 46	83 126	61 68	81 110	113 152		_	54 56	124 133	148 153
0 to 14 yeors5 to 19 yeors	30 46	121	62 69	113	167 129	-	-	46 55	142 143	157
0 to 24 yeors	56	71	92	90	102	=	-	53	118	146
5 to 34 yeors5 to 44 yeors	122 121	205 312	182 154	211 205	251 339	_	_	140 136	323 296	372 214
5 to 54 yeors5 to 64 yeors	89 109	196 133	114 91	140 166	295 248			93 159	216 251	159 147
5 to 74 yeors	94	83	87	153	175	-	-	174	165	175
5 to 84 yeors5 yeors ond over	62 3	40 14	69 31	104 21	189 151	_	_	118 16	69 30	132 40
ond 4 years	26	35	22	39	50	-	-	21	52	6:
6 years and over	690 673	1 128 1 084	880 849	1 151 1 121	1 861 1 792	_	-	935 911	1 585 1 527	1 503 1 454
1 yeors and over0 years and over	648 213	1 041 207	809 230	1 071 368	1 728 629	_		876 393	1 440 380	1 359 426
2 years and over	188	177	212	336	572	-	-	359 46.4	337 35.6	394 31.6
Male	39.7 <b>726</b> 38.9	36.4 1 <b>494</b> 33.8	35.4 1 <b>012</b> 32.5	37.1 <b>1 332</b> 34.7	42.1 <b>2 051</b> 37.9	=	=	978 38,1	1 <b>871</b> 35.1	1 777 29.1
OUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	30.7	33.0	32.3	34.7	57.7			30.1	03	21//
All persons	1 571	2 968 2 968	2 092 2 092	2 806 2 806	4 362 4 001	-	-	2 078 2 078	<b>3 881</b> 3 840	<b>3 770</b> 3 715
households	1 571 712	1 051	912	1 152	1 496	_	-	938	1 459	1 541
Fomily householder	478 234	865 186	605 307	828 324	1 169 327	_	-	621 317	1 143 316	935 606
Living oloneSpouse	214 410	170 802	269 510	301 728	295 1 103	_		290 526	273 989	531 680
Child	376	1 054	583	842	1 313	_	-	512	1 219 97	1 218
Other relotivesNonrelatives	37 36	31 30	31 56	45 39	45 44	Ξ	-	55 47	76	167
nstitutionalized persons	Ξ	-	=	-	361 -	_	-	-	26 15	43 12
Persons per household	2.21	2.82	2.29	2.44 2.95	2.67	-	-	2.22 2.76	2.63 3.02	2.41 3.15
Persons per family Persons 65 years and aver	2.72 <b>269</b>	3.18 <b>235</b>	2.86 <b>301</b>	486	3.11 <b>769</b>	_	-1	500	471	545
h households Householder	269 179	235 235 151	301 207	486 324	441 301	_	-	500 346	446 289	544 422 272
Nonfomily householder Living alone	78 78	56 53	107 105	125 124	152 152	_	_	163 158	106 102	272 270
Spause	81	74 8	79 13	142	122 17	-	-	134	132 20	270 101 17
Other relotivesNonrelatives	8 1	. 2	2	-	1	-	-	18 2	5	4
nstitutionalized persons Other persons in group quorters	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	328	Ξ	-	=	25	
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										000
Families	<b>478</b> 180	<b>865</b> 450	<b>605</b> 257	828 355	1 169 558	Ξ	-	<b>621</b> 214	1 143 533	93: 52:
Number of own children under 18 years Married-couple families	305 410	851 <b>802</b>	472 510	690 <b>728</b>	1 036 1 103	_	-	375 <b>526</b>	926 <b>989</b>	99°
With own children under 18 years	135	414	206	291	520	=	-	176	445 787	347
Number of own children under 18 years Female hausehalder, na husband present	242 <b>58</b>	801 <b>46</b>	381 <b>67</b>	584 <b>86</b>	978 <b>52</b>	_	-	315 <b>78</b>	113	68 <b>20</b>
With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	38 54	26 36	36 64	53 86	31 45	Ξ	-	33 52	108	152 273
MARITAL STATUS	504	1 102	902	1 041	1 405			700	1 460	1 299
Males 15 years and over	<b>594</b> 107	1 <b>103</b> 246	802 181	1 <b>041</b> 221	1 <b>605</b> 331	-	-	<b>799</b> 170	293	37
Now morried, except separated	417 4	809 2	521 8	737 8	1 147 4	-	-	534 3	1 005 12	69
Nidowed	19 47	4 42	20 72	21 54	55 68	-	-	25 67	43 107	16
Pivorced Females 15 years and aver	702	1 144	889	1 170	1 879		_	944	1 611	1 53
Never married	89	202	163	216	319	-	-	132 536	273 1 009	32: 70:
Now married, except seporatedSeparated	422 11	808	521 11 107	736 6 125	1 138 8 321	_	-	180	1 009 15 169	3:
Widowed	89	70								

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions at terms and meanings of symbols, see text]  Census Tract or Block Numbering			Pe	kin city (pt.), Tozev	vell CountyCor	1.			Washington city	, Tozewell County
Area	Troct 209 (pt.)	Troct 210	Tract 211.01 (pt.)	Tract 211.02 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	Tract 218.01 (pt.)	Tract 218.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 221 (pt.)
LAND AREA  Square kilometers Square miles	2.3 .9	2.5 1.0	4.9 1.9	4.3 1.6	2.4 .9	1.9 .7	.8	-	.4 .1	2.3
All persons  Inder 5 years	2 469 205 220 188 168 168 168 169 309 238 242 167 106 34 81 829 1 752 1 654 421 374 31.5 1 242 101 105 85 90 87 193 153 120 125 91 67 25 42 940 900 847 244 221 32.7 30.2	6 067 401 434 441 344 411 344 972 825 577 553 587 400 122 169 4 712 4 547 4 306 6 415 1 284 35.3 3 177 199 215 193 196 175 515 414 309 279 234 545 246 91 80 2 532 2 451 2 334 835 767 3 7.4 2 890 33.6	7 343 606 516 569 544 5772 1 095 1 110 685 603 394 146 2552 5 533 5 331 4 994 1 341 1 219 33.0 4 051 306 256 276 260 314 607 577 369 338 331 301 116 123 3 153 3 057 2 888 919 852 35.11 3 292 30.4	4 983 279 290 335 324 257 650 743 643 6600 489 276 97 131 3 996 3 867 3 703 1 181 1 075 39.9 2 620 141 138 159 171 128 331 373 341 325 258 142 206 86 171 188 189 171 188 188 189 171 188 188 189 171 188 188 189 171 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188	857 64 75 566 79 68 137 151 91 73 43 16 4 28 647 614 567 78 88 33 31.6 448 43 37 34 44 43 37 37 34 43 43 31 15 15 16 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	491 300 23 311 32 266 81 777 53 362 466 277 3 381 381 381 381 111 99 37.3 251 18 8 18 15 112 39 36 36 31 19 37 36 37 37 37 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	315 29 35 34 13 4 65 44 22 29 30 7 7 3 3 212 207 202 52 49 32.1 160 9 17 18 7 7 7 18 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			3 044 210 211 2299 215 178 507 472 316 256 259 165 26 86 86 2 346 2 259 2 146 34.5 1 627 106 117 135 111 98 272 237 167 132 143 90 19 45 1 247 1 199 1 141 326 303 34.1 1 417
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  All persons In households Householder Family householder Nonfomily householder Living olone Spause Child Other relatives Nonrelatives Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quarters Persons per household Persons per family	2 469 2 469 957 669 288 255 495 809 103 105 —	6 067 6 001 2 517 1 665 852 781 1 329 1 805 158 192 66 6	7 343 7 123 2 959 1 958 1 001 904 1 498 2 321 146 199 920 	4 983 4 895 2 012 1 489 523 464 1 321 1 369 89 104 88 —	857 857 347 232 115 100 196 287 8 19 -	491 491 232 139 93 88 114 122 8 15 	315 315 315 116 91 25 23 74 115 3 7 - -	-	-	3 044 3 044 1 201 904 294 260 785 926 61 71 —
Persons 65 years and aver In households Householder Nonfamily householder Living alone Spouse Other relotives Nonrelotives Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quorters	307 307 307 229 121 116 65 12	1 109 1 051 767 414 401 237 32 15 58	1 043 845 668 448 445 148 26 3	862 778 527 210 203 221 22 8 8	63 63 49 29 29 13 -	76 76 58 32 31 16 1	40 40 27 14 12 9 2 2	-	-	450 450 290 99 96 145 11 4
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Families With own children under 18 years Number af own children under 18 years Married-cauple families With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years Femole householder, na husband present With own children under 18 years Number of awn children under 18 years	669 324 641 495 222 440 128 82 160	1 665 780 1 419 1 329 591 1 098 262 153 274	1 958 1 085 1 894 1 498 748 1 385 396 299 458	1 489 614 1 066 1 321 518 919 121 77	232 138 238 196 108 195 28 24 36	139 58 96 114 42 73 17 10	91 55 106 74 40 81 11 10	-	-	904 416 748 785 349 635 98 52 89
MARITAL STATUS  Males 15 years and aver  Never married Now morried, except separated Separated Widowed Divorced  Females 15 years and over Never married, except separated Separated Now married, except separated Divorced  Divorced	905 250 505 11 30 109 951 165 507 23 145	2 221 516 1 358 32 81 234 2 570 440 1 360 44 429 295	2 439 608 1 549 255 56 201 3 213 563 1 543 52 604 451	1 897 362 1 355 12 52 116 2 182 344 1 350 18 311 159	318 80 197 3 - 38 344 68 197 10 16 53	200 51 115 4 10 20 207 41 116 4 25 21	101 14 74 1 2 10 116 10 75 1 1 14	-	-	1 125 238 798 9 15 65 1 269 240 802 5 116

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Washington c	ity, Tozewell Cou	nty—Con.			Remoind	ler of Tazewell Co	ounty		
Area	Troct 222 (pt.)	Tract 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Troct 201 (pt.)	Troct 203.01 (pt.)	Tract 203.02 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Troct 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)
AND AREA	7.	4.7	, ,				2.2	10.4		1.7
iquore kilometers	7.6 2.9	4.7 1.8	1.5	.4 .2	8.0 3.1	3.6 1.4	8.9 3.4	18.4 7.1	.1	1.7 .7
AGE All persons	3 159	2 573	1 323	_	795	86	5 937	4 876	_	69
Inder 5 yeorsito 9 yeors	214 222	178 198	108 112	Ξ	39 57	3 7	438 438	356 461	Ξ	3
0 to 14 yeors 5 to 19 yeors	214 213	196 182	126 111	_	55 65	10 9	437 425	523 395	Ξ	
0 to 24 yeors	259 599	155 408	71 240	Ξ	45 102	2 11	436 1 072	256 793		10 18
5 to 44 yeors5 to 54 yeors	504 341	404 244	221 176	_	126 119	18 5	798 629	888 498	_	1:
5 to 64 yeors5 to 74 yeors	287 181	238 174	100	_	88 67	18 3	579 441	389 207	_	
5 to 84 yeors5 yeors ond over	105	114 82	17	_	26 6	_	211 33	89 21	_	
and 4 years	94	73	52	-	20	1	177	150	-	
6 years and over 8 years and over	2 464 2 401	1 965 1 893	952 909	_	632 610	62 58	4 531 4 361	3 445 3 278	=	5: 5:
1 years and over0 years and over	2 247 446	1 779 482	851 91	_	568 143	57 12	4 112 973	3 095 508	_	5 1
2 years and over	385 32.5	428 34.4	78 31.0	_	127 37.9	8 35.5	869 32.3	435 30.9	_	1 28.1
Female	1 598 97	1 342 95	638	-	<b>386</b> 22	40	3 028 233	2 406 186	-	3
nder 5 yeors	118	90	45 58	_	25	2	215	210	=	
0 to 14 yeors	103 97	92 85	53 57	_	17 35	4 6	205 215	249 184	_	
0 to 24 yeors 5 to 34 yeors	138 301	85 205	30 125	_	17 54	4	230 560	134 413	_	
5 to 44 yeors 5 to 54 yeors	254 170	207 121	105 91	_	67 56	12 1	373 311	428 241	=	
5 to 64 yeors 5 to 74 yeors	145 98	117 95	49 15	_	46 31	7 2	298 246	198 98	_	
5 to 84 yeors 5 yeors ond over	62 15	87 63	9	-	12 4	-	121 21	50 15	_	
ond 4 years	39	42	25	-	9	.1	93	74	-	
5 years and over B years ond over	1 257 1 228	1 050 1 014	469 450	_	313 301	30 27	2 331 2 240	1 720 1 639	_	2 2 2
yeors and over	1 156 236	957 299	417 41	_	284 69	26 6	2 121 538	1 554 264	_	
2 years ond overedionedion	213 32.9	273 35.8	38 31.3	_	60 38.9	5 38.0	487 32.3	231 31.1	_	26.
Male	1 561 32.1	1 <b>231</b> 33.0	<b>685</b> 30.8		<b>409</b> 36.8	<b>46</b> 34.0	<b>2 909</b> 32.4	<b>2 470</b> 30.7	<del>-</del>	32.3 32.3
OUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	3 159 3 159	2 573 2 457	1 323 1 323	=	<b>795</b> 795	<b>86</b> 86	<b>5 937</b> 5 937	<b>4 876</b> 4 876	_	69
HouseholderFomily householder	1 257 909	906 691	429 376	-	289 239	29 23	2 325 1 668	1 596 1 353	_	30 20
Nonfomily householder Living olone	348 290	215 196	53 45		50 43	6	657 547	243 211		1
SpouseChild	786 966	630 837	335 489	_	199 252	23 31	1 336 1 832	1 162 1 861	_	1
Other relotives	69	45 39	40 30	=	32 23	3	217 227	151 106		
Nonrelotivesstitutionolized persons	- 51	116	-	-	-	Ξ	-	-	-	
ther persons in group quartersersans per household	2.51	2.71	3.08	_	2.75	2.97	2.55	3.06	_	2.30
Persons 65 years and aver	3.00 306	3.19 <b>370</b>	3.30	_	3.02	3.48 <b>3</b>	3.03 685	3.35 <b>317</b>	Ξ	2.80
households ————————————————————————————————————	306 214	260 187	58 40	_	99 64	3	685 467	317 213	-	i
Nonfomily householder Living olone	94	92 92	12	Ξ	21 20	Ė	192 190	67 64	=	
Spouse	93 82	68 5	12	Ξ	20 27 8	]	191 26	81 22	-	
Other relatives	8 2	-	6 -	Ξ	8 -	-	1	1	=	
stitutionolized persons ther persons in group quorters	Ξ	110	-	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	-	
AMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN		400			005	00	1.440	1 353		
Families	909 414	691 353	376 215	-	239 96	23 13	1 668 790	774	-	2
Number of own children under 18 yeors Married-cauple families	717 <b>786</b>	647 630	389 <b>335</b>	-	162 199	27 23	1 430 1 336	1 503 1 162	-	1
Ath own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	628	317 593	189 349	-	74 134	13 27	575 1 062	1 306	Ξ	1
Female hausehalder, na husband present /ith awn children under 18 yeors	<b>90</b> 49	<b>44</b> 29	25 17	-	<b>24</b> 13	_	<b>247</b> 170	1 <b>30</b> 82	Ξ	
Number of own children under 18 years	66	45	28	-	15	_	297	148	-	
MARITAL STATUS  Males 15 years and aver	1 229	936	495	_	322	34	2 249	1 775	-	3
lever morriedlow married, except separated	311 798	215 644	118 342	Ξ	73 206	7 23	536 1 380	384 1 192	_	1
eporated/idowed	12	5 22	3 6	Ξ	4	- 1	28 53	14 26	Ξ	
ivarced	93	50	26	=	29	3	252	159	-	
Females 15 years and aver	248	1 <b>065</b> 192	<b>482</b> 82	=	<b>322</b> 56	32 8	2 375 409	1 761 299	=	2
Now married, except separated Seporoted	798 10	655 8	340		207 6 27	23 —	1 387 47	1 188 14	-	1
Widawed	95	155 55	20				247	121		

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				F	Remainder af Taze	well Caunty—Can				
Area	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 211.01 (pt.)	Tract 211.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 212.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 216.03 (pt.)	Tract 216.04 (pt.)
LAND AREA										
Square kilametersSquare miles	.7 .3	.3 .1	-	1.3 .5	37.3 14.4	.3 .1	.7 .3	55.8 21.5	26.5 10.2	2.0
AGE										
All persons	-	-	-	<b>523</b> 47	<b>2 205</b> 152	74	<b>440</b> 29	<b>2 762</b> 157	<b>1 288</b> 112	14
Under 5 years5 ta 9 years	Ξ	=	-	35	185	3	33	157	129	_
10 to 14 years	_	=	_	33 30	211 160	7 5	43 30	219 245	138 99	Ξ
20 to 24 years	Ξ	-	_	40 102	118 335	5	17 59	116 332	58 216	1 2
35 ta 44 years	_	-	-	51	368	9	90	579	215	-
45 ta 54 years	Ξ	_	_	62 65	315 205	17 14	70 48	397 312	133 92	3
65 ta 74 years	Ξ	-	_	43 13	91 59	7	14 5	179 61	58 31	2
85 years and over	-	-	-	2	6	-	2	8	7	-
3 and 4 years	_	_	-	16 400	70 1 <b>63</b> 5	1 62	10 327	73 2 170	42 887	12
18 years and over	_	_	_	392	1 562	60	318	2 077	845	12
21 years and aver60 years and aver	Ξ	_	_	373 79	1 472 242	57 14	303 41	1 950 405	798 132	11 4
62 years and aver	_		-	72 32.6	199 33.4	12 47.3	29 36.1	335 38.0	116 30.4	4 52.0
Female	_	_	_	264	1 122	36	235	1 391	604	7
Under 5 years	-	-	-	31 18	75 97	1 3	17 20	76 75	47 61	1
5 ta 9 years	Ξ	-	_	17	99	3	23	118	60	Ξ
15 ta 19 years	Ξ	-	_	14 22	84 66	2	19 11	119 54	43 22	Ξ
25 to 34 years	-	-	-	47 24	172 198	2	31 43	170 313	111 109	1
35 ta 44 years	Ξ	-	_	30	152	8	36	190	61	1
55 ta 64 years65 ta 74 years	_	_	_	32 21	95 51	7	23 7	154 86	45 23	3 -
75 ta 84 years 85 years and aver	-	-	-	7	30	Ĭ	3 2	32 4	17 5	1
3 and 4 years	_	_	_	10	36	1	8	34	17	_
16 years and aver	Ξ	-	-	197	836	29	171	1 088	429	6
18 years and aver	Ξ	_	=	192 180	798 760	29 27	164 154	1 043 990	408 389	6
60 years and aver62 years and aver	Ξ		Ξ	38 34	125 104	6 5	24 16	202 161	61 56	2
Median	-	-	-	30.9	33.0	47.0	34.1	38.0	31.8	56.5
Male	=	_	-	<b>259</b> 33.6	<b>1 083</b> 33.7	<b>38</b> 47.7	<b>205</b> 38.1	1 <b>371</b> 38.1	<b>684</b> 28.8	49.5
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persans In hausehalds	Ξ	_	-	<b>523</b> 523	<b>2 205</b> 2 205	<b>74</b> 74	<b>440</b> 440	<b>2 762</b> 2 649	1 288 1 288	14 14
Hausehalder	-	-	-	201	776	29	158	948	408	6
Family hausehalderNanfamily hausehalder	Ξ	_	-	152 49	646 130	25 4	129 29	795 153	355 53	5 1
Living alaneSpause	_	_	_	43 123	109 574	4 23	26 121	131 750	47 322	1
Child	-	-	-	162	777	22	144	869	522 19	3
Other relativesNanrelatives	Ξ	-	_	21 16	33 45	_	8	43 39	17	<u>-</u>
Institutianalized persansOther persans in graup quarters	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	98 15	-	_
				2.40	2.04	2.55	2.70	2.79	3.16	2.33
Persons per family	Ξ.	-	Ξ.	2.60 3.01	2.84 3.14	2.80	2.78 3.12	3.09	3.43	2.60
Persans 65 years and over	Ξ	-	-	<b>58</b> 58	<b>156</b> 156	<b>10</b> 10	<b>21</b> 21	<b>248</b> 237	<b>96</b> 96	<b>3</b> 3
HausehalderNanfamily hausehalder	-	-	-	44 19	102	6	13	156 52	65 20	2
Living alane	_	_	Ξ	18	33 32	_	5	49	19	i
Spause            Other relatives	_	_	_	13	50 4	4	5 3	65 15	28 2	1
NanrelativesInstitutionalized persons	=	-	-	1	_	-	=	1 8	1	=
Other persons in group quarters	=	=	-	-	-	-	=	3	Ξ.	=
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families With awn children under 18 years	Ξ	-	_	1 <b>52</b> 68	<b>646</b> 340	<b>25</b> 8	<b>129</b> 65	<b>795</b> 358	<b>355</b> 215	5
Number of own children under 18 years	Ξ	_	=	121	622	14	116	665	430	2
Married-couple families With awn children under 18 years	Ξ	=	_	<b>123</b> 50	<b>574</b> 284	<b>23</b> 7	1 <b>21</b> 58	<b>750</b> 337	<b>322</b> 192	4
Number of own children under 18 years  Female househalder, no husbond present	-	-	-	87 <b>16</b>	534 <b>56</b>	13	106 <b>3</b>	635 <b>28</b>	400 <b>29</b>	2
With awn children under 18 years	Ξ.	=	=	12	44	j	3	15	21	<u>-</u>
Number of own children under 18 years	-	-	-	24	72	'	5	22	28	-
MARITAL STATUS  Males 15 years and aver	_	_	-	210	806	34	160	1 107	473	6
Never married	-	-	-	43	162	8	22	280	111	1
Naw married, except separatedSeparated	Ξ	_	_	130 5	586 2	23 1	122 1	761 10	329 5	5 -
Widawed Divarced	-	-	-	10 22	7 49	ĺ	15	15 41	4 24	
Females 15 years and aver	_		_	198	851	29	175	1 122	436	6
Never marriedNaw married, except separated	-	-	-	34	143 586	3 23	29 122	254 757	59 328	4
Separated	Ξ.	_	-	128	11	-	3	9	3	-
Widawed	-	-	-	19 15	46 65	1 2	12 9	62 40	17 29	1
				13	0.5	-				

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Remoinder	of Tozewell County-	-Con.			
Area	Troct 216.06 (pt.)	Troct 217.01	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 218.01 (pt.)	Troct 218.02 (pt.)	Troct 219	Tract 220	Troct 221 (pt.)	Tract 222 (pt.
AND AREA	18.6	193.2	171.7	46.0	187.5	339.3	339.7	60.4	16.;
quore miles	7.2	74.6	66.3	17.8	72.4	131.0	131.2	23.3	6.
All persons	108	4 097	4 496	3 102	2 021	4 700	4 084	364	79:
nder 5 years	11 13 10	296 362 334	308 359 396	217 257	103 146 176	308 372 418	267 298 327	32 20 32	4
0 to 14 years5 to 19 years	6	335	359	267 224	174	374	294	28	7 7 5 10
0 to 24 yeors 5 to 34 years	10	221 616	226 549	187 499	93 278	241 677	240 560	14 51	10
5 to 44 years5 to 54 years	16 16	671 466	787 565	404 386	385 249	717 529	564 470	56 50	13 10
5 to 64 years 5 to 74 years	9 13	376 258	425 296	337 211	196 147	491 325	390 354	36 33	6
5 ta 84 years5 yeors and over	_	131 31	179 47	95 18	63 11	182 66	198 122	10 2	1
ond 4 yeors	4 73	134 3 026	128 3 358	91 2 321	40 1 552	136 3 521	104 3 116	15 271	1 59
6 years and over 8 years and over	70	2 895	3 180	2 229	1 474	3 359	2 988	262	55 51
1 yeors ond over	66 16	2 723 592	3 024 727	2 089 484	1 392 312	3 174 823	2 849 849	249 63 55	8
2 yeors ond over edion	14 34.5	513 33.4	645 35.7	408 32.8	278 36.1	718 34.6	771 35.9	36.2	7 33.
Femole	55 8	<b>1 999</b> 134	2 256 146	1 <b>572</b> 114	<b>989</b> 50	<b>2 395</b> 157	2 068 128	1 <b>82</b> 12	39
to 9 years	8	170 146	172 197	136 139	72 81	194 200	138 153	13	2 3 3 4 2 5 5 7 5 2 2 2
to 19 yeors	3	160	153	97	75	172	149	15	4
to 34 yeors	5	100 309	113 292	90 257	50 147	121 352	118 274	9 25 28	4
to 44 yeorsto 54 yeors	8 9	339 224	388 290	202 205	181 123	354 272	289 236	25	,
to 64 yeorsto 74 yeors	6	189 132	209 163	167 103	95 73 33	252 168	189 191	17 16	2
to 84 yeors	Ξ	74 22	106 27	54 8	33 9	109 44	118 85	4 2	1
ond 4 years	4	63 1 510	56 1 702	37	21	71	51 1 610	4 135	29
yeors and over	36 35 33	1 445	1 626	1 162 1 122	765 732	1 812 1 730	1 546	129	28
yeors and over	33 8	1 369 313	1 563 400	1 062 245	697 159	1 647 453	1 477 477	125 31	26 4
? years ond overedion	7 33.5	273 34.5	359 36. ‡	206 32.6	145 36.2	391 35.0	441 37.4	28 36.3	4 33.
Mole	<b>53</b> 35.2	<b>2 098</b> 32.2	2 240 34 9	<b>1 530</b> 33.1	<b>1 032</b> 35.9	<b>2 305</b> 34.0	<b>2 016</b> 34.3	1 <b>82</b> 36.0	<b>39</b> -
OUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP All persons	108	4 097	4 496	3 102	2 021	4 700	4 084	364	79
households	108	4 097	4 496	3 090	2 021	4 691	3 989	364 124	79.
Householder	34 32	1 435 1 129	1 567 1 300	1 121 899	729 600	1 700 1 345	1 486 1 172	109	26 23 3 2
Nonfomily householder	2 2	306 262	267 251	222 188	129 104	355 324	314 284	15 14	2
SpouseChild	32 42	1 030 1 472	1 164 1 620	735 1 012	554 64 <u>4</u>	1 188 1 588	1 057 1 300	102 124	20 29 2
Other relativesNonrelatives	Ξ	78 82	98 47	125 97	47 47	123 92	83 63	10 4	2
stitutionolized personsther persons in group quorters	-	_	Ξ	12	-	9 -	95 -	-	
rsons per household	3.18 3.31	2.86 3.29	2.87 3.22	2.76 3.08	2.77 3.08	2.76 3.16	2.68 3.08	2.94 3.17	3.0 3.2
Persons 65 years ond over households	13 13	<b>420</b> 420	<b>522</b> 522	<b>324</b> 324	<b>221</b> 221	<b>573</b> 564	<b>674</b> 587	<b>45</b> 45	<b>6</b>
HouseholderNonfomily householder	7 1	296 124	354 142	324 221 86	143 46	399 1 <b>9</b> 0	397 178	27 7	4
Living oloneSpouse	i 6	122 109	141 145	86 77 84	46 45 68	190 138	174 168	7 15	6 4 1 1 2
Other relotivesNonrelotives		14	19	16	8 2	26	19	3 -	
stitutionalized persons her persons in group quorters	Ξ	Ė	-	Ē	-	9 -	87 -	Ξ.	
MILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Familiesith own children under 18 yeors	<b>32</b> 15	<b>1 129</b> 579	1 300 648	<b>899</b> 410	6 <b>00</b> 282	1 <b>345</b> 653	1 172 566	1 <b>09</b> 45	23 12
Number of own children under 18 years Married-couple fomilies	38 <b>32</b>	1 154 <b>1 030</b>	1 272 1 164	785 <b>735</b>	521 <b>554</b>	1 255 <b>1 188</b>	1 055 <b>1 057</b>	95 <b>102</b>	23 <b>20</b>
ith own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	15 38	522 1 044	571 1 147	310 603	257 481	564 1 102	504 954	42 91	10 19
Female householder, no husbond present fith own children under 18 years	-	<b>74</b> 46	<b>108</b> 61	115 74	<b>29</b> 15	109 69	<b>80</b> 46	1	2
Number of own children under 18 years	-	95	104	131	24	120	74	2	2
MARITAL STATUS Moles 15 years and over	38	1 556	1 692	1 178	810	1 758	1 543	139	29
ever morriedow morried, except seporoted	5 32	373 1 043	390 1 194	259 756	161 566	399 1 212	317 1 093	27 103	21
parotedidowed	-	10	8 24	19 31	2 16	10 47	10 48	2 3	
ivorced	1	94	76	113	65	90	75	4	1
Femoles 15 years and overever married	<b>36</b> 3	1 <b>549</b> 265	1 <b>741</b> 293	<b>1 183</b> 173	<b>786</b> 119	1 <b>844</b> 287	1 <b>64</b> 9 255	141 28	30 6 20
ow morried, except seporotedeporotede	32	1 046 12	1 189 8	757 14	564 7	1 209 21	1 094 15	103	20
Vidowed		141	152	114	59	213	208	7	1

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remainder of Tozewell (	County—Con.		Woodford (	County	
Area	Tract 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Troct 301.98	Troct 302	Troct 303	Troct 304
LAND AREA Square kilameters Square miles	9.4 3.6	12.7 4.9	265.6 102.6	187.8 72.5	176.3 · 68.1	124.0 47.9
AGE  All persons  Under 5 yeors	782 43 55 57 71 62 123 119 95 97 37 21	2 546 146 205 233 264 133 3 388 448 342 248 105 29	2 679 213 232 239 212 132 396 421 225 239 225 112 33	3 035 197 222 230 179 156 448 381 284 308 321 223 86	2 833 209 260 232 187 144 421 369 258 284 255 161	4 296 308 324 374 389 217 557 717 483 371 291 204 61
3 and 4 years   16 years and over   18 years and over   21 years and over   22 years and over   62 years ond over   64 years ond over   Median   Female Under 5 years   5 to 9 years   10 to 14 years   15 to 19 years   20 to 24 years   35 to 44 years   35 to 44 years   55 to 64 years   65 to 74 years   75 to 64 years   65 to 74 years   75 to 64 years   85 years and over   85 years and over	18 615 599 546 102 77 32.7 <b>420</b> 23 32 29 41 32 64 63 52 46 23 14	58 1 916 1 786 1 659 244 199 32.4 1 256 72 91 111 118 64 198 232 182 2 115 5 5 2 18	81 1 945 1 856 1 754 491 437 33.1 1 310 92 98 109 103 72 194 209 111 121 111 63 27	85 2 345 2 266 2 177 812 731 36.8 1 571 101 105 111 89 77 212 185 143 164 182 136 66	98 2 100 2 009 1 922 617 569 34.2 1 458 98 97 77 70 210 171 134 135 155 139 92 41	120 3 197 3 026 2 856 725 656 34.6 2 184 195 193 102 2 280 365 232 196 155
3 ond 4 yeors   16 yeors ond over   18 yeors ond over   21 yeors ond over   60 yeors ond over   62 yeors and over   Medion   Male   Medion og   Medion	8 331 323 290 56 45 32.7 <b>362</b> 32.8	28 966 904 847 122 100 33.9 <b>1 290</b> 31.2	34 989 944 894 266 236 34.2 <b>1 369</b> 31.7	45 1 231 1 191 1 149 486 440 39.3 1 464 34.8	51 1 094 1 042 1 004 361 333 35.2 1 375 33.4	58 1 638 1 554 1 473 408 376 35.6 2 112 33.5
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  All persons In households Householder Fomily householder Nonfamily householder Living alone Spouse Child Other relatives Nonrelotives Institutionolized persons Institutionolized persons	782 782 320 224 96 73 190 225 12	2 546 2 546 837 738 99 79 635 957 79 38	2 679 2 679 937 753 184 174 666 983 52 41	3 035 2 977 1 190 864 326 302 745 945 37 60 58	2 833 2 781 1 003 783 220 209 696 1 000 45 37 52	4 296 4 234 1 477 1 211 266 249 1 098 1 544 64 51 58
Persons per household Persons per fomily Persons 65 years and over In householder Householder Living alone Spouse Other relatives Nonrelotives Institutionolized persans Other persons in group quarters	2.44 2.91 60 60 43 23 16 1	3.04 3.26 139 139 87 21 20 36 15	2.86 3.26 370 370 256 102 100 99 12 3	2.50 3.00 <b>630</b> 574 409 187 185 156 7 2 56	2.77 3.22 469 418 293 124 123 110 14 1	2.87 3.23 556 501 346 147 145 142 11 2 55
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Families  With own children under 18 yeors  Number of own children under 18 yeors  Morried-couple families  With own children under 18 yeors  Number of awn children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  With own children under 18 yeors  Number of own children under 18 yeors	224 94 174 190 70 138 28 21	738 399 722 635 338 622 82 49 79	753 391 790 666 345 708 59 33 62	864 384 743 745 312 610 78 50	763 371 794 696 326 712 69 38 70	1 211 630 1 226 1 098 561 1 109 83 53
MARITAL STATUS  Males 15 years and over  Never married, Seporated Widowed Oivarced Femoles 15 years and over Never married Now married, Now married, Now married, Widowed Oivorced Seporated Widowed Oivorced Seporated Widowed Oivorced	291 75 193 4 5 14 336 78 192 5 29	980 247 652 4 9 68 982 181 649 4 63 85	984 230 672 11 22 49 1 011 183 674 8 103	1 132 257 760 10 31 74 1 254 186 764 6 218	1 023 232 717 4 29 41 1 109 206 713 10	1 602 361 1 116 11 31 83 1 688 290 1 115 10 182 91

Troct 305.01

Troct 305.02

Waodfard County-Con.

Tract 306.01

Tract 306.02

Troct 307

**955** 217 680

7 15 36

Census Tract or Block Numbering

Area

LAND AREA

LAND AREA					
Square kilometersSquare miles	44.6 17.2	35.4 13.7	107.8 41.6	191.2 73.8	234.9 90.7
Squore miles	17.2	13.7	41.0	73.0	70.7
AGE					
All persons	5 017	2 552	5 583	2 563	4 095
Under 5 years	359	173	413	189	297
5 to 9 years	485 498	162 194	438 442	240 254	354 338
10 to 14 yeors	378	204	512	209	271
20 to 24 years	224	149	415	137	202
25 to 34 yeors	642	386	772	340	640
35 to 44 years	1 063	405	724	445	563
45 to 54 yeors	647	343	435	318	389
55 to 64 years	378	280	378	198	361
65 to 74 yeors	211 94	170 70	475 388	128 83	340 253
85 years and over	38	16	191	22	87
	151	73	172	68	120
3 ond 4 years	3 579	1 973	4 210	1 821	3 034
18 years ond over	3 423	1 888	4 078	1 738	2 933
21 years and over	3 240	1 787	3 647	1 636	2 806
60 years and over	511	391	1 244	334	857
62 years ond over	431	346	1 163	297	772
Median	34.1	35.2	32.7	32.9	34.2
Femole	2 512	1 307	2 983	1 245	2 128
Under 5 years	172	91	212	80	143
5 to 9 years	248	90	211	120	172
10 to 14 yeors	241	96	222	120	181
15 to 19 years	164	108	285	99	115
20 to 24 years	116	82	209	66	113
25 to 34 years	340	209 204	389 361	170 206	320 267
35 to 44 yeors	536 309	174	209	161	211
55 to 64 yeors	179	131	214	99	194
65 to 74 years	116	77	269	64	203
75 to 84 yeors	59	36	259	46	144
85 years and over	32	9	143	14	65
3 ond 4 yeors	68	40	93	30	56
16 years and over	1 821	998	2 294	894	1 600
18 years and over	1 747	950	2 215	855	1 561
21 years and over	1 656	902	1 992	813	1 498
60 years and over	293	192	779	175	505
62 years and over	250	165	737	158	459
Medion	34.5	34.0	34.2	33.8	35.5
Mole	<b>2 505</b> 33.7	1 245 36.3	<b>2 600</b> 31.1	1 318 31.8	1 <b>9</b> 6 <b>7</b> 32.9
Medion oge	33.7	30.3	31.1	31.0	32.7
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP					
			5 500	0.540	4 005
All persons	5 017	<b>2 552</b> 2 552	<b>5 583</b> 5 046	<b>2 563</b> 2 562	<b>4 095</b> 3 906
In households	4 966 1 623	2 332 959	5 046 1 913	843	1 450
Householder	1 419	745	1 392	715	1 069
Nonfamily householder	204	214	521	128	381
Living alone	172	177	481	121	332
Spouse	1 307	646	1 228	671	927
Child	1 886	815	1 746	983	1 342
Other relotives	81	49	60	40	83
Nonrelotives	69	83	99	25	104
Institutionolized persons	-	-	206	-	166
Other persons in group quarters	51	-	331	1	23
Persons per household	3.06	2.66	2.64	3.04	2.69
Persons per fomily	3.31	3.03	3.18	3.37	3.20
Persons 65 years and over	343	256	1 054	233	680
In households	304	256	870	232	535
Householder	189	177	608	152	370
Nonfamily householder	61	72	299	56	175
Living alone	60	66	296	56	171
Spouse	94	64	236	69	140
Other relotives	19	9	19	11	22
Nonrelotives	2	6	7	-	3
Institutionolized persons	20	-	184	ī	130 15
Other persons in group quarters	39	-	-		13
FALLULY TYPE BY POPOPULE AT ANY ANY ANY					
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN					
Families	1 419	745	1 392	715	1 069
With own children under 18 years	802	344	714	367	553
Number of awn children under 18 years	1 549	624	1 452	801	1 109
Married-cauple fomilies	1 307	<b>64</b> 6	1 228	671	927
With own children under 18 years	731	291	600	345	466
Number of own children under 18 years	1 436	538	1 259 <b>129</b>	762 <b>22</b>	968 <b>105</b>
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	77 53	<b>64</b> 38	91	12	69
Number of awn children under 18 years	88	68	160	23	118
monioci oi awii ciniaren onder 10 years	00	00	100	23	110

Males 15 years and over\_\_\_\_\_

Females 15 years and over

Never morried.

Now married, except separated

Separated.

Widowed

Divorced.

MARITAL STATUS

## General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990 Table 2.

[Threshold and camplementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Pearia Caunty	у		Tatals far spli	t tracts/8NA's in Pearia (	County
Area	Pearia, IL MSA	Tatal	Pearia city	Tazewell Caunty	Tract 30	Tract 31.01	Tract 31.02
AGE							
All persons Under 5 years	309 325 20 078 21 841 122 530 22 290 20 179 46 560 46 990 33 644 29 836 25 086 15 300 4 991	9 456 10 045 10 342 11 011 11 046 23 323 23 142 16 659 14 811 13 485 8 281 2 697	86 852 5 346 5 240 5 001 6 059 7 339 13 499 12 271 8 740 8 418 8 108 5 177 1 654	122 639 8 290 9 97 9 412 8 785 7 373 18 668 18 810 13 625 12 249 9 187 5 433 1 710	5 176 298 329 356 339 214 748 776 641 723 479 192 81	3 625 283 302 334 286 225 629 779 444 197 102 32 2	5 364 270 295 320 316 552 1 058 886 689 560 305 101 12
3 and 4 years 16 years and over 18 years and aver 21 years and aver 60 years and aver 62 years and aver Median Female	8 223 240 358 231 817 218 049 60 320 54 240 35.2	3 815 122 398 118 431 110 914 31 969 28 974 35.8	2 106 70 292 68 389 63 455 19 320 17 599 35.7 45 835	3 451 93 947 90 343 85 454 22 385 19 879 34.8	128 4 118 3 980 3 805 1 151 989 39.0	109 2 644 2 527 2 385 231 192 31.3	114 4 415 4 277 4 088 670 560 33.5 <b>2 698</b>
Under 5 Years. 5 to 9 Years. 5 to 9 Years. 10 to 14 years. 15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 34 years. 45 to 34 years. 45 to 34 years. 55 to 44 years. 55 to 64 years. 55 to 64 years. 65 to 74 years. 75 to 84 years. 85 years and over 16 years and over 11 years and over 21 years and over 22 years and over 24 years and over 25 years and over 26 years and over 27 years and over 28 years and over 29 years and over 20 years and over 21 years and over 21 years and over 22 years and over 38 years and over 49 years and over 40 years and over	9 775 10 620 10 983 10 969 10 137 23 897 23 777 17 090 15 534 14 072 9 629 3 703 3 964 126 613 122 376 115 629 35 203 3 2 067 36.5 149 139	4 548 4 852 5 051 5 439 5 510 11 918 11 839 8 494 7 818 7 674 5 264 2 033 1 826 64 972 63 036 59 286 18 926 17 360 37.3 73 858 34.2	2 566 2 506 2 451 3 038 3 671 6 872 6 318 4 586 4 528 4 695 3 352 1 252 1 007 37 831 36 891 34 398 11 660 10 744 37.6 41 017 33.7	4 087 4 442 4 569 4 304 3 727 9 676 9 464 6 924 6 275 5 083 3 401 1 242 1 670 49 196 47 384 45 048 12 821 11 562 35.8 59 445 9 445	143 150 166 161 109 375 402 339 384 254 125 55 59 2 170 2 096 2 021 639 551 40.7 2 513 37.3	139 144 163 145 121 331 401 208 105 47 18 1 55 1 343 1 288 1 217 119 100 31.4	127 135 156 165 284 512 460 349 294 151 56 9 54 2 241 2 182 2 068 349 298 34.4 2 666
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP							
All persons In households Householder Formily householder Nonfamily householder Living alane Spause Child Other relatives Nonrelatives Institutionalized persons Uther persons in group quarters	309 325 301 556 119 966 84 975 34 991 30 641 71 991 93 849 7 237 8 513 4 509 3 260	154 298 148 894 61 728 41 320 20 408 17 715 34 433 43 825 3 876 5 032 2 586 2 818	86 852 82 639 36 373 22 293 14 080 12 145 18 109 22 477 2 193 3 487 1 555 2 658	122 639 121 189 46 888 34 741 12 147 10 717 29 630 38 861 2 871 2 939 1 390 60	5 176 4 886 1 931 1 477 454 412 1 294 1 473 101 87 290	3 625 3 625 1 275 1 000 275 212 875 1 288 69 118	5 364 5 304 2 453 1 405 1 048 905 1 242 1 354 74 181 45
Persans per hausehald Persans per family  Persans 65 years and over  In hausehalds  Hausehalder  Nanfarmily hausehalder  Living alane  Spause  Other relatives  Nanrelatives  Institutianalized persans  Other persans in group quarters	2.52 3.04 45 377 41 779 29 174 13 861 10 722 1 548 335 3 459 139	2.42 3.00 <b>24 463</b> 22 568 15 775 7 675 7 469 5 733 860 200 1 814 81	2.28 2.93 14 939 13 864 9 831 5 081 4 938 3 383 506 144 1 040 35	2.59 3.06 16 330 15 156 10 602 4 965 4 857 3 881 564 109 1 171	2.54 2.95 <b>752</b> 636 428 163 157 184 19 5	2.84 3.23 136 136 85 26 25 38 9 4	2.16 2.90 418 418 280 97 96 123 12 3
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies	84 975	41 320	22 293	34 741	1 477	1 000	1 405
With awn children under 18 years	39 696 73 174 <b>72 000</b> 32 138 61 117 <b>9 924</b> 6 116 9 885	18 490 33 607 <b>34 378</b> 14 610 27 592 <b>5 378</b> 3 198 5 000	9 614 17 279 18 048 7 210 13 611 3 382 2 041 3 128	16 672 30 553 <b>29 670</b> 13 570 25 490 <b>3 864</b> 2 484 4 116	603 1 130 1 298 509 973 143 74	587 1 045 <b>864</b> 506 924 <b>99</b> 64 97	600 1 058 1 <b>243</b> 515 954 <b>116</b> 67
MARITAL STATUS							
Males 15 years and over	116 068 29 240 73 822 1 045 3 044 8 917 128 808 25 010 73 769 1 446 16 518 12 065	58 466 16 181 35 326 559 1 640 4 760 65 989 14 076 35 355 790 8 996 6 772	32 953 10 200 18 602 356 934 2 861 38 312 9 217 18 662 504 5 543 4 386	45 744 10 322 30 386 393 1 127 3 516 50 096 8 571 30 326 551 6 083 4 565	1 989 463 1 344 11 38 133 2 204 384 1 329 20 267 204	1 329 322 882 10 10 105 1 377 286 889 12 42 148	2 199 709 1 273 31 23 163 2 280 619 1 272 20 119 250

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Totals for split trock Peoria County-				Peorio (	city, Peorio County			
Area	Tract 41.02	Troct 44	Tract 1	Troct 2	Troct 3	Tract 5	Tract 6	Troct 7	Troct 9
AGE									
All persons	3 346 310	5 089 285	<b>700</b> 37	1 <b>394</b>	2 052 160	1 <b>395</b> 97	1 798 124	413 28	<b>64</b> 1
5 to 9 years 10 to 14 yeors	189 156	335 324	40 44	77 87	140 170	102 92	92 84	20 21	18
15 to 19 years 20 to 24 yeors	183	308 273	47 39	91 89	156 140	96 96	94 119	30 27	37
25 to 34 years 15 to 44 years	531 500	726 753	86 87	188 190	288 242	210 147	290 219	47 62	90
45 to 54 yeors	335 249	463 434	69 91	124 183	181 232	119 129	159 208	42 46	46 73 69
55 to 74 yeors	293	544	87	175	192	175	239	54	120
75 to 84 yeors	266 99	423 221	58 15	101 12	121 30	102 30	135 35	27 9	8'
ond 4 years	97 2 650	115 4 075	16 567	31 1 136	70 1 541	37 1 090	56 1 484	7 338	17 57
6 years and over	2 592	3 950	549	1 096	1 488	1 051	1 450	326	576
1) years and over0 years ond over	2 457 767	3 787 1 414	526 205	1 043 392	1 394 473	991 378	1 385 515	305 113	56 29
62 yeors ond over	721 36.1	1 332 38.5	187 41.0	356 39.4	427 34.0	354 35.4	467 39.1	104 40.6	27 56.:
Female	1 931	2 740	380	730	1 115	745	939	216	35
Jnder 5 yeors5 to 9 yeors	143 83	124 168	14 18	35 28	74 71	43 44	59 42	8 10	14
0 to 14 yeors5 to 19 yeors	75 100	141 154	27 30	42 42	91 94	44 52	38 54	8 11	
0 to 24 yeors 5 to 34 yeors	153 301	138 375	30 18 47	43 94	73 155	51 96	61 140	11 25	
5 to 44 yeors	261 186	373 372 252 231	48 39	104 71	129 103	83 70	113	34	1. 4 1. 3 3 8 7 2
5 to 54 years	146	231	48	101	120	69	114	23 22	3
5 to 74 yeors 5 to 84 yeors	202 195	314 295	45 35	97 63	116 68	98 71	130 80	32 23	7
5 yeors ond over	86	176 50	11	10 14	21 32	24 12	24 29	9	2
ond 4 years6 years and over	1 605	2 272	313	620	860	606	789	188	32
8 years and over1 yeors and over	1 580 1 499	2 197 2 124	303 287	600 579	825 767	584 553	768 737	184 176	32 31
0 yeors ond over2 years and over	548 520	907 868	116 104	220 202	274 252	228 217	290 265	75 70	20 190
Medion Male	39.3 1 415	41.9 2 349	41.8 <b>320</b>	42.4 <b>664</b>	35.0 <b>937</b>	40.3 <b>650</b>	41.6 <b>859</b>	46.0 <b>197</b>	66. <b>29</b>
Medion oge	33.6	35.5	40.3	36.2	32.6	31.5	36.9	34.5	45.2
OUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	<b>3 346</b> 2 866	5 089 4 652	<b>700</b> 700	1 <b>394</b> 1 394	2 052 2 052	1 <b>395</b> 1 370	1 <b>798</b> 1 798	<b>413</b> 400	<b>641</b> 559
HouseholderFomily householder	1 347 780	1 968 1 314	321 186	587 401	800 552	593 337	823 510	171 102	402 88
Nonfomily hauseholder	567	654	135	186	248	256	313	69	316
Living aloneSpouse	525 544	571 1 061	113 126	161 294	215 368	229 208	273 386	59 61	30: 7
ChildOther relotives	851 48	1 354 110	185 31	382 71	688 93	390 106	460 55	109 26	68
Nonrelotivesstitutionolized persons	76 480	159 277	37	60	103	73	74 -	33	15
other persons in group quarters	-	160	-	-	-	25	-	13	82
Persons per householdPersons per fomily	2.15 2.88	2.37	2.20 2.87	2.40 2.89	2.58 3.12	2.37 3.17	2.22 2.81	2.43 3.08	1.39 2.64
Persons 65 years and over	658	1 188	160 160	288 288	343 343	<b>307</b> 307	<b>409</b> 409	<b>90</b> 90	<b>254</b> 246
Householder	286	632	117	198	242	232	296	68 39	23
Nonfamily householder Living olone	199 196	310 308	68 66	86 84	118 112	141 135	143 139	39 34 12	21: 210
SpouseOther relatives	60 18	226 34	31 7	75 11	75 19	54 18	100 8	5	15
Nonrelotivesnstitutionolized persans	5	246	5	4	7	3	5	5	
ther persons in group quarters	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN			10/	401		227	510	102	
Families With own children under 18 yeors	471	1 314 556	186 77	<b>401</b> 142	<b>552</b> 261	337 147	510 189	102 41	86 40
Number of awn children under 18 years Morried-cauple fomilies	542	1 054 1 055	138 <b>124</b>	251 293	510 <b>365</b>	281 205	329 <b>387</b>	69 <b>57</b>	40 62 33 <b>20</b>
Nith own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 years	282	427 859	43 81	85 168	144 302	72 141	121 218	21 44	23
Femole householder, no husbond present With own children under 18 yeors	212	205 112	<b>50</b> 30	<b>88</b> 51	156 98	108 65	<b>96</b> 55	<b>37</b> 18	20
Number of own children under 18 years	206	169	53	74	175	121	85	23	20
MARITAL STATUS	1 061	1 838	258	528	703	490	698	154	25
Males 15 years and over	336	496	59	153	194	161	178 397	67 62	8
Now morried, except seporotedSeparoted	11	1 088	128 7	301 5	376 12	218 7	6	2	7
Vidowed	37	84 151	15 49	21 48	29 92	22 82	39 78	19	1° 6
Females 15 years and over	1 630	2 307	321	625	879	614	800	190	32 4 7
	404	502	69	121	208	135	153	46	40
Now morried, except separated	573	1 089	131	301	379	228	395	68	/\
Never married Now married, except separated Separated Widowed Widowed	573 26	1 089 29 469	131 8 56	301 16 104	24 145	13 136	16 145	6 47 23	1 14 5

## Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peorio city, Peorio County—Con.								
Area	Troct 12	Troct 13	Troct 14	Tract 16	Troct 18	Tract 20	Tract 21	Troct 22	
AGE									
All persons Under 5 yeors	513 26 20 14 43 76 76 73 65 46 35 48 37 15 6 450 445 392 115 108 33.5, 274 11 26 30 14 24 25 13 3 241 238 200 69 68 34.4 239 32.3	643 644 26 28 39 56 93 90 87 54 69 30 7 24 520 503 466 133 123 36.5 324 35 9 14 25 27 48 38 49 20 36 19 4 14 265 255 277 67 62 36.0 319 36.8	922 84 70 60 58 56 160 103 777 86 64 28 35 696 674 634 209 192 33.2 488 43 41 23 29 33 37 79 54 40 46 43 39 18 17 37 37 36 37 37 36 46 47 47 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	2 637 191 175 178 177 1241 480 340 228 223 220 150 40 80 2 066 2 005 1 875 523 476 32.4 1 396 93 74 85 84 136 131 102 36 38 1 133 1 099 1 030 331 307 34 3 1 241 30.3	2 533 134 126 120 165 483 522 308 176 212 160 91 36 55 2 133 2 095 1 885 393 345 29.2 1 283 66 62 101 2224 230 154 91 120 88 89 26 21 1 080 1 064 226 202 30.2 1 250 28.0	3 420 107 118 116 1 146 1 036 233 261 153 115 74 48 13 47 3 059 3 020 1 480 192 171 20.5 1 683 589 462 110 1137 77 61 42 27 9 26 1 505 1 487 27 9 26 1 505 1 488 113 101 20 4 1 737 20.6	3 511 232 211 190 191 191 262 588 476 305 301 327 318 110 79 2 841 2 772 2 642 906 851 36.3 1 932 1110 99 99 119 326 229 161 164 204 219 83 3 93 1 603 1 569 1 511 592 559 38.8 1 579	3 862 300 284 228 208 251 707 619 322 290 337 234 82 109 3 005 2 913 2 794 793 34.2 2 551 116 103 132 372 326 169 157 203 143 557 1 593 1 595 1 593 1 493 1 595 1 593 1 593 1 595 1 593 1 593 1 595 1 593 1	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP  All persons	<b>513</b> 391 248	<b>643</b> 630 295	<b>922</b> 872 340	<b>2 637</b> 2 637 1 134	<b>2 533</b> 2 498 1 233	3 420 1 667 584	<b>3 511</b> 3 495 1 634	<b>3 862</b> 3 862 1 659	
Family householder	62 186 170 32 62 20 29 6	152 143 119 81 168 34 52 -	217 123 97 130 287 51 64 50	650 484 407 436 760 109 198 —	474 759 542 323 530 93 319 -	360 224 127 309 495 37 242 -	900 734 643 648 914 125 174 4	1 055 604 528 845 1 134 108 116	
Persons per household Persons per fomily  Persons 65 yeors ond over  In households Householder Nonfamily householder Living alone Spouse Other relatives Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quarters	1.63 3.03 <b>95</b> 94 81 71 71 7 4 2 _	2.15 2.90 106 104 72 35 33 25 5 2	2.57 3.18 168 125 90 46 41 25 7 3 43	2.34 3.03 410 410 307 183 177 77 17 9	2.05 3.01 287 286 203 113 109 54 24 5	2.88 3.36 135 135 93 40 38 28 12 2	2.15 2.90 755 746 570 374 365 139 30 7	2.33 2.99 653 653 466 239 233 158 24 5	
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Fomilies With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years Married-couple families With own children under 18 years Number of awn children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	62 37 50 29 12 21 31 24 28	152 64 119 76 22 46 61 38 64	217 115 220 129 65 124 75 43 86	650 308 563 432 182 368 166 105	474 205 391 315 119 255 129 78 122	360 187 382 306 163 348 42 20 27	900 394 676 645 250 441 198 118 201	1 <b>055</b> 508 900 <b>844</b> 396 729 166 99	
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	211 107 38 9 13 44 242 103 41 4 45 49	259 99 86 7 19 48 266 75 87 13 43	327 103 136 10 15 63 381 87 142 15 68	949 330 458 17 28 116 1 144 315 464 25 183 157	1 060 575 334 17 23 111 1 093 450 337 37 103 166	1 565 1 193 323 3 10 36 1 514 1 084 320 4 53 53	1 254 366 665 10 60 153 1 624 355 677 29 324 239	1 390 354 859 13 47 117 1 660 334 865 22 226 213	

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peorio city, Peoria County—Con.									
Area	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 27	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 31.02 (pt.)	Tract 32	Troct 41.02 (pt.)		
AGE										
All persons	<b>4 453</b> 313	<b>2 827</b> 183	6 110 283	<b>5 134</b> 298	<b>3 514</b> 279	<b>5 355</b> 269	<b>3 677</b> 206	<b>2 671</b> 254 157		
5 to 9 yeors	293 252	202 221	363 317	328 352	291 321	294 319	196 171	157 104		
15 to 19 years	237	207	292	336	276	316	174	138		
20 to 24 yeors	224 775	200 511	314 837	212 745	229 618	552 1 056	355 702	177 399		
35 to 44 yeors	668 412	426 253	754 637	761 635	761 426	885 688	551 430	417 256		
55 to 64 yeors65 to 74 yeors	369 458	223	782 841	716 478	189	558 305	420 290	200 235		
75 to 84 yeors	362	184 175	516	192	29	101	154	236		
85 yeors ond over	90 118	42 77	174 118	81 128	108	12 113	28 80	98 79		
16 years and over	3 545	2 174	5 091	4 081	2 564	4 409	3 068	2 128		
18 years and over	3 455 3 321	2 096 1 976	4 965 4 797	3 945 3 771	2 451 2 313	4 271 4 082	3 002 2 897	2 089 1 977		
60 yeors and over62 yeors and over	1 100 1 014	518 470	1 962 1 805	1 145 986	212 176	669 560	689 614	651 616		
Median	36.8	33.1	43.4	38.9	31.2	33.5	35.7	37.2		
Femole Under 5 yeors	<b>2 387</b> 157	1 <b>471</b> 82	<b>3 357</b> 136	<b>2 643</b> 143	1 <b>773</b> 137	<b>2 694</b> 127	1 <b>895</b> 112	<b>1 586</b> 114		
5 to 9 years	137	107	184	149	140	135	90	68		
10 to 14 yeors	109 113	95 94	155 125	164 160	160 139	155 165	87 89	53 81		
20 to 24 yeors	124 400	105 273	154 426	108 375	120 325	284 511	172 336	121 238		
35 to 44 years	346	218	416	391	393	459	294	211 145		
45 to 54 yeors55 to 64 yeors	210 205	131 111	343 446	339 380	199 100	348 294	221 225	122		
65 to 74 years	286 234	109 114	489 339	254 125	43 16	151 56	163 89	167 181		
85 years and over	66	32	144	55	1	9	17	85		
3 ond 4 yeors	60 1 960	36 1 165	57 2 862	59 2 153	54 1 304	54 2 238	45 1 587	34 1 333		
18 years and over	1 920	1 131 1 071	2 803 2 737	2 080 2 005	1 252 1 182	2 179 2 065	1 554 1 501	1 314 1 243		
21 yeors ond over60 yeors ond over	1 848 693	314	1 218	636	109	349	388	488		
62 years and over	641 38.6	296 34.2	1 127 47.4	550 40.8	92 31.2	298 34.4	348 37.1	466 40.4		
Mole	<b>2 066</b> 34.4	1 <b>356</b> 31.7	<b>2 753</b> 39.1	2 491 37.2	1 <b>741</b> 31.1	<b>2 661</b> 32.7	<b>1 782</b> 34.1	1 <b>085</b> 34.5		
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	<b>.</b>	•	•		•					
All persons	4 453	2 827	6 110	5 134	3 514	5 355	3 677	2 671		
In households	4 445 1 965	2 814 1 154	5 949 2 720	4 844 1 914	3 514 1 237	5 295 2 450	3 670 1 777	2 191 1 056		
Fomily householderNonfomily householder	1 238 727	737 417	1 706 1 014	1 464 450	969 268	1 402 1 048	991 786	586 470		
Living olone	658	356	916	408	206	905	680	444		
Spouse	1 011 1 233	564 876	1 482 1 449	1 281 1 462	847 1 248	1 239 1 351	862 835	405 658		
Other relotivesNonrelotives	115 121	100 120	121 177	101 86	67 115	74 181	59 137	26 46		
Institutionolized persons	8	12	161	290		45 15	7	480		
Other persons in group quorters	_		-	-	-			0.10		
Persons per householdPersons per fomily	2.27 2.92	2.44 3.09	2.18 2.78	2.54 2.95	2.84 3.23	2.16 2.90	2.07 2.78	2.10 2.90		
Persons 65 years and over	<b>910</b> 910	<b>401</b> 401	1 531 1 370	<b>751</b> 635	1 <b>24</b> 124	<b>418</b> 418	<b>472</b> 472	<b>569</b> 280		
Householder	655	290	949	427	78	280	327	229		
Nonfomily householder Living olone	363 354	157 153	469 456	163 157	24 23	97 96	144 142	175 174		
Spouse Other relotives	227 22	90 12	365 43	184 19	33 9	123 12	132 12	36 13		
NonrelativesInstitutionalized persons	6	9	13 161	5 116	4	3	1	2 289		
Other persons in group quorters	Ī	Ξ	-	-	Ξ.	-	-	-		
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Fomilies With own children under 18 years	1 <b>238</b> 533	<b>737</b> 360	1 <b>706</b> 603	1 <b>464</b> 599	<b>969</b> 573	1 <b>402</b> 599	<b>991</b> 372	586 366		
Number of own children under 18 years	939	661	1 080	1 123	1 014	1 055	639	366 572		
Morried-couple formilies With own children under 18 years	1 010 418	<b>560</b> 257	<b>1 467</b> 459	1 285 505	<b>836</b> 494	1 <b>240</b> 514	<b>864</b> 292	<b>404</b> 215		
Number of own children under 18 yeors Female householder, no husbond present	764 <b>177</b>	496 <b>136</b>	867 <b>195</b>	966 <b>143</b>	898 <b>97</b>	951 <b>116</b>	537 <b>99</b>	403 170		
With own children under 18 years	91	82	126 186	74 121	63 96	67 79	71 92	147 162		
Number of own children under 18 years  MARITAL STATUS	142	133	186	121	90	/4	72	102		
Moles 15 years and over	1 611	1 034	2 265	1 969	1 287	2 196	1 498	805		
Never morriedNow married, except seporated	379 1 033	308 573	512 1 499	457 1 330	312 853	709 1 270	458 885	268 423		
Seporoted	8 52	9 24	20 75	11 38	10 10	31 23	25 34	7 31		
FILLOWED	139	120	159	133	102	163	96	76		
Divorced					1 22/	0.077	3 (0)	1 351		
Females 15 years and over	1 984	1 187	2 882	2 187	1 336	2 277 619	1 606 382			
Permales 15 years and over Never morried. Now married, except separated	367 1 048	267 575	485 1 514	381 1 316	279 861	619 1 269	382 877	358		
Pemales 15 years and over  Never morried	367	267	485	381	279	619	382			

## Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peoria Cou	inty	Totals for split	trocts/8NA's in Pear	ia County	Peorio	city, Peorio County	
Area	Peoria, IL MSA	Total	Peorio city	Troct 31.01	Tract 41.02	Tract 44	Troct 1	Troct 2	Tract 3
AGE  All persons Under 5 yeors	25 142 3 071 3 017 2 776 2 777 2 121 3 826 3 176 1 767 1 249 883 441 108 1 220 15 734 14 665 13 078 2 076 6 1812 22.1 13 351 1 455 1 455 1 315	24 892 3 044 2 990 2 749 2 679 2 094 3 800 3 140 1 755 1 228 878 433 102 1 211 15 568 14 510 12 944 2 048 1 786 22.1 1 327 1 443 1 300 1 346	23 692 2 954 2 892 2 656 2 542 1 943 3 572 2 936 1 661 1 177 8 43 93 1 177 14 670 13 670 12 209 1 967 1 716 21.8 1 2750 1 486 21.8	683 75 109 95 71 48 107 110 39 17 7 5 - 32 389 368 319 21 15 19.5	632 106 666 52 53 61 94 73 56 27 17 20 7 35 400 378 345 58 51 23.0 360 59 34 25	708 106 92 89 84 58 82 97 37 24 20 16 3 43 400 359 322 50 46 18.4 412 50 47 48 51	1 220 282 197 151 150 114 140 99 40 26 15 5 1 103 563 508 418 36 29 14.2 692 131 85	1 333 246 224 185 154 96 159 118 75 45 18 12 1 1 92 640 584 500 52 45 15.3 768 122 110 107 83	688 844 92 106 90 42 91 85 43 28 20 3 4 35 389 344 305 42 36 18.0
20 to 24 years	1 175 2 220 1 774 938 706 507 279 76 592 8 783 8 229 7 395 1 221 1 059 24.1 11 791 20.0	1 164 2 210 1 756 934 698 505 272 72 584 8 706 8 158 7 334 1 206 1 044 24.2 11 665 19.9	1 134 2 134 1 667 899 675 489 267 65 573 8 379 7 855 7 064 1 165 1 010 24.1 10 942 19 4	25 70 57 20 8 5 2 - 18 219 207 180 10 7 20.3 313 18.6	44 62 40 24 12 12 10 7 23 238 223 204 36 34 23.1 272 22.7	33 59 64 22 16 10 10 2 19 254 228 209 29 25 21.8 296 15.8	81 108 62 28 18 9 3  45 395 395 359 291 22 16 18.6 <b>528</b> 10.1	62 115 79 46 25 8 10 1 49 409 383 331 28 25 17.9 565	23 50 48 23 14 12 2 2 18 208 185 169 23 20 21.0 350 16.8
All persons In households Householder Family householder  Living alone Spouse Child Other relatives Nomelatives Institutionalized persons Other persons in graup quarters	25 142 24 354 8 094 5 836 2 258 1 934 2 148 11 103 1 809 1 200 489 299	24 892 24 141 8 036 5 797 2 239 1 918 2 112 11 015 1 789 1 189 471 280	23 692 23 295 7 741 5 593 2 148 1 839 2 001 10 671 1 745 1 137 128 269	683 683 187 168 19 16 90 346 39 21 —	582 197 165 32 28 71 295 9 10 50	708 670 215 165 50 47 46 339 46 24 27	1 220 1 220 363 319 44 36 26 727 64 40	1 333 1 333 378 318 60 54 65 753 88 49 —	688 688 191 156 35 29 57 334 64 42
Persons per household Persons per fornily Persons 65 years and over In hauseholds Householder Living olane Spouse Other relotives Nanrelatives Institutianalized persons Other persons in group quarters  FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN	2.98 3.55 1 432 1 366 1 017 536 510 202 113 34 63 3	2.98 3.55 1 413 1 355 1 010 532 506 198 113 34 555 3	2.99 3.56 1 359 1 312 978 514 488 190 110 34 45	3.73 3.94 12 12 6 1 1 4 2 - -	2.90 3.22 44 10 9 6 6 6 - - 1 34	3.00 3.47 39 30 25 14 14 4 1 1 - 8	3.34 3.54 21 21 17 9 9 - 4 	3.51 3.84 31 31 24 11 10 2 3 2	3.52 3.78 27 27 18 7 7 6 6 2
Families With own children under 18 years. Number of own children under 18 years Married-cauple families With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years Female hauseholder, na husband present With own children under 18 years. Number of own children under 18 years	5 836 3 997 8 830 2 259 1 288 2 763 3 216 2 512 5 709	5 797 3 978 8 761 2 228 1 272 2 715 3 213 2 511 5 689	5 593 3 845 8 489 2 109 1 203 2 584 3 146 2 459 5 567	168 129 279 99 78 173 65 49	165 124 249 75 47 83 87 77 166	165 136 289 47 32 70 109 98 208	319 275 649 27 21 62 277 247 577	318 260 655 69 40 109 243 217 541	156 116 277 60 38 84 83 67
MARITAL STATUS  Males 15 years and over Never married Naw married, except separated Separated Widowed Olivorced Females 15 years and over Never married Now married, except separated Separated Widowed Olivarced	7 242 3 569 2 453 252 182 786 9 036 4 178 2 308 494 793 1 263	7 152 3 532 2 415 247 180 • 778 8 957 4 149 2 272 494 782 1 260	6 572 3 220 2 256 215 161 720 8 618 4 016 2 152 478 757 1 215	176 62 100 3 2 9 228 91 90 12 10 25	166 67 78 5 6 10 242 112 71 9 22 28	154 73 50 8 5 18 267 136 51 12 18	182 113 33 13 8 15 408 280 29 34 14 51	249 142 71 12 3 21 429 263 72 27 15 52	191 102 65 6 3 15 215 90 60 14 19

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peorio city, Peorio County—Con.								
Area	Troct 5	Troct 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 13	Troct 14	Troct 16
AGE									
All persons Under 5 yeors 5 to 9 yeors 10 to 14 yeors 15 to 19 yeors 20 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 54 yeors 55 to 64 yeors 55 to 64 yeors 75 to 84 yeors 85 yeors and over 18 yeors ond over 19 yeors ond over 10 yeors ond over 10 yeors ond over 11 yeors ond over 12 yeors ond over 15 to 84 yeors 16 yeors ond over 17 yeors ond over 18 yeors ond over 19 yeors ond over 10 yeors ond over 10 yeors ond over 11 yeors ond over 12 yeors ond over 15 yeors ond over 16 yeors ond over 16 yeors ond over 17 yeors ond over 18 yeors ond over 18 yeors ond over 18 yeors ond over 20 yeors ond over 30 yeors ond over 40 yeors ond over 40 yeors ond over 51 yeors 52 to 9 yeors 53 to 9 yeors 54 yeors 55 to 9 yeors 56 to 74 yeors 57 to 84 yeors 58 yeors ond over 59 yeors 50 to 44 yeors 59 to 64 yeors 59 to 74 yeors 59 to 74 yeors 59 to 75 to 84 yeors 59 to 75 to 84 yeors 50 to 9 yeors 50 to 74 yeors 50 to 9	925 116 107 108 100 65 123 96 74 75 35 35 23 3 46 575 532 482 99 78 22.0 486 54 49 44 45 59 38 66 65 57 40 41 20 16 2 22	1 598 169 206 182 181 105 225 208 144 94 58 22 4 74 998 928 843 127 110 23.1 852 104 89 77 63 135 118 78 64 25	1 642 157 168 169 186 125 215 193 145 143 104 32 5 68 1 113 1 029 933 232 197 25.7 807 76 83 66 71 61 116 104 75 77 75 93 197 25.7	1 180 99 108 104 92 83 155 121 119 106 59 13 40 849 816 754 244 221 31.8 618 47 66 48 43 42 42 43 42 59 60 61 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81	1 876 331 216 147 173 1700 263 157 86 109 137 70 113 1 145 1 079 9700 285 265 21.9 1 094 160 94 79 101 119 1169 103 522 94 49 12 54 741	1 132 231 177 115 1111 104 167 102 52 27 32 12 2 106 587 539 480 62 53 17.0 658 113 83 59 64 80 110 158 22 24 480 480 480 480 480 480 480 480 480 48	598 74 79 77 76 51 86 84 41 20 6 33 1 26 351 323 281 18 15 19.5 309 36 43 34 43 24 52 44 18 7 5 1 1 1 1 12	419 56 50 48 49 41 61 57 23 18 9 6 1 19 250 227 210 26 26 20 21.0 232 300 29 20 26 25 37 14 7 5 2 1	981 89 139 159 105 54 179 130 61 38 177 9 1 1 38 565 522 49 40 19.9 <b>504</b> 48 65 75 73 36 62 37 9 1 10 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
18 years and over 21 years and over 60 years and over 62 years and over Median Male Median oge	299 271 59 49 24.8 <b>439</b> 19.5	528 486 72 60 25.6 <b>746</b> 19.4	531 492 131 107 28.8 835 22.4	431 406 136 120 33.0 <b>562</b> 31.0	709 632 193 180 24.7 <b>782</b> 16.8	365 323 48 41 20.6 <b>474</b> 12.1	165 145 8 7 19.4 <b>289</b> 19.5	134 123 12 8 21.9 187 17.9	289 274 30 23 25.7 <b>477</b> 17.6
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons In households Householder Fornily householder Nonfamily householder Living clone Spouse Child Other relotives Nonrelatives Institutionolized persons Other persons in group quorters	925 913 287 187 100 89 76 402 93 55 -	1 598 1 598 503 387 116 99 150 739 122 84	1 642 1 629 481 370 111 94 177 701 196 74 -	1 180 1 180 413 301 112 97 137 398 160 72	1 876 1 851 7771 451 320 306 71 817 141 51 	1 132 1 087 389 282 107 102 29 571 58 40 3	598 596 183 120 63 53 34 283 49 47	419 419 123 95 28 18 29 185 44 38	981 981 308 215 93 70 63 463 76 71
Persons per household Persons per fomily Persons 5 yeors ond over In households Householder Living alone Spouse Other relotives Nonrelotives Institutionalized persons Other persons in group quarters	3.10 3.97 61 61 48 36 35 6 5 2	3.16 3.59 84 84 59 20 14 9 2	3.35 3.86 141 141 93 38 32 26 13	2.85 3.29 178 178 127 36 33 30 17 4	2.41 3.29 224 222 197 155 152 16 6 3 -	2.78 3.32 46 46 41 26 26 2 1 2	3.22 4.00 10 10 7 5 3 - 2 1	3.41 3.69 16 16 9 3 2 5 1	3.12 3.69 <b>27</b> 27 19 17 15 1 4 3
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 years With own children under 18 yeors With own children under 18 yeors Femole householder, no husband present With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	187 120 300 81 43 110 98 72 183	387 252 561 153 79 167 213 160 371	370 188 460 180 86 190 162 95 251	301 122 248 137 40 89 130 69	451 327 689 76 31 69 351 286 605	282 228 503 32 19 47 240 203 447	120 90 223 38 27 55 67 55	95 69 144 30 16 35 55 45	215 161 388 65 42 105 131 106 258
MARITAL STATUS									
Moles 15 years and over Never morried Now married, except seporoted Seporated Widowed Divorced Females 15 years and over Never morried Now married, except seporoted Seporated Widowed Oivorced	255 114 89 7 6 39 339 140 80 19 45 55	464 219 157 14 14 60 577 247 159 28 40 103	566 280 191 24 16 55 582 223 190 39 66 64	412 171 149 20 18 54 457 143 146 23 77 68	421 218 91 17 38 57 761 370 85 59 127	206 136 37 6 5 22 403 273 37 18 39 36	174 99 43 7 2 23 194 114 40 111 7	112 58 34 6 1 13 153 83 31 11 9	278 154 79 6 3 316 316 147 74 19 23 53

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Pearia city	Pearia Caunty—Can.				
Area	Tract 18	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 27	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 41.02 (pt.)	Tract 44 (pt.)
AGE									
All persons Under 5 years. 5 to 9 years. 10 to 14 years. 15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 34 years. 35 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 55 to 64 years. 65 to 74 years. 75 to 84 years. 85 years and over.	1 288 147 154 144 124 175 216 161 78 39 29 16	1 645 197 195 175 149 107 295 222 113 101 58 24	474 47 46 48 52 46 94 72 33 20 13	440 32 52 55 55 52 19 58 72 36 23 18	726 73 83 111 84 52 140 105 40 21 14 3	1 030 87 90 95 117 62 157 173 99 74 48 25	680 75 109 94 71 48 107 110 39 15 7	609 105 63 52 49 60 93 67 52 24 17 20	444 73 74 59 47 40 56 46 20 10 8
3 and 4 years 16 years and over 18 years and over 21 years and over 60 years and over 62 years and over Median	55 822 765 669 65 61 21.6	82 1 044 973 904 145 123 25.0	18 323 302 276 25 22 24.9	13 294 273 243 51 49 26.9	32 441 409 364 27 22 21.1	38 732 690 622 112 98 30.3	32 387 366 317 19 14	35 381 360 331 57 51 22.8	31 223 205 184 23 21 16.2
Femole Under 5 years. 5 to 9 years. 10 to 1 l4 years. 15 to 19 years. 20 to 24 years. 25 to 34 years. 35 to 44 years. 45 to 54 years. 55 to 64 years. 65 to 74 years. 85 years and over.	670 77 70 65 62 90 124 92 41 22 14 8	867 103 93 77 67 51 170 132 57 63 31 16	273 34 28 21 33 25 58 36 18 9 9	220 15 22 26 20 8 34 44 18 13 8 11	384 43 55 40 28 83 55 25 11 8 2	551 50 39 38 59 26 91 101 55 41 32 17 2	369 45 51 46 41 25 70 57 20 7 5 2	352 59 33 25 29 44 61 36 24 12 12	268 31 41 29 27 25 43 35 15 8 6 7
3 and 4 years 16 years and over 18 years and over 21 years and over 60 years and over 62 years and over Median Mole Median age	29 450 418 374 36 33 23.1 618 20.5	38 579 543 513 83 68 27.9 <b>778</b> 21.2	12 185 173 154 15 13 24.5 <b>201</b> 26.2	5 154 145 135 23 22 30.7 <b>220</b> 20.5	13 245 229 205 15 13 23.8 <b>342</b> 19.2	24 411 392 357 72 64 32.3 479 25.1	18 218 206 179 9 7 20.2 <b>311</b> 18.6	23 231 216 199 36 34 23.0 <b>257</b> 22.2	13 159 147 136 17 15 21.7 176
All persons In hausehalds Hausehalder Family hausehalder Uiving alone Spause Child Other relatives Nonrelatives Institutionalized persons Other persons in graup quarters	1 288 1 282 442 284 158 120 84 567 92 97 6	1 645 1 641 546 414 132 109 174 713 126 82 4	474 474 165 123 42 35 57 190 36 26	440 438 148 112 36 31 64 198 15 13 2	726 717 208 166 42 33 66 352 46 45 9	1 030 1 030 374 267 107 96 148 413 68 27	680 680 186 167 19 16 89 346 39 20	609 559 188 158 30 27 67 287 8 9	444 436 131 107 24 21 239 31 14 8
Persans per hausehold Persans per family Persons 65 years and over In hauseholds Hauseholder Nanfamily hauseholder Living alane Spause Other relatives Nanrelatives Institutionalized persans Other persans in graup quarters	2.90 3.65 50 50 33 15 16 7 7	3.03 3.45 91 91 65 25 25 19 7	2.87 3.33 16 16 13 8 8 3 - -	2.94 3.42 41 41 28 13 13 8 4 1	3.46 3.85 17 17 15 7 5 - 2 - -	2.83 3.46 <b>76</b> 76 53 30 27 14 8 1	3.73 3.95 12 12 6 1 1 4 2 - -	2.93 3.25 44 10 9 6 6 6 - 1 34	3.21 3.58 19 11 10 6 6 1 - 8
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families With awn children under 18 years	284 212 457 91 60 122 170 138 309	414 274 557 182 105 201 207 155 326	123 80 149 60 34 64 53 40 66	112 75 155 66 42 87 41 32 65	166 127 275 73 51 104 84 68 156	267 162 294 163 102 185 89 53	167 129 279 <b>98</b> 78 173 65 49	158 121 245 71 45 81 85 76 164	107 94 210 21 15 36 83 77
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	385 224 97 15 8 41 458 251 93 28 25 61	484 228 190 8 7 51 594 228 186 33 50 97	143 57 64 4 1 17 190 86 61 61 6	144 55 68 4 5 12 157 46 67 5 18 21	207 109 777 4 3 114 252 129 70 10 13 30	334 120 164 9 3 38 424 139 156 22 46 61	175 62 99 3 2 9 227 91 89 12 10	154 63 73 4 6 8 235 109 68 9 22 27	71 38 23 3 2 5 5 167 87 26 7 7 12

This should be 400 persons. For definitions of fermionis	inings of symbols, see
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Peoria, IL MSA
AGE	Toolia, iz more
	507
All persons	<b>587</b> 38
5 to 9 yeors	45 53
15 to 19 yeors 20 to 24 yeors	40 47
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	115 99
45 to 54 yeors 55 to 64 yeors 65 to 74 yeors	66 50
65 to 74 yeors 75 to 84 yeors	18 12
85 years and over	4
3 and 4 years	20 440
18 years and over	427 400
62 years and over	61 52
Median  Femole	31.8 <b>300</b>
Under 5 yeors	21 23
5 to 9 yeors	20
15 to 19 yeors	24 20
25 to 34 years	56 56
45 to 54 yeors55 to 64 yeors	34 26
55 to 64 yeors	10 8
85 years and over	2
3 and 4 years	231
18 years ond over	224 208
62 years and aver	34 31
Median	33.3 <b>287</b>
Median age	30.3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	
All persons	587
In households	573 20 <u>4</u>
Family householder Nonfomily householder	147 57
Living aloneSpouse	46 105
ChildOther relotives	198 19
Nonrelatives	47 5
Other persons in group quarters	5 9
Persons per householdPersons per fomily	2.77 3.28
Persons 65 yeors and over	34 32
Householder	22
Living alone	1]
SpouseOther relatives	13 11 6 3 1 2
Nonrelatives	2
Other persons in group quorters	-
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN	
FamiliesWith awn children under 18 years	1 <b>47</b> 75
Number of own children under 18 years Married-couple fomilies	147 111
With own children under 18 years	51
Number of awn children under 18 years  Female househalder, no husband present	98 <b>29</b>
With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	20 42
MARITAL STATUS	
Males 15 years and aver	215
Never married Now married, except seporated	68 109
Seporated	7 5
Femoles 15 years and over	26 236
Never married	47
Now married, except separatedSeparated	120
Widowed	18 42

Table 5. General Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

(Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Pearia Cau	nty	
Area	Pearia, IL MSA	Tatal	Pearia city	Tazewell Caunty
AGE				
All persons 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 5 to 19 years 5 to 19 years 5 to 34 years 5 to 34 years 5 to 44 years 55 to 44 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 84 years	2 759 242 227 229 344 297 462 480 267 136 47 23	2 225 175 180 176 271 265 387 380 229 100 35 22 5	1 906 138 149 146 216 244 348 322 202 88 28 21	43 5 3 4 5 2 6 7. 3 2 1
and 4 years 6 years and over 8 years and over 11 years and over 20 years and over 22 years and over	101 2 014 1 868 1 648 1 29 1 09 25.6	67 1 658 1 544 1 362 106 90 25.8	51 1 443 1 363 1 198 90 76 26.3	27 288 264 231 19 15 24.3
Female  5 to 9 years.  10 to 14 years.  15 to 19 years.  20 to 24 years.  25 to 34 years.  35 to 34 years.  45 to 54 years.  55 to 64 years.  55 to 64 years.  55 to 64 years.  55 to 74 years.  55 to 74 years.  55 to 84 years.  55 to 84 years.  55 to 85 years.  57 to 84 years.	1 296 121 101 95 140 106 211 268 129 79 33 10	994 82 79 67 111 89 169 203 104 52 25 10	843 68 62 55 96 79 148 167 92 44 20 10	243 32 21 23 20 13 34 49 22 22 7
3 and 4 years	50 960 904 819 75 67 28.9 1 463 23.6	31 752 708 639 60 56 28.8 1 231 24.2	28 646 608 546 49 46 28.5 1 063 24.9	15 163 154 144 10 28.6 189
All persons In households	2 759 2 649 762 515 247 176 569 955 165 198 38 72	2 225 2 119 659 432 227 157 435 741 123 161 36 70	1 906 1 835 591 376 215 145 370 622 104 148 3	432 431 91 71 20 19 108 177 33 22
Persans per hausehold Persans per family Persans 65 years and over In hauseholds Hauseholder Living alane Spause Other relatives Nonfamily hauseholder Living alane Spause Other persans in graup quarters	3.02 3.68 <b>75</b> 70 24 8 8 13 31 2	2.98 3.67 <b>62</b> 58 18 6 6 9 29 2	2.95 3.69 53 51 18 6 6 9 23 1	3.20 3.70 11 10 5 2 2 2 3 3 2
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN				
Families  With awn children under 18 years  Number of awn children under 18 years  Married-couple families  With awn children under 18 years  Number of awn children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  Number of awn children under 18 years  Number of awn children under 18 years	515 347 796 435 305 732 50 34 49	432 287 613 369 259 572 39 24 34	376 252 510 330 231 482 31 19 27	71 51 147 55 38 124 10 9
Marital Status  Moles 15 years and over	1 082 527 509 8 6 32	928 456 436 5 25	815 394 394 6 3 18	128 63 57 2 - 6
Never married Now married, except separated Separated Widowed Divarced	258 622 12 43 44	210 477 12 36 31	191 407 10 26 24	34 116 - 6 11

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Pearia Cau	inty	
Area	Pearia, IL MSA	Tatal	Pearia city	Tazewell Caunty
AGE				
All persons	3 <b>642</b> 414	<b>2 596</b> 284	1 813 195	825
Jnder 5 years 5 ta 9 years	453	330	234	101 96
10 to 14 years	390	257	166	110
15 to 19 years	318   306	227 233	169 179	66
25 to 34 years	637	458	321	141
35 to 44 years	446	323	223	96
45 ta 54 years	237 215	167 146	112 98	58 56
65 to 74 years	131	107	69	19
75 ta 84 years 85 years and over	69	51 13	36 11	14 8
· ·	171	119	85	40
3 and 4 years	2 320	1 678	1 187	503
18 years and over	2 186	1 585	1 120	472
21 years and over	1 989 332	1 436 245	1 003	438 65
52 years and over	291	217	149	53
Median	24.0	24.3	24.0	23.2
Female	1 797	1 249	866	436
Inder 5 years5 to 9 years	207 209	136 151	93	54 47
0 to 14 years	187	119	73	58
15 to 19 years	170	118	87	37
20 ta 24 years 25 ta 34 years	146 303	111 214	84 148	28
35 to 44 years	198	139	93	73 46
15 to 54 years	123	85	60	33
55 to 64 years65 to 74 years	125 77	82 61	56   39	33 35 12 7
75 ta 84 years	39	29	21	
35 years and over	13	4	3	6
3 and 4 years	93	60	41	26
6 years and aver	1 162 1 092	822 77 1	576 541	267 254
?1 years and over	986	696	483	232
50 years and over	189 167	137 121	91 82	38 33
Median	24.3	24.6	24.3	23.6
Male	1 <b>845</b> 23.7	1 347 23.9	947 23.6	<b>389</b> 22.9
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP		2 504		995
All persons n hauseholds	<b>3 642</b> 3 517	<b>2 596</b> 2 484	1 813 1 721	<b>825</b> 820
Hausehalder	1 025	748	531	226
Family hausehalderNanfamily hausehalder	744 281	538 210	358   173	164 62
Living alane	227	171	138	47
SpouseChild	607	412 1 078	271 727	155
Other relatives	1 543 179	129	95	367 35
Nanrelatives	163	117	97	35 37
nstitutianalized persans Other persans in group quarters	41 84	38 74	18   74	3 2
orner persons in group quarters	04	/4	/4	
Persons per household	2.90	2.91	2.81	2.87
Persons 65 yeors and over	3.47 <b>226</b>	3.48 <b>171</b>	3.49 116	3.43 <b>41</b>
n hauseholds	220	167	113	39
Householder	138	104	73 36	26 12
Nanfamily householder Living alone	62 56	46 41	32	11
Spause	57	44	27	7
Other relativesNanrelatives	21	17	11 2	4 2 2
nstitutianalized persans	5	2 3	2	2
Other persons in group quarters	1 :	1	1	-
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Fomilies	744	538	358	164
With awn children under 18 years	451	327	219	100
Number of own children under 18 years	1 327 <b>560</b>	924 <b>400</b>	631 <b>254</b>	317 <b>124</b>
With own children under 18 years	322	230	145	71
Number of awn children under 18 years	925	625	400	226
Female hauseholder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	137 100	1 <b>03</b> 76	<b>72</b> 54	31 22
Number of own children under 18 years	327	250	191	68
MARITAL STATUS	2 101	000	627	241
Males 15 years and over	1 191 427	<b>882</b> 331	255	72
Naw married, except separated	620	450	290	130
Separated	22	18	16	3
Divarced	13	8 75	7 59	32
Femoles 15 years and over	1 194	843	591	277
Never married	332	254	202	53
Never marriedNow married, except separated	617	416	269	161
Separated	31	22	19	7 26
Widowed	96	65	44	,,,

## Table 7. General Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Far definitions of terms and meanings af symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peorio Co	unty	
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Total	Peoria city	Tazewell County
AGE				
All persons	<b>307 065</b> 19 812	152 801 9 277	<b>85 888</b> 5 234	122 037 8 225
5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years	21 545 22 288	9 844 10 199	5 109 4 915	9 02 <i>6</i> 9 333
5 to 19 years	22 101	10 885	5 976	8 736
0 to 24 years	20 025 46 181	10 950 23 063	7 271 13 339	7 327 18 574
5 to 44 years5 ta 54 years	46 739 33 496	22 971 16 565	12 156 8 681	18 747 13 577
5 to 64 years	29 687	14 716	8 359	12 202
5 ta 74 years	24 979 15 242	13 402 8 240	8 054 5 146	9 168 5 420
5 years and over	4 970	2 689	1 648	1 702
ond 4 years6 years ond over	8 112 238 944	3 739 121 452	2 054 69 673	3 426 93 571
8 yeors ond over1 years ond over	230 488 216 815	117 541 110 085	67 806 62 913	89 989 85 128
0 years and over	60 062	31 791	19 201	22 324
12 yeors ond over	54 008 35.3	28 812 35.9	17 488 35.8	19 827 34.9
Female	159 029	79 694	45 353	62 866
Inder 5 years	9 640 10 484	4 462 4 762	2 511 2 447	4 052 4 405
0 to 14 years	10 863	4 982	2 412	4 528
5 to 19 years 0 to 24 years	10 869 10 064	5 375 5 464	3 637	4 277 3 706
5 to 34 years	23 704 23 661	11 785 11 765	6 791 6 272	9 626 9 430
5 to 44 years5 to 54 years	17 008	8 443	4 550	6 896
5 to 64 yeors5 to 74 years	15 443 14 005	7 762 7 623	4 491 4 662	6 244 5 071
5 to 84 years	9 597	5 241	3 335	3 ,395
5 years and over	3 691 3 899	2 030 1 785	1 250 979	1 236 1 652
and 4 years and over	125 868	64 483	37 510	48 989
8 years ond over	121 676 114 978	62 579 58 857	36 590   34 117	47 186 44 866
O years and over	35 046	18 818	11 589	12 784
2 years and over	31 <b>92</b> 7 36.5	17 263 37.4	10 678   37.7	11 530 35.8
Male	148 036 34.0	<b>73 107</b> 34.3	<b>40 535</b> 33.8	<b>59 171</b> 33.9
IOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	0	57.5	55.5	30.7
All persons	307 065	152 801	85 888	122 037
n households Householder	299 343 119 331	147 436 61 291	81 704 36 084	120 592 46 726
Fomily householder	84 520	41 002	22 097	34 633
Nonfomily householderLiving olone	34 811 30 495	20 289 17 617	13 987 12 070	12 093 10 676
Spouse Child	71 594 92 848	34 183 43 174	17 955 22 079	29 512 38 594
Other relatives	7 144	3 812	2 149	2 848
Nonrelativesnstitutionolized persons	8 426 4 488	4 976 2 568	3 437   1 547	2 912 1 387
Other persons in group quorters	3 234	2 797	2 637	58
ersons per household	2.52	2.42	2.28	2.59
Persons 65 years and over	3.04 <b>45 191</b>	3.00 <b>24 331</b>	2.93   14 848	3.06 <b>16 290</b>
households	41 599 29 056	22 440	13 776 9 772	15 118 10 576
Nonfomily hausehalder	13 804	15 691 7 634	5 050	4 953
Living aloneSpouse	13 475 10 674	7 433 5 698	4 911 3 360	4 846 3 874
Other relatives	1 538	853	502	561
Nonrelativesstitutianalized persons	331 3 454	198 1 811	1 42 1 038	107 1 169
ther persons in group quorters	138	80	34	3
AMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN  Fomilies	84 520	41 002	22 097	34 633
Vith awn children under 18 years	39 442	18 309	9 509	16 615
Number af own children under 18 years Married-couple fomilies	72 312 <b>71 651</b>	33 041 <b>34 133</b>	16 927 17 905	30 330 <b>29 590</b>
Vith own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	31 955 60 508	14 478 27 200	7 138 13 383 <b>3 347</b>	13 533 25 334
Femole householder, no husband present	9 844	5 324	3 347	3 840
Vith own children under 18 years Number af own children under 18 years	6 061 9 680	3 161 4 858	2 020 3 030	2 467 4 062
MARITAL STATUS				
Moles 15 years and over	115 378 29 007	<b>57 993</b> 16 020	<b>32 647</b> 10 089	<b>45 572</b> 10 268
ow married, except separated	73 446	35 063	18 446	30 299
eparoted	1 032 3 036	549 1 636	347 930	391 1 123
ivarced	8 857	4 725	2 835	3 491
Females 15 years and over	128 042 24 827	<b>65 488</b> 13 948	<b>37 983</b> 9 124	<b>49 881</b> 8 531
lever marriedlow morried, except seporated	73 358	35 093	18 501	30 205
SeparatedNidowedNidowed	1 429 16 443	780 8 948	495 5 514	545 6 060
Divorced	11 985	6 719	4 349	4 540

		Troct 31.01		4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4 4 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Peorio County	Troct 30		5 5 6 73 8 8 8 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8	5 5 7 5 2 3 3 2 2 2 5 3 4 3 3 3 4 3 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4
	r split trocts/8NA	Troct 29		3 4 4 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 4 168 3 9 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Totols fo	Troct 28		8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2 603 2 243 2 243 3 218 2 27 2 67 2 67 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
		Woodford		28 88 84 84 85 85 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	<b>28</b> 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28
		Woshington			00 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000
		Pekin city (pt.)		32 25 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	32 25.4 31 982 32 823 3823 3823 3823 3823 3823 3823
	Tozewell County	Morton village		13 73 73 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	13 799 13 799 13 650 13 650 13 650 14 60 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 1
	_	Eost Peorio city		20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	23 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55
		Totol		123 692 122 123 124 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	123 692 123 692 123 683 18 8 18 8 221 8 221 8 432 432 234 432 2014 7014 7014 7014 7014 7014 7014 7014 7
		Peorio city		13 504 19 808 10 808	113 504 8 85 52 8 82 52 8 82 52 8 82 52 8 8 82 1 9 64 1 9 66 1 8 8 1 9 66 1 8 8 1 8 8 1 9 66 1 8 8 1 8 8 1 8 8 1 8 8 1 8 6 1 8
	Peorio County	Pekin city (pt.)			
0		Totol		24	182 837   1 4 298   1 4 298   1 4 298   1 4 208   2 4 892   2 4 892   3 303   2 225   2 193   1 100 
gin: 1990		Peorio, IL MSA		23, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28	339 172 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: [For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]	Census Tract or Block Numbering	Area	RACE	While Slock American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Skimo and Aleut	White Hisponic origin Not of Hisponic origin Slock Hisponic origin Not of Hisponic origin Not of Hisponic origin American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleul Not of Hisponic origin

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]														
Census Tract or Block Numbering						Totals for	split tracts/BNA	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Pearia Caunty—Con.	-Con.					
Area	Tract 31.02	Tract 33	Tract 34.01	Tract 34.02	Tract 35	Tract 39	Tract 41.01	Tract 41.02	Tract 42	Tract 43	Tract 44	Tract 46	Tract 48.02	Tract 49.01
White  All persons  White  All persons  White  All conditions and Aleut  Assign of Pacific Islander  Chinese  C	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	<b>8</b> 8 937 8 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	8 8 746 8 74	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	44 46 64000114471-041111111114	60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6	4.0 8.0.0.0 8.4.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0 8.0.0	3 4 00 8 9 933 9 9 933 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	20 20 177 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	8800 8807 8807 8807 807 807 807 807 807	80 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	4 4 2 7 7 2 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	ωω 6,77 2,70 2,00 2,00 3,00 3,00 3,00 3,00 3,00 3,0
Hispanic origin (of any race)  Mexican  Mexican  Cherto Rican  Cubon  Other Hispanic origin  RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN	5 835 88 88 36 36 4 7 5 747	3 325 21 1 2 3 3 304	8 103 8 103	3 820 34 19 19 10 3 786	1 078 8 6 6 6 7 1 070	4 429 19 9 9 9 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 007 21 10 10 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 9 9 9	4 058 36 24 24 6 4 022	4 089 29 15 15 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 823 54 37 3 3 2 12 2 2 769	5 899 75 52 7 7 7 3 13 5 824	<b>8</b> 493 33 33 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4 902 642 42 1 1 2 1 8 838	3 595 10 0 6 0 7 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
White Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin American Indian Carlon Carl	5 833 2 324 2 3164 2 3164 2 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	3 325 3 129 3 116 3 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 147 147 10 10 10	3 032 3 032 3 021 3 77 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3 820 3 746 3 748 3 718 25 25 2 2 2 4 4 1 4 1 4 6 6 6	8 00 1 1 058 1 1 058 1 1 058 1 1 1 058 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<b>44</b> 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3 007 844 15 879 879 879 879 871 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 46 4 95 8 3 3 4 6 3 3 3 4 6 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 5 6	9 4 089 3 933 3 9176 9 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	2 823 2 605 2 605 2 566 177 175 175 2 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$ 899 5 088 708 708 708 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3 598 3 572 8 566 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con. [for definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

		Tract 1		1 935	200	1 220	6	6	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1
	Pekin city (pt.) , Peorio County	Troct 49.01 (pt.)		Ī	•	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	Census Tract or Block Numbering		DON	All persons			Αu				As	As			Japanese

278 78 64 13 13 193

271 926 455 455 455 286 286 17 17 17 17 17

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Design of Proposition

Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con. Table 8.

Census Tract or Block Numbering						Peo	Peoria city, Peoria Co	Peoria Caunty—Con.						
Area	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29 (pt.)
While  While  While  Shack  American Indian Eskima. or Aleut  American Indian  American Indian  American Indian  Asian or Pocific Islander  Asian Indian  Chinese  Asian Indian  Asian Indian  Karen  Chinese  Asian Indian  Chinese  Commania  Chinese  Commania  Commania  Commania  Commania  Other Pacific Islander  Other race  Other race  Other race  Other race	2 6 6 3 3 2 6 8 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	<b>688</b> 11001 1002 1002 1003 1003 1003 1003 100	2 5 33 1 1 2 5 33 3 1 2 5 33 3 1 2 5 3 3 3 1 2 5 3 3 3 1 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	200 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	3 8 8 8 2 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	86.22 2.23 2.24 2.24 2.24 2.24 2.25 2.24 2.25 2.25	4 8 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	8 2000 2 20000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 20000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 20000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000 2 2000	4 4 6 4 4 4 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	2 613 726 726 726 726 18 18 18 18 19 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	7 285 030 030 030 030 04 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05	80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	48.8 138.9 20.0 30.0 30.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 4
All persons Hispanic origin (of any race) Mexican Puerto Rican Cuban Other Hispanic Nat of Hispanic arigin	3 60 60 60 3 610	685 27 17 3 3 7 658	4 031 81 54 13 13 14 3 950	1 999 27 7 8 8 12 1 972	3 899 83 32 32 12 33 816	\$ 300 73 35 35 7 7 31 5 227	4 420 45 25 25 4 4 12 4 375	\$ 295 28 17 17 2 2 9 5 267	4 967 105 59 - - 4 862	3 613 63 39 7 7 17 3 550	2 070 26 21 21 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	7 285 90 55 3 3 13 19 7 195	3 558 30 16 16 3 558	4 166 27 19 19 2 2 2 6 6 4 139
White Mission origin Hispanic origin Hispanic origin Hispanic origin Hispanic origin Hispanic origin Ont of Hispanic origin Nat of Hispanic origin Anne Inflatoric origin Asia or Pecific Islander Hispanic origin Nat of Hispanic origin	2 637 2 637 2 551 2 551 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	888 542 16 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2 633 533 633 7 2 633 7 2 633 1 2 68 1 6 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 999 1 715 1 699 1 84 1 84 4 4 8 89 7 7 6 6 6	3 899 3 420 3 420 3 391 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	5 300 3 511 3 511 4 473 4 747 1 645 1 645	3 4 4 20 3 862 3 862 3 862 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	5 295 5 000 6 4 989 11 227 227 16 16 16 17 11 17 11 17	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3 613 3 770 2 770 726 721 15 15 18 18 18 18	2 070 1 961 1 932 2 92 7 7 7 7 7 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	7 285 6 110 6 052 1 032 1 018 1 114 7 111 1 113 1 114 7 7	3 3.88 2005 2005 2005 2005 2005 2005 2005 20	4 166 3 939 1 932 1 922 1 38 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 7 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

(For definitions of terms and medinings of symbols, see lext)														
Census Tract or Block Numbering	Pearia city, Peoria County—Con.	County — Con.						Remainder of Peorio County	orio County					
Area	Troct 46 (pt.)	Troct 48.02 (pt.)	Troct 28 (pt.)	Troct 29 (pt.)	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.) 1	Troct 33 (pt.)	Troct 34.01 (pt.)	Troct 34.02 (pt.)	Troct 35 (pt.)	Tract 36.01	Troct 36.02	Troct 37
RACE All persons	1 1	300	17	<b>8</b> 0	<b>42</b>	115	• •	• •	1 017 1 004	3 098 3 048	<b>500</b>	2 758 2 734	<b>5 623</b> 5 516	2 912 2 901
Block Americon Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	1 1	63	4 1	111	111	m 1	111	-11	0.00	7. 20		400	5 5	7
American Indian Eskimo	1 1 1	- 1 1				1 1 1			9 I I	4 1 1	) I I	7	ווי	- 1 1
Asion Asion	111		1 1 1	11	11		1 1	1.1	99	25 25	1 1	4 [	~~	7
Chinese	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1-1	1-1	1 1	1-1	- m -	<u>0</u> 1-	1 1	14	l m	1 1
Asian Indian	1 1 1	1 1-	1 1 1		1 1 1	~		1 1 1	- 1 -	- 6 -	1 1 1	1 1 4	. – –	104
Vettomese	1 1 1	- 1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	- 1 1	1 1	1 1	. 1 1	- 1	1 1	r i I	- 5 -	)
Honorg		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
Thoi	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1 0	1	1
Other Asion	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	7 -	1 1	mm	1 1	1 1
Howoiian	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	က ၊	1 1	1 1
Guomanion	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other roce	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	ŧ I	1 1	1 1	2	1 9	1 1	14	78	ı —
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
		ç	:	c	\$	311	•	ď	1 013		905			
Hispanic origin (of ony roce)	1 1	0 4 .	<u> </u>	7 -	<b>;</b>	222	<b>-</b> 1	<b>.</b> I	5	26 26 15	<b>2</b> co c	8 E 6	23 23 23 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	7 = -
Mexicon Puerto Ricon	1 1	4 1	1 1		- 1	2 1		1 1	4 1	2-0	9 I	77	±777	5
Cuban Other Hispanic Not of Hispanic origin	111	296	- 71	7 1 7	1 1 4	105	1 1 6	110	1 012	3 072	497	7 7 727 2	5 392	2 901
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN														
White Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin		300 235 234 234 63 63 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<b>7</b> € 1€ 4 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8010111111111111	84-411111111111	#E 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	<b>⋄</b>	<u>~~10111111111111</u>	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	3 008 3 048 3 028 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 1	004 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	84	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2 912 2 9012 2 89 9 9 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

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[Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbals, see text]														
Census Tract or Block Numbering							Remainder af Pearia County—Con.	ria County—Con.						
Area	Tract 38	Tract 39 (pt.)	Tract 40	Tract 41.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)	Tract 42 (pt.)	Troct 43 (pt.)	Tract 44 (pt.)	Tract 45	Tract 46 (pt.)	Tract 48.01	Tract 48.02 (pt.)	Tract 49.01 (pt.)	Tract 49.02
RACE														
White White Black American Indian Estima or Albut	2 997 2 964 1	<b>4 429</b> 4 404 5	<b>4 281</b> 4 243 9 9 7	1 922 1 883 1 14	704 675 23 4	4 070 3 914 96 7	2 806 2 588 177	5 148 4 783 264	5 066 4 809 207	5 493 5 389 75	4 040 3 970 27	<b>4 602</b> 4 482 96	3 572 3 572	4 068 3 889 153
American Indian Eskina	0 1	1 5 1	· • 0 1 r	- 1	41		41	= '	0.001	ο αο Ι	, r ।	1 57	<u> </u>	0 40 1
Aleut Asion or Pacific Islander Asion or Pacific Islander Asion	180/4	1 4 4 7	-== '	- 222	1 1 1 1	3391	26 25	188-	788 78	'=="	145	1 55 52 6	144	1
Filmes Filmes Jopanese Asian Indian	)— I I	. 1 – 2	1-10	211-9	1 1 1	1.000	1 22	- თ თ. I	<u>~</u> - 4	0   -	– 1	v4− I	1 1 - 1	1 - 1 3 7
Karean	1 1 1	411	>	» I I	1 1 1	4 55 1	1 02	43.1	411	0 m l	0	v- 1	က၊၊	2 - 1
Hmong Laohian Thai	1 1 1	1 ( )	111-	111-	1 1 1	1 1	11/10	1	1 1 1	111	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1
Other Asian Pacific Islander Hawaiian	1-1	111	- 1 1	- 1 1	1 1 1	171	7	7 1 1	1 2 1	1 1 1	lm l	1	1 1 1	1 1 1
Sumation Guarmanian Other Poorlic Islander	1 51	1114	111=	1116	5   1	14	* * ' =	30	2 16	1119	22 - 3	1119	1114	E
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
Hispanic origin (of any race) Mexican Puerto Rican Cuban Chiese Hispanic	2 997 44 44 34 1	<b>4 429</b> 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1	<b>4 281</b> 22 28 18 18 18 1	1 922 14 9 9 9	40	4 070 29 15 1	2 806 54 37 3 2	5 148 62 49 1 3	5 066 28 28 2 2	5 493 39 33 1 1	4 040 38 26 4	<b>4 602</b> 860 98 1 1 2 2	3 595 10 6 6	4 068 28 15 6
Not of Hispanic origin RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN	2 953	4 410	4 259	1 908	703	4 041	2 752	5 086	5 021	5 454	4 002	4 542	3 585	4 040
All persons  White Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Asian or Pactic Islander  Hispanic origin  Not of Hispanic origin  Asian or Pactic Islander  Hispanic origin  Other race  Hispanic origin  Other race  Hispanic origin  Other race  Hispanic origin  Other race  Hispanic origin  Other race	2 9997 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	44 4 64 4 84 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	4 243 4 243 4 230 6 2 9 7 7 7 7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 922 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	707 675 675 23 23 24 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	3 3 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 806 2 588 2 588 2 549 1 77 1 75 2 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 148 4 783 4 747 264 8 8 8 256 1 1 1 1 1 0 60 60 81 81 81	5 066	5 493 389 3 380 3 7 5 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	3 942 3 942 3 942 1 27 2 7 2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	4 0 0 6 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

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Table 8.	[Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]
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[Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]												1		
Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remainder of Pearia Caunty— Con.	aria Caunty—					Totals far	r split tracts/BNA	split tracts/BNA's in Tazewell County	uty				
Area	Tract 50.97	Tract 50.98	Tract 201	Tract 203.01	Tract 203.02	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 208	Tract 209	Tract 211.01	Tract 211.02	Tract 212.01
RACE														
White	1 1	1 1	2 015	<b>4 835</b> 4 792	<b>5 370</b> 5 310	<b>5 955</b> 5 866	<b>4 876</b> 4 834	<b>2 078</b> 2 067	<b>3 950</b> 3 919	<b>3 770</b> 3 728	2 469 2 447	<b>7 343</b> 7 270	<b>5 506</b> 5 454	2 205 2 177
BlackAmerican Indian, Eskimo, ar Aleut	1 1	1 4	<b>30</b>	<u> </u>	23 8	5 9 2	= ~ !	- 1 5	ε <u>4</u>	o 4	w 4	<u> </u>	10	v 4
American Indian	1 1	1 1	- ı	<b>9</b> 1	οο I	91 -	7 -	- ı	4 1	<u>4</u>	4 1	15	0 -	4 1
Asim or Parific Islander	1 1	1 1	'=	16	12	25	1 2	Ιœ	1 4		10	1 84	26	1 91
Asian	1 1	1 1	2-	∞ 1	12	333	13	œ ι	14	7 _	0 4	47	26	91
Filiping	1	1 1	· က I	1 -	۱ ۳	က l	ıຕ		- 1	10	က I	m m	12	- 1
Asian Indian	1	ı	1 -	- 1 =	220	4 0	1 7	٠   د	4	114	1	, vo v	12	10
Korean Vietnamese	1 1	1 1	- 5	4 W	? I	04	4 —	44	nœ	ור	ı —	22	=-	12
CambadionHmanaHmana	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 4	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	4 1	1 1
Laotian	ı	ı	1	1	1	1-	- 0	ı	1	1	۱۲	10	1	1
Other Asian	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	14	- 1	7; 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	7 1	n vo	1 1	1 1
Pacific Islander	1	1			1	2.5	ı	1	1	1	1		1	1
Samaan	1 1	1 1	- 1	- 1	1 1	7 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	- 1	1 1	1 1
Guamanian	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1
Other race	1 1	1 1	ı —	71		33	' <del>-</del>	1 1	1 1	12	1 40	1 40	- 4	lm
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	1	1	2 015	4 835	5 370	5 955	4 876	2 078	3 950	3 770	2 469	7 343	5 506	2 205
Mexican Mexican	1 1	1 1	5 4	24	94	73	20	4 I	7	35	13	3.5	35	18
Puerto Rican	1 1	1 1	1 1	7	- I	2	7	1 1	4 1	က ၊	1 1	40 I	4 1	- 1
Other Hispanic Not of Hispanic origin	1 1	1 1	2 011	14 789	20 5 303	12 5 868	15 4 834	2 076	3 936	3 717	2 448	7 298	18 5 471	10 2 176
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	1	1	2 015	4 835	\$ 370	\$ 955	4 876	2 078		3 770	2 469	7 343	5 506	2 205
White Hispanic origin	1 1	1 1	474						2 13					
Not of Hispanic origin	1 1	1 1	066 -	4 /64	23 23	5 813 15	4 - 1 - 1	2 065 2	3 40e 33	3 68/	2 430 3	/ 23	5 433 2	2 151 5
Hispanic arigin	1 1	1 1	1 00	'=	23	15	ო დ	1 2	l m	10	lα	1 40	1 2	1 40
American Indian, Eskimo, ar Aleut	1 1	1 1	- 1	91	∞ I	91 -	<i>ر</i> د	- 1	4 -	4	4 1	15	01	4
Not of Hispanic origin	1 1	1 1	ı — ;	9	( co )	-51	o 4	ı —	- 8	1 4	14	15	01	1 4
Asian ar Pacific Islander	1 1	1 1	= '	о —	12	25 1	2 2	∞ I	4 1	7	<u>0</u> 1	48	26	91
Not af Hispanic arigin	1	1	=-	ω <u>ι</u>	12	24	==	œ	14	7	0,	47	26	91
Uther race Hispanic origin	1 1	1 1	~ I ·	12	11	323	==	1 1	1 1	122	ο 4 ·	ν <sub>1</sub> ν	4 7	mm
Nat of Hispanic origin	-	1	_	ı	ı	-	1	1	1	ı	-	ı	1	1

Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

		Tract 224		5 201 5 161 7 7 5 5	1 1 5 5 5	11101	1114	111110		\$ 201 37 34 34 5 144		5 201 5 161 5 130 7 7 7 7 7 5 5 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
		Tract 223		3 333 358	1==%1-	- 10-1	111-	11111		88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88		8 33 8 8 3 3 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
		Troct 222		3 952 3 913 12 7	1 <u>4 6</u> 6 1 1	m vo	1118	-111-9		3 952 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15		8 8 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
		Troct 221		3 408 3 379 4 1	1 <b>5 5</b> 2 8 -	- m m — I	1111	1111100		60 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80		3 3 408 3 370 3 371 4 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
		Tract 218.02		2 021 2 012 3 3 3	1 1 1 1 3 1	1 1 1 1	1111	111119		2 021 18 13 3 3 3 3 2 003		2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	I County—Con.	Tract 218.01		3 387 3 387 13 13	1779 1 7 6	19110	1 1 <del>-</del> m·	1111		3 417 23 7 7 1 1 15 3 394		3 417 3 887 3 867 3 364 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Tazewell County—Con	Troct 217.02		4 987 4 948 6 15	19921-	. 10.001		111110		4 987 15 15 15 14 972 1		4 987 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
	otals for split tract	Troct 216.06		<b>4</b> 4 4 4 4 4 2 2 7 7 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1455411	w m I I	m·	I I I m		4 470 12 13 5 5 4 4 4		44 4 44 4 433 4 64 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
		Troct 216.04		2 106 2 093 2 1	1001	-641	1111	111111		2 106 10 10 1 3 3 3 2 096		2 106 2 083 2 083 2 083 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		Troct 216.03		<b>4 256</b> 4 236 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1==41-	10011	1111	111110		4 256 27 16 1 1 4 4 4 229		4 4 236 236 236 236 236 236 236 236 236 236
		Tract 215		6 172 6 113 122 122	- 2 - 33 3 -	7 7 7 1	1111			6 172 244 24 8 8 8 6 128		6 113 6 08 6 08 8 3 3 2 2 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
1990—Con.		Troct 212.03		3 960 3 960 10 11 11	24 4 4 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. ww. I	111-	''''=		4 019 44 38 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		9 3 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
		Tract 212.02		8 3 112 112 12 12 4 4 4 4 1	125-4		1111	111114		8 144 13 5 13 5 13 5 13 5 13 5 13 5 13 5 13 5		88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: [For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]	Census Tract or Block Numbering	Area	RACE	White White Block American Indian, Eximo, or Aleut Eximo.	Aleut Asinn or Pacific Islander Chinese Chinese Innonese	Asion Indian Asion Indian Verean Verturase Cambodian	Laatian Laatian Thai Other Asian	Podific Islander Havarian Samzan Summanian Other Pacific Islander	HISPANIC ORIGIN	All persons Hispanic origin (of any race) Mexican Petro Rican Cubon Other Hispanic Not of Hispanic pragin	RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN	Mitter Hisponic origin Not of Hisponic origin Hisponic origin Origin Hisponic origin Origin Asian or Pacific Islander Hisponic origin Asian or Pacific Islander Hisponic origin O

Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con. Table 8.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbals, see text]														
Census Tract or Block Numbering					Eo	East Pearia city, Tozewell Caunty	ewell Caunty						Mortan village, Tazewell County	zewell County
Area	Troct 201 (pt.)	Tract 201.99	Tract 202	Tract 203.01 (pt.)	Tract 203.02 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 212.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 224 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 216.03 (pt.)
RACE	310	•	ĕ			9					8		5	
White	2 015 1 994 8	<b>0</b> ~ 0 I	1 041 L	4 4 100 100	5 227 227 22	<u>∞</u> <u>∞</u> ।	1 1 1	111	3 038	3 529	974 974	328	1 559	2 951 2 951
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		111	l ro ro	, rv v	1 & &	111	1 1	1.1	44	,4 <u>.</u>	1 1 1	111		- 1 1
EskimaAluna Aluna	' '=	1 1 1	1 100	1 1 00	112	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 2	1 m <u>m</u>	114	Ilm	''=	1 12
Asian	0 - 6	1 1	က I		<u>0</u> 1	1 1	1 1	1.1.	2-7	2 2 2	41	m I	= ' '	<u>0</u> 4
Jopanese Asian Indian	2     -			1- 10	1-00	111	1 1 1	1 1 1	† I ~~ v	n — en u	6	l m I	, 10,	1-14
Korean	- 5 1		- 1 1	იო I	911	111	i i 1	111	011	n- I	n- 1	1 1 1	01-	011
Loofian Lastin The Transfer of	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	111	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	111	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 4 1
Other Asian Pacific Islander	1-	11	1.1	1-	4 1	1 1	1 t	1 1	1.1	- I	1 1	11		1 1 1
Hawaiian Samoan	- 1	1 1	1 1	- 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
Guamanian Other Pacific Islander Other race	11	111	llm	- 71	71	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	114	110	114	11-	ı ı-	110
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons.  Hisponic orgin (of any race).  Alexicon.  Puerto Rican.	2 015 4 2	<b>9</b> 010	1 052 20 14 -	4 040 43 23	5 284 67 46 1	<b>≅</b>	1 1 1 1	1111	3 070 13 5 3	3 579 41 36	982	1 332	1 <b>571</b> 6 4	2 968 25 15
Other Hispanic Arigin	2 011	114	1 032	12 3 997	20 5 217	1 1 82	1 1 1	1 1 1	3 057	3 538	975	1 324	1 565	2 943
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN														
White Hispanic origin Asian or Pacific Islander Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin Hispanic origin Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	<b>0</b> 004	<b>600</b> 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	8 4 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	5 284 5 207 5 20 5 177 2 22 8 8 8 8 10 10 10 17	<u>\$2.00</u>	1111111111111111	11111111111111111	<b>60</b> 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	80.00 80 80.00 80 80.00 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	33.7 32.8 32.1 32.1 32.1 33.2 32.1 33.2 33.2 33.2	558 658 688 688 688 688 688 688 688 688	2 2 2 2 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

Table 8.

Led definitions of lettins and theunings of symbols, see feet														
Census Tract or Block Numbering		Martan ville	Martan village, Tazewell Caunt	aunty—Con.					Pekin city	Pekin city (pt.), Tazewell County	County			
Area	Tract 216.04 (pt.)	Tract 216.05	Tract 216.06 (pt.)	Tract 217	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 210	Tract 211.01 (pt.)	Troct 211.02 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 217.02 (pt.)
RACE														
All persons	2 092 2 079	2 806 2 779	4 362 4 334	1 1	l i	2 078 2 067	3 881 3 850	3 770 3 728	2 469 2 447	6 067 6 033	7 343	4 983 4 935	857	
Black American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	- 5	60 KJ	L 4	1 1	1 1	15	e 4	9 4	ι 4	22 23	15.5	600	- 1	
American Indian	- 1	vΩI	41	1-1	1 1	- 1	4 1	<u>4</u> 1	41	21	15	<b>ω</b> Ι	- 1	
Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander	12	15	<u> </u>	1 1	1 1	1 00	1 4	7	10	- 5	1 48	26	2	
Asian	0 1	15	13	1 1	1 1	<b>ω</b> Ι	4 1		0 4	4	47	26	2	
Filipino			. ]	1 1	1		-	10	m		m	12	1 1	
Asian Indian	‹	1 77	1 50 0	1 1	1 1	- 10	1 1 4	4   1	1 1	7 1	n 101 c	1 1;	1 1	
Vietnamese	24	7 80	ומ	1 1	1 1	14	Λ &	0 1	ı —	1 1	22	=-	2	
Cambodian	1 1	1 4	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1	
Laatian	1	1	1	1	ī	ł	l	1	1	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	
Thai	1 1	1 -	le	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	2	- 1	m×	1	1	
Pacific Islander	1	- 1		1	1	1	1	1		ı <b>–</b>	o-	1 1	1 1	
Hawaiian	1 1	1 1	- 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	-	1	1	
Guamanian	1	1 1	1 1	1	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	ı —	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
Other race	1 1	I 4	IΜ	1 1	1 1	1 1	1-1	12	1 50	1 42	1 9	12	1-	
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	2 092	2 806	4 362	1 1	1 1	2 078	3 881	3 770	2 469	6 067	7 343	4 983	857	
Market Control of the	:-«	91	iwĸ	1	1		· -	38.	3	0	? E '	30.	o vo	
Cuban	n en -	1 1	n 1 :	1 1	1 1	1 1	r ) ·	) I	1 1	0 1	וח	4	1 4	
Other Hispanic Origin	2 082	2 787	4 350	1 1	1 1	2 076	3 868	3 717	2 448	6 048	7 298	4 953	1 851	491
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	2 092	2 806	4 362	1	1						7 343	4 983	857	
Hispanic origin	200	13	23.6	. 1	1	2 00,2	250	41	17.0	3 4 5	36	25. 18.	200	1 490
Not of Hispanic origin	2 009	7 /00	4 323	1 1	1 1							4 417	848	
Hispanic arigin	10	10	1	1 1	1 1	10	1 ~	10	10	10	lv	110	1	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	- 7	2 40 0	4	1 1	1 1	7-	. <del>1</del>	4	04	22	15	7 89	ı —	
Not of Hispanic arigin	1-	3 2	14	1 1	1 1	۱-	- 81	1 4	14	22	15	1 00	1-	
Asian ar Pacific Islander	2 '	15	14	1 1	1 1	<b>∞</b> I	4	7	01	\$	48	26	2	
Not af Hispanic origin	01	51.	4.	1	1	80	14	1 ~ 5	2	1 45 4	- 74	28:	5	
Uther race	1 1	4 4	m m	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	122	v 4	o vo	<b>0</b> 40	12.2		
Not af Hispanic origin	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	! !	. 1	

Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con. Table 8.

New York	Census Tract or	Block Numbering	Pekin city (pt.), Tazewell Caunty—Con	well Caunty—Con.		Washin	Washington city, Tazewell County	unty	
### All persons   1915			Tract 218.01 (pt.)	Tract 218.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 221 (pt.)	Tract 222 (pt.)	Tract 223 (pt.)	Tract 224 (pt.)
White All persons									
Advanced before the product of the	White		309	1 1	1 1				
Chemical following training, or Newly   Chemical following training train	Black		ı	ı	•		= '		
All the control of	American Indian, Eskimo, ar Alevi American Indian		1 1	1 1	1 1		7	1 1	
Asian of Policy blonder 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Eskimo		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	
Activation of Historic cright   Activation of Historic crigh	Asian or Pacific Islander		9 11	1	F I	27	13	7	
Figure   Page	Chinese		7 l	1 1	1 1	3.40	iw		
Activation of the parties and the parties are produced in the parties and the parties are parties and the parties and the parties are parties and the parties are parties and the parties are parties are parties and the parties are pa	Filipino		2	1 1		m –	1 1	1	
Vertication         3         4         3           Vertication         1         4         3           Combodin         2         1         4         3           Combodin         3         4         3         4         3           Composition         3         4         3         4         3           Composition         4	Asian Indian			1 1	. 1	- m (	m·	- 1 4	
Composition	Korean		ı	1	1 1	m -	4	m <b>-</b>	
High Auton Critic Standard Control C	Cambodian		1 1	1 1	1 1	- 1		- 1	
Positive Admin   Posi	Hmong		1	1	1	1	1	•	
Comparison	toatian		1 ~	•	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	
Profite islander   1	Other Asian		2 -	1 1	1 1		7	-	
Semonia   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	Pacific Islander		-	1	1	1	-	1	
Summon Control Contr	Hawaiian			1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	
State   Pacific Islander   State   Stander	Guamanian			1	1	. 1	1	1	
Hispanic Origin (origin Carlot)	Other Pacific Islander		1 1	1 3	1 1	1	- 9	1 1	
Hispanic origin (origin for more)  All persons  All perso	2010					•	•		
State   Stat	HISPANIC ORIGIN								
Mexical critic (ab) (ab) (ab) (ab) (ab) (ab) (ab) (ab)	All persons		315	1	1	3 044			-
Purpose   National Control C	Hispanic origin (of any race)		n v	1 1		<u>0</u> 🕾	0 50	o vo	
Other Hispanic origin	Puerto Rican		) I	ı	1	<u>:</u> -	2 1	. 1	
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN         310         2 568           RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN         315         2 573           White         315         2 573           Hispanic origin         304         3 159         2 573           Hispanic origin         304         3 122         2 553           Hispanic origin         304         3 13         2 554           Hispanic origin         304         3 008         3 113         2 554           Hispanic origin         304         3 008         3 113         2 554           Hispanic origin         4         11         7           American Indian, Eskino, or Aleut         4         11         7           Hispanic origin         6         -         -         -           Hispanic origin         -         -         -	Cuban Licensia		1 1	1 3	1 1	1 -	1 1	1 1	
State and Hispanic Origin   State and Hispanic   State and Hispanic Origin   State and Hispanic Origin   State a	Nat of Hispanic origin		310	1	1	3 029	3 144		=
White         All persons         315         2 573         11           White         309         306         3122         2 559         11           Not of purponic origin         304         3 122         2 559         11           Not of histonic origin         4         11         7           Histonic origin         4         11         7           Not of Histonic origin         4         11         7           Histonic origin         6         1         7           Histonic origin         1 <t< td=""><td>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN								
White         And parameter         309         2559         1         2554         1         2559 <th< td=""><td>All seconds</td><td></td><td>315</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>3 044</td><td></td><td>1 573</td><td>-</td></th<>	All seconds		315	1	1	3 044		1 573	-
Not of Hisponic origin   Not of Hisponic ori	White		306	1	1	3 016		2 559	
Block   Control Mayoric Origin   Control May	Hispanic origin		308	1 1	1 1	3 008		2 554	-
Hisponic origin			t 1	1 1		9 4	==	7	-
National Risponic Origin   National Confidence   National Confid			1	1	1	1.	1:	1 **	
Hispanic origin — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —			1 1	1 1	1 1	4 –	- 1		
Alond of Hispanic origin			1	1	1	- 1 -	1	1	
Not of Hispanic origin			14	1 1	1 1	- <u>×</u>	7	16	
Not of Hispanic origin			<b>9</b> I	1 1		2 1	2 1	~ 1	
University designation of the control of the contro			9	1	1	92	13	7	
			1	ı	1 1	~ ~	Φ.4	1	

Tract 204 (pt.)

Tract 203.02 (pt.)

Tract 203.01 (pt.)

Troct 201 (pt.)

Remainder of Tazewell Caunty

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]											
Census Tract or Block Numbering					Remoinc	Remoinder of Tazewell County—Con	Con.				
Area	Troct 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Troct 209 (pt.)	Tract 211.01 (pt.)	Tract 211.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 212.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)
RACE											
White White	4 876 4 834	1 1	<b>69</b>	1 1	1 1	1 1	<b>523</b> 519	2 205	74	<b>4</b> £	2 762
Block		1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1	10	•		<del>-</del>	
American Indian	, ,		1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	77			1 1	==
EskimoAleut	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1			1 :	: 1
Asian or Pocific Islander	<u> </u>	1	1	1	1	1	1			•	· 2:
Chinese	200	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1			<b>9</b> 1	- 15
Japonese	m I	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1			1 1	1-
Asian Indian	14	1 1	1 1	<b>a</b> 1	1 1	1 1	1			1	. 15
Vietnamese			. 1	1	•	1 1				1 •0	<u></u> 1
Hangia	1 1			1 1	' '	1 1	1 1			•	1
Laotian		1	1	ı	•						
Their Control of the	5	1 1	1 1	1	1	1	1			1	•
Pacific Islander		1 1	١ ١		1 1		1 1				1 1
Hawaiian	1	1	•	1	1	1	,				
Samoan	1	1	<b>a</b> 1	1 1	1	•	1			•	•
Other Pocific Islander						1 1				1 1	1 1
Other roce	=	ı	1	1	1	1	2			2	•
HISPANIC ORIGIN											
All persons	4 876	1	69	'	1	'	523	2 205	72	044	2 762
Mexican	2.5	1 1	- 1			1 1	0.4	29	1 1	m c	25
Puerto Rican	7	1	•	1	1	1		-	1	•-	<u> </u>
Outon Other Hispanic Not of Hispanic origin	15 4 834		1 - 89	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	518	10 2 17 <b>6</b>	- 7	- 437	3 6 737
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN											
All persons	4 876	1	69	1	1	1	523		2	440	
White Hispanic origin	4 834	1 1	<b>3</b> -9	1 1	1 1	1 1	519	2 177	74	431 3	2 727 19
Not of Hispanic origin	4 = = =	1 1	æ '	1 1	1 1	1 1	516		74	428	
Hispanic origin	ma	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	14	1		) I (
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	010	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	2	0.4	1 1	- 1	m=
Nat of Hispanic origin	w 4			1 1		1 1	2	14	1 1	1 1	1=
Asion or Pocific Islander	<u>13</u>	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	91 -	1 1	•	12:
Not of Hispanic arigin	'=:	1	1	1	1	1		91	1 1	1 •0	15
Hispanic origin	==	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	22	mm	1 1	1 5	••
Not of Hispanic origin	ı	ı		1	1	•	I	1	1	2	1

Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con. Table 8.

[For definitions of ferms and meanings of symbols, see fext]				-							
Census Tract or Block Numbering					Remaind	Remainder of Tazewell County—Con	– Con.				
Area	Tract 216.03 (pt.)	Tract 216.04 (pt.)	Tract 216.06 (pt.)	Tract 217.01	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	Tract 218.01 (pt.)	Tract 218.02 (pt.)	Tract 219	Tract 220	Tract 221 (pt.)	Tract 222 (pt.)
RACE All persons	1 288 1 285		<b>108</b>	<b>4 097</b> 4 077	<b>4 496</b> 4 458	3 102 3 078	2 021 2 012	4 700 4 685	4 084 4 071	<b>364</b> 363	<b>793</b>
Black American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut			1 1 1		8 5 5 5	. សស	l m m	0101S	- ო ო	1 1 1	-11
Eskimo Aleut Aleut Asion or Pacific Islander	11-		1 1 1	21	116	11=	1 1 1	1 150	l lm	1 1 1	11-
Asion Chinese Filipino	-+1	1 1 1	1 1 1	2 1 20	<b>о−</b> 1 <i>г</i>	= 150	1 1 1	so II.	m	1 1 1	-
Jopanese Asian Indian Asian Indian Korean			1 1 1	716	- 121	ω 1 1 c	111	-88	ı — —	1 1 1	
Vietnamese			1 1 1	1 1 1	ווי	7 1 1			1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1
Lootian			1 1	1 1	1 1	1 (	1.1	1.4	1.1	1 1	1 1
Other Asian	1 1		1-1	- 1	1 1	- 1	1 1	1 1	<del>-</del> 1	1 1	1 1
Howaiian Samaan	1 1		1-1	1 1	1 1	1 1	ł 1	t I	1 1		1 1
Other Pacific Islander	1 1		ı <b>ı</b>	1 10	1 l a	11	114	1 1 1 1	1 1 4	1 1-	1 1
Uner race			1	,	•		•	,	<b>.</b>	-	1
HISPANIC ORIGIN											
All persons Hispanic origin (of any race) Mexican Mexican Color Color	1 288	<u></u> 1 1 1 1	8 1 1 1 1	<b>4 097</b> 10 5	<b>4</b> <b>4</b> 82 82 82	3 105 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	2 021 18 13 3 3 3 13	<b>4</b> 700 12 12 – 1	4 084 17 9	368 4	793
Other Hispanic	1 286	1 4	901	4 087	4 481	3 084	2 003	4 686	4 067	364	793
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN											
White White Harsons All persons White Whit	1 288 1 285 1 285		801 801 108	<b>4 097</b> 4 077 4 069	<b>4 496</b> 4 458 7 4 451	3 102 3 078 3 060	2 021 2 012 12 2 000	<b>4 700</b> 4 685 11 4 674	<b>4 084</b> 4 071 1 1 1 1 1 060	363 363 363	793
Black Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin	7 1 2		1111		0102			0104	1 0	1111	-   -
Aliendari indiani, samino, or area Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin	11-		1 1 1	- 1- 21	150	. 125	) I M	9   10 10	)   m m	111	11-
Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin Other race Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin		11111	1111	152001	10-00-00-1	15111	11001	<b>5</b> 0 m m	10001	1 1-1-	1-111

Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

<b>1990</b> —Con.	Remainder of Tazewell County—Can.	1 223 (pt.) Tract 224 (pt.) Tract 301.98 Tract 302 Tract 303 Tract 304 Tract 305.01 Tract 305.02 Tract 306.01 Tract 306.02 Tract 307	782 2 546	2 546     2 679     3 035     2 833     4 296     5 017     2 552     5 583     2 563       18     13     10     20     2 7     22     5 583     2 563     4 7       18     13     10     12     17     19     6     2 7     3 553     2 553     4 2 5       18     1
٠.	nty—Can.	Tract 301.98	#200 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	<b>2</b> 2 <b>4</b> 2 2 <b>6</b> 103 4 <b>6</b> 103 4 <b>7.</b> 0 103 4 <b>9.</b> 0 103 6 <b>9.</b> 0 103 6 103 6
gin:	Remainder of Tazewell Cou	Troct 223 (pt.) Tro	777 776 776 777 777 777 777 777 777 777	782 777 777 777 777 777 777 777 777 777
Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: (For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)	Census Tract or Block Numbering	Area	RACE  All persons  While  While  Back  American Indian, Eskino, or Aleut  Eskina  Eskina  Eskina  Asian or Pedrit Islander  Asian or Pedrit Islander	Hispanic Origin  All persons  Hispanic origin (of any race)  Nexican  Peer Rican  Other Hispanic origin  Nor of Hispanic origin  Asson or Pocific Bilander  Hispanic origin  Asson or Pocific Bilander  Hispanic origin  Nor of Hispanic origin  Asson or Pocific Bilander  Hispanic origin  Nor of Hispanic origin

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Peoria County				Tazewell County			
Area	Peoria, IL MSA	Total	Pekin city (pt.)	Peoria city	Total	Eost Peoria city	Morton villoge	Pekin city (pt.)	Washington city	Woodford County
All housing units	136 458	75 211	-	48 260	49 315	8 924	5 482	13 776	3 903	11 932
FENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied hausing units Owner-occupied housing units	129 363 87 992	70 797 45 311	Ξ	44 976 25 423	47 171 33 757	8 566 5 806	5 323 3 970	13 078 8 328	3 793 2 719	11 395 8 924
Percent of occupied hausing units White	68.0 84 814	64.0 42 321	-	56.5 22 678	71.6 33 596	67.8 5 772	74.6 3 958	63.7 8 294	2 699	78.3 8 89 <u>7</u>
Black American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian ar Pacific Islander Other race	2 552 112 358 156	2 517 56 297 120	_ 	2 380   30   256   79	28 48 53 32	10 9 6 9	1 10 1	15 12 5	2 3 9 6	/ 8 8 4
Hisponic origin (of ony roce) White, not of Hisponic origin	541 84 454	390 42 074	-	241 22 536	123 33 506	28 5 753	10 3 949	24 8 275	8 2 696	28 8 874
enter-occupied housing units White	41 371 35 152	25 486 19 407	_	19 553 13 695	13 414 13 292	2 760 2 724	1 353 1 342	4 750 4 718	1 074 1 059	2 471 2 453
Black American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	5 542 92	5 519 54	-	5 361	22 33	7 8	3	3 12	3	5
Asian ar Pacific IslanderOther race	404 181	362 144	=	335 121	38 29	11 10	5	12 5	3 3	8
Hisponic origin (of ony roce) White, not of Hisponic origin	34 877	358 19 217	_	290 13 548	103 13 220	30 2 705	1 336	36 4 687	1 056	23 2 440
VACANCY STATUS  Vacant housing units	7 095	4 414	_	3 284	2 144	358	159	698	110	537
or sale onlyor rent	1 087 2 707	632 1 903	-	441 1 531	356 695	58 154	36 56	111 269	15 51	99 109
ented ar sold, not occupiedor seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	960 421	642 151	_	473 82	249 190	50 8	27 11	56 14	16	69 80
or migrant workers	1 917	1 086	-	757	3 651	88	29	248	24	180
80orded up	151	89	-	74	53	10	'	17	2	4
room	927 3 055	541 1 931		452 1 487	353 1 023	153 299	25 103	117 411	15 57	33 101
roams	11 525 25 306	7 058 14 435	_	5 627	3 841 9 133	974 1 728	379 989	1 552 3 007	255 645	626
rooms	31 885 25 262	17 281 13 633	_	10 499 8 187	12 169 9 181	2 167 1 607	1 011	3 726 2 108	867 759	1 738 2 435 2 448
rooms or more rooms	17 264 21 234	9 126 11 206	_	5 482 7 077	6 182 7 433	1 017 979	790 1 183	1 363 1 492	565 740	2 448 1 956 2 595
Medion, all housing unitsMedion, all housing units	5.4 5.6	5.3 5.5	-	5.2 5.4	5.3 5.6	5.1 5.3	5.7 5.9	5.0 5.2	5.6 5.9	5.9 6.1
Medion, occupied housing units Median, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	5.4 6.0 4.2	5.3 6.0 4.2	=	5.2 6.1 4.1	5.4 5.9 4.1	5.1 5.7 3.8	5.8 6.4 4.0	5.0 5.5 3.9	5.7 6.2 4.1	6.0 6.3 4.7
UNITS IN STRUCTURE						0.0	,	•		
, detoched, ottoched	103 149 1 827	53 940 1 148	_	30 994 911	39 222 548	7 012 73	3 743 109	10 126 160	3 041 79	9 987 131
or 4	5 685 4 189	3 809 2 262	_	3 033 1 836	1 482 1 621	207 294	223 100	539 716	164	394 306
to 9 0 to 19 0 to 49	5 910 5 630 3 815	3 623 4 117 3 228	=	3 169 3 635 2 847	2 127 1 448 564	330 306 204	315 257 129	950 674 152	272 87 79	160 65
0 or more	1 970	1 222 1 366	=	1 083	653 1 331	245 164	100 472	308 67	$\frac{7}{3}$	23 95 692
OtherOccupied housing units	894 129 363	496 <b>70 797</b>	-	324 44 976	319 <b>47 171</b>	89 <b>8 566</b>	34 5 323	84 13 078	24 3 793	79 11 <b>395</b>
PERSONS IN UNIT	127 303	70 777	-	44 7/6	47 171	a 300	3 323	13 0/6	3 //3	11 373
person	32 865 42 749	19 879 23 056	-	14 205 14 261	10 769 15 969	2 237 2 942	1 249 1 923	3 709 4 289	791 1 276	2 217 3 724
persons	21 606 19 607	11 250 9 937	_	6 736 5 660	8 434 7 604	1 508 1 229	878 812	2 241 1 843	700 702	1 922 2 066
persons or more persons	8 467 4 069	4 364 2 311	_	2 524 1 590	3 111 1 284	451 199	348 113	694 302	237 87	992 474
Medion, occupied hausing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.24 2.36 1.88	2.17 2.31 1.83	-	2.08 2.24	2.30 2.41	2.20 2.34	2.23 2.39	2.16 2.29	2.37 2.59	2.43 2.48 2.20
PERSONS PER ROOM	1.00	1.03	_	1.77	1.92	1.72	1.62	1.81	1.85	2.20
1.00 or less	127 173	69 441	-	43 965	46 488	8 439	5 283	12 868	3 757	11 244
I.01 to 1.50 I.51 or more Meon	1 788 402 .45	1 071 285 .45	-	770 241 .44	582 101 .46	111 16 .46	32 8 .42	175 35 .46	28 8 .45	135 16 .45
/ALUE		.43			.40	.40	.42	.40	5	.43
Specified awner-accupied housing units	<b>76 147</b> 5 465	<b>39 306</b> 3 429	Ξ	22 547 2 419	<b>29 809</b> 1 732	<b>5 310</b> 309	<b>3 293</b>	<b>7 745</b> 607	2 502 35	7 032 304
520,000 to \$39,999 540,000 ta \$59,999	20 821 21 464	10 754 10 533	-	5 962 5 432	8 719 8 835	1 521 1 697	135 576	3 068 2 430	550 916	1 348 2 096
560,000 to \$79,999 580,000 to \$99,999	13 707 6 879 5 227	6 571 3 421 2 019	Ξ	3 538 2 042	5 512 2 638	1 103 432	1 018 697	976 404 217	526 248	1 624 820
5100,000 to \$149,999 5150,000 to \$199,999 5200,000 ta \$249,999	5 327 1 477 509	2 918 907 360	-	1 895 691 276	1 767 435 108	193 44 3	589 192 53	217 31 7	170 43 9	642 135 41
\$250,000 to \$299,999	219 279	170 243	=	129 163	35 28	5	16 7	1 4	5	14
Median (dollors)	49 700 59 400	49 100 60 900	Ξ	49 200 63 300	48 700 56 300	48 500 53 300	78 000 88 400	41 200 46 500	52 800 61 300	57 100 64 200
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-accupied housing units Medion contract rent (dollars)	39 870 259	24 778 271	-	19 250 274	12 917 242	2 722 242	1 <b>347</b> 319	4 <b>706</b> 217	1 <b>063</b> 300	2 1 <b>75</b> 243
Mean contract rent (dollors)	266 428	272 173	Ξ	275 166	258 252	303 201	321 35	218 5	295	242 3
Mean cantroct rent (dollars)No meals included in rent	773 37 808	385 23 706	_	383 18 541	1 040 12 108	1 136 2 404	865 1 275	213 4 536	191	679 1 994 178

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Totals	s for split trocts/BM	NA's in Peorio Co	ounty			
Area	Tract 2B	Tract 29	Tract 30	Troct 31.01	Troct 31.02	Troct 33	Troct 34.01	Tract 34.02	Troct 35	Troct 39
All housing units TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF	1 715	1 995	2 113	1 567	2 811	1 224	1 142	1 311	469	1 579
HOUSEHOLDER Occupied hausing units	1 612 858	1 944 1 236	2 064 1 635	1 515 1 066	2 662 1 394	1 211 1 070	1 114 978	1 270 1 064	457 375	1 511 1 264
Owner-occupied hausing units  Percent of occupied housing units  White	53.2 815	63.6 1 205-	79.2 1 53B	70.4 937	52.4 1 329	BB.4 1 022	87.8 960 10	83.B 1 046	82.1 369 2	83.7 1 262
Block American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander Other race	32 - 11 -	1B - 11 2	70 2 25 -	90 3 33 3	39 1 24 1	10 1 36 1	1 6 1	1 11 1	4 - -	2
Hispanic origin (of ony roce)	3 B12 754	1 204 708	7 1 532 429	5 935 449	12 1 321 1 268	7 1 016 141	5 956 136	1 039 206	2 367 82	1 25B 247
WhiteBlockBlock	676 63	652 40	393 32	338 97	1 124 B9	139	130	203 1	80 2	245 1
Asion or Pocific Islander	14 1	12 4	2 1	13 1	42 10	1	2	2	Ξ	1 -
Hisponic origin (of ony race)	8 669	9 646	390	3 336	25 1 108	1 139	1 1 <b>29</b>	1 202	1 80	1 244
VACANCY STATUS  Vacant housing units  For sale only	103 6	<b>51</b> 10	<b>49</b> 7	<b>52</b> 21	<b>149</b> 12	13 3	2B 7	41	1 <b>2</b>	<b>68</b> 17
For rent	69 6 2	11 10 6	19 6 5	18 10	B1 32 16	5 - 2	4 9 -	20 5 3	7 1	20 7 3
For migront workersOther vocant	20	14	12	2	B	3	_ 	8	2	21
ROOMS		10	_		_	-	•	_	,	,
1 room	3B 190	13 44 232	4 15 99	15 66	83 104 514	40 12 17	2 15	16 41	3 22	8 37
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	522 325 280	396 401 29B	183 506 498	206 342 281	659 292 289	88 118 176	126 208 230	114 145 177	186 127 64	170 291 313
7 rooms  8 or more rooms  Medion, oll housing units	188 168 4.8	237 374 5.3	371 437 6.0	260 393 6.0	341 529 4.7	194 579 7.3	210 351 6.5	229 589 7.2	34 32 4.7	324 435 6.4
Meon, oll housing units Medion, occupied housing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units	5.2 4.9 6.0	5.6 5.3 6.3	6.2 6.0 6.3	6.2 6.1 6.6	5.3 4.8 6.9	7.2 7.4 7.6	6.7 6.5 6.7	7.1 7.3 7.7	5.0 4.7 4.8	6.5 6.5 6.6
Medion, renter-occupied housing units UNITS IN STRUCTURE	4.0	3.B	4.5	4.7	3.6	3.9	4.6	4.4	4.5	5.2
1, detoched 1, ottoched 2	949 21 71	1 234 22 52	1 775 33 53	1 223 97 18	1 152 44 19	1 030 49 60	1 058 23 33	1 113 13 47	172 1 7	1 435 15 39
3 or 4	27 94 249	9 90 198	14 37 63	12 78 92	30 202 578	15 2 9	14 10	1 21 19		30 26
20 to 49 50 or more	271	2B7 88	136	38 - 3	677 - 93	37 - 3	- -	24 62 2	_ _ 2BB	27
Mobile home or troiler Other Occupied housing units	27 6 1 612	1 944	2 064	1 515	16 2 662	19 1 211	3 1 114	9 1 270	1 457	6 1 511
PERSONS IN UNIT	513	709	427	233	996	235	163	157	130	221
2 persons	606 237 172	721 227 185	7B1 333 340	434 308 330	876 332 317	462 189 213	403 194 23B	379 243 322	161 8B 41	481 303 297
5 persons 6 or more persons	51 33	73 29 1.86	121 62 2.27	138 72 2.79	103 38 1.88	86 26 2.30	92 24 2.48	134 35 2.91	2B 9 2.11	140 69 2.68
Median, occupied housing units Median, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	1.98 2.23 1.54	2.14 1.50-	2.37 1.68	2.77 2.97 2.33	2.35 1.50–	2.39 1.50-	2.51 2.22	3.16 1.82	2.07 2.33	2.73 2.42
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	1 586	1 936	2 047	1 47B	2 638	1 206	1 104	1 260	450	1 499
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean	1B 8 .43	4 4 .37	15 2 .42	2B 9 .4B	11 13 .41	4 1 .36	10 - .42	B 2 .42	6 1 .47	10 2 .45
VALUE			1 540	075	1 072	946	910	973	138	945
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999	780 12 88	1 <b>052</b> 3 120	1 542 3 11B	975 10 235	10	1 25	14 11B 150	7 49 70	4 40 45	31 183 215
\$40,000 ta \$59,999 \$60,000 ta \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	1 142	259 219 120	681 432 159	309 73 38	68 343 355	68 72 93 243	161 146 145	85 163 343	26 13	196 147 142
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999	3 1	218 82 13	119 25 3	242 53 13	222 36 20	224 115	52 35	126 70	í -	19
\$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 or more Median (dollars)	65 400	10 8 72 800	59 100	53 400	B 10 85 500	47 58 144 200	23 66 81 500	28 32 116 500	4B 900 55 B00	64 000 71 000
Meon (dollars) CONTRACT RENT	65 900	87 600	66 000	76 500	96 300	160 400	115 100	130 400		
Specified renter-occupied housing units Median contract rent (dollors)	371	<b>702</b> 341 332	<b>418</b> 377 387	<b>434</b> 374 364	1 265 367 381	137 538 565	128 329 33B	198 384 408	B <b>1</b> 297 291	191 242 268
Meon contract rent (dollars) With meols included in rent Meon contract rent (dollars)	5 280	Ξ	2 375	- - 415	93B 1 244	44 76B 85	- - 119	191	- - 71	1 237 177
No meols included in rent	723	690 12	406 10	19	1 244	B B	9	7	10	13

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Totals for s	plit trocts/8NA's in	Peorio County—Co	n.			Pekin city (pt.), Peorio County
Area	Tract 41.01	Troct 41.02	Troct 42	Troct 43	Troct 44	Tract 46	Tract 48.02	Troct 49.01	Troct 49.01 (pt.)
All housing units	1 231	1 599	2 029	1 299	2 299	2 254	1 965	1 354	-
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER			1 007	, ,,,,,	0.004	0.157	1 000	1 200	
Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Percent af occupied housing units	1 183 761 64.3	1 565 784 50.1	1 887 995 52.7	1 225 822 67.1	2 204 1 525 69.2	2 157 1 658 76.9	1 893 1 453 76.8	1 299 1 045 80.4	
WhiteBlack	745 11	699 70	985 3	786 30	1 466 48	1 649	1 427 22	1 038	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander Other race	5	1 12 2	1 5 1	1 3 2	3 6 2	2 1	1 2 1	6 - 1	-
Hispanic origin (of any race) White, not of Hispanic origin	2 743	5 696	3 983	13 776	13 1 456	8 1 643	9 1 419	1 037	-
lenter-occupied housing units	422 398	781 648	892 832	403 367	679 502	499 477	440 414	254 253	-
Black Americon Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander	11	127 1	43 2 11	28 - 6	167 1 3	17 3 1	24 - 1	-	-
Other race	1	ĩ	4	2	6	i	i	-	-
Hispanic origin (of any roce) White, not of Hispanic origin	393	3 646	827	5 365	13 495	2 476	11 404	253	-
/ACANCY STATUS Vacont housing units	48	34	142	74	95	97	72	55	
For sole only	5 24	9	112	16 33	20 43	18 24	20 21	14 7	
Rented or sold, not occupied for seasonal, recreotional, or occosional use	14	9	6 9	12 4	12	30	6 2	3 5	-
or migront workers	5	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	9	17	25	23	_ 26	-
Boarded up	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	'	_
room?	37	17 48	49 178	7 46	_ 46	5 22	11 17	1 15	
a roams	137 196	294 449	296 529	122 366	152 443	128 481	97 477	48 249	-
rooms	213 218	280 176	412 233	396 194	598 464	731 464	519 418	400 310	-
rooms	177 253	157 178	161 171	94 74	293 303	237 186	209 217	178 153	
Aedian, all housing units	5.6 5.8	4.5 5.0	4.4 4.7	4.8 4.9	5.4 5.6	5.2 5.4	5.2 5.5	5.4 5.6	-
Median, occupied housing unitsMedian, owner-occupied hausing unitsMedian, renter-occupied housing units	5.7 6.6 4.0	4.5 5.8 3.7	4.5 5.5 3.6	4.8 5.1 4.3	5.4 5.8 4.4	5.2 5.4 4.4	5.3 5.5 4.3	5.4 5.6 4.7	=
JNITS IN STRUCTURE	4.0	3.7	3.0	4.5	7.7	7.7	4.5		
, detached, attached,	758 64	448 161	1 251 13	1 188 11	1 807 38	2 005 17	1 741 33	1 233 8	
or 4	6 71	37 43	64 38	42 18	200 93	72 45	70 40	15 16	-
to 9 O to 19	66 202	301 206	88 188	5 28	55 22	54 37	40 24	19 1	
10 to 49 10 or more Abbile home or troiler	53 - 5	106 _ 285	348 _ 24	- - 2	- - 75	- 9	- - 2	_ _ 45	
Other	6	12	15	5	9	15	15	17 1 299	-
Occupied housing unitsPERSONS IN UNIT	1 183	1 565	1 887	1 225	2 204	2 157	1 893	1 277	
person	321 381	558 479	772 631	387 416	621 767	506 736	406 656	237 437	-
persons	180 175	245 181	245 160	194 142	333 285	406 325	345 332	242 227	-
persons	92 34	73 29	60 19	66 20	138 60	131 53	118 36	111 45	=
Wedian, accupied housing units	2.21 2.67	1.97 2.27	1.77 2.10	2.04 2.08	2.13 2.11 2.17	2.28 2.31 2.12	2.32 2.35 2.19	2.44 2.44 2.47	
Medion, renter-accupied housing units PERSONS PER ROOM	1.50-	1.67	1.50-	1.96	2.17	2.12	2.17	2.47	
1.00 or less	1 170 12	1 545 16	1 865 17	1 200 18	2 163 30	2 127 28	1 865 25	1 271 25	-
1.51 or mare	1 .43	.45	.42	.46	11 .43	.47	3 .47	3	
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$20,000	<b>631</b> 25	486 4	<b>909</b> 51	<b>759</b> 114	1 <b>365</b> 70	1 <b>524</b> 94	1 339 145	<b>820</b> 99	-
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999	77 104	54 81	362 269	446 168	468 609	582 571	446 367	253 1 245	-
560,000 to \$79,999 580,000 to \$99,999 5100,000 to \$149,999	125 123 106	174 108 57	96 21 26	26 2	187 25	214 45 17	253 105 17	127 66 25	-
\$150,000 to \$199,999	57 11	3 3	20 11 18	3 -	5 1	'1	2 2	3	
\$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 or more	1 2	1	10 45	_	=	_	- 2	1 -	
Median (dollors)	77 900 85 200	73 000 74 300	42 100 69 900	32 300 33 600	43 900 45 200	42 400 44 600	44 100 47 900	44 300 48 500	
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units Medion contract rent (dallars)	<b>406</b> 415	774 186	883 288	<b>394</b> 266	667 262	<b>486</b> 251	<b>429</b> 256	217 213	
Mean contract rent (dollors) With meals included in rent Mean contract rent (dallars)	401 1 363	210 15 310	280 1 1 250	262	246 1 437	251	257 2 494	216	
No meals included in rentNo cash rentNo	388 17	745 14	866 16	380 14	632 34	464 22	408 19	191 26	-

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peorio city, Peo	ria County				
Area	Tract 1	Troct 2	Troct 3	Tract 5	Tract 6	Troct 7	Troct 8	Tract 9	Tract 11	Tract 12
All housing units	852	1 144	1 106	1 068	1 444	770	576	1 301	138	754
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER	690	970	1 006	903	1 340	151	492	1 175	108	668
Occupied housing units  Owner-accupied housing units  Percent of occupied housing units	205 29.7	510 52.6	584 58.1	426 47.2	772 57.6	656 385 58.7	310 63.0	70 6.0	24 22.2	36 5.4
White	187 17	427 80	501 78	312 101	551 212	114 267	49 259	9 61	24	24 5
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asion or Pacific Islander Other race	1 -	1	1 1 3	¦	1 8	1 1 2	<u> </u>	=	=	2 5
Hisponic origin (of ony roce) White, not of Hisponic origin	1 186	8 422	4 500	22 303	13 545	4	1 49	1 9	_ 24	7 22
Renter-occupied housing units	485 134	460 160	422 299	477 281	568 272	271 57	182 27	1 105 393	84 45	632 224
8lock Americon Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut Asion or Pocific Islonder	346 4	298 	113 4	186 2 1	291 - 3	214	154 - -	710 1	36 1	384 - 4
Other roce	1 6	2 8	6	7 11	2	Ξ	1	- 9	i 2	20 22
White, not of Hisponic origin	134	155	296	277	268	57	27	388	45	222
VACANCY STATUS  Vocont housing units	162	174	100	165	104	114	<b>84</b> 5	126	<b>30</b> 15	<b>8</b> 6
For sole only For rent Rented or sold, not occupied	127 6	19 122 11	11 55 19	6 47 38	13 55 19	41 44	17 16	101	8	42 11
For seosonol, recreotionol, or occosionol use	_	1	1 -	=	1 -	-	1 -	<u>1</u>	1	1 -
Other vocont	26 8	21 5	14 1	74 11	16 2	27 8	45 5	18 2	6	29 15
ROOMS 1 room	2	1	3	4	4	2	-	27	23	22
2 rooms	17 112	18 116	8 78	37 149 210	20 121 408	3 52 107	3 22 81	128 495 324	26 16 34	72 245 224
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	324 216 121	315 360 209	215 358 261	286 193	363 277	228 173	178 147	177 92	15 4	120 37
7 rooms	35 25	74 51	107 76	113 76	130 121	99 106	74 71	29 29	15 5	20 14
Medion, oll housing units Meon, oll housing units Medion, occupied housing units	4.4 4.6 4.4	4.8 5.0 4.9	5.2 5.3 5.2	5.0 5.1 5.0	5.0 5.2 5.0	5.5 5.7 5.6	5.5 5.8 5.5	3.5 3.8 3.4	3.6 3.7 3.2	3.7 3.8 3.7
Medion, owner-occupied housing units  Medion, renter-occupied housing units	5.2 4.2	5.1 4.5	5.3 5.0	5.5 4.5	5.3 4.5	5.8 5.3	5.8 5.2	5.9 3.4	4.5 2.5	5.8 3.6
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched	356	773	995	826	1 099	700	518	111	_	63
1, ottoched	10 24	8 25	14 51	16 50	18 103	700 9 25	9 27	17 12	<u>-</u>	63 23 38 65
3 or 45 to 9	26 381	20 264	18 16	44 11	35 52	16 7 2	17 -	71 207 269	3 2 42	65 218 266
10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or more	46 _ _	49 _ _	=	15 3 92	27 95 —	- -		225 367	83	68
Mobile home or troiler	9	1 4	12	2 9	4 11	2 9	5	22	<del>-</del>	13
Occupied housing units	690	970	1 006	903	1 340	656	492	1 175	108	6 <b>68</b>
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	150 208	217 304	246 292	326 199	375 400	153 149	126 143	611 225	56 35	283 128
2 persons	130 100	163 142	177 144	129 116	247 170	112 101	78 69	139 115	13	114 74
5 persons6 or more persons	59 43	70 74	74 73	66 67	85 63	62 79	41 35 2.34	54 31 1.50-	1 - 1.50-	33 36 1.90
Median, occupied housing units Median, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.44 1.91 2.79	2.38 2.11 2.96	2.38 2.13 2.90	2.13 2.04 2.32	2.24 2.17 2.37	2.73 2.46 3.14	2.21 2.80	2.20 1.50-	1.50- 1.50-	2.17 1.88
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50	632 48 10	901 60 9	960 41 5	856 39 8	1 295 34 11	608 37 11	476 13 3	1 122 31 22	97 2 9	618 40 10
1.51 or more	.60	.56	.52	.52	.49	.54	.48	.55	.51	.62
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	185	470	536	377	707	343	279	59	-	27
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999	118 61 5	182 244 40	294 201 39	232 111 29	189 305 108	179 129 31	168 79 28	12 21 20	=	14 10 2
\$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	5 - -	3 1	2 -	2 3	71 21	4	4 -	4 -	=	
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999	=	-	Ξ	=	11 2	Ξ	Ξ	1 -	Ξ	1 -
\$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 or more	- - 1	Ξ	Ē	=	=	Ξ	=	1 -	=	Ē
Median (dollars)	15 600 20 800	22 900 24 300	18 800 21 300	16 000 20 200	28 200 35 200	19 300 21 900	17 500 21 200	32 500 39 800	Ξ	19 700 27 100
CONTRACT RENT		400	400	4/2	554	0/0	172	1 100	84	628
Specified renter-occupied housing units Median contract rent (dollors) Meon contract rent (dollors)	<b>475</b> 94 122	<b>453</b> 133 155	<b>409</b> 217 226	463 181 178	<b>554</b> 263 240	260 215 218	173 205 210	1 100 106 133	196 347	126 144
With meols included in rent Mean contract rent (dollars)	3 139	1 113	1 287	-	1 187	2 162	_	5 188	_	3 118
No meols included in rentNo cash rent	463 9	442 10	386 22	449 14	540 13	242 16	164 9	1 035 60	81 3	617 8

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				P	Peoria city, Peorio	County—Con.				
Area	Troct 13	Tract 14	Troct 15	Tract 16	Troct 17	Troct 18	Troct 19	Troct 20	Troct 21	Tract 22
All housing units	629	567	962	1 652	508	1 954	671	691	2 368	1 934
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing unitsOwner-occupied housing units	492 131	470 226	871 497	1 465 655	444 37	1 751 497	620 285	661 417	2 214 1 203	1 847 1 246
Percent of occupied housing units White Block	26.6 98 29	48.1 184 38	57.1 475 15	44.7 587 56	8.3 35 2	28.4 417 77	46.0 265 16	63.1 398 15	54.3 960 228	67.5 1 181 52
Americon Indion, Eskimo, ar Aleut Asion or Pocific Islander	- -	2	3	2 5	-	1 2	- 3	1 3	1 10	2 7
Other race Hispanic origin (of ony roce)	4 10	2 5	4 7	5 12	-	-	1 3	_ 2	4 10	4
White, not of Hisponic origin	93 361	182 244	471 374	580 810	35 407	411 1 254	263 335	397 244	956 1 011	1 174
White	197 154	1 56 85	306 61	547 252	321 68	816 365	254 47	186 35	674 318	478 113
American Indion, Eskimo, or AleutAsion or Pacific Islander	1	-	1	2	14	6 59	34	1 19	3 10	2 5
Other roce	8 15	3	5 8	5 9	4 17	8 18	4	3 5	10	8
White, not of Hispanic origin VACANCY STATUS	192	152	303	543	309	803	252	185	671	474
Vacant housing units	137 4	<b>97</b> 5	<b>91</b> 14	<b>187</b> 18	<b>64</b> 1	<b>203</b> 23	<b>51</b>	<b>30</b> 10	<b>154</b> 46	<b>87</b> 33
For rentRented ar sold, not occupied	27 20	27 8	41 3	85 41	53 7	114 36	35 4	9 2	57 14	34 11
For seasonal, recreotional, or occosional use	_	1	2	-	-	2	1 -	-	1	2
Other vacantBoarded up	86 8	56 3	31	43 1	3 -	28	7 -	9 1	36 1	7
ROOMS	25	7	3	9	32	47	13	2	6	5
2 rooms 3 raoms	61 120	13 68	25 75	60 237	105 230	209 378	30 66	26 34	62 308	18 78
4 rooms 5 rooms	130 1 <u>2</u> 4	95 165	161 303	247 353	59 32	312 346	81 106	49 63 137	427 642	352 559
6 rooms 7 rooms	74 31	112 39	208 106	316 180	13 7	273 155	116 88 171	137 138 242	463 224	412 253 257 5.4
8 or more rooms Median, all housing units Mean, oll housing units	64 4.3 4.6	68 5.1 5.3	81 5.2 5.3	250 5.3 5.4	30 3.0 3.4	234 4.6 4.8	5.8 6.0	6.8 6.7	236 5.1 5.3	5.4 5.7
Median, occupied housing units	4.5 6.0	5.1 5.6	5.3 5.5	5.4 6.2	3.0 7.9	4.6 6.5	5.9 7.2	6.8 7.3	5.1 5.6	5.7 5.4 5.9
Median, renter-occupied housing units	3.9	4.7	4.9	4.5	3.0	3.8	4.7	5.0	4.3	4.6
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  }, detached	244	364	772	987	41	740	344	507	1 742	1 617
1, ottoched 2 3 or 4	113 135	5 106 74	6 108 41	14 304 147	2 39 47	17 308 311	6 136 118	10 72 76	33 224 81	27 198 38
5 to 9	70 57	8 -	7 2	87 7	77 89	227 212	42 19	22	121 127	43
20 to 49 50 or more	-	_	22 -	93	49 161	30 100	_	Ξ	31	Ξ
Mobile home ar troiler	5	10	4	13	3	9	6	4	9	8
Occupied housing units PERSONS IN UNIT	492	470	871	1 465	444	1 751	620	661	2 214	1 847
l person	174 132	116	258	483	332	691	204	141 207	758 623	570 600
2 persons 3 persons 4 persons	59 48	129 87 62	261 117 113	389 232 194	82 17 5	489 248 176	184 85 81	100 102	366 272	290 238
5 persons6 or more persons	39 40	44 32	79 43	91 76	6 2	76 71	40 26	57 54	122 73	97 52
Medion, occupied housing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units	2.05 2.18	2.42 2.28	2.18 2.00	2.14 2.24	1.50- 2.09	1.88	2.08 2.35	2.42 2.64	2.06 2.14	2.09 2.12
Medion, renter-occupied hausing units  PERSONS PER ROOM	1.95	2.61	2.52	2.01	1.50-	1.72	1.76	2.14	1.91	2.00
1.00 or less	453	442	841	1 437	441	1 680	613	654	2 172	1 827
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 ar more Meon	32 7 .55	19 9 .52	22 8 .48	22 6 .46	.39	50 21 .47	4 3 .40	5 2 .42	35 7 .45	18 2 .42
VALUE	.55	,32	,-10	.40	.57	,	.40			
Specified owner-occupied housing units	<b>96</b> 53 33	191 105	<b>441</b> 183	<b>555</b> 99	31 4	<b>383</b> 52	<b>245</b> 8	383	1 <b>086</b> 149	1 1 <b>75</b> 47
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999	8	65 18	219 36	331 91	8	202 91	61 82	81 185	593 286	479 446
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	2 -	1	2 - 1	21 6 5	3 6	24 12	35 21	86 18 12	50 6 2	140 38 13
\$100,000 ta \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999	_	1	- -	5 1 -	1	1	22 7 2	12	- -	8 2
\$250,000 ta \$299,999 \$300,000 or mare	-	_	_	1 -	1	=	7	Ξ	-	2
Median (dollors)	18 400 22 300	19 000 23 100	22 600 24 300	30 300 33 600	51 900 62 100	34 100 37 200	52 800 68 500	51 500 54 800	33 600 34 700	41 900 45 900
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units Median contract rent (dollars)	352 202 214	235 236 239	<b>367</b> 242 242	<b>794</b> 265 <b>26</b> 4	<b>406</b> 198	1 244 259	<b>332</b> 300 327	242 300 354	<b>982</b> 259 250	587 251 268
Meon cantract rent (dollars) With meals included in rent Mean cantract rent (dallars)	216 1 413	239 - -	242 1 137	264 2 94	196 1 187	271 47 217	327 3 271	356 1 287	250 2 70	208 - -
No meals included in rentNa cosh rent	336 15	227 8	358 8	775 17	402 3	1 171 26	318 11	233 8	960 20	571 16

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Р	earia city, Pear	ia Caunty—Can.				
Area	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29 (pt.)	Tract 30 (pt.)	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 31.02 (pt.)
All housing units TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF	2 334	2 220	1 494	972	3 230	1 708	1 993	2 096	1 528	2 808
HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  Owner-accupied housing units  Percent af accupied housing units  White  Black  American Indian, Eskimo, ar Aleut  Asian ar Pacific Islander	2 279 1 731 76.0 1 671 46 1	2 131 1 547 72.6 1 460 81 	1 378 821 59.6 762 52 1	923 651 70.5 639 11	3 132 2 095 66.9 1 870 196 2	1 605 851 53.0 809 31 -	1 943 1 235 63.6 1 204 18 -	2 047 1 621 79.2 1 524 70 2 25	1 476 1 032 69.9 904 89 3	2 659 1 391 52.3 1 326 39 1
Other race Hispanic arigin (af any race) White, not of Hispanic arigin Renter-accupied hausing units White Black American Indian, Eskima, or Aleut Other race Hispanic arigin (af any race)	4 5 1 670 548 502 38 3 2 3	4 19 1 448 584 505 67 1 6 5	4 9 757 557 392 156 3 4 2	- 6 633 272 248 21 1 1	3 1 861 1 037 850 178 - 7 2	3 806 754 676 63 - 14 1	2 4 1 203 708 652 40 - 12 4	- 6 1 519 426 390 32 1 2	3 4 903 444 333 97 - 13 1	1 12 1 318 1 268 1 124 89 3 42 10
White, not of Hispanic arigin VACANCY STATUS	500	499 8 <b>9</b>	390	244 <b>49</b>	844 <b>98</b>	103	646 <b>50</b>	387 <b>49</b>	331 <b>52</b>	1 108
Vacant housing units For sole anity For rent Rented or said, nat accupied For seasanal, recreational, or accosional use For migrant warkers Other vacant Baarded up	55 17 7 10 2 - 19	21 17 12 3 - 36 1	116 47 39 15 1 -	11 21 5 3 - 9	25 33 20 5 - 15	6 69 6 2 - 20	10 11 10 6 -	7 19 6 5 - 12	21 18 10 1 - 2	12 81 32 16 - 8
ROMS  1 rooms 2 rooms 3 roams 4 rooms 5 roams 6 roams 6 roams 8 or mare roams 8 or mare roams Median, all housing units Mean, all housing units Median, accupied housing units Median, renter-accupied housing units Median, renter-accupied housing units Median, renter-accupied housing units	8 19 126 357 565 484 373 402 5,7 5,9 6.2 4,2	1 13 107 485 658 425 285 246 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.5	16 32 81 204 445 325 201 190 5.4 5.6 5.5 5.8	1 24 69 207 265 174 102 130 5.2 5.5 5.3 5.6 4.5	7 64 379 658 734 623 363 402 5.2 5.4 5.2 5.8 3.9	4 38 190 521 322 279 188 166 4.8 5.1 4.9 6.1	13 44 231 396 401 298 236 374 5.3 5.6 6.3 3.8	4 15 99 182 502 493 369 432 6.0 6.2 6.0 6.3 4.5	4 15 65 200 336 268 256 384 6.0 6.2 6.1 6.7 4.7	83 104 514 659 292 288 340 528 4.7 5.3 4.8 6.9 3.6
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached 1, attached 2 3 ar 4	1 931 17 53 22 36 199 69 - 2	1 966 17 94 25 49 40 20 -	1 203 16 206 39 12 11 - - 7	883 7 39 6 2 30 - - - 5	2 414 40 152 26 157 165 73 167 1	942 21 71 27 94 249 271 - 27 6	1 232 22 52 9 90 198 287 88 2 13	1 758 33 53 14 37 63 136	1 186 97 18 12 78 92 38 - 1	1 149 44 19 30 202 578 677 - 93 16
Occupied housing units PERSONS IN UNIT	2 279	2 131	1 378	923	3 132	1 605	1 943	2 047	1 476	2 659
1 person	700 915 301 217 98 48 1.98 2.09	692 693 327 270 94 55 2.04 2.07	395 399 231 184 93 76 2.24 2.17 2.36	276 359 139 103 30 16 2.02 2.07 1.86	1 017 1 118 441 335 150 71 1.99 2.19	512 602 237 170 51 33 1.98 2.24	709 720 227 185 73 29 1.86 2.14	423 776 329 336 121 62 2.27 2.37 1.68	227 423 298 325 133 70 2.80 2.99 2.32	996 874 332 317 102 38 1.88 2.35
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	2 266 10 3 .38	2 114 16 1 .42	1 349 22 7 .46	920 3 - .40	3 095 28 9 .42	1 579 18 8 .43	1 935 4 4 .38	2 030 15 2	1 439 28 9	2 635 11 13 .41
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  \$20,000 to \$39,999  \$40,000 to \$79,999  \$60,000 to \$79,999  \$80,000 to \$79,999  \$100,000 to \$149,999  \$150,000 to \$149,999  \$200,000 to \$294,999  \$200,000 to \$294,999  \$300,000 or \$79,999  \$300,000 or \$79,999  \$300,000 to \$299,999  \$300,000 do \$299,999	1 628 24 216 481 437 226 175 39 20 8 2 63 500 71 900	1 429 73 573 572 147 31 10 1 1 - 1 41 500 43 500	745 777 468 174 25 - - - 1 - 33 200 34 400	601 43 221 149 79 33 36 23 4 8 5 44 100 62 600	1 927 54 514 613 400 202 125 16 3  50 900 57 900	773 12 86 208 280 142 41 3 1 - 65 600 66 100	1 052 3 120 259 219 120 218 82 13 10 8 72 800 87 600	1 530 3 118 678 429 155 119 23 3 2 - 59 000 65 900	949 9 230 301 69 37 236 52 13 2 - 53 500 76 600	1 069 
CONTRACT RENT  Specified renter-occupied housing units  Median contract rent (dallars)  Mean cantract rent (dallars)  With meals included in rent  Mean cantract rent (dallars)  Na meals included in rent  Na cash rent	537 328 339 1 1113 509 27	566 299 304 - - 535 31	543 283 284 3 229 528 12	266 261 277 — 261 5	1 033 296 293 18 255 971 44	746 371 360 5 280 723 18	702 341 332 - 690 12	416 378 388 2 375 404 10	430 374 365 - 412 18	1 265 367 381 2 938 1 244 19

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peorio city, Peo	ria Caunty—Con.				
Area	Troct 32	Troct 33 (pt.)	Tract 34.01 (pt.)	Troct 34.02 (pt.)	Tract 35 (pt.)	Tract 39 (pt.)	Troct 41.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)	Troct 42 (pt.)	Troct 43 (pt.)
All housing units	2 071	1 220	749	235	290	-	532	1 284	7	8
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units  Owner-occupied housing units	1 958 867	1 207 1 066	733 668	228 209	283 227	-	505 193	1 262 551	7	8
Percent of occupied housing units White	44.3 820	88.3 1 018	91.1 651	91.7 203	80.2 224	Ξ.	38.2 183	43.7 476	100.0	87.5 7
8lock Americon Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	32	10 1	10	2	1 2	_	8 -	62	Ė	<u> </u>
Asian or Pacific IslanderOther race	14	36 1	6 1	4	_	_	2 -	12 1	Ξ	= =
Hispanic origin (af any race) White, not of Hisponic arigin	10 811	7 1 012	5 647	2 201	1 223		183	4 473	7	7
Renter-occupied hausing units White	1 091 957 73	141 139	65 61	19 19	56 54	Ξ	312 290	711 580	_	1
Black American Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pocific Islonder	73 - 58	1	2 - 2	=	2		10	126	=	Ξ.
Other race	3	1	į.	-			1	1	-	
Hisponic origin (of ony roce) White, not of Hisponic origin	14 946	139	61	19	54	Ξ	287	3 578	=	ī
VACANCY STATUS  Vacant housing units	113	13	16	7	7	_	27	22		
For sale only	6 63	3 5	5 2	6	1 5	Ξ	3 17	2 10	_	=
Rented or sold, not occupied For seosonol, recreotionol, or occosionol use	10 20	2	6 -	1	1 -	Ξ	7	7		-
For migront workers Other vocont Boorded up	14	3	3		=	Ξ	Ξ	3	=	=
ROOMS			·					_	_	_
1 room 2 rooms	16 66	40 12	- 1	-	1 2	_	36	17 46	_	Ξ
3 rooms 4 rooms	316 558	17 85	7 44	5 11	16 161	Ξ	89 106	276 307	_	3
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms	339 252 229	117 176 194	95 142 152	4 29 47	75 22 7	_	72 73 56	182 142 143	- 3 2	4
3 or more rooms Medion, oll housing units	295 4.7	579 7.3	308 7.1	139 7.8	6 4.3	=	100 5.0	171 4.5	2 6.8	1 4.8
Meon, oll housing unitsMedion, occupied housing units	5.2 4.8	7.2 7.4	7.2 7.1	7.9 7.9	4.5 4.3	-	5.4 5.0	5.0 4.5	7.1 6.8	5.0 4.8
Medion, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	6.8 3.9	7.6 3.9	7.2 4.7	8.0 4.4	4.3 4.3	_	7.3 3.9	6.6 3.7	6.8	4.7 5.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached	793	1 026	696	216	,		156	417	7	0
1, attached	56 112	49 60	11 25	2		=	52 1	161 37	-	8
3 or 4 5 to 9	63 156	15 2	6 9	_	_	_	66 57	43 301	Ξ	Ξ
10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or more	407 477	9 37	_	-	_	_	147 50	206 106	_	Ξ
Nobile home or troiler	- - 7	3 19	- - 2	15	288	Ξ	- - 3	- 1 12	_	- 5
Occupied housing units	1 958	1 207	733	228	283	-	505	1 262	7	8
PERSONS IN UNIT	738	235	95	25	105		205	474	2	2
2 persons	690 239	459 188	264 130	59 41	98 54	=	205 143 71	476 373 180	2 - 3	3
4 persons 5 persons 5	195 77	213 86	158 68	64 34	16	_	56 24	145 60	2 -	1
6 or more persons	19 1.85 2.33	26 2.30	18 2.56	3.23 3.44	1.87	_	1.83	28 1.92	3.00	1.83
Median, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	1.50~	2.39 1.50~	2.64 2.07	3.44 1.50~	1.81 2.27	- -	2.81 1.50~	2.38 1.59	3.00	2.00 1.50~
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	1 938	1 202	729	227	279		499	1 245	7	0
1.01 to 1.50	11 9	4	4	1	3	=	6	1 245 14 3	7 - -	8
Aean	.40	.36	.40	.40	.45	-	.40	.44	.38	.43
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	743	942	618	194		_	166	471	7	7
ess thon \$20,000	3 11	1 25	17	=	=	=	_	1 47	$\frac{7}{2}$	<del>-</del> 4
640,000 to \$59,999 660,000 to \$79,999	102 266 227	65 71 93	65 100 125	3	Ξ	_	17 35	79 173	2 2	3 -
.80,000 to \$99,999 .100,000 to \$149,999 .150,000 to \$199,999	93 33	243 224	138 50	16 85 47	-	Ξ	36 32 37	108 55 3	-	Ξ
200,000 ta \$249,999	4 3	115 47	34 23	28 5	=		9 -	3 1	Ξ	=
\$300,000 or more Medion (dollors)	79 300 85 800	144 600 140 900	100 700	10 147 300	-	_	96 900	73 600 75 200	52 500 57 000	34 200
Aeon (dollors) CONTRACT RENT	85 800	160 900	145 200	168 400	-	-	115 900	75 200	57 900	39 600
Specified renter-occupied housing units	1 089	137 538	<b>63</b> 366	17 412	56 204	-	309	707	-	.1
Median contract rent (dollors) Mean contract rent (dallors) Vith meals included in rent	378 387 1	538 565 44	400 -	413 489	296 289	=	424 415 1	174 207 15	-	313 313
Meon controct rent (dallars)	363 1 076	768 85	59	16	52	=	363 301	310 683	-	- 1
No cosh rent	12	8	4	1	4	-	7	9	-	-

Table 7. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peorio c	ity, Peorio County-	—Con.			Remo	inder af Peoria Ca	ounty		
Area	Tract 44 (pt.)	Troct 46 (pt.)	Tract 48.02 (pt.)	Troct 28 (pt.)	Troct 29 (pt.)	Tract 30 (pt.)	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.)	Troct 33 (pt.)	Troct 34.01 (pt.)
All housing units	241	-	151	7	2	17	39	3	4	393
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing unitsOwner-occupied housing units	42		140 95	7 7	1	17 14	39 34	3	4 4	381 310
Percent of occupied housing units	18.3	Ξ	67.9 87	100.0	100.0 1	82.4 14	87.2 33	100.0	100.0 4	81.4 309
Block Americon Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pocific Islander	7 -	=	1		=	Ξ	-	=	Ξ.	Ī
Other roce	- 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hispanic origin (of ony roce) White, not of Hispanic origin Renter-occupied housing units	32	=	86 45	6	1	13	32 5	3	4	309 71
WhiteBlack	62 124	Ξ	33 12	_	Ξ	3 -	5	Ξ	_	69
Americon Indian, Eskimo, or AleutAsion or Pocific Islander	1 -	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ
Other roce	1	-	2	_	_	_	-	-	-	1
White, not of Hispanic origin	61	-	31	-	-	3	5	-	-	68
VACANCY STATUS Vacant housing units	12	-	11	=	1	-	-	-	-	12
For sole only	3 8	Ξ	3	=	=	=	=	Ξ	Ξ	2 2 3
Rented or sold, not occupied For seosonol, recreational, or occosional use For migrant workers	_	_		_	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	_	=
Other vocontBoorded up	1 -	_	3	_	1	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	5 -
ROOMS										
1 room	13 39	Ξ	2	Ξ.	-	=	- - 1	Ξ	<u> </u>	1 8
3 rooms  4 rooms  5 rooms	65 62	=	85 35	1 3	<u>:</u>	1 4	6	Ξ	3 1	82 113
6 rooms 7 rooms	32 18	_	21 4	1 -	ī	5 2	13 4	1	_	88 58 43 5.4
8 or more rooms Medion, all hausing units	12 4.6	=	3 4.4	5.3 5.0	5.0	6.2	6.0	7.0 7.0 7.0	4.2	43 5.4
Meon, oll housing unitsMedion, occupied housing units	4.6	Ξ	4.7 4.3 4.4	5.9 5.3 5.3	5.0 7.0 7.0	6.6 6.2 6.5	6.3 6.0 5.9	7.0 7.0 7.0	4.3 4.2 4.2	5.7 5.4 5.7
Medion, owner-occupied housing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	4.3	Ξ	4.2	5.5	-	5.0	8.5+	-	-	4.5
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	61	_	150	7	2	17	37	3	4	362 12
1, ottached	75	=	=	=	=	=	-	Ξ	Ξ	8 8
3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19	25	=	=		=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ		i -
20 to 49 50 or more		_	-	_	_	Ξ	_	_	-	-
Mobile home or troilerOther	4	Ξ	1 -	-	_	=	2 -	Ξ.	Ξ	1
Occupied housing units	229	-	140	7	1	17	39	3	4	381
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	54	_	50	1	-	4	,6	-	-	68 139
2 persons	60	=	54 18	4 -		5 4 4	11 10 5	2	1	64 80
4 persons5 persons	34 19 16	Ξ	10 5 3	2 -	Ē	-	5 2	1	Ξ.	24
6 or more persons Medion, occupied housing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units	2.51	=	1.87 1.79	2.13 2.13	2.00 2.00	2.40 2.50	2.75 2.61	2.25 2.25	2.17 2.17	2.38 2.38
Medion, renter-occupied housing units		-	2.03	-	-	2.00	5.00	-	-	2.38
PERSONS PER ROOM  1.00 or less	207	_	137	7	1	17	39	3	4	375
1.01 to 1.50	16	=	3		-	-	-	- -	.53	.47
Meon	.61	-	.46	.41	.29	.38	.47	.43	.53	.47
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units		-	90	7	-	12	<b>2</b> 6	3	4	292 14
Less thon \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999	15	=	27 52 5	2	=	- 3	5 8	=	- - 3	14 101 85 61 21
\$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 ta \$79,999 \$80,000 ta \$99,999	2	=	4 2	3 -	=	3 4	4	<del>-</del> 1	i -	61 21
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999	-	Ξ	Ē	_	Ξ		6 1	2 -	-	7 2
\$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999	_	Ξ	=	=	-	=	-	=	=	1
\$300,000 or more Median (dollors)	43 100	=	24 700 29 000	53 800 49 600	=	80 000 88 300	52 500 70 300	112 500 111 700	45 000 50 000	45 400 51 600
Mean (dollors)	43 800	-	29 000	47 600	_	88 300	70 300	111 700	30 000	3, 300
Specified renter-occupied housing units	183	-	<b>44</b> 253	-	-	2 150	4 338	-	=	6 <b>5</b> 269
Medion controct rent (dollars)  Meon controct rent (dollars)  With mode included in rent	. 164	=	253 243 -	=	=	150	304	=	-	276
With meals included in rent Meon controct rent (dollars) No meals included in rent		=	43	=	Ξ	- 2	3	-	-	60
No cosh rent		-	ĩ	-	-	-	1	-	-	5

Table .. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 —Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				F	Remainder of Peor	rio County—Con.				
Area	Troct 34.02 (pt.)	Troct 35 (pt.)	Troct 36.01	Troct 36.02	Troct 37	Troct 38	Troct 39 (pt.)	Troct 40	Troct 41.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)
All housing units	1 076	179	1 035	2 264	1 094	1 174	1 579	1 631	699	315
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units	1 042	174	993	2 184	1 063	1 111	1 511	1 554	678	303
Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units	855 82.1	148 85.1	758 76.3	1 577 72.2	949 89.3	880 79.2	1 264 83.7	1 247 80.2	568 83.8	233 76.9
White 8lock American Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut	843 3 1	145 1 2	754 1 1	1 556 1 -	946 1 1	875 _ 1	1 262	1 241 3 -	562 3	223 8 1
Asian or Pocific IslanderOther race	7	Ξ	2 -	1 19	1 -	<del>-</del> 4	2	1 2	3 -	1
Hispanic origin (of ony race)	838 187	1 144 26	7 747 235	50 1 525 607	4 942 114	8 871 231	4 1 258 247	3 1 240 307	2 560 110	1 223 70
White	184	26	233 1	596 4	114 -	229	245 1	306	108	68 1
Americon Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut Asion or Pocific Islander Other roce		=	1	1 - 6	=	1 - 1	Ī	<u> </u>	1	1
Hisponic origin (of ony roce) White, not of Hisponic origin	1 183	_ 26	3 230	14 589	114	3 227	1 244	306	2 106	- 68
VACANCY STATUS	34	5	42	80	31	63	68	77	21	20
Vocant housing units For sole only For rent	5 14	1 2	7 7	14 19	8 6	2 13	17 20	8 6	<b>21</b> 2 7	12 7 2
Rented or sold, not occupied For seasonal, recreotional, or occosional use For migrant workers	3	=	10 10	11 3	6	16	7 3	12 7	7 -	2 -
Other vocont	8 -	2 -	8 -	33	9 -	26 1	21 1	44 4	5	1
ROOMS	_	_	1	5	1	1	1	4	_	
2 rooms	16 36	1 6	9 28	33 133	7 31	6 29	8 37	9 49	1 48	18
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	103 141 148	25 52 42	217 274 228	497 612 494	147 215 215	166 230 276	170 291 313	210 357 375	90 141 145	142 98 34 14 7
7 rooms8 or more rooms	182 450	27 26	139 139	245 245	180 298	214 252	324 435	291 336	121 153	14
Medion, oll housing units Meon, oll housing units Medion, occupied housing units	7.0 7.0 7.1	5.6 5.9 5.6	5.5 5.7 5.5	5.3 5.5 5.3	6.2 6.4 6.2	6.1 6.2 6.1	6.4 6.5 6.5	6.0 6.2 6.0	6.0 6.2 6.0	4.5 4.7 4.5 4.6
Medion, owner-occupied housing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	7.5 4.4	5.8 5.0	5.9 4.4	5.6 4.3	6.3 5.3	6.3 5.2	6.6 5.2	6.2 5.0	6.3 4.1	4.6 4.3
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched	897	171	917	1 851	941	1 041	1 435	1 482	602	31
1, ottoched 2 3 or 4	11 46	1	7 20 14	18 72 90	2 5	5 46 17	15 39 30	11 34 36	12 5 5	Ξ
5 to 9	21 19	=	62 10	62 72	Ξ	ií	26 1	5 13	9 55	=
20 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler	24 47 2	=	- - 2	- - 87	- 143	- - 43	- - 27	- - 28	3 - 5	- - 284
Other Occupied housing units	8 1 042	- 174	3 993	12 2 184	1 063	11 1 111	2,6 1 511	22 1 <b>554</b>	3 678	303
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	132 320 202	25 63 34	186 352 174	546 728 362	177 389 192	222 400 170	221 481 303	292 526 258	116 238 109	82 106 65
4 persons 5 persons	258 100 30	25 19 8	181 68	332 142	189 80	182 97 40	297 140 69	305 120	119 68	36 13
6 or more persons Medion, occupied housing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units	2.84 3.09	2.48 2.50	32 2.38 2.49	74 2.25 2.33	36 2.41 2.41	2.33 2.34	2.68 2.73	53 2.42 2.42	28 2.44 2.62	2.16 2.08
Medion, renter-occupied housing units PERSONS PER ROOM	1.91	2.41	1.99	1.96	2.38	2.32	2.42	2.42	1.73	2.45
1.00 or less	1 033 7	171 3	982 11	2 141 38	1 053	1 104 5	1 499 10	1 535 17	671 6	300 2
1.51 or more	.42	.48	.47	.47	.43	.43	.45	.44	.45	.49
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	779	138	709	1 431	631	633	945	947	465	15
Less thon \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999	7 49	4 40	18 140	79 456	25 64	55 198	31 183	71 263	25 77	3 7
\$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	70 82 147	45 26 13	279 203 58	501 274 76	117 122 106	169 129 53	215 196 147	291 193 76	87 90 87	2 1
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999	258 79	9 1	8 2	35 8	161 27	24 5	142 19	39 11	74 20	2
\$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 or more	42 23 22	=	1	2	5 3 1	Ξ	5 2 5	3	2 1 2	Ξ
Medion (dollors)	105 700 121 000	48 900 55 800	54 600 55 400	45 600 49 800	78 200 83 000	47 000 51 400	64 000 71 000	47 900 53 100	70 100 74 300	31 900 44 900
CONTRACT RENT	181	25	226	597	80	179	191	250	97	67
Specified renter-occupied housing units Medion controct rent (dollors) Meon controct rent (dollors)	382 401	304 297	273 278	230 230	254 280	225 229	242 268	250 207 205	354 349	271 246
With meols included in rent Meon controct rent (dollars)	- 175	- - 19	- 213	_ _ 558	- - 71	1 113 156	1 237 177	219	- 87	_
No meols included in rentNo cosh rent	1/3	6	13	39	9	22	13	31	10	62 5

Table > Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Remoinde	er of Peoria Caunty—	-Con.			
Area	Troct 42 (pt.)	Troct 43 (pt.)	Tract 44 (pt.)	Tract 45	Tract 46 (pt.)	Tract 48.01	Troct 48.02 (pt.)	Troct 49.01 (pt.)	Troct 49.02
All housing units	2 022	1 291	2 058	1 784	2 254	1 487	1 814	1 354	1 376
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units  Percent of occupied housing units  White  Block	1 880 988 52.6 978	1 217 815 67.0 779 30	1 975 1 483 75.1 1 431 41	1 704 1 332 78.2 1 311	2 157 1 658 76.9 1 649	1 439 1 226 85.2 1 214	1 753 1 358 77.5 1 340 15	1 299 1 045 80.4 1 038	1 332 1 131 84.9 1 126 2
Americon Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut	1 5 1 3	1 3 2 13	3 6 2 10	1 6 4	2 - 1 8	2 1 2 5	- 2 1 8	6 - 1	2 1 - 3
Hisponic origin (of ony roce) White, not of Hisponic origin Renter-occupied housing units White Block Americon Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut Asion or Pocific Islonder Other roce	976 892 832 43 2	769 402 366 28 - 6 6	1 424 492 440 43 - 3	1 306 372 367 3 2	1 643 499 477 17 3	1 211 213 209 - 2 - 2	1 333 395 381 12 -	1 037 254 253 1 -	1 123 201 201 - -
Hispanic origin (of ony roce) White, not of Hispanic origin	9 827	5 364	12 434	2 365	2 476	4 207	9 373	253	201
VACANCY STATUS  Vacant housing units  For sale only	142 9 112 6 9 - 6	74 16 33 12 4 - 9	83 17 35 12 3 - 16 2	80 14 27 18 1 - 20 1	97 18 24 30 - - 25	48 5 11 3 3 - 26 1	61 15 18 6 2 - 20 3	55 14 7 3 5 - 26 1	44 10 7 5 4 - 18
ROOMS  1 room	49 178 296 529 412 230 159 1.69 4.4 4.7 4.5 5.5	7 46 122 363 392 194 94 73 4.8 4.9 4.8 5.1	33 113 378 536 432 275 291 5.4 5.7 5.5 5.8	3 34 126 333 512 362 230 184 5.3 5.5 5.5	5 22 128 481 731 464 237 186 5.2 5.4 5.2 5.4	- 6 34 258 428 334 220 207 5.6 5.8 5.6	11 15 96 392 484 397 205 214 5.3 5.5 5.3 5.4	1 15 48 249 400 310 178 153 5.4 5.6 5.4 5.6	- 2 43 143 349 345 243 251 5.9 6.1 5.9
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched 1, ottoched 2 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler	1 244 13 64 38 88 188 348	1 180 11 42 18 5 28 - - 2	1 746 21 125 43 30 13 - - 75	1 451 13 43 4 13 1 6 92 145	2 005 17 72 45 54 37 -	1 400 17 32 8 6 9 -	1 591 33 70 40 40 24 -	1 233 8 15 16 19 1 - 45	1 296 10 31 13 2 11 - 8
Occupied housing units	15 1 880	5 1 217	5 1 <b>975</b>	16 1 704	15 <b>2 157</b>	10 1 439	15 <b>1 753</b>	17 <b>1 299</b>	5 1 332
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person	770 631 242 158 60 19 1.77 2.09	384 413 193 142 65 20 2.04 2.08 1.96	567 707 287 251 119 44 2.09 2.12 2.00	377 565 323 280 112 47 2.34 2.39 1.97	506 736 406 325 131 53 2.28 2.31 2.12	214 496 293 279 121 36 2.53 2.62 2.22	356 602 327 322 113 33 2.36 2.40 2.22	237 437 242 227 111 45 2.44 2.44 2.47	185 440 253 278 131 45 2.66 2.73 2.33
PERSONS PER ROOM 1,00 or less	1 858 17 5 .42	1 192 18 7	1 956 14 5 .42	1 671 31 2 .47	2 127 28 2 2 .47	1 424 14 1 .48	1 728 22 3 .47	1 271 25 3 .49	1 314 18 - .47
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  20,000 to \$39,999  \$40,000 to \$39,999  \$60,000 to \$79,999  \$80,000 to \$79,999  \$100,000 to \$149,999  \$150,000 to \$149,999  \$200,000 to \$249,999  \$200,000 to \$299,999  \$300,000 or \$299,999  \$300,000 or more  Medion (dollors)  Meen (dollors)	902 51 360 267 94 20 26 11 18 10 45 42 100 70 000	752 114 442 165 26 2 3 - - - 32 200 33 500	1 328 69 453 591 185 24 5 1 - - 43 900 45 200	1 138 53 330 420 214 83 32 4 - - 2 47 800 51 800	1 524 94 582 571 214 45 17 1 - - 42 400 44 600	1 098 41 239 333 289 126 61 6 3 54 700 58 700	1 249 118 394 362 249 103 17 2 2 2 - 2 45 900 49 300	820 99 253 245 127 66 25 3 1 1 44 300 48 500	911 38 154 270 247 120 70 11 - - 1 59 400 63 100
CONTRACT RENT  Specified renter-occupied housing units  Median contract rent (dollors)  With meals included in rent  Mean contract rent (dollors)  No meols included in rent  No cash rent	883 288 280 1 1 250 866 16	393 266 262 - - 379 14	484 275 278 1 437 454 29	350 236 227 1 90 331 18	486 251 251 - - 464 22	203 257 267 - 175 28	385 257 259 2 494 365 18	217 213 216 - - 191 26	163 255 275 - - 138 25

Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con. Table 5

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remainder af Per Con				Tatals f	for split tracts/8NA	A's in Tazewell Co	ounty		
Area	Tract 50.97	Troct 50.98	Tract 201	Tract 203.01	Tract 203.02	Troct 204	Tract 205	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 208
Alf housing units	-	-	926	1 962	2 252	2 467	1 647	973	1 520	1 729
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units	_	_	881 573	1 871 1 414	2 158 1 445	2 328 1 629	1 596 1 297	<b>9</b> 38 714	1 489 1 217	1 541 788
Percent af occupied housing units	_	-	65.0 570	75.6 1 403	67.0 1 435	70.0 1 614	81.3 1 290	76.1 712	81.7 1 212	51.1 781
Block American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	-	-	2	3 3	3	3 4	1	-	1 212	701
Asian or Pocific Islander			<u>-</u>	Ĭ.	1	2	2	i	3	1
Other raceHispanic arigin (of any race)	_	-	1	10	3 8	6 10	- 7	- 2	- 2	2
White, not of Hisponic originRenter-occupied housing units	_	-	569 308	1 397 457	1 430 713	1 610 699	1 285 299	710 224	1 210 272	778 753
White	_	-	304	453	702	689	297	222	271	753 751
8lack American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	=	-	2	2	4 1	i	-	_	1	2
Asian or Pocific Islander	_	-1	2	2	1 5	2 6	ī	2	_	
Hisponic origin (of any race)	-	-	1	5	.11	9	2	<del>-</del>		. 8
White, not of Hispanic origin	_	-	303	449	6 <b>9</b> 6	686	296	222	271	743
VACANCY STATUS  Vacant housing units	_	_	45	91	94	139	51	35	31	188
For sale onlyFor rent	-	-	8 14	25 25	9 36	31 55	16	9	13 8	19
Rented or sold, not occupied	_	-	9	12	21	16	6 11	5	4	60 13
For seasonal, recreational, or occosional use For migrant warkers	_	_		4	1	5 -	1 -	_	3 -	1
Other vacant	_	-	13	25 3	27 4	32 1	17	11	3	95 3
ROOMS										
1 room	-	-	23 19	5	31	17	-	1	-	35 107
2 rooms 3 rooms	_	-	110	19 151	57 263	57 209	5 26	8 64	5 43	277
4 rooms 5 rooms	_	-	207 221	508 539	423 547	693 662	204 574	240 304	270 567	337 403
6 rooms 7 rooms	_	_	154 96	343 202	415 269	435 218	433 226	168 112	287 166	262 171
8 or more rooms	-	-	96 5.0	195 5.1	247 5.1	176 4.9	179 5.5	76 5.1	182	137 4.8
Meon, all housing units	=	-	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.8	5.3	5.3 5.6	4.9
Median, occupied housing units	_	-	5.0 5.5	5.1 5.4	5.2 5.7	4.9 5.2	5.6 5.6	5.1 5.3	5.3 5.4	4. <b>9</b> 5.6
Medion, renter-occupied housing units	-	-	3.9	4.2	3.8	4.2	5.2	4.1	4.6	4.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached			6 <b>9</b> 7	1 714	1 751	2 034	1 618	811	1 358	1 154
1, attached	_	-	7	20	22	17	10	3	7	1 156 17
2 3 or 4	_	-	48 48	31 30	60 101	5 <b>9</b> 71	11 4	28 44	19 23	89 155
5 to 9	_	-	27 21	24 13	86 52	72 18	_	20 23	47 37	85 97
20 to 49	_	-	_	_	153	_	_	28		3 104
Mobile home or troiler	-	-	60 18	110 20	6 21	180 16	2	9 7	25 4	1 22
Occupied housing units	_	_	881	1 871	2 158	2 328	1 596	938	1 489	1 541
PERSONS IN UNIT								,		
1 person	-	-	272	377	613	548	211	290	281	531
2 persons	_	_	323 123	678 388	699 361	813 415	435 341	365 138	541 280	418 246
4 persons5 persons	Ξ	-	109 38	268 115	307 122	328 155	367 176	99 34	261 96	202
6 or more persons	_	-	16 2.02	45 2.32	56 2.17	69 2.26	66 2.95	12 1.99	30 2.36	93 51 2.07
Median, owner-occupied housing units	-	-	2.11 1.79	2.35	2.34 1.62	2.27 2.23	2.88	2.02	2.37 2.30	2.25 1.83
Median, renter-occupied hausing units	_	-	1.79	2.24	1.02	2.23	3.26	1.83	2.30	1.83
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	_	_	867	1 830	2 135	2 267	1 560	934	1 478	1 504
1.01 to 1.50	Ξ	-	12	38	21	49	34	3	9	29
1.51 or more	_	_	.44	.48	.46	.50	.53	.42	.47	.48
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units	-	-	493	1 259	1 330	1 457	1 216	671	1 116	731
Less than \$20,000\$20,000 to \$39,9 <b>99</b>	_	-	29 165	120 479	59 401	176 746	85 640	18 232	24 477	148 420
\$40,000 to \$59,99 <b>9</b> \$60,000 to \$79,99 <b>9</b>	_	_	117 88	373 207	491 282	424 87	379 72	306 97	489 109	143 17
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	_	-	34 44	57 20	86 10	15	27 11	13	12	2
\$150.000 to \$199.999	-	-	13	3	10	í	2	-	ī	_
\$200,000 to \$24 <b>9</b> ,999 \$250,000 to \$29 <b>9</b> , <b>9</b> 99	=	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	=	=
\$300,000 or more Median (dollars)	_	_	47 300	41 200	47 800	1 34 700	36 000	44 300	41 700	30 400
Mean (dollars)	-	-	58 500	44 800	49 600	37 400	39 500	46 400	43 000	31 900
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units	_	_	<b>305</b> 227	<b>443</b> 223	<b>704</b> 255	<b>687</b> 237	<b>293</b> 270	<b>222</b> 261	<b>270</b> 277	<b>745</b> 192
Meon controct rent (dallars) With meals included in rent	_	_	240	238	248 2	242	269	271 1	280	187 1
Mean cantract rent (dollors)  No meols included in rent	_	-	287	421	188 673	673	280	237 213	263	313 717
No cosh rent	_	-	18	22	29	14	13	8	7	27

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Tatals far	split tracts/8NA	s in Tazewell Caunt	ry — Can.			
Area	Tract 209	Tract 211.01	Tract 211.02	Tract 212.01	Tract 212.02	Tract 212.03	Tract 215	Tract 216.03	Tract 216.04	Tract 216.06
All housing units TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF	1 035	3 063	2 291	804	1 284	1 551	2 449	1 495	952	1 559
HOUSEHOLDER Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Percent af occupied housing units White	957 594 62.1 592	2 959 1 433 48.4 1 428	2 213 1 647 74.4 1 640	776 641 82.6 634	1 214 915 75.4 910	1 524 1 109 72.8 1 102	2 375 2 022 85.1 2 018	1 459 1 188 81.4 1 185	918 466 50.8 464	1 530 1 177 76.9 1 175
8lack American Indian, Eskima, ar Aleut Asian ar Pacific Islander Other race	- 1 1	3 1 1	3 4 -	2 1 3 1	3 1 1 -	2 1 3 1	2	3 -	2	- 2 - 4
Hispanic arigin (af any roce) White, nat of Hispanic arigin	3 590 363 361 1 - 1	1 424 1 526 1 513 2 3 7	1 635 566 562 - 1 - 3	632 135 132 1 1	907 299 295 1 1 2	1 097 415 408 - 3 2	2 012 353 349 - 2 - 2	1 182 271 271 - - -	461 452 448 1 1 2	1 171 353 349 1 1 2
Hispanic arigin (af any race) White, nat af Hispanic arigin	4 357	10 1 504	6 559	129	295	7 403	4 347	271	2 446	349
VACANCY STATUS  Vacant housing units  For sole anly  For rent  Rented or sold, not occupied  For seasanal, recreational, or occasional use  For migrant workers  Other vacant  Boarded up	78 23 28 1 - - 26 6	104 13 57 5 3 - 26 3	78 11 25 8 5 - 29	28 3 14 6 1 - 4	70 4 61 4 - - 1	27 8 6 4 2 - 7	74 16 9 17 8 - 24 1	36 10 18 5 - - 3	34 2 28 3 1 - -	29 7 12 6 1 - 3
ROOMS  1 raam	12 29 77 334 300 148 64 71 4.7 4.9 4.7	8 97 583 735 773 399 243 225 4.6 4.8 4.7 5.6	7 32 141 448 551 385 279 448 5.4 5.8 5.5	2 4 29 148 187 154 119 161 5.7 6.0 5.8	74 124 82 92 174 252 208 278 5.9 5.7 6.0 6.5	11 13 115 291 437 338 195 151 5.3 5.5 5.3	19 46 93 514 496 459 354 468 5.6 5.9 5.7	4 22 63 159 215 291 265 476 6.5 6.6	12 35 99 213 234 146 106 107 5.0 5.2 5.0	1 33 121 167 258 305 254 420 6.2 6.3 6.2
Median, renter-occupied hausing units	906 15 32 23 36 4 - - 10	3.7  1 689 22 142 185 490 270 47 204 4	4.2 1 855 50 37 150 120 58 - - 6	607 13 37 3 2 1 -	2.5 957 13 26 26 5 - 1 245 1	4.1 1 276 3 4 50 85 70 50 	4.0 1 676 36 65 53 70 48 - 494 7	4.2 1 230 15 53 14 9 24 54 -	523 31 68 16 196 78 31 -	3.7 1 190 27 34 7 49 100 44 100 3
Occupied hausing units PERSONS IN UNIT	957	2 959	<b>2 213</b> 507	776 109	1 214 294	<b>1 524</b> 316	<b>2 375</b> 502	1 <b>459</b>	<b>918</b> 270	1 <b>530</b>
1 person	255 282 187 141 49 43 2.29 2.25 2.40	904 896 508 429 161 61 2.14 2.57	307 847 407 319 94 39 2.21 2.28 1.89	261 165 155 63 23 2.61 2.67 2.36	274 435 210 193 55 27 2.22 2.48 1.50–	543 295 244 85 41 2.32 2.40 2.07	902 392 383 144 52 2.26 2.31	217 453 275 326 139 49 2.72 2.92 1.93	344 137 110 49 8 2.05 2.33 1.70	257 269 284 117 36 2.39 2.70
PERSONS PER ROOM  1.00 or less	910 45 2 .52	2 915 38 6 .50	2 189 20 4 .42	769 6 1 .47	1 212 1 1 .43	1 500 23 1 .47	2 349 21 5 .43	1 447 11 1 .44	911 5 2 .44	1 520 10 - .43
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$20,000 - \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$300,000 or mare Median (dallars) Mean (dallars)	550 154 307 83 5 1 - - - - 27 200 28 000	1 372 49 525 484 226 62 19 5 1 - 1 43 500 47 800	1 542 75 324 345 337 257 166 22 10 2 4 61 400 66 600	485 8 45 129 142 66 63 26 6 6 - - 66 500 76 600	847 2 40 192 311 181 92 24 1 3 3 1 72 400 77 500	1 039 35 292 412 196 74 24 4 - 2 2 47 100 51 600	1 416 22 115 329 408 285 208 30 12 4 4 3 72 400 77 700	1 035 3 39 180 222 163 219 138 50 14 7 87 800 105 800	425 2 33 147 121 62 51 9 - - 63 500 70 000	1 074 2 4 95 384 280 257 45 5 2 - 83 100 90 800
CONTRACT RENT  Specified renter-occupied housing units  Medion contract rent (dallars)  Mean contract rent (dallars)  With meals included in rent  Mean contract rent (dallars)  No meals included in rent  No cash rent	358 200 201 — — 338 20	1 516 204 196  1 442 74	559 274 272 1 163 547	125 237 243 - - 119 6	295 1 000+ 903 194 1 161 97	409 257 244 2 1 250 376 31	329 228 241 - - 313 16	261 273 307 2 794 248	<b>450</b> 362 374 33 872 408	350 324 295  341 9

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

(For definitions at terms and meanings of symbols, see text  Census Tract or Block Numbering		Ţ	otals far split tracts	s/BNA's in Tazewe	ell County—Can.			East Pe	orio city, Tozewell (	County
Area	Troct 217.02	Tract 218.01	Tract 218.02	Tract 221	Tract 222	Tract 223	Troct 224	Troct 201 (pt.)	Troct 201.99	Tract 202
All housing units	1 839	1 296	878	1 350	1 577	1 256	1 926	926	-	453
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing unitsOwner-occupied housing units	1 416	1 237 947	729 609	1 325 999	1 520 995	1 226 876	1 902 1 416	881 573	Ξ	416 162
Percent af accupied housing units WhiteBlock	1 410	76.6 942	83.5 607	75.4 991 1	65.5 991	71.5 873	74.4 1 406	65.0 570	_	38.9 161
Block American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian ar Pacific Islonder Other race	2	- 4 1 -	1 - 1	3 4	2	2	2 3 4	1 - -	=	1
Hisponic origin (af any roce) White, not of Hisponic origin		3 939	3 605	5 990	1 990	873	9 1 400	1 569	_	161
Renter-occupied housing units	383 380	290 288	120 119	326 324	525 514	350 347	486 485	308 304	Ξ	254 248
Black American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander	1	Ī	Ξ	1 1	4 3 1	1 - 2	-	2 - 2	_	2
Other race	1	<u>:</u>	1	<u>-</u>	3		-	-	Ξ	2
Hispanic origin (of any race) White, not of Hispanic origin	380	284 284	119	324	513	346	483	303	-	4 246
VACANCY STATUS  Vacant housing units	40	59	149	25	57	30	24	45	_	37
For sole only	9 2	14 16	11 3	1 11	5 35	4 12	9 6	8 14	Ξ	4 15
Rented or sold, nat accupied For seosonal, recreational, ar occosional use For migrant workers	2	12	100	4 2	2	9	4	9 1	-	1 -
Other vocant	23	17 5	34 1	7	15 2	3	4	13	=	17
ROOMS										J
1 room	6	2 8	2 20	4 33	7 19	4 7	2 43	23 19	Ξ	7 26
3 rooms  4 rooms  5 rooms	239	66 268 462	67 149 251	51 187 272	144 357 323	63 222 221	220 127 748	110 207 221	-	65 151 107
7 rooms	401	262 110	184 99	290 225	288 186	230 192	343 235	154 96	=	58 18
8 or more rooms Medion, all housing units	400 6.0	118 5.2	106 5.3	288 5.9	253 5.3	317 6.0	208	96 5.0	=	21 4.4
Meon, oll housing units	6.0	5.4 5.2	5.5 5.5	6.1 6.0	5.6 5.4	6.2 6.0	5.5 5.3	5.1 5.0	_	4.5 4.4
Medion, owner-accupied housing units Medion, renter-occupied hausing units	6.3	5.4 4.4	5.6 5.3	6.3 4.3	6.1 4.0	6.7 4.1	5.5	5.5 3.9	=	4.9 4.1
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached		1 195	849	1 127	1 101	944	1 607	697	_	394
1, ottached	102	5 19	5 3	17 69	44 67	24 34	2 8	7 48	Ξ	6 26
3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19	38	34 5 14	1	78 47 1	40 165 71	39 126 82	45 104 151	48 27 21	=	14 7
20 to 49	-	- -	=	<u>:</u>	79 -	- -	-	_ _ _		Ξ
Mobile home or troilerOther		17 7	13 7	3 8	10	<del>-</del> 7	5 4	60 18	_	1 5
Occupied housing units	1 799	1 237	729	1 325	1 520	1 226	1 902	881	-	416
PERSONS IN UNIT		211	104	274	316	269	394	272	-	116
2 persons	606 318 315	452 222 209	273 143 136	504 217 216	527 293 267	394 224 221	558 360 397	323 123 109	=	120 90
5 persons6 ar mare persons	148 73	97 46	51 22	81 33	82 35	87 31	150	38 16	Ξ.	90 51 22 17
Median, occupied housing units Median, awner-accupied housing units	2.58	2.40 2.40	2.45 2.46	2.27 2.38	2.34 2.65	2.37 2.67	2.50 2.79	2.02 2.11	Ξ	2.27 2.05
Median, renter-accupied hausing units PERSONS PER ROOM	1.87	2.42	2.43	1.86	1.85	1.79	1.50-	1.79	-	2.44
1.00 or less		1 198	716	1 320	1 498	1 216	1 884	867	-	396
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean	3	34 5 .51	12 1 .48	2 3 .42	20 2 .46	, 3 .42	17 1 .50	12 2 .44	<u> </u>	13 7 .55
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units	33	<b>865</b> 170	<b>524</b> 42	888 14	<b>893</b> 16	<b>807</b>	1 318 14	<b>493</b> 29	-	147 66
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	336	396 179 85	172 184 93	179 358 208	211 257 187	67 226 247	465 648 153	165 117 88	=	69 12
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	168	19 13	23 8	91 33	87 94	153 86	26 11	34 44	=	Ξ
\$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999	23	2 -	1	3 2	31 6	19 2	-	13	=	Ξ
\$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 or more	1 5	1 32 700	1 44 300	52 800	54 400	2 - 48 400	12 200	17 200	Ξ	22 100
Medion (dollars)		37 200	47 000	52 800 57 400	54 600 66 700	68 600 73 200	43 800 46 600	47 300 58 500	=	22 100 23 700
CONTRACT RENT  Specified renter-occupied housing units	356	278	81	311	515	347	475	305	_	250
Medion controct rent (dollors) Mean controct rent (dollors)	223 241	190 201	221 228	258 267	327 312	277 283	216 210	227 240	-	187 194
With meals included in rent Mean contract rent (dollars)	1 187	3 221 249	1 213 47	2 132 291	2 250	-	50 444	- - 207	-	1 163
No meols included in rent No cosh rent		249 26	67 13	18	499 14	338 9	464	287 18	Ξ	241 8

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				East Peoria	city, Tazewell Coun	ty—Con.	<u> </u>		
Area	Troct 203.01 (pt.)	Troct 203.02 (pt.)	Troct 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Troct 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 212.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.03 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)
All housing units	1 661	2 219	3	-	-	1 254	1 393	372	643
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER									
Occupied housing units  Owner-occupied housing units  Percent of occupied hausing units	1 582 1 160 73.3	2 129 1 419 66.7	3 2 66.7	=	=	1 185 889 75.0	1 366 961 70.4	368 318	636 322 50.6
White	1 150 2	1 410	2	=	=	884 3	956 1	86.4 318	321
American Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pocific Islonder Other roce	3 1 4	3 1 3	Ξ	=	- -	1	1 2 1	=	- - 1
Hisponic origin (of ony race) White, not of Hisponic origin	1 146	1 405	2	_	Ξ	3 881	952	1 317	320 320
Renter-occupied housing units White 8lock	422 419 -	710 699 4	<u>i</u>	=	Ξ	296 292 1	405 398	50 49 —	314 314
Americon Indion, Eskima, ar Aleut Asian or Pocific Islander Other roce	1 2 -	1 1 5	=	=	- - -	2	3 2 2	- - 1	Ξ
Hisponic origin (of ony race) White, not of Hisponic origin	5 415	11 693	ī	Ξ	=	292	7 393	1 49	1 313
VACANCY STATUS  Vocont housing units	79	90	_	_	_	69	27	4	7
For sole only	21 23	9 36	=	=	=	4 60	8	2 -	2
Rented ar sold, not occupied  For seosanol, recreational, or occosional use  For migrant workers	12	18 1	Ξ	=	Ξ	4	2	=	2
Other vocontBoarded up	20 3	26 4	-	=	=	1 -	7 -	2 -	2 -
ROOMS 1 room	5	31	_	_	_	74	11	_	2
2 rooms 3 rooms	18 140 447	56 261 420	Ξ	=	Ξ	124 82 90	13 114 290	2 4 60	41 198 63
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	447 449 286	539 407	2	=	=	166 244	399 283	98 98	186 77
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	168 148	265 240	- 1	Ξ	Ξ	205 269	164 119	56 54	45 31
Medion, oll housing units Meon, oll housing units Medion, occupied housing units	5.0 5.2 5.0	5.1 5.3 5.2	5.3 6.7 5.3	=	-	5.9 5.6 6.0	5.2 5.3 5.2	5.7 5.9 5.7	4.6 4.5 4.6
Medion, owner-occupied housing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	5.3 4.2	5.7 3.8	5.0 8.5+	Ξ	-	6.5 2.5	5.6 4.1	5.9 4.7	5.3 3.1
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched	1 439	1 721	3	_	_	928	1 118	348	364
1, ottoched	19 29	22 60 98	=	=	=	13 25 26	3 4 50	3 10 5	- 5 24
3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19	29 24 13	86 52	=	Ξ	Ξ	5 -	85 70	-	96 150
20 to 49 50 or more	-	153	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	1 245	50 - 2	- - 5	- -
Mobile home or troilerOther	88 20	6 21	- - 3	=	=	10 1 185	11 1 366	368	3 <b>636</b>
Occupied housing units PERSONS IN UNIT	1 582	2 129	3	-	-	1 103	1 300	300	030
1 person 2 persons	334 562	607 693	1	Ξ	Ξ	290 419 207	290 491 258	57 147 67	270 186 75
3 persons  4 persons  5 persons	332 226 95	356 299 119	=	-	_	190 53 26	221 71	64 24	69 29 7
6 or more persons Medion, occupied housing units	33 2.31	55 2.16	1 2.00 1.50–	=	=	26 2.22 2.49	35 2.30 2.39	9 2.36 2.35	7 1.76 2.41
Median, owner-accupied housing units  Median, renter-accupied housing units	2.34 2.23	2.33 1.62	6.50+	Ξ	Ξ	1.50-	2.06	2.59	1.50-
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	1 547	2 106	2	-	-	1 183	1 344 21	364 4	630
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Meon	32 3 .48	21 2 .46	1 - .90	Ξ	=	.43	1 .48	.45	6 - .46
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 049 103 413	1 308 59 396	2	-	=	821 1 40	898 35 275	<b>289</b> 11 56	<b>303</b> 5 106
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	307 168	483 275	<u>i</u>	Ξ	_	186 303	331 160	109 71	151 38 2
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	44 12	84 10 1	=	=	Ξ	174 88 24	68 23 4	26 16	2
\$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999	2 - -	-	=	=	=	1 3	- 2	=	=
\$300,000 or more	40 400	47 700 49 500	40 000	Ξ	Ξ	72 400 77 600	45 000 51 000	52 000 56 600	45 000 46 700
Meon (dollors)  CONTRACT RENT	43 900	49 500	40 000	_	_	77 600	31 000	30 000	40 700
Specified renter-occupied housing units Medion controct rent (dollors)	<b>413</b> 223	<b>702</b> 255	=	=	1	292 1 000+	399 256	<b>49</b> 294	312 128
Meon controct rent (dollars) With meols included in rent	238	248 2 188	=	-	-	908 194 1 161	242 2 1 250	294 - -	162 2 50
Meon controct rent (dollars)	394 19	671 29	=	=	<u> </u>	94 4	366 31	45 4	306 4

Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Morton	villoge, Tozewell	County			Pekin city	/ (pt.), Tozewell	County
Area	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 216.03 (pt.)	Troct 216.04 (pt.)	Troct 216.05	Troct 216.06 (pt.)	Troct 217	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 206 (pt.)	Troct 207 (pt.)	Troct 208 (pt.)
All housing units	752	1 074	946	1 186	1 524	-	-	973	1 490	1 729
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER  Occupied housing units	712	1 051	912	1 152	1 496	_	_	938	1 459	1 541
Owner-occupied housing units  Percent of occupied housing units	676 94.9	850 80.9	464 50.9	835 72.5	1 145 76.5	_	=	714 76.1	1 206 82.7	788 51.1
White Block American Indian, Eskima, or Aleut	675	847 _ _	462 - -	831 _ 1	1 143 - -	-	=	712 - 1	1 201 1 1	781 - 4
Asion or Pacific IslanderOther roce	1 -	3 -	2 -	2 1	2 -	=	_	i -	3 -	1 2
Hispanic origin (of ony race) White, not of Hisponic origin Renter-occupied housing units	675 36	1 846 201	3 459 448	2 830 317	4 1 139 351	=	-	2 710 224	1 199 253	5 778 753
White	36	201	444	314 1	347 1	Ξ	_	222	252	751 
Americon Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut Asion or Pocific Islander Other roce		Ξ	2	-	2	=	-	2	-	2
Hispanic origin (of ony roce)	36	_ 201	2 442	5 310	_ 347	_	-	222	252	8 743
VACANCY STATUS  Vacant housing units	40	23	34	34	28	_	_	35	31	188
For sale only	11	8 8	2 28	9 7	6 12	Ξ	=	9 10	13 8	19 60
Rented or sold, not occupied For seosonol, recreationol, or occosionol use For migront workers	5 7 -	5 - -	3 1 -	8 2 —	6 1 -	=	-	5 - -	3	13
Other vocontBoorded up	16	2 -	Ξ	8 1	3 -	=	-	11	3 -	95 3
ROOMS 1 room	2	4	12	.6	1	_	-	1	_	35
2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms	20 319	13 56 110	35 99 213	16 83 182	33 121 165	-	-	8 64 240	5 40 254	107 277 337
5 rooms6 rooms	158 105	. 122 185	232 145	245 268	254 299	=	_	304 168	567 283	403 262
7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion, oll housing units	62 80 4.7	199 385 6.7	103 107 5.0	177 209 5.7	249 402 6.1	=	=	112 76 5.1	163 178 5.3	171 137 4.8
Mean, all housing units Medion, occupied housing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units	5.2 4.7 4.8	6.7 6.8 7.2	5.2 5.0 6.1	5.9 5.8 6.2	6.2 6.2 6.7	Ξ	=	5.3 5.1 5.3	5.6 5.3 5.4	4.9 4.9 5.6
Medion, renter-occupied housing units	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1	3.7	Ξ	Ξ	4.1	4.7	4.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached  1, attoched	255 16	909 11	520 29	903 26	1 156 27	_	_	811 3	1 346	1 156 17
2	3 5 2	50 14 9	67 16 196	69 58 59	34 7 49	Ξ	-	28 44 20	19 23 31	89 155 85
10 to 19 20 to 49	1 -	24 54	78 31	54 -	100 44	Ξ	=	23 28	35	97 3
50 or more Mobile home or trailer Other	469	- - 3	1 8	- - 17	100 2 5	=	-	- 9 7	25 4	104 1 22
Occupied housing units	712	1 051	912	1 152	1 496	-	-	938	1 459	1 541
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person  2 persons	214 295	170 340	269 341	301 435	295 512	Ξ	-	290 365	273 530	531 418
3 persons 4 persons	93 77	203 220	136 109	180 129	266 277	Ξ	-	138 99	275 255	246 202
5 persons 6 or more persons Median, occupied housing units	25 8 1.98	86 32 2.58	49 8 2.05	76 31 2.13	112 34 2.38	=	- -	34 12 1.99	96 30 2.36	93 51 2.07
Median, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	1.98 2.00	2.84 1.66	2.33 1.69	2.23 1.72	2.71 1.50–	Ξ	=	2.02 1.83	2.36 2.35	2.25 1.83
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	700	1 048	905	1 142	1 488	_	_	934	1 448	1 504
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean	9 3 .42	2 1 .42	5 2 .44	8 2 .41	.43	Ξ	=	3 1 42	9 2 .47	29 8 .48
VALUE	2	2	.44		.43			72	/	.40
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less thon \$20,000	242 1	<b>793</b> 2 27	<b>423</b> 2 33	775 3	1 060	=	=	671 18 232	1 110 24 474	<b>731</b> 148 420
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	7 19 94	111 163	147 121	64 204 260	4 95 380	=	=	306 97	489 107	143 17
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999	85 29 7	122 179 122	61 50 9	154 79 9	275 252 45	=	-	13 5 -	12 4 -	2
\$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999	=	46 14	<u>-</u>	ź -	5 2	-	-		-	=
\$300,000 or more Median (dollors) Mean (dollars)	80 000 83 100	94 300 112 700	63 400 69 900	68 000 72 000	83 000 90 800	=	-	44 300 46 400	41 700 42 900	30 400 31 900
CONTRACT RENT	0.5	100	447	217	240			000	050	74-
Specified renter-occupied housing units Medion controct rent (dollars) Mean controct rent (dollors)	35 206 235	199 276 319	<b>447</b> 362 374	<b>317</b> 279 285	<b>349</b> 324 295	=	-	<b>222</b> 261 271	<b>252</b> 279 281	<b>745</b> 192 187
With meols included in rent Meon controct rent (dollars) No meols included in rent	33	1 1 250 190	33 872 405	1 263 307	340	-	-	1 237 213	245	1 313 717
No cosh rent	2	8	9	9	9	=	Ξ	8	7	27

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Pel	kin city (pt.), Tazev	well County—Cor	۱.			Washington city,	Tazewell Caunty
Area	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 210	Troct 211.01 (pt.)	Tract 211.02 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 218.01 (pt.)	Troct 218.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 221 (pt.)
All housing units	1 035	2 687	3 063	2 075	366	240	118	-	1	1 225
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing unitsOwner-occupied housing units  Percent of occupied housing units	957 594 62.1	2 517 1 657 65.8	2 959 1 433 48.4	2 012 1 520 75.5	347 176 50.7	232 138 59.5	116 102 87.9	=	=	1 201 903 75.2
White	592	1 650	1 428	1 515	176	138	101	Ē	=	895 1
Americon Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pocific Islander Other roce	1	5 - 1	3 1 1	1 4 -	-	=	1	=		- 3 4
Hispanic origin (of any roce) White, not of Hispanic origin	3 590	2 1 649	5 1 424	5 1 510	176	138	101	Ξ	=	5 894
Renter-occupied housing units White 8lock	363 361	860 854	1 526 1 513 2	492 489	171 169	94 93 -	14 14	=		298 296
Americon Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut	1	4	3 7	1 -	1 -	<u></u>	Ξ	_		· 1
Other roce	4 357	5 850	10 1 504	2 5 486	1 3 167	- - 93	- 1 13	-	-	- 296
White, not of Hispanic origin VACANCY STATUS				400				-	_	290
Vocant housing units For sole only For rent	<b>78</b> 23 28	1 <b>70</b> 22 77	104 13 57	<b>63</b> 9 21	19 1 8	8 1 -	2 1 -	=	1	24 1 11
Rented or sold, not occupiedFor seosonal, recreotional, or occosional use	- 1	10	5 3	6	10	2	Ξ	Ξ	=	4 2
For migrant workers Other vocant 8oorded up	26 6	58 3	26 3	23	=	5 2	1	=	-	6
ROOMS 1 roam	12	40	8	7	14				_	4
2 rooms3 rooms	29 77	100 275	97 583	27 120	36 57	2 59	_ 	Ξ	=	33 51
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	334 300 148	608 692 377	735 773 399	378 503 352	52 70 60	55 58 35	14 56 24	=	-	179 254 257
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	64 71	280 315	243 225	265 423	38 39	16 15	11 13	Ξ	1 - 70	210 237
Medion, oll housing unitsMean, oll housing unitsMedion, occupied hausing unitsMedion, occupied hausing units	4.7 4.9 4.7	5.0 5.2 5.0	4.6 4.8 4.7	5.5 5.9 5.5	4.8 4.9 4.9	4.6 4.7 4.6	5.3 5.7 5.3	Ξ	7.0 7.0 –	5.9 6.0 5.9
Medion, occupied hausing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	5.1 4.2	5.4 4.0	5.6 3.7	6.1 4.1	6.2 3.3	5.2 3.3	5.3 5.1	_		6.3 4.2
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched	906	2 125	1 689	1 657	193	127	116	_	1	1 003 17
1, ottoched 23 or 4	15 32 23	26 143 106	22 142 185	44 34 147	48 17	23 2 16	2	=		17 69 78
5 to 9	36 4	77 111	490 270 47	120 58 -	55 47	36 29	=	Ξ		47 1
20 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer	10	74 _ 12	204 4	$\frac{-}{2}$		3	Ξ	Ξ	=	2
Occupied housing units	9 957	13 <b>2 517</b>	10 <b>2 959</b>	13 <b>2 012</b>	2 <b>347</b>	4 232	116	-	-	8 1 <b>20</b> 1
PERSONS IN UNIT	255	781	904	464	100	88	23	-	_	260
2 persons 3 persons	282 187	805 408	896 508 429	779 366 286	96 63 67	79 33 19	39 17 23	=	_	452 200 195
4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons	141 49 43	322 137 64	161 61	84 33	18 3	9	13 1	Ξ		69 25
Medion, occupied housing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	2.29 2.25 2.40	2.09 2.16 1.87	2.14 2.57 1.65	2.20 2.28 1.78	2.27 3.16 1.50–	1.85 2.17 1.50–	2.40 2.30 3.67	=	-	2.25 2.38 1.78
PERSONS PER ROOM	2.40	1.07								
1.00 or less	910 45 2	2 471 35 11	2 915 38 6	1 997 12 3	343 2 2	230	116	=		1 196 2 3
1.51 or more	.52	.45	.50	.41	.49	.44	.48	-	-	.42
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units	550	1 515	1 <b>372</b> 49	1 423	161	115 11	<b>97</b>		_	<b>825</b>
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999	154 307 83	156 753 430	525 484	46 277 335	4 83	38 35 19	38 42	=	=	174
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	5 1 _	100 43 25	226 62 19	333 251 154	60 12 2	19 7 5	12 1 3	=		185 80 24
\$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999	=	8 -	5 1	18	_	=	Ē	Ξ	_	2 2
\$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 or more Medion (dollors)	- 27 200	36 300	- 1 43 500	1 2 62 700	59 000	43 900	45 600	=	=	52 000
Mean (dallars)	28 000	40 400	47 800	67 200	61 400	48 000	47 300	-	-	56 100
Specified renter-occupied housing units Medion controct rent (dollars)	358 200	<b>850</b> 214	1 516 204	<b>485</b> 281	171 188	<b>93</b> 196	14 288	_	Ξ	<b>296</b> 258
Mean contract rent (dollars)With meols included in rent	201	220 1	196	282 1	206	218 1 187	322	-	Ξ	266 2 132
Meon controct rent (dollars) No meals included in rent No cash rent	338 20	163 832 17	1 442 74	163 476 8	170 1	89 3	14	-	=	279 15

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Woshington ci	ty, Tozewell Coun	ty—Con.			Remain	der of Tazewell Co	ounty		
Area	Troct 222 (pt.)	Troct 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Troct 201 (pt.)	Troct 203.01 (pt.)	Troct 203.02 (pt.)	Troct 204 (pt.)	Troct 205 (pt.)	Troct 206 (pt.)	Troct 207 (pt.)
All housing units	1 314	925	438	-	301	33	2 464	1 647	-	30
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing unitsOccupied housing units	1 257 772	906 684	429 360	_	289 254	29 26	2 325 1 627	1 596 1 297	Ξ	30 11
Percent of occupied housing units White	61.4 768	75.5 682	83.9 354	Ξ	87.9 253	89.7 25	70.0 1 612	81.3 1 290	-	36.7 11
Black Americon Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut	1	-	2	_	1 -	1 -	3 4	1 4	_	Ī
Asian or Pacific IslanderOther race	2 -	2	2 2	-	-	Ξ.	2 6	2 -	Ξ	_
Hispanic origin (of any race)	1 767	682	2 353	Ξ	2 251	25	10 1 608	7 1 285	_	11
Renter-occupied housing units	485 474	222 220	69 69	-	35 34	3 3	698 688	299 297	=	19 19
8lock American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	4 3	1 -	_	Ξ	1	Ξ	1	1 -	_	_
Asian or Pocific IslanderOther race	3	1 -	-	_		_	2 6	1	Ξ	_
Hispanic origin (of any race) White, not of Hisponic origin	4 473	1 219	1 68	Ξ	34	3	9 685	2 296	_	_ 19
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units	<b>57</b>	19 4	9 4	=	12 4	4 -	<b>139</b> 31	<b>51</b> 16	_	
For rentRented or sold, not occupied	35 2	3 9	2	_	2	3	55 16	6 11	_	_
For migront workers	-	2	-	Ξ	-		5	1 ,=	-	
Other vocont 8oorded up	15 2	-	2 -	Ξ	5 -	1 -	32 1	17 -	-	_
ROOMS	7	4					17			
1 room 2 rooms 3 roams	18 136	6 55	13	=	ī 11	1 2	57 209	5 26	-	- - 3
4 rooms5 rooms	337 259	119 172	10	=	61 90	3 8	693 660	204 574	=	16
7 rooms	223 134	187 135	92 85	Ξ.	57 34	8 4	435 218	433 226	_	4 3
8 or more rooms	200 5.1	247 6.1	56 5.7	=	47 5.4	7 5.8	175 4.9	179	Ξ	4
Medion, all housing units	5.5	6.3	6.0	-	5.7	6.0	5.1	5.5 5.8	-	4.3 5.1
Medion, occupied housing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	5.2 6.1 4.0	6.1 6.6 4.1	5.7 5.7 5.4	=	5.4 5.4 5.0	6.0 5.9 7.0	4.9 5.2 4.2	5.6 5.6 5.2	-	4.3 6.7 3.9
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	4.0		3.4	_	5.0	7.0	7.2	3.2		3.7
1, detached	860 44	751 18	426	_	275 1	30	2 031 17	1 618 10	-	12
2 3 or 4	60 40	34 34	1 2	Ξ	2	_ 3	59 71	11 4	Ξ	
5 ta 9 10 ta 19	150 71	67 15	8 –	_	=	=	72 18	_	Ξ	16 2
20 ta 49	79 -		=	Ξ	Ξ	_	-	-	_	-
Mobile hame ar trailer	10	- 6	1 -	Ξ	22 -	-	180 16	2 2	_	Ξ
Occupied housing units	1 257	906	429	-	289	29	2 325	1 596	-	30
PERSONS IN UNIT	290	196	45	_	43	6	547	211	_	8
2 persons3 persons	439 238	267 166	118	Ξ	116 56	6	812 415	435 341	_	11 5
4 persons5 persons	207 61	182 73	118 34	_	42 20	8	328 155	367 176	_	6
6 or more persans Medion, occupied housing units	22 2.27	22 2.46	18 3.04	Ξ	12 2.38	1 3.00	68 2.26	66 2.95	-	2.14
Medion, owner-occupied housing unitsMedion, renter-occupied housing units	2.58 1.82	2.79 1.69	2.98 3.29	Ξ	2.38 2.31	3.30 1.50-	2.27 2.23	2.88 3.26	_	2.63 1.86
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less	1 239 16	900 4	422	_	283 6	29	2 265 48	1 560 34		30
1.51 or mare	.45	.43	.51	Ξ	.48	.48	12 .50	.53	Ξ	.45
VALUE							-			
Specified owner-occupied housing units	<b>699</b> 15	<b>640</b> 5	338	-	<b>210</b> 17	22	1 <b>455</b> 176	1 <b>216</b> 85	-	6
\$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999	177 203	62 197	137 172	Ξ	66 66	5 8	745 423	640 379	_	3
660,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	148 53	175 107	18	Ξ	39 13	7 2	87 15	72 27	_	2
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999	73 22	71 19	2	=	8		7	11 2	Ξ.	_ 1
\$200,000 ta \$249,999	5	2 2	-	-	Ė	_	<u>:</u>		-	-
\$300,000 or mare	53 000	66 100	42 000	Ξ	45 800	56 700	1 34 700	36 000	_	50 000
Meon (dollars)	65 100	72 700	44 300	-	49 500	55 700	37 400	39 500	-	70 000
CONTRACT RENT  Specified renter-occupied housing units	481	220	66		30	2	687	293		18
Median contract rent (dallars) Men contract rent (dallars)	331 315	276 283	309 313	=	238 238	200 200	237 242	270 269	-	263 267
With meals included in rent Mean contract rent (dollars)	2 250		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Na meals included in rentNo cosh rentNo	466 13	213 7	63	-	27 3	2	673 14	280 13	Ξ	18
TO COSH PERMI	13	,	3 1		3	-	14	13	_	-

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 —Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				F	temoinder of Toze	well County—Con				
Area	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Troct 211.01 (pt.)	Troct 211.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 212.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Troct 216.03 (pt.)	Tract 216.04 (pt.)
All housing units	-	-	-	216	803	30	158	959	421	6
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units	_	_	_	201 127	776 641	29 26	158 148	948 852	408 338	6
Percent of occupied housing units White	=	=	=	63.2 125	82.6 634	89.7 26	93.7 146	89.9 849	82.8 338	33.3
8lock American Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut	_	_	_	2	2	-	1	1	-	-
Asian or Pacific Islander	Ξ	Ξ	=	-	3	Ξ.	1	i	=	Ξ.
Hispanic origin (of any roce)	-	-	-		3		1	5	2	-
White, not of Hispanic origin	_	_	_	125 74	632 135	26 3	145 10	844 96	336 70	2 4
White Black	_	_	-	73 -	132 1	3 -	10	95 -	70 -	4 -
Americon Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut	_	_	_	<del>-</del>		_	-	1	_	-
Other roce Hispanic origin (of ony roce)	_	_	_	1	4	_	-	_	_	_
White, nat of Hisponic origin	-	-	-	73	129	3	10	95	70	4
VACANCY STATUS  Vocont housing units	_	_	_	15	27	1	_	11	13	_
For sale only	-	_	_	2	2	1	Ξ	2	2 10	-
Rented or sold, not occupied  For seasonol, recreotional, or occosionol use	_	_	-	2	6			2		_
For migrant workersOther vocont	_	_	-	6	- 4	-	-	- 6	- 1	_
Boarded up	-	-	-	i	i	-	-	Ĭ	<u>-</u>	-
ROOMS	_		_	_	2	_	_	3	_	_
2 rooms		_	_	5 21	4 29	-	- 1	2 12	9 7	_
4 rooms5 rooms	=	=	=	70 48	148 187	2	i 38	83 170	49 93	- 2
6 raoms7 rooms	=	=	_	33 14	154 118	8	55 31	196 198	106 66	1 3
8 or more rooms Median, all housing units	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	25 4.8	161 5.7	9 6.1	32 6.2	295 6.6	91 6.0	6.5
Mean, oll housing units	=	Ξ	_	5.2 4.8	6.0 5.8	6.5 6.2	6.5 6.2	6.8 6.6	6.3 6.0	6.2 6.5
Median, occupied housing units  Median, owner-occupied housing units  Medion, renter-occupied housing units	Ξ	=	_	5.2 4.2	6.0 4.3	6.3 5.3	6.2 5.3	6.7 5.3	6.2 4.8	6.0 6.5
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached 1, ottached	=	_	_	198 6	606 13	29	158	880 14	321 4	3 2
3 or 4	=	_	_	3	37	1		4 26	3	<u> </u>
5 to 9	=	_	-	-	2		<u>-</u>	13	-	_
20 to 49	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	-	_	_	-	_
Mobile home or trailerOther	_	_	-	4 2	141		_	19 3	91 2	-
Occupied housing units	-	-	-	201	776	29	158	948	408	6
PERSONS IN UNIT				.0	100		0.4	101	47	,
1 person	_	_	_	43 68	109 261	16	26 52	131 364	47 113	3
3 persons 4 persons	Ξ.	_	_	33	165	3	23	175	106	i
5 persons 6 or more persons	_	_	_	10	63 23	1	14	77 32	53 17	2.17
Medion, occupied housing unitsMedion, owner-occupied housing units	_	Ξ	_	2.35 2.23	2.61 2.67	2.16 2.17	2.53 2.50	2.44 2.47 2.00	3.11 3.17 2.91	2.17 2.00 2.50
Medion, renter-occupied housing units	-	-	-	2.70	2.36	2.00	2.83	2.00	2.71	2.30
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	_	_	_	192	769	29	156	942	399	6
1.01 to 1.50	ana 114	_	_	8 1	6	Ξ	2	6	9	-
Mean		-	-	.50	.47	.39	.43	.41	.50	.38
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	_	_	_	119	485	26	141	724	242	. 2
Less thon \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999	Ξ.	-	-	29 47	8 45	ī	17	10 48	1 12	Ξ
\$40,000 to \$57,979 \$60,000 to \$79,999	=	=	-	10	129 142	6 8	81 36	118 183	69 59	Ξ
\$80,000 to \$97,979 \$100,000 to \$99,999	=	_	_	6	66	7	6	162 161	41 40	1
\$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999	=		_	4 4	26	-		23 12	16	_
\$250,000 to \$299,999	=	_	_	1 2	=	_	_	4 3	_	_
\$300,000 or more Medion (dollors) Meon (dollors)	-	Ξ		29 800 60 000	66 500 76 600	75 000 75 700	53 400 55 100	80 400 87 900	74 400 83 300	95 000 98 800
CONTRACT RENT				22 000						
Specified renter-occupied housing units	-	-	-	74	125	3	1 <b>0</b> 337	<b>74</b> 278	<b>62</b> 260	<b>3</b> 388
Median cantroct rent (dollors) Mean contract rent (dollors)	-	_	-	191 205	237 243	463 446	327	299	269 1	433
With meals included in rent Mean controct rent (dollors)	-	_	_	- - 71	110	- - 3	_ _ 10	65	337 58	_ _ 3
No meols included in rentNo cash rent	_	_	_	71 3	119 6	-	-	9	3	-

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Remoinder	of Tozewell County-	Con.			
Area	Tract 216.06 (pt.)	Troct 217.01	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 218.01 (pt.)	Troct 218.02 (pt.)	Troct 219	Troct 220	Tract 221 (pt.)	Troct 222 (pt.)
All housing units	35	1 512	1 599	1 178	878	1 815	1 581	125	263
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER									
Occupied housing unitsOwner-accupied housing units	34 32 94.1	1 435 1 145 79.8	1 567 1 278	1 121 845	729 609	1 700 1 336	1 486 1 095	124 96	263 223
Percent of accupied hausing units WhiteBlack	32	79.8 1 141 1	81.6 1 272 1	75.4 841 -	83.5 607 —	78.6 1 334	73.7 1 094	77.4 96	84.8 223
American Indion, Eskima, or Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander Other race	= =	3	2 1 2	4 - -	1 1	1 1 -	<u>ī</u>	=	=
Hispanic origin (of any race) White, not of Hisponic origin	32	1 139	6 1 268	3 838	3 605	1 1 333	3 1 091	- 96	223
lenter-occupied housing units WhiteBlack	2 2	290 290	289 287	276 274	120 119	364 362	391 390	28 28	40 40
American Indion, Eskima, ar Aleut Asian or Pocific Islonder Other roce	-	=	$\frac{1}{1}$	1		2	1	=	=
Hisponic origin (of ony roce) White, not af Hispanic origin		l 289	1 287	3 271	1 119	1 361	1 389	- 28	- 40
ACANCY STATUS	,		20		140				
Vacant housing units or sale anly or rent	1 1	<b>77</b> 9 12	<b>32</b> 8 2	<b>57</b> 13 16	149 11 3	115 24 11	<b>95</b> 8 16	1	-
ented ar sold, not occupiedor seasanal, recreationol, or occosionol use	_	8 16	2 2	12	1 100	16 12	20 13	-	=
or migrant workers Ither vacant Boarded up	=	32 3	- 18 1	- 16 5	- 34 1	3 49 3	38	1	Ξ
cooms		, and the second	·	J	·	3	,		
roams		7 10	2	2 8	2 20 67	6 17	2 6	_	1
raams roams rooms	2	48 216 342	68 184 306	66 254 406	149 251	52 216 378	34 228 322	- 8 18	8 20 64
raamsroams	6 5	326 287	366 284	238 99	184 99	440 299	340 227	33 15	64 65 52 53 6.1
ar mare rooms	18 7.6	276 5.9	385 6.1	105 5.1	106 5.3	407 6.0	422 6.1	51 6.7	53 6.1
Aean, all housing units Aedian, accupied housing units Aedian, awner-accupied housing units	7.5 7.5 7.5	6.1 5.9 6.1	6.3 6.2 6.4	5.4 5.2 5.4	5.5 5.5 5.6	6.2 6.1 6.2	6.3 6.1 6.4	7.0 6.8 6.7	6.3 6.1 6.3
Median, renter-accupied hausing units	7.0	4.8	4.5	4.4	5.3	5.2	5.0	7.5	4.5
NITS IN STRUCTURE , detached	34	1 343	1 419	1 079	849	1 647	1 393	124	241
or 4	_	9 31 26	20 100 32	5 17 34	5 3	7 37 70	6 31 60	Ξ	7
to 9 0 to 19	<u> </u>	35 4	2 4	5 14	1 -	16	24 12	Ξ	15
0 to 490 or more		-	-	- , <del>-</del>	-	-	- -	=	_
Aobile home ar trailer	-	49 15	15 7	17 7	13 7	24 13	43 12	1	-
Occupied housing units PERSONS IN UNIT	34	1 435	1 567	1 121	729	1 700	1 486	124	263
personpersons	2 15	262 452	251 527	188 413	104 273	324 569	284 512	14 52	26 88
personspersons	3 7	243 280	285 296	205 186	143 136	301 297	298 239	17 21	55 60
persons or more persons Medion, occupied hausing units	5 2 2.50	138 60 2.51	139 69 2.52	84 45 2.40	51 22 2.45	150 59 2.42	107 46 2.40	12 8 2.42	21 13 2.82
Aedion, occupied housing unitsAedion, renter-occupied housing units	2.50 2.50 3.50	2.55 2.41	2.67 2.08	2.41 2.38	2.45 2.46 2.43	2.42 2.42 2.45	2.44 2.24	2.42 2.38 2.75	2.82 2.91 2.25
ERSONS PER ROOM .00 or less	32	1 415	1 551	1 082	716	1 679	1 475	124	259
.01 to 1.50	2 - 43	15 5 .47	13 3 .45	34 5 .51	12 1 .48	19 2 .44	10 1 1 .42	.42	4 - .48
/ALUE	3	,	.43	.31	.40		12	2	.40
Specified awner-occupied housing units	14 -	924 25	1 <b>056</b> 22	<b>768</b> 169	<b>524</b> 42	1 <b>070</b> 134	<b>854</b> 43	63	194 1
20,000 to \$39,999 40,000 to \$59,999 60,000 to \$79,999	-	209 343 227	133 301 305	358 137 73 18	172 184	407 297 135	272 243 182	5 14 23	34 54 30
80,000 to \$99,999	5 5	66 43	161 103	18 10	93 23 8	60 31	71 36	11 9	34 54 39 34 21
150,000 ta \$199,999		7 4	23 2	2 -	1	3 2	6	1 -	9
250,000 to \$299,999 300,000 or more Nedian (dollars)	90 000	53 100	63 800	1 31 000	1 44 300	1 39 700	1 - 49 100	74 100	63 100
Neon (dollors)	93 800	56 900	70 300	35 900	47 000	45 200	53 400	74 300	72 600
ONTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	1	250	263	264	81	271	295	15	34
Median cantract rent (dollars) Mean cantract rent (dallars) Vith meals included in rent	238 237	231 231	237 249 —	186 194 3	221 228	198 203 1	216 219 1	250 270	249 267
Meon controct rent (dollars)	- 1	236	- - 248	221 235	213 67	263 247	137 244	- 12	33
No cash rent		14	15	26	13	23	50	3	ī

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remoinder of Tazewell (	County—Con.		Woodford Count	у	
Area	Troct 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Troct 301.98	Tract 302	Troct 303	Troct 304
All housing units	331	845	993	1 278	1 053	1 524
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER	202					
Occupied housing units  Owner-occupied housing units  Percent of occupied housing units	320 192 60.0	837 + 734   87.7	937 708 75.6	1 190 928	1 003 776	1 477 1 151
White	191	731	75.6 707	78.0 926	77.4 774	77.9 1 150
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander Other roce	=	1	<u>-</u> -	- 1 1	2 -	1 - -
Hisponic origin (of ony race) White, not of Hisponic origin	191	5 727	1 706	1 926	1 773	5 1 145
Renter-occupied housing units White Black	128 127	103 102	229 229	262 262	227 224	326 325
Americon Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian or Pacific Islonder Other race	1	1	- -	-	- 1 - 2	1
Hisponic origin (of ony race) White, not of Hispanic origin	127	102	229	1 261	3 223	1 324
VACANCY STATUS  Vacant housing units	11	8	56	88	50	47
For rent	- 9	3 4	13 10	18 14	10	10
Rented or sold, not occupied For seosonol, recreotional, or occosionol use	Ξ	1	3 14	2 13	17 -	8 1
For migront workers Other vacant Boarded up	2	Ξ	16	41	14	2]
ROOMS	'	-	'	_	'	'
1 room	ī	- 2	4 8	2 8	3 7	1 21
3 rooms	103	9 54	37 99	52 164	51 165	67 217
5 rooms6 rooms	49 43 57	380 174	220 229	287 303	242 226	305 318
7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion, all housing units	70 5.6	105 121 5.4	177 219 6.1	233 229 5.9	159 200 5.8	273 322 6.0
Mean, oll housing units Medion, occupied housing units	6.0 5.7	5.9 5.4	6.2 6.1	6.1 6.0	6.0 5.8	6.1 6.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-accupied housing units	7.0 4.1	5.5 5.1	6.3 5.5	6.1 5.1	6.0 4.8	6.3 4.5
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched	193	817	907	1 120	933	1 249
1, ottoched2	6	2 2	9 16	10 30	733 9 44	19
3 or 4 5 to 9	5 59	19	20 2	26 28	37 16	43 31
10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or mare	67 -	-	9 -	1_	Ξ	11
Mobile home or troilerOther	- - 1	3	26 4	48 15	- 7 7	88 12
Occupied housing units	320	837	937	1 190	1 003	1 477
PERSONS IN UNIT	73	79	. 174	302	209	249
2 persons 3 persons	127 58	254 189	296 153	415 195	335 139	474
4 persons 5 persons	39 14	210 87	187 79	173 73 32	183 87	267 279 145 63 2.56
6 or more persons Medion, occupied housing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units	9 2.19 2.36	18 2.95 2.88	48 2.49	2.21	50 2.37	63 2.56
Medion, renter-occupied housing units	1.92	3.44	2.46 2.67	2.20 2.26	2.39 2.26	2.64 2.35
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	316	832	924	1 177	988	1 457
1.01 to 1.50	3 1	5 -	11 2	13	11 4	20
Meon	.40	.51	.45	.41	.46	.46
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	167	677	497	792	630	922
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999	- 5 29	222 325	61 166 127	69 278 274	23 140 209	18 110
\$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	72 46	97 16	86 35	111	155 60	305 280 128
\$150,000 to \$199,999	15	9	18 3	35 23 1	40 2	64
\$200,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999	Ī.	-	<u>1</u>	- -	1 _	2
\$300,000 or more Median (dollars) Mean (dollors)	74 600 74 900	44 600 47 700	42 300 48 300	1 43 100 46 600	52 900 57 900	61 700 65 600
CONTRACT RENT	74 700	47 700	43 300	40 000	5, 700	83 800
Specified renter-occupied housing units Medion contract rent (dollors)	1 <b>27</b> 279	97 302	168 219	<b>229</b> 207	<b>196</b> 240	<b>300</b> 264
Meon contract rent (dollars)	284	296	218	201 1	240 1	259
Meon controct rent (dallars)No meals included in rent	125	95 2	140	213 203	1 250 180	287
No cash rent	2	2	28	25	15	13

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 — Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Wo	odford County—Co	١.	
Area	Tract 305.01	Tract 305.02	Troct 306.01	Troct 306.02	Troct 307
All housing units	1 649	1 011	1 993	897	1 534
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER					
Occupied hausing units	1 623 1 470	959 797	1 913 1 323	843 695	1 450 1 076
Percent of occupied housing units	90.6 1 <b>4</b> 62	83.1 794	69.2 1 322	82.4 692	74.2 1 070
Block	5	1 2	1	- 1	
American Indion, Eskimo, or Aleut Asian ar Pacific Islander Other race	3 -	- -	-	2 -	2
Hisponic origin (of ony roce) White, not of Hisponic origin	7 1 455	4 790	4 1 319	2 690	1 070
Renter-occupied housing units White Black	153 152	162 161	590 581	148 148	374 371
American Indion, Eskimo, ar Aleut	Ę	1	i	Ξ	1
Asian or Pocific Islander	1 -	_	2 5	Ξ	1
Hisponic origin (af any roce) White, not af Hispanic origin	152	_ 161	13 574	1 147	4 369
VACANCY STATUS					
Vacant housing units	26	52	<b>80</b> 12	<b>54</b> 13	84
or sale only	3	5 5	29	4	28
Rented or sold, not occupied	6 1	4 22	5 3	4 21	20 5
or migrant workers	7	-	31		_
Other Vacant Boarded up	1	16 1	1	12 2	22 1
ROOMS					
room	2 5	1 9	11 28	8 8	1 7
3 rooms	41	45	250	26	57 269
rooms	171 270	229 284	327 335	97 170	322
rooms	319 314	193 118	380 290	194 147	286 245
or more rooms	527	132	372	247	347 5.9
Medion, oll housing units	6.6 6.7	5.3 5.6	5.6 5.7	6.2 6.4	6.1
Nedion, occupied housing units Nedian, owner-occupied housing units Nedian, renter-occupied housing units	6.6 6.8 4.5	5.3 5.4 4.8	5.7 6.2 4.0	6.3 6.5 5.1	6.0 6.2 4.8
INITS IN STRUCTURE	7.5	4.0	7.0	J.1	4.0
, detached	1 487	858	1 407	794	1 232
ottoched	10 14	5 15	50 130	8 31	11 43
or 4	27	5	88	13	47 21
to 9	7 -	-	55 28	3	13
0 to 49	-	_	23 95	=	_
obile home or trailer	101	119	104	44 4	155 12
Occupied housing units	1 <b>623</b>	959	13 <b>1 913</b>	4 843	1 450
ERSONS IN UNIT					
persan	172	177	481	121	332 460
persanspersans	511 304	341 187	614 303	278 139	235
persons	393 187	166 69	282 146	145 102	258 104
or mare persons	56 2.92	19 2.39	87	58	61
Median, occupied housing unitsMedian, awner-occupied housing units	3.00	2.40	2.27 2.45	2.66 2.74	2.35 2.37
Aedian, renter-occupied housing units	2.33	2.31	1.75	2.39	2.31
PERSONS PER ROOM .00 or less	1 609	945	1 885	829	1 430
.01 to 1.50	13	13	23	13	18
.51 or more	.45	.47	.46	.47	.44
ALUE	1 225	616	1 093	451	806
Specified owner-occupied housing units	4	43	26	<b>451</b> 7	53 218
.20,000 ta \$39,999	66 208	157 192	169 368	44 108	218 305
60,000 to \$79,999	274 246	133 48	320 131	124 72	141
80,000 to \$99,999	309	33	64	72	65 19
150,000 to \$199,999	82 25	5 2	10 2	14 8	5 -
200,000 to \$249,999 250,000 to \$299,999 300,000 or more	8	1 2	2	2	-
Aedion (dollars)	84 500 93 200	50 700 56 800	58 900 62 600	70 700 78 500	48 000 50 900
ONTRACT RENT	- 200				
Specified renter-occupied housing units Medion contract rent (dollars)	143 266	1 <b>52</b> 251	<b>561</b> 253	<b>98</b> 261	<b>328</b> 245
Mean contract rent (dallars)	272	256	241	258	245
Nith meals included in rent	-	-	_1	-	-
Mean cantract rent (dollars)			575	-	***

Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 [Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

County	Troct 2	587	427 72.7 160 27.3	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	556 14 14 16 16 16 17	161 225 225 84 84 85 87 17 2.09 2.09 2.35	573 13 1 - 46	398 170 1970 1970 29 11 1 1 1 29 23 23 200	156 212 213 213 -
Peorio city, Peorio County	Troct 1	321	187 58.3 134 41.7	1010 1010 1010 1010 1010 1010 1010 101	258 1 4 5 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2.08 2.08 2.08 2.08	314 7 7 44	164 108 108 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1930 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 1940 194
	Tract 44	1 968	1 466 74.5 502 25.5	1 201 201 201 200 200 200 200 4 4 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1 669 1 221 123 48 1 1 33 2 59 1 1 59	284 284 284 284 113 2 08 2 108 2 109	1 954 11 3	1 315 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	<b>493</b> 264 437 4437
ounty	Troct 41.02	1 347	699 51.9 648 48.1	17 261 261 337 338 138 1134 143 143 3.6	374 14.1 12.9 12.9 17.8 17.8 18.8 12.9 12.0 12.0	525 416 187 187 146 55 55 51 1.86 1.50	1 335 9 9 4 3 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4	420 420 52 4 4 52 10 14 16 16 17 10 10 73 100 73 100	<b>642</b> 1 <b>942</b> 214 114 317 718
octs/8NA's in Peorio County	Troct 31.02	2 453	1 329 54.2 1 124 45.8	266 267 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 27	1 088 1 2 3 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	905 829 305 283 99 1.38 2.34 1.50-	2 436 6 11 140	1 025 10 10 23 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	1 121 366 379 2 2 938
Totols for split tracts/8NA's	Tract 31.01	1 275	937 73.5 338 26.5	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	865-1-888 1 880	212 385 261 274 104 104 2.86 2.86	1 258 12 12 5 45	856 8 8 8 8 202 202 265 65 65 48 12 22 12 23 48 12 77 70	329 374 370 -
	Troct 30	1 931	1 538 79.6 393 20.4	1 85 1 85 1 160 1	- 63 33 53 11 13 7 11	412 754 301 313 106 106 2.23 2.23 1.59	1 918 1 13	1 450 113 3 347 115 151 115 151 151 15	384 381 390 375 375
	Tozewell County	46 888	33 596 71.7 13 292 28.3	269 1 269 1 269 1 252 2	37 692 38 836 1 386 1 958 1 341 1 141 277	10 717 11 8 901 10 8 377 10 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	46 226 567 95 46	29 664 8 6644 8 6644 1 7 664 1	12 797 242 242 251 1 041
	Peorio city	36 373	22 678 62.3 13 695 37.7	289 861 862 863 864 864 864 864 864 864 864 864 864 864	24 896 6899 2 011 1 098 1 674 2 477 2 161 370	12 145 12 344 13 344 1 1729 1 1 29 1 1 50- 1 1 50-	36 010 279 84 .41	20 109 1 937 2 1237 2 1237 1 125 1 125 1 125 1 100 65 400	13 518 297 299 128 12 440
Peorio County	Totol	61 728	42 321 68.6 19 407 31.4	1 358 5 072 11 234 11 234 11 557 10 013 10 017 5.4 4.1	2 6 728 9 728 2 6 933 2 6 93 2 8 94 1 8 98 1 8 98 1 8 98	17 715 21 2030 9 559 9 559 1 519 1 519 1 2.13 2.28 1.65	61 047 561 120 -43	36 66 0 2 9 66 0 2 9 850 2 88 0 3 2 88 0 3 2 88 0 3 3 2 8 0 3 3 2 8 0 3 3 2 8 0 3 4 0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	18 833 283 289 135 17 941
	Peorio, IL MSA	996 611	84 814 70.7 35 152 29.3	2 225 2 225 2 225 2 336 2 8 189 2 8 189 1 5 944 1 9 8 1 1 6 0 0	98 99 99 9 4 4 4 4 2 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 4	30 641 40 645 19 853 17 587 7 587 3 221 2.22 2.22 2.35	118 477 1 260 229	73 334 10 858 10 858 11 840 11 840 12 870 13 860 14 860 15 900 16 900 17 900 18 900	33 787 263 274 374 31 910
Census Tract or Block Numbering	Area	Occupied housing units	TENURE  Mente-occupied housing units  Percent of occupied housing units  Renter-occupied housing units  Percent of occupied housing units	ROOMS  1 room 2 coons 3 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms 9 or more rooms 1 rooms 8 or more rooms 1 rooms	UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached 2, dirothed 2, and 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer Ottler	PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person. 2 persons. 2 persons. 4 persons. 6 or more persons. Neidon, accupied housing units. Medion, courple drousing units.	PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Meon	VALUE  Specified awner-occupied housing units  Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$59,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$2200,000 to \$249,999 \$2200,000 to \$249,999 \$2200,000 to \$249,999 \$3200,000 to more Medion (dollars)	CONTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Medion controct rent (dollors) Mean controct rent (dollors) With meals included in rent Mean controct rent (dollors) Mean controct rent (dollors)

Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con. Table 10.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

100rd 5         Troot 6         Troot 7           593         623         171           522,6         6770         6677           281,6         6770         6677           281,6         6770         6677           283,0         272         273           284,0         277         573           114,1         224,4         273           15,6         670         667           16,6         77         153           28,7         473         660           5,4         479         573           5,4         479         573           1,9         77         24           2,0         479         573           2,0         479         573           2,0         479         573           2,0         479         573           2,0         479         573           2,0         479         573           2,0         479         573           2,0         479         573           2,0         479         573           2,0         479         472           2,0         2,			5 Troct 6	823	551 6770 2772 33.0	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	80080885 1 40	273 288 288 141 141 30 17 198 183 203 183	815 5 42 42	277 510 70 155 70 211 14 52 3 21 52 21 52 21 10 10 10 12 2 400 12 35 500 17	268 2779 267 267 10
Tingt 3   Ting	593 823 823 823 823 823 823 823 823 823 82	Census Tract or Block Numbering	Troct 3	Occupied housing units800	Owner-occupied housing units	1 com		PERSONS IN UNIT   215     persons   255     persons   255     persons   255     persons   255     persons   255     persons   255     persons   265     pe	778 20 20 20 48	VALUE         Specified owner-occupied housing units.         460           Less then \$20,000 to \$539,999         272           \$20,000 to \$159,999         162           \$60,000 to \$159,999         24           \$60,000 to \$159,999         24           \$150,000 to \$149,999         2           \$150,000 to \$149,999         2           \$250,000 to \$259,999         2           \$150,000 to \$149,999         2           \$250,000 to \$259,999         2           \$250,000 to \$259,999         2           \$250,000 to \$259,999         2           \$250,000 to \$259,999         2           \$250,000 to \$279,999         2           \$250,000 or more         2           Medio, (dollors)         2           \$60,000 or more         2           \$60,000 or more         2	Specified renter-occupied housing units 290 Median contract rent (dollars) 210 Median contract rent (dollars) 216 With medis included in rent 226 Mean contract rent (dollars) 216 Mean contract rent (dollars) 220 No meols included in rent 270 No cosh rent 220
Peorio city, Peoria Country Profit C	7 2 8 4748 2884428502851 EVBB82442 2 7882 44 100 4884 100 4884 100	ty — Con.	12 Troct 13	18 295	24 98 .7 33.2 24 197 .3 66.8	15 28 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	131 128 128 139 147 140 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159 159	23.2 119 22.2 23.1 13.2 23.1 13.4 16.4 4 4 8 16.5 77 2.01 1.57	44 286 3 6 1 3 6 44 45	298	
402 248 402 248 402 248 402 248 403 393 393 224 3 39 224 3 39 224 3 31 13 113 11 11 13 113 11 14 13 11 15 12 1 167 11 10 10 11	7 In the second of the second		Troct 14	340	184 54.1 156 45.9	4 2 88 8 8 4 4 4 6 6 8 8 8 8 4 4 4 6 6 6 8 8 8 8	237 237 50 6 6	97 58 58 24 14 2.15 2.37	326 11 3 48	158 933 50 50 12 12 12 12 18 300 22 200	153 223 234 234 146 7
Peerin city, Peoria County—Con.         Tract 12         Tract 13         Tract 14         295         340           402         248         298         340	295 340 100f 14 100f 1		roct 16 Troct 18	1 134 1 233	587 417 51.8 33.8 547 816 48.2 66.2	5 25 43 144 141 231 144 177 245 207 228 177 28 166 188 168 6.2 6.6	731 479 194 174 84 174 84 190 3 119 60 76	407 542 175 181 175 152 132 90 56 33 39 1.70 2.17 2.06 1.66	1 124 1 205 8 20 2 8 42 .42 .41	502 298 298 82 82 6 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	539 812 258 260 256 273 1 31 137 219 523 761
erg of pt. Pentin County - Com.         crt 9         Tract 12         Tract 13         Tract 13         Tract 14         Tract 16         Tract 17         Tract 18         T	295 340 1 134 1 1061 16 Troct 17 Troct 16 Troct 17 Troct 16 Troct 17 Troct 16 Troct 17 Troct		Troct 20	584	398 68.2 186 31.8	233 242 223 223 223 223 223 233 253 253	24 25 36 36 19 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	127 178 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179 179	581 2 1 1 1 1 1	365 74 77 77 82 17 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 14 15 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	184 307 374 374 178 178

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Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con. Table 10.

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persans. Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peoria city, Pearia County—Con	ounty Con.				
Area	Tract 21	Troct 22	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 27	Tract 30 (pt.)	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 31.02 (pt.)	Tract 32	Tract 41.02 (pt.)
Occupied housing units	1 634	1 659	1 965	1 154	2 720	1 914	1 237	2 450	1111	1 056
TENURE Owner-accupied housing units Percent of accupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units Percent of accupied housing units	960 58.8 674 41.2	1 181 71.2 478 28.8	1 460 74.3 505 25.7	762 66.0 392 34.0	1 870 68.8 850 31.3	1 524 79.6 390 20.4	904 73.1 333 26.9	1 326 54.1 1 124 45.9	820 46.1 957 53.9	476 45.1 580 54.9
ROOMS 1 rooms 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms 7 rooms 8 or more coupied housing units Median, owner-occupied housing units	2 4 4 2 2 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 3 5 5 1 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	5 63 63 63 777 477 228 228 228 5.5 5.5 5.5	83 83 877 877 870 85 85 85 85 85 85	265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 8 1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2012 2012 2012 2014 2014 2014 2014 2014	2,65 2,65 2,65 2,65 2,65 3,65 3,65 3,65 3,65 3,65 3,65 3,65 3	10 47 251 300 300 200 275 275 8.8 8.8	17 246 246 246 102 1120 1130 136 64 44 655
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched 1, artoched 2 2 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 or mare Mabile home or trailer Other	195 177 187 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 19	1 424 1 49 1 40 2 2 3 3 2 5 1 1 1 1 1 2 4	1 748 12 20 20 41 41 18 18 39	975 122 262 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 059 136 136 198 137 137 129 31	1 617 33 33 33 33 31 113 113	946 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 083 33 33 19 167 167 167 557 82 14	731 105 57 57 141 304 1 81 1 8	344 141 29 229 178 178 17
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person. 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or mare persons 6 or mare persons Median, accupted housing units Median, renter-accupited housing units	64 445 2445 164 164 1.88 1.05 1.50	528 547 258 255 205 2 105 1.91	658 650 305 231 78 78 78 7 2.00 2.00 1.80	356 360 340 134 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	916 1 027 364 252 252 1 17 1 44 2 1,93 1 50-	297 749 749 297 309 106 1.59	206 374 374 255 265 2 255 2 10	905 805 305 305 305 305 305 305 1.89 1.50	680 641 208 170 170 63 1 18 1 183 1 230 1 30-	444 944 128 1108 117 177 1.50- 1.50-
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or mare	1 6 1 8 1 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1	1 647 12 -40	1 954 10 10 1 14.	142 112 112 143	2 703 11 6 6	1 90 1 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	1 220 12 12 5 5	2 433 6 11 11 .40	1 770 5 2 39	1 047 7 2 2 42
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units.  Less than \$50.000 \$20.000 to \$39.999 \$40.000 to \$59.999 \$60.000 to \$79.999 \$100.000 to \$19.999 \$100.000 to \$149.999 \$250.000 to \$299.999 \$350.000 to \$299.999 \$350.000 to \$299.999 \$350.000 to \$299.999	871 123 226 33 33 33 33 300 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 113 477 477 128 128 138 13 14 160 17	1 350 63 63 5847 5847 146 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	694 737 739 739 730 730 730 730 730 730 730 730 730 730	722 522 528 528 538 546 14 14 14 14 14 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	1 4 38 1 13 3 113 3 393 4 4 4 4 7 1147 1147 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	833 7 197 197 257 657 833 213 215 12 12 12 12 12 12 13	1 022 1 02 10 58 3331 3337 334 214 214 214 216 19 10	700 3 3 9,6 2,48 2,10 9,3 3,3 4 4 79 500	65. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10
CONTRACT RENT  CONTRACT RENT  Specifier tenter-occupied housing units  Median contract rent (dollars)		467 467 253 271 271 451 16								

## Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

	Tract 9	177	61 7.9 710 92.1	227 227 222 222 733 733 8.5.7 8.5.7	8 4 4 12 13 14 8 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	306 1122 1122 1123 1139 1134 1134	721 31 18 60	\$2 11 21 18 18 18 18 10 10 30 30 30 30 30	705 94 94 115 4 194 651 50
	Tract 8	413	259 62.7 154 37.3	- 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	88 250 1 1 1 1 8	2.28 2.28 2.28 2.86	398 128 .49	238 138 138 26 4 4 4 100 18 100 22 200	147 205 201 211 211 139 8
	Troct 7	481	267 55.5 214 44.5	2 35 53 130 112 72 57 57 54	86 20 - 1 1 1 2 V	3.2.3 3.2.3 3.2.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3	8.5.8 8.	23. 101 101 101 27 4 4 4 7 100 22 100 24 100	203 222 222 2 162 191
iria County	Tract 6	203	212 42.1 29.1 57.9	1 1 2 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	359 117 28 15 15 15	99 108 104 104 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	34 8 8 8 8	188 33.2 88 83.2 555 1 1 2 1 2 1 3 4 3 4 300 3 4 700	281 242 214 214 187 277
Pearia city, Pearia County	Tract 5	287	101 35.2 186 64.8	28 68 5.1 5.1 6.8 6.8 6.8	207 8 1 1 1 8 3 2 8 3 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	89 42 46 42 31 31 2.37 2.77 2.73	264 20 3 3 63	92 33 33 118 118 12 12 13 13 14 16 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	180 180 180
	Troct 3	161	78 40.8 113 59.2	2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	33.32 22.22 33.32 34.44 44.44	169 119 3	71 19 19 14 14 14 17 10 17 10 17 10 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	109 256 251 251 106 106
	Troct 2	378	80 21.2 298 78.8	1	143 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 16	25 77 77 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	323 47 8 8	70 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 1	295 95 126 113 113 292 2
	Tract 1	363	17 4.7 346 95.3	12 15 18 13 13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	86 20 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	8.00.8 8.00.8 8.00.8 8.00.8	313 40 10 76	15 8 8 5 5 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	340 80- 87 97 127 334
earia Caunty	Tract 44	215	48 22.3 167 77.7	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	22333666	2 2 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 4 3 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	194 14 7 7 83		164 193 197 1 1 0 0 4
tracts/8NA's in Pearia Caunty	Tract 41.02	197	70 35.5 127 64.5	1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 0 1 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	85. 85. 85. 85. 85. 85. 85. 85. 85. 85.	23.22 23.22 4.22 23.23 23.23 24.25 25.25 26.25 2	191 6 55.	55 28 28 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	126 150 181 183 123 2
Totols for split	Tract 31.01	187	90 48.1 97 51.9	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	157 5 6 8 9 1	5 8 8 4 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	174 10 3 3	88 47 47 88 8 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9	91 335 335 85 65
ounty	Peoria city	7 741	2 380 30.7 5 361 69.3	78 1067 10707 1707 1789 1744 1	4 109 148 591 1 022 1 022 330 243 11 11	1 839 1 740 1 740 1 740 1 703 2 703 2 .93 2 .90	7 203 421 117 .59	2 170 4 700 7 762 7 762 7 762 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	5 238 210 210 210 33 33 5 076 5 076
Pearia County	Totol	8 036	2 517 31.3 5 519 68.7	82 33 1 0% 1 768 1 854 1 740 7 740 7 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4 285 156 61 1 1 042 1 042 336 336 22 22 71	1 918 1 808 1 357 1 357 737 737 2 63 2 59 2 59	7 488 427 121 .59	2 23 4857 8457 8457 878 231 84 94 1 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	5 391 213 212 33 189 5 223 135
	Peoria, IL MSA	8 094	2 552 31.5 5 542 68.5	82 333 1 102 1 779 1 868 1 395 7 70 7 70 7 70 7 70 7 70 7 70 7 70 7 7	4 320 158 161 6120 1 024 1 024 1 024 2 24 2 24 2 24	1 934 1 823 1 816 1 816 1 742 7 75 2 69 2 59 2 58	7 545 428 121 :59	2 4567 4568 8068 807 807 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	5 414 214 213 33 33 189 5 245 136
Census Tract or Block Numbering		Occupied housing units	TENURE  Varies-cecupied housing units  Percent of occupied housing units  Renter-occupied housing units  Percent of occupied housing units	I room   I	UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1. detached 2. 1 othoched 2. 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 or more Mobile home or trailer Other	PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 6 or more persons 6 or more persons 6 or more persons Medion, crepted housing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean	VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  Less thm \$250,000 \$20,000 to \$599 999 \$40,000 to \$599 999 \$60,000 to \$599 999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$149,999 \$250,000 to \$149,999 \$250,000 to \$189,999 \$320,000 to more \$300,000 to more	Specified renter-accupled housing units  Specified renter-accupled housing units  Median contract rent (dollars)  With meats included in rent  Mean contract rent (dollars)  No meals included in rent  No cash rent

Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms ond meonings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				1		Peorio city,	Peorio city, Peorio County—Cor	÷.					
Area	Troct 12	Troct 13	Troct 14	Troct 16	Troct 18	Troct 21	Troct 22	Troct 24	Troct 25	Troct 27	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)	Troct 44 (pt.)
Occupied housing units	389	183	123	308	442	546	165	148	208	374	186	188	131
TENURE Owner-occupied housing units	5 1.3 384 98.7	29 15.8 154 84.2	38 30.9 85 85 69.1	56 18.2 252 81.8	77 17.4 365 82.6	228 41.8 318 58.2	52 31.5 113 68.5	81 54.7 67 45.3	52 25.0 156 75.0	196 52.4 178 47.6	89 47.8 97 52.2	62 33.0 126 67.0	5.3 124 94.7
1 room	3 3 3 3 3 8 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1 0 0 0 4 4 8 6 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	- 4 21 12 2 4 2 12 2 4 2 12 3 3 5 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	4 0 8 4 4 9 8 8 8 1 1 1 9 4	9 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2 5 4 5 5 5 8 8 5 5 5 8 8 5 5 8 8 8 5 5 8 8 8 5 5 8	1 2 5 5 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4 - 6 4 8 8 9 4 4 7 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	- 701444000000000000000000000000000000000	- 0.00 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6	1 9 2 3 3 3 3 4 7 1 1 2 5 5 3 5 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2 4 2 2 2 2 3 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2	. 0 5 8 8 4 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached 2, charded 2, or 4 3 or 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 50 or more Mobile home or trailer Other	2021222	7. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	5-28-21118	271 4 2 3 8 6 2 4 1 8 1 1 1	76 76 76 62 62 62 62 15	22 9 4 9 9 18 1 2 1 4 7 7 7 7 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	01 7 2 1 2 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	608 808 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 1	52 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1	257 9 9 13 9 28 28 26 16 17 17	32 2 1 1 5 6 9 1 1 1 1	85 8 8 8 7 1 1 1 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
PERSONS IN UNIT    person   persons   persons	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	5.8.8 2.8.8 3.8 3	18 18 18 17 17 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	222 3232 3232 3232 3232 3232 3232 3232	120 782 782 38 38 3.25 2.55 2.42	109 118 118 61 118 22.837 2.96 2.96	35 449 28 33 2,47 2,30 2,30	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	3.3.3.2 2.4.4.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.	2.23 2.33 2.34 2.35 2.34 2.35 2.35 2.35 2.35 2.35 2.35 2.35 2.35	3.8.8.3.3.4.2.4.3.3.4.8.8.8.8.9.9.8.8.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9	27 56 47 47 33 33 3.37 2.45	23.5 23.5 23.5 23.5 23.8 23.5 23.5 23.5 23.5 23.5 23.5 23.5 23.5
PERSONS PER ROOM 1 00 or less 1 01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Mean	348 33 71	158 22 23 3 .68	011 7 8 6	295 10 16	412 22 8 8	529 13 4 56	159 1 54	144 4 - 53	193 10 5 5.	363 11 50	173 10 3 16.	182 6 - - 55.	11 41 9 4 47.
VALUE Specified owner-accupied housing units Less than \$200 000 \$20 000 to \$399 999 \$40,000 to \$399 999 \$40,000 to \$399 999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$220,000 to \$249,999 \$220,000 to \$249,999 \$220,000 to \$249,999 Wednon (dollors) Mednon (dollors)	35.000 8.0000 8.000 8.000 8.000 8.000 8.000 8.000 8.000 8.000 8.000 8.000 800 8	25 000 27 800 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	31 11 14 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 7 8 7 7 8 8 8 8	<b>43</b> <b>66</b> <b>68</b> <b>8</b> <b>8</b> <b>8</b> <b>9</b> <b>9</b> <b>9</b> <b>9</b> <b>9</b> <b>9</b> <b>9</b> <b>9</b> <b>9</b> <b>9</b>	64 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	200 200 201 201 201 308 309 309 309 309	50 17 17 10 10 10 14 40 60 60 60	73 222 339 342 742 742 744 745 746 746 746 746 746 746 746 746 746 746	<b>4</b> 4 22 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	177 177 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188	83 23 41 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	55 1 1 28 28 17 17 77 77 77 900 83 000	45 000 64 65 000 64 65 000 64 65 000 64 65 000 64 65 000 64 65 000 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 65
Specified renter-accupied housing units Specified renter-accupied housing units Median contract rent (dollars) With meals included in rent Mean contract rent (dollars) No meals included in rent No meals included in rent	381 93 118 118 375	150 226 226 1 1 413 143 6	79 258 251 251 1 78	244 286 283 283 283 241 241	360 254 266 11 213 343 343	302 274 267 267 1 50 295 6	110 247 259 - - 110	64 298 293 63 - 1	151 296 294 294 147 147 3	177 296 289 289 - - 175	91 335 332 1 6 85	125 180 180 163 122 2	121 98 157 157 118

Peorio, IL MSA	204	112 54.9 92 45.1	2	<del>2</del> 4 5 5 5 5 8 8 8 4 5 4	22 2 2 8 8 4 2 2 2 4 8 8 8 4 9 2 2 2 2 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	195 9 - 52	96 24 34 16 12 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	87 2220 2330 24 2 54 4 3 3
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Occupied housing units	TENURE Owner-accupied housing units Percent of accupied housing units Percent of accupied housing units Percent of accupied housing units	ROOMS  1 roam 2 roams 3 roams 4 roams 4 roams 6 roams 6 roams 8 or more roams 8 or more roams Median, acrupied housing units Median, ware-occupied housing units Median, ware-occupied housing units Median, ware-occupied housing units	UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached 2, ortoched 2 or 4 3 or 4 10 to 19 20 to 49 50 or mare Mobile hame or trailer Other	PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Median, owner-accupied housing units Median, excupied housing units Median, excupied housing units	PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.51 or more	VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  Less than \$50.000 \$50.000 to \$59.999 \$60.000 to \$59.999 \$60.000 to \$19.999 \$100.000 to \$149.999 \$250.000 to \$249.999 \$250.000 to \$249.999 Wedon (dollors)  Mean (dollors)	Specified renter-occupied housing units Specified renter-occupied housing units Median contract rent (follors) With meals included in rent Mean contract rent (dallors) No meals included in rent No cash rent
ORIA, IL N	ASA					CENSUS T	RACTS AND BLOCK NUN	BERING AREAS

Table 13. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

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	Tozewell County	16	53 58.2 38 41.8	00 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0	22.22 23.22 23.33 24.33	79 7 5 89.	63 63 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	38 247 254 254 1
nty	Peario city	165	256 43.3 335 56.7	35 112 104 744 74 87 87 8.5 1.5	284 39 39 439 739 66 66 67	119 110 127 2.73 3.74 2.01	513 45 33 .67	228 7 7 7 7 8 3 8 3 9 3 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	333 324 338 338 213 327
Peoria County	Totol	659	297 45.1 362 54.9	88 88 87 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	330 43 40 50 85 77 77 5	157 128 133 65 65 43 3.73 1.99	570 54 35 69	267 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	359 320 335 4 213 353 353
	Peorio, IL MSA	762	358 47.0 404 53.0	132 132 132 132 132 132 133 133 133 133	%0.5228428549	176 151 159 177 178 2.87 2.03	658 63 63 73	330 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	401 314 327 4 2)3 393 4
Census Tract or Block Numbering	Area	Occupied housing units	TENURE Owner-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units Percent of occupied housing units	ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 6 rooms Median, accupied housing units Median, owene-accupied housing units	UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1. detoched 2. 2. 2. 3 or 4 5 to 9 20 to 49 50 or more Other Mobile home or trailer Other	PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Medion, oxcuped housing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Meon	VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing unit  tess than \$200.000 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$60,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$500,000 to \$249,999 \$600 to \$249,999 \$600 to \$249,999 \$600 to \$249,999 \$600 to \$60	Specified renter-occupied housing units Specified renter-occupied housing units Abedion controot rent (dollors) With meols included in rent Nean controot rent (dollors) No meols included in rent No cosh rent

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[Threshold is 400 persons.	
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Threshold	

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peorio County	nty	
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Totol	Peorio city	Fozewell County
Occupied housing units	1 025	748	531	226
TENURE  Owner-accupied housing units	541 52.8 484 47.2	390 52.1 358 47.9	241 45.4 290 54.6	123 54.4 103 45.6
ROOMS   Troom   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   7 rooms	108 128 128 177 177 136 5.1 5.1 4.3	988 888 886 866 867 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	92 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- E 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1. detoched 1. ottoched 2. 2 2 an 4 5 to 9 10 to 19 20 to 49 20 of more Mobile home or troiler Other	25 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	327 8 8 282 283 333 337 125 4	168 7 2 7 8 1 1 6 1 2 5 2 1 7 1 1
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons 6 or more persons 6 or more persons Medion, renter-occupied housing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	227 283 1157 1157 1157 128 88 2.86 2.86	217 217 108 108 2.62 2.77 2.19	138 65 65 85 85 41 41 2.30 2.52 2.62	21 23 23 21 21 22 23 23 23 23
PERSONS PER ROOM 100 or less 1 01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	958 53 14 14	691 45 12 .63	489 34 8 8 63	218 7 1 1.
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units Less thm \$70,000 Less thm \$70,000 Section 0.50,999 Section 0.5	477 74 74 136 136 537 28 28 28 20 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 1 10 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4	341 62 62 114 844 844 17 17 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	208 500 620 621 621 621 631 631 631 631 631 631 631 631 631 63	112 113 113 134 16 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Medon controct rent (dollars) With meals included in rent Mean controct rent (dollars) With meals included in rent Mean controct rent (dollars) No meals included in rent No cosh rent	<b>475</b> 262 270 270 213 459 149	351 270 282 282 213 338	285 268 283 283 273 273 10	101 243 242 - - 100

Table 15. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

		Peorio County	- A		
Census Iract or Block Numbering Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Totol	Peorio city	Tozewell County	
Occupied housing units	119 331	162 19	36 084	46 726	
TENURE  Vover-occupied housing units	84 454 70.8 34 877 29.2	42 074 68.6 19 217 31.4	22 536 62.5 13 548 37.5	33 506 71.7 13 220 28.3	
ROOMS  1 room	2 643 8 2 201 8 971 28 047 22 647 15 672 15 177 16 6.0 6.0	935 1 284 1 1034 1 14 077 1 147 7 955 9 7 5 6 6.0	2 8 8 8 9 8 4 4 4 5 9 9 4 4 5 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched 2, ontoched 3 or 4	93 528 4 4 2 205 528 4 4 2 210 528 3 0 542 528 528 528 528 528 528 528 528 528 52	46 421 2 661 2 661 2 076 2 822 2 823 2 423 1 246 387	24 712 684 1 988 1 090 2 405 2 405 2 331	37 571 507 1 363 1 442 1 334 1 334 1 437 1 171	
PERSONS IN UNIT    person   pe	30 495 440 19 751 19 751 7 890 7 238 3 216 2.22 2.35	17 617 20 887 9 847 8 317 1 494 1 494 2.28 1.65	12 070 12 240 5 107 4 117 1 712 1 808 1 .99 1 .50	10 676 15 849 15 849 18 330 7 530 1 254 1 254 1 1.92	
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	117 863 1 242 226 .44	60 629 545 117	35 730 271 83 83	46 066 565 95 46	
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units. Less thon \$20,000  \$20,000 to \$39,999  \$60,000 to \$79,999  \$60,000 to \$79,999  \$60,000 to \$149,999  \$100,000 to \$149,999  \$200,000 to \$299,999  \$200,000 to \$299,999  \$200,000 to \$299,999  Wedin (dollors)  Meen (dollors)	73 00 74 4 905 75 5 765 76 77 77 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	36 2 893 2 893 2 893 2 802 2 803 3 873 5 0 000 6 000	19 978 - 910 - 910 - 916 - 916	2 5 8 3 3 0 0 5 6 3 3 0 0 5 6 3 3 0 5 6 3 0 5 6 3 0 5 6 3 0 5 6 3 0 5 6 3 0 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5	
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Medion controct rent (dollors) Mean controct rent (dollors) No meols included in rent No cosh rent	33 519 263 274 374 387 31 652 1 480	18 648 283 283 288 133 17 764 751	13 374 297 297 299 126 12 443 12 845	12 727 242 242 258 251 1 041 11 921	

## Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990 Table 16.

(Ooto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

12.00   1.00
1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
991         39 341         356         32         62         86         56         20         86         1 665         2 538         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         2 638         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         1 665         <
5.3         -
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Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con. Table 16.

[Data based on sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering						Totals for	split tracts/8NA's	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Peoria Caunty—Can.	-Can.		1			
Area	Tract 31.02	Tract 33	Tract 34.01	Tract 34.02	Tract 35	Tract 39	Tract 41.01	Tract 41.02	Tract 42	Tract 43	Tract 44	Tract 46	Tract 48.02	Tract 49.01
ANCESTRY All persons All persons Single ancestry Multiple ancestry Ancestry undassified ar not reported	<b>5 826</b> 5 425 3 045 2 380 401	3 327 3 002 1 700 1 302 325	3 130 2 914 1 529 1 385 216	3 818 3 589 1 853 1 736 229	1 078 961 961 576 385	4 399 4 040 2 243 1 797 359	3 032 2 803 1 430 1 373 229	4 165 3 703 2 424 1 279 462	4 070 3 584 1 624 486	2 812 2 356 1 376 980 456	<b>5 844</b> 5 074 2 988 2 086 770	<b>5 518 4</b> 909 2 1717 2 192 609	4 853 2 563 1 842 448	3 561 3 159 1 725 1 434 402
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS  Total ancestries reported Austrian Austrian Gergian Candian Cardian Cardian Cardian Cardian French (except 80sque)	11 652 97 97 97 97 1 070 1 010 302	6 654 18 13 5 18 124 5777	6 260 6 6 1 6 1 6 7 9 8 9 7 9 8 9 7 9 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 636 	2 211 25 116 137 137 107	8 798 7798 23 11	6 98 35 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	8 23 25 25 14 14 17 177 177 181 181	8 140 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 624 8 8 27 27 72	11 688 45 16 16 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 389	11 036 8 8 8 1 2 1 139 1 068 296	9 706 16 10 6 6 7 27 152 900	7 122 
French Canadian German German German Hungarian Lihisan Lihivanian Lihivanian Partuguese	2 610 2 610 1 17 1 17 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18	1 401 1 401 1 40 1 40 1 41 1 41 1 41	1 693 1 693 1 12 594 1 103 1 42	1 931 34 8 71 8 718 135 113 35	609 13 175 17 7	2 292 2 292 16 832 152 152 49	259 23 246 748 748 83 116	1 428 1 428 7 7 7 7 7 7 131 131 69 152	77. 82. 178. 178. 178. 178. 186.	1 183 1 183 1 183 573 573 115 115 115	2 130 2 130 1 1514 1 514 1 187 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2 6111 2 6111 1 134 258 2 53 42	2 23 4 23 5 11 2 98 98 92 4 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 4 2	1 827 1 827 12 681 150 150
Ramanian Russian Russian Russian Scorth-lish Scottish South Rican Swedish Swedish Ukraina United States or American Ukraina Vest Indian (excluding Hispanic argin graups) Yugaslavian Other ancestries	8 148 171 171 293 293 293 293 293 42 134 134 134 4 532	23 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140	8 66 44 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66	1988 11 1 198 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	126211641621	3 103	2 8 2 8 2 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	6 4 4 6 6 4 4 6 6 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	222 53 53 136 80 138 198	255 257 258 259 259 259 259 259 259 259	123 123 123 123 128 66 66 118 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138	24 124 124 124 124 124 124 144 144 144 1	20 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 10	23 - 257 - 257 - 257 - 257 - 257 - 257 - 257 - 258 - 2
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS  Dominican (Dominican Republid)  Central American Guste Rican Gustermalian Gustermalian Nicaraguan Nicaraguan Nicaraguan Sukudaran Central American, arigin nat specified Central American, arigin nat specified Central American Acquentinean Central American Central American Central American Odombian Colombian Colo	28	111111111111111111		11111111111111111			11111111111111111	111111111111111111						111111111111111111

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Octo based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Pekin city (pt.) , Peoria Caunty						Peoria cit	Peoria city, Peoria County						
Area	Tract 49.01 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15
ANCESTRY All persons Ancestry specified Single ancestry Autitiple ancestry Ancestry undussified or not reported SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS	11111	1 980 1 649 1 219 430 331	2 707 2 213 1 885 328 494	2 785 2 438 1 561 877 347	2 314 1 904 1 398 506 410	3 557 3 198 2 494 704 359	2 200 1 843 1 702 141 357	1 352 1 199 997 202 153	2 416 2 052 1 751 301 364	293 228 148 80 65	1 744 1 269 1 244 331	1 - 1 - 29 - 1 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20	1 377 1 180 1 006 174 197	2 22   975   975   930   247
Arab	11111111111	3 9 9 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 414 8 8 8 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	5 570 10 10 17 15 205 286 286 146	4 628 21 21 6 6 102 1123 1123	7 114 12 19 19 275 18 18 115	4 400 8 8 1 1 1 1 25 25 25 6	<b>276</b>	<b>4 832</b> 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	888 86   1   1   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	3 488 	2 580 1 1 1 1 1 2 4 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 75 6 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	4 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
Fench Canadian - German - Germ	1111111111	306 161 17 17 24	231 231 88 88 19	10 857 73 53 53 79 1	464 1 1 495 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	713 88 87 12 12 11 11 11	. 22 	1 <u>43</u> 1 22 1 1 72 1	31 167 128 128 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1811251181	12188=1181		257	756 221 521 55 55 39 39
Ramanian Scotch-lish Scottish Scottish Scottish Scottish Scottish Scottish Substituted African Substituted African Substituted African Neish Welsh Welsh Vigostovicin Offher oncestries	11111111111111	2 888	37 37 18 125 125 4	288 288 35 35 361 3 051	26 26 28 28 28 175 175 2 927	233 6 6 8 3 3 3 3 5 6 1 6 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 1 2 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		22 22 22 27 37 37 37 58 58 39 39 39 39	180   80   1   4   1   1   1   1   08	3 002	2 203	28 28 7 7 106 108 1 1 29	2 098
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS  Odminican (Daminican Republic)  Central American  Gusta Rican  Sauth American  Cantal American  Cantal American  Colombian  Eucodarian  Eucodarian  Penvian  Venezuelan  Other South American	1111111111111111	1111111111111111		111111111111111111	1212111111111111			1911911111111111	1111111116				111111111111111111111111111111111111111	18511118511111111111

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

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Census Tract or Block Numbering	Ared	ANCESTRY  All persons Ancestry specified Single ancestry Willfille ancestry	SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS	Arab	French Conodion German German Greich Irish Irish Lithuanian Norwegian Portuguese	Romonion Scatch-lists Scottish Scottish Soutish Stording	PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS  Dorninian (Dorninian Republic)  Central American  Gust Ricen  Final American, origin not specified  Central American, origin not specified  Argentineon  Chilean  Colombian  Culonhian  Eucodorian  Eucodorian
	Tract 16	3 732 3 113 2 212 901	È	7 464 20 20 41 41 41 525 525 525 8183	959 17 17 437 89 89 36 18	4 4 4 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	11111111111111
	Tract 17	<b>662</b> 435 444 444	3	1 284 1 6 6 1 1 1 2 1 2 4 2 4 2 4	190 1 74 1 8 1 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2002 1 L SS 1 L	[11111111111111
	Tract 18	4 122 3 387 2 390 2 997	ę	8 6 6 7 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 7 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 225 1 25 1 25 172 172 113 113	. 6834   184   195   18	111111111111111
	Tract 19	1 951 1 804 981 823	Ì	6 6 7 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	288 4 4 98 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	18441   E 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	11111111101110
	Tract 20	3 525 1 918 1 607	<del>,</del>	76 8 8 8 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 43 9 29 3 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 3	. 128.852 128.825 128.824 188.84 188 188.84 188.84 188.84 188.84 188.84 188.84 188.84 188.84 188.84	10011111151100
ď	Tract 21	5 300 4 557 1 329	₹	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 4912 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 1	124 124 124 126 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127	111111111111111
Peoria city, Peoria Caunty—Can	Tract 22	4 420 2 411 1 661	\$	8 240 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400	1 970 1 970 16 988 16 332 20 883	3 3 1 1 2 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
County—Con.	Tract 23	5 295 2 4 996 2 678 2 318	£	10 1322 322 322 324 324 326 326 326 326 326 326 326 326 326 326	2 501 2 501 1 251 233 7 7 7 7 56	269 269 269 183 183 13 13 38 14 41 15 41 16 41 17 41 18 13	1 1 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Troct 24	4 967 4 164 2 532 1 632	506	9 9 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	1 890 1 28 17 1 162 162 1 173 162 1 173 163 1 173 173 1 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173	102 <u>124</u> 102 <u>124</u> 102 <u>124</u> 1021 1021 1021 1021 1021 1021 1021 102	
	Tract 25	3 576 3 278 1 886 1 392	867	7 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	1 419 1 419 7 78 120 131 133 13	3 255	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
	Tract 26	2 107 - 829 986 843	8/7	4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	823 412 13 86 13 13 14 17 17	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1111111111111111
	Tract 27	7 285 6 539 3 954 2 585	<del>4</del>	14 570 196 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197	2 913 1 12 1 512 1 123 1 10 7 4 2 2 4	170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170	1011110111111
	Tract 28 (pt.)	3 295 1 953 1 953	883	77. 6 6 4 6 9 1 - 20 1 8 4 8 4 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- 548 822 - 288 849 444 549 444	221 103 116 7 7 7 87 88 87 132 132 132 2 97	111111118118
	Tract 29 (pt	4 16 3 88 2 22 1 65	8	86.12 8.12 8.12 8.13 8.14	1 98 88 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	241. 259. 251. 251. 251. 251. 251. 251. 251. 251	1111111101101

Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con. Table 16.

[Data based an sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering							Peoria city, Peoria Caunty—Can	Caunty—Can.						
Area	Tract 30 (pt.)	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 31.02 (pt.)	Tract 32	Tract 33 (pt.)	Tract 34.01 (pt.)	Tract 34.02 (pt.)	Tract 35 (pt.)	Tract 39 (pt.)	Tract 41.01 (pt.)	Tract 41.02 (pt.)	Tract 42 (pt.)	Tract 43 (pt.)	Tract 44 (pt.)
ANCESTRY All persons Ancestry specified Single morestry Auticle ancestry Ancestry undossified or not reported SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS	5 631 5 113 2 954 2 159 518	4 380 3 908 2 134 1 774 1 772	2 8 8 2 8 2 8 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	4 136 3 981 2 187 1 794 1 55	3 316 2 991 1 291 325	2 119 1 967 1 158 1 158 809 152	720 696 382 314 24	563 492 283 209 71	11111	1 184 	3 383 3 047 1 951 1 096 336	1111	001001	683 476 418 58 207
Arab Arab Arab Arab Arab Arab Arab Arab	262 17 17 56 56 8 8 8 109 912 7	8 76 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	11 652 97 97 1 200 25 25 25 207 1 010 302	8 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 11	6 632 18 13 5 18 18 18 18 17 17	4 236 6 6 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 7 4 4 7 7 8 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9	6 6 6 7 7 7 151 153	1 126 	11111111111	23 23 119 202 202 30 30	6 76 25 25 14 14 14 10 88 368 16	11111111111	<b>ĕ</b> 1111111.011	386 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
French Canadian German Gerekt Hungarian Hungarian Italian Lithuanian Untwegian Polish	2 538 27 27 1 184 17 475 8	1 813 3 1 739 167 77 77	2 64 6 60 64 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6	1 992 33 33 40 829 27 2 1	1 395 1 395 1 578 140 140 143 4 8 4 8 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1081 12 12 408 74 7	417 141 151 6 6	254 13 127 177	1111111111	531 177 18 16 27 47 47	1 137 7 7 679 679 126 132	1111111111	1-011111111	18 <u>8</u> 1 1 28 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Ramanian Scotts-Irish Scotts-Irish Scotts-Irish Scotts-Irish Scotts-Irish Swelsh Swelsh Swelsh Swelst Swelst Swelst Swelst Swiss Welsh Wel	137 137 137 181 26 27 54 54 54 73 73 73 74 74 75 75 76 76 77 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	236 875 875 877 877 877 878 879 879 879 879 879 879	8 148 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	8 1 4 5 5 8 5 8 5 4 1 8 4 8 5 5 4 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6	2 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	122 / 40 / 40 / 40 / 40 / 40 / 40 / 40 /	12 45 5 1 1 2 5 6 1 1 2 5 6 1 1 2 5 6 1 1 2 5 6 1 1 2 6 6 1 1 2 6 6 1 1 2 6 1 1 1 1 1	23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25		8 1 1 4 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1	84 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		111111111111111	15 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS  Daminican (Daminican Republic)  Central American  Casta Rican  Gustamalan  Handuran  Nicaraguan  Panamanian  Suvadaran  Central American, origin nat specified  South American  Colombian  Culombian			11111124117	10-10-1111111111111	111111111111111111	1111111111111111111		1111111111111111111	111111111111111111	111111111111111111	1111111111111111111		111111111111111111	111111111111111111

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peoria city, Peoria County—Con.	County—Con.						Remainder of Peoria County	eoria County					
Area	Tract 46 (pt.)	Tract 48.02 (pt.)	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29 (pt.)	Tract 30 (pt.)	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 31.02 (pt.)	Tract 33 (pt.)	Tract 34.01 (pt.)	Tract 34.02 (pt.)	Tract 35 (pt.)	Tract 36.01	Tract 36.02	Tract 37
ANCESTRY  All persons  Ancestry specified Single oncestry Antiple oncestry Ancestry unclossified or not reported  SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS	11111	270 253 189 64 17	<b>388</b> 1 1	1111	<del>1</del> 4 4 5 5 1	\$ 38 8 8 E	11111	== '= '	1 011 847 371 576 64	3 098 2 893 1 471 1 422 205	<b>515</b> 4693 176 46	2 793 2 486 2 486 1 266 1 220 307	5 551 2 810 2 197 544	2 995 2 750 2 243 1 507 245
Total ancestries reported  Arab Austrian Bustrian Canadian Caret Oanish Finish Finish French (except Basque)	11111111111	8 1 1 1 1 1 1 E 8 1 2	25	1111111111	8   7           8   8   8   8   8   8	981 		<b>8</b>	202 5 14 6 12 299 299 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	6 196 114 114 224 24 4 4 4 663 663 663 134	25 - 23 30	5 586 7 7 7 7 193 193 431	11 102 58 58 - - 8 8 8 36 310 1 155 727	2 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
French Canodian Greek Greek Hungarian Irish Irish Greek Hungarian Greek Hungarian Greek Hungarian Greek Hungarian Greek Hungarian Greek Gr	1111111111	123   128   20   11	1111111111	111111111	1111111111	12,1211221	1111111111	1.00	615 17 188 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	1 514 204 267 367 35 35 135	355 8 6 6 1 1 1 1	1 32 3 1 32 4 2 5 2 3 3 5 4 3 8 1 4 3 8 1 4 5 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	2 459 60 60 1 056 1 03 70	1 702 - 332 - 339
Romanian Sussian. Sussian. Sussian. Scottshirsh Scottshirsh Substance African Swedish Swedish Swedish Wariss Ukrainian Wast Indian (excluding Hispanic angin groups) Yugaslovian Other ancestries			8311111111111	11111111111111	11811111117	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		1110111111111	28 33 33 55 55 567	2 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	12511153125118	12 12 13 13 13 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	202 202 172 172 307 61 61 74 74 74 74 74 74 74	1 2 5 6 1 3 6 2 5 4 1 1 7 8
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS Odminican (Daminican Republic) Costo Rican Costo Rican Costo Rican Costo Rican Handuran Historian Paramanian Solvodaran Costrol American, angin not specified South American Colombian	11111111111111111	11111111111111111	1111111111111111111	1111111111111111111	111111111111111111					111111111111111111				

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Census Tract or Block Numbering							Remainder of Peorio County—Con	io County—Con.						
Area	Tract 38	Tract 39 (pt.)	Troct 40	Troct 41.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)	Tract 42 (pt.)	Troct 43 (pt.)	Tract 44 (pt.)	Troct 45	Tract 46 (pt.)	Troct 48.01	Troct 48.02 (pt.)	Tract 49.01 (pt.)	Tract 49.02
ANCESTRY All persons All persons Single uncestry Antitiple oncestry Ancestry undossified or not reported SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS	2 940 2 679 1 667 1 012 201	4 399 4 040 2 243 1 797 359	4 346 3 868 1 827 2 041 478	1 848 1 765 950 815 83	<b>782</b> 656 473 183 126	<b>4 070</b> 3 584 1 960 1 624 1 486	2 806 2 350 1 376 1 974 456	5 161 4 598 2 570 2 028 563	<b>5 044</b> 4 014 2 116 1 1898 1 030	<b>5 518</b> 2 717 2 192 609	3 996 3 614 2 096 1 518 382	4 583 4 152 2 374 1 778 431	3 561 3 159 1 725 1 434 402	4 129 3 602 1 880 1 722 1 527
Arob Astron Austron Austron Austron Austron Austron Austron Austron Canadian Canadian Durch English Filmsh Firmsh French (except Basque)	5 680 8 8 8 1 10 10 21 14 21 14 21 14 21 14 14 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	8 798 111 23 23 10 10 144 112 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123	8 692 2 2 8 8 77 77 77 12 2000 1 177 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 696 356 15 15 27 27 27 27 114	1 564 	8 140 - 23 213 211 15 33 112 752 213 213	5 612 8 27 27 74 74 564	10 322 45 16 16 17 7 7 13 82	10 088 70 70 16 16 184 835	11 036 8 8 8 8 1 15 1 15 1 139 2 296	7 992 9 9 9 9 9 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 166 16 10 10 10 139 832 152	7 122 	8 258 19 19 3 3 3 1 5 2 755 755 294
French Canadian German Greek Hungarian Irish Iri	1 428 8 8 8 488 47 47 9 9 9	2 292 16 16 1832 1832 194 9	2 104 2 9 9 9 117 117 2 2	928 6 6 77 67 67 69	291 118 118 5 6	1 774 1 3 6 925 178 57 57 57 86 86	573 573 86 88 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	2 101 2 101 17 13 172 33 33 33 133	29 1 875 37 37 1 019 1 11 1 1	2 611 2 611 3 7 1 134 7 7 53 53	2 022 3 3 1729 112 112 133	2 172 2 11 2 934 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	17 1 827 12 12 681 150 17	2 034 2 2 2 41 178 178 145 145
Romanian Russian Russian Russian Russian Scortish Scortish Scortish Scortish Swork Subsoharan African Swedsh Vicinian Ukrainian Ukrainian Wesh Wesh Wesh Other oncerties Other oncerties	84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 8	22, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48	3 124 124 127 179 179 179 189 35 35 35 36 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	26. 26. 66. 66. 66. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10		111 111 58 6 6 136 136 8 199 3 199	255 255 256 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257	108 108 127 6 184 60 80 81 112 4 211 4 211	158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158	1645 1645 1647 1647 1647 1648 1648 1648 1648 1648 1648 1648 1648	e	3 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	221 221 284 284	3 272 - 1 3 378 - 1 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Dominican (Dominican Republic) Central American Gosto Rican Guotemalan Norduran Norduran Norduran Norduran Norduran Norduran Penamanian Central American, origin nat specified South American, origin nat specified Central American, origin nat specified South American Chilean Chil		111111111111111111	m	1111111111111111111					1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1				111111111111111111	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

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Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin	(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text). For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

The state of the s	Remainder of Peoria County—					Tatals for	split tracts/8NA	Tatals far split tracts/8NA's in Tazewell Caunty	è				
Area Area													
	Tract 50.97 Tract 50.98	Tract 201	Tract 203.01	Tract 203.02	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 208	Tract 209	Tract 211.01	Tract 211.02	Tract 212.01
ANCESTRY  All persons  Ancestry specified  Single ancestry  Multiple ancestry	1111	2 004 1 875 948 927	<b>4 787</b> 3 913 2 073 1 840	<b>5 440</b> 2 516 2 310	<b>5 939</b> 4 756 2 735 2 021	4 853 4 033 2 015 2 018	2 088 1 836 1 172 664	3 949 3 476 1 848 1 628	3 816 3 085 1 749	2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	7 341 6 146 3 679 2 467	5 498 4 653 2 518	2 2 954 959
Ancestry unclassified or not reported		129	874				252	473		487			257
Arab Austrian Austrian Austrian Belgian Canadian Canadian Canadian Donish Durch English French (except Basque)		4 008 45 7 7 7 7 7 7 424 424 163	9 574 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	10 880 11 23 23 23 179 1 014	11 878 40 40 7 7 17 17 254 866	9 706 3 3 4 7 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 176 8 8 5 5 6 33 3 31 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 898 21 21 8 8 6 6 1777 272	7 632 - 6 6 7 12 23 259 259 571 188	4 846 17 17 17 180 880 3883	14 682 25 23 23 23 292 292 993 993	10 996 11 19 19 7 211 1 265 281	4 422 31 31 37 7 7 7 5 103 458 6 6
French Canadian		877 522 100 - 100 - 10	23 1 895 1 207 107 10 10 10 10 10	2 383 - 2 383 - 2 383 - 2 33 - 2 33 2 33	2 415 7 7 1 168 1 10 10 72 67	2 24 2 103 1 1046 1 122 1 122 1 22 1 23	1 074 1 074 314 167 1 078	1 955 8 820 166 166 59 59	1 358 7 7 7 1 5 7 1 8 8 6 8 6 8 5 6 8 5 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8	1 058 	3 25 1 2 2 1 3 2 2 1 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 384 339 1 020 1 57 1 57 8	150 342 342 343 343 372 372 372 372 372 372 372 372 372 37
Ramanian Rassian Sooth-irsh Sooth-irsh Sooth-irsh Sloweish Sloweish Swedish Swiss Witzninan United States or American Welsh discondential Hisponic angin groups) Vigoslovian Other ancestries		757 757 767 777 777 777 777 777 777 777	161 161 74 74 135 135 10 10 160 56 56 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76	37 115 115 165 43 43 18 18 14 14 14 10 4 398	7 123 135 135 18 18 380 44 44	128 128 33 33 27 27 27 28 4 1 2 6	25 25 25 27 7 27 27 1757	138 121 121 123 135 188 188 188 188 183 172 172 173 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174	34 142 144 144 144 144 144 147 147 147 147 147	22 25 25 15 12 12 13 15	1155 1155 95 80 80 80 80 65 65 75 75 75 6 475	9 88 84 187 187 23 52 27 27 6 10 10	245 349 1 388 1 3 388 1 472
Daminican (Qaminican Republic) Central American Costo Rican Goutemdan Hondran Nicaraguan Nicaraguan Salvadaran Salvadaran Catiral American Augenthean Calombian Peruvidan Peruvidan Peruvidan		111111111111111111111											11111111111111111111

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text]. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Area	ANCESTRY All persons All persons All persons Single ancestry Multiple ancestry Multiple ancestry All persons All p	Total anestries reported  Total anestries reported  Averion Austrion Gradian Careth Durith Findish Firenth (except Bosque)	French Canadian German German German German Greek Hungardan Hungardan Hungardan Lirkunaian Narwegian Portuguese Portuguese	Romanian Sussian Sussian Sussian Sussian Sortish Sortish Suvot Suvot West and African West and States or American West and (excluding Hispanic origin groups) Utgaslowan Other oncestires	PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS  Oanninicon (Cominican Republic)  Central American  Costo Rican  Gootemalan  Hondran  Nicoroguan  Nicoroguan  Nicoroguan  South American  Agentinean  Colmbian  Colombian  Colomb
	Troct 212.02	3 104 2 744 1 463 1 281 360	6 208 499 499 6 109 6 73 85	1 435 23 659 659 659 73	116 116 32 32 143 102 102 29 29 29 273	11111111111111111
	Troct 212.03	3 994 3 566 1 977 1 589 428	7 988 27 27 27 7 7 29 29 25 133 618	1 760 37 82 107 33 37 34 143	7 187 82 82 124 26 210 64 64	11111111111111111
	Troct 215	6 299 5 788 3 336 2 452 511	12 598 93 93 93 24 72 1 305 1 305 368	3 143 1 15 1 27 1 011 239 100 100	7 196 186 55 55 77 27 27 27 46 46 46	1211111213111311
	Troct 216.03	<b>4 279</b> 4 070 2 217 1 853 209	8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	2 593 8 8 902 152 152 2 4 101	8777	
	Tract 216.04	2 039   961   068   893   78	4 078 6 - 22 - 25 - 6 6 9 85 386 120	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	25 25 20 20 20 21 21 345 1345	11111111111111111
Totols for split trocts/BNA's in Tozewell County—Con	Tract 216.06	4 471 4 072 2 512 1 560 399	8 942 6 6 113 112 12 54 62 88 13 156	16 2 389 47 674 674 140 31 92 76	105 105 194 174 116 116 76 76 16 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	11111111144111111
s/8NA's in Tozewe	Troct 217.02	4 928 4 640 2 836 1 804 288	9 856 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	2 813 1 19 92 47 4 6 6 83	142 168 168 1120 1120 1120 1120 123 133 3 528	
II County — Con.	Tract 218.01	3 423 2 736 1 397 1 339 687	6 846 - 3 25 25 - 7 7 7 102 480	1 478 1 478 832 633 1 188 1 188 3 4 47 3 47	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	11111111111111111
	Troct 218.02	2 032 1 781 1 050 1 050 251	4 064 12 12 12 13 13 13 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1 011 133 14 14 133 133 14 133 133 14 133 18 18	2211 100 1 10	1111111111111111111
	Troct 221	3 433 3 118 1 773 1 345 315	66 603 603 603 603 603 603	1 86-6 14 46 683 118 118 7 7 86	286 286 286 286 286	111111111111111111
	Troct 222	3 947 3 624 1 957 1 667 323	7 894 2 2 2 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6	2 033 7 7 7 7 19 1 8 16 1 14 1 12 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	27.1 27.1 27.1 27.1 27.1 27.1 27.1 27.1	11111111111111111
	Troct 223	3 404 3 024 1 770 1 254 380	6 808 19 19 20 20 130 618 68	1 878 1 878 552 6 552 91 29	8 33 74 4 2 5 6 6 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	11111111111111111
	Tract 224	5 160 2 311 2 225 624	10 320 40 40 27 27 226 1 029 328	2 507 2 4 4 4 4 1 1061 1 1061 1 181 1 4 6 108	195 191 101 70 70 70 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	11111111111111111

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

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Census Tract or Block Numbering	בפ ופאו. רעו טבותוווו	ans of reims and in	ednings of symbols,	, see rext	East	East Pearia city, Tazewell Caunty	well Caunty						Martan village, Tazewell Caunty	fazewell Caunty
Area	Tract 201 (pt.)	Tract 201.99	Tract 202	Tract 203.01 (pt.)	Tract 203.02 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 212.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 224 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 216.03 (pt.)
ANCESTRY														
Ancestry specified Single ancestry Multiple ancestry Ancestry undassified ar nat reparted	1 875 948 927 129	<b>4</b> 4001	1 972 972 423 93	4 031 3 257 1 739 1 518 774	2 391 2 310 614	1111	1111	11111	3 007 2 660 1 222 347	3 581 3 188 1 761 1 427 393	862 862 431 40	1 393 1 210 712 498 183	1 504 1 505 839 666 139	2 962 2 815 1 518 1 297 147
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS														
Arab Arab Arab Arab Arab Arab Arab Arab	4 008 45 7 27 7 7 7 7 424 163	<b>∞</b> 111111111	2 130 	8 062 9 175 175 529 109	10 782 1 1 1 1 23 23 23 23 23 179 1 1008 313			11111111111	6 40 44 47 40 40 60 60 85	7 27 27 27 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	1 804 1 10 1 10 239 239 7 7	2 786 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	3 288 2 28 2 27 2 268 2 68	5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
French Canadian German Greek Hungardian Irish Ir	877 872 800 80 11 5	1111811111	217 217 217 36 9 9	1 528 1 528 1 074 1 106 1 106	2 347 2 9 1 208 1 198 7 23 30	1111111111		1111111111	1 373 23 23 605 605 135 135 73	1 622 22 22 785 100 34 34 134	516 6 151 7 7	566 278 33 33 	245 60 60 18 18 18	1 716 5 8 8 8 555 120 120 2 4 62
Romanian Fussian Scotch-frish Scotrish Scotrish Souck Subscharan African Subscharan African Sweetsh Sweetsh Sweetsh West Indian (excluding Hispanic arigin graups) Vagaslavian Other ancestres	75 77 75 75 76 89 30 11 11 16 16 16 17 18	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1 1 4 2 8 1 8 1 8 2 4 4 1 1 8 8 9 8 1 1 8 4 4 1 1 1 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 909	37 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				122 123 134 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	100 100 58 58 291 177 177 2 861	1 1 0 1 0 1 2 4 0 1 C 1 1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	7 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 1 3 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	237 237 237 237 237 237 237 27 27 1 88 1 88
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS														
Daminican (Daminican Republic) Casta Rican Casta Rican Gutemalan Handuran Nicroguon Panamanian Salvadaran Cantral American, arigin nat specified Argentinean Claimlian Ecuadarian Ecuadarian Peruvian Venezuelan Other South American												111111111111111111	11111111101111011	

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Lata based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings at sy	ee rext. For genning	ns of refms and	mednings or symbol	S, see rexr										
Census Tract or Block Numbering		Martan villag	Martan village, Tazewell Caunty-	unty—Can.					Pekin city	Pekin city (pt.), Tazewell County	Aluno			
Area	Tract 216.04 (pt.)	Tract 216.05	Tract 216.06 (pt.)	Tract 217	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 210	Tract 211.01 (pt.)	Tract 211.02 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 217.02 (pt.)
ANCESTRY All persons All persons Augments specified Single oncestry Audible oncestry Ancestry undossible on on reported SERFIED ANCESTRY CADILIES	2 025 1 947 1 054 893 76	2 806 2 674 2 674 1 581 1 093 132	# 362 3 963 1 539 1 539	11111	11111	2 086 1 836 1 172 664 252	3 871 3 414 1 801 1 613 457	3 816 3 085 1 749 1 336 731	2 423 1 936 1 936 1 088 487	6 <b>067</b> 5 144 2 701 2 443 923	7 341 6 146 3 679 2 467 1 195	4 950 4 315 2 316 1 999 635	874 712 711 411 301 162	472 472 284 186
Total ancestries reported Avab. Austrian Austrian Gondoin Condoins Durch Durch French (except Basque)	4 050 	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	8 724 6 6 1 13 12 12 54 54 881 136	11111111111	1111111111	4 176 8 8 5 5 6 6 33 31 1 21 1 21	7 742 21 21 21 6 8 177 599 272	7 632 	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	12 134 23 36 36 10 10 10 10 10 267 805 10 264	25 23 23 23 23 11 11 11 184	9 900   1   1   1   202   1   257   257	24 24 24 30 30 30 30	<b>2</b>
French Canadian Germa Germa Germa Hungarian Hungarian Lithuanian Lithuanian Polish	1 204 1 204 29 29 29 20 32 20	1 817 7 7 7 1 817 81 823 84 44	2 301 2 301 47 674 140 33 26 27 27		1111111111	1 074 6 6 314 167	1 930 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1 358 7 7 4 7 714 7 138 8 6 8 5	1 058 - 1 507 - 507 - 1 1 1	2 756 2 756 1 447 1 471 220 220 230 83	3 154 1 384 1 384 1 384 1 37 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 260 15 33 927 147 147 8	453 5 153 71 71	252 7 7 7 7 138 23 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Romanian Scotts	- 22 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 25		105 105 194 194 139 139 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	111111111111111	11111111111111	25 25 25 10 18 7 7 27 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7	3 036	34 142 142 144 144 165 175 186 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187	22 25 25 15 15 12 23 13 15 15	267 267 173 173 174 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 194 19	288 888 688 688 75 75 75 75 75	201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	22 22 23 39 798	222 223 223 233 244 244 244 244 244 244
Dominican (Dominican Republic) Casta Rican Casta Rican Custemelan Handuran Neurogun Neurogun Neurogun Salvadaran Salvadaran Central American Colombian Colom	111111111111111111		11111111144111111	1111111111111111111							111111111111111111	111111111111111111		1111111111111111111

Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con. Table 16.

Tour books un sample un sampling variability, see ten. 10 deministra of retire un medimps of Pekin city (pt.), Tozewell Courty—Con.	Pekin city (pt.), Tazewell County—Con.	de or symbols, see rext	Washingt	Washington city, Tazewell County	4			Remainder of	Remainder of Tazewell County	
Area	Tract 218.01 (pt.) Tract 218.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 221 (pt.)	Tract 222 (pt.)	Tract 223 (pt.)	Tract 224 (pt.)	Tract 201 (pt.)	Tract 203.01 (pt.)	Tract 203.02 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)
ANCESTRY										
All persons Ancestry specified Single ancestry Multiple ancestry Ancestry unclassified ar not reported	332 302 184 508 808 808 808	11111	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3 159 1 159 1 535 1 293 293	2.2.2.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3	1 297 1 120 590 530 177	11111	33.45 33.45 100	<b>6</b> 44 <b>6</b> 44 <b>6</b> 44	5 939 4 756 2 735 2 021 1 183
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS										
Arab Total ancestries reported Austrian Austrian Condina		1111	6 088	6 318 22 5 5	8 <b>61 8</b> 91 - 1	2 594	1111	1 512	80111	11 878 40 8 7
Czech Donish Donish Creck Crec	1 1 1 2 8 1 8 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0.4.02.82.1.0 0.4.02.82.1.03	136 568 568 176	118 118 118 118 148	16 245 77		72 813 7	1111011	254 866 234 234
French Canadian German German Gerk Hugein Hugein Lithuanian Lithuanian Polish Polish	137 137 27 27 27 27	1111111111	556 1 556 1 46 1 597 1 18 1 6 1 6 1 7 1 6 1 6 1 7 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6	- 562 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 458 4 488 4 708 70 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8	19 708 210 87 7 7	1111111111	367 133 513 19	1811111111	2 415 7 7 1 168 187 10 72 67
Romanian Scatchish Scattish Scattish Scattish Scattish Sweish Swe	327		2 28 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 22 - 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	28 28 26 129 129 129 133 37 1910	224 227 122 19 19 19 104				123 133 135 135 212 212 18 18 380 44
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS										
Ogaminican (Daminican Republic) Castral American Casta Rican Casta Rican Guotemalan Horduran Nicaraguan Nicara							1111111111111111111	1111111111111111111	1111111111111111111	

Groups:	
Hispanic Origin	see text]
Selected	anings of symbols,
Groups and Persons in	ons of terms and med
s and	For definition
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ected Ancestry (	to sampling variabil
Selected	sample and subject t
Table 16.	Doto based on
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Census Tract or Block Numbering					Remaind	Remainder of Tozewell County—Con.	-Con.				
Area	Troct 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Troct 211.01 (pt.)	Troct 211.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 212.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.03 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)
ANCESTRY All persons Ancestry specified Single oncestry Multiple oncestry	4 653 4 033 2 015 2 018	1111	78 62 47 15	1111	1111	1111	548 338 202 136	2 21 1 954 1 049 1 049	24.55	413 378 216 162	2 879 2 709 1 655 1 054
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS	028	ı	<u>e</u>	ı	ı	ı	210	Ŝ	2	ç	0
Arab. Total ancestries reported Avab. Austrian Belgian Condidan Czech Donish Durch Figilish F	9 706 3 6 24 7 7 33 29 212 212 212 647	11111111111	351	11111111111	+ (	************	60%	4 422 31 37 7 7 7 7 7 8 103 458 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	194	826 	5 758 93 
French Conadion German German German Hungarkon Irish Lithvanian Norwedian Portuguese	2 103 2 103 1 7 1 046 122 122 5 1 2 2 2 2		1 6 8 3 1 1 1 1 5 5 1		1111111111		574 85 1 1 1	150 1888 348 333 333 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123	1.02   1.52 ex   1   1	138 15 67 7 7	1 323 - 1 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50
Romanian Russian Russian Scott-Irish Scottish Scottish Swelsh Swelsh Swelsh Swelsh Swelsh Swelsh Welchian Welsh We	128 128 33 27 27 27 21 23 32 32 4 4 212		1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 8 1 1 1 8		111111111111111	111111111111111	31 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	2 2 4 2 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 7 7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	33 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS											
Dominican (Dominican Republic) Centrol American Costo Ricon Guatemolon Hondran Nictoroguen Nictoroguen Solvedaran Solvedaran Argentinean Centrol American Augentinean Chilean Colombian Ecudorian Peruvian Venezuelan Venezuelan Other South American			111111111111111111111111111111111111111	111111111111111111		111111111111111111	11(11111111111111111				10111110111111111

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

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Census Tract or Block Numbering					Remaind	Remainder of Tazewell Caunty—Can.	Can.				
	Tract 216.03 (pt.)	Tract 216.04 (pt.)	Tract 216.06 (pt.)	Tract 217.01	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	Tract 218.01 (pt.)	Tract 218.02 (pt.)	Tract 219	Tract 220	Tract 221 (pt.)	Tract 222 (pt.)
ANCESTRY All persons Ancestry Single oncestry Antiple oncestry Antiple oncestry Ancestry undassified or not reparted SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS	1 317 1 255 689 556 556 62	<b>\$</b> 2411	26.88.5 1.288.5	4 107 3 3 663 2 140 2 140 1 523 444	4 456 4 168 2 2 552 1 616 288	3 071 2 434 1 243 1 1 243 1 1 637	2 032 1 781 1 781 1 731 251	4 728 4 188 2 497 1 691 540	4 053 3 579 2 263 1 316 474	389 383 363 196 167 26	788 756 758 422 336 30
	2 634 	11111113	86111111111	8 214 20 17 17 5 5 26 149 668	8 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3	6 162 3 2 2 2 7 7 7 17 432 432 432	4 064 12 12 13 13 13 18 8 8	9 456 10 11 12 21 22 21 131 131 131 131 131 131	8 106 2 17 7 7 7 7 25 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 8	778	1 576 7 7 7 14 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
French Canadian German Grek Hungarian Irdian Irdian Mawagian Polisi	8777 347 32 32 39	161111111	188	2 219 2 219 5 5 853 51 67	2 561 2 12 12 14 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1 341 1 341 2 551 1 61 7 7 47	011 352 113 113 113 18	2 815 2 815 2 2 2 789 68 88 8 88 37	2 342 8 667 6 657 6 55 6 51 6 51	308	467 7 19 174 174 50 60 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Ramanian Scotthrish Scotthrish Scottish Scottish Scottish Scottish Scottish Subsendan African Swedish	33 3 3 3 3 3 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	116111111114		3 242 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	126 126 146 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170	200 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	50 50 6 7 10 17 17 1 661	854 11.2 854 12.9 19.9 3 7 7 3 7 88	15 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	248	35 8 8 1 1 1 6 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 5 6 1 1 8 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS  Daminican Republic)  Central American  Gasta Rican  Gasta Rican  Gasta Rican  Gustamadan  Handuran  Nicaraguan  Pencaradian  South American, arrigin naf specified  Central American  Colombian  Celombian  C		111111111111111111				111111111111111111					

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

		-	,								
Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remainder of Tazewell County—Con	ell County—Con.				>	Woodford County				
Area	Troct 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Troct 301.98	Troct 302	Tract 303	Tract 304	Tract 305.01	Troct 305.02	Tract 306.01	Tract 306.02	Troct 307
ANCESTRY All persons Ancestry specified Single ancestry Multiple ancestry	805 721 488 233	2 470 2 206 1 009	2 651 2 370 1 424 946	3 016 2 758 1 828 930	2 867 2 693 1 747 946	4 <b>2</b> 296 2 426 - 602	<b>5 602</b> 2 646 646 646 646 646 646 646 646 646 6	2 554 2 215 1 170 1 045	5 520 3 037 1 933	2 615 2 309 1 323 986	4 107 3 373 1 887 1 486
Ancestry undassified or nat reparted	84	264	281	258	174	268	361	339	220	306	734
Arab. Austrian Austrian Austrian Gordian Conciden Donish Durch French (except 8asque)	1 610 	4 940 33 33 27 27 129 525 525	202 122 7 7 7 7 7 848 348 348 196	60 80 1 4 9 9 9 1 8 9 1	5 73 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	8 592 - 24 24 28 93 474 474	00 054 27 27 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	5 108 2 2 2 2 2 2 335 335 4 4 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1040 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 1 1 8 8 8 1 1 8 8 8 1 1 8 8 8 1 1 8 8 8 1 1 8 8 8 1 1 8 8 8 1 1 8 8 8 1 1 8 8 8 1 1 8 8 8 1 1 8 8 1 8 8 1 1 8 8 1 1 8 8 1 1 8 8 1 1 8 1	5 230 	8 214 4 4 8 8 8 9 14 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
French Canadian German German Great French Great French Fr	420 	1 232 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1 682 1 682 378 378 30 20 20 27	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 036 2 036 2 280 2 2 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 999 30 30 104 104	2 963 20 20 20 8 8 978 159 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0.79 2 2 2 3 553 9 4 2 3 3 3 4 2 4 3 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3	3 394 5 6 5 8 5 8 178 112 47 2 25	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2 142 7 7 7 6 82 6 82 9 9 9 19 19
Romonian Activation Scotch-irish Scottish Scottish Scottish Scottish Subsection Africon Subsection Africon Subsection Africon Wirelest Indian (Scottish Scottish Source) Welsh West Indian (Scottish Scottish Scottish Scottish Source) Welsh West Indian (Scottish Scottish Scot	13 13 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 7 2 4	255 255 255 255 37 37 47 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 17		2 47 - 74 - 75 - 75 - 75 - 75 - 75 - 75 -		277 277 107 159 3 146	. 688 688 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 88	2 0 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	284 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	- 91 91 81 76 76 73 73 73 83 3 562
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS  Dominican (Dominican Republic)  Central American  Custa Rican  Central American, origin nat specified  South American	111111111	111111111	1111111111		1111111111	1111111111	1111111119	1111111111	1111111111	1111111119	1∞1110111
Chileon Chileon Ecudohrian Ecudohrian Peruvian Venezuelan Other South American	111111			2		111111	1101111			110111	

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Doto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Peorio County				Tozewell County			
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Total	Pekin city (pt.)	Peorio city	Total	East Peorio city	Morton villoge	Pekin city (pt.)	Woshington city	Woodford County
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	339 172 333 376	<b>182 827</b> 178 599	=	113 504 110 116	<b>123 692</b> 122 366	21 378 21 150	13 799 13 484	<b>32 254</b> 31 994	10 099 9 926	<b>32 653</b> 32 411
Foreign bom LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH	5 796	4 228	-	3 388	1 326	228	315	260	173	242
Linguistically isolated households  Persons 5 years and over	835 315 637	634 170 066	- -	538 105 081	188 115 276	10 19 917	44 12 951	68 <b>29 974</b> 99	9 389	13 <b>30 295</b>
In linguistically isolated households Speak o longuage other than English Do not speak English "very well" Speak Spanish	1 490 11 643 3 842 3 941	1 127 7 984 2 813 2 614	=	932 5 903 2 092 1 828	340 2 933 843 1 049	10 548 130 226	73 420 145 166	644 200 247	61 244 78 39	23 726 186 278
Speak Sponish Do not speak English "very well" Linguistically isoloted Speak on Asion or Podfic Island language Do not speak English "very well"	1 324 345 1 335 699	939 257 1 040 590	=	696 206 801	290 70 259 96	77 - 52	56 20 37 11	76 37 46 6	16 11 30 23	278 95 18 36
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL	507	452	=	442 354	55	-	-	-	17	-
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school Preprimory for school Public school Elementory or high school	91 361 7 301 4 576 60 852	50 947 3 924 2 339 32 300	=	2 521 1 529 19 559	<b>31 276</b> 2 695 1 776 22 013	4 912 328 216 3 450	3 390 358 156 2 352	<b>7 733</b> 828 570 5 398	2 782 230 145 1 703	9 138 682 461 6 539
Public school College Public college	54 136 23 208 16 068	27 485 14 723 9 052	=	15 965 10 907 5 776	20 548 6 568 5 616	3 225 1 134 886	2 115 680 601	5 086 1 507 1 399	1 575 849 695	6 103 1 917 1 400
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over Less thon 9th grode	216 742 19 520	115 963 10 490	=	<b>70 404</b> 6 111	<b>80 310</b> 7 100	14 367 1 402	9 289 638	<b>20 982</b> 2 175	6 497 350	<b>20 469</b> 1 930
Less thon 9th grode	27 352 73 936 45 205 14 132	15 100 36 363 24 047 7 403	=	9 436 19 546 14 296	10 091 29 701 17 320 5 208	2 260 5 249 3 015 891	486 2 896 2 168 673	2 922 7 999 4 364 1 325	456 2 137 1 747 554	2 161 7 872 3 838 1 521
Social degree	24 788 11 809 78.4	7 403 14 918 7 642 77.9	=	4 396 1 10 724 5 895 77.9	7 741 3 149 78.6	1 059 491 74.5	1 760 668 87.9	1 596 601 75.7	885 368 87.6	1 521 2 129 1 018 80.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher FERTILITY	16.9	19.5	-	23.6	13.6	10.8	26.1	10.5	19.3	15.4
Children ever bam per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years Children ever bom per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years Children ever bom per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	308 1 512 2 127	308 1 455 2 099	=	345 1 446 2 151	308 1 558 2 131	246 1 426 2 136	166 1 326 2 100	509 1 557 2 125	148 1 482 1 972	301 1 666 2 267
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over Same house	315 637 181 923	170 066 95 350	=	105 081 53 408	115 276 67 456	19 917 11 160	12 951 7 302	29 974 16 021	9 389 5 550	<b>30 295</b> 19 117 11 136
Different house in United Stotes Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA	131 757 48 105 45 087 25 200	73 212 33 768 15 987 16 285	=	50 483 27 520 5 977 12 466	47 409 13 141 22 456 6 824	8 704 1 404 5 502 1 205	5 539 598 3 316 1 127	13 878 7 810 2 880 1 689	3 809 334 2 579 481	1 196 6 644 2 091
Not in on MSA/PMSA Abrood	13 365 1 957	7 172 1 504	Ξ	4 520 1 190	4 988 411	593 53	498 110	1 499 75	415 30	1 205 42
Urban population In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre Rural population	255 409 192 620 83 763	153 371 110 430 29 456	=	113 504 77 627 -	95 019 76 818 28 673	21 378 17 010	13 799 11 306	32 254 25 147	10 099 8 099 -	7 019 5 372 25 634
In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre——— On forms ————————————————————————————————————	45 508 7 246	14 505 2 238	=	-	17 030 2 352	=	Ξ	Ξ	=	13 973 2 656
Car, truck, or von Drove clone	152 699 141 207 124 872	<b>80 525</b> 73 815 65 587	=	<b>48 270</b> 43 513 38 564	<b>57 062</b> 53 787 47 389	<b>9 738</b> 9 164 7 952	6 848 6 550 6 024	13 743 12 983 11 355	5 099 4 826 4 300	15 112 13 605 11 896
Corpooled  Public transportation (including toxicob)  8us or tralley bus or streetcor or tralley cor  Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboot	16 335 1 995 1 900 22	8 228 1 725 1 640 15	=	4 949 1 529 1 452	6 398 262 255 7	1 212 76 76	526 3 3	1 628 99 99 -	526 15 8 7	1 709 8 5
Wolked Other means Worked at home	4 523 1 162 3 812	2 704 648 1 633	=	1 917 456 855	1 130 419 1 464	161 75 262	180 32 83	308 147 206	133 21 104	689 95 715
Persons per cor, truck, or von Meon travel time to work (minutes)  Departure time for work:  5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m.		1.06 16.9 3 276	=	1.06 15.5 1 618	1.07 19.2 3 378	1.07 17.6 524	1.04 17.1 292	1.07 17.9 831	1.06 19.4 203	1.08 20.5 950
6:00 o.m. to 6:59 o.m 7:00 o.m. to 7:59 o.m 8:00 o.m. to 8:59 o.m	32 388 48 775 21 596	16 194 26 646 12 036	Ξ	8 722 16 006 8 043	12 577 17 506 7 611	2 001 2 978 1 305	1 343 2 566 1 065 1 499	2 880 3 986 1 946 3 894	1 161 1 724 746 1 161	950 3 617 4 623 1 949 3 258
All other times  Worked in MSA of residence  Peorio city	143 726 69 621	20 740 77 490 51 620	-	13 026 46 668 36 105	14 526 53 358 15 006	2 668 9 333 3 657	6 378 1 803	13 133 2 817	4 836 1 702 43	12 878 2 995 80
8ortonville villoge	3 584 2 472 16 422 13 936	2 513 1 934 12 511 4 630	=	684 1 141 3 504 2 844	991 443 3 258 8 114	150 154 593 3 079	62 49 237 647	371 70 743 1 101	53 330 642	95
Woshington city Morton village Pekin city (pt.)	3 448 6 785 11 129	514 1 057 1 433	=	307 648 685 577	2 554 5 475 9 646 7 224	296 574 224 540	169 2 619 277 413	85 450 6 437 1 001	1 275 249 71 337	653 1 192 380 253 50 456
Remoinder of Tozewell County Eureko city El Poso city Remoinder of Woodford County	8 659 1 728 689 5 253	979 62 - 237	= =	42 - 131	101 16 530	5 - 61	34 6 62	- - 58	37 - 97	1 565 673 4 486 2 234 975
Worked outside MSA of residence Bloomington city Normol town Remoinder of Bloomington—Normol, IL MSA	8 973 2 322 742 1 509	3 035 213 193 377	=	1 602 137 124 216	3 704 1 134 232 792	405 67 6 151	470 153 29 105	610 179 26 88	263 65 31 39	317 340
Fulton County	371 258 61 3 710	293 206 15 1 738	=	102 108 - 915	68 49 46	- 5 176	33 7 143	47 - 7 263	14 6 108	10 3 - 589

[Doto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Totals	s for split trocts/81	NA's in Peario Co	ounty			
Area	Troct 28	Troct 29	Troct 30	Troct 31.01	Troct 31.02	Troct 33	Troct 34.01	Tract 34.02	Troct 35	Troct 39
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	3 614	4 166	5 672	4 479	5 826	3 327	3 130	3 818	1 078	4 399
NativeForeign bom	3 529 85	4 010 156	5 445 227	4 445 34	5 569 257	3 160 167	3 060 70	3 645 173	1 078	4 368 31
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isolated households	38	18	19	6	52	_	10	_	_	5
Persons 5 years and aver In linguistically isolated households	3 410 49	<b>3 947</b>	5 361 19	4 100	<b>5 566</b> 110	3 143	2 882 27	3 542	980	4 142
Speak o longuoge other than English Do not speak English "very well"	169 49	258 56	335 105	88 26	416 149	222 46	136 58	283 25	7 7	53 21 34 15
Do not speak English "very well"	51 13	65 15	47 21	13	111 50	20 20	50 19	110 15	_	
Speak on Asion or Pocific Island language	13 33	11	10 63 29	9	25 77	52	18	25	Ξ	3 8 6
Do not speak English "very well" Linguisticolly isoloted	-	=	-	-	58 77	6	18 18	Ξ	=	4
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and aver enrolled in school	814	896	1 463	1 464	1 602	824	912	1 173	236	1 368
Preprimory schoolPublic school	76 39	47	108 74	145 95	89 24	103 44	135 52	106 47	29 21	102 84 995
Elementory or high school  Public school  College	480 325 258	571 382 278	969 653 386	1 054 873 265	895 730 618	538 393 183	565 457 212	864 699 203	166 157 41	927 271
Public college	191	200	321	227	432	107	164	168	41	230
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	2 527	3 058	3 935	2 560	3 887	2 362	2 024	2 353	753	2 715
Less than 9th grade 9th to 12th grade, no diplomo	167 208	161 214	264 261	84 141	50 184	90 142	80 128	18 122	61 125	173 264 853
High school groduate (indudes equivolency) Some college, no degree Associote degree	704 545 105	818 686 159	1 066 955 275	720 633 163	793 833 333	350 407 111	469 448 166	448 565 202	203 256 22	580 311
Bochelor's degree Groduate or professionol degree	537 261	611 409	738 376	583 236	1 079 615	791 471	472 261	649 349	56 30	430 104
Percent high school groduote or higher Percent bochelor's degree or higher	85.2 31.6	87.7 33.4	86.7 28.3	91.2 32.0	94.0 43.6	90.2 53.4	89.7 36.2	94.1 42.4	75.3 11.4	83.9 19.7
FERTILITY	31.0	33.4	20.3	32.0	45.0	33.4	50.2	72.7		
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	110 952	238 683	52 1 635	344 1 325	169 774	78 1 234	1 310	38 1 618	786 1 847	101 1 570
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 583	1 827	2 194	1 945	1 686	2 321	2 191	2 286	1 833	2 279
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	3 410	3 947	5 361	4 100	5 566	3 143	2 882	<b>3 542</b> 1 758	<b>980</b> 483	<b>4 142</b> 2 760
Some house Different house in United States Central city of this MSA/PMSA	1 818 1 568 720	2 164 1 694 909	3 250 2 042 1 107	1 970 2 100 925	2 633 2 749 1 171	1 630 1 470 979	1 641 1 241 638	1 615 573	497 181	1 382 250
Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA	186 506	279 314	255 488	198 713	451 806	95 318	242 274	288 538	92 146	787 220
Not in on MSA/PMSAAbroad	156 24	192 89	192 69	264 30	321 184	78 43	87 -	216 169	78 -	125
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE Urbon populotion	2.414	4.144	5 (21	4 200	F 004	3 327	3 112	3 146	1 007	
In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre Rurol population	3 614 2 432	4 166 2 903	5 631 4 649 41	4 380 3 563 99	5 826 3 457	2 640	2 530 18	2 496 672	836 71	4 399
In housing units on properties of less thon 1 ocre On forms	Ξ	Ξ	8	40	_	_	Ξ.	606	15 24	1 901 381
JOURNEY TO WORK										0.104
Cor, truck, or von Drove olone	1 936 1 773 1 700	1 969 1 830 1 697	2 715 2 633 2 271	<b>2 294</b> 2 214 2 051	3 540 3 404 3 182	1 351 1 272 1 222	1 637 1 581 1 466	1 884 1 817 1 760	<b>549</b> 518 477	2 184 2 008 1 846
Corpooled Public tronsportotion (induding toxicob)	73 105	133 17	362	163 31	222	50 7	115	57	41	162 9
Bus or trolley bus or streetcor or trolley cor Subwoy or elevoted, roilrood, or ferryboot	105	17 -	_	31	_	7	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	9
Wolked	11 7	68 9	50	5 15	56 23	14 5	30 - 26	23 10 34	22 - 9	49 6 112
Worked of home Persons per cor, truck, or von	40 1.02	45 1.04	26 1.08	29 1.04	57 1.03	53 1.02	1.04	1.02	1.04	1.04
Meon trovel time to work (minutes)  Departure time for work:  5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m.	16.3 78	14.5 39	14.6 110	17.1 104	15.7 98	15.8	18.5 35	16.9 49	16.3 21	21.0 117
6:00 o.m. to 6:59 o.m. 7:00 o.m. to 7:59 o.m.	385 677	272 794	529 1 046	460 827	702 1 464	186 552	333 684	384 781	84 196	421 872
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 o.m	367 389	459 360	430 574	344 530	612 607	273 245	265 294	335 301	88 151	281 381
Worked in MSA of residence Peorio city	1 849 1 394	1 931 1 594	2 615 2 158	2 158 1 544	3 362 2 498	1 322 1 028	1 594 1 134	1 838 1 170	524 360	2 118 1 099
Bortonville villoge Peorio Heights villoge (pt.)	25 32	35	44 63	57 37	32 58	89	25 50	19 42	13	34 40
Remoinder of Peario CountyEost Peario city	162 136	85 73 89	132 135	282 128	404 218	85 65	222 85	450 104	125 19 7	765 108 5
Woshington city Morton village Pekin city (pt.)	13 - 45	17 10 17	9 37	16 34 41	17 49 40	38 5	13 18 12	17 19	<u>-</u>	29 17 13
Remainder of Tozewell County	20 9	ií -	25	19	30 8	6	35	17 -	_	13 5
Remoinder of Woodford County	13 87	Ē	12	<del>.</del>	- 8	_6	- -	- -	_ _	3
Worked outside MSA of residence	87 -	38 - 7	100 7 17	136 14	178 8	29 - 7	43 	46 - 9	25 	66 7 8
Normol town Remoinder af Bloomingtan—Normal, IL MSA Fulton County	7 24	- -	17 19 7	15 20	16 8 25	- -	12	- - -	8 -	10 2
Knox County De Witt County	12	-	Ξ	20	=	_	Ξ		-	18
Warked elsewhere	44	31	50	67	121	22	31	37	17	21

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Totals for s	plit trocts/BNA's in	Peorio County—Con				Pekin city (pt.), Peorio County
Area	Troct 41.01	Troct 41.02	Troct 42	Troct 43	Troct 44	Troct 46	Troct 48.02	Troct 49.01	Troct 49.01 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	3 032	4 165	4 070	2 812	5 844	5 518	4 853	3 561	-
Notive	2 937 95	4 132 33	4 030 40	2 768 44	5 621 223	5 509 9	4 825 28	3 543 18	Ξ
Linguistically isolated households  Persons 5 years and over In linguistically isolated households  Speak o longuage other than English.  Do not speak English "very well"  Speak Sponish  Do not speak English "very well"  Linguistically isolated.  Speak on Asion or Pocific Island language.  Do not speak English "very well"  Linguistically isolated.	14 2 790 34 170 68 33 19 7 41 13	17 3 743 17 121 50 39 4 - 16 11	8 3 838 8 83 38 16 - - 8	7 2 630 7 63 11 21 4 - B	29 5 389 49 316 105 60 5 5 64 54	5 240 	4 592 	3 342 - 90 17 22 2 - 1	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school Preprimary school Public school Elementory or high school Public school College Public college	789 74 44 526 353 189 156	948 100 41 601 446 247 210	855 56 26 474 389 325 265	592 37 12 402 351 153 125	12 1 577 100 53 1 022 861 455 380	1 368 120 84 1 070 1 060 178 158	1 121 86 30 805 797 230 197	865 69 50 645 536 151 139	
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over Less thon 9th grode 9th to 12th grode, no diplomo High school groduote (includes equivolency) Some college, no degree Associote degree Bochelor's degree Groduote or professional degree Percent high school groduote or higher Percent bachelor's degree or higher	1 954 90 153 603 357 128 424 199 87.6 31.9	2 713 355 398 700 557 200 403 100 72.2 18.5	2 906 302 336 1 036 547 152 353 180 78.0	1 864 220 310 640 361 162 118 53 71.6 9.2	3 878 431 424 1 264 789 366 403 201 78.0 15.6	3 669 498 497 1 439 856 175 143 61 72.9 5.6	3 275 345 445 1 361 677 150 192 105 75.9 9.1	2 339 258 338 1 0B2 416 80 113 52 74.5 7.1	-
FERTILITY Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	135 935 1 955	629 1 319 1 574	182 1 295 1 239	497 1 331 1 665	172 1 584 1 807	479 1 420 1 922	260 1 510 1 899	160 1 502 1 910	Ξ
RESIDENCE IN 1985  Persons 5 years and over Some house  Different house in United States Central city of this MSA/PMSA Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA Not in an MSA/PMSA Abroad  Abroad  Abroad  Abroad  A	2 790 1 374 1 410 618 296 338 158	3 743 1 961 1 776 995 375 297 109	3 838 2 253 1 573 490 600 303 180	2 630 1 563 1 067 642 231 157 37	5 389 3 236 2 111 1 140 454 319 198 42	5 240 3 519 1 721 471 947 197 106	4 592 2 889 1 677 526 802 173 176 26	3 342 2 319 1 017 227 567 104 119	-
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE Urban populotion In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre Rural population	1 184 709 1 848 736 110	4 099 2 330 66 13 33	4 070 2 754 - - -	2 812 2 613 - -	5 844 4 397 - - -	5 232 4 616 286 140	4 853 4 170 - - -	3 561 1 780 240	=
JOURNEY TO WORK  Workers 16 years and over Cor, truck, or von.  Drove clone Corpooled Public tronsportation (including toxicob) Bus or trolley bus or streetcor or trolley cor Subway or elevated, roilroad, or ferryboot Wolked Other means Worked of home	1 733 1 714 1 613 101 - - 12 - 7	1 732 1 617 1 462 155 55 55 - 17 6 37	1 925 1 814 1 624 190 33 33  29 22	1 255 1 189 1 046 143 29 29 - 19 6	2 498 2 193 1 925 268 110 97 - 144 9	2 436 2 354 2 217 137 - - - 38 24 20	2 299 2 186 2 035 151 39 39 - 50 13	1 515 1 409 1 226 183 - - - 366 1	-
Persons per cor, truck, or von Meon trovel time to work (minutes)  Departure time for work:  5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m. 6:00 o.m. to 6:59 o.m. 7:00 o.m. to 7:59 o.m. 8:00 o.m. to 7:59 o.m. All other times	1.03 19.0 65 368 794 209 290	1.06 17.0 43 286 601 327 438	1.06 15.8 105 337 592 317 547	1.07 15.9 58 247 310 225 403	1.07 16.4 127 432 892 338 667	1.03 16.5 135 612 871 229 569	1.04 17.1 130 534 751 295 578	1.07 25.6 95 457 373 144 377	
Worked in MSA of residence Peorio city Peorio city Peorio Heights villoge Peorio Heights villoge (pt.) Remoinder of Peorio County Eost Peorio city Woshington city Morton villoge Pekin city (pt.) Remoinder of Tozewell County Eureko city El Poso city Remoinder of Woodford County Worked outside MSA of residence Bloomington city Normol town Remoinder of Bloomington-Normol, IL MSA Fulton County Knox County	1 699 1 134 13 12 304 123 14 56 34 112 - 5 3 6	1 667 1 266 36 40 126 142 7 7 17 12 13 - - 8 65 - 10	1 846 1 244 1 239 147 110 11 9 45 13 - 13 79 - 15 5	1 185 708 28 201 92 95 4 10 19 16 7 - 5 70 - 22 23 -	2 438 1 796 99 39 305 1399 — 11 21 28 — — 60 — — 13	2 377 1 072 607 33 3298 187 24 32 79 19 - 26 59 11	2 261 1 330 312 3 379 67 33 43 23 61 	1 464 513 116 111 519 112 12 122 122 122 5 5 51 - - 4 25	

[Dato bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peario city, Pea	no County				
Area	Troct 1	Troct 2	Tract 3	Troct 5	Troct 6	Tract 7	Troct 8	Troct 9	Troct 11	Tract 12
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	1 980	2 707	2 785	2 314	3 557	2 200	1 352	2 416	293	1 744
lotiveoreign born	1 973 7	2 699 8	2 752 33	2 251 63	3 500 57	2 188 12	1 342 10	2 354 62	293	1 688 56
ANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH inguisticolly isoloted households	_	_	16	7	11	15	_	46	_	12
Persons 5 years and overn linguistically isolated households	1 722	2 356	2 493 27	2 141	<b>3 218</b> 37	2 057 15	1 272	1 983 63	280	1 551 24
peak o longuoge other thon English Do not speak English "very well"	28	92 23 47	105 37	163 100	126 59	138 21	29 10	151 46	6	24 107 32 107 32 24
Speak Sponish Do not speak English "very well"	19 -	47 -	28 22	128 73	102 53	95 6	18 10	77 21 21	6 -	32
Linguistically isolated  Speak on Asian or Pacific Island longuage  Do not speak English "very well"	=	Ξ	12 - -	=	37 	Ξ	-	7	Ξ	-
Linguisticolly isoloted	-	_	=	=	-	-	-	-	-	-
CHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	670	818	915	616	996	760	4]]	519	45	537
reprimory school Public school lementory or high school	66 66 538	58 49 626	67 56 754	65 59 495	37 32 726	31 31 604	64 64 291	48 39 372	- - 5	28 28 380
Public school	484 66	616 134	754 650 94	463	646	604 125	291 56	372 99	40	28 380 380 129
Public college	66	119	85	56 38	233 206	87	56	54	32	92
DUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	997	1 385	1 459	1 407	2 138	1 203	758	1 372	218	854
ess thon 9th gradethe to 12th grade, no diplomo	217 315	192 449 494	328 363	376 363	241 511	232 453	142 221	326 413 425	29 11 32	202 255 268
igh school groduote (includes equivolency) ome college, no degreessociote degree	260 105 89	134 57	512 155 64	398 174 43	738 384 87	314 131 28	242 105 37	94	29 31	114
ochelor's degree iroduote or professionol degree	ii -	27 32	32 5	4 49	133 44	40 5	ii -	22 57 35	53 33	8 -
ercent high school groduote or higherercent bochelor's degree or higher	46.6 1.1	53.7 4.3	52.6 2.5	47.5 3.8	64.8 8.3	43.1 3.7	52.1 1.5	46.1 6.7	81.7 39.4	46.5 .9
ERTILITY			2.0	•	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
hildren ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years hildren ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 317 2 408	1 117 1 826	441 2 236	685 2 721	422 1 610	143 2 611	340 2 330	1 656 1 636	2 565 1 176	798 2 848
hildren ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years RESIDENCE IN 1985	2 987	2 632	3 315	2 472	2 463	4 357	3 364	3 714	2 093	1 818
Persons 5 years and over	1 <b>722</b> 763	<b>2 356</b> 1 503	2 493 1 289	2 141 1 125	3 218 1 755	2 057 1 323	1 272 708	1 983 871	<b>280</b> 71	1 551 782
Offerent house in United Stotes	954 588	834 609	1 204 675	1 004 747	1 456 1 020	734 528	564 463	1 112 666	209 102	782 757 528
Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA	161 205	106 85	198 141	84 124	119 201	9 139	24 77	89 289	25 56	528 80 68 81
Not in on MSA/PMSA	5	34 19	190	49 12	116 7	58 -	_	68 -	26 -	12
JRBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE	1 980	2 707	2 785	2 314	3 557	2 200	1 352	2 416	293	1 744
In housing units on properties of less thon 1 ocre urol population	904	1 547	2 493	1 752	2 549	1 596	1 352 1 139 -	233		194
In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre On forms	_	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	_	=	=	Ξ	=
JOURNEY TO WORK						"	401	477	145	409
Workers 16 years and over  Cor, truck, or von  Drove alone	347 292 269	<b>736</b> 639 500	<b>801</b> 717 629	<b>683</b> 563 434	1 308 1 209 972	660 565 454	401 365 258	<b>377</b> 284 221	<b>165</b> 117 117	273
Corpooled	23 34 34	139 82	88	129 39	237 45	111 28	258 107 36	63 43 43	20	198 75 50 43
Bus or trolley bus or streetcor or trolley car Subway or elevoted, roilroad, or ferryboot	-	77	44 44 -	39	45 -	28	36	-	14	-
Wolked Other means Worked ot home	21 -	9 6	32 8	29 18	47 7	26 33 8	=	21 18 11	14 - 14	20 66
Persons per cor, truck, or von	1.04	1.13	1.07	34 1.14	1.12	1.11	1.18	1.15	1.00	1.17
Vean travel time to work (minutes) Departure time for work: 5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m	18.4	21.7	15.2 64	15.5	16.6	16.0	14.6	16.5 17	16.0	20.3
6:00 o.m. to 6:59 o.m. 7:00 o.m. to 7:59 o.m.	21 97 49	163 201	178 176	54 88 172	48 332 375	161 176	76 81	53 63	32 17	63 75 45
8:00 o.m. to 8:59 o.m	43 137	108 220	95 288	81 254	142 411	67 248	50 185	32 201	47 55	45 226
Norked in MSA of residence Peario city	347 258	711 505	795 543	673 463	1 274 948	653 522	393 304	377 293	149 131	401 305
Bartonville villoge Peorio Heights villoge (pt.)	12	26 15	56 25 51	16 26	39 7	9		19	9	7
Remoinder of Peario CountyEost Peorio city	17 49	60 83	79	69 78	149 66	67 48	31 29	38 27	9 -	=
Woshington city Morton village	11	6 - 7	9 12 13	10	11	7 - -	18	-	Ξ	47 12
Pekin city (pt.) Remoinder of Tozewell County Eureko city	=	9 -	13 7 -	11	17 37 -	=	11	=	Ξ	30
El Poso city Remoinder of Woodford County	-	Ξ	=	_	Ξ	-	_	Ξ	5	=
Vorked outside MSA of residence Bloamington city	=	25 -	6 -	10	34 15	7	8 -	Ξ	16	8 -
Normal town Remainder of Bloomington—Normal, IL MSA Fulton County	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	7	Ξ	-	-	Ξ	Ξ
Knox County  De Witt County	=	8	Ξ	Ξ	-	=	=	=	-	8
Worked elsewhere	_	17	6	10	12	7	8	-	16	-

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions af terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				P	eonia city, Peonia	County—Con.				
Area	Troct 13	Troct 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	1 290	1 377	2 222	3 732	642	4 122	1 951	3 899	5 300	4 420
Native	1 256 34	1 349 28	2 211 11	3 558 174	593 49	3 922 200	1 891 60	3 776 123	5 157 143	4 276 144
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isolated hauseholds	_	-	15	18	-	64	23	6	-	20
Persons 5 years and over In linguistically isolated househalds	1 129	1 214	2 016 15	3 444 23	623	3 796 86	1 <b>921</b> 48	3 785 22	4 858	<b>4 060</b> 106
Speak a language other than English Do not speak English "very well"	52 24	58 38	86 29	224 78	69 43	267 113	103 48	274 46	210 52	212 136 104
Speak Spanish Do not speak English "very well" Linguistically isolated	39 24	45 38	20 _ _	109 43	6 - -	22 10	12 - -	76 - -	63 18	63
Speak on Asian or Pacific Island language  Do nat speak English "very well"	-	=	Ξ	Ξ	25 25	110 55	46 40	51 32	9 9	63 39 62 61
Linguisticolly isalated SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL	-	-	-	-	-	48	40	22	-	62
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school Preprimary school	364 34	<b>405</b> 38	<b>643</b> 64	1 139 71	163 7	1 500 78	1 146 10	2 890 44	1 410 122	1 238 105
Public school	34 303	26 335	64 522	51 784	7 27	61 717	10 207	19 336	85 890	41 721
Public school College Public callege	298 27 17	321 32 26	514 62 32	662 284 200	27 129 98	671 705 306	156 929 86	202 2 510 209	810 398 299	462 412 376
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT	17	26	32	200	98	306	00	207	211	370
Persons 25 years and over	<b>676</b> 157	<b>802</b> 164	1 <b>304</b> 176	2 194 157	<b>469</b> 48	<b>2 232</b> 120	<b>821</b> 36 77	1 005	3 303 359	2 870 171
7th to 12th grode, no diploma	230 172	255 226	267 467	495 693	73 100	355 541	77 204 199	44 121	627 1 074 707	233 947 695
Some college, no degree Associate degree Bachelor's degree	70 6 35	111 12 27	238 66 36	445 124 207	86 27 80	579 218 280	33 174	255 134 244	235 219	207 400
Groduate or prafessianal degreePercent high school graduate ar higher	6 42.8	7 47.8	54 66.0	73 70.3	55 74.2	139 78.7	98 86.2	207 95.6	82 70.1	217 85.9
Percent bochelor's degree ar higher	6.1	4.2	6.9	12.8	28.8	18.8	33.1	44.9	9.1	21.5
FERTILITY Children ever bom per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	965	922	310	454		376	37	6	363	292
Children ever born per 1,000 wamen 25 to 34 yeors Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 709 2 439	1 349 3 333	2 200 2 749	1 662 2 623	519 1 174	1 288 1 797	420 2 589	1 285 1 920	1 780 1 832	1 355 1 740
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	1 129	1 214	2 016	3 444	623	3 796	1 921	3 785	4 858	4 060
Same house Different house in United States	387 730	617 597	975 1 041	1 660 1 768	179 444	1 607 2 057	570 1 296	966 2 704	2 426 2 399	2 256 1 732
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	535 24	493 66	706 140	1 183 139	268 39 79	1 088 244 550	386 97 678	427 199 1 803	1 305 239 585	1 021 259 269
Different MSA/PMSA Nat in an MSA/PMSA Abroad	133 38 12	38	149 46 -	277 169 16	58	175 132	135 55	275 115	270 33	183 72
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE										4 400
Urban population In housing units on praperties of less than 1 acre	1 290 575	1 377 776	2 222 1 807	3 732 2 608	642 69	4 122 2 145	1 951 945	3 899 1 616	5 300 3 936	4 420 3 805
Rural population In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre On forms	Ξ	=	=	-	=	Ξ	Ξ	=	=	=
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Car, truck, ar van	<b>296</b> 236	341 303	<b>739</b> 687	1 453 1 229	<b>301</b> 159	1 919 1 506	849 656	1 <b>656</b> 950 840	2 113 1 904 1 652	2 108 1 964 1 741
Drove olone Carpooled Public transportotian (including toxicab)	155 81 37	246 57 26	652 35 24 24	1 044 185 63	126 33 70	1 241 265 168 149	558 98 22	110	252 100	223 65 65
Subway or elevated, railrood, or ferryboat	37	26	-	63 52	70 —	-	22	34 34 -	100	_
Walked	23	12	14 - 14*	116 17 28	67 5	182 34 29	165 - 6	584 9 79	52 49 8	27 41 11
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.21	1.11	1.03	1.09	1.12	1.10	1.08 11.7	1.07 11.6	1.07 15.4	1.06 14.6
Mean travel time to work (minutes) Departure time for work: 5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m	17.1 32	16.9 41	16.8 31	14.9 79	12.0	14.9 17	23	14	75	68
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 o.m 7:00 a.m. ta 7:59 a.m	54 63 45	59 114	166 192	251 402	53 67	307 514	98 246	96 340	430 576	518 624 317
8:00 a.m. ta 8:59 a.m All other times	45 102	19 108	132 204	250 443	59 116	219 833	124 352	225 902	338 686	570
Worked in MSA af residence	296 233	321 261	708 549	1 425 1 086 9	288 256	1 812 1 507	821 67 <u>6</u>	1 576 1 391	2 055 1 562	2 055 1 605 41
8artonville village Peorio Heights village (pt.)	-	- 21	21	69 52	20	45 167	15 49	13 - 112	91 93	44 160
Remainder of Peona County Eost Peona city Washingtan city	29 22	20 13	23 66 6	118 12	Ξ	25 20	29	20 5	167 38	83 11
Marton village Pekin city (pt.)	12		18 8	14 9	Ξ	21 27	19 6 22	14 13 8	19 41 23	44 160 83 11 59 30
Remainder of Tazewell County	Ξ	6	17 _ _	33 17	Ξ	2/ - -	- - -	- -	_	=
El Paso city Remainder af Woodfard County Warked outside MSA of residence	Ξ	20	31	6 28	12 13	107	_ 28	80	14 58	13 53
Normal tawn	Ξ	_	16	-	_	13	12	9	11	6 6 14
Remainder af 8loomingtan-Normal, IL MSA Fultan Caunty	Ξ	7	11	10	- - 13	11 - 9	=	Ξ	10	-
Knox County De Witt Caunty		_	_	_	-	74	16	· _ 71	37	27

[Doto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				F	Peario city, Pear	rio County—Con.				
Area	Troct 23	Troct 24	Troct 25	Troct 26	Troct 27	Troct 28 (pt.)	Troct 29 (pt.)	Troct 30 (pt.)	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	5 295	4 967	3 576	2 107	7 285	3 588	4 166	5 631	4 380	5 826
Notive	5 053 242	4 877 90	3 503 73	<b>2 107</b> 2 066 41	7 035 250	3 503 85	4 010 156	5 404 227	4 346 34	5 569 257
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isoloted households	20	16	18	9	24	38	18	19	6	52
Persons 5 years and over In linguistically isolated households	<b>4 979</b> 60	<b>4 623</b>	3 313 24	<b>2 001</b> 16	6 905 59	<b>3 384</b> 49	<b>3 947</b> 18	<b>5 320</b>	4 001	<b>5 566</b> 110
Speok a longuage other thon English Do not speok English "very well"	287 155	203 62	151 47	96 23	389 159	169 49	258 56	335 105	88 26	416 149
Speak Sponish	58 23	49 20	57 18	7	92 47	51 13	65 15	47 21	13	111 50
Linguisticolly isolated	45 45 45	46 10	6 5 - -	6 - -	64 36 42	13 33 - -	1 <u>1</u> - -	10 63 29 -	9 -	111 50 25 77 58 77
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 045	1 253	1 100	426	1 755	802	896	1 456	1 419	1 602
Preprimory school	89 8	143 93	65 43	34 17	213 119	76 39	47	108 74	140 95	89 24
Elementory or high schoolPublic school	641 319	732 584	793 622	258 191	1 094 829	468 313	571 382	969 653	1 014 851	895 730
College Public college	315 220	378 287	242 225	134 98	448 340	258 191	278 200	379 314	265 227	618 432
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	3 936	3 397	2 127	1 508	5 193	2 513	3 058	3 901	2 506	3 887
Less thon 9th grode 9th to 12th grode, no diplomo	225 306	220 356	126 303	99 171	386 619	167 208	161 214	264 261	72 134	50 184 793
High school groduote (includes equivolency) Some college, no degree Associote degree	1 105 703 284	1 218 812 198	708 573 134	534 308 97	1 553 1 190 335	704 545 105	818 686 159	1 050 937 275	714 627 163	833
Bochelor's degree Groduote or professionol degree	911 402	416 177	195 88	173 126	667 443	523 261	611 409	738 376	566 230	333 1 079 615
Percent high school groduote or higher Percent bochelor's degree or higher	86.5 33.4	83.0 17.5	79.8 13.3	82.1 19.8	80.6 21.4	85.1 31.2	87.7 33.4	86.5 28.6	91.8 31.8	94.0 43.6
FERTILITY										
Children ever bom per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years Children ever bom per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	93 1 162	364 1 381	241 1 549	245 848	136 1 138	110 926	238 683	52 1 635 2 177	344 1 325 1 932	169 774 1 686
Children ever bom per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 697	1 515	2 678	2 257	2 183	1 583	1 827	2 1//	1 932	1 000
Persons 5 years and overSome house	<b>4 979</b> 3 020	4 623 2 590	<b>3 313</b> 1 769	2 001 1 226	6 905 4 389	<b>3 384</b> 1 792	<b>3 947</b> 2 164	<b>5 320</b> 3 232	<b>4 001</b> 1 906	<b>5 566</b> 2 633
Different house in United States  Central city of this MSA/PMSA  Pompinger of this MSA/PMSA	1 926 1 101	2 033 1 057	1 544 971	751 422	2 453 1 555	1 568 720	1 694 909 279	2 019 1 107	2 065 925 198	2 749 1 171 451
Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA Not in on MSA/PMSA	313 392 120	255 513 208	300 196 77	133 113 83	344 345 209	186 506 156	314 192	255 465 192	713 229	806 321
Abrood	33	-		24	63	24	89	69	30	184
Urban, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE Urbon population In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre	5 295	4 967	3 576	2 107	7 285	3 588	4 166 2 903	5 631 4 649	4 380 3 563	5 826 3 457
Rurol populotion	4 325 - -	4 587	3 077	1 856 - -	5 806	2 406	2 903 - -	4 049	3 303	3 437
On farms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
JOURNEY TO WORK  Workers 16 years and over	2 359	2 219	1 579	1 027	3 323	1 922	1 969	2 674	2 252 2 179	<b>3 540</b> 3 404
Cor, truck, or von  Drove olone  Corpooled	2 194 1 898 296	2 022 1 771 251	1 447 1 259 188	957 828 129	3 144 2 882 262	1 759 1 686 73	1 830 1 697 133	2 592 2 230 362	2 016 163	3 182 222
Bus or trolley bus or streetcor or trolley cor	32 23	61 61	36 36	21 21	74 74	105 105	17 17	=	24 24	Ξ
Subway or elevoted, roilrood, or ferryboot Wolked	- 68 19	46	30	35	24	11	- 68 9	50	- 5 15	56 23
Other means Worked of home	46	25 65	19 47	14	77	40	45	26	29	23 57 1.03
Persons per cor, truck, or von Mean travel time to work (minutes) Departure time for work:	1.08 14.2	1.07 14.7	1.07 16.2	1.07 14.9	1.04 15.2	1.02 16.3	1.04 14.5	1.08 14.5	1.04 17.1	15.7
5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m 6:00 o.m. to 6:59 o.m	48 312	50 343	76 306	49 170	130 631	78 385	39 272	102 529	104 460	98 702
7:00 o.m. to 7:59 o.m. 8:00 o.m. to 8:59 o.m.	826 558	844 332	448 272	360 211	1 065 599	670 360	794 459	1 038 420	808 344 507	1 464 612 607
All other times Worked in MSA of residence	569 2 258	585 2 179	430 1 512	223 1 001	821 3 236	389 1 835	360 1 931	559 2 574	2 116	3 362
Peono city  Bortonville villoge  Peono Haight villoge (+)	1 658 74	1 611 22	1 217 24 34	732	2 556 41	1 387 25 32	1 594 35 85	2 125 44 63	1 502 57 37	2 498 32 58
Peono Heights villoge (pt.) Remoinder of Peano County Eost Peano city	61 133 132	52 227 177	92 86	66 44 90	39 193 163	155 136	73 89	124 135	282 128	404 218
Woshington city Morton villoge	21 23	14 22	8 17	14	15 66	13	17 10	9	16 34	17 49 40
Pekin city (pt.) Remoinder of Tozewell County	105 35 8	13 34	24 10	22 33	99 48	45 20 9	17 11	37 25	41 19	30 8
Eureko cityEl Paso city Remoinder of Woodford County	- 8	- 7	=	Ξ	16	13 87	_	12	Ξ.	- 8
Worked outside MSA of residence Bloomington city	101	40 8	67 7	26	87 23	87	38	100 7	136 14	178 8 16
Normol fown Remoinder of Bloomington-Normol, IL MSA Fulton County	32 -	13 19	17 -	13	34 6	- 7 24	7 - -	17 19 7	15 20 —	8 25
Knox County  De Witt County	19	- -	13	Ξ	Ξ	12		_	20	
Worked elsewhere	44	_	30	13	24	44	31	50	67	121

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peoria city, Peor	ia Caunty—Can.				
Area	Tract 32	Tract 33 (pt.)	Tract 34.01 (pt.)	Tract 34.02 (pt.)	Tract 35 (pt.)	Tract 39 (pt.)	Tract 41.01 (pt.)	Tract 41.02 (pt.)	Tract 42 (pt.)	Tract 43 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	4 136	3 316	2 119	720	563	_	1 184	3 383	_	6
dative	3 894 242	3 149 167	2 049 70	680 40	563	Ξ	1 129 55	3 350 33	=	6
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isolated households	26	_	10	_	-	_	7	17	_	_
Persons 5 years and over n linguistically isolated households	3 882 26	3 132	1 958 27	679	519	_	1 062	3 026 17	_	6
peak o language other thon English Da nat speak English "very well"	319 93	222 46	111 49	50	7 7	Ξ	97 55	101 50	Ξ	Ξ
Speak Sponish Do not speak English "very well"	31 14	20 20	40 14	Ξ	=	Ξ	19 19	19 4	_	=
Linguisticolly isalated  Speck on Asion ar Pacific Island language  Do not speak English "very well"  Linguistically isolated	7 - - -	52 6 -	18 18 18	25 - -	=	=	7 14 - -	16 11 -	=======================================	=
CHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	862	824	634	200	110	_	274	841	_	_
reprimary schoolPublic school	122 33	103 44	105 32	6	5	_	25 25	100 41	=	Ξ
lementary or high school	409 262	538 393	391 283	161 141	84 75	=	170 125	512 357 229	=	=
allegePublic college	331 215	183 107	138 104	33 21	21 21	=	79 52	192	=	Ξ
Persons 25 years and over	2 875	2 351	1 351	436	435	-	728	2 160	_	6
ess than 9th grode	65 86	90 142	29 55	13	55 57	Ξ	13 26	311 226 477	-	=
igh school groduate (includes equivolency) ame college, no degreessociote degree	574 707 248	344 402 111	233 275 98	54 64 47	91 153 22	Ξ	118 116 43	469 174	=	Ξ
ochelor's degree	680 515	791 471	405 256	153 105	35 22	Ξ	268 144	403 100	Ξ	6 -
Percent high school groduate ar higher	94.7 41.6	90.1 53.7	93.8 48.9	97.0 59.2	74.3 13.1	=	94.6 56.6	75.1 23.3	_	100.0 100.0
ERTILITY								100		
Children ever born per 1,000 wamen 15 to 24 years	47 853	78 1 234	1 431 2 175	2 739 2 370	1 476 1 500	-	297 663 2 198	698 1 348 1 636	Ξ	=
hildren ever barn per 1,000 wamen 35 ta 44 years	1 748	2 321	2 1/3	2 3/0	1 300	_	2 170	1 050		
Persons 5 years and over	<b>3 882</b> 1 607	<b>3 132</b> 1 619	1 <b>958</b> 1 074	<b>679</b> 280	<b>519</b> 211	=	1 <b>062</b> 293	3 <b>026</b> 1 473	Ξ	6
ifferent house in United States Central city of this MSA/PMSA Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	2 175 855	1 470 979	884 533	370 179	308 86	_	763 347	1 547 907 292	Ξ	6
Different MSA/PMSA	299 755 266	95 318 78	97 208 46	27 139 25	29 115 78	=	67 275 74	267 81	Ξ	Ξ
Abrood	100	43	-	29	-	-	6	6	-	-
JRBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE  Jrban population	4 136	3 316	2 119	720	563	-	1 184 709	3 383 1 659	=	6
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre Rural populotion In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	2 079	2 629	1 558	673 	555	=	-	-	Ξ	=
On farms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over	2 312	1 340	1 125	<b>337</b>	262 248	-	<b>724</b> 724	1 360 1 258	=	=
Car, truck, or van Drove alone Carpooled	2 228 2 002 226	1 216 1 216 50	1 085 1 027 58	313 19	223 25	=	680 44	1 160	=	=
bublic tronsportotion (including taxicob)	16 16	7 -		-	=	Ξ	Ξ	98 55 55	Ξ	=
Subway ar elevated, roilroad, or ferryboat	12	7 14	14	Ξ	14	=	=	9	Ξ	=
Other means	56	48	26	5	-	Ξ	1,03	32 1.05	_	_
Persons per car, truck, or von  Mean travel time to wark (minutes)  Departure time for work:	1.06 15.7	1.02 15.8	1.03 19.5	1.03 16.4	1.05 16.3	=	16.8	16.8	=	-
5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m. 6:00 o.m. ta 6:59 o.m.	62 431	42 180	25 210	5 71	13 24	_	7 152	29 239	_	-
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m 8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m	932 438	552 273	442 209	142 80 34	69 68 88	Ξ	390 92 83	548 250 262	=	=
All ather times	393 2 233	245 1 311	213 1 098	337	237	_	718	1 316	-	-
Peario city	1 656 37	1 022	811 13	271 - -	207	Ξ	554 - 12	1 048 18 16	=	=
Pearia Heights village (pt.)  Rernainder of Pearia Caunty  East Peoria city	72 179 165	84 85 65	33 106 63	50 16	15 8	Ξ	65 55	74 109	Ξ	=
Washington city	18 86	38	63 13 18	Ξ	7	Ξ	_	7 17	Ξ	-
Pekin city (pt.) Remainder af Tazewell County	7 5	5 6	12 29	Ξ	<u>-</u>	=	23 9 -	13 -	=	
Eureko cityEl Paso city Remainder af Woodford County	- 8	- - 6	=	=	_	=	_	- 8	Ξ	-
Worked outside MSA af residence	79 8	29 -	27	Ξ	25 -	=	6 -	44	Ξ	-
Remainder of Blaamington-Narmal, IL MSA	16	7	=	Ξ	8	=	=	10		-
Fulton Caunty Knox County	Ξ	=	=	_	=	Ξ	6	=	-	_
De Witt County Worked elsewhere	55	22	27	_	17	-	-	34	-	-

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sompling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Epoto based of sample and sample to sampling variability, s		city, Peario County-		Remoinder of Peario County							
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Troct 46 (pt.)	Troct 48.02 (pt.)	Troct 28 (pt.)	Troct 29 (pt.)	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.)	Troct 33 (pt.)	Troct 34.01 (pt.)	
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	683		270	26	_	41	99		11	1 011	
Notive	638 45	-	263 7	26	Ξ	41	99 -	_	11_	1 011	
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isolated households	5	_	_	-	_	-	_	_		-	
Persons 5 years and over In linguistically isolated households	589 5	_	270	<b>2</b> 6	=	41	99	_	11_	924	
Speak o longuage other than English Do not speak English "very well"	81 19	-	23 7	Ξ	=	Ξ	Ξ	=	= =	25 9 10	
Speak Sponish Do not speak English "very well"	26 5	=	=	_	=	=	=	Ξ	=	5	
Linguisticolly isoloted Speak on Asion or Pocific Island language Do not speak English "very well" Linguisticolly isoloted	5 - - -	=	7 7 -	=	=	=	=	=	Ξ	Ξ	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	239	_	59	12	_	7	45	_	-	278	
Preprimory schoolPublic school	14	=	=	=	Ξ	Ξ	5	Ξ	_	278 30 20	
Elementory or high school	167 167	Ξ	59 59	12 12	=	- - 7	40 22	Ξ	=	174 174 74	
College Public college	58 46	=	Ξ	=	=	7	Ξ	=	=	60	
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	369		200	14	_	34	54	_	11	673	
Less thon 9th grode	64	Ξ	28 45	-	=	<u> </u>	12 7	_	-	51 73	
High school groduote (includes equivolency)	154 50	=	76 36	_	Ξ	16 18	6	Ξ	6 5	236 173	
Associote degreeBochelor's degree	43 18	=	8	14	=	=	17 6	Ξ	=	68 67 5	
Groduote or professional degree Percent high school groduote or higher	73.7	_	7 63.5	100.0	<u>-</u>	100.0	64.8	_	100.0	81.6 10.7	
Percent bochelor's degree or higher FERTILITY	6.8	-	7.5	100.0	-	-	42.6	-	-	10.7	
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	636 1 847 2 412	Ξ	5 000	2 000	=	3 000	- 2 294	=	Ξ	1 137 2 220	
RESIDENCE IN 1985	500		270			41	99		11	924	
Persons 5 years and over Some house Different house in United States	589 182 407	Ξ	<b>270</b> 115 155	26 26	Ξ	18 23	64 35	Ξ	ii	567 357 105 145	
Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA	299	=	53	=	_	_	<u> </u>	Ξ	Ξ	105 145	
Different MSA/PMSA	80 20	=	94	=	Ξ	23	35	Ξ	=	66 41	
AbroodURBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE	-	-	_	_	-	_	_		_		
Urbon population In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre	683 171	Ξ	270 270	26 26	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	11 11	993 972	
Rurol population In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre	=	Ξ		=	=	41 8	99 40	_	Ξ	18	
On forms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	
JOURNEY TO WORK  Workers 16 years and over  Cor, truck, or von	197 161	-	8 <b>7</b> 65	14 14	_	<b>41</b> 41	<b>42</b> 35	_	11 6	512 496	
Drove olone	130	=	57 8	14	=	4i -	35	_	6	439 57	
Public tronsportation (including toxicob) Bus or trolley bus or streetcor or trolley cor	36 23	=	15 15	_	_	Ξ	7	Ξ	-	=	
Subwoy or elevoted, roilrood, or ferryboot Wolked	=	Ξ	- - 7	_	Ξ	=	=	=	=	16	
Other means Worked ot home		Ξ	-	=	Ξ	_	-	-	5 1.00	1.07	
Persons per car, truck, or von	1.11 16.5	=	1.07 20.1	1.00 22.5	Ξ	1.00 18.6	1.00 18.0	=	15.0	16.2	
Departure time for work: 5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m	11	Ξ	7 21	_	Ξ	8 -	=	_	<del>-</del>	10 123	
7:00 o.m. to 7:59 o.m. 8:00 o.m. to 8:59 o.m.	69	Ξ	22 14	7 7	=	8 10	19	Ξ	Ξ	242 56	
All other times Worked in MSA of residence	94	-	23 87	14	_	15 41	23 42	_	- 11	81 496	
Peorio city	191	Ξ	67 13	7	Ξ	33	42	_	6 -	323 12	
Peorio Heights villoge (pt.) Remoinder of Peorio County	6	Ξ	Ξ	7	Ξ	8	_	=	5 -	17 116 22	
Eost Peorio city Woshington city	-	=	- - 7	=	=	=	=	=	=	-	
Morton villoge Pekin city (pt.) Remoinder of Tozewell County	-	=	<u>'</u>	=	=	Ξ	Ξ	=	Ξ	-6	
Eureko cityEl Poso city	] =	=	_		Ξ	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ		
Remoinder of Woodford County Worked outside MSA of residence	:	_	=	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	-	16	
Bloomington city Normol town	_	=	=	=	-	=	-	Ξ	=	12	
Remoinder of Bloomington-Normol, IL MSA Fulton County Knox County	.   -	=	Ξ	=	=	=		Ξ	Ξ	-	
De Witt County	-	=	=	_	Ξ	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	4	

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Census Tract or Block Numbering				R	emainder af Peorio	a Caunty—Can.				
Area	Tract 34.02 (pt.)	Tract 35 (pt.)	Tract 36.01	Tract 36.02	Troct 37	Troct 38	Tract 39 (pt.)	Tract 40	Tract 41.01 (pt.)	Tract 41.02 (pt.
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	3 098	515	2 793	5 551	2 995	2 940	4 399	4 346	1 848	78:
totiveoreign bom	2 965 133	515	2 778 15	5 469 82	2 964 31	2 924	4 368	4 294 52	1 808	782
ANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH inguistically isolated households	_	_	_	6	<u>.</u>	2	5	1	7	
Persons 5 years and over n linguistically isoloted hauseholds	2 863	461	2 571	5 196 13	2 801	2 772	4 142	4 075	1 <b>728</b> 27	713
peak a longuoge other than English Do not speak English "very well"	233 25	Ξ	108 38	244 88	47 24	44 10	53 21	82 10	73 13	20
Speak Sponish Do not speak English "very well"	110 15	=	45 7	140 73 13	Ξ	13 5	34 15	37 10	14 - -	20
Linguistically isolated  Speak on Asion ar Pacific Island language  Do not speak English "very well"  Linguistically isolated	=	= =	=	8 - -	<u> </u>	2 -	3 8 6 4	- -	27 13 27	
CHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL	070	207	***			770	2.0/0	1 147	£1£	10
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school reprimary school Public school	973 100 41	126 24 21	662 41 5	1 <b>422</b> 108 77	846 64 35	770 76 30	1 <b>368</b> 102 84	1 147 79 63	515 49 19	10
lementary or high schoolPublic school	703 558	82 82	466 377	1 096 983	586 534	507 493	995 927	874 846	356 228	8
ollegePublic college	170 147	20 20	155 143	218 199	196 168	187 168	271 230	194 172	110 104	1
DUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and overess than 9th gradeth to 12th grade, no diplama	1 917 5 122	318 6 68	1 906 105	3 565 385 419	1 942 131 116	1 <b>975</b> 213 213	2 715 173 264	2 817 205 289	1 226 77 127	55 4 17
igh school graduote (includes equivolency) ome_college, no degree	394 501	112 103	253 745 351	1 386 789	640 501	842 349	853 580	1 231 580	485 241	22
achelor's degree	155 496	21	158 263 31	199 262	164 269	144 170	311 430	157 253	85 156	2
ercent high school graduate or higher	244 93.4	8 76.7	31 81,2	125 77.4	121 87.3	44 78.4	104 83.9	102 82.5	55 83.4	60.
ercent bachelor's degree or higher	38.6	9.1	15.4	10.9	20.1	10.8	19.7	12.6	17.2	
ERTILITY  hildren ever born per 1,000 women 15 ta 24 years	47	943	197	230	63	160	101	399		30
hildren ever born per 1,000 women 25 ta 34 years hildren ever born per 1,000 women 35 ta 44 years	1 487 2 267	2 514 2 000	1 288 1 892	1 488 2 227	1 725 2 201	1 672 2 367	1 570 2 279	1 471 2 206	1 291 1 833	1 21 1 34
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	2 863	461	2 571	5 196	2 801	2 772	4 142	4 075	1 728	71
iame house	1 478 1 245	272 189	1 646 925	3 179 1 989	1 832 969	2 088 684	2 760 1 382	2 862 1 213	1 081	48 22
Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA	394 261	95 63	111 529	150 1 033	192 429	47 419	250 787	101 702	647 271 229	8
Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA	399 191	31	157 128	354 452	199 149	91 127	220 125	201 209	63 84	3
JRBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE	140	-	-	28	-	_	-	_		
Irban population In housing units on praperties of less than 1 acre	2 426 1 823	444 281	522 · 354	5 385 4 802	=	Ξ		_	Ξ	71 67
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	672 606	71 15	2 271 1 914	166 166	2 995 1 066	2 940 1 523	4 399 1 901	4 346 2 198	1 848 736 110	6 1 3
On farms	-	24	54	-	173	277	381	644	110	3.
Workers 16 years and over	1 547	<b>287</b> 270	1 352 1 323	2 496 2 280	1 463 1 402	1 395 1 255	2 184 2 008	2 010 1 787	1 009 990	<b>37</b> 35
Drave alone	1 447	254 16	1 126 197	2 058 222	1 263 139	1 062 193	1 846 162	1 476 311	933 57	30 5
Ublic transportation (including toxicab) Bus or tralley bus ar streetcar or tralley car	=	-	=	8 -	-	_	9 9	2 2	Ξ	
Subway ar elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	23	8	20	126	21	40 8	49	98 23	12	
Other means Vorked at home	10 29	9	9	43 39	15 25	92	112	100	7 1,03	1.0
ersons per car, truck, ar van	1.01 17.0	1.03 16.2	1.08 19.2	1.06 16.0	1.06 19.9	1.10 20.5	1.04 21.0	1.11 26.6	20.5	17.
Departure time for work: 5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m 6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m	44 313	8 60	46 337	92 663	92 313	109 438	117 421	123 446	58 216	1
7:00 o.m. ta 7:59 o.m 8:00 a.m. ta 8:59 o.m	639 255	127 20	496 122	685 270	544 202	322 140	872 281	684 232	404 117	4 5 7
All ather times Vorked in MSA af residence	267 1 501	63 287	342 1 242	747 2 336	287 1 385	294 1 301	381 2 118	425 1 793	207 981	17 35 21
Peoria city	899 19	153 13	484	724 - 14	583 18	309 17	1 099 34	687 63	580 13	1
Remainder of Peoria County	42 400	110	18 591	16 1 347 29	10 623	14 841	40 765	13 829	239	5 3
Washington city	88	11	43 7	29 25 21	65 6 10	65 28 7	108 5 29	124 14 31	68 14 9	•
Morton villoge Pekin city (pt.) Remainder af Tazewell County	17 19 17	Ξ	22 52 7	144	52 12	15	17 13	18 14	11 47	
Eureka cityEl Paso city	- '-	=	6	Ξ	_	=	5 -	Ξ	_	
Remainder of Woodfard County Vorked autside MSA of residence	46	Ξ	110	16 160	6 78	3 94	3 66	217	28	2
8loomingtan city Normal town Remoinder of 8loomington-Normal, IL MSA	9	=	Ξ	6	6	- - 2	7 8 10	1 - 12	12	
Fultan County	=	Ξ.	Ξ	18 7 7	6 - -	2 1	2 18	107 50	3 -	
Knox County De Witt County	37	-	8 102	122	66	- 91	21	47	-	2

[Data based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				earia County—Can.						
Area	Tract 42 (pt.)	Tract 43 (pt.)	Troct 44 (pt.)	Tract 45	Tract 46 (pt.)	Tract 48.01	Tract 48.02 (pt.)	Tract 49.01 (pt.)	Tract 49.02	
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	4 070	2 806	5 161	5 044	5 518	3 996	4 583	<b>3 561</b> 3 543	4 129 4 106	
Native	4 030	2 762 44	4 983 178	4 951 93	5 509 9	3 982 14	4 562 21	18	4 106 23	
Linguistically isalated households  Persons 5 years and over In linguistically isalated households  Speak a language other than English  Da nat speak English "very well"  Speak Spanish  Do nat speak English "very well"  Linguistically isalated  Speak an Asian ar Pacific Island language  Do not speak English "very well"  Linguistically isalated	8 3 838 83 38 16  8 8	2 624 7 63 11 21 4 - 8	4 800 44 235 86 34 - - 64 54	4 736 71 212 127 87 47 22 64 50	5 240 	3 796 9 110 47 40 29 6 28 6	4 322 - 89 51 45 7 - 10	3 342 	3 860 6 142 77 72 24 6 11	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school Preprimary school Public school Elementary ar high school Public school College Public callege	855 56 26 474 389 325 265	592 37 12 402 351 153 125	1 338 86 39 855 694 397 334	1 149 68 47 860 822 221 176	1 368 120 84 1 070 1 060 178 158	1 085 77 55 770 716 238 190	1 062 86 30 746 738 230 197	865 69 50 645 536 151 139	1 368 126 72 939 889 303 256	
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over Less than 9th grade 9th to 12th grade, no diplama High schaal graduate (includes equivalency) Same callege, no degree Associate degree Bachelor's degree Graduate ar prafessional degree Percent high schaal graduate ar higher Percent bachelar's degree or higher	2 906 302 336 1 036 547 152 353 180 78.0 18.3	1 858 220 310 640 361 162 112 53 71.5 8.9	3 509 367 391 1 110 739 323 385 194 78.4 16.5	3 325 620 536 1 098 637 128 202 104 65.2 9.2	3 669 498 497 1 439 856 175 143 61 72.9 5.6	2 634 241 372 949 626 215 146 85 76.7 8.8	3 075 317 400 1 285 641 150 184 98 76.7	2 339 258 338 1 082 416 80 113 52 74.5 7.1	2 524 149 361 1 003 643 155 138 75 79.8 8.4	
FERTILITY Children ever bom per 1,000 wamen 15 ta 24 years Children ever bom per 1,000 wamen 25 ta 34 years Children ever bom per 1,000 wamen 35 ta 44 years	182 1 295 1 239	497 1 331 1 665	72 1 524 1 753	292 1 424 2 029	479 1 420 1 922	233 1 555 2 089	260 1 375 1 938	160 1 502 1 910	188 1 723 2 073	
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and ever Same house Different house in United States Central city of this MSA/PMSA Remainder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA Not in an MSA/PMSA Abroad Abroad	3 838 2 253 1 573 490 600 303 180	2 624 1 563 1 061 636 231 157 37	4 800 3 054 1 704 841 446 239 178	4 736 2 867 1 834 794 569 340 131 35	5 240 3 519 1 721 471 947 197 106	3 796 2 890 904 301 418 112 73 2	4 322 2 774 1 522 473 794 173 82 26	3 342 2 319 1 017 227 567 104 119 6	3 860 2 331 1 506 211 758 360 177 23	
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE Urbon population In housing units an praperties of less than 1 ocre Rural population In housing units an praperties of less than 1 acre On farms	4 070 2 754 - - -	2 806 2 607 - -	5 161 4 226 - -	4 788 3 338 256 51	5 232 4 616 286 140	2 704 2 422 1 292 260 64	4 583 3 900 - - -	- 3 561 1 780 240	- 4 129 2 088 238	
JOURNEY TO WORK  Workers 16 years and ever	1 814 1 624 190 33 33 - 29 22 27 1.06 15.8 105 337 592 317	1 255 1 189 1 046 143 229 29 	2 301 2 032 1 775 237 74 74 	2 000 1 959 1 654 305 - - 5 13 23 1.09 18.7 86 523 623 268 477	2 436 2 354 2 217 137 - - 38 24 20 1.03 16.5 135 612 871 229 569	1 933 1 858 1 638 220 2 2 2 - 11 4 58 1.06 19.5	2 212 2 121 1 978 143 24 24 - 50 6 11 1.04 17.0	1 515 1 409 1 226 183 	1 943 1 815 1 543 272 8 8 8 - 344 2 2 84 1.09 23.4 135 579 192 468	
Warked in MSA of residence Pearia city Bartonville village Pearia Heights village (pt.) Remainder af Pearia Caunty East Pearia city Washington city Marton village Pekin city (pt.) Remainder of Tazewell Caunty Eureka city El Pasa city Remainder of Waodford Caunty Worked autside MSA of residence Blaomington city Narmal town Remainder af Blaomington—Narmal, IL MSA Fultan Caunty De Witt Caunty De Witt Caunty Varked elsewhere	1 846 1 244 15 239 147 110 110 11 9 45 13 	1 185 708 28 201 92 95 4 4 10 10 19 16 7 - 5 70 - 22 23 - - 25	2 241 1 605 99 39 299 139 11 21 28 - - - 60 - 13 - 7 40	1 928 1 167 101 23 359 141 15 33 39 48 - - 2 72 72 16 16 12 2 2 2 2 5	2 377 1 072 607 33 298 187 24 32 79 19 - - 26 59 11 - 29	1 879 1 023 216 14 396 103 4 42 32 42 2 - 5 54 7 7 2 16 6 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2 174 1 263 299 3 379 67 33 36 23 61 	1 464 513 116 11 519 112 11 42 122 13 - - 5 5 51 - - 4 25 - -	1 829 773 121 31 590 176 6 48 344 44 6 114 10 1 4 26 11 62	

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Dato bosed on sample and subject to sampling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remoinder of Pe Con				Totals f	or split trocts/8N	A's in Tozewell Co	ounty		
Area	Troct 50.97	Troct 50.98	Troct 201	Troct 203.01	Troct 203.02	Troct 204	Troct 205	Troct 206	Tract 207	Troct 208
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons		-	2 004 1 971	4 787	5 440	5 939	4 853	2 088	3 949	3 816 3 805
Foreign born LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH	=	Ξ	33	4 759 28	5 376 64	5 897 42	4 831 22	2 054 34	3 912 37	3 603
Linguistically isoloted households  Persons 5 years and over	_	-	6 1 888	4 468	- 5 101	- 5 502	5 <b>4 488</b>	7 <b>1 991</b>	6 <b>3 695</b>	3 510
In linguisticolly isolated households Speak o longuage other than English Do not speak English "very well" Speak Spanish	=	Ξ	6 44 17	125 45	150 30	122 37	5 84 24	7 33 7	6 49 10	59
Do not speak English "very well" Linguistically isoloted Speak on Asion or Pocific Island language		=	5 5 - 21	88 34 - -	81 19 -	35 - - 27	25 6 2	- - 11	15 - -	26 - - - 6
Linguistically isoloted	.   _	=	- - -	=	Ξ	10	4 - -	-	Ξ	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school Preprimory school	-	-	<b>428</b> 15	1 <b>091</b> 49	1 <b>232</b> 35	1 485 104	1 <b>495</b> 118	<b>418</b> 24	<b>996</b> 171	9 <b>53</b> 77
Public school	_	-	10 323 299	41 759 679	29 951 922	69 1 081 1 033	101 1 141 1 038	12 311 294	105 659 612	57 707 655
College Public college EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT	=	=	90 66	283 218	246 210	300 259	236 198	83 77	166 166	169 155
Persons 25 years and over Less thon 9th grode	.   -	=	1 <b>320</b>	3 156 402	3 678 418	<b>3 769</b> 384	2 868 234	1 519 121	2 629 229	2 280 254 377
9th to 12th grade, no diplomo High school groduote (includes equivolency) Some college, no degree Associate degree	:	=	264 437 284	572 1 269 601	579 1 283 727	683 1 742 689	484 1 182 601 173	152 595 360 83	385 991 620 177	980 409 158
8ochelor's degree Groduote or professionol degree	=	-	64 69 88	133 133 46	287 282 102	105 156 10	138 56	161 47	190 37	62 40
Percent high school groduote or higher Percent bochelor's degree or higher FERTILITY	Ξ	-	71.4 11.9	69.1 5.7	72.9 10.4	71.7 4.4	75.0 6.8	82.0 13.7	76.6 8.6	72.3 4.5
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	.   -	- - -	283 1 374	304 1 429	127 1 176	422 1 746	266 1 748	305 1 435	390 1 547	670 1 384 2 415
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years  RESIDENCE IN 1985			2 384	1 887	2 535	2 182	2 424	1 236 1 991	2 111	3 510
Persons 5 years and over Same house Different house in United Stotes Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA	:	-	1 888 994 871 161	4 468 2 632 1 828 199	5 101 2 909 2 192 364	5 502 2 904 2 573 475	4 488 2 666 1 794 566	1 283 708 360	2 427 1 235 758	1 637 1 824 919
Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA		-	524 131 55	1 140 336 153	1 457 170 201	1 460 288 350	721 311 196	148 46 154	264 117 96	411 163 331
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE	-	-	23	8		25	28	-	33	49
Urbon population In housing units on properties of less thon 1 ocre Rurol population	_	- -	2 004 1 602	4 351 3 821 436	5 403 3 977 37	5 939 5 334 -	4 685 4 392 168	2 088 1 726 -	3 910 3 618 39	3 816 2 800 -
In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre On forms  JOURNEY TO WORK	Ξ	-	-	330 13	37 -	Ξ	96 -	Ξ	6 5	=
Workers 16 years and over	=	-	910 829	2 351 2 221	2 419 2 271	2 669 2 510	2 226 2 172	<b>927</b> 902 787	1 825 1 700 1 475	1 535 1 364 1 187
Corpooled  Public tronsportation (including toxicab)  8us or trolley bus or streetcor or trolley cor	_	-	720 109 47 47	438 16 16	2 022 249 -	2 252 258 29 29	1 898 274 4 4	115 12 12	225 33 33	177 28 28
Subway or elevoted, roilroad, or ferryboat Wolked Other means	1 = 1	-	6	36 18	- 34 20	27 27 33	7 21	13	25 19	41 53
Worked ot home Persons per car, truck, or van Mean travel time to work (minutes)		-	11 1.08 15.9	60 1.11 19.2	94 1.06 17.0	70 1.06 19.6	22 1.07 19.3	- 1.07 16.7	48 1.08 18.1	49 1.07 18.0
Departure time for work: 5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m 6:00 o.m. to 6:59 o.m	-		65 159	160 479	138 437	163 574	168 554	54 260	117 411	95 329
7:00 o.m. to 7:59 o.m. 8:00 o.m. to 8:59 o.m. All other times	_	=	232 85 358	775 226 651	749 382 619	712 343 807	638 263 581	257 149 207	487 224 538	401 144 517
Worked in MSA of residence Peario city 8ortonville villoge	_	-	880 360 14	2 250 854 33	2 300 950 51	2 527 989 18	2 146 621 75	910 203 38	1 759 424 34	1 436 317 47
Peorio Heights village (pt.) Remoinder of Peorio County Eost Peorio city	_	-	17 51 286	26 113 701	58 85 732	17 200 618	16 172 319	62 60	135 160	80 72
Morton village	Ξ.	-	12 26 6	60 197 102	17 157 54 179	24 119 89	53 134 373	18 49 379	12 64 785	4 57 704 127
Remoinder of Tazewell CountyEureko cityEl Poso cityEl Poso city	=	- - -	88	149 _ _	_	444 - -	379 2 -	101 - -	138 - - -	_
Remoinder of Woodford County Worked outside MSA of residence 8loomington city		_ _	20 30 -	15 101 23	17 119 13	9 142 24	2 80 21 2	17 	66 13 4	20 99 9 14
Normol town		-	9 -	35	71 7	8 29 - -	17 2	12 5	29 8 -	12
De Witt County	.   -	=	21	11 32	28	8 73	38	_	12	64

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Totals for	split trocts/BNA'	s in Tozewell Count	y—Con.			
Area	Troct 209	Troct 211.01	Troct 211.02	Troct 212.01	Troct 212.02	Troct 212.03	Troct 215	Troct 216.03	Troct 216.04	Tract 216.06
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	2 423	7 341	5 498	2 211	3 104	3 994	6 299	4 279	<b>2 039</b> 1 952	<b>4 471</b> 4 369
Notive Foreign born	2 396 27	7 286 55	5 439 59	2 181 30	3 075 <b>29</b>	3 963 31	6 195 104	4 253 26	87	102
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguisticolly isoloted households	6	20	11	8	-	_	10		14	11
Persons 5 years and over In linguistically isolated households Speak a language other than English	2 205 12 47	6 735 20 109	5 213 29 173	2 040 27 70	2 941 - 37	<b>3 677</b> - 120	<b>5 760</b> 39 195	3 980 _ 58	1 973 14 70	4 221 40 155
Speak o longuage other than English Do not speak English "very well" Speak Sponish Do not speak English "very well"	23	40 62 26	61 77 37	41 24 -	6 11 6	23 23 8	38 51	30	38 46 24	65 39 7
Speak on Asian or Pacific Island language	=	20 12	11 17	22	Ξ	12	11 11	Ξ	10	7
Do not speak English "very well" Linguisticolly isoloted	=	6	Ξ	22 22	Ξ	Ξ	"-	Ξ	Ξ	=
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school Preprimory school	645 47	1 818 221	1 <b>273</b> 128	603 44	<b>780</b> 33	1 <b>098</b> 149	1 446 184	1 244 158	<b>486</b> 15	1 115 110
Public school Elementory or high school Public school	47 491 486	146 1 201 1 086	89 842 825	36 409 364	517 452	107 659 624	86 977 886	88 930 872	347 269	58 745 705
CollegePublic college	107 94	396 388	303 273	150 138	230 167	290 248	285 238	156 150	124 107	260 237
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	1 472	4 534	3 860	1 364	2 172 132	2 656 203	4 154 227	<b>2 668</b> 146	1 <b>397</b> 80	<b>3 074</b> 345
Less thon 9th grade	295 335 524	459 653 1 756	326 336 1 418	87 122 500 284	125 700	345 977	423 1 343	110 705	55 469 340	125
Some college, no degree Associote degree Bochelor's degree	191 34 49	1 022 298 246	714 236 571	130 168	587 144 303	646 171 237	1 029 341 587	627 257 531	105 292	654 232 643 216
Groduote or professional degree Percent high school groduote or higher	57.2	100 75.5	259 82.8	73 84.7	181 88.2	77 79.4 11.8	204 84.4 19.0	292 90.4 30.8	56 90.3 24.9	84.7 27.9
Percent bochelor's degree or higher FERTILITY	6.3	7.6	21.5	17.7	22.3				2-11/	
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 006 2 031 2 178	650 1 568 1 991	237 1 379 2 256	396 1 632 2 132	1 408 1 979	226 1 514 1 975	236 1 400 1 997	142 1 553 2 126	812 2 282	50 1 637 2 000
Persons 5 years and over	2 205	6 735	5 213	2 040	2 941	3 677	<b>5 760</b> 3 205	<b>3 980</b> 2 468	1 973 1 083	<b>4 221</b> 2 387
Same house Different house in United States Central city of this MSA/PMSA	1 038 1 167 704	3 405 3 322 1 795	2 924 2 280 1 333	1 320 720 68	1 671 1 270 312	2 277 1 394 146	2 537 651	1 512 122	845 130 407	1 787 217 1 169
Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA	277 68 118	734 527 266	473 249 225	466 112 74	748 187 23	931 157 160	1 256 442 188	920 352 118	230 78	261 140 47
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE	-	8	9	-	-	6	18	_	45	
Urban population In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre Rurol population	2 423 2 207	7 341 4 412	5 498 4 468	744 584 1 467	3 104 2 308	3 994 3 412	3 631 2 726 2 668	3 352 2 841 927	2 025 1 469 14	4 362 3 474 109
In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre On forms	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	773 28	Ξ	Ξ	1 936 80	504 79	14	19 90
JOURNEY TO WORK Werkers 16 years and over	823	3 185	2 547	1 039	1 485	1 <b>769</b> 1 675	<b>3 053</b> 2 935	<b>2 128</b> 1 993	1 105 1 060	2 213 2 123
Cor, truck, or von Drove olone Corpooled	749 602 147	3 123 2 751 372	2 462 2 224 238	1 001 884 117	1 384 1 278 106	1 459 216	2 675 2 675 260	1 809 184	951 109 3	1 946 177
Public tronsportotion (including toxicob) Bus or trolley bus or streetcor or trolley cor Subway or elevoted, roilroad, or ferryboat	=	Ξ	Ξ	6 6	=		- -	-	3 - 35	36
Wolked Other means Worked ot home	30 18 26	24 14 24	35 24 26	- 32	28 8 65	25 12 57	33 31 54	71 23 41	7	7 47
Persons per cor, truck, or von Mean trovel time to work (minutes)	1.11	1.07 18.4	1.05 18.1	1.07 19.4	1.04 17.0	1.07 18.3	1.05 19.3	1.05 18.1	1.06 16.2	1.04 17.2
Departure time for work: 5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m	112 151	179 575	71 568	23 306	22 314	94 361	176 652 1 175	93 464 830	35 229 350	104 3B9 857
7:00 o.m. to 7:59 o.m. 8:00 o.m. to B:59 o.m. All other times	139 95 300	1 005 427 975	789 449 644	365 103 210	469 251 364	509 303 445	396 600	303 397	158 326	351 465
Worked in MSA of residence Peorio city	783 129	3 060 645	2 415 492	1 009 489	1 438 587	1 694 665	2 884 771 49	1 968 519	1 055 280	2 028 566 20
Bortonville villoge Peorio Heights villoge (pt.) Remoinder of Peorio County	36	137 22 166	21 19 168	13 75	10 12 148	17 30 142	22 202	20 14 92	13 54 115	566 20 22 49 221 77 720 87
Eost Peorio city Woshington city Morton villoge	36 22 7	329 18 146	224 - 35	199 79 18	542 24 48	561 88 57	391 38 426	226 62 787	6 462	77 720
Pekin city (pt.) Remoinder of Tozewell County Eureko city	466 44	1 387 201	1 293 149	12 91 -	48 13 54	46 83 5	566 378 7	76 139 5	51 61 -	224 15
El Poso city Remoinder of Woadford County Worked outside MSA of residence	B	9 125	14 132	7 26 30	- - 47	- - 75	34 169	28 160	7 50	6 21 185
Bloomington city Normal town	6 -	28 - 9	58 8	16	17 - -	- - 18	44 12 12	39 11 42	33 _ 10	42 19 45
Remoinder of Bloomington-Normol, IL MSA Fulton County Knox County	_	12	10	=	Ē	-	10	=	Ē	16 7
De Witt County Worked elsewhere		76	56	14	30	57	86	68	7	56

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Census Tract or Block Numbering				East Pearia city, Tazewell County						
Area	Tract 217.02	Tract 218.01	Tract 218.02	Tract 221	Tract 222	Tract 223	Tract 224	Tract 201 (pt.)	Tract 201.99	Tract 202
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	4 928	3 423	2 032	3 433	3 947	3 404	5 160	2 004	4	1 045
Native Foreign born	4 891 37	3 409 14	2 022	3 371 62	3 884 63	3 347 57	5 100	1 971 33	4	1 065 1 039 26
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isolated households	6	11	-	-	19	6	В	6	_	_
Persons 5 years and over	1 6	3 201 11	1 909	3 209	<b>3 666</b> 31	<b>3 194</b> 13	4 856 33	1 888	4	958
Speak a languoge ather than English Do not speak English "very well"	1 33	76 26	41 21	102 12	92 38	61 13	118	44 17	2 2	47 10
Speak Sponish Do not speak English "very well"	58 2	40 7	25 17	12	22 11	Ξ	37 5	5 5	2 2	10 17 10
Linguistically isolated	7 -	11 8 -	<u> </u>	13 6	11 - - -	=	51 33 33	21 	=	8
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 232	969	400	040	1 001	207		400		200
Preprimary schoolPublic school	67	65 42	482 33 29	942 85 48	1 021 98 53	<b>997</b> 76 53	1 368   82   55	<b>428</b> 15 10	=	208 31 24
Elementary ar high school Public school	915 900	764 705	362 321	608 559 249	632 576	564 516	980 960	323 299	-	138 138 39 17
Callege Public callege	250 228	140 115	87 54	249 193	291 225	357 282	306 262	90 66	-	39 17
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT		2 00:								,,,,
Persons 25 years and over	3 255 297 309	2 034 279 341	1 418 146 243	<b>2 276</b> 75 117	2 535 117 217	2 157 121 107	3 338   228   494	1 320 114 264	=	<b>653</b> 99 190
Some callege, no degree	1 222 771	837 389	609 246	729 621	868 628	626 591	1 306 785	437 284	=	271
Associate degreeBachelor's degree	194 329	96 64	90 53 31	244 341	174 378	206 317	233 226	64 69	_	43 42 8
Graduate or professional degree Percent high school graduate or higher	133 81.4	28 69.5	31 72.6	149 91.6	153 86.8	189 89.4	66 78.4	88 71.4	-	55.7
Percent bochelor's degree or higher	14.2	4.5	5.9	21.5	20.9	23.5	8.7	11.9	-	1.2
FERTILITY Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	136 1 771 2 140	341 1 790 2 309	250 1 456 1 782	82 1 519 1 896	221 1 347 1 958	238 1 326 1 971	224 1 690 2 015	283 1 374 2 384	Ξ	440 2 105 2 091
RESIDENCE IN 1985										0.50
Persons 5 years and over Same house Different house in United States	4 584 2 893 1 688	3 201 2 117 1 073	1 909 1 252	3 209 2 001	3 666 1 988	3 194 1 925	4 856 3 244 1 600	1 888 994 871	$\frac{4}{2}$	<b>958</b> 338 606
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	463 881	392 412	657 240 106	1 208 97 859	1 654 137 1 032	1 263 144 780	240	161 524	-	145 337
Not in an MSA/PMSA	151 193	112 157	99 212	128 124	343 142	183 156	222 97	131 55 23	2	103 21
IDRAN BURAL AND CARA DECEMBRICE	3	11	-	-	24	6	12	23	2	14
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE Urban population In hausing units on properties of less than 1 acre	472	995	-	3 044 2 594	3 574	3 372	4 950 4 297	2 004 1 602	4	1 065 963
Rural population In hausing units on properties of less than 1 acre	344 4 456 2 504	849 2 428 1 674	2 032 1 068	389 61	2 364 373 120	2 638 32 20	210		=	-
On farms	290	41	101	180	27	-	10	-	-	-
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over	2 347	1 348	915	1 759	2 149	1 701	2 588	910	4	377
Drove alone	2 172 1 978	1 294 1 190	884 792	1 597 1 370	2 069 1 879	1 591 1 427	2 505 2 169	829 720	=	357 284
Corpooled  Public transportation (including taxicab)  Bus ar tralley bus or streetcar or trolley car	194 16 16	104 16 16	92	227	190 14 7	164	336 21 21	109 47 47	=	284 73 7 7
Subway ar elevated, railroad, or ferryboat Wolked	39	11	- 7	67	7 43	53	19	- 6	_	13
Uther means	114	1 26	6 18	10 85	12 11	57	5 38	17 11	_ 4	=
Persons per cor, truck, ar van Mean travel time to work (minutes)	1.05	1.04 22.0	1.06 28.0	1.08 18.9	1.06 19.7	1.06 18.9	1.08	1.08 15.9		1.13 18.4
Departure time for work:	167	92	123	119	83	B1	122	.65	-	32
7:00 a.m. ta 7:59 a.m.	609 695	327 360	257 218	372 567	494 696	344 570	658 712 331	159 232 85	_	96 151 9
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m	256 506	118 425	128 171	255 361	396 469	201 448	727	358	Ξ.	89
Worked in MSA of residence Peoria city	2 242 442	1 315 225	761 122	1 662 524	2 067 722	1 622 578	2 448 904	8B0 360	4 -	368 148
Bartanville village Peorio Heights village (pt.)	43	40 - 94	46 6	5 41 100	25 - 178	20 6 111	56 27 219	14 17 51	Ξ	B 30
Remainder of Peana County East Peana city Woshington city	91 189 22	90	57 85	129 525	297 523	169 438	555 317	286 12	4 -	146
Pekin city (pt )	287 444	36 581	29 248	75 11	111 47	68 6	143	26 6	Ξ	15 13 B
Remainder of Tazewell County	694	240	168	191 16	110 21	159 5	179	88	-	B -
Remainder of Woodfard County	14	7	-	45 97	33	62 79	14 140	20 30	=	- - 9
Warked autside MSA of residence Bloomingtan city Normal town	105 27 4	33	154 7 5	97 32 10	82 6 	32 16	23	- -	-	Ξ
Fultan Caunty	43	22	-	27	7	- -	57	9 -	Ξ	9
Knox Caunty De Witt County	/ =	-	Ξ	- 6	14	-	-	_	-	-
Worked elsewhere	31	11	142	22	55	31	55 1	21	_	_

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	East Peorio city, Tozewell County—Con.											
Area	Tract 203.01 (pt.)	Troct 203.02 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 212.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 224 (pt.)			
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	4 031	5 391	_	-	-	3 007	3 581 3 562	<b>902</b> 879	1 393 1 387			
NativeForeign born	4 003 28	5 327 64	=	_	=	2 978 29	19	23	6			
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isolated households	_	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	4	-			
Persons 5 years and over In linguistically isolated households	1 -	5 063	=	-	=	2 844	3 272	<b>808</b> 4 17	1 348 _ 27			
Speak a language ather than English Da nat speak English "very well"	118 38 81	150 30 81	=	=	Ξ	37 6 11	106 23 23	4	- 6			
Speak Spanish  Do not speak English "very well"  Linguistically isolated	27	19	=	_	Ξ	6	8 -	_				
Speak an Asion or Pocific Island language Do nat speak English "very well" Linguistically isalated		=	-	=	=	=	12 - -	Ξ	11 - -			
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	908	1 232	_	_	_	747	994	164	231			
Preprimary schoolPublic school	39 31	35 29	=	Ξ	Ξ.	33	149 107	17 6 132	9 9 194			
Elementary ar high school Public schaal	551	951 922	Ξ	=	=	507 442 207	582 547 263	132 15	194 28			
CallegePublic callege	246 200	246 210	=	=	=	151	221	15	6			
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	2 624	3 640	_	_	-	2 108	2 359	606	1 <b>057</b> 97			
Less than 9th grade9th ta 12th grade, na diploma	292 513	418 573	=	Ξ	=	132 125 671	203 312 836	47 61 263	222 381			
High school graduate (includes equivalency) Some college, no degree	472	1 277 727 287	Ξ	=	=	563 138	573 155	141	212			
Associate degree	103 104 27	256 102	=	=	Ξ	298 181	221 59	56 32 6	71			
Percent high school graduate ar higher	69.3	72.8 9.8	=	-	-	87.8 22.7	78.2 11.9	82.2 6.3	69.8 9.4			
Percent bachelar's degree ar higher FERTILITY	5.0	7.0	_									
Children ever barn per 1,000 wamen 15 ta 24 years	1 540	127 1 200 2 535	Ξ	=	Ξ	1 408 1 978	241 1 570 1 935	190 1 431 2 051	621 1 288 2 036			
RESIDENCE IN 1985	2 720	5 063		_	_	2 844	3 272	808	1 348			
Persons 5 years and over Same house Different house in United States	2 108	2 878 2 185	=	=	=	1 613 1 231	1 964 1 302	459 349	806 542			
Central city of this MSA/PMSARemainder of this MSA/PMSA	158	364 1 457	_	_	=	312 709	139 852	45 273 31	80 320 112			
Different MSA/PMSA Nat in an MSA/PMSA Abroad	. 109	163 201 -	Ξ	Ξ	=	187 23 -	157 154 6	-	30			
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE	4 001	£ 201			_	3 007	3 581	902	1 393			
Urban papulatian In hausing units an praperties af less than 1 ocre Rurol populatian	. 3 586	5 391 3 965	=	Ξ.	Ξ	2 233	2 999	689	973			
In housing units an praperties af less than 1 ocre On forms	.   -	Ξ.	_	_	Ξ	=	Ξ	=				
JOURNEY TO WORK						1 425	1 546	445	639			
Warkers 16 years and over	.   1 888	2 397 2 255 2 006	=	=	=	1 329 1 234	1 452 1 294	430 361	624 533			
Drove alane Carpooled Public transportation (including taxicob)	. 368	2 006 249	=	=	_	95	158	69 -	91			
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car Subway ar elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	. 16	<u>-</u>	=	Ξ	=	- - 28	- - 25	- 10	-			
Volked	. 18	34 20 88	=	Ξ.	Ξ	8 60	12 57	5				
Worked at hame	1,11	1.06	_	-	_	1.04 16.9	1.06 18.2	1.09 18.6	1.0			
Mean travel time to work (minutes)  Departure time for work: 5:00 a.m. to 5:59 o.m.		16.B 138	_	_	_	22	87	21	41			
6:00 a.m. ta 6:59 a.m. 7:00 o.m. ta 7:59 a.m.	423	437 733	Ξ	Ξ.	Ξ	314 465	322 419	114 150	136 174 70			
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.mAll ather times	183	382 619	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	244 320	280 381	52 103	21			
Warked in MSA of residence	1 922 735	2 285 941	=	_	_	1 382 569	1 483 580	408 100	60 22			
Bartonville village Pearia Heights village (pt.)	24 26	51 58	=	=	Ξ.	10 12	17 22	12 11 41	2:			
Remainder af Pearia CountyEost Pearia city	96	85 732 17	=	=	=	133 524 24	128 497 88	113	2 12 9 3			
Washingtan city Marton village Pekin city (pt.)	_   167	157 54	=	=	=	48 13	53 40	76 5	3.			
Remoinder of Tazewell CauntyEureka city	- 52	173	=	=	Ξ	49	53 5 -	50	8			
El Pasa city Remainder of Waadfard Caunty	15	17 112	Ξ	=	=	- - 43	63	37	3			
Warked outside MSA of residence Bloomingtan city Normal tawn	_   23	112 13	=	Ξ	Ξ	17	=	4 6	1			
Remainder af Bloamington-Normal, IL MSA Fulton Caunty	_ 35	71	Ξ	-	Ξ	=	9	Ξ	1.			
Knax Caunty De Witt Caunty	:  .5	-	=	Ξ	Ξ	_  26	- - 54	5 22	1			
Warked elsewhere	_ l 15	28	_	_	_	26	34	- 22				

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sompling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Morton	villoge, Tozewell	County			Pekin city (pt.), Tozewell County			
Area	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 216.03 (pt.)	Troct 216.04 (pt.)	Troct 216.05	Troct 216.06 (pt.)	Troct 217	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 206 (pt.)	Troct 207 (pt.)	Troct 208 (pt.)	
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons Notive	<b>1 644</b> 1 618	2 962 2 936	2 025 1 938	2 806 2 732	4 362 4 260	=	_	2 088 2 054	<b>3 871</b> 3 834	3 816 3 805	
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH	26	26	87	74	102	-	-	34	37	111	
Linguistically isolated households  Person 5 years and over In linguistically isolated households Speak 0 longuage other thon English	1 472 - 27	2 777 52	14 1 959 14 70	19 2 624 19 122	11 <b>4 119</b> 40 149	=	- - -	7 1 <b>991</b> 7 33	6 3 621 6 45	3 510 - 59	
Speok o longuoge other thon English Do not speak English "very well" Speok Sponish Do not speak English "very well" Linguisticolly isolated	11 6 - -	30	38 46 24	31 51 25 13	65 33 7 7	=	-	7 - - -	6 15 - -	26 -	
Speak on Asion or Pocific Island language Do not speak English "very well" Linguistically isolated	11 11 -	Ξ	10 - -	16 - -	- - -	Ξ	- - -	11 - -	Ξ	6 - -	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school Preprimory school Public school	321 91 30	<b>797</b> 98 54	<b>486</b> 15	699 51 21	1 <b>087</b> 103 51	Ξ	- - -	418 24 12	980 171 105	<b>953</b> 77 57 707	
Elementory or high school	187 164 43 37	599 566 100 94	347 269 124 107	495 432 153 126	724 684 260 237	=	-	311 294 83 77	647 600 162 162	655 169 155	
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over Less thon 9th grode	1 120 41	1 916 100	1 383 80 55	1 870 80	3 000 337	Ξ	=	1 519 121	2 577 226	2 280 254 377	
9th to 12th grode, no diplomo High school groduote (includes equivolency) Some college, no degree Associote degree	140 399 285 67	63 485 429 139	469 326 105	103 717 480 136	125 826 648 226	=	-	152 595 360 83 161	381 977 601 165 190	980 409 158 62	
8ochelor's degree	129 59 83.8 16.8	457 243 91.5 36.5	292 56 90.2 25.2	260 94 90.2 18.9	622 216 84.6 27.9	= =	-	47 82.0 13.7	37 76.4 8.8	40 72.3 4.5	
FERTILITY Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	591 1 327 1 687	78 1 376 2 115	- 812 2 282	342 1 275 2 261	52 1 637 2 017	Ē	-	305 1 435 1 236	390 1 539 2 106	670 1 384 2 415	
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	1 472	2 777	1 959	2 624	4 119 2 285	Ξ	-	1 991 1 283	3 621 2 395	<b>3 510</b> 1 637	
Some house Different house in United Stotes Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA Not in on MSA/PMSA Abrood Abr	744 717 86 382 172 77 11	1 729 1 048 51 614 288 95	1 083 831 130 393 230 78 45	1 461 1 156 114 758 176 108	2 203 1 787 217 1 169 261 140 47	-	-	708 360 148 46 154	1 226 752 261 117 96	1 824 919 411 163 331 49	
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE Urbon population In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre	1 644 1 468	2 962 2 489	2 025 1 469	2 806 2 406	4 362 3 474	Ξ	=	2 088 1 726	3 871 3 618	3 816 2 800	
Rurol population In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre On forms	=	Ξ	=	Ξ	=	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	Ξ	
JOURNEY TO WORK  Warkers 16 years and over Cor, truck, or von Drove clone	<b>793</b> 766 730	1 484 1 405 1 271	1 091 1 046 937	1 <b>322</b> 1 237 1 167	2 158 2 096 1 919	=	=	<b>927</b> 902 787 115	1 784 1 659 1 435	1 <b>535</b> 1 364 1 187	
Corpooled	36 - - -	134 - - - 49	109 3 3 - 35	70 - - -	177 - - - 36	=	= = =	12 12 - 13	224 33 33 - 25	177 28 28 - 41	
Wolked Othorn Bond Other Means Persons per cor, truck, or von	5 4 18 1.03	16 14 1.06	7 1.06	55 5 25 1.03	7 19 1.05	=	- - -	- - 1.07	19 48 1.08	53 49 1.07	
Mean travel time to work (minutes)  Departure time for wark: 5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m. 6:00 o.m. to 6:59 o.m.	20.9 55 179	17.5 43 297	16.2 35 229	15.2 55 257	17.1 104 381	=	- - -	16.7 54 260	18.2 108 405	18.0 95 329 401	
8:00 o.m. to 8:59 o.m	286 74 181	637 246 247	343 158 319 1 041	455 243 287 1 264	845 344 465 1 981	Ē	=	257 149 207 910	483 221 519 1 727	144 517 1 436	
Worked in MSA of residence  Peorio city  Bortonville villoge  Peorio Heights villoge (pt.)  Remoinder of Peario County	719 292 11 -	1 373 372 6 14 42	266 6 13 54	313 19 - 45	560 20 22 49	=	-	203 38 - 62	424 34 	317 47 8 80 72	
Eost Peorio city	47 85 9 171 30	166 45 592 44	115 6 462 51	60 32 674 72	221 77 720 80	=	=	60 18 49 379	160 12 55 773 127	4 57 704	
Remoinder of Tozewell County  Eureko city  El Poso city  Remoinder of Woodford County	48 7 - 19	79 5 - 8	61 - - 7	35 7 - 7	190 15 6 21	=	=	101 - - -	- - 7	127 - - 20	
8loomington city Normal town Remoinder of 8loomington-Normal, IL MSA	74 28 6 5	111 32 4 30	50 33 - 10	58 18 — 15	177 42 19 45	=	=	17 - - 12	57 13 4 20	99 9 14 12	
Fulton County Knox County De Witt County Worked elsewhere	10	- - - 45	- - 7	7 - 18	16 7 48	=	=	5 - - -	8 - 12	- 64	

(Oata based an sample and subject ta sompling variability, see text. Far definitions of terms and meanings af symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Pel	kin city (pt.), Tazev	well County—Co	n,			Woshingtan city, Tazewell County		
Area	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 210	Tract 211.01 (pt.)	Tract 211.02 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	Tract 218.01 (pt.)	Tract 218.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 221 (pt.)	
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	2 423	6 067	7 341	4 950	874	472	352	_	-	<b>3 044</b> 2 988	
Vative areign born	2 396 27	6 040 27	7 286 55	4 891 59	864 10	472 -	352	=	_	56	
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguisticolly isalated hauseholds	6	12	20	11	_	6	_	_	-		
Persons 5 years and overn linguistically isalated hausehalds	2 205 12	<b>5 666</b>	6 735 20	4 702 29	776	431 6	337	_	_	2 834	
peak a language ather than English Do nat speak English "very well"	47 23	127 53	109 40	165 53 77	33 5	19 6	7	_	_	102 12 12	
Speak Spanish Da not speak English "very well"	7	42 6	62 26	37	5	6	7 7	Ξ	-	12	
Linguistically isoloted Speak on Asian or Pacific Island language	Ξ	6	20 12	11 17	=	Ξ	=	=	=	13	
Do not speak English "very well" Linguistically isolated	Ξ.	=	6 -	Ξ	=	=	-	Ξ	-	-	
CHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	645	1 381	1 818	1 153	184	69	132	_	_	850	
reprimary schoolPublic school	47 47	150 103	221 146	112 80	15 15	5 5	6	Ξ	_	85 48 548 510	
lementory ar high school Public schaal	491 486	996 963	1 201 1 086	746 729	134 128	52 52	113 93	=	=	510 217	
ollegePublic college	107 94	235 205	396 388	295 265	35 35	12 12	13 6	Ξ	_	175	
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	1 472	4 036	4 534	3 493	520	355	196	_	_	2 001	
ess than 9th grade	295 335	483 672	459 653	252 287	31 25	46 28	8 12	Ξ	-	75 100	
ligh schaol groduote (includes equivalency)	524 191	1 577 787	1 756 1 022	1 248 672	142 159	124 99	76 64	1	_	662 544 200 297	
Associate degreeachelor's degree	34 49	227 222	298 246	229 546	85 78	28 30	18 12 6	=	=	297 123	
Graduate or prafessianal degree	44 57.2	68 71.4	100 75.5	259 84.6	89.2	79.2	89.8	_	-	91.3	
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	6.3	7.2	7.6	23.0	15.0	8.5	9.2	_	_	21.0	
FERTILITY Children ever barn per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	1 006	420	650	231	164	1 319	2 155	Ξ	_	96 1 515 1 984	
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years Children ever barn per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 031 2 178	1 583 2 305	1 568 1 991	1 372 2 270	1 573 2 491	2 100	2 056	=	=	1 984	
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	2 205	5 666	6 735	4 702	776	431	337	_	_	2 834	
Same houseDifferent house in United States	1 038 1 167	2 823 2 834	3 405 3 322	2 651 2 042	374 402	190 241	225 112	=	_	1 710 1 124	
Central city of this MSA/PMSARemainder of this MSA/PMSA	704 277	1 590 563	1 795 734	1 230 338	262 80	133 44 39	65 24	_	_	97 798	
Different MSA/PMSANat in an MSA/PMSA	68 118	417 264	527 266	249 225	40 20	39 25	23	Ξ	=	105 124	
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE	_	4	8	,	_	_					
Urbon papulation In hausing units on properties of less than 1 acre	2 423 2 207	6 067 5 192	7 341 4 412	4 950 3 976	874 533	472 344	352 339	Ξ	-	3 044 2 594	
Rural populatian In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	-	-		=		=	_	=	_	=	
On forms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over	823	2 378	3 185	2 283	409	257	162 156	=	_	1 494 1 388	
Car, truck, ar van	749 602 147	2 185 1 872 313	3 123 2 751 372	2 208 1 992 216	403 369 34	234 222 12	138 18	=	=	1 201 187	
Carpaoled Public transportation (including taxicab) Bus ar trolley bus ar streetcar ar tralley car		10 10		-	-	16 16	-	Ξ	_	_	
Subway ar elevated, roilrood, ar ferryboot Walked	30	150	_ 24	″ <u>25</u>	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	_	48	
Other meansWarked at home	18 26	19 14	14 24	24 26	6	7	6	Ξ	_	10 48	
Persons per car, truck, ar van Mean travel time ta wark (minutes)	1.11 16.7	1.08 17.0	1.07 18.4	1.05 18.2	1.05 20.5	1.03 20.9	1.06 15.4	Ξ	=	1.08 19.1	
Departure time for work: 5:00 a.m. ta 5:59 a.m.	112	161	179	65	23	34	-	=	_	90	
6:00 a.m. ta 6:59 a.m. 7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	151 139 95	480 647 392	575 1 005 427	487 750 426	107 157 39	46 72 41	40 75 12	Ξ	=	285 538 211 322	
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m. All ather times	300	684	975	529	77	57	29	-	-	322 1 397	
Worked in MSA af residence Peoria city	783 129	2 269 459	3 060 645	2 158 457	391 103	244 50	155 30 10	Ξ	<u> </u>	464	
Bartanville village Pearia Heights village (pt.) Remainder af Pearia County	30 5 36	54 16 73	137 22 166	21 19 142	- - 49	Ξ	-	Ξ	=	41 75	
East Pearia cityWashingtan city	36 22	197 11	329 18	204	19 -	19	5	_	_	116 451	
Martan villagePekin city (pt.)	7 466	102 1 225	- 146 1 387	28 1 151	6 151	122	79	=	=	66 11 123	
Remainder af Tazewell CountyEureka city	44 -	125	201	129 -	63	53 -	31	=	=	16	
El Paso city Remainder of Waadford County	8 40	7 109	- 9 125	7 125	- - 18	- - 13	- 7	=	=	29 97	
Warked outside MSA af residence  Blaamingtan city  Narmal tawn	6	53	28 -	58 8	5	7	_	_	=	97 32 10 27	
Remainder of Blaamingtan—Narmal, IL MSAFultan Caunty	14	8 12	9 12	10	Ξ	6 -	7	Ξ	_	27	
Knax Caunty De Witt Caunty	7	=	_	_	- - 12	=	=	=	=	- 6 22	
Warked elsewhere	13	36	76	49	13	_	-	_	_	22	

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Doto based on somple and subject to sampling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Woshington ci	ity, Tozewell Coun	ity—Con.	Remoinder of Tozewell County								
Area	Troct 222 (pt.)	Troct 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Troct 201 (pt.)	Troct 203.01 (pt.)	Troct 203.02 (pt.)	Troct 204 (pt.)	Troct 205 (pt.)	Troct 206 (pt.)	Troct 207 (pt.)		
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	3 159	2 599	1 297	_	756	49	5 939	4 853	_	78		
Notive Foreign born	3 116 43	2 547 52	1 275 22	=	756	49	5 897 42	4 B31 22	Ξ	7B -		
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isolated households		6	4	_	-	-	-	5	_	-		
Persons 5 years and over In linguistically isolated households Speck a language other than English	1 31	2 444 13 42	1 166 17 22	Ξ	736 - 7	38 - -	5 502 - 122	<b>4 488</b> 5 84	=	74 - 4		
Speak o longuage other than English	1 22	13	22 5 5	Ξ	7 7 7	Ξ	37 35	24 25 6	=	4		
Speak on Asion or Pocific Island longuage	11	Ξ	17	=	_	Ξ	27	2 4	=	Ξ		
Do not speak English "very well" Linguistically isolated	Ξ	Ξ	17 17	Ξ	=	Ξ	10	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ		
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school Preprimary school	<b>755</b> 63	774 65	<b>403</b>	=	<b>183</b>	=	1 485 104	1 495 118	Ξ	16		
Public school Elementory or high school	42 473	42 432 390	13 250	Ξ	10 136	=	69 1 081 1 033	101 1 141 1 038	=	12 12		
Public school  College  Public college	219	277 226	246 136 119	=	128 37 18	=	300 259	236 198	Ξ	4		
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	2 037	1 672	787	_	532	38	3 769	2 868	_	52		
Less thon 9th grode 9th to 12th grode, no diplomo High school groduote (includes equivolency)	100 170	121 81 487	54 105 271	=	110 59 156	- 6 6	384 683 1 742	234 484 1 182	=	3 4 14		
Some college, no degree	494 144	472 135	237 75	Ξ	129 30	=	689 105	601 173	_	19 12		
Bochelor's degree Groduote or professional degree	120	251 125 87.9	45 -	Ξ	29 19 6B.2	26 - 84.2	156 10 71.7	138 56 75.0	=	B6.5		
Percent high school groduote or higher Percent bachelor's degree or higher	86.7 20.2	22.5	79.8 5.7	Ξ	9.0	6B.4	4.4	6.B	-	50.5		
FERTILITY  Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years  Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years  Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 282	94 1 452 1 975	292 1 910 1 990	Ξ	808 1 818	Ξ	422 1 746 2 182	266 1 748 2 424	Ξ	1 750 2 300		
RESIDENCE IN 1985					736	38	5 502	4 488	_	74		
Persons 5 years and over Same house Different house in United States	1 520 1 401	2 444 1 534 904	1 166 786 380	Ξ	524 212	31 7	2 904 2 573	2 666 1 794	Ξ	32 9 6		
Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA	907	75 599 112	54   275 13	Ξ	41 110 17	- 7	475 1 460 288	566 721 311	=	3 -		
Not in on MSA/PMSAAbrood	135	118 6	3B -	Ξ	44 –	Ξ	350 25	196 28	=	33		
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE Urban populotion	3 159	2 599	1 297	-	320	12 12	5 939 5 334	4 685 4 392	Ī	39		
In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre———— Rurol population ————————————————————————————————————	_	2 218 - -	1 22B - -	=	235 436 330	37 37		168 96	=	39 6 5		
On forms  JOURNEY TO WORK	-	-	-	-	13	-	_	-	_			
Warkers 16 years and over  Cor, truck, or von	1 659	1 249 1 158	638 621	Ξ	356 333 263	22 16 16	2 669 2 510 2 252	2 226 2 172 1 898	=	41 41 40		
Drove olone Corpooled Public tronsportation (including toxicob)	166	1 050 108 -	556 65 8	Ξ	70	- -	25B 29 29	274 4 4	=	1		
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley cor Subway or elevoted, roilroad, or ferryboot Wolked	7	- - 46	8   - 4	=	Ξ	Ξ	27	7	=	=		
Other means	11	45	5	Ξ	23	6	33 70 1.06	21 22 1.07	=	1.01		
Persons per cor, truck, or von Mean travel time to work (minutes) Departure time for work:	20.1	1.05 18.8	1.06 19.0	Ξ	1.12 22.7	1.00 50.6	19.6	19.3	=	17.1		
5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m. 6:00 o.m. to 6:59 o.m. 7:00 o.m. to 7:59 o.m.	405	39 271 418	15 200 190	=	49 56 121	- - 16	163 574 712	16B 554 63B	=	6		
8:00 o.m. to 8:59 o.m All other times	310	162 314	63 170	Ξ	43 64	=	343 807	263 581	=	3 19		
Worked in MSA of residence  Peorio city  Bottonville villege	552	1 175 436 20	609 250	=	328 119 9	15 9 -	2 527 989 18	2 146 621 75	=	32 - -		
Bortonville villoge Peario Heights villoge (pt.) Remoinder of Peario County	143	67	12 45	Ξ	17	Ξ	17 200 618	16 172 319	=	=		
Eost Peorio city Woshington city Morton villoge	415 91	107 347 50	164 62 42	=	47 30	Ξ	24 119	53 134 373	=	9 12		
Pekin city (pt.) Remoinder of Tozewell County Eureko city	47 87 21	100	7 27 -	=	9 97 -	6	89 444 —	3/3 379 2	=	ii -		
El Poso city	26	- 42 74	- - 29	=	- - 28	- - 7	9 142	- 2 80	=	9		
Bloomington city Normol town	6	27 16	5	Ξ	-	=	24 8 29	21 2 17	=	- - 9		
Remoinder of Bloomington—Normol, IL MSA Fulton County Knox County	14	Ξ	5 - -	=	- - -	7	_	2	=	-		
De Witt County Worked elsewhere		31	_ 19	Ξ	11 17	=	B 73	38	=	-		

[Data based an sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remainder of Tazewell County—Con.										
Area	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Troct 211.01 (pt.)	Tract 211.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 212.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 216.03 (pt.)	Troct 216.04 (pt.)	
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	_		_	548	2 211	97	413	2 879	1 317	14	
Notive	-	-	-	548	2 181 30	97	401 12	2 834 45	1 317	14	
Foreign bam	_	_	_	_	8		-	6		_	
Persons 5 years and over	_	-	-	511	2 040	97	405	2 704	1 203	14	
In linguistically isolated householdsSpeak a language other than English	-	_	_	- 8	27 70	Ξ	14	35 118	6		
Do not speak English "very well"Speak Sponish	=	_	_	8 -	41 24	_	=	18 40	_	-	
Do not speak English "very well" Linguistically isalated	_	Ξ	-	=	-		-	_		-	
Speak on Asian ar Pacific Island language Da nat speak English "very well"	_	_	_	_	22 22	Ξ	_	=	_		
Linguistically isoloted	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	_	_	_	120	603	33	104	777	447	_	
Preprimary schoolPublic school	-	_	Ξ	16	44 36	-		61 35	60 34	=	
Elementary ar high school Public schaal	-	-	-	96 96	409 364	10 10	77 77	524 462	331 306		
CollegePublic callege	-	-	-	8	150 138	23 16	27 27	192 151	56 56		
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT				· ·	100						
Persons 25 years and over	-	-	-	367	1 364	64	297	1 908 108	<b>752</b> 46	14	
Less than 9th grade 9th to 12th grade, no diplomo	=	=	-	74 49	87 122	-	33	197 539	47 220		
High schaal graduate (includes equivolency)	_	=	_	170 4 <u>2</u>	500 284	29 24	141 73	444 133	198 118	14	
Associate degreeBochelar's degree	Ξ	Ξ	=	7 25	130 168	6 5	16 16	348	74	-	
Graduate ar professional degree  Percent high school graduate ar higher	-	-	_	66.5	73 84.7	100.0	18 88.9	139 84.0	49 87.6	100.0	
Percent bachelar's degree ar higher	=	=	=	6.8	17.7	7.8	11.4	25.5	16.4	-	
FERTILITY					00/			74	224		
Children ever barn per 1,000 wamen 15 ta 24 years Children ever bom per 1,000 women 25 ta 34 years	_	=	=	289 1 425	396 1 632		400	74 1 342	236 1 833	-	
Children ever born per 1,000 warnen 35 ta 44 years	-	-	-	2 074	2 132	2 000	2 300	2 011	2 175		
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	_	_	_	511	2 040	97	405	2 704	1 203	14	
Same house Different house in United States	_	=	_	273 238	1 320 720	58 39	313 92	1 628 1 069	739 464	14	
Centrol city af this MSA/PMSA Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	-		-	103 135	68 466	39	7 79	258 521	71 306	14	
Different MSA/PMSA	-	_	-		112 74	Ξ	- 6	199 91	64 23	_	
Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-		
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE Urban population				548	744	97	413	211	390	_	
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	Ξ.	=	=	492	584 1 467	75 -	413	36 2 668	352 927	14	
Rural population In hausing units on properties af less than 1 acre	=	=	Ξ	=	773 28	-	-	1 936 80	504 79	14	
On farms	-	-	_	_	20	_	_	00	,,		
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over	-	-	-	264	1 039	60	223	1 406	644 588	14 14	
Car, truck, or von Drave alone	=	_	_	254 232 22	1 001 884	55 44	223 165	1 336 1 215	538 50	14	
CorpoaledPublic transpartation (including taxicab)	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	22	117 6	11	58 -	121	-	-	
Bus or trolley bus ar streetcar or trolley car Subway or elevated, railrood, ar ferryboot	-	_	_	_	6 -	-	_	<u>-</u>	-	-	
WalkedOther means	_	Ξ	=	10	Ξ	=	-	18 27	22 7	-	
Worked ot hame Persons per car, truck, or von	-	_	_	1.05	32 1.07	5 1,11	1.15	25 1.05	27 1.05	1.00	
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	_	=	=	17.8	19.4	18.2	19.2	18.3	19.5	16.0	
Departure time for work: 5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	Ξ	-	-	6 81	23 306	_	7 39	77 252	50 167		
6:00 a.m. ta 6:59 a.m	=	Ξ	=	39 23	365	4 7	90 23	582 231	193 57	7	
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m. All ather times	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	115	103 210	44	64	239	150	7	
Worked in MSA of residence Peorio city	-	=	_	257 35	1 009 489	56 18	211 85	1 366 276	595 147	14 14	
Bartonville village	=	=	Ξ	=	13		8	26 11	14		
Peoria Heights villoge (pt.)  Remoinder af Peoria County	=	=	-	26 20	75 199	15 18	14 64	65 174	50 60		
East Peoria city	=	=	-	20 - 7	79 18	-	- 4	29 173	17 195		
Mortan village	-	-	_	142 20	12 91	5	6 30	380 217	32 60		
Remainder of Tazewell County	=	=	=	20 - -	91 - 7	-	- -	-	-		
El Paso city	_	Ξ	Ξ	- 7 7	26	-	12	15 40	20 49		
Worked outside MSA af residence Bloomington city	=	-	_	<u>'</u>	30 16	-	-	7	49 7 7	-	
Normol tawn Remainder of Blaomingtan—Narmal, IL MSA	_	_	_	-	Ξ	=	9	7	12		
Fultan CountyKnax County	_	_	Ξ	-	=	-	-	=	-	-	
De Witt County											

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Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remoinder of Tozewell County—Con.											
Area	Troct 216.06 (pt.)	Troct 217.01	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 218.01 (pt.)	Troct 218.02 (pt.)	Troct 219	Troct 220	Troct 221 (pt.)	Tract 222 (pt.)			
PLACE OF BIRTH	100	4 107	4.451	2 071	0.000	4 700	4.052	290	700			
NotiveForeign bam	109 109	4 107 4 080 27	<b>4 456</b> 4 419 37	<b>3 071</b> 3 057 14	<b>2 032</b> 2 022 10	<b>4 728</b> 4 707 21	<b>4 053</b> 4 026 27	<b>389</b> 383 6	<b>788</b> 768 20			
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguisticolly isoloted households	_	-	_	11	-	-	3	-				
Persons 5 years and over In linguistically isolated households	102	3 814	4 153	2 864 11	1 909	4 412	<b>3 791</b> 3	375	721			
Speak o longuage ather than English Do not speak English "very well"	6 -	112 12	135 27	69 19	41 21	70 11	109 38	Ξ	14 7 -			
Speak Sponish Do not speak English "very well" Linguistically isolated	6 -	27 8 -	52 2 -	33	25 17	10 5	61 20	=				
Speak on Asion or Pocific Island longuage Do not speak English "very well"	_	Ξ	7 -	11 8	_	Ξ	_	_				
Linguisticolly isolotedSCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	<b>28</b> 7	1 170 139	1 163 62	<b>837</b> 59	<b>482</b> 33	1 182 52	1 019 84	92	266 35 11			
Public school	7 21	103 823	58 863	42 651	33 29 362	30 921	71 765	60	159			
Public schoolCollege	21	750 208	848 238	612 127	321 87	901 209	726 170	49 32 18	147 72 50			
Public collegeEDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT	-	193	216	109	54	192	135	18	50			
Persons 25 years and over Less than 9th grade	74 8	2 532 204	2 900 251	1 838 271	1 418 146	3 015 277	2 621 238	275	490 17			
Pth to 12th grode, no diplomoHigh school groduote (includes equivolency)	33	346 1 013	281 1 098	329 761	243 609	515 1 095	312 1 101	17 <u>67</u>	47 15			
Some college, no degree	6 6	537 165	672 166	325 78	246 90 53 31	583 152 289	474 121 262	77 44 44	13- 30 8.			
Bochelor's degree	21	174 93	299 133	52 22		104	113	26	33			
Percent high school groduote or higher Percent bachelor's degree or higher	89.2 28.4	78.3 10.5	81.7 14.9	67.4 4.0	72.6 5.9	73.7 13.0	79.0 14.3	93.8 25.5	87. 23.9			
FERTILITY Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	_	229	153	360	250	265	236	_	320			
Children ever barn per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years Children ever barn per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 615	1 932 2 249	1 839 2 142	1 705 2 332	1 456 1 782	1 795 2 342	1 893 2 382	1 636 1 440	1 717 1 988			
RESIDENCE IN 1985					3 000	4 430	2 701	375	72			
Persons 5 years and over Same house Different house in United States	102 102	3 814 2 615 1 186	<b>4 153</b> 2 703 1 447	<b>2 864</b> 1 892 961	1 909 1 252 657	<b>4 412</b> 3 014 1 392	3 791 2 555 1 231	291 84	46l 253			
Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA  Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA	_	57 721	330 837	327 388	240 106	187 797	55 663	61	46 25 2 12			
Not in on MSA/PMSA	_	265 143	112 168	89 157	99 212	203 205	273 240	23	9			
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE	-	13	3	11	-	6	5	_				
Urban population In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre	-	=	_	643 510	-	_	=	-	41. 30.			
Rurol population In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre	109	4 107 2 629	4 456 2 504	2 428 1 674	2 032 1 068	4 728 2 807	4 053 2 389	389 61	30. 37: 12:			
On forms	90	340	290	41	101	619	449	180	27			
JOURNEY TO WORK  Workers 16 years and over	55	1 918	2 090	1 186	915	2 180 1 988	1 <b>867</b> 1 <b>64</b> 0	265 209	<b>43</b> 410			
Cor, truck, or von Drove olone Corpooled	27 27	1 794 1 495 299	1 938 1 756 182	1 138 1 052 86	884 792 92	1 658 330	1 405 235	169 40	386			
Public tronsportation (including toxicob) 8us or trolley bus or streetcor or trolley cor				16 16	=	Ξ	Ξ	=				
Subway or elevoted, roilrood, or ferryboat Wolked	=	22	39	11	7	58 25	87 6	19				
Other means Worked ot home	28	6 96	107	20	6 18	109	134 1.09	37 1.12	1.0			
Persons per car, truck, or von  Mean travel time to work (minutes)  Departure time for work:	1.00 24.8	1.10 24.2	1.05 19.4	1.04 22.9	1.06 28.0	1.10 24.8	23.2	17.6	18.			
5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m	8	119 528	133 563	92 287	123 257	217 538	138 405	29 87	8			
7:00 o.m. to 7:59 o.m	12 7	550 214	623 215	285 106	218 128	568 211 537	578 205 407	29 44 39	11: 8 11:			
All other times Worked in MSA of residence	47	411 1 544	449 1 998	396 1 160	171 761	1 933	1 317	265	41:			
Peario city 8ortonville villoge	6 -	270 2	392 43	195 30	122 46	309 52	129	60	17			
Peario Heights village (pt.) Remainder of Peario County East Peario city  Eost Peario city	=	11 86 132	11 91 170	94 85	6 57 85	109 162	35 107	25 13	3 4			
Woshington city	<u> </u>	40 259	22 287	2 36	29	24 86	6 81	74 9	10			
Remoinder of Tozewell County	7 34	60 593	322 641	502 209	248 168	360 816	61 877	68	2			
EUreko city EI Poso city Remoinder of Woodford County	]	2 3 86	5 - 14	- - 7	=	6 - 7	- 11	16				
Worked outside MSA of residence	8	374 234	92 20	26	154 7	247 47	550 269	_	1			
Remoinder of Bloomington-Normol, IL MSA	=	60 59	4 37	15	5 -	8 38	46 143	Ξ.				
Fulton County	Ξ.	<u>_</u>	=	=	=	12	=	=				
De Witt County Worked elsewhere	8	19	31	11	142	140	92	-	19			

[Doto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remoinder of Tozewell (	County—Con.	Woodford County						
Area	Troct 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Troct 301.98	Troct 302	Troct 303	Troct 304			
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	805	2 470	2 651	3 016	2 867 2 858	4 296 4 265			
NotiveForeign born	800 5	2 438 32	2 640 11	2 990 26	2 636	31			
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isoloted households	-	4	_	4	3	_			
Persons 5 years and over	750	2 342 16	2 441	2 843	2 644	3 955			
In linguistically isoloted households Speak a language other than English Do not speak English "very well"	19	69 16	46 16	45 10	89 30	67 10 26 10			
Speak Sponish Do not speak English "very well"	=	26	27 16	7 4	17 5	26 10			
Linguistically isolated Speok on Asian or Pocific Island language	Ξ	23	Ξ.	2 3	3 -	7			
Do not speak English "very well" Linguistically isolated	Ξ.	16 16	Ξ	3 -	= =				
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	223	734	810	675	691	1 142			
Preprimory school	11 11	56 33	58 37	23 23 562	78 47	87 64			
Elementory or high school Public school	132 126	536 520	579 500	549	503 494	64 869 729			
College Public college	80 56	142 137	173 133	90 84	110 92	186 121			
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT	485	1 494	1 630	2 061	1 829	2 720			
Persons 25 years and over Less than 9th grade 9th to 12th grade, no diplomo	26	77 167	160 159	274 22D	166 91	254 283			
High school groduote (includes equivolency) Some college, no degree	139 119	654 336	715 266	967 311	866 330	991 551			
Associate degreeBochelor's degree	71 66	112 110	185 88	120 111	128 148 100	176 309 156			
Groduote or professional degree  Percent high school groduote or higher	64 94.6	38 83.7	57 80.4	58 76.0	85.9	80.3			
Percent bochelor's degree or higher	26.8	9.9	8.9	8.2	13.6	17.1			
FERTILITY Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	544	64	325	374 1 8D2	325 2 022	356 1 525			
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 013 1 943	1 757 2 018	1 276 2 738	2 432	2 475	2 262			
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	750	2 342	2 441	2 843	2 644	3 955			
Same house Different house in United Stotes	391 359	1 652 678	1 759 675	1 893 950	1 850 794	2 463 1 479			
Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA	69 1 <u>81</u>	106 446	33 412	16 570	23 612 108	187 971 163			
Different MSA/PMSA	71 38	97 29 12	116 114 7	227 137	51	163 158 13			
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE	_	12	,						
Urban population In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre	773 420	2 260 2 096	Ξ	<u>=</u>		2 520 2 190			
Rural population In housing units on properties of less than 1 ocre	32 20	210 43	2 651 1 367	3 016 2 245	2 867 1 777 435	1 776 849 287			
On forms	-	10	475	245	403	20.			
Workers 16 years and over	<b>452</b> 433	1 311 1 260	1 150 95D	1 398 1 172	<b>1 305</b> 1 170	2 038 1 852			
Drove olone	377 56	1 080 180	807 143	951 221	929 241	1 716 136			
Public tronsportation (including toxicob)  Bus or trolley bus or streetcor or trolley cor	-	7 7	Ξ	5 2	=				
Subway or elevoted, roilroad, or ferryboat Wolked	7	6	60	85 5	55 14	113			
Other meons Worked of home	12	38 1.09	136 1.09	131 1.13	66 1.13	65 1.04			
Persons per cor, truck, or von Mean trovel time to work (minutes) Departure time for work:	1.08 19.2	22.1	22.7	23.0	22.8	21.0			
5:00 o.m. to 5:59 o.m	42 73	59 322	97 273	143 339	85 328	142 504			
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 o.m. 8:00 o.m. to 8:59 o.m.	152 39	348 198	279 166	363 134	403 187	504 623 250 454			
All other times	134 447	346 1 238	199 1 041	288 983	236 1 125				
Peorio city Bortonville villoge	142	430 34	142 11	50 -	139 2	1 957 582 13			
Peario Heights villoge (pt.) Remoinder of Peario County	6 44	15 145	20 50	43 28	3 46 77	122 192			
Eost Pearia city Woshington city	62 91 18	268 160 69	20 50 98 33 19	26 2 2	77 9 14	116			
Morton villoge Pekin city (pt.) Remoinder of Tozewell County		22 85 5	19	_ 5	14	65 58			
Eureko cityEl Poso city	59 5 -	-	45 3	32 37	139 20	58 - 778			
Remoinder of Woadford County Worked outside MSA of residence	20 5 5	5 73	6D1 109	784 415 148	662 180 65	81			
Bloomington city	5 -	13 - 34	6 2 6	23 63	28 34	14 6			
Remoinder of Bloomington—Normal, IL MSA Fulton County Knox County	Ξ	- - -	- -	-	Ė				
De Witt County	_	_	_	_	53	61			

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Dota based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings af symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Woodford County—Con.								
Area	Troct 305.01	Tract 305.02	Troct 306.01	Tract 306.02	Tract 307				
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	5 027	2 554	5 520	2 615	4 107				
Native	4 946 81	2 551	5 480 40	2 600 15	4 081				
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isolated households	-	-	4	_	2				
Persons 5 years and over	4 690	2 382	5 123	2 433	3 784 2				
Speak a language ather than English  Do nat speak English "very well"	209 55	25 7	127 27	53 11					
Speak Spanish Da nat speak English "very well" Linguistically isolated	45 13	14 7	71 17	26 11	65 20 45 12				
Speak an Asian or Pocific Island language	13		11	9					
Da not speak English "very well" Linguisticolly isalated	8 -	=	Ξ	=	=				
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 679	617	1 704	809	1 011				
Preprimory school	163 102	54 29	97 66	44 32	76				
Elementary or high schaalPublic school	1 107 1 006	463 434	1 071 1 043	598 576	78: 77:				
Callege Public college	409 357	100 93	536 228	167 156	146 136				
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	3 058	1 658	3 280	1 620	2 613				
Less than 9th grade9th to 12th grade, no diplama	137 244	138 322	344 350	129 140	326 353				
High school groduate (includes equivalency)	840 675	618 337 115	1 206 633 248	560 341 160	1 109 394 73				
Associate degreeBachelor's degreeGraduote or prafessianal degree	317 592 253	82 46	352 147	182 108	26				
Percent high school graduote ar higher	87.5	72.3 7.7	78.8 15.2	83.4 17.9	74.0 13.				
Percent bachelor's degree ar higher	27.6	1.1	15.2	17.7	13				
Children ever born per 1,000 wamen 15 to 24 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	176 1 692 1 900	187 1 324 2 321	263 1 786 2 459	255 1 679 2 138	51 1 749 2 183				
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	4 690	2 382	5 123	2 433	3 78				
Same hauseDifferent hause in United States	2 775 1 910	1 503 876	2 855 2 258	1 708 725	2 31 1 46				
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	464 1 036	204 582	151 1 241	72 401	4 81				
Different MSA/PMSANot in on MSA/PMSA	292 118	69 21	521 345	206 46	38 <sup>2</sup>				
Abroad	5	3	10	-	•				
Urban population In housing units on properties af less than 1 ocre		64 44	4 435 3 138	Ξ					
Rurol populatian In housing units on properties af less than 1 acre	5 027 2 486	2 490 1 546	1 085 368	2 615 765	4 10 2 57				
On forms	117	43	207	412	43:				
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over	2 497	1 249	2 324	1 311	1 846				
Cor, truck, or van  Drove alone  Carpoaled	2 381 2 138	1 235 1 102	1 963 1 779 184	1 185 1 070 115	1 69 1 40 29				
Public tronsportatian (including toxicab) Bus or trolley bus ar streetcar or trolley car	243 2 2	133	-	-	2,				
Subway or elevoted, railroad, or ferryboat Wolked	12	<u>-</u> 5	271	- 47	4				
Other meons Worked ot hame	13 89	9	20 70	8 71	2 7				
Persons per car, truck, or van Mean travel time ta work (minutes)	1.06 19.8	1.06 21.6	1.05 16.7	1.06 20.7	1.1 20.				
Departure time for wark: 5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	65	64	124	65	16				
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m. 7:00 a.m. ta 7:59 a.m.	608 986	354 367	382 660	357 424 154	47 51 20				
8:00 o.m. ta 8:59 a.mAll other times	321 428	164 291	371 717	240	40				
Warked in MSA af residence Peoria city	2 440 1 128	1 206 613	2 070 168	928 137	1 12 3				
Bartonville village Peono Heights village (pt.)	30 40	9 13	11 7 33	4 - 27	2				
Remainder af Peona County East Peona city Woshingtan city	213 410 53	95 201 30	110 114	27 16	4				
Mortan village	53 51 16	6 4	56 19	84 3	4				
Pekin city (pt.)  Remainder af Tazewell Caunty  Eureka city	101 14	146	68 1 034	34 152	9				
El Pasa city Remainder af Woodfard Caunty	382	89	5 445 264	17 427 383	58 31 71				
Worked outside MSA af residence Bloomington city Samuel town	57 9	43 15	254 130 42	383 219 93	38				
Narmal tawn Remainder af Blaamington—Normal, IL MSA Fultan County	5	=	44 9	60 1	11 12				
Knax County  De Witt County	3	=	-						
Warked elsewhere	40	28	29	10	9:				

# Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Doto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Peorio County		Tozewell County						
Area	Peario, IL MSA	Total	Pekin city (pt.)	Peorio city	Total	Eost Peorio city	Morton villoge	Pekin city (pt.)	Woshington city	Woodford County	
LABOR FORCE STATUS  Persons 16 years and over In lobor force Percent of persons 16 yeors ond over Civilion lobor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force Institutionolized persons Enrolled in school Noninstitutionolized persons 65 yeors ond over, not	164 213 63.3 163 860 154 817 9 043 5.5 95 123 4 707	140 554 87 127 62.0 86 944 81 671 5 273 6.1 53 427 2 771 8 471		87 101 52 847 60.7 52 759 49 082 3 677 7.0 34 254 1 643 6 208	94 611 61 208 64.7 61 057 57 839 3 218 5.3 33 403 1 378 3 598	16 666 10 599 63.6 10 555 9 922 633 6.0 6 067 284 529	10 756 7 099 66.0 7 076 6 956 120 1.7 3 657 353 346	24 799 14 966 60.3 14 939 13 941 998 6.7 9 833 441 894	7 767 5 356 69.0 5 340 5 148 192 3.6 2 411 113 328	24 171 15 878 65.7 15 859 15 307 552 3.5 8 293 558 1 063	
enrolled in school Females 16 years and over In lobor force Percent of femoles 16 years and over Civilion lobor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force With own children under 6 years In lobor force With own children 6 to 17 years only In lobor force	137 289 73 993 53.9 73 972 69 897 4 075 5.5 20 026 11 626 24 595	21 208 <b>75 201</b> 40 197 53.5 40 176 37 711 2 465 6.1 10 481 6 061 12 752 9 500		13 222 47 466 25 067 25 28 25 067 23 223 1 844 7.4 6 768 3 829 7 362 5 433	13 584 49 535 26 912 54.3 26 912 25 554 1 358 5.0 7 527 4 402 9 314 7 196	2 649 8 863 4 721 53.3 4 721 4 387 7.1 1 245 7.5 1 559 1 248	1 566 5 695 3 125 54.9 3 125 3 064 61 2.0 818 449 989 816	4 285 13 401 6 705 50.0 6 705 6 284 421 6.3 2 206 1 304 2 131 1 624	963 4 035 2 491 61.7 2 491 2 424 67 2.7 585 420 825 656	3 547 12 553 6 884 54.8 6 682 252 3.7 2 018 1 163 2 529 1 988	
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	15 477 58 582 40 724 20 297 3 620 1 564 1 509 553 358	14 912 8 029 30 645 20 868 11 416 1 889 854 875 295 168 412	=	9 832 5 166 18 398 12 249 7 379 1 140 615 659 210 127 322	10 253 5 906 21 550 15 288 6 946 1 468 608 540 210 166 162	1 675 1 016 3 376 2 540 1 019 261 120 126 35 66 25	1 077 581 2 325 1 720 704 83 13 9 9	2 897 1 688 5 129 3 580 1 701 419 202 191 82 45 64	834 593 1 766 1 331 607 124 32 30 24 - 6	2 830 1 542 6 387 4 568 1 935 263 102 94 48 24 22	
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES  Employed persons 16 years and over	15 505 23 389 5 555 18 466 25 987 434 2 098 19 338 3 257 16 852 11 136 7 071 5 729 7 932 34 568 9 388 9 9 928	81 671 8 655 13 828 3 063 10 170 13 697 2455 1 179 10 609 1 060 7 898 5 131 3 403 2 733 3 761 17 225 4 615 18 389 5 462 3 679 2 1 321		49 082 5 484 9 858 1 877 6 662 8 029 178 705 6 733 265 3 546 2 620 1 661 1 464 1 827 9 166 2 446 11 351 3 473 2 167	57 839 5 471 7 537 1 975 6 616 10 021 139 776 6 831 1 373 6 965 4 797 2 959 2 379 3 178 13 914 3 855 13 261 3 565 2 317 12 570	9 922 9 922 1 124 388 1 118 1 758 39 118 1 343 1 082 934 619 394 527 2 471 604 2 277 528 477 2 162	6 956 955 1 399 260 862 1 438 60 602 81 577 295 215 212 337 1 659 500 1 456 472 296 6 1 803	13 941 1 339 1 723 431 1 700 2 343 17 235 1 766 168 1 654 1 228 762 575 634 3 203 979 3 506 1 031 485 2 997	5 148 561 818 238 653 986 67 91 539 43 499 355 199 166 242 1 131 368 1 216 332 202	15 307 1 379 2 024 517 1 680 2 269 50 143 1 898 824 1 989 1 208 709 617 933 3 429 901 8 248 901 608 3 527	
CLASS OF WORKER  Employed persons 16 years and over  Privote wage and solory workers  Government workers  Local government workers  Self-employed workers	129 729 15 258	81 671 68 784 8 503 4 886 4 066	= = =	49 082 41 229 5 471 3 087 2 272	57 839 48 626 5 320 3 305 3 695	9 922 8 359 910 559 640	6 956 5 961 699 453 296	13 941 11 850 1 371 924 674	5 148 4 345 506 237 291	15 307 12 319 1 435 813 1 447	
WORK STATUS IN 1989  Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989  Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	97 355 13 886	95 387 70 821 51 113 7 573 4 126 11 744	=	58 250 42 446 29 898 4 615 2 605 7 553	66 207 49 649 36 564 5 000 3 204 8 150	11 239 8 412 6 275 885 524 1 440	7 787 5 790 4 537 470 338 1 023	16 176 12 318 8 609 1 340 878 1 733	5 770 4 305 3 410 377 237 804	17 694 13 007 9 678 1 313 678 2 475	
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years  With a mobility or self-core limitation With a mobility limitation In lobar force With a self-core limitation With a self-core limitation With a self-core limitation With a self-core limitation No work disability In lobar force Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over With a mobility or self-core limitation With a self-core limitation With a self-core limitation With a self-core limitation	8 709 4 163 959 6 227 16 079 5 963 8 354 194 722 153 081 43 475 7 975 5 831	80 885		70 117 3 626 1 699 430 2 642 6 320 2 104 3 458 63 797 48 767 15 253 2 787 2 037 1 747	77 890 2 978 1 344 251 2 177 5 584 2 153 2 849 72 306 57 386 15 192 2 869 2 154 1 665	13 269 579 352 32 371 1 159 384 654 12 110 9 795 3 069 720 493 453	8 635 236 73 41 208 356 6 215 89 8 279 6 687 1 745 212 2 159	19 704 819 376 41 588 1 585 503 921 18 119 14 112 4 627 909 702 515	6 567 264 94 26 216 384 161 198 6 183 5 078 1 071 177 151 74	19 479 492 270 73 309 1 097 512 454 18 382 14 810 4 115 651 483 409	
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989  No workers	20 868 25 918 34 647 53 271	7 566 19 991 14 013 35 888 26 498 51 827	=	4 975 18 971 8 693 36 611 14 786 54 023	4 627 21 779 9 529 33 373 20 972 48 523	916 19 012 1 694 33 588 3 441 47 164	404 34 065 1 052 46 136 2 462 60 275	1 572 19 247 2 487 27 547 4 983 43 678	279 31 638 676 36 639 1 944 49 843	868 23 663 2 376 32 438 5 801 48 707	

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Doto based an sample and subject ta sompling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Pearia Caunty									
Area	Troct 28	Tract 29	Troct 30	Tract 31.01	Tract 31.02	Tract 33	Tract 34.01	Tract 34.02	Tract 35	Tract 39
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over In labor force	2 981 2 005	3 427 2 052	4 468 2 817	3 126 2 465	<b>4 798</b> 3 672	<b>2 608</b> 1 425	2 329 1 732	2 729 1 960	818 562	3 195 2 294
Percent of persons 16 years ond over Civilion lobor force Employed	67.3 1 998 1 942	59.9 2 052 2 008	63.0 2 807 2 738	78.9 2 465 2 345	76.5 3 663 3 595	54.6 1 425 1 399	74.4 1 732 1 657	71.8 1 960 1 903	68.7 555 542	71.8 2 290 2 197
Percent of civilion lobor force Not in labar force	56 2.8 976	44 2.1 1 375	69 2.5 1 651	120 4.9 661	68 1.9 1 126	26 1.8 1 183	75 4.3 597	57 2.9 769	13 2.3 256	93 4.1 901
Institutionalized persons  Enrolled in school  Naninstitutionalized persans 65 years ond over, nat enrolled in school	92 596	22 176 880	319 142 621	130	54 277 293	148 167 439	101	153 186	16 119	139
Females 16 years and over In labor force Percent af females 16 years and aver	1 612 999 62.0	1 920 1 034 53.9	2 325 1 292 55.6	1 607 1 162 72.3	2 512 1 771 70.5	1 <b>432</b> 524 36.6	1 217 790 64.9	1 369 819 59.8	<b>439</b> 256 58.3	1 623 1 001 61.7
Civilion labor force Employed Unemployed	999 949 50	1 034 1 006 28	1 292 1 237 55	1 162 1 097 65	1 771 1 738 33	524 498 26	790 757 33	819 775 44	256 256 -	1 001 952 49
Percent of civilian labor force With own children under 6 years In labor force	5.0 148 105	2.7 187 145	4.3 295 180	5.6 355 221	1.9 250 148	5.0 161 83	4.2 229 145 246	5.4 226 153 434	73 24 58	4.9 245 148 425
With own children 6 to 17 years anly In lobor farce Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	237 195 222	233 212 <b>273</b>	392 328 <b>393</b>	410 297 <b>469</b>	430 380 <b>308</b>	229 113 <b>240</b>	203 302	277 348	58	342 301
All parents present in household in labor force Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	142 519	183 <b>538</b>	251 968	280 984	187 8 <b>75</b>	125 <b>557</b>	166 <b>587</b>	191 855	31 154	170 1 035
Persons 16 to 19 years	412 164 48	453 <b>164</b> 11	700 <b>313</b> 29	694 <b>293</b> 41	685 <b>270</b> 9	284 142 6	402 158 -	552 <b>239</b> 19 10	123 <b>27</b> 6	760 <b>272</b> 35 12
Unemployed or not in labor force Nat high school graduate Employed Unemployed	23 42 25	11 7 -	  -	19 18 4 4	=	6 - -	=	15	6 -	12 - 6
Nat in lobor force	17	7	11	10	-	-	-	10	6	6
Executive, administrative, and manageriol occupations Professional specialty occupations	1 942 290 496	2 008 274 532	2 738 394 593	2 345 293 482	3 595 543 1 060	1 399 317 453	1 657 328 427	1 903 404 439 76	542 67 52 24	2 197 214 287 113
Technicians and related suppart occupations Sales occupations Administrative support occupations, including derical Private household occupations	90 270 231 12	80 411 339 9	88 377 572	121 302 415	213 498 614	45 276 118 14	46 205 241	326 193 7	58 97	211 393 2
Protective service occupations  Service occupations, except protective and household Forming, farestry, and fishing occupations	6 178 15	28 139 18	16 220 13	32 199 12	41 220 8	22 84 -	17 113 13	15 140 20	13 79 16	19 246 128
Precision production, croft, and repoir occupations Mochine aperators, ossemblers, and inspectors Transpartation and material maving occupations Handlers, equipment deaners, helpers, and laborers	115 134 68 37	72 46 18 42	177 114 123 51	174 154 115 46	114 96 114 65	46 6 5 13	145 61 36 25	152 40 61 30	73 34 23 6	266 98 158 62
Construction Monufacturing	79 334 77	51 330 27	85 486 169	73 659 125	122 801 168	20 203 48	113 399 82	81 500 56	15 105	143 553 120
Tronsportation, communications, and other utilities Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services	398 173 72	506 231 129	610 213 117	466 161 75	690 339 138	288 185 32	310 98 44	346 157 91	150 67 62	353 125 107
Professionol and related services CLASS OF WORKER	585	558	833	596	1 089	517	509	522	99	548
Employed persons 16 years and over Private wage and salary workers Government warkers	1 942 1 620 213	2 008 1 659 220	2 738 2 133 382	2 345 2 068 222	3 595 2 975 522	1 399 1 122 123	1 657 1 422 128 91	1 903 1 594 196 111	<b>542</b> 452 51 16	2 197 1 784 194 133
Local government workers	106	138 129	141 214	134 51	245 98	78 154	98	113	39	203
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 198 1 630	2 266 1 782	3 059 2 280	2 638 2 061	<b>3 875</b> 3 091	1 <b>637</b> 1 201	1 909 1 506	2 067 1 610	58 <b>7</b> 481	<b>2 469</b> 1 817
50 to 52 weeks 40 to 49 weeks 27 to 39 weeks	1 222 182 106	1 390 212 64	1 768 282 99	1 637 181 109	2 346 355 145	994 81 39	1 177 107 94	1 312 160 50	396 35 28 82	1 330 166 85 341
Usually warked 1 to 34 haurs per week, 40 to 52 weeks _ DISABILITY	275	304	354	254	418	206	218	260	02	341
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years With a mobility or self-care limitation	2 303 140	2 411 93 28	3 471 149 65	2 978 90 30	<b>4 353</b> 98 49	1 <b>917</b> 29 9	2 061 47 17	2 508 52 14	647 15 15	2 743 62 11
With a mobility limitation	94 44	20 20 73 148	19 112 198	75 112	16 73 158	29 65 45	41 128	38 89	15 8 58 36	53 88 39 31
In lobor farce Prevented from warking Na work disability	153 50 2 094	87 36 2 263	113 66 3 273	45 59 2 866	48 110 4 195	9 1 852	70 36 1 933	43 46 2 419	36 16 589 480	39 31 2 655 2 167
In labor force 65 years and over	1 770 <b>671</b>	1 851 994 119	2 647 668 61	2 396 148 24	3 534 382 59	1 291 543 100	1 577 <b>268</b> 82	1 882 221 21	164 23	<b>448</b> 78
With a mobility ar self-care limitation With a mobility limitation With a self-care limitatian	99 43	95 57	39 30	19 19	33 51	62 79	44 66	10 21	15 23	46 58
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989  No workers	151 26 878	269 31 535	145 31 735	57 21 231	130 42 586	116 56 709	42 16 646	66 44 316	59 12 714	96 25 354
1 worker	33 390 591	201 42 992 687	493 52 984 972	244 41 567 926	347 51 453 1 058	280 107 761 583	99 618 652	321 87 301 698 74 499	69 24 288 178 44 410	316 33 398 843 56 839
Mean family income (dollars)	i 52 782	77 608	66 058	56 065	57 348	112 597	71 657	74 477	44 410	30 007

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject ta sampling variobility, see text. Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Peario County—Con.										
Area	Troct 41.01	Troct 41.02	Troct 42	Troct 43	Tract 44	Tract 46	Tract 48.02	Tract 49.01	Tract 49.01 (pt.		
LABOR FORCE STATUS											
Persons 16 years and over	2 372 1 825	3 192 1 834	3 409 2 021	2 225 1 295	<b>4 518</b> 2 708	<b>4 230</b> 2 637	3 848 2 457	<b>2 733</b> 1 657			
In labor farce Percent of persons 16 years and aver	76.9	57.5	59.3	58.2	59.9	62.3	63.9	60.6			
Civilian labar farceEmplayed	1 825 1 757	1 834 1 763	2 021 1 932	1 295 1 277	2 708 2 515	2 637 2 468	2 447 2 348	1 654 1 548			
Unemplayed	68	71	89	18	193	169	99	106			
Percent of civilian lobor farceNat in labor force	3.7 547	3.9 1 358	4.4 1 388	1.4 930	7.1 1 810	6.4 1 593	4.0 1 391	6.4 1 076			
Institutionalized persons	-	535	258	-	136	-	114	113			
Enrolled in school Noninstitutianalized persons 65 years and aver, not	111	127	105	87	205	171	114		-		
enrolled in school Females 16 years and over	155 <b>1 137</b>	340 1 <b>925</b>	595 1 <b>892</b>	439 1 178	1 004 2 559	749 <b>2 272</b>	615 2 012	456 <b>1 407</b>			
In lobor farce	780	927	884	587	1 322	1 170	1 108	683			
Percent of females 16 years and over Civilian labor force	68.6 780	48.2 927	46.7 884	49.8 587	51.7 1 322	51.5 1 170	55.1 1 108	48.5 683			
Employed	743	894	846	575	1 235	1 136	1 086	637			
Unemplayed Percent of civilian lobar farce	37 4.7	33 3.6	38 4.3	12 2.0	87 6.6	34 2.9	22 2.0	46 6.7			
With awn children under 6 years	175	377	227	152	350	276	218	215 103			
In labar force With own children 6 ta 17 years only	81 202	187 258	117 184	70 179	255 362	166 431	152 403	251			
In labor force	170	223	114	122	304	300	324	191			
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	263	450	259	233	420	340	320	297			
All porents present in household in labor force Own children 6 to 17 years in families and	112	204	144	91	280	185	216	130			
subfamilies	513	595	454	409	867	1 011	776	612			
All parents present in hausehald in labor force Persons 16 to 19 years	360 <b>205</b>	435 180	297 <b>139</b>	237 <b>151</b>	710 <b>317</b>	691 <b>310</b>	592 <b>268</b>	409 214			
Nat enralled in school	26	38	23	94	20	93	59	47			
Unemployed or not in labar force Nat high school graduate	11	13	14	27 32	5 5	15 26	22 12	20 9			
Employed	4	13	14	12	5	18 8	6	2			
UnemployedNot in lobar farce	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	20	=	-	6	3			
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES											
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 757	1 763	1 932	1 277	2 515	2 468	2 348	1 548			
Executive, administrative, and manageriol occupations	230	237 318	182	87	286 437	110 150	186 163	129 113			
Prafessional specialty accupations Technicians and related support occupations	430 45	57	352 69	122 55	77	91	66	49			
Sales occupationsAdministrative support occupations, including clerical	266 223	280 312	262 294	174 204	241 503	197 615	253 503	109 271			
Private househald occupations	6	8	9	6	-	-	11	5			
Protective service accupations Service occupations, except protective and househald	36 105	12 212	7 219	15 173	34 334	31 261	78 381	14 216			
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	39	14	33	16	18	57	24	25 296			
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	221 85	130 105	253 115	166 114	294 108	328 249	291 163	193			
Transportation and material moving occupations	33 38	48	83	65	106	239 140	115 114	65 63			
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers	38 141	30 55	54 110	80 36	77 99	174	109	113			
Construction Monufacturing	382	374	362	234	508	709	503	462			
Transpartation, communications, and ather utilities Wholesale and retail trade	123 371	120 398	93 450	80 323	165 567	199 456	180 549	103 271			
Finance, insurance, and real estate	111	128	126	80	154	145	229	98			
8usiness and repair servicesProfessianal and related services	80 380	84 467	93 487	126 286	107 692	87 509	121 467	63 308			
	•										
CLASS OF WORKER	1 757	1 763	1 932	1 277	2 515	2 468	2 348	1 548			
Private wage and salary workers	1 450	1 511	1 626	1 118	2 082	2 197	2 069	1 291			
Government warkers	204 133	184 60	204 113	94 41	286 174	213 101	231 139	146 90			
Self-employed workers	96	68	97	65	142	47	48	96			
WORK STATUS IN 1989											
Persons 16 years and over who worked in											
1989	1 940 1 613	1 <b>995</b> 1 492	2 166	1 480 1 140	2 882 2 150	2 798 2 209	<b>2 566</b> 1 925	1 816 1 422			
Usually warked 35 or mare haurs per week 50 to 52 weeks	1 219	1 132	1 724 1 236	857	1 615	1 596	1 508	1 011			
40 to 49 weeks	195 98	165 90	160 127	119 34	224 105	293 110	224 63	177 65			
Usually warked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks _	148	263	227	173	298	231	320	191			
DISABILITY											
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64											
years	2 187	2 277	<b>2 487</b> 71	1 751	3 247	<b>3 459</b> 156	<b>3 200</b> 177	2 249 61			
With a mobility ar self-care limitation	35 6	69 31	64	53 23	253 104	93	109	38			
In labor force With a self-care limitation	35	6 57	24 41	30	55 183	26 89	26 136	41			
With a wark disability	92	182	182	214	293 133	308	294	171			
In labor force Prevented from working	37 42	90 80	73 94	62 139	144	104 175	102 169	86 69			
Na wark disability	2 095	2 095	2 305	1 537	2 954	3 151	2 906 2 322	2 078 1 545			
In labar farceCivilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years	1 758	1 710	1 879	1 198	2 454	2 511					
and over	185	380	<b>664</b> 97	474	1 135 294	771 160	<b>638</b> 91	481 104			
With a mability or self-care limitation	41 41	62 50 36	56	122 64	195	121	62	81			
With a self-core limitation	23	36	56	81	214	102	72	65			
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989											
Na warkers	70	147	139	129	366 19 931	294 21 553	255 20 735	166 18 337			
Mean family income (dallars)	17 932 138	9 338 282	25 415 334	20 261 242	375	441	387	349			
Mean family incame (dallars)	42 049	23 282	42 087	20 491 447	21 758 875	26 687 844	31 016 840	27 237 558			
2 ar more warkers	610 61 723	532 51 839	531 58 404	37 782	43 658	44 971	45 736	46 578			

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data bosed an sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peana city, Pea	nio County				
Area	Tract 1	Troct 2	Tract 3	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 11	Tract 12
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over	1 177	1 744	1 071	1 /7/	0.504	1.640	000	1 705	280	1 228
In lobor farce	1 177 459	1 764 946	1 <b>871</b> 969	1 <b>676</b> 804	<b>2 594</b> 1 624	1 <b>549</b> 839	<b>990</b> 545	506	177	488
Percent of persons 16 years and aver Civilian labor force	39.0 459	53.6 946	51.8 969	48.0 804	62.6 1 624	54.2 839	55.1 545	29.7 498	63.2 177	39.7 488
Employed Unemployed	347 112	742 204	816 153	724 80	1 339 285	685 154	408 137	369 129	165 12	409 79
Percent of civilian labar farce	24.4 718	21.6 818	15.8 902	10.0 872	17.5 970	18.4 710	25.1 445	25.9 1 199	6.8 103	16.2 740
Institutionolized persons	73	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	59 5	8 81
Enrolled in school Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years ond aver, nat		99	79	66	149	107		126		
enrolled in school Females 16 years and over	193 <b>704</b>	305 1 045	313 1 040	333 <b>994</b>	439 1 <b>385</b>	233 808	199 <b>495</b>	473 1 063	16 <b>134</b>	173 <b>753</b>
In labor force Percent af females 16 years and over	232 33.0	490 46.9	452 43.5	381 38.3	741 53.5	451 55.8	231 46.7	263 24.7	80 59.7	253 33.6
Civilion labor farce	232 148	490 397	452 387	381 339	741 577	451 393	231 206	263 172	80 74	253 211
Unemployed	84	93	65	42	164	58	25	91	6	42
Percent of civilion lobor farce With own children under 6 years	36.2 173	19.0 213	14.4 134	11.0 142 72	22.1 217	12.9 127	10.8 80	34.6 267	7.5 9	16.6 140 33
In labor forceWith own children 6 ta 17 years only	24 206	125 198	64 265	72 113	131 253	72 196	53 31	97 89	9	33 96
In labor force	125	115	129	67	186	128	20	59	-	19
subfamilies	282	398	291	244	370	169	125	467	8	207
All porents present in hausehold in labor force Own children 6 to 17 years in families and	41	193	151	87	205	76	80	139	8	46
subfamilies	<b>552</b> 268	<b>521</b> 184	<b>676</b> 341	445 215	<b>677</b> 508	<b>497</b> 254	1 <b>82</b> 130	<b>277</b> 162	=	291 46
Persons 16 to 19 years	95	151	224	151	268	221	94	140 34	-	188 44
Not enralled in school Unemployed or not in labar force	41 41	68 49	41 34	44 23	55 38	38 18	24 24	26	=	32
Not high school groduate Employed	41	55 6	23 7	19	19 5	38 20	24	34 8	=	32 38 12
UnemployedNat in labor force	10 31	11 38	16	6 7	14	18	19 5	11 15	Ξ	26
	31	30	_	,	_	10	,	.,		
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES Employed persons 16 years and over	347	742	816	724	1 339	685	408	369	165	409
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Professional specialty occupations	13 22	8 84	18 26	36 47	70 149	23 48	9	24 18	26 72	15 26
Technicions and related support occupations	9	8	8	10	9	-	_	17		20
Sales occupationsAdministrative support occupations, including clerical	27 12	76 88	106 125	82 55 7	115 252	39 188	19 97	45 53	12	63
Private household occupationsPratective service occupations	11	23	9	7 11	17	7	10 9	11 27	Ξ	_
Service occupations, except protective and household	98	212	194	229	279	176	133	95 8	31	123 7
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations Precision production, craft, and repair occupations Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13 46	45	24 72 86	85	120	48	62	26	-	32
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors   Transportation and material moving occupations	76 8	58 80	86 69	73 49	156 85	39 64	11 5	9 24	=	32 32 19
Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers	12	60	79	40	87	64 53	49	12	-	72
Construction Monufacturing	139	21 110	43 143	49 134	72 297	33 155	14 84	15 61	17	12 32 29
Tronsportation, communications, ond ather utilities Wholesale and retoil trade	8 51	69 155	58 240	34 219	110 374	68 139	53 72	43 74	22	29 135
Finonce, insurance, and real estate	12	40	12	17	42	48	15	30 18	8	8 40
Business and repoir servicesProfessianal and related services	35 64	54 208	13 200	36 173	76 287	25 171	108	70	102	105
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	347	742	816	724	1 339	685	408	369	165	409 356
Private wage and solory warkersGovernment workers	274 57	661 73	758 39	625 67	1 157 141	614 58	331 68	333 36	140 25	41
Locol government workersSelf-employed workers	44 16	29 8	26 19	61 32	97 41	42 13	39 9	24	25 -	13
	10	•	17	32			,			
WORK STATUS IN 1989 Persons 16 years and over who worked in										
1989	535	925	1 067	846	1 604	800	<b>552</b> 400	<b>613</b> 380	<b>209</b> 157	464
Usually warked 35 or mare hours per week	385 189	615 356	680 374	588 383	1 142 819	562 337	180	229	109	235 104
40 to 49 weeks	385 189 55 24 38	68 58	114 56	45 80	170 70	46 50	103 18	20 58	14 12	20 31
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks _	38	97	126	145	220	104	116	115	31	109
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	969	1 444	1 526	1 284	2 120	1 293	784	1 224	205	1 040
With a mability or self-care limitation	85	167	91	83 35	75 37	189 75	68 42	258 131	37 29	166 97
With a mability limitatian In lobor force	55 _	79 10	71	7	7	17	14	24 168	14	36 104
With a self-core limitation With a wark disability	37 188	130 241	44 258	58 247	43 206	150 269	14 63 142	368	25 38 23	259
In labor force	8	42 176	49 184	29 166	84 107	52 210	38 98	36 269	23 9	78 181
No wark disability	134 781	1 203	1 268	1 037	1 914	1 024	642 500	856 462	167 154	781 403
In labor farce Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years	436	899	888	716	1 505	764				180
With a mobility or self-care limitation	<b>208</b> 58	<b>320</b> 91	345 67	<b>392</b> 131	<b>474</b> 79	<b>256</b> 63	<b>206</b> 46	<b>473</b> 175	16 8	28
With a mobility limitation	51	69	67 56	87	50 52	38 45	7 46	147 116	8 8	28
With a self-care limitation	17	47	34	92	32	43	40	110		
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989	27.4	000	1/0	175	100	173	88	252	_	224
No workers Mean family income (dollors)	216 6 190	200 10 061	163 15 761	175 9 737	188 16 353	8 818	6 367	4 951	-	5 292 71
Nean family income (dallars)	225 13 908	246 16 183	279 17 026	160 21 159	298 18 717	196 19 720	113 19 054	168 8 675	8 065	9 951
2 or more warkers	82	236 32 037	246 31 329	206 27 476	411 42 662	189 32 112	143 37 708	80 33 341	25 94 922	60 18 958
Mean family income (dollars)	26 914	32 03/	31 327	27 470	-Z 00Z	JZ 11Z	5, , 30			

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				F	Pearia city, Pearia	Caunty—Can.				
Area	Troct 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Troct 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22
LABOR FORCE STATUS									0.000	2 404
Persons 16 years and over	<b>861</b> 381	<b>930</b> 411	1 <b>544</b> 850	<b>2 748</b> 1 718	<b>594</b> 335	<b>3 148</b> 2 157	1 <b>737</b> 984	3 479 1 818	<b>3 982</b> 2 310	3 406 2 303
Percent af persans 16 years and over Civilian labar farce	44.3 381	44.2 411	55.1 850	62.5 1 718	56.4 335	68.5 2 157	56.6 984	52.3 1 818	58.0 2 291	67.6 2 303
EmplayedUnemplayed	296 85	348 63	772 78	1 527 191	314 21	1 965 192	863 121	1 713 105	2 137 154	2 140 163
Percent of civilion labor farceNat in labar force	22.3 480	15.3 519	9.2 694	11.1 1 030	6.3 259	8.9 991	12.3 753	5.8 1 661	6.7 1 672	7.1 1 103
Institutionalized persons	-	50 62	_	_	-	_	571	1 434	7 180	191
Enrolled in school Noninstitutianalized persons 65 yeors ond over, nat	65		105	181	75	358				599
enralled in schaal Females 16 years and over	116 <b>448</b>	137 <b>530</b>	299 <b>865</b>	335 1 <b>435</b>	51 <b>362</b>	304 1 <b>627</b>	78 <b>703</b>	97 1 <b>741</b>	761 2 218	1 866 1 134
In lobar farce Percent of females 16 years and aver	184 41.1	162 30.6	400 46.2	780 54.4	195 53.9	1 032 63.4	371 52.8	963 55.3	1 108 50.0	60.8
Civilian labor force Employed	184 129	162 136	400 366	780 699	195 180	1 032 968	371 322	963 900	1 108 1 008	1 134 1 055
Unemployed Percent af civilian labor force	55 29.9	26 16.0	34 8.5	81 10.4	15 7.7	64 6.2	49 13.2	63 6.5	100 9.0	1 055 79 7.0 298
With own children under 6 years In labar farce	92 40	106	110 50	226 132	21 10	238 154	32 27	96 71	460 285	298 226
With awn children 6 to 17 years anly	115	109 58	180 123	265 160	10	232 163	75 49	108 88	310 262	308 252
In lobar farce Own children under 6 years in families and	67								522	
Subfamilies	161 40	163 19	212 103	307 183	26 13	375 233 652	40 34 188	136 96 331	328 873	441 319 681
All parents present in hausehald in labor force	<b>295</b> 171	<b>275</b> 153	<b>513</b> 345	<b>708</b> 421	6	487	122	256	639 <b>291</b>	463 237
Persons 16 to 19 yearsNat enralled in school	<b>84</b> 30	<b>67</b> 18	116 19	<b>237</b> 56	30	<b>259</b> 37	<b>245</b> 14	1 275	111	10
Unemplayed or not in labar farce Nat high school graduate	23 19	12 12	19 12	25 26	_	19 9	14 14	=	45 45	10
EmplayedUnemployed	7	6	-	11 11	Ξ	9 -	14	Ξ	=	=
Nat in labor force	12	6	12	4	-	-	-	-	45	-
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES Employed persons 16 years and over	296	348	772	1 527	314	1 965	863	1 713	2 137	2 140
Executive, administrative, and managerial accupations	44 12	32 13	27 54	117 177	39 30	137 292	78 172	155 416	117 302	2 140 176 421
Technicians and related support occupations	_	13	38	62	6	92	39 137	35 208	95 205	421 76 304
Sales occupationsAdministrative support accupations, including clencal	33 24	45 19	85 160	202 153	75	186 363	93	354	338	400
Private househald accupationsPratective service accupations	6	6	27	9 26	7 -	14 42	43 158	11 40	35	39
Service occupations, except protective and household Forming, forestry, and fishing accupations	73	76 7	146 10	377 10	108	484 13	10	324 9	489 17	263 12
Precisian production, croft, and repair occupations Machine aperators, ossemblers, and inspectars	10 38	45 46	106 66	160 88	16 27	148 141	48 43	86 15	225 146	168 169
Transportation and materiol moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	27 29	26 14	15 38	70 76	6	29 24	43 17 25	32 28	87 81	80 32
Construction	10	57	27	84	7	68	37	54	112	64 453 112
Manufacturing Tronsportation, communications, and other utilities	39 24	74 13	166 16	225 83	32 8	268 38	112 48	129 65	380 88	112
Wholesale and retail tradeFinance, insurance, and real estate	95 -	71 7	155 24	505 67	64 10	592 95	208 36	418 28	479 137	531 172 53 580
Business and repair servicesPrafessional and related services	11 72	32 57	66 221	59 402	6 151	121 557	30 338	107 805	117 650	53 580
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	296	348	772	1 527	314	1 965	<b>863</b> 776	1 713 1 509	2 137 1 809	2 140 1 781
Private wage and salary workersGovernment warkers	232 51	290 38	614 144	1 312 124	287 21	1 655 196	60	129	274	289 148
Lacal gavernment warkersSelf-emplayed workers	32 13	19 20	109 14	80 86	5	99 114	29 27	81 75	150 35	70
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in	422	438	949	1 796	364	2 187	1 500	3 104	2 525	2 478
Usually warked 35 or more haurs per week 50 to 52 weeks	257 127	349 200	729 477	1 339 874	240 206	1 546 1 068	i 015 423	1 551 529	1 882 1 244	1 905 1 426
40 to 49 weeks	28 23 57	71	115	173 109	206 - 9	103 140	59 74	165 114	191	2 478 1 905 1 426 217 67 301
27 ta 39 weeks Usuolly warked 1 ta 34 haurs per week, 40 to 52 weeks _	23 57	45 33	55 63	177	61	274	275	540	366	301
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64	734	724	1 199	2 357	494	2 798	1 607	3 330	3 109	2 733
With a mobility ar self-care limitation With a mability limitatian	44 11	63 18	120 68	84 56	80 62	93 57	21 10	31 8	234 140	188 36 14
In labar farceWith a self-care limitation	38	6 57	21 78	7 50	22 41	12 48	11	8 31	11 151	14 166
With a wark disability	119	118	157	265 88	111 28	290 124	54 16	82	427 133	166 203 128 66
In labar force  Prevented fram warking	30 89	13 99 606	39 80 1 042	143 2 092	62	135 2 508	18 1 553	33 27 3 248	276	2 530
No wark disability	615 340	385	765	1 574	383 258	1 987	916	1 733	2 682 2 100	2 101
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	127	156	345	391 70	100 19	<b>350</b> 101	1 <b>30</b> 26	<b>149</b> 19	<b>847</b> 197	673 86
With a mobility or self-care limitatian With a mability limitatian With a self-care limitatian	28 22 17	27 20 20	108 76 63	78 64 48	15 8	101 101 43	26 21 18	19 19	121 167	86 52 77
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989									0.5	100
Na workers Mean family incame (dollars)	107 7 554	110 8 426	115 9 743	148 10 483	5 11 167	109 16 440	15 25 955	22 14 318	245 17 429	30 227
1 warker Mean family incame (dallars)	138 11 525	118 17 929	160 18 809	362 27 524	27 32 962	340 16 021	89 51 551	28 110	448 24 386	391 29 166
2 ar mare warkers	72 34 907	82 31 133	244 29 834	410 39 590	46 41 727	369 35 482	157 58 745	307 54 412	631 30 795	680 46 932
, and a second (admons)	J-4 / V/	0. 100	_, 00-							

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Doto based on somple and subject to sompling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbals, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Pe	eario city, Pear	rio County—Con.				
Area	Troct 23	Troct 24	Troct 25	Troct 26	Troct 27	Troct 28 (pt.)	Troct 29 (pt.)	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	<b>4 346</b> 2 430	3 863 2 383	2 565 1 806	1 <b>778</b> 1 089	<b>5 940</b> 3 542	<b>2 967</b> 1 991	3 427 2 052	<b>4 427</b> 2 776	3 067 2 423	<b>4 798</b> 3 672
Percent of persons 16 years ond over Civilion lobor force	55.9 2 420	61.7 2 383	70.4 1 802	61.2 1 082	59.6 3 542	67.1 1 984	59.9 2 052	62.7 2 766	79.0 2 423	76.5
EmployedUnemployed	2 360	2 232	1 610	1 028	3 374	1 928	2 008	2 697	2 303 120	3 663 3 595 68
Percent of civilion lobor force	60 2.5	151 6.3	192 10.7	54 5.0	168 4.7	56 2.8	2.1	69 2.5	5.0	1.9
Institutionolized persons	1 916 190	1 480	759 -	689	2 398 157	976 -	1 375 22	1 651 319	644	1 126 54
Noninstitutionolized persons 65 years and over, not	158	108	83	91	263	92	176	142	130	277
enrolled in school Females 16 years and over	1 051 <b>2 519</b>	862 2 134	376 1 <b>409</b>	304 <b>933</b>	1 230 3 352	596 1 <b>605</b>	880 1 920	621 <b>2 317</b>	119 <b>1 576</b>	293 <b>2 512</b>
In lobor force Percent of femoles 16 years and over	1 141 45.3	1 164 54.5	910 64.6	454 48.7	1 762 52.6	992 61.8	1 034 53.9	1 284 55.4	1 143 72.5	1 771 70.5
Civilion lobor force	1 141 1 125	1 164 1 109	910 816	454 427	1 762 1 680	992 942	1 034 1 006	1 284 1 229	1 143 1 078	1 771 1 738
Unemployed	16	55 4.7	94 10.3	27	82	50 5.0	28 2.7	55 4.3	65 5.7	33 1.9
Percent of civilion lobor force With own children under 6 years	1.4 280	392	192	5.9 85	4.7 308	148	187	295	350 221	250 148
In lobor forceWith own children 6 to 17 years only	169 265	255 201	145 329	49 143	198 509	105 230	145 233	180 392	398	430
In lobor forceOwn children under 6 years in familles and	198	155	268	100	442	188	212	328	285	380
All parents present in household in lobor force	388 200	<b>481</b> 298	289 220	1 <b>20</b> 83	449 263	<b>222</b> 142	<b>273</b> 183	<b>393</b> 251	464 280	<b>308</b> 187
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	644	681	755	266	1 049	507	538	968	944	875
All parents present in household in lobor force Persons 16 to 19 years	468 189	458 215	596 <b>207</b>	162 118	813 <b>361</b>	400 164	453 <b>164</b>	700 <b>306</b>	665 <b>288</b>	685 270
Not enrolled in school	27	56	54	30	39	48	11	29 11	41 19	9
Unemployed or not in lobor force Not high school groduote	14	22 32	21 20	6 17	15	23 42	7	11	18	-
EmployedUnemployed	14	10 5	4	11	8	25	-	<u>.</u>	4	Ξ
Not in lobor force	-	17	10	6	7	17	7	11	10	-
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES Employed persons 16 years and over	2 360	2 232	1 610	1 028	3 374	1 928	2 008	2 697	2 303	3 595
Executive, odministrative, and monogenial occupations	330 566	209 365	107 216	107 227	454 617	283 489	274 532	394 593	293 482	543 1 060
Technicions and related support occupations	63	78	134	58	144	90 270	80 411	88 367	121 302	213
Soles occupationsAdministrative support occupations, including clerical	441 342	263 423	192 298	154 165	518 624	231	339	564	390	498 614 9
Privote household occupations	38	16	12 34	=	46	12	28	16	32	41 220
Service occupations, except protective and household Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations	252 6	314 27	184	76 7	370 5	178 15	139 18	213 13	188	8
Precision production, croft, and repair occupations Mochine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors	153 106	293 116	144 96	111 56	226 199	115 134	72 46	161 114	174 154	114 96
Tronsportation and moterial moving occupations Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers	36 27	71 57	104 89	31 36	71 100	68 37	18 42	123 51	115 46	114 65
Construction	46	129	109	43	84	79	51	85	73	122
Monufocturing Tronsportotion, communications, and other utilities	328 85	439 101	265 82	222 110	687 206	327 77	330 27	478 161	646 125	801 168
Wholesole and retail tradeFinance, insurance, and real estate	531 291	551 99	348 101	211 83	881 251	398 173	506 231	585 213	461 155	690 339
Business and repair services Professional and related services	101 838	132 557	67 471	47 261	81 869	72 585	129 558	117 833	63 596	138 1 089
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 360 1 867	2 232 1 844	1 610 1 365	1 028 855	3 374 2 822	1 928 1 613	2 008 1 659	2 697 2 092	2 303 2 032	3 595 2 975
Privote woge and solory workers	247	217	185	119	440	206	220	382 141	222 134	522 245
Locol government workersSelf-employed workers	155 246	143 152	93 55	92 54	287 103	106 103	138	214	45	98
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 683	2 543	1 883	1 173	3 844	2 184	2 266	3 018	2 591	3 875
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week 50 to 52 weeks	1 980 1 610	1 894	1 269 929	965 640	2 739 2 103	1 616 1 215	1 782 1 390	2 254 1 752	2 025 1 612	3 091 2 346
40 to 49 weeks	204	1 337 263	153	140 69	279 114	182 99	212 64	272 99	170 109	355 145
27 to 39 weeks Usuolly worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks _	56 421	156 361	88 292	99	582	275	304	347	248	418
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64	2 835	2 929	2 110	1 403	4 362	2 289	2 411	3 430	2 924	4 353
With o mobility or self-core limitation	26 8	153 62	105 27	37 16	172 95	140 118	93 28	149 65	83 23	98 49
In lobor force	8	139	97	30	22 132	94 44	20 73	19 112	- 75	16 73 158
With a self-core limitation	18 120	310	151	84	342 100	209 153	148 87	198 113	105 45	158 48
In lobor forcePrevented from working	73 22	126 139	53 58	35 37	164	50	36	66 3 232	52 2 819	110 4 195
No work disability	2 715 2 124	2 619 2 193	1 959 1 680	1 319 987	4 020 3 251	2 080 1 756	2 263 1 851	2 606	2 354	3 534
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years	1 311	934	451	368	1 421	671	994	668	143	382 59
With o mobility or self-core limitation	177 127	181 152	109 67	53 32 29	199 160	114 99	119 95	61 39	19 14	33 51
With o self-care limitation	128	60	78	29	90	43	57	30	19	51
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989		007	140		222	161	269	145	57	130
No workers	291 32 455	227 25 300	140 18 846	32 539	333 20 967	151 26 878	31 535 201	31 735 493	21 231 225	42 586 347
Mean fomily income (dollors)	444 49 209	363 35 734	289 20 228	204 57 422	614 37 900	33 390	42 992	52 984	40 737 914	51 453 1 058
2 or more workers Mean fomily income (dollors)	820 52 043	752 44 441	484 40 648	314 53 175	1 033 49 580	584 52 888	687 77 608	964 65 962	56 222	57 348
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Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

 $[Doto\ bosed\ on\ somple\ ond\ subject\ to\ sompling\ voriobility,\ see\ text.\ For\ definitions\ of\ terms\ ond\ meonings\ of\ symbols,\ see\ text]$ 

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peorio city, Pea	rio County—Con.				
Area	Troct 32	Troct 33 (pt.)	Troct 34.01 (pt.)	Troct 34.02 (pt.)	Troct 35 (pt.)	Troct 39 (pt.)	Troct 41.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)	Troct 42 (pt.)	Troct 43 (pt.)
ABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	3 415 2 342	<b>2 597</b> 1 414	<b>1 566</b> 1 169	<b>520</b> 350	448 270	-	<b>906</b> 752 83.0	2 552 1 433	=	-
Percent of persons 16 years ond over Civilion lobor force	68.6 2 335	54.4 1 414	74.6 1 169	67.3 350	60.3 263	Ξ	83.0 752 730	56.2 1 433	=	-
Employed	2 320	1 388	1 145	343	255	-	730 22	1 384 49		
Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force	15 .6	26 1.8	24 2.1	2.0	8 3.0	=	2.9	3.4	=	
ot in lobor force	1 073	1 183 148	397	170	178	Ξ	154	1 119 535	_	-
Enrolled in school	159	167	79	37	13	-	40	118	-	
Noninstitutionolized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	415	439	114	28	88	_		223	-	
Females 16 years and over	1 <b>759</b> 987	<b>1 427</b> 519	<b>818</b> 518	<b>269</b> 136	<b>249</b> 121	=	<b>429</b> 304	1 <b>580</b> 733		
Percent of femoles 16 years and over	56.1	36.4	63.3 518	50.6	48.6 121	-	70.9 304	46.4 733		
Civilion lobor forceEmployed	987 980	519 493	518	136 129	121	Ξ	287	706	-	
UnemployedPercent of civilion lobor force	.7	26 5.0	Ξ	7 5.1		=	17 5.6	27 3.7	=	
ith own children under 6 years	226	161 83	152 93	30	38	=	90 22	323 159	Ξ	
In lobor forceith own children 6 to 17 years only	105 223	229	161	15 92	30	Ξ	55	200	-	
In lobor force Own children under 6 years in families and	192	113	123	46	30	-	48	178	-	
subfamilies	348	240	205	56 21	39	-	138 23	<b>385</b> 167	_	
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and	159	125	110		8	_				
subfamilies  I parents present in household in lobor force	<b>393</b> 305	<b>557</b> 284	<b>421</b> 281	1 <b>88</b> 83	<b>79</b> 70	_	1 <b>72</b> 105	<b>506</b> 367	=	
Persons 16 to 19 years	167	142	115	55	13	-	<b>57</b>	146 32	_	
ot enrolled in school Unemployed or not in lobor force	41 14	6	_	11 6	6	Ξ.	ii	-	=	
Not high school groduote Employed	20 14	_	Ξ	11 5	6	-	_	13 13	_	
Unemployed	-	=	=	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Not in lobor force	6	-	-	6	6	-	-	_	_	
CCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES	2 320	1 388	1 145	343	255	_	730	1 384	_	
Employed persons 16 years and over ecutive, odministrative, and managerial occupations	280	317	246	88	24	=	109	217	-	
ofessional specialty occupations	774 112	448 45	362 39	141 7	22 16	_	280 22	299 42	_	
iles occupations	359	276	156	36	29	-	133 86	241 252	=	
Iministrative support occupations, including clerical	369	118 14	152	14 7	75 -	_	_	8	=	
otective service occupationservice occupations, except protective and household	39 153	22 78	12 50	6	8 28	_	15 7	124	Ξ	
orming, forestry, and fishing occupations	7	-	13	_	-	-	55	96	-	
ecision production, croft, ond repair occupations ochine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors	114 44	46 6	59 24	27 6	31 15	Ξ.	9	69	=	
onsportotion and moterial moving occupations	46 23	5 13	13 19	11	15 7 -	Ξ	8 6	13 23	_	
onstruction	26	20	68	12	7	_	46	48	_	
onufocturing	505	203	240	81	55	-	155	321 93	=	
onsportation, communications, and other utilities	66 437	48 282	47 224	12 30	46	Ξ	45 177	274	_	
nonce, insuronce, ond real estate	222 97	185 32	73 20	21 14	58 23	_	67 26	96 62	_	
rofessional and related services	782	512	403	131	58	-	191	405	-	
LASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 320	1 388	1 145	343	255	-	730	1 384 1 177	-	
rivote wage and solory workers	1 890 251	1 116 123	977 98	271 66	210 22	Ξ	647 69	151	=	
Locol government workers	131	78	78	32	23	-	42 14	40 56	-	
elf-employed workers	168	149	65	6	23	_	14	30		
VORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 578	1 626	1 291	389	291	-	789	1 523	-	
Jsuolly worked 35 or more hours per week 50 to 52 weeks	2 044 1 548	1 201 994	1 017 783	311 237	254 206	_	669 532	1 156 886	_	
40 to 49 weeks	172	81	87	37	14	-	44 40	138	-	
27 to 39 weekssuelly worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks _	153 254	39 195	64 142	6 28	28 24	Ξ	40 57	71 192	Ξ	
ISABILITY	•									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64										
years	2 913	1 906	1 389 29	486	<b>331</b> 7	=	893	1 <b>767</b> 69	_	
With a mobility or self-core limitation With a mobility limitation	226 27	29 9	17	_	7 7	Ξ	=	31	-	
In lobor force With o self-core limitotion	8 214	29	23		7	Ξ	_	57	Ξ	
fith a work disability	93	65	23 52 22 17	-	40	-	34 16	124	Ξ	
In lobor force Prevented from working	31 54	45 9	22 17	_	21 13	Ξ	18	57 55	=	
o work disobility	2 820 2 233	1 841 1 280	1 337 1 084	486 344	291 226	-	859 723	1 643 1 355	_	
In lobor forceCivilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years							13	250		
Nith o mobility or self-core limitation	<b>495</b> 63	<b>543</b> 100	177 21	<b>34</b> 5	110 14	Ξ	5	19	Ξ	
With a mobility limitation	63 32	62 79	16 16	5	6	-	5 5	12 12	_	
	32	,,	10	,			•	_		
VORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989 o workers	81	116	21	5	53	_	14	107	_	
Mean fomily income (dollors)	46 787	56 709	16 681	50 083	10 755	-	1 714	8 012 212	_	
Meon fomily income (dollors)	423 46 236	280 107 761	184 122 339	222 841	36 22 268	-	55 41 309	24 267	-	
or more workers	46 236 583 50 838	577	440	145	74 40 300		220 64 669	402 59 164	_	
Mean fomily income (dollors)	59 838	113 489	83 834	111 515	40 300	-	04 009	37 104		

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peario d	ity, Peorio County-	-Con.			Remo	inder of Peario Co	ounty		
Area	Troct 44 (pt.)	Troct 46 (pt.)	Troct 48.02 (pt.)	Troct 28 (pt.)	Troct 29 (pt.)	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.)	Troct 33 (pt.)	Troct 34.01 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS										7/0
Persons 16 years and over		-	211 98	14	=	<b>41</b> 41	<b>59</b> 42	-	11 11	<b>763</b> 563
Percent of persons 16 years and over Civilion labor force	52.6	Ī	46.4 98	100.0	_	100.0 41	71.2 42	_	100.0 11	73.8 563
Employed	205	Ξ.	98	14	-	41	42	_	11	512 51
Percent of civilion lobor force	11.3			_	Ξ	Ξ.	-	-	-	9.1 200
Not in lobor force Institutionolized persons	208	_	113	_	_	Ξ	17 -	Ξ		-
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22
enrolled in school Females 16 years and over	38 327		85 109	7	_	- 8	5 <b>31</b>	_	5	69 <b>399</b>
In lobor force	154	Ξ	37	7	-	100.0	19 61.3	_	100.0	272 68.2
Percent of femoles 16 years and over	47.1 154	Ξ	33.9 37	100.0	=	8	19	-	5	272 239
Employed	135	Ξ	37	7 -	_	8 -	19	_		33
Percent of civilion lobor force With own children under 6 years	12.3	Ξ	=	_	_	Ξ	5	_	Ξ	12.1 77
In lobor force	48	-	15	7	_	=	12	-	_	77 52 85
With own children 6 to 17 years only In lobor force	57	Ξ	15	7	_	_	12	-	-	80
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	90	_	_	_	_	-	5	-	-	<b>97</b> 56
All parents present in household in lobor force  Own children 6 to 17 years in families and	52	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	
subfamiliesAll parents present in household in lobor force	140 124	-	<b>59</b> 59	12 12		-	<b>40</b> 29	=	=	166 121
Persons 16 to 19 years	29	-	-	-	-	7	5	_		43
Not enrolled in school Unemployed or not in lobor force	-	Ξ	=	_	-	Ξ.	-	-	-	
Not high school graduote Employed	5 5	Ξ	Ξ	_	_	Ξ.	_	=	=	-
UnemployedNot in lobor force	-	_	_	] =		=	_	_	Ξ	_
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	205	_	98	14	-	41	42	-	11	<b>512</b> 82
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Professional specialty occupations	37	=	8	7 7	-	<u>-</u>	_	=	5	65 7
Technicions and related support occupationsSoles occupations	-	Ξ	37	_		10	_	Ξ	Ξ.	49
Administrative support occupations, including clericol	42	=	7		-	- 8	25	_	Ξ	89
Private household occupationsProtective service occupations		Ξ		-	-	7	11	_	-	5 63
Service occupations, except protective and household Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations		Ξ	26	-			6	_	-	86
Precision production, croft, and repair occupations Mochine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	Ξ	7	_		- 16	_	_		37
Tronsportation and moterial moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers	13	=	13		-	-	=		_	23 6
Construction		_	_	_	-			-	-	45
Monufocturing Tronsportation, communications, and other utilities	. 11	Ξ	22 13	7		- 8	13			159 35 86 25 24
Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate	. 86	-	34 22		-	- 25	5 6	_	6	25
Business and repair services	. 24	Ξ	7	-	-	· -	12	_	5	24 106
Professional and related services	. 30	-	′	_						
CLASS OF WORKER	205	_	98	14	_	- 41	42	_	. 11	512
Privote wage and solory workers	. 205	Ξ	98			- 41	36		. 6	445 30
Government workers		Ξ		: <u>'</u>	-	Ξ	-	-	5	13 33
Self-employed workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	6			
WORK STATUS IN 1989	İ									
Persons 16 years and ever who worked in 1989	. 227	-	98	14		- 41	47 36	-	11	618 489
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week 50 to 52 weeks	.   152	_	70 52	! 7		- 26 - 16	25	-	-	489 394 20
40 to 49 weeks	. 24	-	11	-		- 10	11	_	·	30 76
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .		-	15	-	-	- 7	6	-	. 11	,,
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	299	_	113	3 14		_ 41	54	-		672 18
With a mobility or self-core limitation	_ 33	-				Ξ	7		Ξ.	-
With o mobility limitation	-   -	. –	-	-			<u>-</u>	_	_	18
With a self-core limitation	_   37	-	8	-		-	7		_	76 48
In lobor forcePrevented from working	_   8			-   -			7		· . <del>.</del>	19
No work disobility In lobor force	_ 262	-	105 85			- 41 - 41	47 42		ii	493
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years			98			_	5	-		9
With a mobility or self-care limitation		. <b>-</b>	34	4   -		-	5 5	-	-	6
With a mobility limitation With a self-core limitation		=	34					-	-	50
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										2
No workers	_ 60 _ 3 632		23 06			: :	-		-	16 610
1 worker	_ 94		21 57 21 57	2 -		-	19 51 402	-		34 29
Mean fomily income (dollors)2 or more workers	_ 52	2 -		7		- 8 - 77 567	12 44 100	-	- 6 - 26 781	21: 46 38:
Mean fomily income (dollars)	_ 1 20 331	-	87 000	0   44 000	,	- // 30/			_0 ,3.	

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sompling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Re	moinder of Peorio	County—Con.				
Area	Troct 34.02 (pt.)	Troct 35 (pt.)	Troct 36.01	Troct 36.02	Troct 37	Troct 38	Troct 39 (pt.)	Troct 40	Troct 41.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	<b>2 209</b> 1 610	<b>370</b> 292	2 142 1 438	<b>4 217</b> 2 643	<b>2 282</b> 1 526	<b>2 284</b> 1 467	<b>3 195</b> 2 294	<b>3 304</b> 2 171	1 466 1 073	<b>640</b> 401
Percent of persons 16 years and over	72.9	78.9	67.1	62.7	66.9	64.2	71.8	65.7	73.2 1 073	62.7
Civilion lobor force	1 610 1 560	292 287	1 438 1 373	2 643 2 525	1 504 1 451	1 464 1 423	2 290 2 197	2 148 2 026	1 027	401 379 22
Employed Unemployed	50	5	65	118	53	41	93 4.1	122 5.7	46 4.3	22
Percent of civilion lobor force	3.1 599	1.7 78	4.5 704	4.5 1 574	3.5 756	2.8 817	901	1 133	393	5.5 239
Institutionolized personsEnrolled in school	116	- 3	71 75	32 188	155	113	139	11 144	71	3
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not										
enrolled in school Femalos 16 years and over	158 1 100	31 190	223 1 124	731 <b>2 227</b>	312 1 112	373 1 167	362 1 <b>623</b>	522 1 718	155 <b>708</b>	117 345
n lobor force	683	135	593	1 194	630	642	1 001	967 56.3	476 67.2	194 56.2
Percent of femoles 16 years and over	62.1 683	71.1 135	52.8 593	53.6 1 194	56.7 630	55.0 642	61.7 1 001	955	476	194
Employed	646 37	135	570	1 161 33	604 26	627 15	952 49	895 60	456 20	188
Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force	5.4	_	23 3.9	2.8	4.1	2.3	4.9	6.3	4.2	3.1
With own children under 6 years In lobor force	196 138	35 17	134 65	298 189	144 72	175 96	245 148	245 177	85 59	3.1 54 28 58 44
Vith own children 6 to 17 years only	342	28	207	487	246	198	425	383	147	58
In lobor force Own children under 6 years in families and	231	28	159	396	183	140	342	310	122	4:
subfamilies	292	65	238	441	200	208	301	311	125	65
All porents present in household in lobor force Own children 6 to 17 years in families and	170	23	107	266	116	106	170	205	89	
subfamilios	667	<b>75</b> 53	421	1 064	613	<b>531</b> 320	1 035 760	<b>881</b> 701	341 255	89
All porents present in household in lobor force	469 <b>184</b>	14	317 <b>90</b>	729 <b>360</b>	419 <b>198</b>	176	272	268	148	34
Not enrolled in school	8	-	12	75 12	30 7	24 22	35 12	37 17	15	
Unemployed or not in lobor force Not high school groduote	4		4	13	7	13	12	14	4	
EmployedUnemployed	_	_	_	8 5	7		- 6	6	4 -	
Not in lobor force	4	Ξ	4	_	_	13	6	8		-
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 560	287	1 373	2 525	1 451	1 423	2 197	2 026	1 027	379
Executive, administrative, and managerial accupations Professional specialty accupations	316 298	43 30	85 228	308 292	131 302	116 137	214 287	224 253	121 150	19
echnicions and related support occupations	69	8	70	107	55	28	113	50	23	15
oles occupations	290 179	29 22	136 269	235 378	190 210	130 178	211 393	176 349	133 137	20 19 15 39 60
Privote household occupations	-	-	6	_	-	2	2	15	6	11
Protective service occupotions  Service occupotions, except protective ond household	9 140	5 51	22 100	14 389	139	14 136	19 246	16 144	21 98	88
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations	20	16	6	20	44	107 199	128 266	118 328	39 166	12 88 14 34 36 35
Precision production, croft, and repair occupations  Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	125 34	42 19	203 108	233 280	221 60	184	98	130	76	30
ronsportotion and material moving accupations	61	16	91 49	131 138	56 43	134 58	158 62	99 124	76 25 32	3.
fondlers, equipment cleoners, helpers, and loborers	19 69	6 8	49 68	97	113	74	143	209	95	
Construction	419	50	375	751	420	421	553	415	227	5 2
Tronsportotion, communications, and other utilities Wholesole and retail trade	44 316	104	169 274	157 639	82 383	109 291	120 353	155 395	78 194	124
Finonce, insuronce, and real estate	136	9	78	129	69	53	125	93 62	44 54	3: 2:
Business and repair servicesProfessional and related services	77 391	39 41	75 259	134 466	37 278	23 235	107 548	384	189	62
CLASS OF WORKER Employed persons 16 years and over	1 560	287	1 373	2 525	1 451	1 423	2 197	2 026	1 027	379
Private wage and solory workers	1 323	242	1 216	2 253	1 259	1 107	1 784	1 611	803	334 33
Government workers	130 79	29 16	98 53	142 116	93 55	144 100	194 133	227 137	135 91	33 20 12
Self-employed workers	107	16	45	130	80	129	203	162	82	12
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in										
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 678	296	1 512 1 181	2 896 2 081	1 659 1 240	1 618 1 252	2 469 1 817	2 328 1 745	1 151 944	<b>47</b> :
50 to 52 weeks	1 299 1 075	227 190	924	1 564	990	825	1 330	1 223	687	336 246 27
40 to 49 weeks	123 44	21	82 55	187 133	89 60	141 129	166 85	227 142	151 58	19
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks -	232	58	157	417	203	172	341	265	91	7
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64										
years	2 022	316	1 843	3 362	1 <b>907</b> 40	1 821	2 743 62	<b>2 663</b> 86	1 <b>294</b> 35	510
With a mobility or self-core limitation With a mobility limitation	52 14	8 8	59 26	149 79	25 7	53 25	11	57	6	-
In lobor force With a self-core limitation	38	8	41	8 90	7 40	4 36	53	27 50	35	
With a work disability	89	18	149	228	86	36 78	88	164	58	51
In lobor force Prevented from working	43 46	15 3	65 64	60 116	28 34	31 44	39 31	164 73 79	21 24	2
No work disobility	1 933	298	1 694	3 134	1 821	1 743	2 655	2 499 1 996	1 236 1 035	5 3: 2: 45: 35:
In lobor forceCivilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years	1 538	254	1 368	2 517	1 435	1 349	2 167			
and over	187	54	228	823	353	460	<b>448</b> 78	<b>607</b> 98	1 <b>72</b> 36	134
With a mobility or self-core limitation With a mobility limitation With a self-care limitation	16 5 16	9 9 9	34 28 23	127 84 78	40 22 32	67 54 29	46 58	86 38	36 18	130 43 38 24
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989	,,		7.1	204	194	99	96	155	56	4
No workers	43 843	30 024	71 14 772	204 19 980	134 19 526	19 783	25 354	19 895	21 986	12 883
1 worker	277	33	234	441 41 616	252 43 538	279 37 418	316 33 398	298 32 416	83 42 539	20 300
Mean fomily income (dollors)2 or more workers	65 771 553	26 491 104	37 713 499	881	550	509	843	794	390	130
Mean fomily income (dollors)	553 64 793	47 335	44 015	48 807	53 300	44 949	56 839	48 315	60 061	29 186

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Remainde	er of Pearia Caunty-	-Con.			
Area	Tract 42 (pt.)	Tract 43 (pt.)	Troct 44 (pt.)	Troct 45	Tract 46 (pt.)	Tract 48.01	Tract 48.02 (pt.)	Tract 49.01 (pt.)	Tract 49.02
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over In labar farce Percent of persons 16 years and aver	3 409 2 021 59.3 2 021 1 932 89 4.4 1 388 258 105 595 1 892 884 46.7 884 846 38 4.3 227	2 219 1 295 58.4 1 295 1 277 18 1.4 924 - 87 433 1 172 587 50.1 587 575 12 2.0 152	4 079 2 477 60.7 2 477 2 310 167 6.7 1 602 42 179 966 2 232 1 168 52.3 1 168 1 100 68 5.8	4 001 2 162 54.0 2 149 2 018 131 6.1 1 839 528 131 552 2 078 961 46.2 952 906 46.4 8.8	4 230 2 637 62.3 2 637 2 468 169 6.4 1 593 	3 079 2 064 67.0 2 060 1 972 88 4.3 1 015 - 124 399 1 570 938 59.7 938 903 35 3.7	3 637 2 359 64,9 2 349 2 250 99 4.2 1 278 1 - 114 530 1 903 1 071 56,3 1 071 1 049 22 2.1 218	2 733 1 657 60.6 1 654 1 548 106 6.4 1 076 113 456 1 407 683 48.5 683 637 46.7 215	3 069 2 022 65.9 2 009 1 946 63 3.1 1 047 186 204 248 1 445 842 258.3 842 842 18 2.1
In labar farce	117 184 114 259 144 454 297 139 23 - 14 14	70 179 122 233 91 409 237 151 94 27 32 12 - 20	207 294 247 330 228 727 586 288 15 5	134 321 238 369 191 740 529 317 84 44 29 10 4	166 431 300 340 185 1 011 691 310 93 15 26 18	85 386 284 244 122 802 575 257 55 15 8 2 2 4	152 388 309 320 216 717 533 268 59 22 12 6	103 251 191 297 130 612 409 214 47 20 9 2 4	157 331 207 340 211 840 509 294 37 13 15 2 6
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES  Employed persons 16 years and over Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Prafessional specialty accupations Technicians and related suppart occupations Administrative suppart accupations, including clerical Private household accupations Pratective service occupations Service occupations, except protective and household Farming, forestry, and fishing accupations Precisian productian, craft, and repair occupations Machine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors Transpartation and material maving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers Construction Manufacturing Transportorion, communications, and other utilities Whalesole and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services	1 932 182 352 69 262 294 9 7 7 219 33 253 115 83 54 110 362 93 450 126	1 277 87 122 55 174 204 6 15 173 16 166 114 65 80 36 234 80 323 80 126 286	2 310 249 437 77 212 461 — 34 269 18 294 97 93 69 99 497 152 481 154 83	2 018 237 214 86 249 299 1 65 253 8 271 174 84 77 115 473 126 536 99 103 342	2 468 110 150 91 197 615 - 31 261 57 328 249 239 140 174 709 199 456 145 87 509	1 972 176 157 48 206 413 2 56 301 11 298 171 70 63 144 528 162 399 173 86 349	2 250 178 163 66 216 496 111 78 355 24 284 163 102 114 109 481 167 515 207 121	1 548 129 113 49 109 271 5 14 216 25 296 193 65 63 113 462 103 271 98 63 308	1 946 156 189 100 255 318 2 37 211 85 243 1173 1112 65 106 442 103 412 108 84
CLASS OF WORKER  Employed persons 16 years and over Private wage and solary warkers  Government workers  Local government warkers  Self-emplayed warkers	1 932 1 626 204 113 97	1 277 1 118 94 41 65	2 310 1 877 286 174 142	2 018 1 711 215 135 86	2 468 2 197 213 101 47	1 972 1 655 216 112 83	2 250 1 971 231 139 48	1 548 1 291 146 90 96	1 946 1 642 165 81 120
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 166 1 724 1 236 160 127 227	1 480 1 140 857 119 34 173	2 655 1 998 1 543 200 94 247	2 458 1 870 1 334 202 107 224	2 798 2 209 1 596 293 110 231	2 186 1 758 1 353 194 90 196	2 468 1 855 1 456 213 56 305	1 816 1 422 1 011 177 65 191	2 300 1 712 1 333 145 76 290
OlsaBility  Civilian noninstitutionolized persons 16 to 64 years  With a mability or self-care limitation  With a mobility limitation  In lobar force  With a self-care limitation  With a wark disability  In labor farce  Prevented fram warking  No work disability  In lobar farce  Givilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years  and over  With a mobility ar self-care limitation  With a mobility imitation  With a self-care limitation	64 24 41 182 73 94 2 305	1 751 53 23 - 30 214 62 139 1 537 1 198 468 122 64	2 948 220 104 55 150 256 125 1115 2 692 2 239 1 089 294 195 214	2 848 140 91 14 84 268 67 182 2 580 2 025 612 111 92 57	3 459 156 93 26 89 308 104 175 3 151 2 511 771 160 121 102	2 642 92 26  69 149 52 86 2 493 1 978 433 72 38 58	3 087 177 109 26 136 136 102 169 2 801 2 237 540 57 36 38	2 249 61 38 4 41 171 86 69 2 078 1 545 481 104 81 65	2 571 74 44 2 50 145 67 72 2 426 1 891 299 37 33 19
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989  Na warkers Mean family incame (dallars)  1 warker Mean family incame (dallars)  2 or mare warkers Mean family incame (dollars)	139 25 415 334 42 087 531 58 404	129 20 261 242 20 491 447 37 782	306 23 127 281 26 259 823 45 132	167 29 630 363 30 338 723 45 047	294 21 553 441 26 687 844 44 971	157 19 839 304 30 578 735 49 274	226 20 437 345 32 165 833 45 389	166 18 337 349 27 237 558 46 578	64 22 113 295 32 354 720 50 105

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Doto based on somple and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remoinder of Per Con				Totols f	or split trocts/8N/	A's in Tozewell Co	ounty		
Area	Troct 50.97	Troct 50.98	Troct 201	Troct 203.01	Troct 203.02	Troct 204	Troct 205	Troct 206	Troct 207	Troct 208
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	_	-	1 576 1 023	3 821	4 237	4 580 2 972	3 435 2 381	<b>1 766</b> 991	<b>2 998</b> 1 913	2 836 1 681
In lobor forcePercent of persons 16 years and over	Ξ.	_	64.9	2 598 68.0	2 620 61.8	64.9	69.3	56.1	63.8	59.3
Civilion lobor force	-	-	1 023	2 588	2 601	2 962	2 371 2 252	985 933	1 913 1 849	1 681 1 566
Employed Unemployed	_	-	948 75	2 409 179	2 467 134	2 714 248	119	933 52	64	115
Percent of civilion lobor force	-	-	7.3	6.9	5.2	8.4	5.0	5.3	3.3	6.8 1 155
Not in lobor force Institutionalized persons	_	_	553	1 223	1 617 76	1 608	1 054	775 —	1 085	5:
Enrolled in school	-	-1	27	153	146	168	170	80	55	120
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	_	_:	248	471	659	603	281	414	504	48
Females 16 years and over	_	=	841	1 924	2 224	2 355	1 727	930	1 602	1 49
In lobor forcePercent of femoles 16 years and over	_	_	463 55.1	1 150 59.8	1 152 51.8	1 294 54.9	974 56.4	415 44.6	900 56.2	741 49.9
Civilion lobor force	-	-	463	1 150	1 152	1 294	974	415	900	74
Employed Unemployed	_	=	431 32	1 044 106	1 071 81	1 212 82	933 41	409 6	860 40	71: 36
Percent of civilion lobor force	Ξ.	_	6.9	9.2	7.0	6.3	4.2	1.4	4.4	4.1
With own children under 6 years	-	-	126	275	246	392 197	292 159	59 46	252 181	30 17
In lobor force With own children 6 to 17 years only	_	_	67 121	174 309	152 423	393	446	144	322	24:
In lobor force	-	-	89	248	307	299	311	92	241	16
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	_	_	168	326	363	482	441	93	329	410
All parents present in household in lobor force	-	-	89	193	232	233	222	80	216	24
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	_	_	320	722	885	1 002	1 113	269	688	63:
All porents present in household in lobor force	_	=	226	520	655	686	679	165	521	42
Persons 16 to 19 yearsNot enrolled in school	-	-	110 59	280 68	<b>266</b> 58	<b>377</b> 92	<b>308</b> 54	1 <b>32</b> 18	140 35	200 76 31 31
Unemployed or not in lobor force	_	_	30	23 27	10	49	15	7	19	3
Not high school groduote	-	-	24	27 9	27 17	45 11	18 8	11 11	_	3
EmployedUnemployed	_	_	9	18	_	29	6	'-	=	i
Not in lobor force	-	-	6	-	10	5	4	-	-	
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES		i								
Employed persons 16 years and over	-	- 1	948	2 409	2 467	2 714	2 252	933	1 849	1 566 11:
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Professional specialty occupations	_		77 163	194 121	233 283	149 200	164 168	91 134	181 211	17
Technicions and related support occupations	_	_	23	46	171	83	80	20	88	36
Sales occupationsAdministrative support occupations, including clerical	-	-	94 123	263 378	282 391	316 223	278 350	88 170	195 334	183 213
Privote household occupations	_	=	_	22	-	_	2	-	-	
Protective service occupations	_	-	27	-	55	85	46 282	22 84	43 204	30 30
Service occupations, except protective and household Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations	_	Ξ	201 14	448 28	321 7	497 58	25 349	ĩĩ	12	22
Precision production, croft, and repair occupations	-	-	64	301	314	472		101	211	161 161
Mochine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving accupations	_	_	60 67	288 185	231 103	319 189	264 153	106 56	162 76	7
Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers	-	-	35	135	76	123	153 91	50	132	
Construction	_	-	17	101	169	159	110	62	44	4
Monufocturing Tronsportotion, communications, and other utilities	_		181	700 137	560 85	697 188	645 194	267 63	502 122	280 122
Wholesole and retail trade	_	_	280	592 93	613	775 100	556	195	441	45
Finonce, insuronce, ond real estate	_	_	43 45	93 125	165 104	100 135	91 82	66 33	121 70	457 87 79 347
Professional and related services		Ξ.	206	419	519	405	384	193	400	34
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over			948	2 409	2 467	2 714	2 252	933	1 849	1 566
Privote wage and solory workers	_	=	786	2 089	2 063	2 427	1 945	824	1 537	1 322
Government workers	-	-	98	178	227	171 123	202 124	90 79	190	138 93
Self-employed workers	] [	Ξ	67	115 142	150 177	116	91	19	123 103	10
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in	_	_	1 060	2 840	2 764	3 187	2 509	1 009	2 066	1 86
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	-	-	770	2 072	2 052	2 501 1 770	1 930 1 408	804 602	1 584 1 229	1 420 95 17 12 22
50 to 52 weeks	_	_	566 70	1 469 255	1 664 182	220	219	73	93	17.
27 to 39 weeks	-	-	71	255 153	60	217	109	64 82	76 184	12
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks -	-	-	113	393	362	261	313	02	104	22
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64							0.105	1 204	2 468	2 26
With a mobility or self-core limitation		_	1 272 88	3 241 199	<b>3 369</b> 154	3 886 215	3 105 92	<b>1 306</b> 50	113	81
With a mobility limitation	_	-	62	115	113	82	40	8	50	2
In lobor force With a self-core limitation	_	Ξ	11 43	20 141	7 84	20 163	12 64	42	23 88	6
With o work disobility		-	134	266	382	367	194	114	226	24
In labor force	-	_	42 82	93 142	131 223	150 174	80 83	37 58	103 98	24: 6: 13
Prevented from workingNo work disability	_	_	1 138	2 975	2 987	3 519	2 911	1 192	2 242	2 024 1 590
In lobor force	-	-	925	2 396	2 361	2 731	2 252	920	1 784	1 590
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	_	_	304	570	773	684	320	454	530	51
With a mobility or self-care limitation	-	-	40	194	184	99	88	69	79 56	13º 108
With a mobility limitation With a self-core limitation	_	_	34	135 128	128 110	80 64	76 57	57 38	56 44	8
	_	_	"	120	110	•		•		
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989								• • • •	220	14
No workers	-	-	78 18 896	197 19 464	280 21 135	242 18 386	97 14 136	144 21 860	230 18 419	16 12 84
1 worker		_	210	319	411	583	392	162	257	318
Mean family income (dollors)	-	-	25 035	27 910 910	36 571 785	26 690 869	31 577 808	31 925 290	29 143 700	22 667 492
2 or more workers Mean fomily income (dollors)	] [	_	49 312	42 944	46 509	39 494	43 999	43 436	41 836	32 450

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Totals for	split trocts/BNA's	s in Tazewell Caunt	ry—Con.			
Area	Troct 209	Tract 211.01	Troct 211.02	Tract 212.01	Tract 212.02	Tract 212.03	Tract 215	Tract 216.03	Tract 216.04	Tract 216.06
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over In labor force	1 <b>758</b> 985	<b>5 544</b> 3 492	4 453 2 735	1 574 1 114	2 490 1 568	3 021 1 913	<b>4 799</b> 3 227	3 043 2 209	1 <b>672</b> 1 163	3 531 2 248
Percent af persans 16 years and over Civilian labor farce Emplayed Unemplayed	56.0 985 827 158	63.0 3 492 3 262 230	61.4 2 723 2 572 151	70.8 1 106 1 061 45	63.0 1 568 1 511 57	63.3 1 908 1 808 100	67.2 3 221 3 086 135	72.6 2 209 2 161 48	69.6 1 163 1 130 33	63.7 2 241 2 224 17
Percent af civilian labor force Not in labar farce Institutianalized persons	16.0 773 -	6.6 2 052 229	5.5 1 718 86	4.1 460 —	3.6 922 135	5.2 1 108 73	4.2 1 572 94 203	2.2 834 - 72	2.8 509 - 36	.8 1 283 353 119
Enralled in school	84 311 <b>928</b>	759 3 148	785 <b>2 417</b>	47 139 <b>841</b>	408 1 351	456 1 <b>625</b>	533 <b>2 408</b>	250 1 <b>573</b>	319 916	417 <b>1 909</b>
In labor force Percent af females 16 years and over Civilian labar farce Employed	445 48.0 445 392	1 607 51.0 1 607 1 486	1 247 51.6 1 247 1 183	509 60.5 509 475	694 51.4 694 659	886 54.5 886 853	1 379 57.3 1 379 1 310	963 61.2 963 930	570 62.2 570 564	961 50.3 961 957
Unemplayed Percent af civilian labor force With own children under 6 years In lobar farce	53 11.9 176 81	7.5 590 337	64 5.1 247 153	34 6.7 131 67	35 5.0 133 91	33 3.7 275 170	69 5.0 436 268	33 3.4 310 169	6 1.1 66 40	4 .4 244 146
With own children 6 to 17 years anly In lobar farce Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	132 99 <b>263</b>	488 372 <b>760</b>	395 342 <b>354</b>	225 173 234	246 201 188	313 256 <b>384</b>	420 313 <b>658</b>	393 326 <b>398</b>	141 132 <b>72</b>	330 265 <b>328</b>
All parents present in household in labor farce Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies All parents present in household in labor farce	126 439 258	433 1 148 770	215 850 689	125 448 330	134 503 353	223 667 512	406 <b>927</b> 627	215 955 709	43 <b>361</b> 314	168 771 529
Persons 16 to 19 years  Not enralled in school  Unemplayed or not in labar farce  Not high school graduote	138 39 27 14	438 134 62	317 10 10 10	116 17 10 14	160 - - -	158 29 8	285 37 12 7	225 19 13	<b>95</b> 14 – –	<b>249</b> 17 - -
Emplayed Unemplayed Nat in labar force	4 5 5	64 25 6 33	10	7	Ξ	- - 8	7 - -	=	=	Ξ
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES  Employed persons 16 years and over  Executive, administrative, and managerial accupations  Professional specialty occupations	827 51 57	3 262 286 307	2 572 382 551	1 061 59 220	1 511 251 297	1 808 170 194	3 086 355 498	2 161 329 519	1 130 174 233	2 224 329 426
Technicions and related support occupations Sales occupations Administrative support occupations, including clerical Private househald occupations	21 81 88 5	106 408 637 12	85 373 459	54 114 176	42 183 313 8	65 187 409	102 351 664 7	96 209 393	68 106 228	38 304 404
Pratective service accupations Service occupations, except protective and household Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	168 7 134	68 400 43 409	38 214 33 156	7 137 6 98	129 - 124	41 173 16 220	28 224 79 421	12 154 51 196	5 128 11 66	15 174 57 197
Mochine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	117 63 30	293 214 79	122 90 57	83 65 42	67 79 12	162 84 78	174 125 58	39 87 76	66 32 13	114 93 73
Canstruction Manufacturing Transpartation, communications, and other utilities Wholesale and retail trade	52 176 62 233	130 744 251 913	81 539 175 521	101 320 32 159	71 415 103 265	108 430 108 353	226 706 249 636	155 515 159 421	33 312 85 226	111 521 128 433
Finance, insurance, ond real estate Business and repair services Professianol and related services	27 29 188	253 104 618	240 122 678	34 43 303	100 43 428	122 105 466	220 125 667	63 120 593	99 48 251	180 72 570
CLASS OF WORKER  Employed persons 16 years and over  Privote wage and salary warkers	827 724	3 262 2 836	2 572 2 055 359	1 061 867 93	1 511 1 198 132	1 808 1 513 206	3 086 2 574 287	2 161 1 840 176	1 130 970 120	2 224 1 840 290
Government workers	64 45 39	311 155 107	239 151	48 94	101 161	104 81	127 207	124 135	93 40	172 94
WORK STATUS IN 1989  Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989  Usuolly warked 35 ar more haurs per week	1 033 714	3 815 2 838	2 931 2 259	1 217 852	1 714 1 254	<b>2 014</b> 1 541	3 483 2 677	2 388 1 793	1 295 942 742	2 452 1 782 1 371
50 to 52 weeks	442 61 69 126	2 002 282 178 444	1 509 311 206 327	631 91 66 197	981 117 68 230	1 120 191 109 276	2 184 213 120 442	1 455 112 110 295	68 60 156	158 106 333
DISABILITY  Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64							4 004	2 761	1 325	2 684
years With a mability ar self-care limitatian With a mability limitation In labor farce With a self-care limitation	1 421 121 34 4	4 502 211 117	3 476 65 47 18	1 427 12 5	1 878 55 17	2 430 46 31	4 086 147 75 24	98 26 7	42 5 5 37	65 11
With a self-care limitatian	110 125 21 99	127 356 104 235	26 172 95 70	9 80 43 30	50 83 49 28	20 200 27 124	103 300 137 123	85 134 60 57	41 34 —	60 87 50 31
No work disability In labor force Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	1 296 938 337	4 146 3 334 813	3 304 2 534 879	1 347 1 063 139	1 795 1 471 <b>477</b>	2 230 1 842 513	3 786 3 004 <b>613</b>	2 627 2 117 282	1 284 1 101 <b>347</b>	2 597 2 121 <b>487</b>
With a mobility ar self-care limitotian With a mobility limitatian With a self-care limitatian	114 94 43	117 74 93	160 144 71	23 15 18	106 106 59	110 53 77	76 62 27	30 30 -	27 20 14	56 39 49
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989  Na warkers Mean family income (dallars)	117 17 371	253 16 602	259 26 115	67 31 022	80 22 196	191 17 636 370	204 24 578 471	86 25 439 346	41 29 458 159	101 46 635 257
Morker     Mean family incame (dallars)     Ar mare workers     Mean family incame (dallars)	196 17 089 325 32 746	564 19 438 1 170 43 250	464 43 213 948 53 187	167 37 876 384 54 581	228 57 505 584 57 066	370 33 432 623 43 892	40 690 1 148 63 659	56 934 805 66 678	37 136 379 47 542	40 423 869 62 009

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		To	ntols for split trocts	/8NA's in Tazewe	II Caunty—Con.			East Pe	onia city, Tazewell C	ounty
Area	Tract 217.02	Troct 218.01	Troct 218.02	Tract 221	Tract 222	Tract 223	Tract 224	Tract 201 (pt.)	Tract 201.99	Tract 202
LABOR FORCE STATUS			1 570			0.450	0.004	1 574	- 4	794
Persons 16 years ond over	<b>3 759</b> 2 436	2 482 1 505	1 <b>579</b> 975	2 688 1 831	3 058 2 273	<b>2 652</b> 1 762	3 <b>924</b> 2 742	1 <b>576</b> 1 <b>023</b>	4	470
Percent of persons 16 years and aver Civilian lobar farce	64.8 2 434	60.6 1 505	61.7 975	68.1 1 821	74.3 2 273	66.4 1 756	69.9 2 742	64.9 1 023	100.0	59.2 470
Emplayed	2 351	1 362 143	922	1 766	2 1 <b>7</b> 9 94	1 706 50	2 612 130	948 75	-	377 93
UnemplayedPercent af civilian labor force	83 3.4	9.5	53 5.4	55 3.0	4.1	2.8	4.7	7.3	_	19.8
Nat in labar force Institutionalized persons	1 323	977	604	857	785 —	890 113	1 182	553	_	32
Enralled in schaal Noninstitutianalized persans 65 years and over, not	163	114	56	123	86	157	123	27	-	2
enralled in school	533	260	269	447	318	286	474	248	-	130
Females 16 years and over	1 <b>890</b> 998	1 <b>27</b> 1 647	<b>760</b> 364	1 <b>432</b> 891	1 548 1 059	1 <b>429</b> 825	2 035 1 177	<b>841</b> 463	Ξ.	<b>39</b>
Percent af females 16 years and over	52.8 998	50.9 647	47.9 364	62.2 891	68.4 1 059	57.7 825	57.8   1 177	55.1 463	Ξ	45. 18
Emplayed	969	590	342	873	1 028	801	1 136	431 32	_	13 4
UnemplayedPercent of civilian labar farce	29 2.9	57 8.8	22 6.0	18 2.0	31 2.9	24 2.9	41 3.5	6.9	-	26.
With own children under 6 years In labar farce	299 126	202 121	87 41	201 141	268 188	138 81	269 185	126 67	_	10
With own children 6 ta 17 years only	407	293	152	273	261	299 229	480 396	121 89	-	4 4 3
In labor farce Own children under 6 years in families and	329	183	113	237	215				_	
SubfamiliesAll parents present in household in labor farce	<b>423</b> 176	<b>269</b> 145	139 66	<b>257</b> 176	331 248	<b>259</b> 156	358 245	1 <b>68</b> 89	_	12 4
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and								320	_	14
subfamillesAll parents present in househald in labar farce	<b>891</b> 658	<b>751</b> 461	<b>350</b> 241	<b>597</b> 481	<b>643</b> 480	<b>608</b> 472	<b>998</b> 764	226	=	144 93 56 56 4
Persons 16 to 19 yearsNat enralled in school	<b>295</b> 32	<b>225</b> 86	<b>84</b> 29	<b>207</b> 26	<b>234</b> 57	251 48	355 90	11 <b>0</b> 59	_	5
Unemplayed or not in labor farce	8	56 29	6	5	17 25	22	34 16	30 24		4
Not high school graduate Emplayed	5	10	6 -	_	19	-	11	9	-	3
Unemplayed Not in labar farce	- 6	13 6	- 6	_	- 6	- 6	5 –	9 6	Ξ	34
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 351	1 362	922	1 766	2 179	1 706	2 612	948	-	37
Executive, administrative, and managenal occupations	207 308	86 82	29 76	196 274	242 354	176 358	163   220	77 163	_	1: 1:
Technicians and reloted support accupations	57	27	16	7 <b>7</b>	87	107 223	93 299	23 94	_	20
Sales accupationsAdministrative support accupations, including clerical	298 393	116 19 <b>7</b>	122 154	210 322	241 483	254 254	569	123	=	39
Private hausehold occupationsProtective service occupations	8 28	18	8 7	22	- 45	- 6	24	27	Ξ	
Service accupations, except protective and hausehold	199	210	87	22 226	178	178 26	294 19	201 14	Ξ	6
Farming, farestry, and fishing occupations Precision production, craft, and repair accupations	148 332	29 217	59 165	64 170	15 235 159	126	373	64	_	5 8 1:
Machine aperators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material maving occupations	130 107	221 90	93 58	121	159 63	106 71	231 147	60 67	Ξ	8 1:
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	136	69	48	55 29	77	<b>7</b> 5	173	67 35	-	1.
Canstruction Manufacturing	186 485	58 372	47 315	83 352	72 537	121 346	117 668	17 181	_	23 140
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	170	101	67	352 128 382	95	129 416	219 708	62 280	_	2.8
Whalesale and retail tradeFinance, insurance, and real estate	501 203	300 69	180 34	113	561 129	92	132	43	_	4
8usiness and repair servicesProfessional and related services	69 420	84 275	31 126	59 476	105 525	43 476	131 489	45 206	Ξ	1:
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 351	1 362	922	1 766	2 179	1 706	2 612	948	_	377
Private wage and salary workers	1 896	1 160	709 91	1 446	1 874 210	1 425 192	2 317 187	786 98	_	348
Gavernment warkersLacal government warkers	239 177	81 54 97	50 107	172 98	123	69	88	67	-	1:
Self-emplayed workers	199	97	107	142	95	89	108	64	_	ı;
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in	2 685	1 595	1 078	2 019	2 398	1 945	2 846	1 060	4	47:
Usually warked 35 ar mare haurs per week	2 020	1 232	834	1 549	1 830 1 428	1 326 1 011	2 118 1 628	770 566	4 2	37 21:
50 ta 52 weeks	1 459 242	910 106	600 91	1 219 143	176	107	147	70	_	8
27 to 39 weeks Usually warked 1 ta 34 haurs per week, 40 to 52 weeks _	122 294	76 172	12 119	60 239	79 326	103 335	198 432	71 113	Ξ	8. 3'
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionolized persons 16 to 64										
years	3 170	2 210 94	1 277	2 190	<b>2 678</b> 106	<b>2 210</b> 72	3 408 81	1 <b>272</b> 88	=	<b>65</b>
With a mobility ar self-care limitatian With a mobility limitatian	115	59	18 9	76 13	49	30	24	62	-	3:
In labor force With a self-care limitation	17	16 54	18	76	16 76	10 52	69	11 43	Ξ	4
With a wark disability	188 68	200 72	18 65 23 42	133 84	153 55	111 40	223 87	134 42	-	13- 4
In labor force Prevented fram warking	101	121		46	88	49	119	82	-	4 7 51
No wark disability In labar force	2 982 2 318	2 010 1 421	1 212 919	2 057 1 703	2 525 2 163	2 099 1 679	3 185 2 613	1 138 925		42
Civillan noninstitutionolized persons 65 years and over	587	272	302	488	380	323	516	304	-	14
With a mobility ar self-care limitation	113	77	52 38	106	33	49	122	40	_	143 33 34
With a mability limitation With a self-care limitation	81 62	55 48	38 27	92 38	27 21	41 20	65 85	34 13	-	31
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
Na workers	183	160	107	132	91	54	143	78	-	7 622
Mean family incame (dallars)	22 942 393	15 637 321	26 552 173	43 418 224	27 077 264	26 180 233	17 780 335	18 896 210	_	7 622 100 19 064 113
Adam Camilla Innova (d. Hans)	34 632	24 042	34 255	37 969	36 068	37 592	31 806	25 035	-	19 064
Mean family income (dollars)2 ar mare warkers	872	479	365	676	792	634	992	277	_	32 99

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sampling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Eost Peorio	city, Tozewell Count	ry—Con.			
Area	Troct 203.01 (pt.)	Troct 203.02 (pt.)	Troct 204 (pt.)	Troct 205 (pt.)	Troct 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 212.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.03 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over In lobor force Percent of persons 16 years ond over Civilion lobor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force Institutionolized persons Enrolled in school Noninstitutionolized persons 65 years ond over, not	3 172 2 212 69.7 2 202 2 038 164 7.4 960	4 199 2 598 61.9 2 579 2 445 134 5.2 1 601 76 146	-			2 393 1 508 63.0 1 508 1 451 57 3.8 885 135 103	2 689 1 683 62.6 1 678 1 585 93 5.5 1 006 73 88	679 451 66.4 445 439 6 1.3 228	1 160 650 56.0 659 639 11 1.7 510
enrolled in school  Females 16 years and over  In lobor force  Percent of femoles 16 years ond over  Civilion lobor force  Employed  Unemployed  Percent of civilion lobor force  With own children under 6 years  In lobor force  With own children 6 to 17 years only  In lobor force  Own children under 6 years in familles and	363 1 584 976 61.6 976 877 99 10.1 246 154 275 231	659 2 208 1 152 52.2 1 152 1 071 81 7.0 236 152 423 307	-			395 1 314 675 51.4 675 640 35 5.2 133 91 237 201	423 1 462 795 54.4 795 762 33 4.2 269 164 287 237	117 377 213 56.5 213 207 6 2.8 64 43 68 51	308 679 265 39.0 265 265 — 63 41 101 94
Subfamilies All porents present in household in lobor force Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies All parents present in household in lobor force Persons 16 to 19 years Not enrolled in school Unemployed or not in lobor force Not high school groduate Employed Unemployed Not in lobor force Not lobor force	296 175 613 475 210 57 23 27 9	352 232 885 655 266 58 10 27 17 —				188 134 493 353 145 	376 215 596 461 138 13 - - -	107 91 133 110 39 10 - - - -	59 37 196 162 61 14 14 5 -
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES  Employed persons 16 years and over	2 038 175 100 20 219 312 22 382 28 233 260 161 126 64 626 119 486 68 116 345	2 445 224 283 171 282 391 - 55 321 7 307 225 103 76 169 547 85 604 165				1 451 242 292 42 166 306 8 6 116 - 115 67 79 12 67 394 103 230 100 43 428	1 585 131 166 65 176 375 9 19 158 16 179 136 81 74 93 357 105 316 109 92 2412	439 399 34 199 39 85 - 6 422 111 611 38 555 10 57 77 411 1000 18 22 63	639 21 76 28 103 120 - 58 - 67 63 58 45 37 147 61 174 19 43
CLASS OF WORKER  Employed persons 16 years and over Privote woge and solory workers  Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers	2 038 1 758 162 107 118	2 445 2 041 227 150 177	=	=	:	1 451 1 161 132 101 145	1 585 1 344 178 83 63	439 378 35 13 26	<b>639</b> 543 64 38 32
WORK STATUS IN 1989  Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989  Usually worked 35 or more hours per week 50 to 52 weeks 40 to 49 weeks 27 to 39 weeks Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	2 369 1 743 1 286 190 113 332	2 738 2 036 1 648 182 60 352	=	=	-	1 644 1 225 952 117 68 216	1 776 1 354 973 175 85 249	486 377 286 32 18 51	687 533 350 36 70 90
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years With a mobility or self-core limitation With o mobility limitation In lobor force With a self-care limitation With o work disobility In lobor force Prevented from working No work disobility In lobor force Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over With a mobility or self-core limitation With a mobility or self-core limitation With o mobility limitation With o self-care limitation	2 708 157 91 14 109 174 66 85 2 534 2 045 454 160 111	3 331 148 113 7 78 382 131 223 2 949 2 339 773 184 128 110				1 794 55 17 - 50 83 49 28 1 711 1 411 464 106 106 59	2 131 46 31 - 20 173 19 124 1 958 1 620 480 98 41 77	551 11 6  5 17 6 11 534 434 122 9 - 9	831 19 - - 19 62 28 24 769 601 329 87 43
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989  No workers	19 520 282 27 214 752	274 21 321 411 36 571 776 46 083	- - - -		=	71 21 818 228 57 505 561 56 630	185 17 508 310 32 155 556 43 386	40 23 795 44 23 274 178 54 329	52 16 483 103 27 292 228 45 479

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Doto based on somple and subject to sompling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Morton	villoge, Tozewell	County			Pekin city	(pt.), Tazewel	County
Area	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 216.03 (pt.)	Troct 216.04 (pt.)	Troct 216.05	Troct 216.06 (pt.)	Troct 217	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 206 (pt.)	Troct 207 (pt.)	Troct 208 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and aver	1 290 851	2 192 1 550	1 658 1 149	2 172 1 356	<b>3 444</b> 2 193	=	Ξ	<b>1 766</b> 991	2 942 1 872	2 <b>83</b> 6 1 681
Percent of persons 16 years and over	66.0	70.7	69.3	62.4	63.7	-	-	56.1 985	63.6 1 872	59.3 1 681
Civilion lobor force	851 832	1 550 1 511	1 149 1 116	1 340 1 328	2 186 2 169	Ξ	_	933	1 808	1 566
Unemployed	19 2.2	39 2.5	33 2.9	12 .9	17 .8	-	_	52 5.3	64 3.4	115
Percent of civilion lobor forceNot in lobor force	439	642	509	816	1 251	Ξ.	_	775	1 070	1 155
Institutionalized personsEnrolled in school	52	55	36	91	353 112	_		- 80	55	52 120
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not								414	494	481
enrolled in school Females 16 years and aver	199 <b>671</b>	201 1 120	319 <b>909</b>	455 1 128	392 1 <b>867</b>	_	_	930	1 577	1 498
In lobar force Percent of femoles 16 years and over	380 56.6	642 57.3	563 61.9	599 53.1	941 50.4		_	415 44.6	879 55.7	748 49.9
Civilion lobar force	380	642	563	599	941	-	-	415 409	879 839	748 712
EmployedUnemployed	361 19	618 24	557 6	591 8	937 4	=	_	6	40	36
Percent of civilion lobor force	5.0 143	3.7 202	1.1 66	1.3 169	.4 238	_		1.4 59	4.6 240	4.8 305
With own children under 6 years In lobar force	83	93	40	93	140	-	-	46	169	172
With own children 6 to 17 years only In lobor force	54 38	260 220	141 132	211 168	323 258	Ξ	_	144 92	321 241	245 169
Own children under 6 years in families and								93	319	410
SubfamiliesAll porents present in household in lobor force	<b>209</b> 112	251 114	72 43	<b>231</b> 158	<b>314</b> 154	Ξ	_	80	206	241
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and	155	593	361	466	750	_	_	269	676	633
All parents present in household in lobor force	117	462	314	319	508	-	-	165	512	421 <b>20</b> 3
Persons 16 to 19 years	<b>69</b> 8	<b>169</b> 19	<b>95</b> 14	1 <b>35</b> 25	<b>236</b> 17		_	1 <b>32</b> 18	1 <b>36</b> 35	76
Unemployed or not in lobor force	-	13	-	9	-	-	_	7	19	32 38
Not high school groduote Employed	_	Ξ	Ξ.	9	Ξ	_	=	11	-	76 32 38 17
Unemployed Not in lobor force	_	Ξ	_	=	_	_		_	_	13
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES Employed persons 16 years and aver	832	1 511	1 116	1 328	2 169	_	_	933	1 808	1 566
Executive, administrative, and managenal accupations	79	249	174	124	329	-	-	91 134	181 208	113 171
Professional specialty occupations Technicions and related support occupations	145 31	421 60	233 61	186 70	414 38	_	_	20	88	36
Soles occupationsAdministrative support occupations, including clencol	105 231	158 289	99 228	196 300	304 390		-	88 170	186 334	183 212
Private household occupations	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	22	34	32
Protective service occupationsService occupations, except protective and household	16 51	12 75	5 128	12 174	15 174	_	=	84	201	307
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations	14 88	13	11 66	15 121	28 197	-	Ξ	11	8 208	22 167
Precision production, croft, ond repoir occupations  Mochine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors	33	105 34	66	48	114	_	_	106	156	162
Tronsportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	26 13	37 58	32 13	27 55	93 73	_	=	56 50	76 128	71 90
Construction	38	91	33	64	111	_	_	62	_44	47
Monufocturing	219 78	351 125	312 78	262 91	515 128		-	267 63	502 119	280 122
Tronsportotion, communications, and other utilities Wholesole and retail trade	199	296	226	302	433	_	-	195	425	457 87 79
Finance, insurance, and real estateBusiness and repair services	45 32	52 86	99 48	96 58	180 72	_	_	66	121 61	79
Professional and related services	178	446	244	378	557	-	-	193	391	347
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and aver	832	1 511	1 116	1 328	2 169 1 800	-	-	933 824	1 <b>808</b> 1 500	1 566 1 322
Privote wage and solory workersGovernment workers	722 44	1 301 148	956 120	1 182 97	290	_	-	90	190	138
Locol government workersSelf-employed workers	24 66	100 62	93 40	64 49	172 79	_	_	79 19	102	101
	00	02		٠,	.,					
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and aver who worked in	920	1 691	1 281	1 501	2 394	-	-	1 009	2 025	1 867
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week 50 to 52 weeks	766 623	1 261 1 033	928 728	1 084 813	1 751 1 340	_		804 602	1 558 1 216	1 426 955 174
40 to 49 weeks	60	76	68	108	158	-	-	73	84 76	174
27 to 39 weeksUsuolly worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks _	24 100	82 198	60 156	66 257	106 312	-	_	64 82	172	221
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64										
years	1 065	1 959 55	1 311 42	1 <b>670</b> 36	2 630 65	_		1 306 50	2 425 107	2 269 88
With o mobility or self-core limitotion	38 27	13	5	17	11	-	-	8	50 23	88 29
In lobor force With o self-core limitotion	11 26	7 49	5 37	13 36	5 60	_	Ξ	42	82	64 245 63 131
With o work disobility	92 53	82 32	41 34	54 46	87 50	_	Ξ	114 37	216 97	245 63
With o work disobility	21	33	-	4	31	=	-	58	94	131 2 024
No work disability In lobor force	- 973 772	1 877 1 <b>48</b> 6	1 270 1 087	1 616 1 268	2 543 2 074	_	Ξ	1 192 920	2 209 1 752	1 590
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years			347	486	454			454	517	515
With a mobility or self-core limitation	<b>225</b> 16	<b>233</b> 30	27	83 54	56	=	=	69	79	139
With o mobility limitationWith o self-care limitation	16 8	30	20 14	54 56	39 49	Ξ	=	57 38	56 44	108 89
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
No workers	57	53	20 459	152	101	-	-	144 21 860	230 18 419	161 12 844
Mean fomily income (dollors)	26 023	28 728 272	29 458 159	31 833 230	46 635 239	=	=	162	246	318
1 worker	152									
	34 257 274	61 866 541	37 136 372	47 201 427	40 751 848		_	31 925 290 43 436	27 517 688 42 247	22 667 492 32 450

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sompling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	l lower for general	Woshington city,	Tozewell County							
Area	Troct 209 (pt.)	Troct 210	Troct 211.01 (pt.)	Tract 211.02 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 218.01 (pt.)	Troct 218.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 221 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS  Persons 16 years and over In lobor force Percent of persons 16 years and over  Civilion lobor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force Not in lobor force	1 758 985 56.0 985 827 158 16.0 773	4 718 2 619 55.5 2 610 2 433 177 6.8 2 099	5 544 3 492 63.0 3 492 3 262 230 6.6 2 052	4 030 2 414 59.9 2 402 2 278 124 5.2 1 616	622 463 74.4 463 409 54 11.7	381 270 70.9 270 263 7 2.6	202 179 88.6 179 162 17 9.5 23	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	-	2 360 1 566 66.4 1 556 1 501 55 3.5 794
Institutionalized persons Enrolled in school Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school Females 16 years and over In lobor force Percent of females 16 years and over Civilion lobor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force With own children under 6 years In lobor force With own children 6 to 17 years only	84 311 928 445 48.0 445 392 53 11.9 176 81	74 191 965 2 525 1 139 45.1 1 139 1 079 60 5.3 475 268 325	229 154 759 3 148 1 607 51.0 1 607 1 486 121 7.5 590 337 488	86 181 750 2 212 1 087 49.1 1 087 1 029 58 5.3 219 142	34 297 172 57.9 172 143 29 16.9 84 46	7 59 177 115 65.0 115 108 7 6.1 34 19	18 109 98 89,9 98 87 11 11.2 24 45			116 416 1 <b>255</b> 761 60.6 761 18 2.4 186 135 248
In lobor force  Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies  All parents present in household in lobor force  Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies  All parents present in household in lobor force  Persons 16 to 19 years  Not enrolled in school  Unemployed or not in lobor force  Not high school graduate  Employed  Unemployed	99 263 126 439 258 138 39 27 14 4 5	234 558 295 887 565 338 100 45 47 18	372 760 433 1 148 770 438 134 62 64 25 6	307 301 178 765 624 280 10 10 10 10	51 118 72 146 99 23 7 - 7	14 46 28 39 39 7 	29 29 127 127 6 - - -	- - - - - - -	-	243 171 532 416 181 26 5
Not in lobor force  OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES  Employed persons 16 years and over  Executive, odministrotive, ond monogeriol occupations  Technicions and related suppart occupations  Seles occupations  Administrotive support occupations, including derical  Private household occupations  Protective service occupations  Service occupations, except protective and household  Framing, forestry, and fishing occupations  Precision production, croft, and repair occupations  Protective service occupations, except protective and household  Service occupations, except protective and household  Framing, forestry, and insing occupations  Procision production, croft, and repair occupations  Mochine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors  Transpartation and material maving occupations  Hondlers, equipment deaners, helpers, and loborers  Construction  Monufacturing  Transpartation, communications, and other utilities  Wholesale and related trade	81 88 5 5 168 7 134 117 63 30 52 176 62	2 433 202 223 70 303 371 - 28 343 27 334 241 185 106 174 596 131	3262 286 307 106 408 637 12 68 400 43 409 293 214 79 130 744 251 913	2 278 365 538 66 326 390 - 38 181 25 130 97 75 47 71 466 153	- 409 34 44 16 42 78 8  29 25 89 27 5 20 25 76 32 92	- 263 - 25 8 67 31 - 8 36 - 49 6 12 21 20 53 30 45	- 162 16 16 16 16 32 33 32 33 5 4 4 9 43 16 37	-		1 501 183 240 68 197 275 - 22 187 21 148 88 49 23 71 288 128
Finonce, insuronce, ond real estate Business and repair services Professional and related services  CLASS OF WORKER  Employed persons 16 years and over Private wage and solary workers Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers	29 188 <b>827</b> 724	186 38 478 2 433 2 135 182 166 116	253 104 618 3 262 2 836 311 155 107	225 90 626 2 278 1 796 334 231 141	34 33 78 409 372 13 -	26 7 38 <b>263</b> 206 44 32 13	6 11 40 162 135 5 -	=	-	106 59 433 1 <b>501</b> 1 220 157 90 118
WORK STATUS IN 1989  Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989  Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	714 442	2 855 2 161 1 492 284 114 340	3 815 2 838 2 002 282 178 444	2 626 2 060 1 328 311 196 256	465 366 306 30 12 47	297 239 166 17 36 29	184 152 100 24 12	- - - -	- - - - -	1 722 1 334 1 077 102 60 211
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years With a mobility or self-care limitation With a mobility limitation In labor force With a self-care limitation With a work disability In labor force Prevented from working No work disability In labor force Prevented from working No work disability In labor force Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over With a mobility or self-care limitation With a self-care limitation	121 34 4 110 125 21 99 1 296 938 337 114	3 600 153 79 109 285 51 203 3 315 2 489 1 035 228 166	4 502 211 117 127 356 104 235 4 146 3 334 813 117 74	3 098 44 37 8 15 150 85 58 2 948 2 233 834 141 125 52	577 32 16 - 32 54 17 31 523 435 44 4	322 13 6 6 7 34 22 12 288 248 248 59 18 18	184    6 6 6 - 178 173 18 	-		1 900 76 13 - 76 110 61 46 1 790 1 468 450 106 92 38
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989  No workers	117 17 371 196 17 089 325	381 19 682 475 27 788 871 42 955	253 16 602 564 19 438 1 170 43 250	253 26 498 397 45 528 841 55 158	28 10 929 69 31 590 145 57 924	5 12 428 34 31 377 95 40 903	- 26 20 256 66 40 744	- - -		130 40 918 209 37 482 570 48 279

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Dato bosed on sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms ond meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Washingtan o	city, Tazewell Count	ty—Con.	-Con. Remoinder of Tazewell Caunty						
Area	Troct 222 (pt.)	Tract 223 (pt.)	Tract 224 (pt.)	Tract 201 (pt.)	Tract 203.01 (pt.)	Tract 203.02 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over In labor farce Percent of persons 16 years and over Civilian lobor force Employed Unemplayed Percent of civilian labor farce Institutionalized persons Enralled in school Naninstitutionalized persons 65 years and aver, nat	73.3	2 020 1 292 64.0 1 286 1 254 32 2.5 728 113	912 684 75.0 684 652 32 4.7 228	1	649 386 59.5 386 371 15 3.9 263 —	38 22 57.9 22 22 - - 16 -	4 580 2 972 64.9 2 962 2 714 248 8.4 1 608	3 435 2 381 69.3 2 371 2 252 119 5.0 1 054 -	-	56 41 73.2 41 41 - - 15 -
enrolled in schaal  Females 16 years and over In labar farce Percent of females 16 years ond over Civilian labar force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labar farce With own children under 6 years. In labar farce With avn children 6 to 17 years only In labar farce Own children under 6 years in families and	66.6 835 810 25 3.0 203 143	254 1 094 612 55.9 612 593 19 3.1 113 75 239 183	36 432 283 65.5 283 278 5 1.8 83 67 130		108 340 174 51.2 174 167 7 4.0 29 20 34 17	16     10 	603 2 355 1 294 54.9 1 294 1 212 82 6.3 392 197 393 299	281 1 727 974 56.4 974 933 41 4.2 292 159 446 311	-	10 25 21 84.0 21 21 21 12 12
subfamilles  All parents present in hausehold in labar farce  Own children 6 to 17 years in familles and subfamilles  All parents present in hausehold in labar farce  Persons 16 to 19 years  Nat enralled in school  Unemplayed or not in labar farce  Emplayed  Emplayed  Unemplayed  Not in labar farce  Not in labar farce	495 344 179 51 11 19	203 132 490 375 174 24 13 6 - -	143 105 249 196 73 23 3 5 5		30 18 109 45 70 11 	11      	482 233 1 002 686 377 92 49 45 11 29 5	441 222 1 113 679 308 54 15 18 8 6 4	- - - - -	10 10 12 9 4 - - -
CCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES  Employed persons 16 years and over	194 266 72 213 382 - 39 135 15 189 116 50 70 72 410 89 486 108	1 254 115 281 76 192 209 6 118 7 70 81 64 35 74 276 106 290 75 31	652 697 31 222 51 120 		371 19 21 26 44 66 - - 66 68 28 24 9 37 74 18 106 25 9	22 9 - - - - - 7 6 - - - 13 - - -	2 714 149 200 83 316 223 - 58 472 319 189 123 159 697 188 775 100	2 252 164 168 80 278 350 2 46 282 25 349 264 153 91 110 645 194 556 91 82 384		41 -3 3 -9 - -9 3 3 4 3 6 - - - 3 16 - - 9 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
CLASS OF WORKER  Employed persons 16 years and over  Private wage and salary warkers  Covemment warkers  Local gavernment workers  Self-employed warkers	1 505 147 74	1 254 1 043 140 50 71	652 577 62 23 13	1	371 331 16 8 24	22 22 - - -	2 714 2 427 171 123 116	2 252 1 945 202 124 91	=	41 37 - - 1
WORK STATUS IN 1989  Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989  Usually warked 35 ar more hours per week  50 to 52 weeks 40 to 49 weeks 27 to 39 weeks  Usually warked 1 to 34 haurs per week, 40 ta 52 weeks	1 493 1 143 133 79	1 424 964 765 92 59 238	<b>705</b> 514 425 50 39 94	11111	471 329 183 65 40	26 16 16 - - 10	3 187 2 501 1 770 220 217 261	2 509 1 930 1 408 219 109 313	-	41 26 13 9 -
Civillon noninstitutionolized persons 16 to 64 years With a mobility or self-care limitation With a mobility limitation In labar force With a self-care limitation With a self-care limitation In labar force Prevented fram working Na wark disability In labor force Prevented fram working Na wark disability In labor farce Civillon noninstitutionolized persons 65 years ond over With a mobility limitation With a self-care limitation With a self-care limitation	106 49 16 76 129 48 8 81 2 040 1 717 306	1 631 64 22 10 52 85 28 35 1 546 1 242 270 47 41	867 18 10 	-	533 42 24 6 32 92 27 57 441 351 116 34 24	38 6 - - 6 - - 38 22	3 886 215 82 20 163 367 150 174 3 519 2 731 684 99 80 64	3 105 92 40 12 64 194 80 83 2 911 2 252 320 88 76 57	-	43 6 - 6 10 6 4 33 32 13 - -
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989  Na warkers	25 664 213 38 140 625	41 22 605 161 38 847 503 47 215	32 19 700 93 27 485 246 44 279	-	41 19 254 37 33 209 158 37 139	12 650 - - - 9 83 199	242 18 386 583 26 690 869 39 494	97 14 136 392 31 577 808 43 999	-	- 11 65 508 12 18 325

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sampling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Remoinder of Tozewell County—Con.								
Area	Troct 208 (pt.)	Troct 209 (pt.)	Troct 211.01 (pt.)	Troct 211.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 212.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.03 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 216.03 (pt.)	Troct 216.04 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS	(									
Persons 16 years and over	-	-	=	<b>423</b> 321	<b>1 574</b> 1 114	97 60	<b>332</b> 230	2 208 1 462	<b>851</b> 659	14 14
Percent of persons 16 yeors and over Civilion lobor force	Ξ	=	-	75.9 321	70.8 1 106	61.9 60	69.3 230	66.2 1 462	77.4 659	100.0 14
Employed	=	=	=	294	1 061	60	223	1 406	650	14
Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force	1 1	=	_	27 8.4	45 4.1	_	3.0	56 3.8	1.4	=
Not in lobor force Institutionolized persons	Ξ	_	-	102	460	37	102	746 94	192	Ξ
Enrolled in school	_	-	-	10	47	15	Ξ	123	17	-
Noninstitutionolized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	-	_	-	35	139	13	33	183	49	=
Females 16 years and over	_	=	=	205 160	<b>841</b> 509	37 19	<b>163</b> 91	1 <b>063</b> 614	<b>453</b> 321	7
Percent of femoles 16 years and over	-	-	-	78.0 160	60.5 509	51.4 19	55.8 91	57.8 614	70.9 321	100.0
Civilion lobor force	=	Ξ.	=	154	475	19	ģi	599	312	7
Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force	Ξ	_	_	3.8	34 6.7	_	Ξ	15 2.4	2.8	_
With own children under 6 years In lobor force	_			28 11	131 67		6	145 96	108 76	_
With own children 6 to 17 years only	_	_	=	35	225	9	26	241 173	133 106	-
In lobor force Own children under 6 years in families and	-	-	-	35	173	-	19			_
All parents present in household in lobor force	_	-	_	<b>53</b> 37	234 125	-	<b>8</b> 8	<b>224</b> 131	147 101	
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and						10		493	362	_
subfamiliesAll parents present in household in lobor force	-	_		85 65 37	448 330	10	<b>71</b> 51	301	247	
Persons 16 to 19 years	Ξ	=	-	37	116 17	15	<b>20</b> 16	1 <b>54</b> 12	56	-
Unemployed or not in lobor force	-	-	-	_	10 14	-	8	12	Ξ	_
Not high school groduote Employed	Ξ		_	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
UnemployedNot in lobor force	_	_	_	-	7	_	_ 8	_	_	-
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	_	_	_	294	1 061	60	223	1 406	650	14
Executive, administrative, and managerial accupations Professional specialty accupations	_		-	17 13	59 220	9 5	39 28	203 275	80 98	
Technicions and related support occupations	_	-	-	19	54	17	11	36 165	36 51	7
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	_	-	Ξ	47 69	114 176	17	34	270	104	-
Private household occupationsProtective service occupations	_		_	12	7	_	22	7		
Service occupations, except protective and household	_	_	-	33	137	13	15	102 29	79 38	-
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations Precision production, croft, and repair occupations	Ξ	Ξ		8 26	98	9	41	183	91	-
Mochine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transpartation and material moving occupations		_	_	25 15	83 65	_	26 3	76 39	5 50	_
Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	-	-	-	10	42	-	4	15	18	-
Construction	-	-	-	10 73	101 320	4 21	15 73	106 332	64 164	_
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	=	=	-	73 22	32 159	35	3 37	98 245	34 125	7
Wholesale and retail tradeFinance, insurance, and real estate	_	_		61 15	34	-	13	123	11	-
8usiness and repair servicesProfessional and related services	_	-	_	15 32 52	43 303		13 54	38 348	34 147	7
				-						
CLASS OF WORKER Employed persons 16 years and over	_	_	_	294	1 061	60	223	1 406	650	14
Private wage and solary workers	_	-	-	259	867	37	169 28	1 102 195	539 28	14
Government workers	_	_	_	25 8	93 48	. <del>.</del>	21	90	24	-
Locol government workersSelf-employed workers	-	-	-	10	94	16	18	96	73	_
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	_	_	_	305	1 217	70	238	1 612	697	14
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	_	-	-	199 181	852 631	29 29	187 147	1 168 969	532 422	14 14
50 to 52 weeks	_	_	=	-	91	-	16	91	36 28	-
27 to 39 weeksUsually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks _	_	_	_	10 71	66 197	14	24 27	66 244	97	-
DISABILITY  Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64										
years	-	-	-	378	1 427	84	299	1 <b>893</b> 66	802 43	14
With o mobility or self-core limitation	_	_	_	21 10	12 5	_	=	26	43 13	-
In lobor forceWith o self-core limitotion	_		Ξ	10 11	9	Ξ		13 40	36	
With a work disability	-	=	=	22 10	80	-	27 8	137 61	52 28	
In lobor forcePrevented from working	-	_	-	12	43 30	-	-	60	24 750	14
No work disability	1 -		Ξ	356 301	1 347 1 063	84 60	272 222	1 756 1 363	631	14
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years				45	139	13	33	221	49	
With a mobility or self-core limitation	_	_	=	19	23	-	12	47 42	1	
With a mobility limitationWith a self-care limitation	_	_	_	19 19	15 18	_	12	10	-	
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989 No workers		_	_	6	67	9	6	79	33	-
Mean formily income (dollors)	_	-	_	9 960 67	31 022 167	25 175	21 600 60	28 770 206	20 156 74	
Mean fomily income (dollors)	=	_	-	29 500	37 876	- 22	40 034	52 <b>20</b> 5 551	38 805 264	3
2 or more workers Meon fomily income (dollors)	_	_	_	107 37 694	384 54 581	23 67 698	67 48 097	62 385	65 948	56 250
reconstruing income (dollors)				0. 0,4						

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Remainder of Tazewell County—Con.										
Area	Tract 216.06 (pt.)	Tract 217.01	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 218.01 (pt.)	Tract 218.02 (pt.)	Tract 219	Tract 220	Tract 221 (pt.)	Troct 222 (pt.)			
LABOR FORCE STATUS								***	T00			
Persons 16 years and over	<b>87</b> 55	3 015 2 082	<b>3 378</b> 2 166	<b>2 280</b> 1 326	<b>1 579</b> 975	<b>3 574</b> 2 337	3 058 1 983	<b>328</b> 265	<b>583</b> 459			
Percent of persons 16 years and over	63.2	69.1	64.1	58.2	61.7	65.4	64.8	80.8	78.7			
Civilian labor forceEmployed	55 55	2 075 1 929	2 164 2 088	1 326 1 200	975 922	2 335 2 210	1 981 1 884	265 265	459 438 21			
Unemployed		146	76	126	53	125	97	-	21 4.6			
Percent of civilian labor force	32	7.0 933	3.5 1 212	9.5 954	5.4 604	5.4 1 237	4.9 1 075	63	124			
Institutionalized persons	_	_	-	_	_	-	93	7	_ 14			
Naninstitutionalized persons 65 years and aver, not	7	122	156	114	56	195	125	′				
enrolled in school	25	413	474	242	269	501	489	31	61 <b>294</b>			
Females 16 years and over	<b>42</b> 20	1 474 829	1 713 883	1 162 549	760 364	1 <b>851</b> 987	1 577 858	1 <b>77</b> 130	224			
Percent af females 16 years and over	47.6	56.2	51.5	47.2	47.9	53.3	54.4	73.4	76.2 224			
Civilian labar farceEmployed	20 20	829 782	883 861	549 503	364 342	987 926	858 822	130 130	218			
Unemplayed		47	22	46	22	61	36	-	2.7			
Percent of civilion labor farce	- 6	5.7 267	2.5 265	8.4 178	6.0 87	6.2 253	4.2 236	15	65			
In labor force	6	153	107	97	41	132	159	6	45			
/ith own children 6 ta 17 years only In labor farce	7 7	301 233	393 315	248 138	152 113	419 333	360 253	25 25	65 45 53 53			
Own children under 6 years in families and	•								86			
subfamilies	14 14	<b>361</b> 189	<b>377</b> 148	<b>240</b> 116	139 66	<b>367</b> 204	320 211	14 5	63			
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and									140			
subfamilies	21 21	<b>832</b> 611	<b>852</b> 619	<b>624</b> 334	350 241	<b>899</b> 628	<b>787</b> 546	<b>65</b> 65	148 136			
Persons 16 to 19 years	13	256	288	219	84	316	203	26	55			
Not enralled in school Unemplayed or not in labor farce	-	63 12	32 8	86 56	29	62 28	24 5	Ξ	6			
Nat high school groduote	_	11	11	29	6	28	2	-	6			
Employed Unemployed	_	3	5	10 13	Ξ	8 7	2	Ξ	Ξ			
Not in lobor farce	_	6	6	.6	6	13	-	-	6			
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES												
Employed persons 16 years and over	55	1 929	2 088	1 200	922	2 210	1 884	265	438			
executive, administrative, and managenal occupations	,-	154 182	207	70	29 76	149 265	142 246	13 34	48 88			
Professional specialty occupations	12	47	283 49	66 27	16	37	43	9	15			
Soles accupations	14	174	231	100 165	122 154	229 357	151 337	13 47	48 88 15 28 101			
Administrative support occupations, including clerical Private household occupations	14	286 20	362 8	_	8	14	5	-	_			
Protective service occupations	-	5	20	18	7 87	24 250	17 183	39	6 43			
ervice accupations, except pratective and household arming, farestry, and fishing occupations	29	199 85	163 148	193 29	59	202	197	43	-			
recision production, craft, and repair occupations		348 177	283 124	184	165 93	247	241 133	43 22 33	46			
Anochine aperators, ossemblers, and inspectors Fronspartation and material maving occupations	_	91	124 95	198 85	58	223 121	97	6	46 43 13 7			
landlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and lobarers	-	161	115	65	48	92	92	6	7			
onstruction	<del>,</del>	211	166	49	47	96	149 320	12 64	127			
Nonufacturing ronsportation, communications, and other utilities	6	475 92	432 140	329 85	315 67	536 179	100	-	6			
Vholesale and retoil trade	-	391	456	263	180	390 156	325	82 7	75 21 39			
inonce, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services	_	107 55	177 62	63 73	34 31	75 433	138 73	_	39			
Professional and related services	13	355	382	235	126	433	443	43	143			
CLASS OF WORKER												
Employed persons 16 years and over	55	1 929	2 088	1 200	922	2 210	1 884	265	438			
Private wage and salary workers	40	1 576	1 690	1 025	709 91	1 728 199	1 420 151	226 15	369 63			
Government workers	1 =	173 117	195 145	76 54	50	128	89	8	49			
Local gavernment workers Self-employed warkers	15	174	186	80	107	279	303	24	6			
WORK STATUS IN 1989												
Persons 16 years and over who worked in												
1989	58	2 334	2 388	1 411	1 <b>078</b> 834	<b>2 617</b> 1 966	2 211 1 602	<b>297</b> 215	<b>479</b> 337			
Usually warked 35 ar mare haurs per week 50 to 52 weeks	31 31	1 762 1 234	1 781 1 293	1 080 810	600	1 388	1 068	142	285			
40 to 49 weeks	-	173	225	82	91 12	214 140	236 112	41	43			
27 to 39 weeks Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks _	21	120 250	86 265	64 156	119	272	322	28	65			
DISABILITY												
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	54	2 549	2 848	2 026	1 277	2 997	2 374	290	509			
With a mability or self-core limitation	-	111	102	94 59	18 9	120 37	80 31		_			
With a mability limitation In labor farce	_	46 12	45 11	16	-	_	11	-	_			
With a self-core limitation	-	82	70	54 194	18 65	103 188	62 187	23	24			
With a work disability In labar force	_	157 70	154 46	66	23	98	97	23	24 7 7			
Prevented fram warking	-	66	89	121	42 1 212	68 2 809	77 2 187	267	485			
No work disability	54 47	2 392 1 959	2 694 2 070	1 832 1 248	919	2 163	1 787	235	446			
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years					302	575	589	38	74			
and overWith a mobility ar self-care limitation	33	<b>459</b> 77	<b>528</b> 95	<b>254</b> 77	52	88	94	-	9			
With a mability limitation With a self-care limitation	=	52 49	63 55	55 48	38 27	58 70	84 40	Ξ	9			
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989		100	170	160	107	114	113	2	15			
No warkers		109 17 518	178 23 238	15 637	26 552	16 823	23 196	205 945	34 233			
l worker	18	217	359	295	173	433 32 427	251 31 484	15 44 743	51 27 416			
Mean family income (dollars)	36 074 21	32 116 787	34 941 777	24 376 413	34 255 365	32 427 831	767	106	167			
2 or mare warkers		/0/	111	42 028	49 613	44 162	45 395	54 520	52 630			

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remoinder of Tozewell C	aunty—Con.	Woodfard County						
Area	Tract 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Tract 301.98	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304			
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over	<b>632</b> 470	1 852 1 408	1 916 1 229	2 342 1 466	2 125 1 363	3 181 2 098			
Percent of persons 16 years and aver Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	74.4 470 452 18	76.0 1 408 1 321 87	64.1 1 229 1 161 68	62.6 1 462 1 401 61	64.1 1 363 1 314 49	66.0 2 093 2 054 39			
Percent of civilian labor farce Nat in labor force Institutionolized persons Enrolled in school	3.8 162 - 40	6.2 444 79	5.5 687 - 102	4.2 876 58 71	3.6 762 58 63	1,9 1 083 58 128			
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enralled in school  Females 16 years and over In lobor force	32 335 213	130 <b>924</b> 629	327 1 012 554	495 1 <b>221</b> 606	321 1 <b>091</b> 538 49.3	484 1 638 885 54.0			
Percent of females 16 years and aver Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor farce	63.6 213 208 5	68.1 629 593 36 5.7	54.7 554 496 58 10.5	49.6 606 588 18 3.0	47.3 538 519 19 3.5	885 865 20 2.3 282 170			
With own children under 6 years	2.3 25 6 60 46	123 77 249 203	137 78 232 189	131 91 229 201	201 81 161 121	282 170 370 297			
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies ————————————————————————————————————	56 24	156 103	<b>235</b> 115	211 135	308 117	373 225 880			
subfamilies  All parents present in household in labor force  Persons 16 to 19 years  Not enrolled in school	118 97 77 24	553 406 221 53 17	558 403 166 23 11	531 413 133 18 4	488 297 130	697 <b>254</b> 29			
Unemployed or not in lobar force Not high school graduate Employed Unemployed Not in lobor force	- - -	6 6 -	3 3 - -	5 5 - -	11 4 4 3	24 7 17			
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES Employed persons 16 years and over Executive, administrative, and monogerial accupations Professional specially occupations	<b>452</b> 61 77	1 321 73 113	1 161 89 141	1 401 81 132	1 314 97 149	2 054 154 318			
Technicions and related support occupations Sales occupations Administrative support occupations, including clerical Private household occupations.	31 31 45	43 145 329 7	16 96 142 1	42 105 205 7	63 124 152 5	55 326 348 17			
Pratective service occupations	- 60 19 56	137 19 214	139 164 117	21 172 137 175	13 174 132 176 110	17 253 26 317 134 56 33			
Mochine aperators, ossemblers, and inspectors	25 7 40 47	98 53 90 55	120 66 70 72	165 93 66 118	54 65 97	56 33 159 500			
Monufocturing Tronspartotian, communicotions, and ather utilities Wholesole and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services Professional and reloted services	70 23 126 17 12 12	364 113 394 70 42 203	234 84 169 46 68 256	302 78 246 78 53 299	296 41 258 87 44 290	105 519 116 92 417			
CLASS OF WORKER  Employed persons 16 years and ever  Private wage and solory warkers	452 382	1 <b>321</b> 1 197	1 161 896	1 401 1 028	1 314 1 045	2 054 1 721			
Government workers  Local government workers  Self-employed workers	52 19 18	61 27 63	75 52 190	155 97 199	96 56 163	187 116 133			
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	<b>521</b> 362	1 454 1 071	1 375 934 700	1 647 1 287	1 537 1 105	<b>2 368</b> 1 682 1 304			
50 to 52 weeks	246 15 44 97	853 61 89 248	700 102 38 214	937 129 57 197	795 128 48 272	146 99 360			
DISABILITY  Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	579	1 710	1 54 <u>1</u>	1 692	1 660 8	2 572 73			
With a mobility or self-care limitation	8 8 -	44 14 	47 22 5 34 64 26 28	66 29 10 43 117	6 2 4	73 33 14 46 149 83 62 2 423 1 948			
With a wark disability	26 12 14 553 437	101 35 59 1 609 1 361	26 28 1 477 1 159	57 47 1 575 1 315	66 36 21 1 594 1 241	83 62 2 423 1 948			
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	53 2 -	142 35 22	375 47 37 27	588 108 72 61	<b>407</b> 51 45 37	546 65 53 53			
With a self-care limitation	2	24		93	62	115			
No workers	34 784	17 881 139 38 041 518	60 17 601 262 28 072 424	21 409 268 25 866 519	25 536 203 34 356 535	28 195 285 285 31 659 844 47 245			
Mean family income (dallars)		48 909	37 895	41 888	46 402	4/ 245			

## Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Woodford County—Con.									
Area	Tract 305.01	Troct 305.02	Tract 306.01	Troct 306.02	Tract 307					
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	<b>3 590</b> 2 655	1 983 1 350	4 127 2 437	1 869 1 353	3 038 1 927					
Percent of persons 16 years and aver	74.0	68.1	59.1	72.4	63.4					
Civilian lobor farceEmployed	2 653 2 578	1 350 1 265	2 431 2 342	1 351 1 326	1 927 1 866					
Unemplayed	75	85	89	25	61					
Percent af civilian labor force Not in labar farce	2.8 935	6.3 633	3.7 1 690	1.9 516	3.2 1 111					
Institutionalized persons	733	- 633	218	310	166					
Enralled in school Naninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not	188	96	266	53	96					
enrolled in schaal	307	185	746	188	494					
Females 16 years and over	1 <b>815</b> 1 139	<b>989</b> 591	<b>2 249</b> 1 106	<b>93</b> 6 591	1 602 874					
Percent of females 16 years and over	62.8	59.8	49.2	63.1	54.6					
Civilian labar farceEmployed	1 139 1 109	591 551	1 106 1 066	591 578	874 860					
Unemployed	30	40	40	13	14					
Percent of civilian labar farce With own children under 6 years	2.6 316	6.8 139	3.6 357	2.2 168	1.6 287					
In labor farce	208	64	205	107	159					
With own children 6 ta 17 years only In labor farce	506 369	210 146	338 279	216 148	267 238					
Own children under 6 years in families and	307		2,,							
All parents present in household in labor farce	440 268	197 88	<b>467</b> 251	<b>210</b> 123	389 220					
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and										
subfamilies	1 129 774	449 268	1 005 776	<b>592</b> 380	<b>755</b> 560					
Persons 16 to 19 years	301	184	434	129	204					
Vat enrolled in school Unemplayed or not in labar force	22 5	47 19	58 20	10	39 17					
Nat high school groduate	13	16	6	2	14					
EmployedUnemployed	8 5	11 5	_ 6	2	8					
Nat in labor force		_	-	=	2					
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 578	1 265	2 342	1 326	1 866					
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Professional specialty occupations	362	68	262	127	139 154					
Technicians and related support occupations	462 112	153 51	339 49	176 63	66					
Sales occupations	304	145	282	124 194	174 267					
Administrative suppart occupations, including clerical Private hausehald occupations	452 1	184	325 5	9	5					
Protective service occupationsService accupations, except protective and household	16 196	9 112	31 385	9 140	27 327					
Farming, farestry, and fishing occupations	25	12	111	118	99					
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations Machine aperators, assemblers, and inspectors	353 124	233 149	236 139	166 93	216 174					
Transportation and material moving occupations	85	81	124	64	86					
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers	86	68	54	43	132					
Construction	179 688	106 402	104 350	68 274	90 383					
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	144	82	123	100	161					
Wholesole and retail tradeFinance, insurance, and real estate	546 157	289 61	582 86	182 122	457 148					
Business and repair services	123	40	75	52	61					
Prafessional and related services	645	228	775	286	331					
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over Private wage and salary warkers	<b>2 578</b> 2 170	1 <b>265</b> 1 074	2 342 1 901	1 <b>32</b> 6 986	1 <b>866</b> 1 498					
Gavernment warkers	240	99	260	139	184					
Lacal government workers	159 152	50 85	176	40 193	67 168					
	132	65	164	173	100					
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 842	1 412	2 879	1 453	2 181					
Usually warked 35 or mare hours per week	2 147 1 697	1 106 872	1 950 1 290	1 086 851	1 710 1 232					
40 ta 49 weeks	213	103	227	108	157					
27 ta 39 weeks Usually warked 1 ta 34 haurs per week, 40 to 52 weeks _	113 335	48 152	127 465	45 246	103 234					
	333	132	403	240						
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 253	1 760	3 049	1 634	2 318					
With a mobility ar self-care limitation	55	57	78	36	72					
With a mobility limitation In labar force	30 14	42 2	45 11	26 2	37 13					
With a self-care limitation	32	25	44	27	54					
With a wark disability	135 88	123 31	155 64	88 42	200 85					
Prevented fram working	34	65	72	42	83 2 118					
No work disability	3 118 2 537	1 637 1 281	2 894 2 279	1 546 1 268	1 782					
In labar force Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years		223	854	233	554					
With a mobility ar self-care limitation	<b>335</b> 57	25	145	19	134					
With a mability limitation	54 31	14	107 75	14 12	87 102					
With a self-care limitation	31	11	/5	12	102					
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
Na warkers	21 092	85 14 857	209 25 907	55 20 179	100 18 631					
Mean family income (dallars)	31 982 329	16 857 230	379	186	234					
Mean family income (dallars)2 or mare warkers	42 118 1 015	36 237 440	27 518 796	40 588 513	28 281 715					
Mean family income (dallars)	63 140	48 165	44 712	51 623	45 718					

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peario County				Tazewell County				
Area	Pearia, IL MSA	Total	Pekin city (pt.)	Peorio city	Total	Eost Peario city	Morton village	Pekin city (pt.)	Woshington city	Woodford County
INCOME IN 1989 Households Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more Median (dollars) Mean (dollars) Families Median income (dollars) Moles 15 years and over, with income	36 406 117 857	70 826 5 412 7 077 6 468 12 763 10 777 12 615 10 414 2 957 2 343 28 193 35 513 48 077 35 401 62 565	-	44 883 4 390 5 178 4 103 7 996 6 359 7 116 6 082 1 914 1 745 26 074 34 988 28 454 34 003 37 714	47 234 2 199 3 806 4 645 8 193 7 703 9 593 8 216 1 864 1 015 30 933 35 596 35 128 36 951 43 773	8 632 504 968 923 1 471 1 273 1 662 1 392 275 164 28 384 33 108 6 051 36 180 7 642	5 262 137 201 391 760 842 1 101 1 149 453 228 39 788 45 727 3 918 45 813 5 006	13 145 978 1 443 1 600 2 492 2 082 2 307 1 729 323 191 25 198 29 856 9 042 31 533 10 970	3 784 45 203 303 585 794 773 837 178 66 34 417 39 607 2 899 40 236	11 451 436 716 882 2 009 1 789 2 617 2 218 503 281 34 375 38 022 9 045 38 390
Medion income (dollors) Percent year-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors) Femoles 15 years and over, with income Medion income (dollors) Percent year-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors) Per copito income (dollors) INCOME TYPE IN 1989	52.7 32 750 116 992 9 155	21 613 50.4 32 728 64 840 9 219 30.2 18 018	-	20 680 47.5 32 658 41 739 8 955 28.7 18 557 14 039	23 851 54.8 33 064 41 505 9 124 30.1 17 153 13 681	21 672 53.1 31 476 7 586 8 459 29.3 17 226 13 401	30 897 60.8 39 119 4 871 10 324 30.7 20 022 17 676	21 193 50.1 32 224 11 258 8 817 27.4 16 099 12 246	26 019 58.8 32 929 3 464 10 384 36.3 18 277 14 908	24 256 57.6 32 042 10 647 8 871 28.5 17 665
Households  With earnings Mean earnings (dollors) With Sociol Security income Mean Sociol Security income (dollors) With public ossistance income Mean public ossistance income (dollors) With retirement income Mean retirement income	129 511 101 118 36 755 36 536 8 339 9 079 3 974 23 564 8 899	70 826 54 198 37 045 20 231 8 221 5 782 4 072 12 833 9 072	-	44 883 33 455 36 997 12 924 8 102 4 585 3 939 7 850 9 589	47 234 37 321 36 274 13 074 8 456 2 771 3 842 8 895 8 771	8 632 6 520 34 223 2 688 8 110 698 3 997 1 899 8 612	5 262 4 396 44 861 1 325 8 883 94 3 961 756 11 991	13 145 9 555 31 614 4 179 8 197 1 022 3 284 2 820 7 914	3 784 3 175 39 066 8 48 8 678 130 4 711 748 9 262	11 451 9 599 36 986 3 231 8 600 526 3 600 1 836 8 316
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors) No own children under 18 years (dollors) With own children under 18 years (dollors) With own children under 18 years (dollors) No own children under 18 years (dollors) Female householder, no husband present (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors)	40 739 42 551 <b>46 208</b> 48 087 44 625 17 537	42 171 40 602 43 646 48 381 50 757 46 480 17 065 12 514		42 575 39 145 45 881 51 630 53 702 50 074 15 847 11 773	40 891 40 604 41 159 43 996 45 572 42 633 18 194 14 295	39 102 40 800 37 637 42 454 47 348 38 673 18 057 13 904	53 776 54 493 53 175 56 172 58 213 54 594 23 495 21 224	32 916 36 929 38 779 39 216 38 416	45 012 46 342 43 680 47 252 49 459 45 025 24 867 19 542 29 803	42 030 41 933 42 131 44 342 45 701 43 021 19 780 15 024
No own children under 18 yeors (dollors)  POVERTY STATUS IN 1989 All Income Levels In 1989  Families  Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years  With reloted children under 5 years  Married-couple families  Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years  With reloted children under 18 years  With reloted children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  Householder worked in 1989	25 876 92 250 72 708 46 977 18 252 75 995 61 351 35 839 14 376 13 039 8 699	25 893 48 077 36 729 24 526 9 580 37 695 29 764 17 282 7 047 8 583 5 511		28 454 21 026 14 772 6 217 20 763 16 109 9 183 4 114 6 643 4 089	25 333 35 128 28 321 17 744 6 820 30 201 24 688 14 473 5 654 3 751 2 649	25 659  6 051 4 685 2 961 1 126 5 052 3 943 2 290 871 801 558	27 837  3 918 3 343 1 831 672 3 500 3 023 1 562 617 265 237 184	6 887 4 544 2 012 <b>7 349</b> 5 746 3 442 1 496 <b>1 348</b> 906	29 803  2 899 2 416 1 516 516 2 570 2 173 1 329 491 264 190	28 599  9 045 7 658 4 707 1 852 8 099 6 899 4 084 1 675 705 539
With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years  Urreloted individuals for whom poverty status is determined Nonfomily householder 65 years and over  Persons for whom poverty status is determined Persons under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children years Reloted children years Persons 75 years and over Persons 75 years and over	3 327 46 159 37 261 15 366 330 310 88 402 87 920 64 857	6 267 2 263 28 668 22 749 8 884 176 647 46 591 46 351 33 908 24 168 9 956	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	4 989 1 943 20 979 16 429 6 109 108 733 28 876 28 711 10 531 15 253 6 498	2 595 952 14 539 12 106 5 219 121 970 32 474 32 277 23 983 15 192 6 114	569 234 3 058 2 581 1 155 21 002 5 239 5 188 3 746 3 069 1 301	1 490 1 344 514 13 440 3 429 3 422 2 574 1 745 715	446 4 914 4 103 1 842 31 715 8 243 8 161 5 913 4 627	1 022 885 385 9 955 2 643 2 643 1 954 1 071 418	470 112 2 952 2 406 1 263 31 693 9 337 9 292 6 966 4 115 1 750
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Families Percent below poverty level. Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Married-cauple families Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 19 years. Unreloted individuals	9.1 4 280 6 912 3 557 2 985 1 650 1 961 1 140 5 048 2 401 4 690 2 335	11.3 2 576 4 536 2 199 1 697 860 1 089 574 3 552 1 594 3 315 1 611 7 184	-	4 284 15.1 1 904 3 701 1 884 1 139 542 763 3 016 1 287 2 827 1 442	690 1 186 657 <b>2 948</b>	563 9.3 277 420 213 278 148 165 90 285 129 255 123	82 2.1 59 65 46 39 21 22 27 27 27 27	10.9 556 853 561 357 221 282 202 574 317 540 350	79 2.7 54 69 37 48 28 38 21 26 21 26 16	466 5.2 327 376 194 222 180 152 106 209 117 189 67 618
Nonfomily householder 65 years ond over  Persons Percent below poverty level  Persons under 18 years Related children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years and over  Persons 75 years and over	6 924 3 052 39 080 11.8 15 312 14 891 9 864 4 037	4 538 1 984 25 663 14.5 10 190 9 964 6 663 2 608	=	3 573 1 414 <b>20 516</b> 18.9 8 520 8 360 5 473 1 796 958	2 005 825 11 139 9.1.1 4 187 4 035 2 593 1 134 595	511 177 <b>2 450</b> 11.7 834 793 513 248 165	164 107 1 <u>3</u> 5	315 4 409 13.9 1 838 1 779 1 121 3 376	354 3.6 115 115 65 42 7	243 2 278 7.2 935 892 608 295 190
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level: Persons below 50 percent of poverty level Persons below 125 percent of poverty level Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	. 50 581	13 392 32 187 53 550	Ξ	11 191 25 143 38 186	4 578 15 261 29 704	986 3 195 5 750	789	5 818	86 549 1 540	941 3 133 6 843

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Ooto bosed on somple and subject to sompling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Peario County										
Area	Troct 28	Troct 29	Troct 30	Troct 31.01	Troct 31.02	Troct 33	Troct 34.01	Troct 34.02	Troct 35	Troct 39		
INCOME IN 1989 Households Less than \$5,000	1 <b>588</b> 65 53	1 931 46	2 065 27	1 511 32	<b>2 701</b> 125	1 206 27	1 <b>107</b>	1 239	<b>485</b> 34	1 <b>508</b> 28		
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	128 279 345	160 134 311 327	47 130 351 301 528	42 43 175 214	129 159 398 428	19 39 104 103	13 25 37 102 133 248	20 59 65 148	29 55 87 134	48 103 274 205		
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$100,000 or more Medion (dollors) Mapp (dollors)	288 307 45 78	299 394 123 137	406 170 105	439 359 123 84	499 605 221 137	126 215 176 397	229 134 186	196 357 180 206	83 40 23 —	392 343 69 46		
Families Medion income (dollors)	33 319 39 095 <b>986</b> 38 929	34 641 47 199 1 157 44 934	38 867 52 036 1 610 41 903	43 507 48 210 1 227 46 101	37 212 44 601 1 535 50 546	70 133 90 177 <b>979</b> 83 256	49 464 70 028 <b>942</b> 54 784	57 544 70 511 <b>1 085</b> 61 668	26 953 28 916 <b>306</b> 29 079	37 562 44 090 1 <b>255</b> 40 933		
Moles 15 years and over, with income	1 343 26 359 51.6 34 045	1 499 30 321 50.1 42 561	2 071 26 875 53.4 36 317	1 500 28 276 65.1 36 335	2 199 32 067 63.8 38 048	1 166 56 155 60.9 69 431	1 113 36 031 65.3 45 825	1 336 41 712 67.1 52 974	379 21 964 62.8 26 694	1 547 26 356 60.8 35 000		
Femoles 15 years and over, with income Medion income (dollors) Percent year-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors)	1 512 12 871 35.0 19 222	1 822 12 434 35.1 20 264	1 987 12 747 33.4 19 659	1 429 13 822 46.2 20 636	2 259 14 143 41.7 19 923	1 183 10 962 24.0 27 500	1 023 13 840 44.0 21 875	1 078 11 927 38.5 21 182	372 10 539 42.5 19 762	1 348 10 488 28.9 18 000		
Per copito income (dollors) INCOME TYPE IN 1989 Households	17 204 1 588	22 012 1 <b>93</b> 1	19 582 2 065	16 266 1 511	20 657 2 701	32 399 1 <b>206</b>	24 620 1 107	22 970 1 <b>239</b>	13 073 <b>485</b>	15 135 1 508		
With earnings (dollars) Mean earnings (dollars) With Social Security income. Mean Social Security income (dollars) With solid Security income (dollars)	1 278 37 344 518 8 733	1 332 49 877 733 9 260	1 745 51 279 559 9 776	1 428 46 753 151 7 121	2 382 44 042 347 9 115	948 88 876 403 10 088	1 023 66 431 218 9 479	1 135 64 206 199 7 172	367 31 420 119 8 194	1 317 42 660 362 7 049 56		
With public ossistonce income	9 461 327 11 932	54 4 967 377 12 954	3 303 430 10 469	66 4 271 124 11 744	74 3 455 313 14 998	20 6 310 248 22 058	18 4 149 143 13 355	19 9 459 156 11 670	4 262 93 6 051	3 696 258 10 821		
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors) No own children under 18 years (dollors) Married-couple families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors)	44 016 43 452 44 385 48 251 53 239	60 882 73 941 52 985 66 958 87 834	58 963 54 887 61 966 64 358 61 902	51 564 50 198 53 795 56 093 55 013	54 765 54 147 55 245 58 630 60 406	104 592 114 080 98 009 105 671 115 236	<b>76 566</b> 77 110 76 062 <b>79 793</b> 80 578	76 450 78 555 73 364 81 722 83 919	33 762 33 204 34 263 35 828 35 625	48 528 55 001 41 371 51 369 59 791		
No own children under 18 years (dollors) Female householder, no husband present (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors) No own children under 18 years (dollors)	45 575 <b>24 452</b> 15 805 36 233	55 647 <b>22 211</b> 17 402	66 022 32 010 24 803 39 727	58 004 23 429 11 312	60 406 57 434 <b>29 279</b> 27 947 31 523	98 704 30 193 30 193	79 056 31 664 20 947 39 616	78 501 26 711 27 948 25 171	35 989 16 696 12 964 21 525	42 178 19 397 16 331 25 728		
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989 All Income Levels In 1989		28 478		40 112								
Families Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 yeors With reloted children under 5 yeors With reloted children under 5 yeors Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 yeors With reloted children under 5 yeors Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989	986 740 406 150 802 617 284 113 163 107	1 157 850 454 165 996 732 368 154 152 109	1 610 1 322 749 261 1 349 1 123 570 244 205	1 227 1 103 778 308 1 008 914 649 264 164 138	1 535 1 365 687 226 1 324 1 154 549 201 196	979 778 401 158 935 734 394 158 30	942 856 460 195 876 796 424 195 54	1 085 982 662 181 967 883 592 167 92 73	306 236 160 82 243 193 116 68 39	1 255 1 105 668 205 1 121 1 003 593 182 95 74 65		
With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	106 32 <b>780</b>	86 11 <b>894</b>	130 17 <b>525</b>	107 40 <b>360</b>	123 25 1 381	239	30 - 178	51 14 174	28 14 1 <b>92</b>	65 19 <b>296</b>		
65 years ond over  Persons for whom poverty status is determined_	602 200 <b>3 605</b>	774 361 <b>4 129</b>	455 173 <b>5 353</b>	284 21 <b>4 475</b>	1 166 122 <b>5 772</b>	227 142 <b>3 179</b>	165 50 <b>3 124</b>	154 39 <b>3 818</b>	179 75 1 <b>078</b> 278	253 110 <b>4 394</b> 1 351		
Persons under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years ond over Persons 75 years ond over	741 741 537 671 249	821 821 602 994 429	1 370 1 370 1 059 668 190	1 491 1 485 1 110 148 39	1 183 1 183 923 382 131	797 797 613 543 229	889 889 641 268 129	1 210 1 210 934 221 40	278 180 164 45	1 351 1 096 448 126		
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989	<b>37</b> 3.8 11	<b>20</b> 1.7	Ξ	<b>70</b> 5.7 41	41 2.7 33	.6 .6	17 1.8 6	15 1.4 15	25 8.2 9	38 3.0 26		
With reloted children under 18 years	37 19 <b>18</b> 11	11 11 9	=	62 45 <b>20</b> 10	25 17 <b>16</b> 8	- 6 6	12 6 11 6	7 7 <b>15</b> 15	17 17 <b>17</b> 9	3.0 26 26 3 <b>13</b> 6 5		
With reloted children under 18 years.  With reloted children under 5 years.  Female householder, no husband present  Householder worked in 1989	18 7 <b>19</b>	11	=	12 12 <b>50</b> 31	8 - <b>25</b> 25	=	6 6 -	7 7 - -	9 9 8 -	23 18		
With reloted children under 18 years	19 12 <b>97</b> 61	11 11 <b>84</b> 68	- 44 36	50 33 <b>32</b> 4	17 17 <b>161</b> 133	- - 21 21	6 - 13 8	- - 13 -	8 8 <b>18</b> 18	21 3 43 22		
65 years ond over  Persons  Percent below poverty level	57 <b>264</b> 7.3 96	41 145 3.5	27 44 .8	- <b>247</b> 5.5	9 270 4.7 41	12 <b>34</b> 1.1	8 60 1.9	5 <b>57</b> 1.5 16	18 112 10.4 54	8 149 3.4 45		
Persons under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years ond over Persons 75 years ond over Persons 75 years ond over Reloted this person Reloted this person Reloted Re	96 96 66 57 19	34 34 - 41 24	- - 27 10	122 116 69 5	41 41 24 9	- - 18 12	15 15 9 18 18	16 8 13 5	54 38 32	45 39 12 3		
Ratio of Income in 1989 to poverty level: Persons below 50 percent of poverty level Persons below 125 percent of poverty level Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	120 366 672	57 270 605	27 184 836	123 271 727	153 326 843	28 58 202	18 70 194	57 85 188	43 151 416	53 220 558		

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ensus Tract or Block Numbering	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Peario County—Con.									
Area	Tract 41.01	Tract 41.02	Troct 42	Tract 43	Tract 44	Tract 46	Tract 48.02	Tract 49.01	Tract 49.01 (p	
COME IN 1989 Households	1 143	1 632	1 883	1 218	2 275	2 246	1 882	1 330		
ss thon \$5,000	33	190	154	42	229	135	67	44 88		
,000 to \$9,999	37 35	301 163	170 274	96 170	230 199	205 198	175 175	177		
5,000 to \$24,999	158 202	224 174	367 302	341 279	502 378	560 301	375 278	266 245		
5,000 to \$49,999	189 294	249 220	302 363 134	192 73	426	477 309	430 323	266 199		
3,000 10 \$99,999	151	69	36	25	234 54	34	43 16	29 16		
00,000 or more	44 44 297	42 22 754	83 24 247	23 305	23 24 630	27 25 <b>822</b>	30 149	27 561		
ran (dollars)	48 156 818	30 264 <b>961</b>	34 802 1 <b>004</b>	26 397 <b>818</b>	29 029 1 616	30 469 <b>1 579</b>	33 392 1 482	32 541 1 073		
dian income (dollars)less 15 years and over, with income	50 597 1 186	31 607 1 248	34 212 1 448	26 408 995	29 131 1 863	34 359 1 949	35 635 1 777	31 947 1 291		
Medion income (dollars)	30 766	20 000	23 094	17 639	19 119	21 909	21 599	22 517		
Percent year-round full-time workers Median income (dollors)	64.0 35 504	52.6 35 678	56.5 32 208	51.3 25 198	49.0 29 714	49.9 31 992	55.4 31 364	51.1 31 744		
nales 15 years and over, with income Median income (dollars)	984 14 363	1 776 7 111	1 665 7 574	1 039 9 536	2 276 9 176	1 883 9 653	1 687 9 251	1 072 8 790		
Percent year-round full-time workers Median income (dollars)	46.0 20 969	26.7 20 125	25.1 17 849	33.4 16 131	30.8 17 460	32.6 18 859	31.1 17 683	32.3 16 429		
capita income (dollars)	18 172	12 387	16 339	11 354	11 705	12 349	12 906	12 214		
COME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	1 143 1 055	1 <b>632</b> 1 226	1 883 1 464	1 218 932	<b>2 275</b> 1 557	2 246 1 660	1 882 1 430	1 330 1 052		
Mean earnings (dollars)	48 405	34 355	34 843	26 399	31 274	32 004 715	35 193 551	33 642 403		
th Social Security income	9 140 9 00	369 6 961	543 7 948	417 7 707	767 8 600	8 612	8 387	8 153		
th public ossistance income	20 1 246	196 3 189	94 3 070	56 4 595	194 5 389	152 3 907	109 3 923	44 4 922		
th retirement income Mean retirement income (dollars)	99 14 429	217 7 268	312 7 713	345 6 469	468 7 886	508 7 126	489 8 544	290 7 029		
EAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
th own children under 18 years (dollors)	<b>54 657</b> 51 041	<b>36 958</b> 36 041	<b>48 409</b> 42 343	29 904 28 805	33 202 32 034	35 504 33 554	<b>37 590</b> 38 807	35 918 37 460		
own children under 18 years (dollars)	57 856	38 778	53 415	30 789	34 217 38 198	33 554 37 384 <b>39 032</b>	36 788 40 084	34 684 37 334		
Married-couple families (dollars) h own children under 18 years (dollars)	56 544 53 524 59 193	<b>48 570</b> 55 060	<b>54 326</b> 49 821	<b>32 978</b> 32 928	42 341	40 179	43 848	40 892		
own children under 18 years (dollars) Female householder, no husband present		39 782	57 584	33 016	35 199	38 066	37 774	34 551		
h own children under 18 years (dollors)	25 392 19 473	11 487 8 764	<b>20 253</b> 15 555	<b>18 819</b> 15 159	<b>19 587</b> 11 497	<b>18 655</b> 10 766	<b>21 433</b> 16 153	<b>23 552</b> 12 549		
own children under 18 years (dollars)	34 114	31 014	25 995	22 764	32 937	35 222	28 522	36 126		
OVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
I Income Levels In 1989	818	961	1 004	818	1 616	1 579	1 482	1 073		
useholder worked in 1989	723	778	799	577	1 182	1 142 810	i 112 658	813 507		
th reloted children under 18 years	394 170	651 366	454 203 <b>803</b>	385 151	781 344	267	211	180		
Married-couple familiesuseholder worked in 1989	762 678	<b>645</b> 559	<b>803</b> 625	<b>649</b> 460	1 174 863	1 305 987	1 <b>270</b> 927	948 727		
h related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	362 164	376 183	625 337 180	290 131	493 246	618 206	532 190	426 162		
Female householder, no husband present useholder worked in 1989	47	<b>286</b> 189	140 113	133	371 256	217 115	<b>164</b> 137	<b>90</b> 61		
in related children under 18 years	28	251 172	77 23	91 82 13	261	161	114	62 10		
With related children under 5 years  Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is	6	1/2	23	13	90	50	17	10		
determined	378	766	1 <b>023</b> 879	<b>438</b> 400	1 <b>039</b> 659	810 667	463 400	316 257		
years ond over	325 28	671 236	264	165	440	267	173	101		
Persons for whom poverty status is determined_ sons under 18 years	3 032 782	3 630 1 052	<b>3 806</b> 713	2 812 661	<b>5 556</b> 1 330	<b>5 508</b> 1 447	<b>4 853</b> 1 124	<b>3 557</b> 936		
Related children under 18 vears	782	1 052	713	661 479	1 303 927	1 420 1 142	1 124 863	934 715		
Related children 5 to 17 yearssons 65 years and over	540 185	630 380	481 664	474	1 135	771	638 218	481 185		
Persons 75 years and overome in 1989 Below Poverty Level	46	154	291	187	600	269	210	103		
Families	45	230	46	67	214	129	109	66		
Percent below poverty leveluseholder worked in 1989	5.5 15	23.9 129	4.6 27	8.2 52	13.2 139	8.2 53	7.4 57	6.2 32		
m related children under LX vears	35	230 163	28 6	48 22	174 87	111 36	64 9	43 14		
With related children under 5 years Married-couple families useholder worked in 1989	39 15	<b>39</b> 30	11 6	48 22 <b>33</b> 28 14	<b>53</b> 44	<b>27</b> 11	<b>59</b> 18	<b>38</b> 14		
rn related children under 18 vears	29	39	-	14	34 18	18	18 23	15 4		
With related children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present	22 6	23 191	28 14	28 18	154	93	<b>50</b> 39	<b>26</b> 16		
th related children under 18 years	- 6	99 191	14 28	28	88 140	33 93	41	26		
With related children under 5 years		140	6	8	69 <b>349</b>	36 <b>176</b>	9 118	8 <b>57</b>		
Unrelated individualsnfomily householder	17 13	<b>166</b> 139	244 190	<b>33</b> 33	136	93	97 49	34 11		
years and over	206	64	78 <b>352</b>	5 <b>245</b>	164 928	46 <b>619</b>	49 473	251		
Percent below poverty level	6.8	<b>769</b> 21.2	9.2	8.7	16.7	11.2 279	9.7 153	7.1 87		
sons under 18 years Related children under 18 years	86 86 54	333 333	38 38	107 107	284 257	259	153	85 57		
Related children 5 to 17 yearssons 65 years and over	54	132 64	38 38 34 104	76 5	167 177	209 53	128 64	30		
Persons 75 years and over	-	25	70	5	138	9	32	12		
tio of income in 1989 to poverty level: Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	136	372	168	111	535	418	77	117		
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	245	907	460 1 148	447	1 239 2 032	771 1 512	646 1 181	347 924		

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

{Doto bosed on somple ond subject to sompling voriability, see text. For definitions of terms ond meonings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peario city, Peorio County									
Area	Troct 1	Troct 2	Troct 3	Troct 5	Troct 6	Troct 7	Troct 8	Troct 9	Troct 11	Troct 12
INCOME IN 1989  Households Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$9,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 or more Median (dollars)	717 190 212 74 102 61 66 12	919 143 208 74 246 88 119 41	946 101 191 155 214 133 120 29	877 129 217 160 198 54 80 34 5	1 327 193 135 146 318 199 159 127 38	691 122 140 65 165 85 83 31	471 103 60 65 92 33 94 18 6	1 194 505 431 103 59 47 19 30	125 	737 341 251 32 47 60 6
Families Medion income (dollors) Moles 15 years and over, with income	523 6 820 413	16 462 19 259 682 17 192	15 942 19 728 <b>688</b> 19 018 778	12 065 16 934 541 16 123	12 20 503 25 900 <b>897</b> 23 724 1 138	16 850 19 096 558 19 182	15 605 20 812 344 18 966 431	5 532 9 018 500 6 101 572	17 20 662 42 877 <b>34</b> 82 670 134 13 068	5 255 8 084 <b>355</b> 5 000– 387 5 694
Medion income (dollors) Percent yeor-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors) Femoles 15 yeors and over, with income Medion income (dollors) Percent yeor-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors) Per copito income (dollors)	13 299 34.1 26 397 573 4 533 8.4 10 500 5 078	11 173 33.4 25 741 929 5 890 14.9 21 176 6 564	12 386 28.5 18 500 849 6 479 17.9 15 179 6 723	10 806 36.9 17 687 796 6 335 18.8 12 778 6 498	16 456 45.4 26 806 1 206 6 777 25.0 15 159 9 606	6 667 30.3 24 620 699 6 871 23.7 15 000 5 997	9 778 25.3 28 839 380 6 900 18.7 21 625 7 355	6 667 22.7 21 250 960 4 867 10.3 12 218 4 847	43.3 48 515 114 8 966 44.7 26 719 20 333	20.7 21 250 689 4 205 3.5 11 071 4 086
INCOME TYPE IN 1989 Households With earnings Mean earnings (dollors) With Social Security income Mean Social Security income (dollors) With public assistance income Mean public assistance income (dollors) With retirement income Mean retirement income Mean retirement income	717 407 15 687 207 8 402 196 4 548 129 5 245	919 618 19 954 335 7 307 231 3 286 180 5 731	946 657 18 821 365 7 664 207 - 3 904 262 5 885	877 500 19 857 385 6 016 208 4 437 156 5 812	1 327 960 27 982 379 8 439 204 4 493 246 6 525	691 440 22 712 207 6 540 239 3 782 109 6 428	471 329 22 274 169 7 023 91 3 408 65 9 863	1 194 439 13 353 464 5 364 444 3 100 158 3 022	125 92 48 666 8 760 18 3 578 16 3 497	737 248 11 732 251 5 153 359 3 177 68 5 595
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars) With own children under 18 yeors (dollors) No own children under 18 yeors (dollors) Married-couple families (dollars) With own children under 18 yeors (dollors) No own children under 18 yeors (dollors) Femile householder, no husband present	12 760 8 546 21 432 22 092 21 941 22 180	19 874 12 688 28 148 26 577 22 287 28 112	21 840 19 010 25 940 27 680 27 966 27 416	19 870 19 478 20 249 23 990 26 676 21 983	29 193 26 764 31 807 37 062 39 851 34 966	20 537 22 211 18 444 24 968 27 388 22 008	23 563 22 209 24 174 28 580 25 169 30 115	10 745 7 091 19 434 17 827 10 520 23 268	71 931 8 065 94 922 94 922 	8 534 4 666 16 204 16 879 41 500 12 992
(dollors) With own children under 18 years (dollors) No own children under 18 years (dollors) POVERTY STATUS IN 1989 All Income Levels in 1989	6 713 4 975 20 053	13 358 9 638 29 456	10 723 7 500 20 788	11 955 9 257 15 934	13 389 9 807 21 623	16 103 16 645 15 375	16 403 14 230 16 937	6 550 6 240 8 580	8 <b>065</b> 8 065 —	6 742 3 655 17 447
Families  Householder worked in 1989  With reloted children under 18 years.  With reloted children under 5 years.  Married-couple families  Householder worked in 1989  With reloted children under 18 years.  With reloted children under 18 years.  Female householder, no husband present  Householder worked in 1989  With reloted children under 18 years.   523 258 375 140 204 116 80 24 295 134 279 116	682 375 400 171 334 184 99 25 341 184 301 146	688 387 430 167 421 228 210 90 235 132 188 57	541 302 283 102 297 207 132 43 198 67 130 59	897 572 510 241 550 386 259 133 287 144 222	558 304 356 136 269 158 162 73 267 137 185 63	344 187 170 62 174 99 72 36 137 55 65	500 216 376 255 164 66 77 36 325 139 299 219	34 34 9 9 25 25 - - 9 9	355 118 269 135 44 14 6 - 277 77 236 135	
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined  Nonfamily householder  65 years and over  Persons for whom poverty status is determined  Persons under 18 years  Related children under 18 years  Related children 5 to 17 years  Persons 65 years and over  Persons 75 years and over	222 194 92 1 980 880 880 622 208 83	337 237 102 2 654 951 944 629 320 91	354 258 138 2 748 987 987 713 345 179	471 336 189 2 290 711 695 528 392 175	554 430 154 3 542 1 061 1 061 737 474 181	212 133 69 2 184 741 728 593 256 86	140 127 61 1 318 366 361 296 206 38	851 694 393 2 411 771 760 332 473 235	154 91 16 229 8 8 -	566 382 99 1 660 550 536 343 180 120
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years Married-couple families Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	305 58.3 116 286 116 47 28 28	247 36.2 126 232 144 52 31	210 30.5 101 193 66 58 8 46	144 26.6 42 119 51 42 20 28	201 22.4 90 189 102 39 27 33	197 35.3 47 151 67 59 12 46	82 23.8 23 67 25 35 9	352 70.4 112 315 234 89 27 70 36	9 26.5 9 9 9 - -	274 77.2 58 243 127 18
With related children under 5 years.  Female householder, no husband present  Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years. With related children under 5 years.  Unrelated individuals  Nonfomily householder  65 years and over	242 88 242 116 73 45	22 195 95 195 122 118 71 24	18 152 93 147 48 107 45 13	7 102 22 91 44 188 110 62	15 162 63 156 87 150 108	31 131 35 105 36 123 57 24	11 33 - 33 14 51 46 15	263 85 245 198 496 411 233	9 9 9 9 9 43 -	241 50 228 127 380 241 49
Persons Percent below poverty level Persons under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years and over Persons 75 years and over	1 229 62.1 766 766 531 9	1 189 44.8 723 716 444 48 8	916 33.3 474 474 377 22 15	771 33.7 360 344 257 70 45	937 26.5 475 475 299 71 33	809 37.0 349 336 252 62 16	370 28.1 164 159 131 52 7	1 616 67.0 655 644 243 248 127	26.2 8 8 - -	1 265 76.2 517 503 318 67 31
Ratio of Income In 1989 to poverty level: Persons below 50 percent of poverty level Persons below 125 percent of poverty level Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	683 1 334 1 455	820 1 337 1 779	368 1 175 1 724	387 1 044 1 543	527 1 122 1 659	404 900 1 269	180 468 723	949 1 801 2 071	25 75 108	885 1 310 1 433

Census Tract or Block Numbering	ng Peario city, Peario County—Con.									
Area	Troct 13	Troct 14	Troct 15	Troct 16	Troct 17	Troct 18	Troct 19	Troct 20	Troct 21	Troct 22
INCOME IN 1989	#86 153 123 45 87 22 46 10  8 030 13 990 317 8 015 374 7 202 17.6 23 000 386 4 651 15.8 14 432 5 407	498 84 98 50 128 73 52 6 7 - 15 654 18 054 369 14 010 36.0 16 050 425 5 797 15.8 14 911 6 720	857 86 128 112 245 126 130 18 - 12 18 539 21 907 519 19 591 640 15 000 45.5 21 172 745 7 324 25.0 13 846 8 510	1 451 173 226 243 224 221 152 178 21 13 20 158 24 815 920 25 660 1 207 14 947 42.8 25 823 1 212 8 492 29.5 15 313 9 774	419 158 74 40 41 45 45 - 10 6 7 896 15 710 78 33 333 201 15 787 47.3 21 458 317 6 250 33.1 15 391 10 925	1 758 354 203 213 430 257 174 86 28 13 19 439 21 743 818 21 418 1 338 14 324 42.3 19 861 1 1 410 8 094 9 402	613 82 53 51 90 76 126 82 32 21 26 860 35 911 44 087 985 6 946 27.5 35 139 655 5 698 23.2 19 412 12 181	656 45 44 41 77 67 161 174 35 12 41 161 39 614 390 49 815 1 647 4 449 21.1 32 419 1 668 3 601 10.9 19 969 7 957	2 199 161 374 324 486 426 242 186 20 458 23 115 1 324 23 289 1 689 15 483 39.3 27 879 1 982 8 485 29.3 15 367 9 704	1 832 70 175 172 355 363 329 276 62 30 28 210 31 173 34 982 1 475 23 425 52,9 30 279 1 617 12 645 39,9 18 638 13 843
INCOME TYPE IN 1989  Households With earnings Mean earnings (dollors) With Social Security income Mean Social Security income (dollors) With public assistance income Mean public assistance income (dollors) With retirement income Mean retirement income (dollors)	486 270 16 809 164 6 268 216 3 218 72 5 979	498 311 21 634 183 6 648 116 3 794 76 4 012	857 567 23 302 290 7 030 130 5 021 191 6 649	1 451 1 109 25 893 389 7 207 178 4 752 202 6 867	419 233 22 787 105 5 721 48 3 202 33 4 788	1 758 1 394 22 446 309 8 308 190 2 959 188 8 054	613 552 32 570 72 9 511 41 2 656 47 15 727	656 576 38 145 141 7 231 19 2 780 47 9 957	2 199 1 525 24 528 785 8 095 258 3 838 528 6 156	1 832 1 492 31 964 561 8 209 49 3 001 347 9 452
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dellors)  With own children under 18 years (dollors)  No own children under 18 yeors (dollors)  With own children under 18 yeors (dollors)  With own children under 18 yeors (dollors)  No own children under 18 yeors (dollors)  Famale householder, no husband present (dollars)  With own children under 18 years (dollors)  No own children under 18 years (dollors)	15 495 14 936 16 608 25 831 34 955 16 272 7 852 6 004 14 845	18 050 17 045 19 851 21 271 21 635 20 556 13 487 9 353 19 051	21 983 20 047 25 174 27 157 27 384 26 880 9 399 7 623 14 780	30 160 26 867 33 913 39 743 45 602 35 383 15 003 9 796 28 828	36 734 24 692 46 535 47 171 37 714 52 615 15 860 9 228 26 472	24 856 20 090 32 427 32 492 29 924 35 654 12 275 8 773 21 074	54 407 48 630 58 485 63 906 58 041 67 462 19 971 25 305 14 636	48 036 47 186 48 913 50 156 51 240 48 988 21 149 22 401 19 897	26 153 25 518 26 858 31 174 32 535 29 860 17 458 14 655 21 670	39 401 35 701 42 972 45 281 42 677 47 710 20 134 14 711 27 592
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989  All Income Levels In 1989  Families  Householder worked in 1989  With reloted children under 18 years  With reloted children under 5 yeors  Married-couple families  Householder worked in 1989  With reloted children under 18 years  With reloted children under 18 years  Famale householder, no husband present  Householder worked in 1989  With reloted children under 5 years  With reloted children under 18 years  With reloted children under 5 years	317 173 211 107 129 81 66 29 177 81 140	310 180 218 104 175 129 116 64 122 38 89 33	519 334 344 129 341 258 187 72 129 41 115	920 647 529 209 532 422 237 100 318 174 260 102	78 70 35 18 52 44 19 13 26 26	818 615 532 217 491 368 277 130 281 201 225 70	261 210 108 29 204 166 77 29 52 39 26	390 313 216 99 326 282 169 94 36 12 36	1 324 934 742 350 839 582 431 251 448 315 296 90	1 193 957 626 240 916 739 458 182 209 162 137 58
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.  Nonfornily householder	262 169 67 1 279 462 456 300 127 23	260 188 84 1 308 477 471 320 156 85	423 338 187 2 200 739 731 544 345 116	759 531 178 3 714 1 047 1 025 753 391 189	405 341 74 599 48 48 29 100 35	1 368 940 164 4 065 1 052 1 039 741 350 131	626 352 33 1 451 230 228 198 130 57	552 266 74 1 898 467 467 353 149 53	1 128 875 464 5 256 1 422 1 411 981 847 441	793 639 290 4 414 1 158 1 158 798 673 327
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Married-couple families Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 19 years. Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years Unrelated individuals Nonfamily householder 65 years and over Persons Percent below poverty level Persons under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 55 years and over Persons 75 years and over	1 208	108 34.8 38.8 89 33 40 20 27 13 62 12 56 20 92 92 93 33 507 38.8 253 247 182 53 40	27.7 62 138 60 37 30 37 16 87 19 81 37 105 641 29.1 331 323 222 45 20	163 17.7 52 150 63 19 6 6 6 6 6 6 139 57 309 173 66 877 23.6 368 346 263 72	11 14.1 11 11 	251 30.7 169 230 114 75 49 64 44 163 107 153 70 552 356 41 1 356 33.4 429 416 241	24 9.2 13 7 - 4 - - 20 13 7 7 - 29 8 105 5 366 25.2 30 28 28 19	19 4.9 - 19 7 7 7 7 12 - 12 - 262 7 351 18.5 39 39 39 17	237 17.9 127 189 85 84 40 58 50 142 76 131 35 248 145 96 967 18.4 332 321 222 119 64	88 7.4 66 78 26 34 34 34 37 17 42 32 9 162 88 36 534 12.1 193 193 193 188 46
Ratio of Income in 1989 to poverty level: Persons below 50 percent of poverty level Persons below 125 percent of poverty level Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	428 780	314 715 896	233 809 1 296	575 1 097 1 684	149 260 318	736 1 688 2 314	252 411 485	253 452 631	426 1 335 2 337	232 675 1 244

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sompling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				P	Peario city, Pear	rio County—Con.				
Area	Troct 23	Troct 24	Troct 25	Troct 26	Troct 27	Troct 28 (pt.)	Troct 29 (pt.)	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989 Households	2 276	2 121	1 321	971	3 118	1 581	1 931	2 049	1 480	2 701
Less thon \$5,000	60	81	120	44	200	65	46	27	32	125 129
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	117 168	217 190	175 112	130 106	340 264	53 128	160 134	47 130	36 43	129 159
\$15,000 to \$24,999	438	453	290	215	579	279	311	343	175	398 428 499
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	303 549	404 426	213 227	133 162	496 461	345 281	327 299	301 528	208 432	428 499
\$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999	426 131	264 74	162 16	91 51	511	307	394 123	406 162	432 353 123	605
\$100,000 or more	84	12	6	39	143 124	45 78	137	105	78	221 137 37 212
Medion (dollors) Meon (dollors)	35 977 40 507	28 494 31 963	23 733 27 497	24 375 38 773	27 746 35 155	33 241 39 073	34 641 47 199	38 867 52 054	43 490 48 202	37 212 44 601
Fomilies	1 555	1 342	913	587	1 980	979	1 157	1 602	1 196	1 535
Medion income (dollors)  Moles 15 yeors ond over, with income	41 881	34 075	26 678	34 769	35 904	38 790	44 934	41 790	46 231 1 472	50 546 2 199
Medion income (dollors)	1 800 27 188	1 693 21 832	1 109 17 256	822 22 042	2 463 23 956	1 336 26 486	1 499 30 321	2 038 27 500	28 147	32 067
Percent yeor-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors)	53.8 35 282	47.8 31 267	47.2 30 261	48.7 30 <b>3</b> 68	50.3 34 239	51.9 34 045	50.1 42 561	53.4 36 317	65.1 36 165	63.8 38 048
emoles 15 years and over, with income	2 225	1 916	1 316	772	3 012	1 505	1 822	1 979	1 403	2 259
Medion income (dollors) Percent year-round full-time workers	12 342 28.8	10 183 27.6	7 474 30.8	8 984 31.1	9 276 28.7	12 785 34.7	12 434 35.1	12 815 33.5	14 040 46.5	14 143 41.7
Medion income (dollors)	19 606	17 260	16 875	17 727	18 278	19 057	20 264	19 659	20 784	19 923
Per copito income (dollors)	17 759	13 666	10 258	18 039	15 320	17 243	22 012	19 582	16 305	20 657
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									1 400	0.701
Households	<b>2 276</b> 1 616	<b>2 121</b> 1 553	1 321 1 041	<b>971</b> 730	3 118 2 266	1 581 1 271	1 931 1 332	2 049 1 729	1 480 1 397	2 701 2 382
Mean earnings (dollors) With Sociol Security income Meon Sociol Security income (dollors)	38 598	32 825	28 275	40 511	36 815	37 308 518	49 877 733	51 294 559	46 763 144	44 042 347
Meon Social Security income (dollars)	905 8 683	734 9 103	328 8 150	332 8 302	1 133 8 412	8 733	9 260	9 776	7 088	9 115
With public ossistonce income Mean public ossistonce income (dollors)	82 7 742	78 5 097	117 2 934	38 6 363	194 5 091	57 9 461	54 4 967	60 3 303	66 4 271	74 3 455
With retirement income	553	471	195	164	732	327	377	430	117	313
Mean retirement income (dollors)	13 219	8 704	6 953	12 941	8 563	11 932	12 954	10 469	12 357	14 998
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars)	47 568	38 848	30 841	52 225	41 146	44 016	60 882	58 870	51 641	54 765
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	48 840	35 966	29 075	68 188	39 837	43 442	73 941	54 887	50 267	<b>54 765</b> 54 147 55 245
No own children under 18 years (dollors) Married-couple families (dollars)	46 839 <b>50 630</b>	41 110 41 487	33 117 36 431	43 850 <b>57 606</b>	42 020 45 443	44 385 48 288	52 985 <b>66 958</b>	61 830 <b>64 279</b>	53 896 <b>5</b> 6 <b>037</b>	58 630
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	53 280	40 511	37 393	87 326	48 347	53 476	87 834	61 902	54 785	60 406 57 434
No own children under 18 yeors (dollors) Famale householder, no husband present	49 166	42 205	35 496	45 179	43 966	45 575	55 647	65 906	58 291	
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	<b>27 288</b> 25 281	<b>23 192</b> 12 590	13 923 13 479	18 459 16 286	<b>21 133</b> 21 184	<b>24 452</b> 15 805	<b>22 211</b> 17 402	<b>32 010</b> 24 803	<b>24 017</b> 11 539	<b>29 279</b> 27 947
No own children under 18 years (dollors)	28 456	35 497	15 658	20 817	20 985	36 233	28 478	39 727	40 112	31 523
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels In 1989										
Families	1 555	1 342	913	587	1 980	979	1 157	1 602	1 196	1 535
Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 yeors	1 208 567	1 023 625	677 514	461 236	1 500 818	733 399	850 454	1 314 749	1 079 760	1 535 1 365 687
With reloted children under 5 years	243	380	171	87	270	150	165 <b>99</b> 6	261 1 341	308 983	226
Morried-couple families Householder worked in 1989	1 330 1 031	1 133 841	<b>625</b> 471	<b>485</b> 394	1 <b>607</b> 1 190	<b>795</b> 610	732	1 115	896	<b>1 324</b> 1 154
With reloted children under 18 years	473 230	497 320	308 111	157 59	542 224	277 113	368 154	570 244	637 264	549 201
Female householder, no husband present	193	175	221	73	332	163	154 152	205	158	196
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	145 71	157 112	160 176	38 58	279 271	107 106	109 86	174 130	132 101	196 123
With reloted children under 5 years	13	56	41	14	46	32	ii	17	40	25
Unrelated Individuals for whom poverty status is determined	793	890	566	479	1 377	780	894	517	360	1 381
Nonfomily householder	721	779	408	384	1 138	602	774	447	284	1 166
65 years and over	454	342	198	164	518	200	361	173	21	122
Persons under 18 years	<b>5 105</b> 1 032	<b>4 935</b> 1 162	<b>3 529</b> 1 055	2 107 396	<b>7 128</b> 1 515	3 <b>579</b> 729	<b>4 129</b> 821	<b>5 312</b> 1 370	<b>4 376</b> 1 446	<b>5 772</b> 1 183
Reloted children under 18 years	1 032	1 162	1 050	386 280	1 505	729 525	821 602	1 370 1 059	1 440 1 065	1 183 1 183 923 382 131
Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years ond over	311	818 934	812 451	368	1 125 1 421	671	994	668	143	382
Persons /5 years ond over	650	476	286	90	574	249	429	190	39	131
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level	50	104	140		141	27	20		64	41
Fomilies Percent below poverty level	<b>58</b> 3.7	<b>104</b> 7.7	140 15.3	15 2.6	141 7.1	<b>37</b> 3.8	<b>20</b> 1.7	_	5.4 35	2.7 33 25 17
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	31 30	70 92	62 108	15 15	85 107	11 37	11	_	35 56	33 25
With related children under 5 years	21	49	38	8	34	19	11		45	17
Morried-couple familiesHouseholder worked in 1989	<b>27</b> 8	<b>55</b> 28	<b>40</b> 12	<b>15</b> 15	61 32	18 11	9	=	<b>20</b> 10	8
With reloted children under 18 years	17	43 28	24	15	27	iġ	-		12 12	8
With reloted children under 5 years Femole householder, no husband present	8 31	28 49	7 <b>95</b>	8	14 80	19	11		44	25
Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	23 13	42 49	45 79	-	53 80	19	11	-	25 44	<b>25</b> 25 17 17
With reloted children under 5 years	13	21	31	Ξ	20	12	ii	_	33	iź
Unrelated individuels	60	166	159	117	305	97	84	44	32	161
Nonfamily householder65 yeors ond over	53 46	109 47	90 70	74 21	216 119	61 57	68 41	36 27	4 -	133
Persons	219	533	681	168	765	264	145	<b>44</b> .8	235	270
Percent below poverty level Persons under 18 years	4.3	10.8	19.3	8.0 31	10.7 240	7.4 96 96	3.5	.8	5.4 116	4.7 41
Reloted children under 18 years	54 54 30	214 214	267 267	21	230	96	34 34	Ξ	110	41
Reloted children 5 to 17 yearsPersons 65 years ond over	30 91	152 47	223	14 21	170 136	66 57	41	27	63 5	41 24 9
Persons 75 years ond over	56	47	85 73	6	108	19	24	10	=	-
Ratio of Income In 1989 to poverty level:	F.	105	400		200	120	57	27	123	153
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	56 285	185 691	430 911	68 336	398 912	120 366	57 270	27 184	259	326
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	699	1 351	1 457	598	1 769	672	605	836	680	843

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peario city, Pear	rio County—Con.				
Area	Troct 32	Troct 33 (pt.)	Troct 34.01 (pt.)	Tract 34.02 (pt.)	Troct 35 (pt.)	Tract 39 (pt.)	Troct 41.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)	Troct 42 (pt.)	Tract 43 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989  Households Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	1 969 44 53 149 402 313 418	1 200 27 19 39 104 97 126	729 13 5 14 48 55 130	213 - - 7 6 12 12	290 23 7 49 67 68 61	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	500 22 32 	1 275 167 243 127 116 107 201	:	6
\$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 or mare  Medion (dollors)  Familles  Medion incame (dallars)  Moles 15 years and aver, with incame  Medion incame (dallars)	405 87 98 35 570 42 105 1 087 46 625 1 642 29 462	215 176 397 70 595 90 494 973 83 666 1 160 56 448	167 118 179 64 073 86 543 645 69 047 749 46 069	65 36 75 77 313 125 826 194 82 799 257 58 422	15 - 24 583 24 620 163 27 560 199 18 661	-	148 68 18 45 595 47 919 289 57 100 472 32 159	203 69 42 24 031 32 522 721 41 406 964 23 023	-	13 750 14 669 - -
Percent year-raund full-time warkers Medion income (dollors) Femoles 15 years and over, with income Medion incame (dollars) Percent year-raund full-time workers Medion income (dollors) Per capito income (dollors) INCOME TYPE IN 1989	59.6 34 607 1 466 15 310 38.9 21 346 19 976	61.2 69 431 1 178 11 025 24.1 27 500 32 457	68.0 53 345 665 14 339 41.2 26 312 29 596	69.3 67 424 204 12 348 28.9 30 329 37 516	54.3 26 774 203 11 906 48.3 22 000 12 638	-	76.9 41 334 376 12 442 44.9 26 875 20 449	56.5 36 464 1 466 7 006 23.3 25 346 12 882	-	13 750  - 14 669
With earnings Mean earnings (dallors) With Social Security income. Mean Social Security income (dallors) With public assistance incame (dallors) With public ossistance incame Mean public ossistance income (dallors) Mean retirement incame Mean retirement income (dallors)	1 969 1 722 39 528 408 8 933 28 6 773 362 11 629	1 200 942 89 405 403 10 088 20 6 310 242 22 193	729 688 80 527 128 9 468 6 2 448 98 16 365	213 202 97 278 42 5 995 — 30 11 093	290 203 27 557 78 8 297 14 4 262 79 4 764	-	500 486 47 589 7 13 368 14 1 714 14 25 942	1 275 932 38 424 257 6 414 180 3 038 148 7 615	-	6 - - 5 589 - - 6 5 200
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors) Na awn children under 18 years (dollars) Married-couple families (dollars) With awn children under 18 years (dollars) Na own children under 18 years (dollars) Na own children under 18 years (dollars)	53 572 50 457 55 675 56 446 57 279 55 966	105 072 114 080 98 756 106 180 115 236 99 511	92 632 92 819 92 471 96 291 95 534 96 963	135 181 129 323 143 354 142 667 129 323 164 521	26 711 31 568 22 253 29 589 37 624 22 764	=	57 174 47 904 66 904 60 490 51 393 69 727	41 312 38 648 47 971 57 152 62 596 48 658	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	-
(dollars)	19 938 19 089 24 245	<b>30 193</b> 30 193	<b>32 552</b> 21 300 36 490	21 647 21 647	11 968 1 200 19 146	Ē	27 443 21 015 36 550	11 025 8 492 42 680	Ξ	=
All Income Levels in 1989  Families  Hauseholder warked in 1989  With reloted children under 18 yeors  With reloted children under 5 yeors  Married-couple families  Hauseholder warked in 1989  With reloted children under 18 yeors  With reloted children under 5 yeors  Famele hauseholder, ne hausband present  Hauseholder warked in 1989  With reloted children under 5 yeors  With reloted children under 18 yeors  With reloted children under 18 yeors	1 087 914 465 203 966 816 380 180 85 71 71	973 772 401 158 929 728 394 158 30 30	645 606 305 128 606 567 285 128 27 27	194 179 113 29 182 172 113 29 12 7	163 104 90 47 135 96 68 33 20 - 14		289 265 148 89 260 242 131 83 29 23 17	721 595 520 302 466 428 289 148 243 155 225	-	-
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	1 034 882 151 4 115 751 751 497 497	239 227 142 3 168 797 797 613 543 229	92 84 27 2 119 626 626 465 177	19 19 12 <b>720</b> 244 244 203 34	135 127 42 563 128 128 84 110	-	255 211 - 1 184 310 310 188 13	613 554 202 2 848 891 891 534 250	=	6 6 6 - - - 6
Persons 75 years and aver	207 42 3.9 28 25 11 28	6 .6 - -	78 .8 - - - 5	22 - - - - - -	24 16 9.8 - 8 8	-	32 11.1 8 22 16 26	101 188 26.1 96 188 137 15		-
Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 yeors With related children under 5 yeors Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 yeors With related children under 5 yeors Unrelated individuals	28 11 11 14 - 14 -	_	- - - - - - 8	-	- - 8 - 8 8 7	-	16 16 6 - 6 - 8	15 15 <b>173</b> 90 173 122	-	-
Nanfomily hausehalder	46 19 202 4.9 28 28 19 19	21 12 34 1.1 - - - 18	8 8 18 .8 - - - 18	- - - -	7 7 <b>46</b> 8.2 17 17 9 21		8 - 137 11.6 62 62 62 37 -	125 64 628 22.1 287 287 114 64 25		-
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:  Persons below 50 percent of poverty level  Persons below 125 percent of poverty level  Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	64 295	58	18 23 61	- - 14	32 85 246	Ξ	108 144 236	328 739 906	Ξ	Ξ

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Doto based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Pearia o	ity, Pearia Caunty-	Con.			Remo	inder of Pearia Ca	unty		
Area	Troct 44 (pt.)	Tract 46 (pt.)	Troct 48.02 (pt.)	Tract 28 (pt.)	Troct 29 (pt.)	Troct 30 (pt.)	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 31.02 (pt.)	Tract 33 (pt.)	Tract 34.01 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989				_						279
Households	242 101	Ξ	137	7 -	_	16	31 _	_	6	378
\$5,000 ta \$9,999	41	-	14 32	-	-	=	6	-	Ξ	20 23
\$10,000 ta \$14,999 \$15,000 ta \$24,999	48 27	Ξ	52	_	=	8	Ξ	=	<del>.</del>	54
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	11	_	18 14	7	Ξ	=	6 7	_	6	23 54 78 118
\$50,000 to \$74,999	7	Ξ.	-		=	=	6	-	-	62 16
\$75,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 ar mare	_	_	7	_	Ξ	8 -	6		_	7
Median (dallars)	6 808	-	19 205	43 750	-	48 750 49 784	43 750 48 575	_	26 250 26 781	36 458 38 177
Mean (dollars)		_	23 598 <b>78</b>	44 000	Ξ.	8	31	-	6	297
Median income (dollors)		-	22 500	43 750	-	77 197	43 750 28	-	26 250	39 750 364
Males 15 years and over, with income	8 281	Ξ	102 18 077	21 250		33 7 375	40 888	_	28 750	26 034
Percent year-raund full-time warkers Medion income (dollars)	32.1 8 889	-	36.3 31 250	_	Ξ	48.5 36 250	64.3 42 004	_	_	59.9 31 304
Femoles 15 years and aver, with income	259	Ξ	95	7	_	8	26	-	2 500 <u>-</u>	358 12 111
Median income (dollars) Percent year-round full-time workers	5 144 13.9	_	9 107 15.8	23 750	Ξ	6 250	5 000 26.9	_	2 300=	49.2
Median income (dollars)	9 643	-	40 048	23 750	-	-	18 750	-	<u>-</u>	17 432
Per capita incame (dollors)	4 376	-	12 076	11 846	-	19 680	14 546	-	14 790	14 190
INCOME TYPE IN 1989	040		107	_		16	31	_	6	378
Households	242 162	_	137 82	7 7	-	16	31	=	6	335
Mean earnings (dallars)With Social Security incame	13 238	-	22 780 68	44 000	-	49 616	46 318 7	-	5 890	37 481 90
Mean Social Security incame (dollars)	7 043	_	9 753	-	-	-	7 800	-	Ξ	9 493 12
With public assistance income Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 889	Ξ	15 5 000	Ξ.	Ξ	_	=	-	=	5 000
With retirement income Mean retirement income (dollars)	1 12	_	60 7 042	_		Ξ	7 1 500	_	6 16 604	45 6 800
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE	2 007	_	7 0-12	_						
Families (dollars)	9 979	_	28 000	44 000	-	77 567	48 575	-	26 781	<b>41 675</b> 46 908
With own children under 18 years (dallars)	7 502 18 360	Ξ	16 000 30 857	44 000		77 567	47 348 50 275	_	26 781	35 963
Na awn children under 18 years (dallars)	19 604 12 921	-	30 857	44 000 44 000	_	77 567	<b>58 327</b> 67 050	_	26 781	<b>42 765</b> 49 914
Na awn children under 18 years (dollors)	21 489	Ξ	30 857	44 000	=	77 567	50 275	-	26 781	35 179
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)		_	16 000	_	_	_	7 944	-	-	30 777
With awn children under 18 years (dollors)	5 421	-	16 000	i -	-	-	7 944		Ξ	20 793 45 300
Na awn children under 18 years (dollors)  POVERTY STATUS IN 1989	3 108	-	_	_	_	_				
All income Levels in 1989										
Families	206	-	78	7	-	<b>8</b> 8	31 24	-	<b>6</b> 6	297 250
Hausehalder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	167	Ξ	49 15	7 7	=	-	18	-	<u> </u>	250 155
With related children under 5 years Married-couple families	80	_	63	7	Ξ	8	25	_	- 6	67 <b>270</b> 229 139 67 <b>27</b> 21
Householder worked in 1989	1 38	_	34	7	-	8	18 12	-	6	229 139
With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	11	Ξ	Ξ	7 -	Ξ	Ξ	-	-	-	67
Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989	145	Ξ	<b>15</b> 15		=	_	6	=	Ξ	21
With related children under 18 years	145	-	15	-	-	-	6		Ξ	16
With related children under 5 years  Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is		-	-	-	_	_	_			
determined	45	-	67	-	-	8	-	-	-	<b>86</b> 81
Nanfamily householder65 years and aver	36	Ξ	59 26	_	_	8 -	_		Ξ	23
Persons for whom poverty status is determined_	568	_	270	26	_	41	99	-	11	1 005
Persons under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years	233	Ξ	59 59	12	=	_	45 45	_	Ξ	263 263
Related children 5 to 17 years	153	_	59	12	-	=	45 5		Ξ	176 91
Persans 65 years and over Persans 75 years and over	46 26	Ξ	98 39	I =	Ξ	Ξ		-	-	91 51
income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										10
Percent belaw poverty level	133 64.6	_	<b>15</b> 19.2		Ξ	=	6 19.4	_	Ξ	12 4.0
Householder worked in 1989	.   85	Ξ	15	-	-	-	6	_	Ξ	6 12
With related children under 18 years		_	15	.	Ξ	=	6	=	Ξ	6
Married-couple families	. 24	-	_	:	Ξ	Ξ	_	_	Ξ	6
Hauseholder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	.   11	Ξ	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	6
With related children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present	109	_	15	1 =	_	=	6	_	Ξ	6
Househalder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	.   61	-	15 15		Ξ	=	6		Ξ	6
With reloted children under 5 years		=	-	.  =	_	-	-	-	-	-
Unrelated individuals	. 20		7	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	5 -
Nanfamily householder65 years and over			7	_	_	=	-	-	-	-
Persons	353		81		-	-	12	-	-	<b>42</b> 4.2
Percent belaw poverty level  Persons under 18 years			30.0 59		_	=	12.1	-	-	4.2 15 15
Related children under 18 years	. 164		59	-	-	-	6	_	-	15 9
Related children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years and aver	. [ 12		59 -		-	-	-	-	-	-
Persons 75 years and over		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level: Persons belaw 50 percent af paverty level	. 170		-	_	_	-	,-	_	_	_ 47
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	. 390	-	81 112		_	Ξ	12 47	-	-	133
below Loo percent of paverty level			112							

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering					emainder of Pearic	County—Can.				
Area	Tract 34.02 (pt.)	Tract 35 (pt.)	Tract 36.01	Tract 36.02	Tract 37	Tract 38	Tract 39 (pt.)	Tract 40	Tract 41.01 (pt.)	Tract 41.02 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989 Households Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 ta \$24,999	1 026 8 20 52	195 11 22 6	1 026 34 61 78	2 119 87 230 199	1 083 31 62 84	1 132 38 74 109	1 508 28 48 103	1 572 52 111 179	643 11 5 35	357 23 58 36
\$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or mare Median (dollars) Mean (dallars)	59 136 184 292 144 131 54 900	20 66 22 25 23 - 29 034	129 160 325 214 18 7 36 992	312 399 397 345 108 42 30 922	146 161 195 284 76 44 38 562	202 198 226 214 43 28 31 250	274 205 392 343 69 46 37 562	268 307 261 299 56 39 30 085	94 118 125 146 83 26 43 508	108 67 48 17 - 21 483
Median income (dollars)  Males 15 years and over, with income	57 793 1 079	35 304 143 31 161 180	36 557 <b>804</b> 40 473 986	36 607 1 526 36 205 1 956	42 914 936 40 833 1 144	36 085 <b>887</b> 37 461 1 102	44 090 1 <b>255</b> 40 933 1 547	36 004 1 247 35 423 1 545	48 340 529 47 784 714	22 197 240 22 167 284 15 643
Median income (dollars) Percent year-round full-time warkers Median income (dollars) Females 15 years and over, with income Median income (dollars) Percent year-round full-time warkers Median income (dollars) Per capita income (dollars)	39 375 66.6 48 872 874 11 786 40.7 20 473 19 589	23 359 72.2 24 904 169 8 646 35.5 17 500 13 549	29 500 67.1 34 535 810 9 932 32.3 16 208	22 500 51.0 37 924 1 875 8 964 30.2 15 233	27 391 62.2 39 292 904 8 313 30.3 14 048 15 555	23 732 53.6 31 151 946 9 833 24.7 19 722 13 913	26 356 60.8 35 000 1 348 10 488 28.9 18 000	22 295 51.8 31 211 1 460 8 657 28.9 16 719 12 984	25 481 55.5 34 338 608 14 412 46.7 17 750 16 712	39.4 22 778 310 7 500 43.2 14 773
INCOME TYPE IN 1989  Households  Men earnings Mean earnings (dallars)  With Social Security income  Mean Social Security income (dollars)  With public assistance income  Mean public assistance income (dollars)  With retirement income  Mean retirement income (dollars)	1 026 933 57 046 157 7 487 19 9 459 126 11 807	195 164 36 202 41 7 997 - 14 13 313	1 026 870 37 622 226 8 349 12 2 679 154 8 059	2 119 1 635 38 820 659 9 386 145 5 738 327 7 016	1 083 892 42 979 280 8 696 35 4 269 186 7 367	1 132 927 34 890 338 8 348 46 3 657 224 6 876	1 508 1 317 42 660 362 7 049 56 3 696 258 10 821	1 572 1 263 36 548 465 8 392 45 4 214 309 8 149	643 569 49 102 124 8 901 6 153 85 12 532	357 294 21 455 112 8 215 16 4 881 69 6 524
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Familles (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) No own children under 18 years (dollars) Married-couple familles (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) No own children under 18 years (dollars)	63 663 67 772 57 573 67 592 72 813 60 125	41 799 35 109 47 696 43 628 32 869 51 313	39 598 39 917 39 345 40 725 42 280 39 484	42 876 40 833 45 114 47 003 46 609 47 387	45 837 48 219 43 980 48 229 53 045 44 820	39 771 42 804 37 212 41 708 46 599 37 822	48 528 55 001 41 371 51 369 59 791 42 178	40 983 42 211 39 740 43 516 46 328 40 836	53 282 53 008 53 502 54 501 54 764 54 287	23 877 25 210 22 453 26 227 30 460 22 223
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	27 470 27 948 26 630	21 672 19 686 27 235	24 450 19 767 29 436	16 553 14 861 20 942	13 406 8 463 29 136	22 706 14 374 32 889	19 397 16 331 25 728	13 547 11 306 20 626	22 087 17 091 29 938	14 099 11 115 18 661
All Income Levels In 1989  Families  Householder worked in 1989  With related children under 18 years  With related children under 5 years  Married-couple tamilles  Householder worked in 1989  With related children under 18 years  With related children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  Householder warked in 1989  With related children under 18 years  With related children under 18 years  With related children under 18 years	891 803 549 152 785 711 479 138 80 66 51	143 132 70 35 108 97 48 35 19	804 672 379 138 689 572 324 118 64 49	1 526 1 204 856 261 1 298 1 014 674 218 169 131 140 36	936 766 410 144 859 711 356 133 46 31 35	887 731 416 165 786 650 352 130 60 49 36	1 255 1 105 668 205 1 121 1 003 593 182 95 74 65	1 247 1 022 642 198 1 129 948 564 188 79 45 62 8	529 458 246 81 502 436 231 81 18	240 183 131 64 179 131 87 35 43 34 26 18
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.  Nonfamily househalder	155 135 27 3 098 966 966 731 187	57 52 33 515 150 150 96 54 21	291 222 75 2 722 703 703 481 228 79	677 593 293 5 513 1 522 1 522 1 167 823 361	147 147 72 2 995 813 813 619 353 105	274 245 151 2 937 748 748 581 460 198	296 253 110 4 394 1 351 1 351 1 096 448 126	377 325 180 4 335 1 205 1 202 931 607 262	123 114 28 1 848 472 472 352 172 33	153 117 34 782 161 161 96 130 53
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Familles Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years Married-couple families Householder worked in 1989	15 7 7 15	9 6.3 9 9	41 5.1 24 24 6	167 10,9 103 148 73	53 5.7 17 27 11 26	44 5.0 26 21 13 21	38 3.0 26 26 3 13 6	64 5.1 32 53 19 23 16 17	13 2.5 7 13 6 13	42 17.5 33 42 26 24 24 24
Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	7	9 9 - - -	5 12 - 24 19 12 6	48 77 57 <b>71</b> 55 71 16	- - 27 17 27 11	6 - 14 8 13 13	5 23 18 21 3	13 36 11 31 6	13 6 - - - -	24 8 18 9 18 18
Unrelated individuals Nanfamily householder 65 years and over Persons Percent below poverty level Persons under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years Persons of years and over	1.8 16 16 8	11 11 66 12.8 37 37 29	58 34 12 178 6.5 38 38 29 22	116 94 71 659 12.0 256 256 170 108	25 25 17 184 6.1 60 60 42 71	25 21 19 140 4.8 32 32 21 41	43 22 8 149 3.4 45 45 39 12	77 54 27 317 7.3 143 140 113 37 35	9 5 - 69 3.7 24 24 17 -	141 - 141 18.0 46 46 18
Persons 75 years and over	57 85	- 11 66 170	67 213 551	38 199 725 1 242	18 34 205 440	26 45 214 550	53 220 558	144 527 1 176	28 101 262	44 168 321

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Octa based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Remoinde	r of Peorio County-	-Con.			
Area	Troct 42 (pt.)	Troct 43 (pt.)	Troct 44 (pt.)	Troct 45	Troct 46 (pt.)	Troct 48.01	Troct 48.02 (pt.)	Troct 49.01 (pt.)	Troct 49.02
INCOME IN 1989 Households	1 883	1 212	2 033	1 687	2 246	1 420	1 745	1 330	1 288
Less thon \$5,000	154 170 274 367 302 363 134	42 96 164 341 279 192 73	128 189 151 475 367 419 227	68 159 157 331 276 371 260	135 205 198 560 301 477 309	38 59 72 260 236 363 332	67 161 143 323 260 416 323	44 88 177 266 245 266 199	1 288 23 55 125 170 245 325 228 97 20 37 031 39 939
\$75,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more————————————————————————————————————	36 83 24 247 34 802 1 004 34 212	25 - 23 432 26 455 818 26 408	227 54 23 27 326 31 248 1 410 31 622	33 32 31 215 34 256 1 253 36 285	34 27 25 822 30 469 1 <b>579</b> 34 359	352 55 5 36 940 38 069 1 196 40 361	36 16 31 854 34 160 1 404 36 667	29 16 27 561 32 541 1 073 31 947	97 20 37 031 39 939 1 079 41 356
Moles 15 years and over, with income Medion income (dollors) Percent year-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors) Permoles 15 years and over, with income Medion income (dollors) Percent year-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors)	1 448 23 094 56.5 32 208 1 665 7 574 25.1 17 849	995 17 639 51.3 25 198 1 033 9 464 33.6 16 131	1 751 19 984 50.1 30 306 2 017 9 748 33.0 17 988	1 796 19 361 44.0 31 111 1 729 10 049 31.3 16 912	1 949 21 909 49,9 31 992 1 883 9 653 32.6 18 859	1 478 25 403 56.7 33 431 1 246 10 949 40.7 17 361	1 675 22 432 56.5 31 372 1 592 9 258 32.0 17 652	1 291 22 517 51.1 31 744 1 072 8 790 32.3 16 429	1 493 23 556 58.3 31 384 1 156 10 348 39.8 16 522
Per copito income (dollors) INCOME TYPE IN 1989	16 339	11 347	12 675	12 125	12 349	13 530	12 955	12 214	12 669
Households With earnings Mean earnings (dollors) With Social Security income Mean Social Security income (dollors) With public assistance income Mean public ossistance income (dollors) With retirement income Mean retirement income (dollors)	1 883 1 464 34 843 543 7 948 94 3 070 312 7 713	1 212 932 26 399 411 7 738 56 4 595 339 6 491	2 033 1 395 33 368 742 8 653 148 6 166 456 8 018	1 687 1 304 33 302 530 8 683 112 4 811 382 9 950	2 246 1 660 32 004 715 8 612 152 3 907 508 7 126	1 420 1 191 38 372 347 8 557 65 3 337 249 9 764	1 745 1 348 35 948 483 8 195 94 3 752 429 8 754	1 330 1 052 33 642 403 8 153 44 4 922 290 7 029	1 288 1 138 38 686 272 9 179 40 5 190 208 9 040
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Familles (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) No own children under 18 years (dollars) Married-couple families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) No own children under 18 years (dollars) Female householder, no husband present	48 409 42 343 53 415 54 326 49 821 57 584	29 904 28 805 30 789 32 978 32 928 33 016	36 595 38 622 35 128 39 025 43 012 36 032	38 731 37 386 39 871 41 298 41 460 41 168	35 504 33 554 37 384 39 032 40 179 38 066	40 658 43 075 38 593 42 453 46 224 39 214	38 123 39 403 37 238 40 566 43 848 38 376	35 918 37 460 34 684 37 334 40 892 34 551	43 591 44 911 42 080 44 745 46 541 42 718
(doliars)	20 253 15 555 25 995	18 819 15 159 22 764	28 758 20 352 34 745	20 237 13 411 32 068	18 655 10 766 35 222	23 535 19 242 29 321	21 980 16 183 28 522	23 552 12 549 36 126	23 784 14 182 35 132
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989 All Income Levels In 1989									
Families	1 004 799 454 203 803 625 337 180 140 113 77 23	818 577 385 151 649 460 290 131 133 91 82	1 410 1 036 614 264 1 124 825 482 235 226 159 116 21	1 253 961 608 222 1 078 828 499 179 123 103 83 31	1 579 1 142 810 267 1 305 987 618 206 217 115 161 50	1 196 965 587 148 1 054 863 509 135 108 78 70	1 404 1 063 643 211 1 207 893 532 190 149 122 99	1 073 813 507 180 948 727 426 162 90 61 62 10	1 079 976 599 207 992 906 540 190 48 37 33
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	1 <b>023</b> 879 264	<b>432</b> 394 159	<b>994</b> 623 420	517 434 214	810 667 267	<b>286</b> 224 83	<b>396</b> 341 147	<b>316</b> 257 101	271 209 94
Persons far whom poverty status is determined_ Persons under 18 years	3 806 713 713 481 664 291	2 806 661 661 479 468 187	4 988 1 097 1 070 774 1 089 574	4 430 1 129 1 125 817 612 191	5 508 1 447 1 420 1 142 771 269	3 986 1 058 1 058 863 433 169	4 583 1 065 1 065 804 540 179	3 557 936 934 715 481 185	3 929 1 198 1 186 919 299 106
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Married-couple families	46 4.6 27 28 6	67 8.2 52 48 22 33 28	81 5.7 54 54 17 29	94 7.5 55 56 20 <b>52</b> 30 16	129 8.2 53 111 36 27	31 2.6 18 23 3 17	94 6.7 42 49 9	66 6.2 32 43 14 38	37 3.4 35 35 9
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	6 - - <b>28</b> 14 28	14 14 <b>28</b> 18 28	29 20 23 7 45 27 31	4 34 23 34	18 - 93 33 93	15 12 2 14 3	18 23 - 35 24 26	14 15 4 <b>26</b> 16 26	29 29 29 7 8 6 6
Unrelated individuals  Nonfomily householder	244 190	8 33 33	10 <b>329</b> 116	16 <b>78</b> 62	36 1 <b>76</b> 93	53 38	111 90	8 <b>57</b> 34 11	47 29 8
65 years ond over  Persons  Percent below poverty level  Persons under 18 yeors  Reloted children under 18 years  Reloted children 5 to 17 yeors  Persons 65 years ond over  Persons 75 years ond over	78 352 9.2 38 38 34 104 70	5 <b>245</b> 8.7 107 107 76 5 5	152 575 11.5 120 93 76 165 131	32 346 7.8 116 114 86 49 22	46 619 11.2 279 259 209 53	19 162 4.1 47 47 40 19	49 392 8.6 94 69 64 32	251 7.1 87 85 57 30	191 4.9 64 52 42 8
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:  Persons below 50 percent of poverty level  Persons below 125 percent of poverty level  Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	168 460 1 148	111 447 992	365 849 1 528	157 520 1 189	418 771 1 512	57 247 656	77 565 1 069	117 347 924	49 255 722

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Dota based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remoinder of Per Con	orio County—			Totals fo	or split trocts/8N/	A's in Tozewell Co	unty		
Area	Troct 50.97	Troct 50.98	Troct 201	Troct 203.01	Troct 203.02	Troct 204	Troct 205	Troct 206	Troct 207	Troct 208
INCOME IN 1989										1 777
Households Less than \$5,000 Less than	_	_	<b>849</b> 50	1 <b>860</b> 64	2 225 154	<b>2 337</b> 112	1 <b>540</b> 49	<b>916</b> 38	1 <b>524</b> 69	1 <b>577</b> 229
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	-	_	79 116	146 254	232 294	206 255	78 113	69 114	95 189	257 180
\$15,000 to \$24,999	-	_	197	364	350	593	232	193	270 312	300 242
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	_	Ξ	169 119	235 398	388 414	472 402	318 404	160 211	287	273
\$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999	_	_	57 31	330 54	302 39	258 17	316 17	105 19	276 19	78 18
\$100,000 or more Medion (dollors)	-	_	31 23 933	15 30 324	52 27 534	22 25 048	13 34 219	7 27 340	7 30 130	18 619
Mean (dollors)	-	_	30 777	32 526	32 438	28 587	35 648	30 785	32 035 1 187	22 131 971
Families Medion income (dollors)	_	_	<b>565</b> 27 917	1 <b>426</b> 35 261	1 <b>476</b> 33 <b>7</b> 04	1 694 28 228	1 <b>297</b> 36 662	<b>596</b> 33 750	32 808	24 583
Moles 15 years and over, with income	-	-	727	1 866	1 957	2 136 20 015	1 649 23 279	805 22 525	1 376 22 976	1 255 16 003
Medion income (dollors) Percent yeor-round full-time workers	-		18 059 45.9	19 785 50.9	19 855 54.7	52.4	56.6	46.8	59.4	45.4
Medion income (dollors) Femoles 15 years ond over, with income	_	_	27 348 721	26 429 1 697	31 206 1 898	27 790 1 933	31 765 1 278	31 775 767	31 403 1 312	25 417 1 309
Medion income (dollors) Percent yeor-round full-time workers	-	-	8 438 32,2	7 985 30.6	8 313 31.2	8 001 33.7	9 957 37.2	11 076 29.3	10 164 30.9	8 131 29.4
Medion income (dollors)	-	-	18 472	18 542	15 197	14 558	16 209	14 850	16 224	14 006
Per copito income (dollors)	-	-	12 958	12 697	13 379	11 318	11 340	13 532	12 459	9 237
INCOME TYPE IN 1989 Households			849	1 860	2 225	2 337	1 540	916	1 524	1 577
With eornings	-	=	642	1 527	1 688	1 836	1 348	611 32 062	1 138 33 093	1 112 24 696
Mean earnings (dollors) With Social Security income	-	_	30 469 287	31 180 528	33 289 670	29 190 658	36 355 280	392	481	522
Mean Social Security income (dollars) With public assistance income	_		7 905 93	7 760 132	8 125 201	8 539 168	8 268 82	8 777 42	9 094 45	6 785 175
Meon public ossistonce income (dollors) With retirement income	_	-	4 086 207	4 051 416	4 453 517	4 379 474	3 497 245	3 923 278	3 268 358	2 983 247
Mean retirement income (dollors)	_	-	9 174	10 275	8 667	6 460	7 812	8 206	8 774	5 333
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE				0/ 007	00.000	00.070	38 011	35 094	34 551	25 995
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	-	-	<b>36 090</b> 33 682	<b>36 337</b> 36 645	38 928 45 855	32 072 30 169 33 795	37 530	35 247	35 455	24 170
No own children under 18 years (dollars) Married-couple families (dollars)	1 :	_	37 805 <b>42 647</b>	36 122 38 627	32 797 <b>42 492</b>	34 358	38 619 39 915	35 022 <b>36 097</b>	33 754 <b>36 782</b>	28 514 <b>30 343</b>
With own children under 18 years (dollors) No own children under 18 years (dollors)	-	_	42 239 42 921	42 248 36 323	54 302 33 459	34 521 34 230	40 148 39 619	38 129 35 139	38 454 35 339	30 593 30 069
Female householder, no husband present		_					15 302	29 791	19 760	10 640
(deliars)	_	_	1 <b>5 336</b> 8 933	<b>23 975</b> 15 797	17 <b>477</b> 14 450	16 762 11 801	12 178	8 591	16 798	8 478 18 424
No own children under 18 yeors (dollors)	-	-	20 418	33 654	23 830	24 700	19 862	38 464	22 927	10 424
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989	_	_	565	1 426	1 476	1 694	1 297	596	1 187	971
Householder worked in 1989	-	-	423 265	1 170	1 052 731	1 311 871	1 131 768	375 196	890 565	734 580
With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years	.1 -	=	107	631 271	259	394	276	57	203 1 034	580 274 <b>729</b>
Married-couple families Householder worked in 1989	.   -		<b>425</b> 335 178	1 165 934	1 <b>216</b> 873	1 361 1 072	1 156 1 024	<b>521</b> 350 1 <b>72</b>	805	593 393 179
With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years		_	178 94	497 218	542 167	622 294	684 237	1/2 45	488 203	179
Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989	_	_	113 61	214 189	189 115	234 140	91 57	45 <b>62</b> 19	149 85	<b>207</b> 127
With related children under 18 years	.   -	-	67	116 53	151 84	174 91	57 56 21	18 12	77	167 87
With related children under 5 years Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is		_	_	23	04	71	21	'-		
determined		-	326	536 434	920 749	836 643	331 243	384 320	<b>425</b> 337	7 <b>68</b> 606
Nonfomily householder65 years and over	=	=	115	135	289	201	78	144	132	283
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.		-	2 004 495	<b>4 779</b> 1 104	5 300 1 298	5 926 1 531	<b>4 840</b> 1 580	2 074 373	3 943 1 032	3 756 1 066
Persons under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years	:	_	495	1 096	1 281	1 521	1 576 1 218	362 279	1 023 769	1 066 1 060 754
Persons 65 years and over	.   -	_	379 304	777 570	961 773	1 097 684	320	454	530 183	515 225
Persons 75 years and over	-	-	100	210	351	252	131	192	103	223
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level	_	_	67	116	140	161	75	54	85	168
Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989	.   -	1	11.9 39	8.1	9.5 47	9.5 83	5.8 44	9.1 17	7.2 49	17.3 86
With related children under 18 years	.   -	-	56 19	73 73 48	98 52	138 · 82	59 29	36 12	62 6	148 107
With related children under 5 years	_	-	29	78 42	41	58	37	35 17	<b>34</b> 20	52 44
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	_	=	29 23 24 19	44	9 16	31 35	25 27 12 36 19	24	21	52 44 43 32 103
With related children under 5 years	-	_	38	25 38	99	23 103 52	12 38	12	47	103
Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	.   -	Ξ	16 32	31 29	38 82	5° 103	19 32	12	29 41	42 99 75
With reloted children under 5 years		=	-	23	52	59	32 17	6	-	
Unraloted Individuals Nonfomily householder	-	-	55 49	1 <b>34</b> 62	198 149	191 102	<b>78</b> 40	41 32	<b>92</b> 37	246 177
65 years and over	-	-	14	-	49	45	9	16	8	86
Persons		-	294 14.7	<b>455</b> 9.5	<b>627</b> 11.8	<b>712</b> 12.0	<b>359</b> 7.4	<b>219</b> 10.6	348 8.8	840 22.4
Persons under 18 years	.   -	-	129	122 114	200 193	275 265	141 137	72 61	122 113	306 300
Reloted children under 18 yeors Reloted children 5 to 17 years	.   -	Ξ.	110	62	120	164 78	97 26	46 23	106 12	300 182 93
Persons 65 years ond over Persons 75 years ond over	.   -	-	14	30 19	66 41	78 38	16	-	4	58
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:			101	104	217	238	127	73	170	396
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level  Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	- 1	=	131 418	184 667	216 761	922	548	271 546	390 830	1 167 1 810
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	. 1 -	-	750	1 309	1 492	1 755	1 139	346	030	1 010

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Oato bosed on somple and subject to sompling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Totals for	split trocts/BNA'	s in Tozewell Coun	ty—Con.			
Area	Troct 209	Troct 211.01	Troct 211.02	Troct 212.01	Troct 212.02	Troct 212.03	Troct 215	Troct 216.03	Troct 216.04	Troct 216.06
INCOME IN 1989 Households	898	2 005	0.007	740		1.5/0	0.200	1.441	014	1 599
Less thon \$5,000	70	3 005 291	<b>2 207</b> 34	<b>748</b> 28	1 190 26	1 560 81	<b>2 320</b> 98	1 461 15	<b>916</b> 27	<b>1 523</b> 61
\$5,000 to \$9,999	170	429	156	28 49	58	164	76	39	36 89	61 54 90
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	122 213	360 549	236 341	38 75	57 159	109 274	166 280	71 184	168	129
\$25,000 to \$34,999	159	430	384	123	155	214	328	162	211	207 312
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999	105 59	468 370	352 446	156 211	228 333	391 271	508 597	312 357	169 151	312 446
\$75,000 to \$99,999	11	91	149	41	129	33	182	212	49	446 144 80
\$100,000 or more	17 629	17 21 679	109 33 145	27 39 500	45 41 961	30 833	85 41 076	109 47 193	16 31 000	45 684
Mean (dollors)	21 825	27 625	40 964	43 057	47 046	33 286	47 286	55 448	36 480	48 672
FamiliesMedion income (dollors)	638 21 429	1 987 29 536	1 671 38 162	<b>61</b> 8 44 744	8 <b>92</b> 51 277	1 184 37 702	1 <b>823</b> 47 434	1 <b>237</b> 51 774	<b>579</b> 38 894	1 <b>227</b> 52 366
Moles 15 years and over, with income	777	2 345	1 991	717	1 104	1 382	2 310	1 493	740	1 580
Medion income (dollors)	15 481	22 095	25 578	30 793	32 348	24 469	30 388	34 243	26 758	33 860
Percent year-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors)	37.1 24 891	54.0 32 239	47.6 41 436	64.0 36 186	59.1 41 541	51.7 34 202	63.6 38 232	65.8 42 941	60.1 32 238	61.1 42 493
emoles 15 years and over, with income	716	2 768	2 044	705	1 139	1 347	2 003	1 327	820	1 603
Medion income (dollors) Percent year-round full-time workers	6 889 21.5	7 738 26.3	10 997 27.5	9 794 24.4	11 587 28.9	8 888 30.1	11 355 35.6	10 066 35.1	11 947 36.2	8 146 25.3
Medion income (dollors)	13 333	16 097	20 205	18 125	19 076	17 360	19 569	20 625	20 461	20 712
Per copita income (dollors)	8 028	11 433	16 571	14 826	18 052	13 100	17 656	18 917	16 408	17 022
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	898	3 005	2 207	748	1 190	1 560	2 320	1 461	916	1 523
With eamings Mean eamings (dollors)	615 22 225	2 218 30 253	1 720 40 757	638 43 736	909 46 490	1 201 34 854	1 966 48 219	1 332 53 705	749 34 898	1 277 48 500
With Social Security income	303	840	700	118	387	429	517	230	247	374
Mean Social Security income (dallars)	8 425 121	7 080 361	9 827 87	9 640 22	8 512 24	9 808 137	9 343 81	9 566 27	9 413 8	8 664 33
Mean public ossistonce income (dollors)	4 012	2 686	3 915	7 356	6 581	3 312	4 576	4 396	1 350	4 449
With retirement income Mean retirement income (dollors)	254 6 654	483 8 379	545 8 403	93 13 956	305 10 679	304 8 694	402 10 298	185 15 055	112 11 247	185 10 299
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	25 116	33 098 29 809	46 222	47 513	54 051	36 388	53 351	61 086	43 404	56 222
With own children under 18 years (dollors) No own children under 18 years (dollors)	19 158 29 688	29 809 36 960	44 735 47 277	44 236 51 966	60 051 49 283	35 593 37 131	52 551 54 074	63 007 58 454	40 851 44 814	56 721 55 742
Married-couple families (dollars)	28 091	39 927	47 942	50 248	55 245	39 987	55 606	63 033	45 414	58 029
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	22 999	38 989	49 253	48 729	61 653	42 455	56 390	64 802	44 661	58 929 57 168
No own children under 18 years (dollors) Female householder, no husband present	31 560	40 876	47 097	51 966	50 319	38 081	54 953	60 688	45 770	3/ 100
(dollars)	9 735	11 223	30 571	20 918	24 982	16 588	23 954	21 381	22 841	23 888
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	6 255 18 505	8 563 18 406	21 840 44 916	20 918	36 181 11 916	11 751 30 982	21 174 37 506	20 125 23 729	20 909 25 953	24 843 22 268
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989			4,710			00 /02	0, 010			
All Income Levels In 1989										
	638	1 987	1 471	410	892	1 184	1 823	1 237	579	1 227
Householder worked in 1989	437	1 627	1 671 1 268	618 520	770	891	1 508	1 105	500	1 <b>227</b> 1 103
With related children under 18 years	323 149	1 126	716 252	365 126	408	602 212	914 384	732 254	206 60	606 207
Married-couple families	506	542 1 <b>474</b>	1 441	558	111 <b>826</b>	975	1 686	1 137	523	1 152 1 028
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	347 236	1 246 759	1 079	460 305	717	742 436	1 396 800	1 016 665	450 148	1 028 567
With reloted children under 5 years	113	331	577 194	103	366 105	142	346	240	168 51 <b>47</b>	207
Female householder, no husband present	88	407	148	53	39	163	94	66 55 43	<b>47</b> 41	567 207 <b>62</b> 62 39
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	67 63	296 315	120 102	53 53	26 21	110 133	79 88	43	29	39
With reloted children under 5 years	63 31	194	32	23	-6	70	17	6	-	-
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is								0/0	205	205
determinedNonfomily householder	331 260	1 190 1 018	<b>638</b> 536	164 130	330 298	<b>439</b> 376	<b>634</b> 497	<b>260</b> 224	<b>385</b> 337	<b>305</b> 296
65 years ond over	160	470	232	43	213	132	142	46	157	150
Persons for whom poverty status is determined_	2 413	7 094	5 393	2 209	2 969	3 915	6 195	4 279	2 039	4 118
Persons under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years	754 730	1 952 1 952	1 220	697 695	719 711	1 063 1 063	1 617 1 610	1 357 1 357	433 433	1 099 1 099
Related children 5 to 17 years	522	1 350	926	524	548	746	1 075	1 058	367	849
Persons 65 years ond over Persons 75 years ond over	337 180	813 317	879 331	139 64	477 295	513 178	613 184	282 74	347 170	487 187
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level	100	31/	331	04	273	176	104	/4	170	107
Families	141	353	41	19	24	120	60	22	13	6
Percent below poverty level	22.1	17.8	2.5	3.1	2.7	10.1	3.3	1.8	2.2	.5
Householder worked in 1989' With reloted children under 18 years	86 131	219 325	20 16	19 19	6	63 99	40 54	15 15	6	- 6
With reloted children under 5 years	79	242	8	13	-	59	48	8	_	6
Married-couple families Householder worked in 1989	<b>80</b> 46	108	41 20	=	17	53 29 32	24 18	15 8	7	6
With related children under 18 years	76	58 90	16	=	6	32	18	8	Ξ.	6
With related children under 5 years	48 <b>54</b>	73	8	19	;	21 <b>67</b>	18 20	8 7	- 6	6
Female householder, no husband present	40	<b>227</b> 143	_	19	7	34	11	7	6	Ξ
with reloted children under 18 years	48	217	-	19	-	67	20	7	6	_
With reloted children under 5 years	31	160	-	13 49	-	38 <b>76</b>	14	35	47	
Unrelated individuals	<b>73</b> 32	<b>27</b> 8 227	<b>78</b> 61	40	<b>35</b> 21	7 <b>6</b> 54	142 95	21	38	83 83 69
65 years ond over	33	88	32	-	10	7	21	-	18	
Persons	718	1 355	222	114	91	446	321	109	<b>92</b>	116 2.8
Percent below poverty level Persons under 18 years	29.8 408	19.1 598	4.1 51	5.2 42	3.1 22	11.4 174	5.2 98	2.5 36	4.5 27	2.8 21 21 13
Related children under 18 years	395	598	42	40	14	174	91	36 29	27 27	21
Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years and over	296 39	308 103	27 42	26	14 34	91 7	45 27	29	18	69
Persons 75 years ond over	18	33	24	-	34 34	7	-6	-	12	53
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:								00		20
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level  Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	439 769	554 1 699	26 456	45 164	40 120	209 540	181 409	30 172	30 170	38 160
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	1 315	2 519	1 283	373	207	900	798	459	273	385

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on somple and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Te	atals far split tracts	/8NA's in Tazewe	ell Caunty—Can.			East Peo	aria city, Tazewell C	Caunty
Area	Tract 217.02	Tract 218.01	Tract 218.02	Tract 221	Tract 222	Tract 223	Tract 224	Tract 201 (pt.)	Tract 201.99	Tract 202
INCOME IN 1989 Households	1 839	1 185	823	1 352	1 538	1 229	1 879	849	_	463
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 ta \$9,999	47 125	1 185 73 131	25 27	25 72	27 83	14 68	49 264	50 79	Ξ	<b>463</b> 74 69
\$10,000 ta \$14,999	165	143	83	110	94	120	145	116	Ξ	75 119 59 50
\$15,000 ta \$24,999 \$25,000 ta \$34,999	284 312	261 148	145 137	186 212	251 331	190 229	245 264	197 169	Ξ	59
\$35,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 ta \$74,999	413 383	257 125	210 173	320 321	314 320	287 254	410 432	119 5 <b>7</b>	_	50 11
\$75,000 ta \$99,999 \$100,000 ar mare	83 27	27 20	8 15	72	66	61	58 12	31 31	-	6
Median (dallars)	34 496	23 826	34 782	34 36 849	52 34 076	34 780	34 182	23 933	Ξ	15 703
Mean (dallars)Families	37 681 1 448	29 306 <b>960</b>	37 205 <b>645</b>	40 365 1 032	41 949 <b>1 147</b>	37 701 <b>921</b>	35 220 1 470	30 777 <b>565</b>	=	18 885 <b>279</b>
Median income (dallars) Males 15 years and over, with income	40 115 1 835	27 159	38 894	41 654	42 764	40 889	38 427	27 917 727		20 184 374
Median income (dallars)	25 780	1 089 18 799	790 28 214	1 265 27 799	1 469 25 875	1 174 25 813	1 808 26 211	18 059	6 250	14 643
Percent year-raund full-time warkers Median income (dallars)	53.2 35 872	56.6 30 872	57.0 34 792	57.3 33 099	61.2 34 536	55.6 33 448	63.5 32 031	45.9 27 348	50.0 8 <b>7</b> 50	35.6 22 721
Females 15 years and aver, with incame Median income (dallars)	1 560 8 834	951 7 948	594 9 583	1 261 11 067	1 349 11 114	1 213 9 451	1 729 8 206	721 8 438	Ξ	319 4 898
Percent year-raund full-time warkers	31.0 16 701	29.4 14 032	25.3 16 324	38.9	39.2 17 745	29.5 18 333	27.8 17 778	32.2 18 472	=	24.8 12 <b>7</b> 50
Per capita income (dallars)	14 085	10 153	14 993	18 565 16 048	16 366	13 751	12 885	12 958	6 432	8 157
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	1 839 1 482	1 185 936	<b>823</b> 643	1 352 1 110	1 538 1 337	1 229 1 057	1 879 1 458	<b>849</b> 642	=	<b>463</b> 326
Mean earnings (dallars)	37 986	29 973	35 810	38 690	41 133	36 406 263	38 788 481	30 469 287	-	21 915 123
With Social Security income Mean Social Security income (dallars)	534 8 357	286 8 399	219 9 355	355 9 206	292 8 920	8 371	7 275	7 905	=	7 159
With public assistance income Mean public assistance income (dallars)	69 4 708	150 4 263	62 3 572	59 4 852	20 1 900	34 7 208	71 4 817	93 4 086	_	102 2 346
With retirement income Mean retirement income (dallars)	315 7 773	190 8 707	151 6 849	325 9 639	259 7 735	223 11 231	320 7 947	207 9 174	Ξ	88 4 212
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE	, .,,	0.0	0 0		, , , ,					
Families (dollars) With awn children under 18 years (dallars)	<b>42 024</b> 41 739	<b>31 527</b> 30 177	<b>41 668</b> 39 979	<b>46 061</b> 44 445	48 396 52 053	<b>43 707</b> 44 494	40 676 38 696	<b>36 090</b> 33 682	Ξ	22 246 18 883
Na awa children under 18 years (dallars)	42 294	33 025	42 972	47 449	45 003	42 876	42 722	37 805 42 647	-	26 904 <b>25 367</b>
Married-couple families (dollars) With awn children under 18 years (dollars)	<b>44 421</b> 44 913	<b>35 386</b> 35 556	<b>43 507</b> 43 721	<b>47 812</b> 46 641	<b>51 656</b> 56 722	<b>45 853</b> 48 111	<b>42 147</b> 40 804	42 239	=	25 002
Na awn children under 18 years (dallars) Female householder, no husband present	43 978	35 223	43 350	48 865	47 027	43 658	43 503	42 921	-	25 757
(dollars) With awn children under 18 years (dallars)	18 885 16 388	13 463 13 894	19 858 11 153	28 907 23 756	23 049 16 493	16 867 16 265	23 697 25 856	15 336 8 933	Ξ	11 762 5 565
Na awn children under 18 years (dallars)	22 780	12 499	41 000	31 630	30 408	18 823	19 240	20 418	-	36 077
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989		0/0	445	3 000	1 147	001	1 470	565	_	279
Hausehalder warked in 1989	1 448 1 200	<b>960</b> 710	<b>645</b> 528	1 032 842	1 147 978	<b>921</b> 794	1 240	423	_	192 1 <b>7</b> 5
With related children under 18 years	733 294	537 193	281 88	490 176	571 251	489 125	791 234	265 107	-	93
Married-couple families	1 294 1 082	<b>778</b> 600	<b>592</b> 483	<b>911</b> 771	1 <b>018</b> 868	<b>848</b> 739	1 256 1 044	<b>425</b> 335	Ξ	215 154
With related children under 18 years	636 283	402 147	251 83	435 171	499 235	428 109	657 221	178 94	Ξ	124 77
Female householder, no husband present	128	136	24 16	107	104	51 39	144	113 61	-	64
Hausehalder warked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	97 80	79 106	17	57 41	92 61	39	101	67	_	215 154 124 77 <b>64</b> 38 51
With related children under 5 years	8	35	5	-	16	10	9	-	_	10
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	430	346	213	369	459	362	469	326 284	=	234 184
Nanfamily hauseholder65 years and over	391 176	225 85	76	320 132	142	133	255	115	Ξ	72
Persons for whom poverty status is determined.	4 917	3 403	2 026 489	3 412 858	3 947 999	3 272 867	5 133 1 378	2 004 495	Ξ	1 <b>058</b> 299
Persans under 18 yearsRelated children under 18 years	1 333 1 328	1 054 1 034	489	858	999	867	1 378	495 379	-	281 174
Related children 5 ta 17 years Persans 65 years and over	984 587	820 272	366 302	645 488	718 380	669 323	1 092 516	304	Ξ	143 54
Persons 75 years and aver	246	110	81	213	130	109	191	100	-	34
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level	51	133	22	21	54	23	65	67	-	67
Percent belaw poverty levelHausehalder warked in 1989	3.5	13.9 59	3.4 14	2.0 15	4.7 33	2.5 12	4.4	11.9 39	Ξ	24.0 27
With related children under 18 years	38	101 51	22 11	15 5	43 33 <b>21</b>	23 12	46 21	56 19	_	27 67 20 <b>27</b> 13 27 15 <b>40</b>
With related children under 5 years Married-couple families	18 26	57	6	16	21	5	53 28	29 23	Ξ	27 13
Hausehalder warked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	16 16	35 29	6	10 10	12 17	5	34	24 19	-	27
With related children under 5 years	10 25	21 <b>61</b>	8	5 <del>-</del>	17 <b>26</b>	12	16 <b>12</b>	38 16	_	40
Hausehalder warked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	15 22	19 57	- 8	=	21 26	6 12	12 12	16 32	-	40
With related children under 5 years	8	24	5	-	16	6	5	-	-	5 98
Unrelated individuals	47 36	101 37	<b>30</b> 18	<b>37</b> 32	<b>27</b> 17	57 24	131 106	55 49	=	61 17
65 years and over	23	8	-	14	10	5 <b>127</b>	76   <b>371</b>	14 <b>294</b>	-	346
Persons Percent below poverty level	197 4.0 73 70	<b>523</b> 15.4	<b>94</b> 4.6	112 3.3	180 4.6	3.9	7.2	14.7	-	32.7 160
Total potetty level-	73	203 183	38 38	32 32 27	61 61	37 37	105 105	129 129	=	142 102
Persons under 18 years	1 70						73			102
Related children 5 ta 17 years	47	130	26	27 27	22 10	17 5	83	110 14	Ξ	17
Persans under 18 yearsRelated children under 18 years	70 47 39 15	130 24 11	26 - -	27 27 7	22 10 -				=	17 17 9
Persans under 18 years	47 39	130 24	26 - - 63	27			83	14	= =	175 9 175 406 587

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sompling voriobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				East Peorio	city, Tazewell Coun	ty—Con.			
Area	Tract 203.01 (pt.)	Tract 203.02 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Troct 205 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 212.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Tract 224 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989				-		1 150	1 392	336	674
Households	1 557 64	2 203 154	Ξ.	=	=	1 158 26	81	22 10	33 226
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 ta \$14,999	130 205	232 288	Ξ		Ξ	58 57	164 98	22	62
\$15,000 ta \$24,999 \$25,000 ta \$34,999	265 205	350 388	=	Ξ	=	159 146	239 207	56 49	86 50
\$35,000 to \$49,999	348	407	_	-	-	228	332 234	78 93	100 100
\$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 ta \$99,999	280 45	302 30	Ξ	Ξ	_	315 124	22	-	17
\$100,000 ar mare Median (dallars)	15 31 170	52 27 392	_	Ξ	_	45 41 618	15 29 102	37 833	16 600
Mean (dallars)	32 921	32 246	=	Ξ.	-	46 806 <b>860</b>	31 857 1 051	38 943 <b>262</b>	25 198 <b>383</b>
FamiliesMedian income (dollars)	1 190 36 618	1 461 33 669	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	50 918	36 556	47 895	36 513
Males 15 years and over, with incame	1 565	1 935	-	_	-	1 044	1 228	302 26 786	463 23 603
Median income (dollars) Percent year-raund full-time warkers	19 824 52.8	19 743 54.5	Ξ	_	_	32 895 60.2	23 625 50.8	60.6	58.3
Median incame (dallars)Females 15 years and over, with incame	26 571 1 402	30 855 1 882	_		_	40 938 1 116	33 250 1 212	37 050 339	29 861 595
Median income (dollars)	7 910	8 283	Ξ	Ξ	-	11 545	8 379	9 539	7 430 13.4
Percent year-round full-time workers Median income (dollars)	32.8 18 310	31.5 15 197	Ξ	=	_	28.9 18 750	28.8 17 050	30.4 21 125	17 250
Per capita income (dollors)	12 752	13 284	_	_	-	18 030	12 483	14 360	12 153
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	1 557	2 203	-	=		1 1 <b>58</b> 886	1 392 1 062	<b>336</b> 267	674 378
With earningsMean earnings (dallars)	1 287 32 017	1 672 33 141	-	Ξ	-	46 001	33 355	39 805	34 406 313
With Sacial Security incameMean Sacial Security income (dollars)	414 7 417	670 8 125	-		_	378 8 414	396 9 849	107 9 145	6 634
With public assistance income	117	201	_	=	-	24 6 581	130 3 396	4 667	22 5 567
Mean public assistance income (dollars) With retirement income	4 372 333	4 453 504	-	Ξ	=	296	270	53	148 5 118
Mean retirement income (dallars)	9 284	8 636	-	-	-	10 727	8 237	9 108	3 110
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars)	36 917	38 763	_	_	_	53 988	35 518	44 452	36 651
With own children under 18 years (dallars)	36 541	45 364	=	-	-	59 959 49 126	34 756 36 264	43 146 45 927	39 248 34 998
No awn children under 18 years (dallars)	37 215 39 595	32 953 <b>42 336</b>	_	Ξ		55 225	39 331	45 321	37 566
With awn children under 18 years (dallars)	42 870 37 279	53 800 33 642	_			61 593 50 206	41 805 37 263	45 009 45 657	41 951 34 838
Female householder, no husband present			_	Ī				25 092	21 111
(dollars) With awn children under 18 years (dallars)	21 261 13 749	<b>17 477</b> 14 450		Ξ	Ξ	<b>24 982</b> 36 181	<b>16 588</b> 11 751	25 092	25 168
Na awn children under 18 years (dallars)	33 858	23 830	-	-	-	11 916	30 982	-	16 685
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels In 1989						860	1 051	262	383
Families Hausehalder warked in 1989	1 190 988	1 <b>461</b> 1 043	Ξ	Ξ	=	747	787	206	299
With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	562	722 250	_		_	399 111	550 206	139 61	149 43
Married-couple families	987	1 201	-	-	-	<b>794</b> 694	<b>861</b> 657	<b>243</b> 187	326 248 125 38 46 40 24
Householder warked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	1 444	864 533	_	_	=	357	403	126	125
With related children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present	202	158 189	_		=	105 <b>39</b>	136 <b>163</b>	61 13	38 46
Householder warked in 1989	155	115	-	-	-	26	110	13 13	40 24
With related children under 18 years	109	151 84	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	21 6	133 70	-	5
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is						222	380	100	306
Nonfamily householder	469 367	913 742	Ξ	_		330 298	341	74	291
65 years and over		289	-	-	-	213	109	38	221
Persons for whom poverty status is determined_ Persons under 18 years		5 <b>251</b> 1 287	=		_	2 872 709	3 508 984	902 240	1 384 260
Related children under 18 years	957	1 270	=	-	-	701 538	984 675	240 146	260 215
Related children 5 ta 17 years Persans 65 years and over	454	961 773	Ξ	=	=	464	480	122	329 138
Persons 75 years and over	167	351	-	-	-	282	178	31	130
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level	107	140	_	_	_	24	120	10	28
Percent belaw paverty level	9.0	9.6	Ξ	=	-	2.8	11.4	3.8 10	7.3 21 11
Househalder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years		47 98	Ξ	Ξ	_	6	63 99	10	ຳຼັ່
With related children under 5 years	48	52 41	-	_	_	17	59 <b>53</b>	10 10	5 <b>23</b> 16
Married-couple families Hauseholder warked in 1989	42	9	Ξ	=	_	6	53 29 32	10 10	16 6
With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	44 25	16	Ξ	Ξ	_	6	21	10	_
Female householder no husband present	29	99 38	-	-	-	7	<b>67</b> 34	-	5
Hausehalder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	. 1 29	82	_	Ξ.	-	-	67		5
With related children under 5 years	1	52	-	-	-	35	38 <b>61</b>	23	104
Unrelated individuals Nanfamily hausehalder	. 62	1 <b>98</b> 149	-	Ξ	-	21	54	17	98
65 years and aver	-	49	-	-	-	10	7	12 50	173
Persons  Percent belaw poverty level		<b>627</b> 11.9	=			91 3.2	<b>431</b> 12.3	5.5	12.5
Persons under 18 years	. 122	200	_	-	-	22	174 174	8	19
Related children under 18 yearsRelated children 5 to 17 years	. 62	193 120	=	Ξ		22 14 14 34 34	91	-	14
Persons 65 years and aver	. 30	66 41	-	-	-	34 34	7 7	12	35
Persons 75 years and over Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:	19	41	-	_				-	
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	184	216 761	-	-	-	40 120	194 525	39 56	7 302
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level		/61	-	_		207	866		538

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on somple ond subject to sompling voriobility, see text. For definitions of terms ond meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Morton	villoge, Tozewell	County			Pekin city	(pt.), Tazewell	County
Area	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 216.03 (pt.)	Troct 216.04 (pt.)	Troct 216.05	Troct 216.06 (pt.)	Troct 217	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 206 (pt.)	Troct 207 (pt.)	Troct 208 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989								014	1 495	1 577
Households	688 24	1 <b>058</b> 8	<b>909</b> 27	1 123 17	1 484 61	-		916 38	69	229 257
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	33 77	25 46	36 89	53 89	54 90	=	_	69 114	91 177	180
\$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	123	161 104	168 211	186 227	122 207	_	_	193 160	264 312	300 242
\$35.000 to \$49.999	162	196	169	280	294	=	-	211	284 276	273 78
\$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999	122	253 181	144 49	184 41	446 138	_	_	105 19	16	18
\$100,000 or more	10 34 375	84 49 312	16 30 854	46 34 547	72 45 943	_	_	7 27 340	30 326	18 619
Mean (dollors)	46 185	56 294	36 328	39 895	48 152	-	_	30 785 <b>596</b>	31 943 1 <b>164</b>	22 131 971
Families Medion income (dollors)	483 41 442	<b>866</b> 55 683	5 <b>72</b> 38 558	<b>809</b> 41 444	1 <b>188</b> 52 646	=	_	33 750	32 955	24 583
Moles 15 years and over, with income	601	1 100	733	1 037 28 079	1 535 34 173	_	Ξ	805 22 525	1 349 23 363	1 255 16 003
Medion income (dollors) Percent year-round full-time workers	65.6	35 833 65.0	26 621 59.8	54.2	60.9	-	_	46.8	60.3	45.4 25 417
Medion income (dollors)Femoles 15 years ond over, with income	38 382 554	47 511 934	32 035 813	34 737 1 002	42 558 1 568	=	-	31 775 767	31 347 1 288	1 309
Medion income (dollors) Percent yeor-round full-time workers	11 944 41.3	10 104 34.0	11 855 35.7	10 151 25.0	8 462 25.8	=	-	11 076 29.3	10 208 30.7	8 131 29.4
Medion income (dollors)	19 464	20 804	20 350	17 841	20 712	-	-	14 850	16 184	14 006
Per copito income (dollors)	19 801	20 118	16 327	16 122	16 844	-	-	13 532	12 434	9 237
INCOME TYPE IN 1989	400	1 050	000	1 102	1 494		_	916	1 495	1 577
Households With earnings	688 582	1 058 962	909 742	1 123 872	1 484 1 238	-	=	611	1 112	1 112 24 696
Mean earnings (dollors) With Sociol Security income	46 959 171	54 145 170	34 698 247	36 701 388	48 500 349	-	=	32 062 392	33 269 471	522
Mean Social Security income (dallars) With public assistance income	8 312	9 037	9 413	8 958 29	8 628 33		_	8 777 42	9 013 45	6 785 175
Mean public ossistonce income (dollors)	7 000	3 415	1 350	4 084 193	4 449 177	-	Ξ	3 923 278	3 268 358	2 983 247
With retirement income Mean retirement income (dollors)	9 655	153 15 490	112 11 247	12 409	10 579	Ξ.	Ξ	8 206	8 774	5 333
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									04 404	25 005
Families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors)	56 578 44 663	63 067 66 825	<b>43 247</b> 40 851	<b>46 601</b> 46 532	<b>55 820</b> 56 935	_	=	35 094 35 247	34 426 35 208	<b>25 995</b> 24 170
No own children under 18 years (dollors)	63 656	58 544 64 729	44 595 <b>45 267</b>	46 651 49 543	54 724 <b>57 663</b>	_	Ξ	35 022 36 097	33 741 <b>36 578</b>	28 514 30 343
Married-couple families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars)	50 172	68 132	44 661	53 249	59 210	=	-	38 129	38 250 35 160	30 593 30 069
No own children under 18 years (dollors) Female householder, no husband present	66 503	60 796	45 559	47 322	56 151	-	-	35 139		
(dollars) With own children under 18 yeors (dollors)	29 331 22 790	24 688 22 915	22 841 20 909	20 182 17 767	23 888 24 843	Ξ	_	29 791 8 591	19 760 16 798	10 640 8 478
No own children under 18 years (dollors)	37 506	27 398	25 953	28 706	22 268	-	-	38 464	22 927	18 424
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels In 1989								504	1 164	971
Householder worked in 1989	483 385	866 774	<b>572</b> 493	<b>809</b> 627	1 188 1 064	=	_	<b>596</b> 375	874	734
With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years	203	485 165	206 60	344 124	593 200	_	_	196 57	552 200	580 274
Married-couple families	416	789 702	<b>516</b> 443	726	1 113 989	-	_	521 350	1 <b>015</b> 789	<b>729</b> 593
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	147	435	168	555 278	554	-	_	172 45	475 200	393 179
With reloted children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present	36	151 <b>43</b>	51 47	116 <b>77</b>	200 <b>62</b>	=	-	62	149	207
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	30	38 26	41 29	66 60 8	62 39	_	_	19 18	85 77	127 167
With reloted children under 5 years	3	6	-	8		-	-	12	-	87
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	243	221	385	336	305	_	_	384	419	768
Nonfomily householder	205	192	337	314 102	296 150	_	_	320 144	331 132	606 283
65 years and over  Persons for whom poverty status is determined_	1 638	46 2 962	157 2 025	2 806	4 009	_	_	2 074	3 865	3 756
Persons under 18 years	377	848	433 433	707 707	1 064 1 064	_	=	373 362	1 010 1 001	1 066 1 060
Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years	198	848 663	367	525	821	-	-	279 454	751 517	1 060 754 515
Persons 65 years ond over Persons 75 years ond over	225 92	233 59	347 170	486 207	454 187	=	=	192	176	225
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level									70	160
Families Percent below poverty level	24 5.0	.9	13 2.3	31 3.8	<b>6</b> .5	=	Ξ	54 9.1	<b>72</b> 6.2	168 17.3
Householder worked in 1989	19	8	6	26 21	- 6	-	_	17 36	40 53	86 148
With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	. 24	8	6	8	6	_	-	12	6 25	107
Married-couple families	1 8	8	7 -	<b>10</b> 5	6 -	_	Ξ	35 17	11	44
With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 yeors	. 1 8	8	_	_	6	_	_	24	12 6	32
Female householder, no husband present		-	6	21	-	-	_	12	<b>47</b> 29	103 42
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years		_	6	21 21	=	-	=	12	41	52 44 43 32 103 42 99 75
With related children under 5 years	-	_ 21	- 47	8	83	_	_	41	92	246
Nonformily householder	. 24	14	38	35	83	-	=	32	37 8	177 86
65 years ond over		- 67	18 <b>92</b>	28 118	69 116		_	219	303	840
Persons Percent below poverty level	8.8	2.3	4.5	4.2	2.9	-	-	10.6	7.8 107	22.4 306
Persons under 18 yearsReloted children under 18 years	. 58	28 28	27 27	37 37	21 21	Ξ	-	61	98 91	300
Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years ond over	.   26	21	27 18	20 39	13 69	_		46 23	8	
Persons 75 years and over		-	12	ĭí	53	-	-	-	-	58
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level: Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	. 63	8	30	17	38	_	_	73	170	
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	. 171	108	170		160 358	_		271 546	345 779	1 167 1 810
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	. i 320	269	273	2/5	336	_				

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Oato based on somple and subject to sompling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Pel	kin city (pt.), Tozev	vell County—Cor	l.			Woshington city,	Tazewell County
Area	Troct 209 (pt.)	Troct 210	Troct 211.01 (pt.)	Troct 211.02 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 218.01 (pt.)	Troct 218.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 221 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989	900	0.500	2 005	0.010	250	244	111	_	_	1 197
Households Less than \$5,000 Less than \$1,000 Less than \$1	<b>89</b> 8 70	<b>2 529</b> 198	3 005 291	2 018 34	<b>350</b>	246 8	_	=	-	25 72
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	170 122	241 358	429 360	120 228	33 37	27 24	6	_	_	101
\$15,000 to \$24,999	213 159	560 320	549 430	292 355	34 31	59	28 27		_	186 188
\$15,000 to \$14,777 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$74,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more Medion (dollors)	105	503	468	329	62	46 32	40	-	-	259
550,000 to \$74,999   575,000 to \$99,999	59	289 15	370 91	410 149	88 9	44	10	_	_	273 72
\$100,000 or more	17 629	45 22 616	17 21 679	101 34 219	15 34 833	28 158	34 018	_	] [	35 920
MCOII (dollors)	21 825	27 846	27 625	41 771	36 314	31 293	34 772	-	-	38 827
Families Medion income (dollors)	<b>638</b> 21 429	1 <b>727</b> 30 439	1 987 29 536	<b>1 491</b> 41 068	242 44 853	134 33 654	9 <b>2</b> 33 393		=	909 40 996
Moles 15 years ond over, with income	777	2 048	2 345	1 783	318	197	93	-	-	1 114
Medion income (dollors) Percent year-round full-time workers	15 481 37.1	20 113 46.3	22 095 54.0	26 616 47.3	33 684 69.2	27 188 52.8	24 306 75.3	_	_	27 018 55.9
Medion income (dollors)Femoles 15 years ond over, with income	24 891 716	33 066 2 053	32 239 2 768	43 419 1 854	37 188 240	32 167 164	24 167 99	-	_	33 307 1 107
Medion income (dollors)	6 889	8 379	7 738	11 329	8 523	10 583	9 844	-	-	10 700 40.7
Percent year-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors)	21.5 13 333	26.4 15 956	26.3 16 097	26.2 20 <b>2</b> 93	35.8 16 964	37.8 17 083	25.3 17 292	_	-	17 917
Per copito income (dollors)	8 028	11 705	11 433	17 149	14 459	16 064	10 872	-	-	15 297
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households With eomings	<b>898</b> 615	2 529 1 747	3 005 2 218	<b>2 018</b> 1 537	<b>350</b> 291	246 208	111 104		_	1 197 957
Mean eamings (dollors)	22 225 303	29 370	30 253 840	42 368 647	39 691 42	28 713 77	31 786 18	-	-	37 525 335
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	8 425	867 8 050	7 080	9 882	10 600	6 597	11 116	_	=	9 043
With public ossistonce income Meon public ossistonce income (dollors)	121 4 012	162 3 971	361 2 686	60 3 243	37 5 137	14 1 742	2 892	-	_	54 4 677
With retirement income Mean retirement income (dollors)	254	555 8 133	483 8 379	523 8 587	34 6 273	76 5 900	12 14 517		_	317 9 782
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE	6 654	6 133	0 3/7	6 367	0 2/3	5 700	14 317			, , , ,
Families (dollars)	25 116	33 649	33 098	47 731	44 978	37 423	34 954	-	-	44 744
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 158 29 688	32 451 34 717	29 809 36 960	46 732 48 442	45 257 44 481	33 727 39 767	36 168 30 288	_	=	44 069 45 361
Married-couple families (dollars)	28 091	36 566	39 927	49 843	49 922	40 514	39 313	=	-	<b>46 567</b> 46 463
With own children under 18 years (dollors) No own children under 18 years (dollors)	22 999 31 560	37 709 35 609	38 989 40 876	52 098 48 389	53 621 44 481	38 714 41 542	42 375 30 288	_	=	46 668
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	9 735	17 050	11 223	30 571	5 607	8 657	15 721	_	_	28 907
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	6 255	11 364	8 563	21 840	5 607	6 300 12 428	15 721	-	_	23 756 31 630
No own children under 18 yeors (dollors)	18 505	26 571	18 406	44 916	_	12 420	-	_		31 000
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989 All Income Levels In 1989										
Families	638	1 727	1 987	1 491	242	134	92	-	_	<b>909</b> 721
Householder worked in 1989	437	1 281	1 627	1 141	204 155	122 52	92 73		_	721 447
With reloted children under 18 years	323 149	845 415	1 126 542	642 234	86	36	19	-	-	159
Married-couple families Householder worked in 1989	<b>506</b> 347	1 <b>427</b> 1 089	1 474 1 246	1 <b>266</b> 957	<b>215</b> 186	<b>121</b> 114	<b>75</b> 75	_	_	447 159 <b>788</b> 650 392 154
With reloted children under 18 years	236 113	671 320	759 331	508 181	128 72	44 36	56 19	_	_	392 154
With reloted children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present	88	230	407	148	27	13	17	-	-	107 57
Householder worked in 1989With reloted children under 18 years	67 63	149 144	296 315	120 102	18 27	8	17 17	_	_	41
With reloted children under 5 years	63 31	76	194	32	14	-	-	-	-	_
Unrelated Individuals for whom poverty status is determined	331	917	1 190	629	135	117	24	_	_	331
Nonfomily householder	260	802	1 018	527	108	112 34	19 7	_	1	288 118
65 years and over Persons for whom poverty status is determined_	160 2 413	375 <b>5 984</b>	470 <b>7 094</b>	232 4 845	5 <b>870</b>	462	352	_	_	
Persons under 18 years	754	1 498	1 952	1 082	264	88	156 156	-	-	779
Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years	730 522	1 478 1 077	1 952 1 350	1 073 8 <b>2</b> 5	264 170	85 44	141	_	_	3 023 779 779 580 450
Persons 65 years ond over Persons 75 years ond over	337 180	1 035 476	813 317	834 316	45 18	59 22	18	_	_	191
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level	100	470	0.,	0.0						
Families	141	151	353	12	20	. 8	5	_	_	21
Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989	22.1 86	8.7 75	17.8 219	.8 9	8.3 11	6.0 8	5.4 5	_	_	21 2.3 15 15
With reloted children under 18 years	131 79	124	325 242	3 3	20 14	8 -	5	_	_	5
With reloted children under 5 years	80	98 <b>45</b> 36 34 34	108	12 9	-	-	-	Ξ	_	16 10
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	46 76	36 34	58 90	3	_	_	_	-	_	10
With reloted children under 5 yeors Female householder, no husband present	48 <b>54</b>	34 98	73 <b>227</b>	3 -	20	- 8	5	_	_	5
Householder worked in 1989	40 48	39 90	143 217	_	11 20	8	5 5	=	_	_
With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years	31	64	160	=	14	-	-	-	-	-
Unrelated individuals	73	212	278	69	53	11	_	-	-	37 32
Nonfomily householder65 years and over	32 33	167 52	227 88	52 32	49	8 -	=	=	-	14
Persons	718	717	1 355	109	105	29	14	-	-	112
Percent below poverty level Persons under 18 years	29.8 408	12.0 275	19.1 598	2.2 18	12.1 32	6.3 13	4.0	_	_	3.7 32 32 27 27
Reloted children under 18 yeors	395 296	267 157	598 308	9	32 19	10 10	9	=	_	32 27
Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years and over	39	78	103	32	-	-	-	-	-	27
Persons 75 years and overRatio of income in 1989 to poverty level:	18	35	33	24	-	-	-	_		· ·
RUID OF INCOME IN 1989 TO DOVERTY INVAL:						11	14	_		18
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	439 769	383 979	554 1 699	26 343 1 025	62 150	48	47			192

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions af terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Woshington ci	ity, Tozewell Caun	ty—Con.			Remaino	er of Tazewell Co	unty		
Area	Tract 222 (pt.)	Tract 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Tract 201 (pt.)	Tract 203.01 (pt.)	Tract 203.02 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989	1 007							1.540		20
Households Less than \$5,000	20	908	422	=	303	22 -	<b>2 337</b> 112	1 <b>540</b> 49	-	29
\$5,000 ta \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	81	42 81	14 40	_	16 49	- 6	206 255	78 113	_	4 12
\$15,000 ta \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	201	135 192	63	Ξ	99 30	<u> </u>	593 472	232 318		6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	250	202	62	-	50	7	402	404	_	3
\$50,000 ta \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999	234 53	208 48	122	_	50 9	9	258 17	316 17	_	3
\$100,000 ar mare	45	35 323	32 406	=	24 306	44 286	22 25 048	13 34 219	Ξ	12 188
Mean (dallars)	41 979	38 756	36 582	-	30 493	51 645 <b>15</b>	28 587	35 648 1 297	_	36 775 <b>23</b>
Median income (dollors)		<b>705</b> 41 836	371 33 687	Ξ	236 30 714	75 617	1 <b>694</b> 28 228	36 662	=	11 563
Males 15 years and aver, with income Medion incame (dollars)	1 187 24 968	882 26 641	467 24 803	=	301 19 583	22 43 189	2 136 20 015	1 649 23 279	_	27 6 979
Percent year-round full-time workers	60.1	57.4	65.3	-	41.2	72.7	52.4	56.6	-	14.8 39 167
Median income (dollors)Females 15 years and over, with income	1 080	33 426 926	31 440 351	Ξ	25 714 295	50 170 16	27 790 1 933	31 765 1 278		24
Median income (dallars) Percent year-round full-time workers	1 11 157	9 441 28.0	8 087 34.2	-	8 087 20.0	33 000	8 001 33.7	9 957 37.2	-	5 000 37.5
Medion incame (dallars)	17 358	19 811	18 500	-	19 408	-	14 558	16 209	-	20 625
Per capita income (dollors)	16 757	13 688	11 932	-	12 405	23 852	11 318	11 340	-	13 673
INCOME TYPE IN 1989 Households	1 257	908	422	_	303	22	2 337	1 540	_	29
With earnings	1 082	764	372	-	240	16 48 736	1 836 29 190	1 348 36 355	-	26 25 546
Mean earnings (dollars) With Social Security incame	244	38 604 215	37 167 54		26 695 114	48 /36	658	280	-	10
Mean Social Security incame (dallars) With public assistonce incame	1 20	8 375 22	7 510 34	_	9 002 15	Ξ	8 539 168	8 268 82	_	12 <b>929</b> -
Mean public assistance income (dallars) With retirement income	1 900	8 435 145	4 010	=	1 550 83	13	4 379 474	3 497 245	-	
Mean retirement incame (dallars)	7 958	9 828	10 215	_	14 250	9 877	6 460	7 812	-	-
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE	40.000	40.070	07.040		22 414	54 070	32 072	38 011	_	40 891
Families (dollars)	<b>49 025</b> 54 150	<b>43 873</b> 45 815	37 949 36 435	-	<b>33 416</b> 37 560	<b>54 979</b> 83 199	30 169	37 530	=	45 761
Na awn children under 18 years (dollars)	44 512 52 695	41 715 <b>45 064</b>	40 106 39 818	_	32 003 33 255	12 650 <b>54 979</b>	33 795 <b>34 358</b>	38 619 <b>39 915</b>	Ξ	34 559 <b>47 652</b>
Married-couple families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dallars) No awn children under 18 years (dallars)	60 178 46 274	47 180 42 713	38 568 41 538	-	36 471 32 199	83 199 12 650	34 521 34 230	40 148 39 619	-	45 761 51 750
Female householder, no husband present				_		12 030				-
(dollars) With awn children under 18 years (dollars)		<b>21 779</b> 24 144	<b>20 685</b> 19 615	=	<b>35 780</b> 47 700	Ξ	16 762 11 801	15 302 12 178	=	=
No own children under 18 yeors (dallars)	30 408	18 823	25 500	-	33 252	-	24 700	19 862	-	_
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels In 1989 Families	914	705	371	_	236	15	1 694	1 297	_	23
Householder warked in 1989	783	601 387	311 235	-	182 69	9	1 311 871	1 131 768	=	23 16 13 3
With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	l 192	93	72	=	16	9	394 1 <b>361</b>	276 1 156	Ξ	10
Morried-couple families Hausehalder worked in 1989	1 680	<b>667</b> 575	316 268	Ξ	178 130 53	15 9	1 072	1 024	-	19 16 13
With related children under 18 years	382	361 89	194 72	_	53 16	9 9	622 294	684 237	=	3
Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989	. 1 97	<b>27</b> 21	33	-	40 34	_	<b>234</b> 140	<b>91</b> 57	=	-
With reloted children under 18 years	.   54	15	27 27	-	7	-	174 91	56 21	-	-
With reloted children under 5 years Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is		4	-	_	-	_	71	21		
determined	404	203	84	-	6 <b>7</b>	7	836 643	331 243	Ξ	6
Nanfamily househalder65 years and over	131	118	18	=	37	<u>-</u>	201	78	-	-
Persons for whom poverty status is determined_	3 159	2 486 693	1 287	-	<b>756</b> 139	<b>49</b> 11	<b>5 926</b> 1 531	4 840 1 580	-	<b>76</b> 22
Persans under 18 years	.   765	693	406 406	=	139	ii	1 521 1 097	1 576 1 218	_	22
Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years and over	306	538 270	285 45	_	119 116	Ξ	684	320	-	<b>78</b> 22 22 18 13
Persons 75 years and over	. 115	99	13	-	43	-	252	131	_	,
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level	41	5	12	_	9	_	161	75	-	13
Percent below poverty level Householder warked in 1989	4.5	.7	3.2	-	3.8	_	9.5 83	5.8 44	Ξ	56.5 9
With related children under 18 years	. 37	5	12	=	-	-	138 82	59 29	_	9
With related children under 5 years	.   15	5	5 12	-	-	-	58	37	-	9
Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	6	5	12 12	Ξ	Ξ	-	31 35	25 27	-	ģ
With related children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present	. [ 11	-	5	_	9	-	23 1 <b>03</b>	12 38	_	-
Householder worked in 1989	21	-	-	-	9	Ξ	52 103	19 32	_	
With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	26	Ξ.	-	=	=	-	59	17	-	-
Unrelated individuals	. 27	12 12	19	-	-	-	191 102	<b>78</b> 40	-	
Nonfomily hauseholder65 years and aver	10	5	-	Ξ	-	-	45	9	-	
Persons Persons helow poverty level		31 1.2	<b>74</b> 5.7	-	17 2.2	=	<b>712</b> 12.0	<b>359</b> 7.4		57.7
Persons under 18 years	.   47	4	32	_	-	-	275 265	141 137	_	1; 1; 1;
Related children under 18 years Related children 5 ta 17 years	.   15	4 4	32 19	=	=	-	164	97	-	15
Persons 65 years and over Persons 75 years and over	. 10	5 -	_	-	Ξ	-	78 38	26 16	Ξ	
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:							220	127		
Persans below 50 percent af poverty level Persans below 125 percent of poverty level	. 36 157	19 63	13 137	Ξ	60		238 922	548	_	45
Persons belaw 200 percent of poverty level	533	319	261	-	112	12	1 755	1 139	-	5

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sompling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remoinder of Tozewell County—Con.									
	Troct 208 (pt.)	Troct 209 (pt.)	Troct 211.01 (pt.)	Troct 211.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 212.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.03 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 216.03 (pt.)	Troct 216.04 (pt.)
NCOME IN 1989										
Householdsess than \$5,000	<u>-</u>	_	-	189	<b>748</b> 28	32	168	<b>946</b> 11	<b>403</b> 7	-
55,000 to \$9,999	-	-	_	36 8	49 38	-	11	30	14 25	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	Ξ	=	-	49	75		35	67	23	-
\$25,000 to \$34,999\$35,000 to \$49,999	_	_	_	29 23	123 156	9	7 59	155 206	58 116	
50,000 to \$74,999 75,000 to \$99,999	-	-	_	36	211 41	18 5	37 11	294 129	104 31	
100,000 or more	Ξ	_	_	8	27	_	8	54	25	
Aedion (dollors)	_	Ξ	-	25 375 32 352	39 500 43 057	61 244 55 738	44 500 45 121	50 289 55 108	42 361 53 228	55 48 56 250
Families	-	-	Ξ	180 26 500	618 44 744	32 61 244	133 44 312	<b>836</b> 52 683	3 <b>71</b> 44 766	55 48
Moles 15 years and over, with income	_	_	_	28 300	717	60	154	1 089	393	33 40
Medion income (dollors)	-	-	-	15 441	30 793	18 056	32 308 58.4	31 510 61.8	32 072 68.2	36 25 100.
Percent year-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors)	_	_	_	50.0 29 722	64.0 36 186	38.3 60 260	40 344	39 250	36 513	36 25
emoles 15 years ond over, with income Medion income (dollors)	_	Ξ	_	190 6 184	705 9 794	23 13 036	135 15 804	870 12 273	393 9 896	21 25
Percent year-round full-time workers	-	-	-	40.5	24.4	26.1	42.2	34.0	37.7 19 706	100. 21 25
Medion income (dollors)	-	_	_	17 371	18 125 14 826	31 250 18 755	25 750 18 448	20 671 18 436	16 216	28 12
Per copito income (dollors)NCOME TYPE IN 1989	-	_	-	11 348	14 020	10 755	10 440	10 430	10 210	20 12
Households	-	-	-	189	748	32	168	946	403	
Vith earnings Mean earnings (dollors)	_	-	Ξ	183 27 <b>22</b> 9	638 43 736	65 350	139 46 309	826 54 831	370 52 564	56 00
/ith Social Security income	_	_	-	53	118	9	33	197	60	
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	Ξ			9 161 27	9 640 22	12 644	9 314 7	10 079 31	11 065 7	
Meon public ossistonce income (dollors)	-	-	Ξ	5 410 22	7 356 93	_	1 740 34	3 569 194	7 200 32	
Mean retirement income (dollors)	Ξ	=	=	4 045	13 956	9 082	12 319	11 729	12 978	
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									** ***	
Families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors)	_	_	_	33 720 28 007	<b>47 513</b> 44 236	<b>55 738</b> 64 000	<b>43 264</b> 43 961	<b>56 700</b> 62 416	<b>56 461</b> 55 544	56 25
lo own children under 18 years (dollors)	_	_	_	37 708	51 966	52 506	42 817	51 677 <b>57 403</b>	58 181 <b>59 188</b>	56 25 <b>56 25</b>
Married-couple families (dollars) Vith own children under 18 years (dollars)	_	Ξ	_	34 196 28 802	50 248 48 729	<b>55 738</b> 64 000	<b>44 949</b> 50 181	63 503	58 542	
o own children under 18 yeors (dollors) Female householder, no husband present	-	-	-	37 708	51 966	52 506	42 817	52 219	60 368	56 25
(dollars)	_	_	_	_	20 918	-	-	39 900	15 199	•
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	_	_	-	Ξ	20 918	-	_	39 900	15 857 13 332	
OVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
Families	-	-	-	180	618	32	133	<b>836</b> 713	<b>371</b> 331	
ouseholder worked in 1989	_	_	Ξ	127 74	520 365	23 9	104 52	417	247	
With reloted children under 5 yeors Married-couple families	-	-	-	18 175	126 <b>558</b>	32	6 114	114 812	89 <b>348</b>	
ouseholder worked in 1989	_	Ξ	Ξ	122	460	23	85	689	314	
/ith reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years	_		Ξ	69 13	305 103	9	33 6	399 114	230 89	
Female householder no husband present	_	-	=	-	53	-	_	18	<b>23</b>	
louseholder worked in 1989 Vith reloted children under 18 years	_	Ξ	_	_	53 53	_	=	18 18	17	
With reloted children under 5 years	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	_	_	_	•	164	_	59	156	39	
Vonfomily householder	_	-	=	ý	130	-	35 23	110	32	
os years ond over	-	-	-	548	43 2 209	97	407	40 2 785	1 317	1
Persons for whom poverty status is determined_ ersons under 18 years	_	=	=	138	697	10	79	736	509	
Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years	_	_	_	138 101	695 524	10 10	79 71	736 561	509 395	
ersons 65 years and over	-	-	-	45 15	139	13 13	33	221 43	49 15	
ncome in 1989 Below Poverty Level	_	_	-	15	64	13	_	45	13	
Families	_	_	_	29	19	_	-	6	14	
Percent below poverty level louseholder worked in 1989	-	-	Ξ	16.1 11	3.1 19	_	Ξ	.7	3.8	
Vith reloted children under 18 years	Ξ	=	=	13	19	Ξ	=	-	7	
With reloted children under 5 years Married-couple families	_	_	=	5 <b>29</b>	13	_		- 6	7	
louseholder worked in 1989	_	_	-	11	-	-	-	-	_	
With reloted children under 18 years	_	-	Ξ	13 5	Ξ	=	_	_	Ξ.	
Female householder, no husband present	-	-	=	=	19 19	Ξ	Ξ	-	<b>7</b>	
VITA reloted children under 18 vears	]	_	Ξ	-	19	-	-	-	7	
With reloted children under 5 years	_	-	-	-	13	-	15	10	14	
Unrelated individuals	_	=	_	<b>9</b> 9	<b>49</b> 40	-	15 -	5	7	
5 years and over	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Percent below poverty level	=	-	=	113 20.6	114 5.2	-	<b>15</b> 3.7	<b>22</b> .8	<b>42</b> 3.2	
ersons under 18 vegrs	=	=	-	33 33	42	-	-	-	8	
Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years	Ξ	-	_	33 24	40 26		=	_	8	
ersons 65 years and over	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	6	-	
Persons 75 years and over tatio of income in 1989 to poverty level:	_	-	-	_	_	_	•			
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	-	-	-	-	45	-	15	17	22 64	
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	_	_	-	113 258	164 373	-	15 <b>3</b> 4	32 111	190	
Percent of poretty level	_	_	_	230	5,3		-			

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Remoinder	of Tazewell County—	Con.			
Area	Troct 216.06 (pt.)	Troct 217.01	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 218.01 (pt.)	Troct 218.02 (pt.)	Troct 219	Troct 220	Troct 221 (pt.)	Troct 222 (pt.)
NCOME IN 1989	39 	1 429 49 108 109 252 224 330 239 62 56 33 772 38 874 1 113 37 847 1 542 22 750 555.6 30 604 1 255 8 410 30.0 17 019 13 442	1 593 39 98 141 225 266 381 339 77 27 35 905 38 667 1 314 40 262 1 638 25 590 53.2 36 417 1 396 8 662 30.2 16 607 13 875	1 074 73 125 143 233 121 217 115 27 20 22 292 28 741 868 26 136 996 18 284 54 852 7 523 29.9 13 589 10 070	823 25 27 83 145 137 210 173 8 15 34 782 37 205 645 38 894 790 28 214 57,0 34 792 594 9 583 25,3 16 324 14 993	1 707 52 92 159 343 308 400 272 61 20 30 783 34 560 1 378 35 889 1 701 23 290 55,7 30 607 1 500 7 932 29,3 15 768 12 563	1 482 53 80 142 300 263 310 250 60 24 30 426 35 614 1 131 36 853 1 427 22 741 1 332 29 949 1 332 24 24.8 16 765 13 125	155 	281 7 8 13 50 33 64 86 13 7 45 216 41 815 233 47 284 282 32 500 66.0 36 739 29 10 923 36.8 20 600 14 797
INCOME TYPE IN 1989 Households With earnings Mean earnings (dollors) With Social Security income Mean Social Security income (dollors) With public assistance income Mean public assistance income (dollors) With retirement income Mean retirement income (dollors)	39 39 48 495 25 9 168 — — 8 4 100	1 429 1 196 39 195 371 8 104 50 3 934 196 8 668	1 593 1 274 39 500 457 8 654 55 5 463 239 8 369	1 074 832 29 746 268 8 216 145 4 311 178 8 315	823 643 35 810 219 9 355 62 3 572 151 6 849	1 707 1 433 33 668 450 7 956 70 3 748 259 7 497	1 482 1 197 33 309 482 9 195 54 3 816 211 8 526	155 153 45 976 20 11 922 5 6 747 8 4 000	281 255 39 962 48 10 020 - 29 5 968
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors) No own children under 18 years (dollors) Married-couple families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors) No own children under 18 years (dollors) Female householder, no husband present (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors) No own children under 18 years (dollors)	68 468 47 023 79 190 68 468 47 023 79 190	43 319 45 684 40 669 45 785 48 990 42 371 12 061 10 512 15 023	42 493 42 377 42 608 44 824 45 392 44 288 20 041 17 541 23 930	31 164 29 165 33 145 34 967 34 384 35 471 13 140 13 490 12 499	41 668 39 979 42 972 43 507 43 721 43 350 19 858 11 153 41 000	38 213 37 952 38 455 40 769 41 436 40 179 17 918 16 289 20 397	40 090 39 777 40 415 42 025 42 704 41 351 15 765 13 704 20 604	55 790 48 242 59 847 55 790 48 242 59 847	45 927 44 817 47 190 47 863 45 823 50 202 28 000 28 000
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989 All Income Levels In 1989 Families Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Married-couple families Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Famale householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years.	39 39 13 7 39 39 13 7 -	1 113 950 600 232 1 014 874 532 219 67 44 47	1 314 1 078 681 258 1 173 968 592 247 115 89 72	868 618 464 174 703 525 346 128 119 62 89	645 528 281 88 592 483 251 83 24 16	1 378 1 185 696 244 1 211 1 064 586 212 116 76 82 13	1 131 979 587 213 1 026 898 519 192 77 62 54	123 121 43 17 123 121 43 17 -	233 195 124 59 219 188 117 59 7 7
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	109 35 35 35 28 33	392 316 142 4 093 1 195 1 195 902 459 183	313 279 142 4 455 1 245 1 243 940 528 224	322 206 78 3 051 898 878 679 254 110	213 178 76 2 026 489 489 366 302 81	407 329 176 4 716 1 290 1 280 966 575 249	403 351 231 3 957 1 117 1 108 846 589 241	38 32 14 389 79 79 65 38 22	55 48 11 788 234 234 167 74
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years With reloted children under 5 years Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years		70 6.3 45 39 17 24 18 9 7 39 20 30 10 82 63	43 3.3 23 30 18 26 16 16 17 7 14 8 36 28	128 14.7 54 96 51 57 35 29 21 56 14 52 24	22 3.4 14 22 11 6 6 6 6 8 - 8 5 30 18	80 5.8 49 59 29 27 14 17 10 33 18 29 9 95 48	61 5.4 39 55 23 34 21 30 14 27 18 25 9	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	13 5.6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 - - -
65 years ond over		282 6.9 83 83 64 46 28 105 454 942	168 3.8 60 60 37 39 15	509 16.7 194 174 121 24 11 170 701 1 321	94 4.6 38 38 26 - - 63 167 396	363 7.7 125 121 74 61 39 133 513	271 6.8 114 109 71 24 13 379 1 008	-	43 5.5 14 14 7 - - 17 51 170

## Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Ooto bosed on somple and subject to sompling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remoinder of Tozewell C	ounty—Con.	-	Woodford County	1	
Area	Troct 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Troct 301.98	Troct 302	Troct 303	Troct 304
INCOME IN 1989 Households	321	783	933	1 212	1 005	1 517
Less thon \$5,000	14	16	63	56 108	30 56	13 78
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	26 39	24 43	81 80	114	84	120
\$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	55 37	96 98	217 133	243 256	175 210	268 177
\$35,000 to \$49,999	85	248	211	250	205 173	440 355
\$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999	46 13	210	129 13	159 <b>2</b> 4	52	51
\$100,000 or more	6 32 981	12 42 675	26 138	29 375	20 31 952	15 38 592
Meon (dollors)	34 717	43 113	30 077	30 652 880	37 020 800	38 623 1 <b>244</b>
Families Medion income (dollars)	216 39 432	43 312	<b>746</b> 31 190	32 212	37 054	40 788
Moles 15 years ond over, with income	292	878	893	1 099	1 037	1 547 26 660
Medion income (dollors)  Percent yeor-round full-time workers	22 500 50.3	28 306 65.3	21 266 55.8	20 690 55.5	23 110 57.0	61.0
Medion income (dollors)Femoles 15 years ond over, with income	33 594 287	32 992 783	26 250 823	26 369 1 075	30 321 898	33 579 1 392
Medion income (dollors)  Percent year-round full-time workers	9 464	9 035	7 096	9 345	9 057	8 741 25.9
Percent year-round full-time workers Medion income (dollors)	34.5 12 266	35.8 17 419	24.5 17 222	30.4 16 089	22.3 16 989	17 686
Per copito income (dollors)	13 955	13 797	10 683	12 439	13 205	13 665
INCOME TYPE IN 1989						
Households With eornings	<b>321</b> 293	<b>783</b> 708	<b>933</b> 796	1 212 981	1 <b>005</b> 835	1 517 1 273
Mean eornings (dollors)	30 675	41 980	26 781	28 220	35 579	37 104 463
With Social Security income Mean Social Security income (dollars)	48 8 353	114 8 924	282 7 794	453 8 036	311 8 654	9 481
With public ossistonce income	12 4 960	15 5 547	36 4 107	56 3 622	37 3 932	46 3 618
Meon public ossistonce income (dollors) With retirement income	78	116	186	198	177	262 6 783
Mean retirement income (dollors)	13 840	10 461	10 668	7 727	7 563	0 703
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars)	43 165	44 242	32 813	34 844	41 728	41 914
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	39 688	39 777	31 617	34 986 34 733	38 984 44 042	40 389 43 550
No own children under 18 yeors (dollors) Married-couple families (dollars)	46 276 <b>48 761</b>	49 292 <b>45 777</b>	34 054 <b>34 470</b>	37 223	42 842	43 080
With own children under 18 yeors (dollors) No own children under 18 yeors (dollors)	52 990 46 276	41 626 50 385	34 014 34 937	39 586 35 600	40 763 44 612	42 269 43 903
Female householder, no husband present					26 087	24 767
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	11 340 11 340	27 055 29 878	<b>17 338</b> 14 170	<b>21 997</b> 17 888	15 708	22 041
No own children under 18 yeors (dollors)	··	20 221	21 863	27 883	33 547	33 747
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989						
All Income Levels In 1989			-44	000	800	1 244
Householder worked in 1989	<b>216</b> 193	716 630	<b>746</b> 630	880 722	681	1 072
With reloted children under 18 years	102 32	407 119	383 138	389 138	380 174	685 274
With reloted children under 5 years	181	614	658	744	<b>737</b> 631	1 147 981
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	164 67	528 338	558 336	621 303	353	ANA
With reloted children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present	20 <b>24</b>	338 111 <b>65</b>	121 68	105 <b>90</b>	170 <b>55</b>	255 <b>73</b>
Householder worked in 1989	18	65	52	60	44 23	255 <b>73</b> 67 67
With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years	24 6	50	40 13	53 12	4	14
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is					***	304
Nonfomily householder	159 105	<b>79</b> 67	<b>240</b> 187	<b>377</b> 332	<b>221</b> 205	273
65 years and over	15	16	99	202	117	140
Persons for whom poverty status is determined. Persons under 18 years	<b>786</b> 174	2 462 712	2 640 809	2 941 747	2 803 810	<b>4 232</b> 1 268
Reloted children under 18 years	174	712	797	742	807 589	1 268 927
Reloted children 5 to 17 years	131 53	592 142	591 375	573 588	407	546
Persons 75 years ond over	10	40	131	265	168	253
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level	18	25	96	49	31	25
Percent below poverty level	8.3	3.5	12.9	5.6	3.9	2.0
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	12 18	7 23	84 67	32 41	27 28	22
With reloted children under 5 years	12	11	39 <b>69</b>	25 <b>20</b>	19 <b>20</b>	25 22 14
Married-couple families Householder worked in 1989	Ξ	18	69	14	20	10
With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years	_	16	56 33 <b>27</b>	16 12	17 15	7
Female householder, no husband present	12	7	<b>27</b> 15	19 11	11 7	15 15
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	6 12	7 7	11	15	11	10 7 1 <u>1</u> 15
With reloted children under 5 years	6	8	6 <b>63</b>	8 76	4	
Unrelated individuals Nonfomily householder	<b>45</b> 12	8	93 35 15	63	35	50 40 18
65 years and over	-	8		49	13 <b>175</b>	191
Persons Percent below poverty level	<b>96</b> 12.2	124 5.0	<b>435</b> 16.5	258 8.8	6.2 79	3.1 42 42 22 18
Persons under 18 years	33	54 54	182 170	104 101	79 76	42
Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years	33 33 13	40	111	65	46	22
Persons 65 years ond over Persons 75 years ond over	<u>-</u>	15 15	39 35	54 36	13 8	12
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:						
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	55 121	23 165	180 575	84 371	56 207	33 266
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	186	477	1 011	793	599	664

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Ooto bosed on somple and subject to sompling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Wo	odford County—Con		
Area	Troct 305.01	Troct 305.02	Troct 306.01	Troct 306.02	Troct 30
NCOME IN 1989					
Householdsess thon \$5,000	1 <b>627</b> 25	<b>948</b> 42	1 900 121	<b>881</b> 21	1 42
5,000 to \$9,999	44	47	141	41	12
10,000 to \$14,999	71 131	73 172	145 441	67 93	12
25.000 to \$34.999	174	177	258	159	24
35,000 to \$49,999 50,000 to \$74,999 75,000 to \$99,999	351	186	440	197 217	33 1 <i>6</i>
75.000 to \$99.999	546 183	204 26	267 52	55	1
100,000 or more	102	21	35	31	00.5
edion (dollors)ean (dollors)	50 520 53 456	33 112 37 366	28 587 33 173	39 225 45 218	29 5 34 3
Families	1 433	755	1 384	754	1 0
ledion income (dollors)	52 194	37 411	35 180	42 188	35 4
oles 15 years ond over, with income Medion income (dollors)	1 755 35 460	958 22 903	1 844 21 344	950 26 824	1 4 20 0
Percent year-round full-time workers	68.9	54.5	50.3	59.7	53
Medion income (dollors)	41 096	33 173	28 415	32 530	27 8
moles 15 years and over, with income Medion income (dollors)	1 468 10 752	779 10 974	1 955 7 155	786 10 562	1 4 8 2
Percent year-round full-time workers	33.2	44.9	18.3	36.1	3
Medion income (dollors)	19 806	16 094	16 542	20 547	18 0
er copito income (dollors)	17 294	13 991	11 908	15 331	12 2
ICOME TYPE IN 1989				***	
Households	<b>1 627</b> 1 491	<b>948</b> 793	1 <b>900</b> 1 469	<b>881</b> 786	14
Mean earnings (dollors)	52 431	38 356	31 549	43 994	33 6
fith Sociol Security income	227 9 132	245 8 901	638 8 515	195 8 364	8 5
Meon Social Security income (dollars)	46	37	170	39	
Mean public ossistonce income (dollors)	4 187	3 814	3 476	2 728	3 3
fith retirement income Mean retirement income (dollors)	235 9 630	153 7 121	328 8 913	116 9 879	6 7
SEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE	, 500				
Families (dollars)	56 378	41 007	37 164	46 607	39 2
fith own children under 18 years (dollors)	55 980	43 030	35 447 38 952	48 836 44 245	39 7 38 8
o own children under 18 years (dollars) Married-couple families (dollars)	56 902 58 <b>399</b>	39 248 <b>43 769</b>	40 696	47 739	41 9
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	58 495	48 256	41 627	50 914	44 3
o own children under 18 years (dollors) Female householder, no husband present	58 274	40 137	39 857	44 519	39 4
(dollars)	22 615	15 465	15 864	14 777	20 1
fith own children under 18 years (dollors) o own children under 18 years (dollors)	19 500 29 104	9 996 26 155	9 869 29 896	8 974 25 553	16 6 27 7
	27 104	20 133	27 070	23 330	-, ,
OVERTY STATUS IN 1989					
III Income Levels In 1989					
Familiesouseholder worked in 1989	1 433 1 289	<b>755</b> 615	1 384 1 112	<b>754</b> 648	1 (
/ith reloted children under 18 years	827	367	712	393	
With related children under 5 years	257 1 334	133 <b>675</b>	314 1 179	148 <b>719</b>	
Married-couple familieslouseholder worked in 1989	1 213	568	944	618	
fith reloted children under 18 years	767	310	565	367 136	
With reloted children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present	252 <b>74</b>	123 <b>65</b>	275 <b>157</b>	20	
ouseholder worked in 1989	54	37	120	15	
Vith related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	50 3	44 8	110 32	13 4	
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is	•	, and the second			
determined	308	237	635	137	
Ionfomily householder	194	193 60	516 314	127 56	
5 years ond over	89		4 965	2 608	3
Persons for whom poverty status is determined_ Persons under 18 years	<b>5 021</b> 1 581	2 552 663	1 494	809	1
Reloted children under 18 years	1 577	658	1 486	807	1
Reloted children 5 to 17 yearsersons 65 years ond over	1 242 335	486 223	1 097 854	632 233	
Persons 75 years and over	125	70	404	95	
ncome in 1989 Below Poverty Level			•••		
FamiliesPercent below poverty level	<b>25</b> 1.7	<b>30</b> 4.0	118 8.5	<b>20</b> 2.7	
louseholder worked in 1989	13	4	75	15 15	
Vith reloted children under 18 years	13 23 2	28	99 43	15	
With reloted children under 5 yeors	12	15 <b>9</b>	35	4 9 6	
touseholder worked in 1989 Vith related children under 18 years	6	4	29		
Vith related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	10 2	7	16 16	4 -	
Female householder no husband present	13	19	69	11	
louseholder worked in 1989 Vith reloted children under 18 years	7 13	19	32 69	9 11	
With reloted children under 5 years	-	8	20	4	
Unrelated individuals	92	32	115	26	
Vonfomily householder	30	21	70	24 13	
55 years ond over	54	7	38	91	
Persons	177 3.5	1 <b>32</b> 5.2	<b>525</b> 10.6	3.5	
Percent below poverty level	49	63	255	39	
Reloted children under 18 yeors	45	58	247 175	39 37 30	
Reloted children 5 to 17 yearsersons 65 years ond over	43 56	38 7	38	16	
Persons 75 years and over	45	7	30	13	
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:		0-	000	22	
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	111 204	81 245	228 598	22 133	
	499	528	1 200	441	1

#### Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peario Count	у		Totols for split	trocts/8NA's in Peario Co	ounty
Area	Peario, IL MSA	Totol	Peario city	Tozewell County	Troct 30	Troct 31.01	Troct 31.02
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	309 440	154 342	86 863	122 673	5 175	3 608	5 285
NotiveForeign bom	305 827 3 613	151 952 2 390	85 069 1 794	121 644 1 029	5 057 118	3 591 17	5 131 154
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isoloted households	556	376	317	167	19	6	33
Persons 5 years and over Speak o longuage other than English	289 358 8 398	144 896 5 155	81 542 3 466	114 358 2 569	<b>4 877</b> 198	<b>3 329</b> 68	5 <b>041</b> 293
Do not speck English "very well" In linguisticolly isoloted households	2 455 752	1 600 454	1 076 370	684 275	46 19	26 6	293 83 33
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	79 704	39 679	22 416	30 967	1 272	1 073	1 372
Preprimory schoolPublic school	6 602 3 974	3 246 1 756	1 880 977	2 674 1 757 21 814	94 60 818	104 54 725	1 <b>372</b> 73 24 751
Elementory or high school  Public school  College	52 206 45 914 20 896	23 909 19 479 12 524	11 688 8 411 8 848	20 383 6 479	502 360	544 244	751 586 548 370
Public college	14 494	7 545	4 381	5 552	310	206	370
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over Less than 9th grade	202 722 17 816	102 653 8 861	<b>58 049</b> 4 591	<b>79 703</b> 7 037	3 642 213	2 172 62	3 580 41
9th to 12th grode, no diplomo High school groduote (includes equivolency)	23 867 70 311	11 723 32 924	6 292 16 356	9 996 29 554	206 1 023	93 616	157
Some college, no degreeAssociote degree	42 406 13 370	21 452 6 663	11 865 3 732	17 129 5 188	898 267	531 141	739 783 317 1 017
Bochelor's degreeGroduote or professional degree	23 793 11 159	14 004 7 026	9 864 5 349	7 682 3 117	710 325	493 236	526
Percent high school groduote or higherPercent bochelor's degree or higher	79.4 17.2	79.9 20.5	81.3 26.2	78.6 13.5	88.5 28.4	92.9 33.6	94.5 43.1
FERTILITY Children ever bom per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 300	1 193	1 102	1 394	1 425	1 313	807
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	289 358	144 896	81 542	114 358	4 877	3 329	5 041
Some house	170 517 117 563	84 420 59 565	43 259 37 610	67 058 46 963	2 953 1 895	1 553 1 754	2 421 2 474
Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA	38 492 44 220	24 350 15 301	18 386 5 410	12 970 22 323	979 255	694 198 603	1 067 405 706
Different MSA/PMSA	22 130 1 12 721 1 278	13 354 6 560 911	9 833 3 981 673	6 708 4 962 337	469 192 29	259 22	296 146
JOURNEY TO WORK					2 505	1 978	3 257
Workers 16 years and over  Cor, truck, or von  Drove olone	143 077 133 047 118 143	<b>71 450</b> 66 152 59 262	39 841 36 439 32 770	56 598 53 354 47 037	2 437 2 142	1 922 1 800	3 121 2 907
CorpooledPublic tronsportation	14 904 1 307	6 890 1 041	3 669 850	6 317 258	295	122 11	214
Other means Worked ot home	5 033 3 690	2 731 1 526	1 804 748	1 529 1 457	42 26 14.5	20 25 17.1	79 57 15.5
Meon trovel time to work (minutes) Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence Centrol city	18.2 134 465 73 648	17.0 68 701 46 200	15.3 38 474 30 387	19.2 52 950 24 436	2 413 2 055	1 855 1 399	3 095 2 334
Outside centrol city	60 817 8 612	22 501 2 749	8 087 1 367	28 514 3 648	358 92	456 123	761 162
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over	240 534	122 632	70 500	93 884	4 114	2 622	4 409
In lobor force	152 698 144 964	76 257 72 390	42 671 40 447	60 661 57 350	2 594 2 521	2 102 2 020	3 373 3 312
Unemployed	7 398 4.9	3 696 4.9	2 148 5.0	3 165 5.2	63 2.4	82 3.9 1 <b>341</b>	52 1.5 2 313
Females 16 years and over Employed Unemployed	126 885 64 849 3 223	<b>65 262</b> 32 913 1 645	38 052 18 712 1 049	49 183 25 360	<b>2 167</b> 1 146 55	929 53	1 599
With own children under 6 years In lobor force	17 717 10 479	8 258 4 960	4 655 2 763	25 360 1 338 7 464 4 368	282 173	295 169	17 223 140 368 318
With own children 6 to 17 years only	22 024 16 893	10 249 7 750	4 985 3 800	9 254 7 163	318 275	349 282 <b>221</b>	308 318 <b>23</b> 0
Persons 16 to 19 years	17 823 3 204 1 266	9 034 1 491 574	5 161 755 348	6 887 1 450 590	<b>260</b> 24 6	41 19	-
Not high school groduote	1 220	604 241	393 156	522 210	6 -	18 4	-
Unemployed Not in labor force	303 416	121 242	80 157	158 152	6	10	-
WORK STATUS IN 1989 Persons 16 years and over who worked in							
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	167 196 125 003	<b>83 961</b> 62 844	<b>47 680</b> 35 081	65 634 49 218	2 822 2 098	<b>2 210</b> 1 721	3 572 2 839 2 169
50 to 52 weeks	91 962	46 092	25 279	36 229	1 605	1 377	2 107
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64	193 914	97 353	54 978	77 233	3 189	2 493	<b>3 981</b> 82
With a mobility or self-core limitation With a mobility limitation	7 232 3 587 857	3 793 1 990 533	2 211 1 164 330	2 965 1 333 251	135 65 19	90 30 —	41
In lobor force With a self-core limitation With a work disability	5 059 14 110	2 596 7 514	1 520 4 522	2 166 5 527	98 184	75 103	57 139
In lobor force Prevented from working	5 483 7 038	2 860 3 773	1 691 2 229	2 114 2 836	105 60 2 005	45 53 2 390	48 91 3 842
No work disobility In lobor force Civilian noninstitutionolized persons 65 years	179 804	89 839 70 644	50 456 39 184	71 706 56 887	3 005 2 442	2 033	3 243
With a mobility or self-core limitation	7 617 1	22 731 4 099	13 898 2 451	15 150 2 867	<b>626</b> 55 33	129 24	<b>365</b> 50 33 42
With o mobility limitation	5 581	2 946 2 542	1 804 1 490	2 152 1 663	33 30	19 19	33 42

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Totals far split tracts/BI County—Co	NA's in Peoria n.			Peona city, Peona	County		
Area	Tract 41.02	Tract 44	Tract 1	Troct 2	Tract 3	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 9
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	3 481	5 029	837	1 189	2 120	1 471	1 776	655
NativeForeign born		4 915 114	830 7	1 181 8	2 103 17	1 456 15	1 751 25	645 10
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isoloted households		22	_	-	9	7	5	7
Persons 5 years and over  Speak a language ather than English Da nat speak English "very well"  In linguistically isolated househalds	. 77	4 750 202 37 37	814 9 - -	1 153 11 11 -	1 <b>905</b> 57 30 20	1 378 60 44 7	1 642 63 25 25	<b>592</b> 37 7 7
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	743	1 230	184	177	570	261	322	57
Preprimary schaal	. 86 . 33 . 453 . 305	73 32 778 659 379	32 32 116 77 36	135 125 42	48 37 468 400 54	44 44 170 152 47	16 11 245 189 61	- 16 16 41
Public college	175	327	36	42	45	29	45	10
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over Less than 9th grade 9th to 12th grade, no diplomo High school graduate (includes equivalency) Some callege, no degree Associate degree Bochelar's degree	312 340 - 647 - 480 - 164	3 538 405 380 1 128 741 306 382	643 159 197 163 24 89	888 129 282 328 78 43	1 221 322 308 400 112 42 32	1 030 249 246 320 149 13	1 253 122 270 514 153 42 108	542 137 141 172 20 - 37 35
Groduate ar professionol degree  Percent high schaal graduate or higher		196 77.8	44.6	13 53.7	5 48.4	49 51.9	44 68.7	48.7
Percent bochelar's degree ar higher FERTILITY	18.5	16.3	1.7	3.2	3.0	5.1	12.1	13.3
Children ever barn per 1,000 warmen 15 to 44 years	985	1 213	2 185	1 174	1 616	1 769	1 180	1 533
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	3 195	4 750 2 965	814	1 <b>153</b> 721	1 905 1 129	1 <b>378</b> 756	1 <b>642</b> 1 024	<b>592</b> 265
Same hause Different hause in United States Central city of this MSA/PMSA Remainder af this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA Nat in an MSA/PMSA Abraad	- 268 - 103	1 785 904 450 238 193	465 349 161 86 102	423 295 87 7 34	776 396 124 135 121	622 419 76 78 49	618 390 106 76 46	327 122 35 115 55
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over	1 475	2 223	234	413	611	517	666	100
Car, truck, ar van	- 1 378 - 1 231 - 147	1 962 1 727 235 80	213 196 17 - 21	391 320 71 22	565 501 64 12 34	433 319 114 39 31	642 513 129 12	71 71 - 4 14
Other meons	- 37 - 16.2 - 1 415 1 097	139 42 16.4 2 167 1 558	21.6 234 172	20.7 397 291 106	14.7 605 414 191	14 16.5 507 321 186	16.7 644 499 145	14 11 11.8 100 91
Outside centrol city Warked outside MSA/PMSA af residence	318	609 56	62	16	6	10	22	-
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over		4 042	671	1 039	1 <b>520</b> 748	1 209 602	1 <b>427</b> 784	<b>576</b>
In lobor force Emplayed Unemplayed Percent of civilian labor force Femoles 16 years and over	- 1 500 - 49 - 3.2	2 379 2 240 139 5.8 2 293	264 234 30 11.4 <b>367</b>	501 419 82 16.4 <b>604</b>	618 130 17.4 <b>836</b>	543 59 9.8 <b>686</b>	691 93 11.9 <b>737</b>	100 - - 330 25
EmployedUnemployed	- 744 - 24	1 091	76 23 51 12 85 31	204 41 46	269 55 90	258 21 80	287 37 107	23
With awn children under 6 yeors In labar farce With own children 6 to 17 yeors anly	_   126	287 214 270	12 85	26 85	37 187	80 52 66	71 58	12
Persons 16 to 19 years	- 177 - 138	223 226	7	48 72	75 131	44 94 30	42 <b>89</b> 35	12
Nat enralled in school Unemployed or not in labar farce	-   -	10	7 7 7	31 18 18	25 18 7	16 12	35 24 19	
Not high schaal graduate Emplayed Unemplayed	10	=	<u>-</u>	11	7	6	5 14	
Not in lobor force	-	-	7	7	-	-	-	
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	- 1 693 - 1 239	<b>2 584</b> 1 916	<b>301</b> 204	<b>501</b> 361	<b>833</b> 566 347	619 460	<b>792</b> 601 416	189 123 94
50 ta 52 weeks	- 974	1 482	133	216	347	308	410	,
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 918	2 846	491	765	1 183	881	1 039	32
With a mobility or self-care limitatian With a mobility limitatian	- 54 - 31	212 96	46 37	85 56	79 59	43 28 7	45 31 7	52 3 1
In labar force With a self-care limitation	- 6 - 42	55 150 264	9 93	10 48 174	38 222	25 149	19 139	34 156 11
With a wark disability In labar farce Prevented fram warking	- 84 - 80	133 115	8 73	27 124	41 156	29 75	65 59	11:
Na wark disobility In labar farce	1 749	2 582 2 134	398 241	591 474	961 683	732 537	900 692	167
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years ond over	_ 367	1 107 289	<b>180</b> 51	<b>274</b> 81	<b>337</b> 67	<b>328</b> 99	388 47	251 94 76
With a mability limitatian	_   50	195 209	44 17	59 37	56 34	75 60	26 27	76 58

#### Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Peorio city, Peario Co	ounty—Con.			
Area	Troct 12	Troct 13	Troct 14	Troct 16	Troct 18	Troct 20	Troct 21	Tract 22
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	560	603	859	2 561	2 624	3 420 3 387	<b>3 538</b> 3 415	<b>3 832</b> 3 795
NotiveForeign born	552 8	603	838 21	2 425 136	2 552 72	33	123	37
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguisticolly isoloted households	-	-	-	18	38	_	-	5
Persons 5 years and over Speok to longuage other than English Do not speok English "very well" In linguisticolly isolated households	554 32 - -	<b>531</b> 11 - -	<b>768</b> 13 6	2 384 146 47 23	2 449 120 38 38	3 313 148 9 -	3 311 163 36 -	<b>3 527</b> 104 36 5
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	129	60	183	648	811	2 489	764	978
Preprimory school		17 17	38 26	59 39	38 21	37 12	62 36	105 41
Public school	54 54	38 33	125 118	346 224	283 254	262 137	402 330	557 298
College Public college	75 38	5 -	20 20	243 159	490 175	2 190 148	300 213	316 280
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	409	408	573	1 662	1 569	897	2 441	2 584
Persons 25 years and over Less than 9th grode 9th to 12th grode, no diplomo	111 76	104 128	112 174	123 297	105 161	30	289 414	138 170
High school groduote (includes equivolency) Some college, no degree	142 72	117 35	200 66	532 335	438 383	99 235	822 462	856 647 170
Associote degreeBochelor's degree	, <u>-</u> 8	18	6 8	108 194	159 206	121 205	178 200	394
Groduote or professional degree	<del>-</del>	6	7	73 74.7	117 83.0	207 96.7	76 71.2	209 88.1
Percent high school groduote or higher Percent bachelor's degree or higher	54.3 2.0	43.1 5.9	50.1 2.6	16.1	20.6	45.9	11.3	23.3
FERTILITY Children ever bom per 1,000 women 15 to 44 yeors	679	1 876	2 070	1 118	720	328	1 207	1 141
RESIDENCE IN 1985	554	531	768	2 384	2 449	3 313	3 311	3 527
Persons 5 years and over Same house Different house in United States	123 431	220 305	443 325	1 366 1 018	1 150 1 250	911 2 353	1 939 1 339	2 060 1 467
Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA	288 50	272 18	254 59	560 119	559 203	312 199	609 210	775 246
Different MSA/PMSA	35 58	10	12	242 97	332 156	1 573 269	264 256	263 183
Abrood	-	6	-	-	49	49	33	_
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over	238	156	246	1 145	1 315	1 <b>453</b> 870	1 451 1 323	1 868 1 747
Cor, truck, or von Drove clone	155 112	125 99 26	227 202	974 849 125	1 036 895 141	773 97	1 145 178	1 547 200
Corpooled Public tronsportotion Other meons	43 43 40	19 12	25 13 6	23 120	118 132	15 489	39 81	42 68 11
Worked ot home	23.2	18.1	17.2	28 14.7	29 14.4	79 11.9	8 14.9	14.2
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	230 173	156 145	232 186	1 121 888	1 243 1 001	1 373 1 212	1 411 1 062	1 835 1 456 379
Outside centrol city Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	57 8	11	46 14	233 24	242 72	161 80	349 40	379 33
LABOR FORCE STATUS				0.07/	0.000	3 060	2 896	2 994
Persons 16 years and over	<b>524</b> 263	<b>487</b> 172	644 291	<b>2 076</b> 1 294 1 189	2 202 1 462 1 321	1 572 1 510	1 567 1 458	2 009 1 887
Employed Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force	238 25 9.5	156 16 9 3	253 38	105	141 9.6	62 3.9	90 5.8	122 6.1
Females 16 years and overEmployed	297 112	239 68	358	1 076 527	1 129 600	1 <b>506</b> 782	1 <b>617</b> 672	1 <b>625</b> 924 59
Unemployed	9	11 54	98 20 73 7	39 145	52 100	34 91	66 284	59 250 191
In lobor forceWith own children 6 to 17 years only	6	18 10	45	82 117	41 129	66 88	209 161	257 211
Persons 16 to 19 years	62	5 <b>29</b>	45 <b>30</b>	87 151	74 143	74 1 127	145 <b>187</b>	165 10
Unemployed or not in labor force	Ξ	24 17	12	29 12	26 8 9	=	80 22 22	10
Not high school groduote Employed	Ξ	19 7	12 6	18 11 7	9	=	-	-
Unemployed Not in lobor force	Ξ.	12	6	<u>-</u>	Ξ.	-	22	-
WORK STATUS IN 1989 Persons 16 years and over who worked in								2 225
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	<b>234</b> 132	<b>227</b> 117	<b>280</b> 216	1 383 1 066	1 514 1 080	2 775 1 411	1 717 1 326 938	1 707 1 313
50 to 52 weeks DISABILITY	68	55	155	663	736	491	730	1 313
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64	385	372	463	1 713	1 871	2 925	2 121	2 340
With a mobility or self-core limitation With a mobility limitation	112 70	17 6	50 18	57 37	54 35	16	119 77	108 35
In lobor force With o self-care limitotion	36 70	11	6 44	7 33	19	16	11 76	14 86
With a work disability	126 72	103 19	105 13	173 48	191 83	64 25	268 94	175 115 51
Prevented from workingNo work disability	54 259	84 269	86 358	103 1 540	77 1 680	21 2 861 1 502	168 1 853 1 405	2 165 1 829
In lobor force	191	142	265	1 204 363	1 333 331	1 502 135	756	654
ond over	131	115	131	363 78	93	19	193	86
With a mobility or self-care limitation With a mobility limitation	28	28 22	20 13 13	64	93	19	117	86 52 77

#### Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Pearia city, Pearia Caunty—Con.									
Area	Troct 24	Tract 25	Tract 27	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 31.02 (pt.)	Troct 32	Tract 41.02 (pt.)		
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	4 428	2 749	6 110	5 134	3 514	5 285	3 681	2 756		
NativeForeign born	4 367 61	2 695 54	5 924 186	5 016 118	3 497 17	5 131 154	3 609 72	2 739 17		
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isolated households	16	13	9	19	6	33	7	10		
Persons 5 years and over	4 115	2 567	5 827	4 836	3 235 68	5 041 293	3 475 179	<b>2 525</b> 57		
Speak a language ather than English  Do not speak English "very well"  In linguistically isolated households	133 40 16	113 35 19	292 111 9	19 <b>8</b> 46 19	26 6	83 33	34 7	32 10		
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 005	731	1 355	1 265	1 033	1 372	785	645 86		
Preprimary schoolPublic schaal	114 64	53 31	200 114	94 60	99 54	73 24	115 33	33		
Elementary or high school Public school	575 437	501 330	775 565	81 <b>8</b> 502	690 527	751 5 <b>8</b> 6	356 224	373 225		
Callege	316 264	177 163	380 285	353 303	244 206	548 370	314 215	1 <b>8</b> 6		
Public callegeEDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT	204	103	263	303	200	373				
Persons 25 years and over	3 116	1 778 99	4 541	<b>3 608</b> 213	2 118 50	3 580 41	<b>2 573</b> 65	1 869 273		
Less than 9th grade 9th ta 12th grade, na diplama	203 298	198	363 515	206	86	157	<b>8</b> 6 517	273 184 424		
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 157 720	627 472	1 393 1 003	1 007 880	610 525	739 783	660	401		
Some college, na degree Associate degree Bachelor's degree	159 416	119 184	265 566	267 710	141 476	317 1 017	230 631	146 359		
Graduate ar prafessianal degree	163	79	436	325	230	526	384	82		
Percent high school groduate or higher Percent bochelor's degree or higher	83.9 18.6	83.3 14.8	80.7 22.1	88.4 28.7	93.6 33.3	94.5 43.1	94.1 39.4	75.5 23.6		
FERTILITY Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 124	1 544	1 268	1 412	1 296	807	880	1 017		
RESIDENCE IN 1985				4 836	3 235	5 041	3 475	2 525		
Persons 5 years and over	4 115 2 316	<b>2 567</b> 1 509	5 <b>827</b> 3 <b>88</b> 6	2 935	1 489	2 421	1 519 1 <b>8</b> 91	1 264 1 261		
Different hause in United States	1 799 923	1 05 <b>8</b> 5 <b>3</b> 3	1 <b>89</b> 5 1 107	1 <b>8</b> 72 979	1 724 694	2 474 1 067	758	656		
Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA	255 424	269 185	281 298	255 446	19 <b>8</b> 603	405 706	299 602	238		
Central city of this MSA/PMSA Remainder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA Not in an MSA/PMSA	197	71	209 46	446 192 29	229 22	296 146	232 65	75		
ADrood	_	_	40	27						
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over	1 957	1 310	2 733	2 464	1 941	<b>3 257</b> 3 121	2 098 2 019	1 125 1 041		
Car, truck, or van Drave alane	1 792 1 573	1 221 1 094	2 626 2 415	2 396 2 101	1 892 1 770	2 907	1 803	951		
CarpoaledPublic transportation	219 40	127 10	211 42	295	122	214	216 16	37 15		
Other means	71	32	19	42 26	20 25	79 57	7 56	15 32		
Worked at hame Mean travel time ta wark (minutes)	54 14. <b>8</b>	47 15.8	46 14.9	14.4	17.1	15.5 3 095	15.9 2 019	15.8 1 08e		
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 917 1 426	1 246 1 01 <b>8</b>	2 660 2 213	2 372 2 022	1 818 1 362	2 334	1 500	890		
Outside central city Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	491 40	22 <b>8</b> 64	447 73	350 92	456 123	761 162	519 79	196		
LABOR FORCE STATUS		-								
Persons 16 years and over	3 509 2 121	2 083 1 426	5 112 2 903	4 073 2 553	2 568 2 065	4 409 3 373	3 081 2 120	2 172 1 178		
In labor farceEmployed	1 970	1 341	2 768	2 480	1 983 82	3 312 52	2 098 15	1 143		
Unemployed Percent of civilion labor farce	151 7.1	85 6.0	135 4.7	63 2.5	4.0	1.5	1 608	3.0 1 34		
Percent of civilion labor farce Females 16 years and over Employed	1 <b>929</b> 961	1 137 660	<b>2 871</b> 1 344	2 159 1 138	1 <b>310</b> 910	1 599	905	56 1		
Unemplayed	55 362	46 150	68 244	55 2 <b>8</b> 2	53 290	17 223	7 176	22		
In labor farce	232	116	166 369	173 318	169 337	140 36 <b>8</b>	8 <b>8</b> 206	9 16		
With own children 6 ta 17 years only	147 123	238 186	322	275	270 221	318 230	175 <b>152</b>	14 10		
Persons 16 to 19 years	171 56	138 38 15	<b>257</b> 18	<b>253</b> 24	41	9	36 14	10		
Unemployed ar nat in labar farce Not high school graduate	56 22 32 10	15 14	- 8	6	19 18	=	20	1		
Employed		4	8	=	4	Ξ	14	10		
Unemployed Nat in labar farce	5 17	10	=	6	10	-	6			
WORK STATUS IN 1989 Persons 16 years and over who worked in		1 500	2 180	2 781	2 168	3 572	2 339	1 25		
Usually warked 35 ar mare haurs per week 50 to 52 weeks	2 242 1 696 1 160	<b>1 502</b> 1 037 793	3 180 2 221 1 753	2 072 1 589	1 685 1 352	2 <b>8</b> 39 2 169	1 870 1 420	92 74		
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 598	1 637	3 581	3 148	2 444	3 981 82	2 602 184	1 44 5		
With a mobility or self-core limitation With a mobility limitatian	99 57	81 19	113 69	135 65	83 23	41	20	3		
In labor farce	90	81	13 <b>8</b> 3	19 98	- 75	. 8 . 57	172	4		
With a work disability	289	117 31	273 66	184 105	96 45	139 4 <b>8</b>	70 31	11		
In labar farce Prevented from working	110 134	46	149	60	46 2 348	91 3 842	31 2 532	5 1 33		
No work disability	2 309 1 947	1 520 1 331	3 308 2 653	2 964 2 401	1 996	3 243	2 011	1 10		
In labor force	911	<b>446</b> 109	1 374	626	124	365	<b>472</b> 40	<b>23</b>		
With a mability or self-care limitation	181 152	109 67	171 132	55 33	19 14	50 33	40	1		
With a mability limitation	60	78	72	33 30	19	42	9	1		

# Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peario County	′		Totals far split	tracts/8NA's in Pearia Co	ounty
Area	Pearia, IL MSA	Tatal	Pearia city	Tazewell County	Tract 30	Tract 31.01	Troct 31.02
DCCUPATION  Emplayed persons 16 years and over	144 964 15 004 22 034 5 282 17 565 24 397 384 1 877 17 029 3 240 16 052 10 217 6 588	72 390 8 209 12 578 2 798 9 324 12 149 195 965 8 417 1 045 7 185 4 284 2 939	40 447 5 080 8 690 1 433 5 847 6 556 129 503 4 695 257 2 887 1 858 1 230	57 350 5 432 7 441 1 967 6 570 9 995 139 772 6 724 1 373 6 883 4 733 2 942	2 521 377 550 88 377 526 - 8 178 13 169 99	2 020 285 426 104 282 342 - 14 154 12 155 96 104	3 31' 49' 95' 19- 45- 57' 4 22' 9 81
Income In 1989  Households Less than \$5,000 Less than \$14,999 Less than \$14	5 295  119 932 5 800 10 002 11 086 21 504 19 225 23 539 20 077 5 140 3 559 30 836 36 777 85 348 37 467 14 398	2 302  61 641 3 206 5 500 5 582 11 377 9 823 11 407 9 703 2 778 2 265 30 133 37 414 41 459 37 685 15 130	36 173 2 220 3 632 3 247 6 692 5 489 6 045 5 442 1 735 1 671 28 860 38 063 22 215 38 098 16 103	2 379   46 868   2 165   3 788   4 622   8 127   7 613   9 518   8 158   1 862   1 015   30 947   35 635   34 863   37 009   13 702	43  1 949 27 47 130 335 288 485 387 153 97 38 362 51 205 1 503 41 891 19 978	1 238 22 24 27 120 174 370 307 114 80 44 643 50 964 992 48 804 17 695	2 43 6 11 13 37 40 43 55 22 13 39 21 46 52 1 44 50 87 21 52
MCOME TYPE IN 1989  Households  Mean earnings (dallars)  Mith Social Security income  Mean Sociol Security income (dallars)  Mith public assistance incame  Mean public assistonce incame (dallars)	119 932 94 002 37 477 34 997 8 449 6 590 4 146	61 641 47 445 38 463 18 732 8 414 3 407 4 496	36 173 27 117 39 427 11 482 8 399 2 255 4 452	46 868 36 979 36 338 13 044 8 460 2 674 3 827	1 949 1 629 50 741 520 9 765 45 2 689	1 238 1 165 49 449 133 7 354 36 4 297	2 43 2 16 45 28 3 11 9 38 6 3 85
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) Married-couple families (dollars) With awn children under 18 years (dollars) Female househalder, no husband present (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars)	42 958 42 771 46 459 48 450 19 446 14 676	44 839 44 811 49 017 51 742 20 216 14 827	47 546 46 548 53 194 56 242 19 632 14 460	40 958 40 729 44 064 45 703 18 292 14 409	58 363 52 799 63 443 59 031 31 621 23 398	55 170 54 101 59 240 58 739 20 050 11 969	55 28 55 33 59 24 62 33 27 22 24 06
All Income Levels In 1989  Families	85 348 67 843 41 678 16 035 72 822 58 717 33 643 13 446 9 650 6 744 6 491 2 113	41 459 32 116 19 434 7 452 34 743 27 334 15 242 6 189 5 231 3 578 3 456 1 056	22 215 16 715 9 945 4 212 18 096 13 922 7 338 3 339 3 371 2 209 2 239 768	34 863 28 082 17 551 6 736 29 997 24 495 14 329 5 585 3 716 2 629 2 567 947	1 503 1 215 656 254 1 270 1 044 505 244 177 146 102	992 887 620 233 853 768 537 210 88 72 65 23	1 44 1 27 55 20 1 22 1 00 47 118
Unrelated Individuals for whom poverty status is determined	42 341 34 584 14 659 301 656 76 721 76 346 56 492 41 994	25 021 20 182 8 191 149 175 35 280 35 141 25 782 22 731	17 459 13 958 5 429 82 728 18 082 18 018 12 763 13 898	14 412 12 005 5 207 120 998 32 195 31 998 23 792 15 150	516 446 173 4 886 1 203 1 203 905 626	319 246 21 3 608 1 095 1 092 813 129	1 21 99 10 5 23 1 01 1 01 77 36
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Families Percent below poverty level. Hauseholder warked in 1989 With related children under 18 years. With related children under 5 years. Married-couple families Hauseholder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years. With related children under 18 years. With related children under 5 years. Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years. With related children under 18 years. Unrelated individuals Nanfamily householder 65 years and over Persons Percent belaw paverty level. Persons under 18 years Related children under 18 years	5 766 6.8 3 169 4 528 2 379 2 527 1 408 1 626 9 56 2 970 1 581 2 723 1 341 8 957 5 825 2 695 27 532 9,1 9 334 9 9 020	2 846 6.9 1 495 2 192 1 037 1 254 633 769 399 1 499 789 1 373 624 5 456 3 466 1 627 14 314 9.6 4 181	1 737 7.8 833 1 392 757 707 323 451 263 990 482 912 482 9 1062 9 353 11.3 2 713 2 654	2 456 7.0 1 349 1 962 1 150 1 051 595 705 451 1 264 677 1 163 652 2 907 1 985 825 10 985 9.1 4 118 3 966	- - - - - - - - 44 36 27 44 .9	46 4.6 27 46 35 12 2 12 12 34 25 34 23 25 - - - 179 5.0 82	2 2 2 1 1 10 7 20 4. 4 4 4 2
Related children 5 to 17 years	5 980 3 539 11 634 37 405	2 838 2 110 6 228 19 244	1 675 1 303 4 157 12 525	2 546 1 134 4 489 15 079		42 5 63 203	2 25

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Totals for split tracts/8 County—Co				Peario city, Peario	County		
Area	Troct 41.02	Troct 44	Troct 1	Troct 2	Troct 3	Troct 5	Troct 6	Troct 9
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 500 204 264 49 253 260 8 12 192 14 103 72 42 27	2 240 260 429 72 209 460 - 24 269 111 277 70 82 77	234 - 22 9 17 12 - 11 54 13 39 42 8 7	419 8 33 8 62 66 - - 84 - 37 42 27 52	618 18 11 8 83 116 9 - 115 24 54 55 60 65	543 24 42 10 67 37 7 11 167 68 58 18	691 41 85 - 63 131 - 7 124 - 64 71 44 61	100 19 11 11 10 9 - - 30 30 - - -
NCOME IN 1989	1 399 155 250 154 198 166 224 174 47 31 22 718 29 475 771 31 679	2 015 165 189 156 477 345 389 217 54 23 25 765 30 281 1 372 30 777	416 69 88 54 92 61 40 12 - 14 786 17 711 252 16 700 8 898	530 27 104 61 191 51 77 19 - 20 000 21 562 361 21 467 9 765	763 65 145 121 166 133 101 29 3 - 17 004 21 089 542 21 288 7 7727	610 59 167 99 161 43 47 29 5 - 13 958 18 192 366 16 737 7 646	721 44 70 106 189 104 92 87 17 12 22 370 28 797 492 27 419	413 130 200 30 24 22 - 7 - 5 975 8 635 83 6 389 6 562
NCOME TYPE IN 1989  Households  Mean earnings  Men earnings (dollors)  With Sodal Security income  Mean Social Security income (dollors)  Mith public ossistance income  Mean public ossistance income (dollors)	1 399 1 046 32 888 355 7 019 146 2 965	2 015 1 355 32 479 751 8 620 147 5 877	416 230 20 574 166 9 100 47 6 477	530 334 22 188 248 8 131 82 3 861	763 501 20 313 320 8 295 145 4 444	610 345 20 443 298 6 426 125 4 289	721 488 29 683 305 9 156 82 4 779	413 138 11 801 245 5 467 55 2 900
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors) Married-couple families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors) Fernale householder, no husband present (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors)	36 311 35 517 46 058 52 886 11 392 8 522	35 777 36 822 38 574 42 509 25 818 15 018	17 684 15 380 22 027 25 293 6 502 6 502	23 949 17 005 23 947 13 967 24 378 18 845	23 554 20 646 27 720 27 705 11 084 5 165	20 972 20 224 24 348 28 331 14 417 9 588	34 055 34 219 36 464 38 350 16 591 9 580	7 981 4 246 8 501 3 982 4 904 4 904
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989  All Income Levels in 1989  Families  Householder worked in 1989  With reloted children under 18 years	771 621 485 248 538 452 287 132 203 139 174	1 372 1 001 589 265 1 088 790 450 222 232 159 131 43	252 110 132 49 177 89 65 24 67 13	361 178 133 22 247 118 54 14 107 53 79 8	542 276 297 118 386 201 182 81 136 60 95	366 219 154 64 216 160 79 31 124 67 33	492 293 184 103 390 241 141 84 65 26 30 6	83 37 42 30 71 25 30 30 12 12
determined Nonfomily householder 65 years and over Persons for whom poverty status is determined Persons under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years and over	717 628 223 2 992 758 758 472 367	1 004 643 430 4 863 1 037 1 010 742 1 107	171 164 71 837 173 173 150 180	209 169 71 1 178 162 162 137 274	291 221 130 2 120 653 653 438 337	352 244 140 1 471 326 317 224 328	229 107 1 770 381 381 253 388	330 193 <b>655</b> 79 79 16 251
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 yeors With related children under 5 years Married-couple families Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years With related children under 19 years Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 8 years With related children under 18 years With related Individuals Nonfamily householder 65 years and over Persons under 18 years Related children under 18 years Related children onder 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years and over	139 98 146 125 57 542 18.1 194 194	107 7.8 74 80 43 29 20 23 7 71 47 57 36 339 136 159 622 12.8 131 104 82 172	86 34.1 13 67 25 32 13 13 - 54 - 4 25 43 36 9 253 30.2 90 90	53 14.7 20 45 111 34 20 26 11 19 - 19 - 49 35 16 220 18.7 66 66 57	143 26.4 555 126 335 58 8 446 18 85 47 80 17 65 23 13 572 27.0 276 217 22	64 17.5 29 50 24 19 13 5 - 45 146 45 24 133 67 36 328 118 109 78	12.2 33 48 21 33 21 27 15 27 12 21 6 49 27 5 280 15.8 130 94	53 63.9 32 42 30 41 20 30 30 12 12 12 - 185 170 99 351 53.6 79 79
Persons 65 yeors and over	241	383 852	94 289	106 278	189 760	145 571	118 376	134 433

#### Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering	bosed on somple ond s		·	Peario city, Peario Co				
Area	Troct 12	Troct 13	Troct 14	Troct 16	Troct 18	Troct 20	Troct 21	Troct 22
Employed persons 16 years and over  Executive, administrative, and monogerial accupations  Professional specialty accupations  Technicions and related support occupations  Administrative support occupations, including clerical  Private household occupations  Protective service occupations  Protective service occupations  Forming, forestry, and fishing accupations  Precision production, croft, and repair occupations  Precision production, croft, and repair occupations  Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors  Transportation and material moving accupations  Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers	238 8 19 - 20 16 - 64 7 24 20 19 41	156 32 6 - 12 6 - 50 - 10 18 17 5	253 32 - 13 26 6 6 6 6 58 7 45 27 13	1 189 111 169 34 167 131 9 18 244 10 119 68 47 62	1 321 131 231 50 119 255 11 24 269 13 123 67 14	1 510 141 379 35 174 310 11 24 279 9 78 15 32 23	1 458 108 252 39 124 213 	1 887 149 415 67 297 342 - 39 223 12 137 100 74
INCOME IN 1989 Households Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$44,999 \$50,000 to \$47,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$100,000 or more Medion (dollors) Mean (dollors) Medion income (dollors) Per copito income (dollors)	301 75 126 20 40 40 - - 7 064 10 961 47 26 146 7 662	283 91 58 29 55 16 29 5 - - 9 004 14 270 153 9 062 6 711	346 59 73 38 84 53 39 - - - 15 144 16 707 190 16 250 7 016	1 086 92 121 197 183 189 119 160 12 13 22 346 27 171 663 28 692 11 617	1 228 215 121 145 270 224 131 86 23 13 20 842 24 306 474 29 583 11 621	583 20 44 31 61 56 161 163 35 12 43 295 42 226 350 51 153 8 500	1 672 105 297 249 376 332 160 153 - - - 20 500 23 210 907 25 923 11 010	1 671 43 149 148 330 347 305 264 62 23 28 821 33 990 1 066 36 250
INCOME TYPE IN 1989 Households With earnings Mean earnings (dollors) With Social Security income Mean Social Security income (dollors) With public ossistonce income Mean public ossistonce income	301 117 14 221 156 5 933 72 2 657	283 143 16 235 135 6 546 110 2 949	346 202 19 750 152 6 543 59 4 417	1 086 850 27 039 353 7 393 73 6 031	1 228 932 25 683 294 8 400 117 3 019	583 503 41 656 134 7 231 13 3 000	1 672 1 066 25 365 706 8 295 136 4 461	1 671 1 347 32 597 541 8 341 41 2 732
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars) With own children under 18 yeors (dollors) Married-couple families (dollars) With own children under 18 yeors (dollors) Female householder, no husband present (dollars) With own children under 18 yeors (dollors)	21 921 9 100 20 594 	16 044 14 747 22 371 39 169 10 425 5 726	18 662 17 764 18 518 19 070 18 242 12 998	34 000 31 708 39 446 44 811 21 889 13 679	32 357 30 767 38 978 40 049 14 529 5 201	51 169 49 418 51 425 51 076 26 185 18 000	27 792 27 843 31 751 34 101 17 501 12 765	40 915 38 400 45 652 44 194 22 510 16 477
All Income Levels In 1989  Families	47 26 18 6 20 8 - - 15 6 6 6 6 254 75 476 24 18 131	153 68 64 58 76 33 18 12 72 30 41 41 185 130 55 597 115 115	190 104 123 78 118 78 78 51 65 19 38 20 204 156 78 803 233 233 233 148	663 481 306 145 449 347 171 78 162 101 111 60 595 423 150 2 559 527 515 338 363	474 333 244 96 342 260 163 51 121 62 81 45  1 087 754 164 2 598 461 448 285 331	350 297 188 94 310 278 165 94 17 5 17 - 459 233 74 402 402 402 295 135	907 620 414 194 655 446 278 142 224 146 130 52 948 765 455 3 514 704 489 756	1 066 849 524 187 846 669 407 145 170 130 104 42 721 605 271 3 826 950 950 645 654
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Families Percent below poverty level. Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 yeors. With reloted children under 5 yeors. Married-couple families Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 yeors. With reloted children under 5 yeors. Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 5 yeors. Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 yeors. With reloted children under 5 yeors. Unreited individuois Nonfomily householder 65 yeors ond over Persons under 18 yeors Reloted children under 18 yeors Reloted children inder 18 yeors Reloted children 5 to 17 yeors Persons 65 yeors ond over Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level. Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	12.8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 8 143 31 232 48.7 12 12 12 6 31	40.5 22 39 39 17 	30.5 19 45 13 33 13 20 6 25 6 25 7 80 53 27 271 33.7 93 93 80 40	45 6.8 17 32 27 19 6 6 6 6 6 21 11 21 22 22 353 13.8 75 63 22 58	59 12.4 24 59 45 59 24 59 45 467 289 41 651 25.1 118 105 114 41	7 2.0 - 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	118 13.0 63 70 44 44 18 18 18 18 63 34 52 26 176 126 87 489 13.9 119 63 87	45 4.2 41 41 17 26 26 17 19 15 15 - 133 88 36 329 8.3 121 121 74 46

#### Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Peario city, Peor	io County—Con.			
Area	Troct 24	Troct 25	Troct 27	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.)	Troct 32	Troct 41.02 (pt.)
OCCUPATION  Emplayed persons 16 years and over  Executive, administrative, and monogerial occupations.  Professional specially accupations Technicians and related support occupations Sales accupations  Administrative support occupations, including clerical Private household occupations Service occupations, except protective and household Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations Precision production, craft, and repair occupations Machine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers	1 970 209 319 74 234 363 16 - 245 27 265 101 60 57	1 341 95 190 119 163 2231 7 34 138 	2 768 420 521 121 460 507 - 29 260 5 188 139 56 62	2 480 377 550 88 367 518 - 8 171 13 153 99 93 43	1 983 285 426 104 282 317 — 14 148 6 155 96 104	3 312 499 959 194 454 579 9 41 220 8 8 91 88 105 65	2 098 270 641 112 344 354 	1 143 184 245 34 214 208 8 - 104 - 74 45 7
NCOME IN 1989   Households	1 937 58 191 179 447 377 378 232 63 12 28 069 31 798 1 212 33 596 13 916	1 086 666 146 90 259 178 176 153 12 6 24 375 28 648 708 28 542 11 543	2 731 154 299 238 530 435 405 117 124 27 441 35 340 1 681 35 741 16 002	1 933 27 47 1300 327 288 485 387 145 97 38 362 51 217 1 495 41 760	1 207 22 18 27 120 168 363 301 114 74 44 724 51 025 961 48 995	2 436 64 112 137 373 402 437 553 221 137 39 212 46 526 1 440 50 870 21 527	1 776 36 36 36 130 402 250 392 355 87 88 88 35 895 41 196 954 46 950 19 831	1 064 132 200 118 90 99 181 166 47 31 24 412 32 004 548 41 875 13 195
INCOME TYPE IN 1989  Households With earnings Mean earnings (dollors) With Social Security income Mean Social Security income (dollors) With public ossistance income Mean public ossistance income (dollors)	1 937 1 392 32 334 723 9 197 67 5 331	1 086 837 29 240 310 8 379 70 3 068	2 731 1 910 37 263 1 094 8 477 155 5 604	1 933 1 613 50 753 520 9 765 45 2 689	1 207 1 134 49 535 126 7 329 36 4 297	2 436 2 168 45 287 311 9 387 66 3 851	1 776 1 537 38 304 361 9 192 28 6 773	1 064 774 37 191 251 6 378 130 2 729
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Familles (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) Martied-couple famillies (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	38 640 36 495 40 954 40 041 20 931	33 405 32 478 36 891 37 779	41 240 39 504 45 341 49 880	58 260 52 799 63 353 59 031	55 382 54 305 59 268 58 547 20 936	55 287 55 350 59 242 62 339 27 228	52 292 43 841 54 965 49 735	41 563 38 758 54 777 60 262 10 664 8 067
With own children under 18 years (dollors) POVERTY STATUS IN 1989	14 326	16 218	18 491	23 398	12 379	24 061	18 335	8 067
All Income Levels In 1989  Familles  Householder worked in 1989  With related children under 18 years.  With related children under 5 years.  Married-couple families  Householder worked in 1989  With related children under 18 years.  With related children under 18 years.  Female householder, no husband present  Householder worked in 1989  With related children under 18 years.  With related children under 18 years.  With related children under 5 years.	1 212 893 542 349 1 054 762 440 296 124 106 86 49	708 532 351 112 538 397 244 98 116 102 90 8	1 681 1 215 609 210 1 395 985 985 393 171 245 199 211 39	1 495 1 207 656 254 1 262 1 036 505 244 177 146 102	961 863 602 233 828 750 525 210 82 66 59 23	1 440 1 270 592 209 1 253 1 083 478 184 172 172 172 99	954 789 397 152 855 713 319 136 71 57 64	548 455 371 192 376 338 217 105 160 105 148 87
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined.  Nonfomity householder	815 725 319 4 404 972 972 659 911	503 378 193 2 727 701 696 514 446	1 263 1 050 497 5 953 1 130 1 120 837 1 374	508 438 173 4 845 1 203 1 203 905 626	319 246 21 3 514 1 055 1 052 773 124	1 211 996 105 5 231 1 015 1 015 771 365	974 822 151 3 660 625 625 419 472	569 516 189 2 267 616 616 385 237
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Familles Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 5 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Unreloted individuals Nonfomily householder 65 years and over Persons Percent below poverty level.	78 6.4 44 66 42 55 28 43 28 23 16 23 14 122 86 24 409 9.3	58 8.2 32 39 15 24 5 12 7 29 22 22 8 120 73 65 224 10.4	113 6.7 64 87 27 40 18 14 7 73 46 73 20 255 175 108 624	- - - - - - - - - 44 36 27 44 .9	40 4.2 21 40 35 12 2 12 12 28 19 28 29 28 167 4.8	41 2.8 33 25 17 16 8 8 - 25 25 27 17 17 100 72 9 209 4.0	25 2.6 11 25 11 11 11 11 14 - 14 - 9 38 19 177 4.8 28	136 24.8 77 136 95 15 6 15 121 71 121 80 117 111 57 427 18.8
Persons under 18 years Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years and over Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level: Persons below 50 percent of poverty level Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	160 160 105 24 131 567	67 51 80 137 501	204 194 149 125 342 756	- - 27 27 144	73 36 5 63 191	41 24 9 92 257	28 19 19 19	158 158 59 57 197 532

#### Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persans. Data based an sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peorio Cou	inty	Tatals for split	tracts/BNA's in Pear	io County	Peoria	city, Peoria Caunty	
Area	Peoria, IL MSA	Tatol	Peoria city	Tract 31.01	Troct 41.02	Tract 44	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	25 252	25 018	23 848 23 654	793	627	714	1 124	1 508	644
Notive Foreign barn	25 05B 194	24 B24 194	23 654 194	793 -	627	669 45	1 124 -	1 50B	635 9
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isoloted househalds	54	54	54	_	7	-	-	-	_
Persons 5 years and over  Speok a language other thon English Do not speok English "very well" In linguisticolly isolated hauseholds	22 165 847 213 B2	21 951 B3B 213 B2	20 941 793 213 82	<b>703</b> 11 - -	<b>510</b> 13 7 7	545 50 14 -	<b>889</b> 19 - -	1 193 B1 12	<b>567</b> 41 - -
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	9 893	9 810		340	178	279	486	631	345
Preprimary school	610 549	602 541	9 367 565 510	41 41	B B	27 21	34 34	5B 49	19 19
Elementory or high school Public schaal	7 601 7 443	7 534 7 3B9	7 224 7 0B1	290 290	135 135	190 190	422 407	491 491	2B6 250
College Public callege	1 6B2 1 284	1 674 1 281	1 57B 1 201	9 9	35 27	62 46	30 30	B2 67	4( 4(
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	11 572	11 460	10 890	367	304	307	354	497	217
Less thon 9th grade 9th to 12th grade, no diploma	1 398	1 390 3 184	1 345 2 992	22 48	43 5B	26 39	5B 11B	63 167	6
High school graduate (includes equivolency) Some college, no degree	3 094 2 333	3 065 2 315	2 917 2 245	95 102	46 77	136	97 B1	166 56	55 97 43
Associate degreeBachelar's degree	643 662	637 631	584 602	10 90	36 36	56 11	=	14 12 19	16
Groduate ar professionol degree Percent high schaal graduate or higher	60.3	23B 60.1	205 60.2	B0.9	B 66.B	5 7B.B	50.3	53.7	71.9
Percent bachelar's degree or higher FERTILITY	7.8	7.6	7.4	24.5	14.5	5.2	-	6.2	
Children ever born per 1,000 wamen 15 to 44 years	1 B14	1 B14	1 817	1 350	2 021	1 389	2 345	2 199	1 B99
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	22 165	21 951	20 941	703	510	545 22B	<b>889</b> 29B	1 193 7B2	567 147
Same house	12 273 1	9 760 12 156 B 7B2	9 268 11 63B B 542	374 329 219	226 284 249	317 236	5B6 40B	401 304	420 279
Central city of this MSA/PMSA Remainder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA	483 2 413	483 2 376	474 2 167	110	29	76	75 103	19 7B	66
Not in on MSA/PMSAAbroad	524	515 35	455 35	=	6	5	5	10	69
JOURNEY TO WORK	7 735	7 658	7 273	294	220	240	113	313	182
Workers 16 years and over  Car, truck, or von  Drave alone	6 432	6 372 5 233	6 033 4 930	270 229	239 221 213	196	79 73	23B 170	144 128
CarpooledPublic transportation	1 152	1 139 661	1 103	41 20	B 1B	33 30	6 34	68 60 15	16 32
Other means	BO	551 74	510 74	4	-	14	-	15 - 22.7	17.0
Mean travel time to wark (minutes) Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	7 498	17.0 7 42B 5 818	16.8 7 066 5 551	17.1 2B1 164	21.0 239 173	16.5 240 228	12.0 113 R6	304 211	1B:
Central city Outside central city Worked autside MSA/PMSA of residence	1 650	1 610 230	1 515 207	117	66	12	B6 27 —	93	4
LABOR FORCE STATUS							407	716	33
Persons 16 years and over	9 486	15 455 9 3B9	14 612 B 973 7 475	<b>470</b> 341 303	<b>387</b> 267 245	394 289 240	<b>487</b> 195 113	<b>715</b> 435 313	213 190
Employed Unemployed Percent af civilian labor force	1 532	7 B60 1 517 16.2	1 486 16.6	3B 11 1	22 B.2	49 17.0	B2 42.1	122 2B.0	10.8
Females 16 years and overEmplayed	8 863	8 818 4 241	8 493 4 051	<b>254</b> 168	<b>250</b> 145	247 130	318 72	431 183	190 110
Unemplayed	1 979	B07 1 967	790 1 909	12 60 52	106	36 63 41	61 103 12	52 167 99	4
In labor farce	2 246	1 029 2 241	1 012 2 152	49	56 46 46	BB 77	121 94	113 67	4 2 7 4 9
In labar force	2 124	1 556 2 121 374	1 474 2 010 361	15 <b>67</b>	<b>36</b> 3	49 10	88	<b>79</b> 37	9:
Unemplayed ar not in lobor force Nat high schaal graduate	26B	26B 254	255 249	Ξ	3	5 5	34 34 34	31 37	10
EmployedUnemployed	42 47	42 47	42 47	-	3 -	5 -	10 24	6 - 31	1
Not in labor force WORK STATUS IN 1989	165	165	160	-	-	- 1	24	31	
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	9 892	9 785	9 234	394	271	258	234	414	219
Usually warked 35 or more haurs per week 50 to 52 weeks		6 700 4 226	6 326 3 977	311 251	222 150	201 105	1B1 56	254 140	107
DISABILITY Chillen parketitutionalized parent 14 to 64									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years With a mability ar self-care limitatian	13 897 1 295	13 794 1 295	13 230 1 280	451	<b>335</b> 15	361 41	<b>459</b> 39	669 B2	322
With a mobility limitatian	506	506 100	49B 100	Ξ	Ξ	B	1B	23	
With a self-care limitatian	1 021	1 021 1 712	1 014 1 677	9	15 13	33 29	2B 95	B2 67 15	2
In labor farce Prevented from warking Na wark disability	. 1 157	401 1 155 12 0B2	393 1 140 11 553	6 442	6 - 322	29 332	61 364	52 602	1: 29
In labor farce Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years	. B BB1	B B03	B 404	341	261	2B0	195	415	197
With a mobility ar self-core limitatian	.  311	1 328 311	1 282 304	19 -	13 -	<b>28</b> 5	<b>28</b> 7 7	<b>46</b> 10 10	
With a mability limitationWith a self-care limitatian	203 236	203 236	201 229	_	=	5	7	10	

#### Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peorio city, Peoria Caunty—Con.								
Area	Tract 5	Troct 6	Tract 7	Troct 8	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Troct 16
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	761	1 762	1 869	1 087	1 729	1 112	653	432	1 053
Native	740 21	1 743 19	1 869	1 087	1 688 41	i ii2	653	432	1 053
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isolated households	_	-	-	_	39	_	_	-	_
Persons 5 years and over  Speak o longuage ather than English. Do not speak English "very well" In linguistically isolated households	681 26 9 -	1 557 44 22	1 726 103 6	1 007 29 10	1 359 107 39 56	<b>925</b> 27 - -	564 7 - -	380 12 6 —	<b>95</b> 8 21 - -
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school Preprimary school Public school Elementary or high school Public school College Public college	298 21 15 268 262 9	674 21 21 481 457 172	708 31 31 575 575 102 64	331 48 48 244 244 39 39	462 48 39 356 356 58 44	400 28 28 318 318 54 54	292 17 17 253 253 22 17	183 - - 177 177 6 6	461 6 6 414 414 41 41
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over Less than 97th grade 9th to 12th grade, no diplomo — High school graduate (includes equivalency) — Some college, no degree — Associate degree — Bachelor's degree — Graduate or professional degree — Percent bigh school graduate or higher — Percent bochelor's degree or higher —	352 102 117 78 25 30 - - 37.8	873 107 241 224 231 45 25 - 60.1 2.9	931 182 353 207 125 28 31 5	617 117 181 200 88 20 11  51.7	803 189 265 233 74 22 20 - 43.5 2.5	405 71 171 114 42 7 - - 40.2	245 36 96 55 35 6 17 - 46.1 6.9	196 45 62 19 45 6 19 - 45.4 9.7	487 27 180 149 110 8 13 - 57.5 2.7
FERTILITY						1 0 0			2 270
Children ever barn per 1,000 women 15 ta 44 years RESIDENCE IN 1985	1 929	1 736	2 738	1 841	1 996	1 942	2 106	2 000	
Persons 5 years and over  Same hause Different hause in United States Central city of this MSA/PMSA Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA Not in on MSA/PMSA Abroad  Abroad	681 364 305 275 8 22 -	1 557 719 838 630 13 125 70	1 <b>726</b> 1 045 681 510 9 113 49	1 007 544 463 377 9 77 -	1 359 588 771 530 54 174 13	925 659 266 228 6 25 7	564 167 397 246 6 123 22	380 135 245 212 7 26 —	958 249 709 589 20 28 72
JOURNEY TO WORK  Workers 16 years and aver  Cor, truck, or von	159 123 108 15 - 16 20 12.3 159 135 24	629 554 453 101 33 42 - 16.6 617 453 164	543 459 371 88 28 48 8 16.1 536 423 113 7	268 254 205 49 14 - 15.9 260 190 70 8	261 208 150 58 28 25 - 18.4 261 186 75	107 66 34 32 7 34 – 18.0 107 92 15	117 88 51 37 18 11 - 15.9 117 89 28	82 63 37 26 13 6 - 16.0 82 68 14	262 209 167 42 40 13 - 14.4 258 187 71
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over In lobor force Employed Unemployed Percent af civilian lobor force Employed Unemployed With own children under 6 years In lobor farce With own children 6 to 17 years anly In lobor force Persons 16 to 19 years Not enrolled in school Unemployed or not in labor force Not high school graduote Employed Unemployed Not in labor force WORK STATUS IN 1989	442 195 1774 21 10.8 290 81 21 56 20 40 23 57 14 7	1 148 827 635 192 23.2 642 284 127 110 60 195 144 179 20 14	1 249 687 568 119 17.3 628 322 39 118 72 159 91 193 38 18 38 20 —	756 376 275 101 26.9 406 155 25 69 53 31 20 43 5 5	1 097 390 253 129 33.8 710 131 91 244 97 77 47 140 34 26 34 8 11	640 161 107 54 33.5 432 75 33 134 27 96 19 114 32 32 26 —	340 181 117 64 35.4 198 61 39 38 22 105 62 55 6 6	241 107 82 25 23.4 146 38 6 20 - 57 13 25 6 6	600 370 292 78 21.1 325 148 42 60 39 135 60 86 27 13 8 - 4
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 Usually worked 35 or mare hours per week 50 to 52 weeks	220 121 68	<b>799</b> 528 390	<b>677</b> 496 280	<b>377</b> 293 137	<b>417</b> 257 135	1 <b>78</b> 71 24	166 111 55	139 120 38	<b>370</b> 238 184
DISABILITY  Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years  With a mability or self-care limitation With o mability limitation In labor force With a self-care limitation With a work disability In labar force Prevented from working Na wark disability In labor farce Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over With a mability or self-care limitation	383 33 - - 33 91 - 84 292 172	1 062 30 6 - 24 67 19 48 995 800 86 32 24 25	1 084 171 75 17 132 227 47 173 857 622	598 54 28 49 111 7 98 487 362 158 38	874 186 91 13 123 201 19 145 673 363 215 81	591 54 27 - 34 133 6 127 458 148	328 27 5 - 27 16 11 5 312 170	216 13 - 13 13 - 13 203 107	572 27 19 - 17 92 40 40 480 316

## Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Peorio city,	, Peoria Caunty—Co	on.			
Area	Tract 18	Troct 21	Tract 22	Tract 24	Tract 25	Troct 27	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 41.02 (pt.)	Tract 44 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	1 313	1 645	474	440	<b>788</b>	1 009 1 009	<b>793</b> 793	<b>570</b> 570	<b>447</b> 402
Native Foreign bom LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH	1 300 13	1 645 -	474 -	440 _	788 <del>-</del>	-	-	7	402 45
Linguistically isolated hausehalds  Persons 5 years and aver  Speak a language ather than English  Da not speak English "very well"  In linguistically isolated hauseholds	1 198 22 10	1 448 27 7	419 7 -	<b>420</b> 12 12	<b>707</b> 13 7	927 25 12	<b>703</b> 11 -	<b>463</b> 13 7 7	<b>364</b> 50 14
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over anrolled in school Preprimary school Public school Elementory or high school	587 40 40 410	575 38 38 453	197 - - 114	200 29 29 126	<b>364</b> 12 12 292	336 13 5 262	340 41 41 290	169 8 8 126	<b>213</b> 14 14 157
Public school Callege Public callege EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT	393 137 114	453 84 72	114 83 83	126 45 12	292 60 57	256 61 48	290 9 9	126 35 27	157 4; 30
Persons 25 years and over  Less than 9th grade	580 15 184 95 196 48 42	809 70 202 242 222 57 10 6	242 14 55 83 48 28 6 8	229 12 58 61 69 29 -	321 27 100 68 91 15 11	573 23 104 160 158 54 67	367 22 48 95 102 10 90	266 38 42 46 68 28 36 8	185 12 14 102 17 24 11
Percent high school graduate or higher Percent bachelar's degree or higher  FERTILITY	65.7 7.2	66.4 2.0	71.5 5.8	69.4 -	60.4 6.2	77.8 12.9	80.9 24.5	69.9 16.5	85.7 6.0
Children ever born per 1,000 wamen 15 ta 44 yeors  RESIDENCE IN 1985	1 597	1 811	1 622	1 738	1 621	1 323	1 350	1 977	1 400
Persons 5 years and over	1 198 406 792 519 41 213 19	1 448 442 1 006 642 29 321 14	419 165 254 245 9 -	420 237 183 126 — 46 11	707 256 451 407 27 11 6	927 433 494 391 63 40	703 374 329 219 — 110 —	463 184 279 244 - 29 6	364 112 252 187 -
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over  Car, truck, or van Drove alone Carpooled Public transportation	570 446 332 114 50 74	619 538 478 60 61 20	193 177 161 16	210 178 146 32 21	260 217 156 61 26	520 448 404 44 32	294 270 229 41 20	217 199 191 8 18	12 96 74 22 23
Warked at home Mean travel time to work (minutes) Warked in MSA/PMSA of residence Central city Outside central city Warked autside MSA/PMSA of residence	16.4 535 493 42 35	16.8 601 498 103	19.1 173 132 41 20	11 14.0 210 158 52	17.8 257 214 43 3	31 17.0 515 396 119 5	4 17.1 281 164 117 13	21.3 217 156 61	14.1 12 11:
In lobor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labar farce Fomolos 16 years and over	809 661 610 51 7.7 <b>456</b> 358	1 033 700 636 64 9.1 568 313	315 247 206 41 16.6 172	288 210 210 - 167 115	454 357 256 97 27.5 263 152	735 569 536 33 5.8 439 310	470 341 303 38 11.1 254 168	349 237 223 14 5.9 234 137	224 147 12 24 17.7 15
Emplayed Unemployed With own children under 6 years. In labor force With awn children 6 to 17 years anly In labor farce Persons 16 to 19 years Unemployed ar not in labor farce	12 113 113 103 89 <b>104</b> 11	34 176 76 125 103 <b>104</b> 31 23	100 20 48 35 38 38 34 —	18 11 46 24 39	48 42 29 91 82 <b>69</b> 16 6	14 48 32 121 101 97 21 7	168 12 60 52 49 15 67	9 98 56 38 38 <b>36</b> 3	157 77 15 50 22 66 57
Nat high school graduate	=======================================	23 - - 23	=	=======================================	6 6 -	7 7	=	3 - -	-
WORK STATUS IN 1989 Persons 16 years ond over who worked in 1989 Usually worked 35 ar mare hours per week 50 to 52 week	<b>593</b> 408 319	<b>765</b> 522 <b>297</b>	<b>233</b> 178 102	<b>254</b> 151 134	<b>358</b> 214 128	<b>586</b> 452 304	<b>394</b> 311 251	<b>241</b> 200 136	14 11 4
DISABILITY Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years With a mobility or self-care limitation	<b>794</b> 32	<b>935</b> 115	<b>296</b> 24	265 49	<b>445</b> 24	688 59	451	<b>297</b> 15	<b>20</b> 3
With a mability limitation In labor force With a self-care limitation With a work disability	22 12 22 86 38 48	63 - 75 149	24 21	- 49 10	8 - 16 34 22	26 9 49 61 34	- - 9	15 13 6	3 2
In labar force Prevented fram warking Na wark disability In labar force Gvillian nonlinstitutionalized persons 65 years	708 623	39 98 786 652	13 8 275 225	10 - 255 200	12 411 326	15 627 528	6 442 341	284 231	2 18 14
ond over With a mobility ar self-care limitation With a mobility limitation With a self-care limitation	15 8 8 -	91 4 4 4	19 - - -	23 - - -	5 - - -	47 28 28 18	19 - - -	13 - - -	

Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peorio Car	unty	Totals far split tracts/8NA's in Pearia County		Pearia	city, Peario County		
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Total	Pearia city	Tract 31.01	Tract 41.02	Tract 44	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3
OCCUPATION  Employed persons 16 years and over  Executive, administrative, and managerial accupations.  Technicians and related support accupations  Soles occupations  Administrative support accupations, including clerical  Private household occupations.  Protective service occupations  Service occupations, except protective and hausehold  Farming, farestry, and fishing occupations  Precision production, craft, and repair accupations  Machine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors.  Transportation and material maving occupations  Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and labarers	7 942 386 876 204 770 1 399 25 189 1 920 15 615 771 416 356	7 860 370 867 204 759 1 399 25 189 1 915 15 595 753 416 353	7 475 347 825 199 736 1 346 25 177 1 822 8 8 579 698 395 318	303 8 48 17 20 73 - 18 40 - 19 49 11	245 25 44 8 27 52 - 20 - 27 33 6 3	240 26 8 5 32 36 - 10 48 7 7 6 38 24	113 13 - - 10 - - - 44 - 7 34 - 5	313 	190 
NCOME IN 1989	8 160 2 073 1 470 815 1 227 779 1 048 584 135 29 13 031 20 621 5 873 14 764 6 803	8 088 2 073 1 470 807 1 207 767 1 020 582 135 27 12 783 20 506 5 833 14 533 6 765	7 828 2 048 1 446 788 1 164 733 940 547 135 27 12 273 20 183 5 625 13 883 6 713	244 10 10 16 43 31 69 52 9 4 38 333 37 716 206 38 889 10 945	220 35 51 9 26 8 25 38 22 6 17 500 32 191 177 25 156 11 189	236 64 41 43 25 26 25 12 - - 11 912 17 039 9 660 5 259	301 121 124 20 10 - 26 - - 5 561 8 691 271 5 000- 2 308	379 116 94 13 55 37 42 22 8 357 16 333 321 7 641 4 053	168 36 46 34 33 19 
INCOME TYPE IN 1989  Households  With earnings  Mean earnings (dallars)  With Social Security income.  Mean Social Security income (dollars)  With public ossistance income  Mean public ossistance income (dollars)	8 160 5 834 24 876 1 404 5 797 2 288 3 457	8 088 5 762 24 824 1 389 5 771 2 278 3 445	7 828 5 540 24 498 1 356 5 751 2 253 3 427	244 234 36 831 18 5 400 30 4 239	220 167 39 790 14 5 479 50 3 841	236 178 20 752 16 7 650 47 3 863	301 177 9 337 41 5 574 149 3 940	379 274 17 702 87 4 958 149 2 970	168 141 13 372 38 3 608 62 2 642
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Familles (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) Female householder, no hubband present (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars)	22 752 20 919 37 764 39 217 11 931 9 624	22 656 20 834 37 814 39 323 11 931 9 624	22 321 20 480 37 711 39 412 11 898 9 533	38 793 35 537 43 343 40 585 27 342 9 887	36 430 33 707 58 248 58 425 11 720 9 311	16 203 16 102 30 897 39 331 8 054 8 351	8 180 4 689 22 518 8 532 6 775 4 448	15 291 10 727 34 045 30 238 8 319 6 465	14 862 14 956 29 585 29 585 9 061 8 485
All Income Levels In 1989  Families  Householder worked in 1989  With related children under 18 years  With related children under 5 years  With related children under 5 years  Householder worked in 1989  With related children under 18 years  With related children under 18 years  With related children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  Hauseholder worked in 1989  With related children under 18 years  Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined  Nanfamily householder  65 years and aver  Persons far whom poverty status is determined  Persons under 18 years  Related children under 18 years  Related children 5 years  Related children 5 years  Related children 5 years	5 873 3 949 4 580 1 917 2 342 1 869 1 614 656 3 237 1 850 2 734 1 198 3 161 2 287 676 24 360 10 318 10 217 7 361 1 342	5 833 3 909 4 553 1 912 2 312 1 839 1 592 651 3 237 1 850 2 734 1 198 3 129 2 255 667 24 165 10 229 10 128 7 292 1 328	5 625 3 748 4 386 1 845 2 167 1 708 622 3 183 1 821 2 685 1 168 3 050 2 203 657 23 306 657 23 306 7 9816 7 086 7 086	206 187 137 66 126 117 91 45 76 66 42 17 41 38 - 789 347 344 258	177 144 153 105 94 94 76 38 83 50 77 67 43 43 13 588 268 268	220 157 185 72 67 54 36 17 134 92 130 47 35 16 10 634 274 274 274 274 274 274	271 148 243 91 27 27 15 - 228 121 212 91 51 30 21 1 124 707 707 472 28	321 197 267 149 87 66 45 111 224 131 222 138 118 58 31 1 466 789 782 492	131 96 125 49 28 20 28 9 91 64 85 40 63 37 8 607 334 334 275 8
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Familles Percent below poverty level. Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years. With related children under 5 years. Married-cauple famillies Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years. With related children under 18 years. With related children under 5 years. Femole householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years. With related children under 18 years. With related children under 18 years. Unrelated individuals Nonfamily householder 65 years and over Persons Percent below poverty level. Persons under 18 years Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years Resons ond aver Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level Persons belaw 125 percent of poverty level	2 444 41.6 976 2 247 1 124 361 152 270 146 2 008 791 1 909 978 1 471 956 345 10 643 43.7 5 703 5 602 3 687 486	2 444 41.9 976 2 247 1 124 361 152 270 146 2 008 791 1 909 978 1 471 956 345 10 599 43.9 5 659 5 558 3 663 486	2 411 42.9 968 2 214 1 951 353 1 444 262 138 7 91 1 884 953 1 461 956 340 10 464 44.9 5 587 5 486 3 640 481	16 7.8 6 16 10 16 6 16 10 7 4 60 7.6 40 37 27 60 60	60 33.9 27 60 50 8 8 8 8 8 52 19 52 42 14 17 7 208 35.4 126 55 7	107 48.6 65 94 44 24 21 11 11 83 31 10 - 5 306 48.3 153 153 85 5	219 80.8 103 219 91 15 15 15 15 188 88 188 91 30 9 - 957 85.1 676 676 441 -	194 60.4 106 187 183 18 11 11 176 95 176 122 59 26 8 959 65.4 657 650 387 18	67 51.1 46 67 31 67 46 67 31 42 22 23 344 56.7 198 198 160 179 409

Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Peoria city,	, Pearia Caunty—Co	ın.			
Area	Troct 5	Troct 6	Tract 7	Troct 8	Troct 9	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 16
CCCUPATION  Employed persons 16 years and over  Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.  Technicians and related support occupatians  Sales occupations  Administrative support occupatians, including clerical  Private hausehold occupatians, including clerical  Private hausehold occupatians  Service accupations, except protective and hausehold  Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations  Precision production, craft, and repair accupations  Machine aperatars, assemblers, and inspectors  Transportation and material maving occupations  Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and labarers	174 12 5 - 15 18 - - 62 - 17 8 31	635 29 64 9 52 121 - 10 149 - 56 78 41 26	568 12 39  25 159 7 - 176 - 29 22 46 53	275 9 - 19 56 - 72 - 62 111 5	253 5 7 6 30 44 - 27 65 8 26 9	107 7 7 7 - 35 - 39 - 12 - 7	117 12 6 - 21 18 - 6 17 - 20 5	82 	292 6 8 28 23 22 - 8 114 - 41 20 8
NCOME IN 1989	249 59 50 61 30 11 33 5 - 10 635 14 423 1628 4 767	593 149 58 40 123 95 67 40 21 18 102 22 702 379 17 379 7 594	518 91 104 38 122 58 74 31 - 17 955 20 125 439 19 205 5 735	356 81 24 46 84 9 88 18 6 - 17 845 22 823 289 18 750 7 533	774 375 231 73 28 25 19 23 - 5 124 9 156 417 6 011 4 198	404 258 125 - 7 8 6 - - - 5 000- 5 263 288 5 000- 2 072	185 62 59 16 26 	132 18 25 6 44 13 13 6 7 18 056 22 087 100 12 500 6 783	343 81 105 46 34 24 33 11 9 - 8 873 16 752 235 9 930 5 516
INCOME TYPE IN 1989  Households  With earnings  Mean earnings (dallars)  With Sacial Security incame  Mean Sacial Security incame (dollars)  With public assistance income  Mean public assistance income (dallars)	249 148 18 579 82 4 691 77 4 841	593 459 26 669 68 5 845 122 4 301	518 358 22 504 138 6 442 192 3 899	356 237 25 896 134 7 013 82 3 343	774 294 14 203 212 5 150 389 3 128	404 99 7 202 95 3 873 287 3 308	185 115 16 498 29 4 975 94 3 440	96 25 796 31 7 159 50 2 933	343 237 21 428 36 5 382 97 3 828
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) Married-couple families (dollars) With awn children under 18 years (dollars) Female householder, no husband present (dollars) With awn children under 18 years (dollars)	18 110 19 524 23 512 25 333 8 313 9 679	23 405 22 348 39 421 41 692 12 451 9 847	20 895 22 082 25 747 27 756 16 560 16 138	24 048 23 605 30 478 28 802 16 687 14 230	11 295 7 477 24 946 15 423 6 613 6 300	5 509 4 541 13 784 41 500 4 699 3 499	14 317 14 612 31 588 34 634 6 119 6 119	17 545 17 296 28 983 29 221 8 536 6 641	18 946 18 728 43 928 54 194 7 851 7 034
All Income Levels In 1989 Families Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years Married-couple tamilies Hauseholder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 5 years With related children under 18 years With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 yeors Unrelated Individuals for whom poverty status is determined. Persons of whom poverty status is determined. Persons for whom poverty status is determined. Persons children 18 years Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years ond over	162 76 116 38 74 40 46 12 68 23 57 26 114 87 44 737 328 321 247	399 279 326 138 154 145 118 49 222 118 192 89 253 194 47 1 753 680 680 484 86	439 242 297 127 211 123 139 73 221 119 158 54 143 79 47 1 853 710 697 562	289 148 161 62 130 60 63 36 126 55 65 19 72 67 35 1 053 335 330 265 158	417 179 334 225 93 41 47 6 313 127 287 219 402 357 193 1 724 692 681 316 215	288 72 243 129 24 6 6 72 250 59 230 129 186 116 24 1 112 518 504 317 49	146 87 141 43 47 42 42 11 99 45 99 32 77 39 12 648 347 341 257	100 63 82 19 44 38 32 13 50 19 44 6 56 419 197 197 191 145 25	235 144 201 50 61 53 44 8 156 73 149 42 164 108 28 1 037 474 464 385 28
Income In 1989 Bolow Poverty Level  Families  Percent belaw poverty level.  Householder warked in 1989 With related children under 18 years. With related warked in 1989 With related warked in 1989 With related warked in 1989 With related children under 5 years.  With related children under 5 years.  Famale householder, no husband present Hauseholder warked in 1989 With related children under 5 years.  Female householder, no husband present Hauseholder warked in 1989 With related children under 18 years.  With related children under 18 years.  With related children under 18 years.  Persons  Percent belaw poverty level.  Persons  Related children 5 to 17 years  Related children 5 to 17 years  Persons 5 years and over.	59  67  41.4  6  56  27  16  7  51  6  40  20  50  38  21  353  47.9  185  178  122	86  141 35.3 57 141 81 6 6 6 7 135 51 135 81 101 81 39 657 37.5 345 345 205 47	165 175 39.9 47 142 58 53 12 46 31 115 35 96 27 90 39 24 746 40.3 349 336 252 41	68 23.5 14 58 25 21 - 11 11 33 - 33 14 26 21 7 283 26.9 133 128 100 33	299 71. 7 80 273 204 48 7 40 6 251 73 233 198 286 241 134 1 240 71. 9 576 565 227	260 90.3 44 229 121 18 235 444 222 121 160 98 18 997 89,7 497 483 304 36	93 63.7 34 88 82 10 5 5 - 83 29 83 32 48 16 - 407 62.8 242 181	43 43.0 19 37 7 7 7 7 7 30 6 24 6 6 20 48.4 134 128 89 13	118 50.2 35 118 36 118 35 118 36 83 50 14 524 50.5 293 283 241
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level: Persans belaw 50 percent of poverty level Persans belaw 125 percent of poverty level	218 391	409 739	359 821	169 371	799 1 343	767 1 022	294 462	154 254	380 613

Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Doto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering					, Peario County—Co	on.			
Area	Troct 18	Troct 21	Troct 22	Troct 24	Troct 25	Troct 27	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)	Troct 44 (pt.)
OCCUPATION  Employed persons 16 years and over  Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations  Professional specialty occupations	610 6 56	636 9 50 47	206 27 6 9	210 - 32	256 12 26	536 29 73 17	303 8 48 17	223 25 44 8	121 21 -
Technicions and related support occupations Sales occupations Administrative support occupations, including clerical Private household occupations Protective service occupations	35 67 108 - 9	81 102 - 25	7 51 — —	24 44 - -	26 15 29 67 5	51 110 - 17	20 73 - 18	27 44 - -	29 18 - -
Service occupations, except protective and household	215 - 25 64 15 10	145 - 80 32 31 34	4 - 29 67 6 -	63 - 21 15 11 -	38 - 15 17 15 17	104  29 53 15 38	40 - 19 49 11 -	20  22 24 6 3	29 - - 11 13 -
INCOME IN 1989  Households Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more  Median (dollors) Mean (dollors) Mean (dollors)	464 127 53 68 160 33 23 - - - 13 400 14 537	494 46 77 75 96 94 82 24  19 833 22 720	146 13 26 24 25 16 23 12 - 7 16 667 26 538	149 23 18 11 - 6 48 32 11 - 41 354 36 134	216 54 29 17 26 26 51 9 4 - 17 000 22 195	350 46 35 26 49 61 33 82 18 - 27 955 32 620	244 10 10 16 43 31 69 52 9 4 38 333 37 716	198 35 43 9 26 8 20 29 22 6 17 000 32 023	157 60 32 35 19 11 - - 7 213 8 761
Families	310 11 125 5 247	384 18 542 7 067	112 19 000 8 798	103 44 183 12 518	191 15 859 5 912	262 34 583 11 831	206 38 889 10 945	160 25 000 11 081	157 6 373 2 980
With earnings (dollors)  Mean earnings (dollors)  With Sociol Security income  Mean Sociol Security income (dollors)  With public ossistonce income  Mean public ossistonce income (dollors)	464 412 15 217 15 6 494 63 2 726	494 426 22 525 79 6 315 112 3 349	146 136 27 320 14 4 646 8 4 380	149 126 41 086 11 2 925 11 3 675	216 185 24 647 18 4 208 47 2 736	350 319 33 210 39 6 594 39 3 054	244 234 36 831 18 5 400 30 4 239	198 145 41 052 6 7 920 50 3 841	157 112 11 138 7 9 540 28 2 148
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Femilies (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) Married-couple families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) Female householder, no husband present (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars)	13 880 12 654 19 992 18 800	22 544 22 173 27 837 27 506	29 370 23 027 45 556 36 077	45 812 38 085 55 562 52 681 32 207	21 731 21 415 35 139 37 313	39 928 39 765 46 254 43 916 27 203	38 793 35 537 43 343 40 585 27 342 9 887	37 103 34 159 64 464 66 588 11 720 9 311	8 020 8 307 9 831 12 921 5 620 5 808
With own children under 18 years (dollors)  POVERTY STATUS IN 1989	10 186	17 099	9 797	7 271	10 613	30 993	9 887	9 311	3 606
All Income Levels In 1989	310	384	112	103	191	262	206	160	157
Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years Married-couple famillies Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 5 years With related children under 18 years With related children under 18 years With related children under 18 years With related children under 5 years	248 259 92 120 79 85 50 160 139 144 25	291 295 147 175 127 144 100 200 155 142 38	100 93 53 62 62 43 37 32 32 32	103 56 18 <b>60</b> 60 38 11 <b>43</b> 43 18	131 154 54 <b>73</b> 60 55 8 <b>105</b> 58 86	248 172 53 175 168 112 46 87 80 60 7	187 137 66 <b>126</b> 117 91 45 <b>76</b> 66 42	127 136 97 77 77 59 30 83 50 77 67	112 137 50 <b>31</b> 24 111 115 77 115 39
determined	212 154  1 282 531 531 432 15	180 110 9 1 625 654 643 446 91	72 34 19 474 167 167 112 19	62 46 23 432 157 157 137 23	53 25 5 763 343 343 287 5	114 88 21 1 009 305 305 223 47	41 38 - 789 347 344 258 19	38 38 13 531 249 249 142 13	9 - 421 212 212 143 14
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years. With related children under 5 years. Married-couple families	163 52.6 116 142 40 <b>46</b>	109 28.4 64 109 41 40	29 25.9 17 29 9	18 17.5 18 18 7	82 42.9 30 69 23	22 8.4 15 14 7	16 7.8 6 16 10	52 32.5 19 52 42	103 65.6 65 90 40 24
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years.	20 35 15 <b>104</b> 83 94 25	22 40 32 <b>69</b> 42 69	- - 17 17 17 9	- - 18 18 18 7	7 12 - 66 23 57 23 34 17	8 7 7 7 7 7 -	- - 16 6 16 10 7	- - <b>52</b> 19 52 42 14	65 90 40 <b>24</b> 21 11 11 <b>79</b> 41 79 29
Nonfomily householder 65 years ond over Persons Percent below paverty level Persons under 18 years Reloted children of to 17 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years	57 46 - 597 46.6 275 275 227	72 19 9 447 27.5 192 181 138 32	29 - 114 24.1 40 40 32	39 23 23 111 25.7 54 54 47 23	34 17 5 381 49.9 189 189 161	11 11 124 12.3 30 30 15	4 - 60 7.6 40 37 27	14 7 182 34.3 116 116 55	282 67.0 143 143
Persons 65 years and over	346 761	128 593	- 74 124	49 111	293 394	56 139	60 60	124 188	128 319

# Table 24. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	
	Pearia, IL MSA
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	755
Native Foreign born	741 14
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH	
Linguistically isolated households	4
Persons 5 years and aver Speak a language ather than English	<b>700</b> 35
Speak a language ather than English Da not speak English "very well" In linguistically isolated hausehalds	14
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL	
Preprimary school	<b>182</b> 15
Public schaalElementary ar high schaal	15 122
Public school	122 45
Public college	19
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	511
Less than 9th grade 9th to 12th grade, na diplama High school graduate (includes equivalency)	63 98
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	151 117
Some college, na degreeAssociate degree	34 12
Bachelor's degree Graduate ar prafessianal degree	36
Percent high schaal graduate ar higher Percent bachelor's degree ar higher	68.5 9.4
FERTILITY	/
Children ever barn per 1,000 women 15 ta 44 years	1 668
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	700
Same hause	318 382
Same hause	192
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA Different MSA/PMSA Not in an MSA/PMSA	111 46
Not in an MSA/PMSA Abroad	33
JOURNEY TO WORK	
Workers 16 years and aver  Car, truck, ar van  Drove olane	320 297
Carpooled	260 37
Public transportation	23
Other means Worked at home Mean travel time to wark (minutes)	23.6
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	270 195
Central city Outside central city Warked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	75 50
LABOR FORCE STATUS	30
Persons 16 years and over	<b>573</b> 353
Emplayed	328 25
Percent of civilian labor force	7.1
Females 16 years and averEmployed	135
Unemployed With awn children under 6 yeors	5
With awa children 6 to 17 years only	7 62
In labar farce Persons 16 ta 19 years	26 <b>26</b>
Unemployed or not in Johor force	10 10
Nat high schaal graduate	10
Nat high schaal graduate Employed Unemployed Not in labar farce	10
WORK STATUS IN 1989	,,,
Persons 16 years and over wha worked in 1989	395 287
Usually warked 35 ar mare haurs per week 50 ta 52 weeks	287 184
DISABILITY	
Civilian noninstitutianalized persons 16 to 64 years	517
With a mobility ar self-care limitation With a mability limitation	73 51
With a mability limitation In labar farce With a self-care limitatian	50
With a wark disability In labar farce Prevented from warking	122
Prevented from warking	87 395
Na wark disability In labar farce Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years	323
and aver  With a mobility or self-care limitatian	50 16
With a mobility limitation  With a mability limitation  With a self-core limitation	16
THE GREEN COLUMN THE STREET COLUMN TO ST	

# Table 25. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Doto bosed on somple and subject to sompling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

[ Intesticial is 400 persons. Doto bosed on somple and subject	or to sompling voriobility
Census Tract or Block Numbering	
Area	Peorio, IL MSA
OCCUPATION	
OCCUPATION Employed persons 16 years and over	328
Executive, odministrative, and managerial occupations	45 22
Professional specialty occupations Technicions and related support occupations	7
Soles occupationsAdministrative support occupations, including clerical	48 29
Privote household occupations Protective service occupations	_ 4
Service accumpations except protective and household	72
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations Precision production, croft, and repair occupations	- 59
Mochine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations	14 28
Hondlers, equipment cleoners, helpers, and loborers	-
INCOME IN 1989	
Households Less than \$5,000	312 41
Rose House St. 200	35 7
\$15,000 to \$24,999	68
\$25,000 to \$34,999	52 36
\$50,000 to \$74,999	60 5
	8
Medion (dollors)	25 521 30 827
Families Medion income (dollors)	<b>217</b> 25 391
Per copito income (dollors)	11 047
INCOME TYPE IN 1989	11 047
Households	312
With earnings	276 29 661
Mean earnings (dollors) With Sociol Security income Mean Sociol Security income (dollors)	59 6 986
With public ossistonce income	84
Mean public ossistance income (dollars)	5 755
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars)	32 015
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	26 638
With own children under 18 years (dollors)  Married-couple families (dollars)  With own Children under 18 years (dollors)  Female householder, no husband present	<b>34 114</b> 32 169
Female householder, no husband present	17 206
(dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollors)	9 889
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989	
All Income Levels In 1989	
Families Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years Married-couple families	<b>217</b> 171
With related children under 18 years	153 48
Married-couple families	160
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Female householder, no husband present	131 106
With reloted children under 5 years	34 45
Householder worked in 1989	28
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 5 years Unrelated Individuals for whom poverty status is	35
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	135
Nonfomily householder	95 24
65 yeors ond over  Persons for whom poverty status is determined.	736
Persons under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years	180 180
Related children 5 to 17 years	132
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level	30
	42
Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1989	19.4 27
With related children under 18 years	39 23
Married-couple families	22
With reloted children under 18 years	19 19
Hamsles Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years.  Married-couple families Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years. With reloted children under 5 years. Famale householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989	19
Householder worked in 1989	8
With reloted children under 18 years	20
Unrelated individuals Nonfomily householder	63 35
65 years ond over	5
Percent below poverty level	175 23.8
	58 58
Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years	48
Persons 65 years and overRatio of income in 1989 to poverty level:	5
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level  Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	82
Persons below 125 percent of paverty level	196

# Table 26. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peorio Cou	nty
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Total	Peario city
PLACE OF BIRTH			
All persons	2 402 785	2 026 665	1 739 567
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO	1 617	1 361	1 172
SPEAK ENGLISH Linguisticolly isolated households	180	164	133
Persons 5 years and over	2 188 1 591	1 868 1 357	1 600 1 157
Speak o longuoge other thon English	831 586	715 526	575 428
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 089	934	786
Preprimary school Public school Elementory or high school	57 21	51 17	51 17
Public school	584 403	510 341	385 258
CollegePublic college	448 180	373 128	350 114
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT	,	1 038	909
Persons 25 years and over Less than 9th grade	1 <b>232</b> 92	69	55 60
9th to 12th grade, no diplomoHigh school graduate (includes equivolency)	84 172	74 140	138
Some college, no degree	185 70	123 56	62 54
Bachelor's degree Groduate or professional degree	274 355	248 328	223 317
Percent high school graduate or higher Percent bochelor's degree or higher	85.7 51.1	86.2 55.5	87.3 59.4
FERTILITY Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 008	990	957
RESIDENCE IN 1985	2 188	1 040	1 600
Persons 5 years and over  Same house  Different house in United States	802 804	1 868 677 674	572 587
Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA	236 145	208 88	174 70
Different MSA/PMSA Not in on MSA/PMSA	380 43	339 39	309 34
Abrood	582	517	441
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over	1 025	840	733
Car, truck, or von Drove olone	918 790	751 665	644 560
CorpooledPublic tronsportation	128 27	86 23	84 23
Other means Worked at home	53 27	41 25	41 25
Mean travel time to work (minutes) Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	16.4 996	15.4 826	14.8 719
Central city Outside central city	723 273	624 202	525 194
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	29	14	14
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over	1 753	1 473	1 269
In lobor forceEmployed	1 082 1 037	876 844	756 737
UnemployedPercent of civilion lobor force	45 4.2	32 3.7	19 2.5
Females 16 years and over	800 427	638 327	553 283
UnemployedWith own children under 6 years	16 148	125	102
In lobor force With own children 6 to 17 years only	62 158	45 127	35 112
Persons 16 to 19 years	115 257	97 <b>204</b>	82 151
Unemployed or not in lobor force	5 5	5 5	5 5
Not high school groduate Employed	5 -	5 -	5 5 -
UnemployedNot in lobor force	5	5	5
WORK STATUS IN 1989 Persons 16 years and over who worked in		0.0	004
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week 50 to 52 weeks	1 166 901 580	<b>965</b> 745 459	834 652 405
DISABILITY Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64			
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 642 100	1 366 96	1 212 96
With a mobility limitation In lobor force	10	6	6
With a self-care limitation	95 92	91 72	91 57
In lobor forcePrevented from working	30 50	14 46	14
No work disability	1 550 1 044	1 294 858	1 155 738
and over	69	65	<b>57</b> 23
With a mobility or self-core limitation	29 29 29 29	29 29 29	23 23 23
With a self-care limitation	27	27	23

Table 27. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings af symbals, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Pearia County		
Area	Peoria, IL MSA	Total	Pearia city	
OCCUPATION				
Employed persons 16 years and over  Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	1 037	<b>844</b> 51	<b>737</b> 37	
rofessianal specialty occupations echnicians and related support occupations	386	339	315	
ales occupations	49 52	41 42	39 34	
Administrative support occupations including clerical	113	90	74	
rivate household occupations ratective service occupations	15 15	15 15	14 15	
ervice occupations, except protective and househald	229	174	144	
arming, forestry, and fishing occupations recision production, craft, and repair occupations	2 25	18	18	
Nochine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	67	37	28	
ransportation and material moving occupations landlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	19	3 19	19	
NCOME IN 1989				
Households	683	596	522	
ess than \$5,000	74 50	69	67	
5,000 to \$9,999 10,000 to \$14,999 15,000 to \$24,999	50	50 37	50 37	
15,000 to \$24,999	58	45	43	
	132 146	102 124	69 95	
35,000 to \$49,999 50,000 to \$74,999 75,000 to \$99,999	86	82	95 74	
75,000 to \$99,999	44 43	44 43	44	
Nedian (dollors)	32 457	33 611	33 611	
tean (dollars)	48 664 <b>48</b> 5	51 557 <b>432</b>	53 518 <b>373</b>	
edian income (dollors)	35 625	36 481	36 435	
er capito income (dollars)	13 982	14 461	15 518	
NCOME TYPE IN 1989				
Households	683	596	<b>522</b> 490	
/ith earnings Mean earnings (dollars)	646 47 780	564 50 508	52 693	
fith Social Security income	56	53	53	
Mean Social Security incame (dollars)	5 725 39	6 049 22	6 049 15	
Mean public assistance income (dallars)	3 356	4 119	4 283	
EAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE				
Families (dollars)	57 822	61 278 68 116	65 <b>032</b> 71 505	
Married-couple families (dollars)	62 565 <b>62 115</b>	65 437	68 617	
Married-couple families (dollars) //ith own children under 18 years (dollars) Female householder, no husband present	65 260	70 346	74 163	
(dollars)	22 311	24 444	19 868	
fith own children under 18 years (dollars)	10 866	14 000	14 000	
OVERTY STATUS IN 1989				
li Income Levels in 1989				
Families	485	432	373	
louseholder worked in 1989	458	410 291	351 254	
With related children under 5 years	340 129	118	103	
With related children under 5 years Married-couple families ouseholder worked in 1989 //ith related children under 18 years	423	<b>379</b> 364	338 323	
/ith reloted children under 18 years	408 311	271	242	
With related children under 5 years	129	118	103	
Female householder, no husband present ouseholder worked in 1989	48 36	<b>43</b> 36	30 23	
/ith related children under 18 years	25	20	12	
With related children under 5 years Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is	-	-	-	
determined	387	311	296	
Nonfomity householder	198	164 7	149 7	
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 293	1 930	1 685 533	
Persons under 18 years	735 729	625 625	533 533	
Persons under 18 years Related children under 18 years Related children 5 ta 17 years	521	467	394	
ersons of years and over	69	65	57	
ncome in 1989 Below Poverty Level			40	
Families Percent below poverty level	81 16.7	<b>70</b> 16.2	68 18.2	
louseholder worked in 1989	66	60	58	
With related children under 18 years	44	33 19	33 19	
With related children under 5 years	68	62	62	
With related children under 18 years	64   39	58 33	58 33	
With related children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present	19	19	33 19	
Female householder, no husband present	111	6	-	
Householder warked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	5	-	-	
With related children under 5 yearsUnrelated individuals	197	163	163	
lantamily householder	63	63	63	
5 years and over	7 445	7 392	7 380	
Percent below poverty level	19.4	20.3	22.6	
ersans under 18 vears	95 89	81 81	81 81	
Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years	46	38	38	
Persons 65 years ond aver	7	7	7	
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:	282	239	235	
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level				

## Table 28. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Pearia Cou	inty	
Area	Peoria, IL MSA	Total	Peoria city	Tazewell County
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	3 494	2 508	1 815	802
NativeForeign born	2 842 652	2 022 486	1 418 397	659 143
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Linguistically isolated hauseholds	68	53	44	11
Persons 5 years and over	3 131	2 247	1 644	740
Speak a language other than English Do nat speak English "very well" In linguistically isolated households	1 276 515 125	968 412 103	724 305 87	260 88 11
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 340	1 005	766	272
Preprimary school	94 55	74 41	66	14 14
Public school  Elementary or high school  Public school	938 776	689 571	480 386	196 158
CollegePublic callege	308 212	242 153	220 131	62 55
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT				
Persons 25 years and over Less than 9th grade 9th to 12th grade, no diploma	1 676 255 293	1 171 210	833 163	434 36
High school graduate (includes equivolency)	485 322	183 365 207	121 238 152	81 113 108
Some callege, na degreeAssociate degree	121	57 81	28 74	52 37
8achelor's degree Graduate or professional degree	118 82	68	57	7
Percent high schaal graduate or higher Percent bachelor's degree or higher	67.3 11.9	66.4 12.7	65.9 15.7	73.0 10.1
FERTILITY Children ever born per 1,000 wamen 15 ta 44 years	1 534	1 512	1 387	1 581
RESIDENCE IN 1985 Persons 5 years and over	3 131	2 247	1 644	740
Same house Different house in United States	1 364 1 621	982 1 149	686 854	324 399
Central city of this MSA/PMSARemainder of this MSA/PMSA	573 427	488 200	459 51	83 206
Different MSA/PMSA Not in an MSA/PMSA	490 131	388 73	280 64	62 48 17
JOURNEY TO WORK	146	116	104	17
Workers 16 years and over	1 405 1 340	997 941	<b>769</b> 720	364 355
Car, truck, or van Drave alone Carpooled	1 073 267	754 187	556 164	355 279 76
Public transpartationOther means	14	14 34	11 30	_
Worked at hame	17 18.0	8 17.4	8 17.4	9 17.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 319 889	957 721	7.53 598	323 149
Outside centrol city Worked outside MSA/PMSA af residence	430 86	236 40	155 16	174 41
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over	2 270	1 626	1 225	561
In labor force	1 535 1 418	1 063 1 002	806 774	428 372
Employed Unemplayed Percent af civilian labor force	100	61	32 4.0	39 9.5
Females 16 years and overEmployed	1 159 613	825 441	607 328	<b>293</b> 162
Unemployed	70 269	39 202	13 126	31
In labor force With own children 6 to 17 years only	139 201	114 142	54 119	25 53
In labor force Persons 16 to 19 years	164 249	117 206	96 181	41 37
Not enralled in school Unemployed ar nat in labor force	42 27	34 19	22 7	45 25 53 41 <b>37</b> 8
Not high school graduate Employed	25 12	17	12 12	-
UnemplayedNot in labor force	13	5 -	=	8 -
WORK STATUS IN 1989 Persons 16 years and over who worked in				
Usually worked 35 ar more hours per week 50 to 52 weeks	1 643 1 234 835	1 162 846 568	<b>885</b> 620 41 <b>7</b>	<b>435</b> 348 243
DISABILITY Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64				
years With a mobility or self-care limitation	2 086 52	1 488 33	1 1 <b>72</b> 27	<b>515</b> 12
With a mability limitation In lobor farce	22 6	18	16	-
With a self-core limitatian With a work disability	41 76	26 48	20 38	12 12
In labor farce Prevented from working	18	9 33	32	_ 4
Na work disability	2 010 1 486	1 440 1 040	1 134 797	503 411
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	125	101	46	24
With a mability or self-care limitatian	31	29	14 4	2 2
With a self-care limitation	27	25	10	2

#### Table 29. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of only roce. Threshold is 400 persons. Doto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peorio Cou		
Area	Peario, IL MSA	Total	Peano city	Tozewell County
OCCUPATION				
Employed persons 16 years and over  Executive, administrative, and managenal accupations	1 418 66	1 002 33	774 24	<b>372</b> 31
Professional specialty occupations	228	154	134	74
Technicions and related suppart occupationsSales occupations	17	17 81	62	18
Administrative suppart occupations, including clerical	186	122	98	60
Privote household occupationsPrivote household occupations	21 41	21 18	21	-
Service occupations, except protective and household	228	173	18   127	20 53 14
Forming, forestry, and fishing accupations	24	10	9	14
Precision production, croft, and repair occupations Mochine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	172 153	105 99	70   78	47 47
Tronsportation and material moving accupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	84 97	76 93	67 60	8
INCOME IN 1989				
Households Less than \$5,000	<b>940</b> 89	<b>661</b> 61	510 61	<b>245</b> 21
55,000 to \$9,999	85	64	62	21
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	85	57	48	28
\$25,000 to \$34,999	228 163	155 111	111	51 49
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999	136	100	72	34
\$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999	120 24	96 7	71	24 17
\$100,000 or more	10	10	16	17
Medion (dollors)	23 882	24 350	21 528	25 221
Mean (dollors)	28 603 689	29 056 480	27 769 348	28 646 182
Medion income (dollors)	29 453	30 407	30 568	28 750
Per capito income (dollors)	8 711	8 715	8 876	9 839
INCOME TYPE IN 1989				
Households	940 806	<b>661</b> 556	510 424	245 223
Mean earnings (dollors)	30 792	31 851	31 175	29 381
With Social Security income	115	88	58   5 012	19 5 549
Mean Sociol Security income (dollors) With public ossistonce income Mean public ossistonce income (dollors)	5 920 117	6 267 58	5C	44
	3 361	4 600	4 595	1 997
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars)	32 268	33 081	32 814	31 943
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	28 439	29 963	26 942	26 410 <b>39 034</b>
Married-couple families (dollars)	36 782 33 935	<b>36 704</b> 34 513	37 587 31 461	34 897
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 865	19 547	19 183	11 628
With own children under 18 years (dollors)	14 410	15 839	15 574	11 956
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989				
All Income Levels In 1989				
Householder worked in 1999	689	480	348	182
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	600 433	417 300	313 218	160 109
With related children under 5 years	227	134	88	81
Married-couple families	500	352 308	232	128 128
Householder worked in 1989 With related children under 18 years	452 290	208	216 132	65
With related children under 5 years	177	114	68	51
Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1989	124 83	<b>82</b> 63	<b>70</b> 51	<b>42</b> 20
With related children under 18 years	93	61	55	32
With related children under 5 years	35	15	15	20
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	396	301	276	88
Nonfomily householder	251	181	162	63
65 years ond over	3 385	40 2 406	37 1 <b>743</b>	11 795
Persons for whom poverty status is determined_ Persons under 18 years	1 335	970	667	258
Persons under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years	1 335	970	667	258
Reloted children 5 to 17 years Persons 65 years and over	984 125	721 101	508 46	196 24
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level				
Families Percent below paverty level	115 16.7	<b>70</b> 14.6	<b>70</b> 20.1	<b>38</b> 20.9
Householder worked in 1989	64	41	41	16
With related children under 18 years	101	64 23	64 23	30 23
With reloted children under 5 yeors Married-couple families	46 32	23 23	23	9
Householder worked in 1989	22	13	13	9
With related children under 18 years	32 25	23 16	23 16	9
With reloted children under 5 years Female householder, no husband present	62	33	33	29
Householder worked in 1989 With reloted children under 18 years	21	14	14	21
With related children under 18 years	48 21	27 7	27 7	12
Unrelated individuals	135	115	115	13
Nonfomily householder	68	48 5	48	13
65 years ond over	5 709	511	480	143
Percent below poverty level	20.9	21.2	27.5	18.0
Persons under 18 yearsReloted children under 18 years	394 394	275 275	246 246	84 84
Reloted children 5 to 17 years	279	188	170	70
Persons 65 years and over	- '5	5	5	
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level: Persons below 50 percent of paverty level	300	205	205	69
	808	602	551	151

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peario Cou	nty	
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Totol	Peano city	Tozewell County
PLACE OF BIRTH All persons	307 319	152 970	85 905	122 080
Native	303 964 3 355	150 755 2 215	84 248 1 657	121 117 963
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH				
Linguistically isolated households  Persons 5 years and over	533 287 506	363 143 714	307 80 709	161 113 810
Speak o longuoge other thon English  Do not speak English "very well"  In linguistically isoloted households	7 920 2 282 697	4 818 1 472 416	3 226 998 335	2 458 652 269
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL	70.050	00.110	03.004	30 738
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	78 850 6 519	39 112 3 183	21 994 1 825	2 660 1 743
Preprimory school Public school Elementory or high school	3 930 51 600	1 726 23 521	955 11 428	21 644
Public school College Public college	45 373 20 731 14 373	19 130 12 408	8 190 8 741	20 233 6 434
	14 373	7 473	4 318	5 507
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Persons 25 years and over	201 805	102 082	57 655	79 411
Less thon 9th grode 9th to 12th grode, no diplomo High school groduate (includes equivolency)	17 721 23 689	8 793 11 622	4 543 6 235	7 019 9 941
tigh school groduate (includes equivolency)Some college, no degree	70 062 42 252	32 748 21 372	16 226 11 812	29 481 17 059
Some college, no degree	13 264 23 722	6 621 13 950	3 712 9 817	5 136 7 665
Groduate or professional degree	11 095	6 976	5 310	3 110
Percent high school groduote or higher Percent bochelor's degree or higher FERTILITY	79.5 17.3	80.0 20.5	81.3 26.2	78.6 13.6
Children ever bom per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years RESIDENCE IN 1985	1 299	1 193	1 104	1 392
Persons 5 years and overSame house	287 506 169 615	143 714 83 828	80 709 42 848	113 810 66 803
Different house in United Stotes Centrol city of this MSA/PMSA	116 688 38 255	59 038 24 166	37 239 18 231	46 672 12 919
Remoinder of this MSA/PMSA	43 919 21 874	15 184	5 366 9 692	22 147 6 681
Different MSA/PMSA Not in on MSA/PMSA Abrood	12 640 1 203	13 162 6 526 848	3 950 622	4 925 335
JOURNEY TO WORK	1 203	040	022	333
Workers 16 years and over	142 260 132 249	<b>70 910</b> 65 629	39 450 36 060	56 358 53 116
Cor, truck, or von Drove olone Corpooled	117 489 14 760	58 822 6 807	32 468 3 592	46 856 6 260
Public transportation	1 304 5 019	1 038 2 717	850 1 792	258 1 529
Other means Worked ot home	3 688	1 526	748	1 455
Mean travel time to work (minutes) Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	18.2 133 687	16.9 68 171	15.3 38 093	19.2 52 737
Centrol city Outside centrol city	73 153 60 534	45 821 22 350	30 088 8 005	24 337 28 400
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	8 573	2 739	1 357	3 621
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over	239 245	121 802	69 892	93 489
In lobor forceEmployed	151 808 144 143	75 682 71 850	42 272 40 056	60 383 57 106
UnemployedPercent of civilion lobor force	7 341 4.8	3 661 4.8	2 140 5.1	3 143 5.2
Females 16 years and overEmployed	126 216 64 477	64 822 32 653	37 751 18 544	48 979 25 254
UnemployedWith own children under 6 years	3 177 17 577	1 613 8 161	1 041 4 610	1 324 7 440
In lobor force	10 388 21 928	4 878	2 733 4 949	4 359 9 208
With own children 6 to 17 years only In lobor force Persons 16 to 19 years	16 818 17 653	10 201 7 711	3 773 5 049	7 129
Not enrolled in school Unemployed or not in lobor force	3 189	8 897 1 476	752	6 <b>858</b> 1 450
Not high school graduate	1 254 1 215	562 599	348 393	590 522
Employed Unemployed Not in lobor force	499 298	241 116	156 80	210 158
	416	242	157	152
WORK STATUS IN 1989 Persons 16 years and over who worked in				
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	166 248 124 288 91 482	83 335 62 397 45 783	47 236 34 777 25 063	65 349 48 981 36 078
50 to 52 weeks	71 402	45 765	25 005	30 0/0
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	192 734	96 593	54 412	76 877
With a mobility or self-core limitation With a mobility limitation	7 202 3 574	3 780 1 981	2 202 1 155	2 955 1 333
In lobor force With a self-care limitation	5 033	533 2 583	330 1 511	251 2 156
With o work disability	14 058 5 467	7 483 2 853	4 498 1 691	5 515 2 114
Prevented from working No work disobility	7 016 178 676	3 755 89 110	2 211 49 914	2 832 71 362
In lobor force	141 398	70 088	38 794	56 621
with a mobility or self-core limitation	41 908	22 667 4 074	13 856 2 441	15 128 2 867
With a mobility limitation	5 581	2 946	1 804	2 152

Table 31. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peario Cou	unty	
Area	Peario, IL MSA	Total	Peario city	Tozewell County
OCCUPATION  Employed persons 16 years and over  Executive, odministrative, ond monogeniol occupotions  Professional specialty occupations  Technicions and related support occupations  Soles occupations	144 143 14 946 21 877 5 280 17 495	<b>71 850</b> 8 184 12 446 2 796 9 267	<b>40 056</b> 5 064 8 578 1 633 5 809	57 106 5 401 7 416 1 967 6 559
Administrative support occupations, including clerical  Protective service occupations  Service occupations  Service occupations, except protective and household  Tarming, forestry, and fishing occupations  Precision production, croft, and repair occupations  Machine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors  Tronsportation and material maving occupations  Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers  Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers   Transportations of the maximum occupations  Transportation and material maximum occupations  Transportations and maximum occupations  Transportations and maximum occupations  Transportations and maximum occupations  Transportations of the maximum occupations  Transportations of the maximum occupations  Transportations of the maximum occupations  Transportations  Transportati	24 266 384 1 849 16 901 3 216 15 985 10 140 6 547 5 257	12 080 195 957 8 328 1 035 7 153 4 237 2 904 2 268	6 511 129 495 4 644 248 2 867 1 816 1 195 1 067	9 935 139 752 6 685 1 359 6 868 4 710 2 936 2 379
INCOME IN 1989  Households Less thon \$5,000  \$5,000 to \$9,999  \$10,000 to \$14,999  \$15,000 to \$24,999  \$25,000 to \$34,999  \$35,000 to \$49,999  \$575,000 to \$74,999  \$75,000 to \$79,999  \$100,000 or more  Medion (dollors)  Mean (dollors)  Families  Medion income (dollors)	119 431 5 770 9 959 11 038 21 384 19 143 23 464 20 002 5 118 3 553 30 856 36 800 84 997 37 491	61 314 3 185 5 469 5 562 11 312 9 765 11 349 9 642 2 771 2 259 30 135 37 436 41 233 37 697	35 921 2 199 3 601 3 230 6 651 5 459 5 998 5 390 1 728 1 665 28 850 38 093 22 052 38 069	46 718 2 156 3 776 4 594 8 091 7 592 9 503 8 144 1 847 1 015 30 978 35 658 34 762 37 036
INCOME TYPE IN 1989  Households  With earnings (dollors)  Mean earnings (dollors)  With Sodiol Security income  Mean Sociol Security income (dollors)  With public ossistonce income  Mean public ossistonce income (dollors)	119 431 93 571 37 497 34 902 8 455 6 551 4 147	61 314 47 178 38 473 18 664 8 420 3 390 4 489	35 921 26 913 39 435 11 437 8 408 2 238 4 441	46 718 36 839 36 369 13 025 8 464 2 660 3 830
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE Families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) Married-couple families (dollars) With own children under 18 years (dollars) Female householder, no husband present	<b>42 987</b> 42 843 <b>46 480</b> 48 515	44 868 44 893 49 052 51 848	47 581 46 666 53 236 56 405	40 986 40 787 44 070 45 734
(dollars)	<b>19 416</b> 14 631	<b>20 148</b> 14 769	<b>19 529</b> 14 377	1 <b>8 311</b> 14 372
Householder worked in 1989  With related children under 18 years  With related children under 5 years  With related children under 5 years  Householder worked in 1989  With related children under 18 years  With related children under 18 years  Female householder, no husband present  Householder worked in 1989  With related children under 5 years  With related children under 5 years  With related children under 18 years	85 424 68 097 42 740 16 387 71 917 58 204 33 780 13 537 10 629 7 519 7 376 2 373	41 796 32 596 20 621 7 830 34 092 27 022 15 481 6 252 6 167 4 328 4 344 1 370	22 739 17 340 11 200 4 637 17 570 13 718 7 616 3 457 4 416 3 035 3 176 1 082	34 657 27 915 17 460 6 669 29 841 24 352 14 285 5 571 3 657 2 596 2 511 894
Nonfomily householder	41 441 33 779 14 262 299 489 76 104 75 701 56 032 41 142	24 211 19 475 7 847 147 866 34 935 34 772 25 534 21 912	16 693 13 275 5 114 82 015 17 960 17 872 12 674 13 222	14 302 11 935 5 171 120 279 32 008 31 811 23 640 15 104
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level Families Percent below poverty level	6 388 7.5 3 518 5 132 2 554 2 557 1 443 1 675	3 483 8.4 1 842 2 791 1 245 1 288 665 805 401	2 394 10.9 1 195 2 010 953 735 347 483 261	2 417 7.0 1 348 1 938 1 119 1 050 601 711
With reloted children under 5 yeors	3 522 1 886 3 247 1 522 8 919 5 784 2 699 27 910 9.33 9 198	2 041 1 074 1 884 835 5 442 3 465 1 652 14 856 10.0 4 262	1 574 806 1 460 685 3 912 2 496 1 084 9 921 12.1 2 709	1 226 670 1 133 621 2 894 1 971 823 10 841 9.0 4 049
Reloted children under 18 years	8 856 5 887 3 542	4 113 2 819 2 137	2 707 2 626 1 674 1 330	3 897 2 487 1 132 4 438
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	37 742	19 782	13 069	14 916

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Peorio County				Tozewell County			
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Total	Pekin city (pt.)	Peorio city	Total	Eost Peorio city	Morton villoge	Pekin city (pt.)	Woshington city	Woodford County
All housing units	136 458	75 211	-	48 260	49 315	8 924	5 482	13 776	3 903	11 932
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	1 037 2 123 6 771 31 183 23 379 24 134 17 134 30 697	508 1 180 3 569 15 778 11 811 13 046 10 447 18 872		334 862 2 281 9 421 7 488 8 187 6 438 13 249	353 643 2 634 12 326 9 674 9 210 5 779 8 696	101 155 721 1 767 1 580 2 097 1 251 1 252	91 117 298 1 758 1 540 769 416 493	619 2 981 2 440 2 715 1 802	48 65 226 835 889 730 475 635	176 300 568 3 079 1 894 1 878 908 3 129
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	1 148 15 604 42 902 55 228 18 103 3 473	758 9 901 25 200 27 777 9 746 1 829	=	605 7 859 16 508 16 072 6 013 1 203	352 4 933 14 564 22 044 6 216 1 206	138 1 278 2 778 3 724 795 211	37 584 1 441 2 279 1 006 135	4 <b>88</b> 3 5 365 1 233	8 324 1 019 1 911 564 77	38 770 3 138 5 407 2 141 438
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vocont condominium housing units	796	783 573 <b>8</b> 1	Ξ	775 542 81	195 194 21	9 13 -	59 73 6		48 63 4	25 29 -
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen focilities	120 234 112 246 501 230 164	74 854 68 800 64 991 276 139 93	=	48 024 48 168 47 207 159 58 74 44 976	49 118 43 429 41 034 169 79 66 47 171	8 893 8 750 8 676 29 6 23	5 464 5 426 5 388 7 7 - <b>5 323</b>	13 695 44 18 26	3 903 3 794 3 826 - - - - 3 793	11 880 8 005 6 221 56 12 5
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc All other fuels No fuel used	98 731 7 340 19 728 1 323 1 995 246	54 824 2 952 11 534 367 952 168	=	35 640 311 8 509 24 324 168	36 168 2 739 6 958 535 707 64	7 146 61 1 254 41 51	4 165 14 1 099 - 45	68 1 917 21	3 094 29 641 - 22 7	7 739 1 649 1 236 421 336 14
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	43 898 51 589	7 644 26 073 26 197 10 883 1.6	=	6 339 18 062 15 334 5 241 1.5	3 035 14 804 20 309 9 023 1.8	656 3 099 3 267 1 544 1.7	208 1 535 2 658 922 1.9	4 935 5 057 1 633	95 1 078 1 781 839 2.0	479 3 021 5 083 2 812 2.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or eorlier Renter-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or eorlier	7 557 17 118 9 762 25 047 28 508 41 371 16 032 16 871 4 757 2 756	45 311 4 048 8 447 5 023 12 562 15 231 25 486 9 884 10 300 2 981 1 797 524	-	25 423 2 593 5 009 2 714 6 589 8 518 19 553 7 744 7 770 2 297 1 378 364	33 757 2 657 6 953 3 621 9 790 10 736 13 414 5 278 5 657 1 462 707 310	5 806 500 1 107 442 1 614 2 143 2 760 1 148 1 155 306 112 39	3 970 381 990 499 1 123 977 1 353 595 564 135 49	601 1 834 854 2 096 2 943 4 750 1 720 2 101 597 243	2 719 220 555 322 636 986 1 074 437 493 77 57	8 924 852 1 718 1 118 2 695 2 541 2 471 870 914 314 252 121
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit  Householder 65 yeors ond over Owner-occupied housing units Locking complete plumbing facilities No telephone in unit No vehicle avoiloble  Complete plumbing facilities 1.00 or less persons per room Locking complete plumbing facilities 1.00 or less persons per room Locking complete plumbing facilities 1.00 or less persons per room	30 781 23 957 140 483 5 605 128 969 127 011 1 958 394 380	3 191 17 294 13 257 75 307 3 257 70 565 69 414 1 151 232 232	-	2 566 11 420 8 136 40 231 2 430 44 844 43 947 897 132	1 605 10 762 8 453 62 157 2 010 47 026 46 348 678 145 132	360 2 205 1 585 13 17 403 8 537 8 418 119 29 29	74 1 109 870 175 5 316 5 279 37 7	3 426 2 514 18 91 981 13 034 12 801 233 44	66 758 636 - 6 87 3 793 3 736 57 - -	272 2 725 2 247 3 19 338 11 378 11 249 129 17 16
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) Household income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	21 484 15 495 4 321	43 214 21 295 10 077 2 510 7 567	=	45 676 20 316 7 992 1 412 6 580	41 047 21 457 4 529 1 412 3 117	39 012 19 499 1 022 234 788	52 967 25 254 279 102 177	18 610 1 805 443	44 410 27 819 142 61 81	41 690 23 587 889 399 490

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Doto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Totals	for split trocts/8N	IA's in Peario Co	unty			
Area	Troct 28	Troct 29	Troct 30	Troct 31.01	Troct 31.02	Troct 33	Troct 34.01	Troct 34.02	Troct 35	Troct 39
All housing units	1 714	1 993	2 114	1 561	2 808	1 224	1 114	1 309	456	1 569
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to Morch 1990	6 74 66 476 534 433 60 65	19 39 389 570 654 270 52	409 995 629 81	41 71 127 940 286 75 21	33 55 331 1 490 804 80 15	30 98 55 358 294 198 104 87	48 65 49 329 164 300 132 27	47 98 148 532 290 65 74 55	23 21 28 187 91 30 51 25	8 21 130 570 174 109 112 445
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	14 331 631 552 165 21	283 812 564 287 47	125 346 1 249 337 57	106 272 769 387 27	85 542 964 725 436 56	53 31 207 440 406 87	25 259 523 253 253 54	- 69 190 581 403 66	22 214 184 36	56 358 720 371 64
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vocont condominium housing units	16 27 7	104 20 -	=	75 34 3	196 243 32	51 7 3	Ξ	Ξ	=	=
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen focilities	1 707 1 714 1 714 - - - 1 611	1 980 1 993 1 986 15 15 -	2 104 2 114 2 087 10 - 10 2 065	1 551 1 536 1 525 - - - - 1 509	2 803 2 808 2 774 - - - 2 659	1 192 1 193 1 124 6 - 6	1 114 1 067 184 6 6 -	1 304 1 040 767 5 - - 1 263	456 415 297 5 5 -	1 556 770 640 11 11 -
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gos	1 084 - 509 7 11	1 565 378 - - -	1 811 6 225 7 16	977 27 505 - - -	1 314 30 1 310 - 5	1 076 12 100 - 23	936 7 138 6 -	1 108 - 146 4 5 -	407  45 4 	657 521 194 35 96
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	87 658 620 246 1.7	131 862 746 204 1.6	26 689 1 035 315 1.8	37 379 810 283 2.0	57 1 146 1 176 280 1.6	39 220 672 280 2.1	21 226 587 253 2.0	33 198 688 344 2.2	15 225 170 46 1.6	45 298 657 503 2.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupled housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier Renter-occupled housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier	857 64 138 107 274 754 308 338 79 29	1 235 154 268 85 323 405 708 271 198 118 92 29	1 639 161 295 165 447 571 426 132 199 50 35	1 060 184 287 112 400 77 449 171 209 40 29	1 391 153 420 134 460 224 1 268 695 455 54 64	1 070 96 350 148 251 225 141 45 85 6	959 111 260 86 263 239 128 49 73 6	1 063 106 345 173 288 151 200 76 76 37 11	363 65 57 74 86 81 93 56 27 -	1 261 93 215 187 494 272 242 76 112 36 7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit	27 464 298 - - 52	13 688 441 9 7	519 434 - 19	30 109 86 - - 4	11 252 177 - 33	374 283 6 - 39	14 159 146 6 - 11	5 134 121 - - 7	18 101 94 5 5 7 451	45 240 221 9 - 23 1 492
Complete plumbing focilities 1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing focilities. 1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room	1 611 1 572 39 - -	1 928 1 928 - 15 15	2 055 2 028 27 10 10	1 509 1 476 33 - -	2 659 2 641 18 - -	1 205 1 205 - 6 6	1 081 1 074 7 6 6	1 263 1 256 7 - -	445 6 5 5	1 492 1 489 3 11
Mean household income in 1989:  Owner-occupied housing units (dollors) Renter-occupied housing units (dollors) Household income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units	44 841 29 729 122 27 95	57 682 24 727 89 8 8	53 086 35 687 38 20 18	53 907 32 328 82 21 61	56 935 30 006 154 35 119	97 293 29 239 23 12	79 047 30 317 29 21 8	77 097 31 309 9 4 5	28 316 24 497 33 26 7	48 828 28 860 62 30 32

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Tatals for split tracts/BNA's in Peoria County—Con.								Pekin city (pt.), Peorio County
Area	Tract 41.01	Tract 41.02	Tract 42	Troct 43	Troct 44	Troct 46	Tract 48.02	Tract 49.01	Tract 49.01 (pt.)
All housing units	1 290	1 559	2 024	1 298	2 298	2 250	1 945	1 347	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1960 to 1979 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	74 76 165 626 101 61 33 154	9 35 308 988 133 72 6 8	- 25 362 481 373 376 407	19 - 56 63 362 360 438	20 121 181 257 373 611 735	- 8 347 400 703 350 442	39 30 358 397 552 364 205	2 100 287 231 201 157 369	=
BEDROOMS									
Na bedroom	215 348 536 145 46	7 329 595 525 96 7	106 395 910 399 172 42	9 255 568 376 85 5	6 225 920 795 306 46	4 158 859 1 022 192 15	15 89 710 859 243 29	66 472 660 136 13	= = =
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condaminium hausing units Renter-occupied condaminium hausing units Vocant condaminium hausing units	63 15 —	163 86 -	15	=	=	Ξ	Ξ	=	=
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen focilities	1 290 652 652 - - - -	1 542 1 548 1 546 - - - 1 535	2 024 2 013 2 002 - - - 1 881	1 284 1 298 1 289 9 9	2 298 2 211 2 282 - - - 2 209	2 250 2 243 2 092 7 - 7 2 166	1 923 1 934 1 867 11 11 -	1 344 675 450 4 - - 1 297	-
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas	582 154 437 8 43	672 7 843 - 13	1 382 468 31	1 172 17 30 - 5	2 019 - 174 8 8	1 993 16 124 - 33	1 647 24 174 11 -	853 185 152 33 74	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None	18 341 556 309 2.1	176 691 456 212 1.5	147 840 755 139 1.5	102 599 414 109 1.5	243 941 752 273 1.5	137 930 807 292 1.6	85 570 851 350 1.8	62 338 556 341 2.0	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units	770 112 199 73 260 126 454 206 192 44 8	794 106 171 194 283 40 741 236 373 102 25	989 47 201 100 225 416 892 436 277 93 86	815 51 101 42 180 441 409 216 162 16	1 512 155 278 155 299 625 697 203 326 97 65 6	1 637 59 275 211 374 718 529 151 289 49 24 16	1 433 73 181 115 447 617 423 129 204 42 32 16	1 049 82 178 139 277 373 248 66 107 40 18	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit  Householder 65 years and over Owner-occupied hausing units Lacking camplete plumbing facilities No telephane in unit Na vehicle available  Complete plumbing facilities 1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or mare persons per room Lacking complete plumbing facilities 1.00 or less persons per room Lacking mare persons per room 1.01 or mare persons per room 1.01 or mare persons per room	6 121 121 - - 5 1 224 1 221 3 - -	55 303 133  48 1 535 1 535  	25 487 338 — 135 1 881 1 870 11 —	59 336 298 - 7 71 1 215 1 190 25 9	61 661 599 - 80 2 209 2 190 19 - -	45 556 483 — 85 2 159 2 136 23 7 7	29 408 376 - 49 1 845 1 845 - 11	36 275 251 10 33 1 297 1 289 8 -	-
Mean household income in 1989:  Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)  Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)  Household income in 1989 below paverty level  Owner-occupied housing units  Renter-occupied housing units	52 963 36 355 59 27 32	44 339 16 067 341 33 308	49 680 20 260 207 59 148	27 789 19 990 108 39 69	32 507 20 367 337 113 224	33 776 18 194 221 99 122	35 973 27 076 178 112 66	35 919 22 167 100 64 36	= = =

## Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peoria city, Pea	ria Caunty				
Area	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 11	Tract 12
All housing units	954	1 128	1 020	1 090	1 422	785	569	1 293	121	764
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	7  24 79 87 159 233 365	5 31 40 93 48 240 268 403	- - 51 76 125 157 611	39 128 23 32 67 43 758	56 142 165 332 362 365	- 49 89 49 39 193 366	- - 34 32 28 76 399	48 377 361 47 8 221 231	- 19 64 20 - - - 18	8 54 101 29 132 256 184
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	15 124 489 242 84	123 401 469 116 19	151 367 316 135 51	218 403 264 174 31	7 193 613 484 120 5	14 69 182 349 116 55	7 250 228 71 13	47 686 358 161 20 21	6 61 48 6 -	38 380 211 130 - 5
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium hausing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vacont condominium housing units	=	Ξ	Ē	=	=======================================	Ξ	Ξ	37 15	25 18 14	Ξ
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities Source of water, public system or private company Sewage dispasal, public sewer Locking complete plumbing facilities Owner-occupied hausing units Renter-occupied housing units Occupied housing units	954 954 954 - - - 7 <b>92</b>	1 128 1 128 1 107 - - - 955	1 014 1 020 1 008 10 5 5	1 083 1 090 1 090 	1 414 1 422 1 422 6 - 6 1 316	785 785 731 - - -	559 569 569 - - - 491	1 283 1 293 1 278 28 - 21 1 156	121 121 121 - - - 88	759 751 764 5 - 5
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas	651 31 19 - 20 71	818 9 96 - - 32	879 16 24 - -	848  79  -	1 084 15 210 - 7	589 16 71 - -	482 - 9 - - -	388 5 693 - 33 37	27 49 - 12	562 13 81 - 21
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	367 251 126 48 .8	242 515 147 51 1.0	149 392 286 92 1.4	239 396 179 113 1.3	225 571 383 137 1.4	187 205 170 114 1.5	100 178 135 78 1.5	755 327 66 8 .4	18 50 17 3 1.1	495 152 25 5 .3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-eccupied housing units 1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1989 or 1984 1980 to 1979 1969 or earlier	270 49 44 33 31 113 522 131 265 93 33	475 21 50 25 125 254 480 116 211 86 50	554 37 111 14 143 249 365 164 113 37 44	468 15 55 66 105 227 459 107 257 60 18	730 36 114 81 230 269 586 213 205 88 63 17	371 24 18 45 112 172 305 118 87 51 28	316 13 19 15 68 201 175 81 62 11	78 7 5 18 11 37 1 078 291 400 252 109 26	31 6 13 12 - - 57 42 15 - -	27 - 8 14 5 650 216 239 108 46 41
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit  Householder 65 years and over Owner-occupied housing units Locking complete plumbing facilities No telephone in unit No vehicle available  Complete plumbing facilities 1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing facilities 1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room	308 169 129 — 17 58 792 737 55 —	137 216 187 - 43 955 927 28 - -	107 259 235 5 - 64 909 864 45 10	157 331 201 - 42 139 927 900 27 - -	105 388 299 - 13 77 1 310 1 254 56 6 6	98 194 146 - 7 72 676 606 70 - -	28 170 170 - 52 491 480 11 - -	264 445 28 7 50 294 1 135 1 071 64 21	12 15 - 6 6 88 88 - -	217 122 5 30 101 672 645 27 5 5
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dallars) Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) Household income in 1989 belaw paverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	23 843 6 838 418 22 396	24 642 10 934 384 51 333	23 936 14 445 241 54 187	21 612 13 920 260 67 193	29 249 18 157 325 83 242	21 765 13 642 268 78 190	22 300 20 426 129 70 59	25 265 7 864 714 - 714	81 616 18 122 6 - 6	23 283 7 506 483 8 475

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Doto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Pe	eario city, Peario	County-Con.				
Area	Troct 13	Troct 14	Troct 15	Troct 16	Troct 17	Troct 18	Troct 19	Troct 20	Troct 21	Troct 22
All housing units	636	567	962	1 652	500	1 957	676	691	2 368	1 934
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984	28 60	- 6 17	6 - -	<u>-</u> -	10	68	16	3 - - -	33	7 - 17
1970 to 1979	72 121	39 62	31 46	140 27	54 29	50 49	7 56 118	- 60	220 123 391	109 100 219
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	124 80 151	39 85 319	180 76 623	142 230 1 113	106 111 190	271 268 1 251	75 404	63 565	455 1 140	471 1 011
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	14 221	80	168	26 342	30 336	130 585	38 109	31	22 442 1 004	92 888
bedrooms	198 126	215 176	419 289	489 425 313	97 5 24	414 622 159	208 154 79	117 201 264	671 196	888 777 160
b or more bedrooms	50 27	76 20	80 6	57	- 8	47	88	264 78	33	17
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS						_	_	_	_	_
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vocont condominium housing units	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	11	Ξ	=	=	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen focilitiesSource of woter, public system or privote compony	636 636	567 567	948 962	1 638 1 652	500 491	1 946 1 957	676 676 676	687 691 691	2 368 2 368 2 368	1 934 1 934 1 909
Sewage disposal, public sewerLocking complete plumbing facilities  Owner-occupied housing units	636 14	567 - -	957 7	1 652 14 —	500	1 940 - -	-	-	-	6
Renter-occupied housing units	14 <b>502</b>	- 471	7 8 <b>72</b>	- 1 464	438	- 1 753	624	- 661	2 214	1 847
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gosBottled, tonk, or LP gos	466 8	436	818 25	1 348	161 14	1 537 20	624	653	1 892	1 809 - 34
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	28	31	23 6	116	216 _ 47	122	=	8 - -	302 _ 14	4
All other fuels	=	<u>4</u> -	-	Ξ	<del>-</del> -	52 22	-	-	6	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE	0.45	00	101	277	206	357	63	28	234	152
None	245 162 66	98 257 90	121 434 244	377 572 358	197 35	819 413	63 272 196	203 343 87	1 185 622	152 811 662 222
3 or moreVehicles per household	66 29 .8	26 1.1	73 1.3	157 1.2	.6	164 1.2	93 1.6	1.9	173 1.4	1.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								417	1 202	1 246
Owner-occupied housing units	123 - 7	236 14	<b>484</b> 43	668 61 94	27 - 10	<b>555</b> 69 101	<b>237</b> 54 67	<b>417</b> 77 62	1 <b>203</b> 103 147	146 214 125 273 488
1985 to 1988	3 54 59	35 58 67	43 60 93 80	59 151	- 8	81 73	4 43	47 127	163 364 426	125 273 488
1969 or earlier	379	62 <b>235</b>	208 <b>388</b> 195	303 <b>796</b> 365	9 <b>411</b> 140	231 1 198 542	69 <b>387</b> 146	104 <b>244</b> 156	1 011 434	<b>601</b> 175 278
1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984	232 108 18	126 69 15	118 14	325 65	231 11	401 168	152 60	64 17	374 121	278 49 91
1970 to 1979 1969 or eorlier	12 9	19 6	26 35	35 6	29 _	79 8	23 6	7	64 18	8
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS							0.4		82	29
No telephone in unit Householder 65 years ond over	198 90	44 107	54 267	159 321	44 83	200 274	34 99 78	98 85	658 458	549 472
Owner-occupied housing units Locking complete plumbing focilities No telephone in unit	54 - 5	80	220 7 9	228 	9 - -	183 _ _	7	_	Ξ	6
No vehicle ovoiloble  Complete plumbing focilities	39 488	27 471	83 865	104 1 464	34 438	54 1 753	24 624	12 661	106 2 214	99 1 841
1.00 or less persons per room	432 56	451 20	831 34	1 418 46	424 14	1 698 55	624 -	661 - -	2 153 61	1 817 24 6
Locking complete plumbing focilities	14 14 —	=	7 7 –	=	=	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	6
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollors)	23 726	21 262	22 614	32 988	60 995	35 257	59 602	47 295	28 936	37 537 23 976
Renter-occupied housing units (dollors) Household income in 1989 below poverty level	10 877 276	13 258 169	22 614 20 194 224	16 652 359	14 601 190	15 995 584	20 361 135	24 095 98 19	15 578 404 78	191 53
Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	14 262	43 126	61 163	33 326	186	52 532	135	79	326	138

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Dota based an sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Pi	eario city, Peor	ia County—Con.				
Area	Tract 23	Troct 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29 (pt.)	Tract 30 (pt.)	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 31.02 (pt.)
All housing units	2 334	2 220	1 506	960	3 230	1 708	1 993	2 096	1 528	2 808
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to Morch 1990	203 234 875 621 401	10 - 68 328 449 645 720	- 24 76 172 205 1 029	6 - 88 159 299 160 248	17  126 747 930 968 365 77	6 74 66 470 534 433 60 65	19 39 389 570 654 270 52	- 391 995 629 81	41 71 127 922 280 75 12	33 55 331 1 490 804 80
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	168 859 951 282 74	140 993 849 189 49	19 135 685 437 204 26	117 376 334 112 21	8 523 1 104 1 220 312 63	14 331 631 552 159 21	283 812 564 287 47	125 334 1 243 337 57	100 263 756 382 27	85 542 964 725 436 56
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vacant candominium housing units	=	Ξ	7 13 7	Ξ	20 13 -	16 27 7	104 20 -	Ē	75 34 3	196 243 32
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities Source of water, public system or private company Sewage disposol, public sewer Locking complete plumbing facilities Owner-occupied housing units Coccupied housing units Occupied housing units	2 324 2 334 2 334 - - - 2 279	2 220 2 220 2 214 22 22 - 2 131	1 487 1 506 1 506 6 - -	948 960 947 10 10 -	3 222 3 230 3 215 - - - 3 132	1 701 1 708 1 708 - - - - 1 605	1 980 1 993 1 986 15 15 -	2 086 2 096 2 081 10 - 10 2 047	1 518 1 518 1 517 - - - 1 476	2 803 2 808 2 774 - - - 2 659
HOUSE HEATING FUEL		2		•••	¥2					
Utility gas	1 937 20 322 - -	2 057 	1 346 - 41 - -	840 6 61 - 7	2 504 36 572 - 20	1 078 	1 565 378 - - -	1 799 - 225 7 16	966 14 496 - -	1 314 30 1 310 - 5
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	164 933 920 262 1.6	191 969 754 217 1.5	157 532 495 203 1.6	123 318 360 113 1.5	320 1 319 1 096 397 1.5	87 658 614 246 1.7	131 862 746 204 1.6	26 677 1 035 309 1.8	37 356 805 278 2.0	57 1 146 1 176 280 1.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier 1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier	1 731 158 394 127 390 662 548 163 224 68 55 38	1 547 113 286 126 326 696 584 229 252 61 42	868 81 162 88 227 310 519 189 258 59	604 41 95 61 130 277 310 126 100 47 31 6	2 095 190 386 176 505 838 1 037 316 419 165 137	851 64 138 101 274 274 754 308 338 79 29	1 235 154 268 85 323 405 <b>708</b> 271 198 118 92	1 621 161 289 165 435 571 <b>426</b> 132 199 50 35	1 032 184 287 106 387 68 444 171 204 40 29	1 391 153 420 134 460 224 1 268 695 455 54
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Na telephone in unit  Householder 65 years and over.  Owner-occupied housing units Lacking complete plumbing facilities.  No telephone in unit No vehicle available  Complete plumbing facilities  1.00 or less persons per roam  1.01 or more persons per roam  Lacking camplete plumbing facilities.  1.00 ar less persons per room  Lacking camplete plumbing facilities.  1.00 ar less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room	22 988 820 - 13 156 2 279 2 279 - - -	- 690 612 - 116 2 109 2 088 21 22 22	63 296 253 - 6 57 1 387 1 381 - - -	6 280 216 - 70 904 896 8 10	26 1 048 716 - 217 3 132 3 106 26 - -	27 464 298  52 1 605 1 566 39 	13 688 441 9 7 91 1 928 1 928 - 15	519 434 - 19 2 037 2 010 27 10	30 109 86 - - 4 1 476 1 443 33 - -	11 252 177 - 33 2 659 2 641 18 - -
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dallars) Renter-occupied housing units (dallars) Hausehold income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units	44 872 30 402 128 75 53	35 095 23 100 215 107 108	32 251 20 259 224 76 148	47 695 22 648 84 15 69	40 613 21 799 369 160 209	44 847 29 729 122 27 95	57 682 24 727 89 8	53 226 35 687 38 20 18	54 084 32 364 74 13 61	56 935 30 006 154 35 119

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peoria city, Pear	ria County—Con.				
Area	Tract 32	Tract 33 (pt.)	Tract 34.01 (pt.)	Tract 34.02 (pt.)	Tract 35 (pt.)	Tract 39 (pt.)	Tract 41.01 (pt.)	Tract 41.02 (pt.)	Tract 42 (pt.)	Troct 43 (pt.)
All housing units	2 071	1 220	756	233	285	-	575	1 241	-	7
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	27 62 133 808 816 209	30 98 55 354 294 198 104 87	39 65 38 237 112 183 65	7 44 25 121 7 11 —	23 21 28 157 56 -	- - - - -	61 45 102 325 6 - - 36	20 258 820 83 54 6	-	- - - - - - -
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	26 422 804 619 185 15	53 31 207 436 406 87	17 111 368 213 47	24 88 109 12	- 15 184 79 7	- - - -	128 224 165 45 13	7 329 360 442 96 7	:	7
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vocant condominium housing units	63 28 —	51 7 3	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	55 5 —	163 86 -	Ξ	= =
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										7
Complete kitchen focilities Source of water, public system ar private campany Sewage disposal, public sewer Lacking complete plumbing facilities Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units Occupied housing units	2 062 2 065 2 059 - - - 1 958	1 188 1 189 1 120 6 - 6	756 752 159 - - - 738	233 233 158 - - - 221	285 285 285 - - - 285	-	575 556 556 - - - - - 528	1 229 1 241 1 241 - - - 1 241	-	7 7 - - - 7
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas	1 179 - 779 - -	1 076 12 96 - 23	608 7 117 6 -	156 - 65 - -	267 - 18 - -	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	182 - 336 - 10	410 824 7	:	7 - - - -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	24 857 827 250 1.7	39 220 668 280 2.1	12 139 406 181 2.1	7 37 97 80 2.2	15 174 96 - 1.3	=======================================	13 202 252 61 1.7	162 539 342 198 1.5	= =	7 - 1.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-eccupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1990 to 1984 1990 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1976 or earlier	867 107 180 122 247 211 1 091 591 409 46 35	1 066 96 350 144 251 225 141 45 85 6	662 79 200 50 168 165 76 29 47 -	208 26 76 30 65 11 13 6 - -	234 522 45 67 54 16 51 37 14 -		202 75 71 48 8 - 326 161 133 24 8	564 76 119 125 236 8 677 212 340 102 18		7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit  Householder 65 years and over	1 958 1 950 8 8 	374 283 6 6 39 1 201 1 201 6 6	10 125 112 - 6 738 731 7 - -	- 36 23 - 7 221 221 - - -	- 77 70 - 7 285 285 - - -	-	6 - - - - 528 528 - - -	46 230 60 - 43 1 241 1 241 - - -		- 7 - - - 7 7 7 - - - - - - - - - - - -
Owner-occupied housing units (dollors) Renter-occupied housing units (dallars) Household income in 1989 below paverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied hausing units	57 386 30 826 83 - 83	29 239 23 12	96 202 34 628 17 17	134 325 33 884 - - -	23 576 23 572 22 15 7	=	60 502 38 933 39 11 28	53 381 16 006 294 8 286	=	14 669 - - -

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Doto based on somple and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peoria c	ity, Peoria County-	—Con.			Rema	inder of Peoria Co	ounty		
Area	Troct 44 (pt.)	Troct 46 (pt.)	Tract 48.02 (pt.)	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29 (pt.)	Tract 30 (pt.)	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 31.02 (pt.)	Tract 33 (pt.)	Tract 34.01 (pt.)
All housing units	251	-	149	6	_	18	33	-	4	358
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1960 ta 1969 1950 ta 1959 1940 ta 1949 1939 ar eorlier	15 34 85 26 39 20 32	-	- - - 79 70	- - 6 - - -		18	- - - 18 6 - 9	-	- - 4 - - -	9 - 11 92 52 117 67 10
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	6 35 96 99 15	-	106 43 -	- - - - 6 -	=	12 6	- 6 9 13 5	-	- - - 4 - -	8 148 155 40 7
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vacant candaminium housing units	=	Ξ	Ξ	=		=	=	=	=	Ξ
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities	251 251 251 - - - - 242	-	149 149 149 - - - 133	6 6 6 - - - 6		18 18 6   18	33 18 8 - - - 33	- - - -	4 4 4 4	358 315 25 6 6 -
HOUSE HEATING FUEL						_				
Utility gas	158 - 84 - -	- - - -	119 14 - - - -	6	-	12 6  	11 13 9 - -	- - - - -	- 4 - -	328 - 21 - -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	108 88 37 9 .8	=	8 80 45 - 1.3	- 6 - 2.0		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	23 5 5 1.5	=	- - 4 - 2.0	9 87 181 72 1.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units	8 - - 7 26 <b>201</b> 65 84 47 5	-	88 - 17 9 17 45 45 8 30 7	_		- 18 - 6 - 12 12 	28 - - 6 13 9 5 - - -	-	4	297 32 60 36 95 74 52 20 26 - 6
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit  Househalder 65 yeors and over	41 32 - 17 242 231 11	- - - - - -	- 67 59 - 8 133 133 - -				- - - - - 33 33 - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	4 4	4 34 34 6 - 5 343 343 - 6 6
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) Renter-occupied hausing units (dollars) Household income in 1989 below paverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	. 13 999 . 10 758 . 145	Ξ	24 951 20 458 14			- 40 522   	47 412 29 100 8 8	=		40 811 24 015 12 4 8

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Re	moinder of Peario	County—Con.				
Area	Tract 34.02 (pt.)	Tract 35 (pt.)	Tract 36.01	Troct 36.02	Troct 37	Tract 38	Tract 39 (pt.)	Tract 40	Tract 41.01 (pt.)	Tract 41.02 (pt.)
All housing units	1 076	171	1 045	2 228	1 163	1 174	1 569	1 653	715	318
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990	40 54 123 411 283 54 74 37	- - 30 35 30 51 25	58 362 138 227 215 45	17  116 459 312 496 334 494	9 38 148 432 167 89 104 176	37 40 293 188 106 76 434	8 21 130 570 174 109 112 445	8 12 37 328 195 274 165 634	13 31 63 301 95 61 33 118	9 15 50 168 50 18 - 8
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	69 166 493 294 54	7 30 105 29	- 69 326 535 98 17	148 934 798 303 45	62 280 492 263 66	3 52 317 517 235 50	56 358 720 371 64	7 76 394 872 268 36	87 124 371 100 33	235 83 -
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied candaminium hausing units Renter-occupied candaminium housing units Vacant condominium housing units	<u>-</u>	=======================================	=======================================	=	Ξ	=======================================	=	Ξ	10 -	Ξ
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities Source of water, public system or private campany Sewage disposal, public sewer Lacking camplete plumbing facilities. Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units Occupied housing units	1 071 807 609 5 - - 1 042	171 130 12 5 5 -	1 045 459 226 - - - 998	2 228 2 174 2 161 - - - 2 160	1 150 267 129 13 6 7	1 167 629 591 8 3 5	1 556 770 640 11 11 -	1 624 908 740 25 17 -	715 96 96 - - - 696	313 307 305 - - - - 294
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas	952 - 81 4 5	140 - 27 4 -	787 12 187 - 12	1 833 7 274 29 17	417 357 205 78 59	602 261 113 77 59	657 521 194 35 96	849 452 176 28 73	400 154 101 8 33	262 7 19 - 6 -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	26 161 591 264 2.1	51 74 46 2.0	40 227 470 261 2.0	164 916 706 374 1.7	19 196 528 373 2.3	57 303 478 274 2.0	45 298 657 503 2.2	89 389 658 442 2.0	5 139 304 248 2.3	14 152 114 14 1.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units 1985 ta March 1990 1985 ta 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier Renter-occupied housing units 1987 ta March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 ta 1984 1970 ta 1979 1969 or earlier	855 80 269 143 223 140 187 70 76 37 4	129 13 12 7 32 65 42 19 13 -	772 73 128 96 266 209 226 62 121 13 30	1 554 163 240 122 448 581 606 211 291 70 27	973 64 216 155 326 212 143 48 64 13	894 49 111 109 331 294 218 63 66 53 29 7	1 261 93 215 187 494 272 242 76 112 36 7	1 264 69 181 143 423 448 314 100 121 46 24 23	568 37 128 25 252 126 128 45 59 20 -	230 300 52 69 47 32 64 24 33 - 7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephane in unit	98 98 - - - 1 042 1 035 7	24 24 5 5	23 219 180 - 40 998 986 12 - -	120 686 563 23 107 2 160 2 144 16 -	34 174 174 6 - 6 1 103 1 083 20 13	54 311 278 3 23 49 1 104 1 098 6 8 8	45 240 221 9  23 1 492 1 489 3 11 11 	41 407 362 6 8 47 1 561 1 546 15 17 17	121 121 - - 5 696 693 3 - -	9 73 73 - - 5 294 294 - - -
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied hausing units (dollars) Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) Owner-occupied hausing units Renter-occupied hausing units	63 175 31 130 9	11 11	37 131 30 519 90 75 15	38 364 30 842 280 134 146	47 526 30 696 68 51 17	37 076 28 916 68 41 27	48 828 28 860 62 30 32	38 453 23 057 120 70 50	50 282 29 787 20 16 4	22 168 16 720 47 25 22

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Oata based on sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Remoinde	r of Peorio County—	-Con.			
Area	Tract 42 (pt.)	Tract 43 (pt.)	Tract 44 (pt.)	Tract 45	Troct 46 (pt.)	Troct 48.01	Tract 48.02 (pt.)	Tract 49.01 (pt.)	Tract 49.02
All housing units	2 024	1 291	2 047	1 780	2 250	1 467	1 796	1 347	1 418
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1960 ta 1969 1950 ta 1959 1940 ta 1949 1939 ar earlier	25 362 481 373 376 407	19 49 63 362 360 438	- 5 87 96 231 334 591 703	39 15 144 406 327 373 291 185	8 347 400 703 350 442	- 3 53 397 307 259 253 195	39 30 358 397 473 294 205	2 100 287 231 201 157 369	22 27 65 563 191 200 97 253
BEDROOMS									
Na bedroom	106 395 910 399 172 42	9 255 568 369 85 5	190 824 696 291 46	4 158 524 908 143 43	158 859 1 022 192 15	3 44 375 824 191 30	15 89 604 816 243 29	66 472 660 136 13	2 47 223 847 268 31
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS		-							
Owner-occupied condominium hausing units Renter-occupied condominium hausing units Vacant condominium housing units	15 -	=	=	- 6 -	=	=======================================	=	Ξ	Ξ
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities Source of water, public system or private campany Sewage disposal, public sewer Sewage disposal, public sewer Cacking camplete plumbing facilities Owner-occupied housing units Occupied housing units Occupied housing units	2 024 2 013 2 002 - - - 1 881	1 277 1 291 1 282 9 9	2 047 1 960 2 031 - - - - 1 967	1 778 1 649 1 208 5 5 -	2 250 2 243 2 092 7 - 7 2 166	1 467 1 320 978 - - - - 1 414	1 774 1 785 1 718 11 11 -	1 344 675 450 4 - - 1 297	1 410 788 465 8 8 -
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utiliry gas	1 382 	1 165 17 30 - 5	1 861 - 90 8 8	1 439 36 202 3 23	1 993 16 124 - 33	1 200 108 78 4 24	1 528 10 174 11 -	853 185 152 33 74	507 479 296 21 70
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
Nane	147 840 755 139 1.5	102 592 414 109 1.5	135 853 715 264 1.6	83 533 749 338 1.9	137 930 807 292 1.6	26 292 689 407 2.2	77 490 806 350 1.9	62 338 556 341 2.0	68 189 596 520 2.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units  1989 to March 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or earlier  Renter-occupied housing units  1989 to March 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or earlier	989 47 201 100 225 416 892 436 277 93 86	815 51 101 42 180 441 402 216 155 16	1 471 147 278 155 292 599 496 138 242 50 60 6	1 347 125 254 116 389 463 356 119 138 69 22	1 637 59 275 211 374 718 529 151 289 49 24 16	1 218 77 166 164 422 389 196 72 94 113 6	1 345 73 164 106 430 572 378 121 174 35 32 16	1 049 82 178 139 277 373 248 66 107 40 18	1 164 91 203 168 422 280 209 83 67 31 9
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
Na telephone in unit		59 329 298 7 7 71 1 208 1 183 25 9	32 620 567 - 63 1 967 1 959 8 -	31 441 343 - 59 1 698 1 660 38 5	45 556 483 - 85 2 159 2 136 23 7	5 246 230 - 14 1 414 1 394 20 -	29 341 317 - 41 1 712 1 712 - 11	36 275 251 - 10 33 1 297 1 289 8 -	10 192 166 - - 39 1 365 1 332 33 8
1.01 ar mare persons per raam  Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied hausing units (dallars) Renter-occupied hausing units (dollars) Household income in 1989 belaw poverty level Owner-occupied hausing units Renter-occupied hausing units	20 260 207 59	27 789 20 083 108 39 69	33 023 24 261 192 98 94	38 303 18 555 156 74 82	33 776 18 194 221 99 122	39 163 28 169 75 53 22	36 695 27 864 164 104 60	35 919 22 167 100 64 36	42 977 27 994 67 39 28

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Dato based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remainder of Pe Con				Tatals fo	or split tracts/8NA	's in Tazewell Cou	Tazewell County		
Area	Troct 50.97	Troct 50.98	Tract 201	Troct 203.01	Tract 203.02	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 208
All housing units	-	-	897	1 902	2 337	2 470	1 643	948	1 545	1 720
EAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
989 ta March 1990 985 ta 1988	_	-1	10	-	55 <b>24</b>	6 7	3	_	14	16
980 ta 1984970 to 1979	_	-	7 133	75 312	55 24 33 487 592 392	94 497	32 382	78	38 319 383	157 90
960 to 1969 950 to 1959	_	-1	205 217	257 508		333 595	206 571	168 359 223	648 98	90 127 183 283
940 to 1949939 ar earlier	-	-	134 191	387 363	290 464	579 359	385 64	120	45	864
EDROOMS										
la bedroombedroom	_	-	36 120	9 173	35 350	8 216	38	84	49 386	34 69
bedraamsbedraams		-	308 333	777 731	707 985	1 033 1 039	301 1 112	454 273 137	981 97	47 13
bedraams ar mare bedraams	=	-	70 30	182 30	194 66	142 32	151 41	-	32	4
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied candaminium hausing unitsenter-occupied candaminium hausing units	-	_	Ξ	=	=	-	Ξ	=	Ξ	
acant condaminium hausing units		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
GELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS			892	1 883	2 330	2 450	1 628	948	1 545	1 70
aurce af water, public system ar private campany iewage dispasal, public sewer	-	-	892 879 864	1 669 1 645	2 288 2 240	2 454 2 422	1 613 1 565	948 942	1 535 1 535	i 72 1 72
acking camplete plumbing facilities Owner-occupied hausing units	-	_	5	11	13 6	16 8	8	_	_	
Renter-occupied hausing units  Occupied housing units	-	-	5 <b>857</b>	11 - 1 817	7 <b>2 246</b>	2 331	2 1 590	916	1 511	1 53
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Jtility gas Battled, tank, ar LP gas	-	-	767 14	1 661 36	1 923 6	2 152	1 436 6	867 11	1 375 8	1 26
electricityullectricity	-	-	63	102 18	276 9	141 9	108 1	38	122	23
ull ather fuelsla fuel usedla fuel usedla	-	-	7	=	25 7	16 13	37 2	-	6 -	2
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
Nane	-	_	94 350	81 618	118 879	134 802	35 370	65 360	53 475	21 5
2 3 ar mare	.   -	_	298 115	714 404	837 412	974 421	820 365	386 105	768 215 1.8	50 16
Vehicles per hausehald	-	-	1.5	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.6	1.0	•
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT		_	552	1 387	1 495	1 633	1 291	676	1 258	7:
Owner-occupied housing units	.   -	= =	36 109	133 222 112	47 220	155 278	122 310	23 140	115 261	1
1980 ta 1984	.   -	- I	21 132	112 433	113 435	130 477	124 407	82 113	98 319 465	1 2
1969 ar earlier Renter-occupied housing units	.   -	-	254 <b>305</b>	487 <b>430</b>	680 <b>751</b>	593 <b>698</b>	328 299	318 240	253 74	7
1989 to March 1990	: -	=	135 128 22	192 160	390 249	360 220	127 150	78 102	144 22 13	, 2 3 1
1980 ta 1984 1970 ta 1979	.  -	=	8	78 -	52 39 21	77 20 21	11 3 8	33 27	13	·
1969 or earlier SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	-   -	-	12	-	21	21	0			
No telephane in unit	_	_	49	67	105	138	61	36	5	
Hausehalder 65 years and aver	_   _	_	211 179	387 364	581 489	434 379	240 231	301 267	325 306	3 2
Owner-occupied hausing units Lacking complete plumbing facilities	=	=	1/9	-	13 7	8	3 4	-	_	1
No vehicle available	-   -	=	34	33	78	81	25	42 916	48 1 511	1 5
Complete plumbing facilities 1.00 or less persans per raam	- 1 -	Ξ	852 821	1 760	2 233 2 216	2 323 2 275	1 582 1 563	916	1 500	1 5
1.01 ar mare persons per raam Lacking camplete plumbing facilities		Ξ	31	11	13	48 8	19 8	Ξ	-	
1.00 or less persans per raam 1.01 ar mare persons per roam	-   -	Ξ	5	. 11	13	8 -	8 -	=	-	
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied hausing units (dollars)		_	37 592		37 865	31 951	37 485	33 028	34 008	26 3
Renter-occupied hausing units (dallars)  Hausehold incame in 1989 belaw paverty level		_	17 552 116	20 222	20 657 256	20 319 279	27 004 120	24 686 96	23 008 123	16 4 3 1 2
Owner-occupied hausing units Renter-accupied hausing units		_	29 87	45	60	126 153	66 54	40 56	60 63	2

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Tozewell County—Con.									
Area	Troct 209	Troct 211.01	Troct 211.02	Troct 212.01	Troct 212.02	Troct 212.03	Troct 215	Troct 216.03	Troct 216.04	Troct 216.06
All housing units	1 044	3 062	2 275	819	1 265	1 529	2 491	1 478	891	1 556
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to Morch 1990	- 11 20 50 185 209 569	46 227 1 350 671 423 128 217	9 -50 677 651 474 241 173	14 55 317 208 94 63 68	24 95 322 321 262 203 33 5	6 25 186 291 208 395 321 97	50 58 217 1 215 408 268 96 179	32 63 135 595 256 176 85 136	- 6 232 234 194 134 91	26 29 80 557 728 86 22 28
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	9 107 534 313 74 7	10 586 1 003 1 154 275 34	212 674 1 007 328 54	5 13 258 375 154 14	31 183 222 627 163 39	12 112 419 815 143 28	27 69 857 1 147 304 87	11 80 231 685 396 75	8 260 257 275 84 7	7 154 212 854 307 22
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vocant condominium housing units	- 11	27	22 6 -	Ξ	9 13 —	Ξ	23 26 -	Ξ	Ξ	20 22 6
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen focilities	1 039 1 044 1 044 21 10 11	3 062 3 062 3 062 15 - 15 2 958	2 267 2 259 2 071 8 - - - 2 192	819 331 283 - - - 790	1 265 1 198 1 203 - - - 1 196	1 529 1 505 1 494 - - - 1 500	2 472 2 223 1 517 10 10 - 2 413	1 473 1 219 1 231 - - - 1 440	873 883 875 - - - 8 <b>5</b> 8	1 556 1 509 1 509 7 7 -
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gos	942 5 19 	2 018 11 897 14 18	1 810 24 358 - -	546 119 95 18 12	852 336 8 -	1 179 303 12 6	1 738 97 525 45 8	957 111 337 17 18	626 - 221 - 11	1 230 24 264 6 4
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	152 445 282 87 1.3	411 1 106 1 003 438 1.6	137 742 1 059 254 1.7	40 208 286 256 2.0	111 272 510 303 2.0	64 555 622 259 1.8	61 689 1 139 524 1.9	37 291 713 399 2.1	31 303 410 114 1.8	87 355 788 298 1.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units  1989 to Morch 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or eorlier  Renter-occupied housing units  1989 to Morch 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or eorlier	602 49 96 41 88 328 364 146 135 57 -	1 433 84 358 208 486 297 1 525 541 662 198 113	1 610 67 357 93 466 627 582 249 243 46 24	653 60 137 102 235 119 137 54 65 - 11	883 113 218 92 225 235 313 79 227 7	1 114 100 214 91 317 392 386 146 187 34 8	2 056 297 563 280 587 329 357 144 116 60 33	1 181 81 294 164 442 200 259 141 79 28 11	442 22 77 44 97 202 416 200 176 31 5	1 177 125 277 131 367 277 <b>351</b> 111 136 71
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit  Householder 65 years and over	128 271 224 10 20 117 945 872 73 21 10	160 657 256 - 21 292 2 943 2 912 31 15	15 644 524 — 116 2 192 2 160 32 — —	27 104 93 - 25 790 785 5 - -	5 342 149 - 5 111 1 196 1 196 - -	73 285 265 - 22 1 500 1 487 13 - -	62 401 369 - 5 26 2 403 2 371 32 10	5 152 146 - 22 1 440 1 420 20 - -	10 207 132  26 858 841 17 	14 347 228 - 79 1 521 1 516 5 7
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollors) Renter-occupied housing units (dollors) Household income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	24 924 14 598 212 50	39 907 16 406 568 30 538	45 724 23 153 112 48 64	47 743 22 105 63 45 18	53 346 28 507 50 11 39	37 708 21 138 164 23 141	52 224 26 217 153 76 77	61 134 24 639 39 5 34	43 313 26 141 53 5 48	54 730 22 765 81 11 70

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings af symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		T	otols for split tracts	s/8NA's in Tazewe	ell Caunty—Can.			Eost Per	aria city, Tozewell C	ounty
Area	Tract 217.02	Troct 218.01	Tract 218.02	Tract 221	Tract 222	Tract 223	Troct 224	Tract 201 (pt.)	Tract 201.99	Tract 202
All housing units	1 837	1 290	901	1 369	1 570	1 274	1 916	897	_	482
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 ta March 1990	37 49 133 618 322 193 130 355	2 38 92 345 200 181 216 216	- 6 26 366 231 144 28 100	- 42 185 100 366 267 409	40 49 78 590 269 219 172 153	8 126 300 391 200 75 156	21 132 429 805 460 43 26	10 - 7 133 205 217 134 191	-	- 42 53 130 107
BEDROOMS										
Na bedraam	141 411 906 352 27	10 108 376 593 182 21	2 104 226 468 96 5	4 88 343 641 234 59	4 163 520 677 185 21	- 67 362 586 235 24	8 265 167 1 186 222 68	36 120 308 333 70 30	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	7 109 249 88 29
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condaminium housing units Renter-accupied condaminium housing units Vacont candominium hausing units	37 - -	=	=	=	32 63 4	21 7 -	-	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Camplete kitchen facilities Saurce of water, public system ar private campany Sewage dispasal, public sewer Lacking complete plumbing facilities Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied hausing units  Occupied housing units	1 832 1 219 1 049 6 - 6	1 290 819 185 - - - 1 235	896 6 - 7 - 7 <b>750</b>	1 369 1 242 1 226 - - - - 1 344	1 570 1 366 1 367 - - - 1 513	1 274 1 241 1 248 - - - 1 244	1 916 1 804 1 781 - - - 1 894	892 879 864 5 - 5	-	482 474 474 - - - 440
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas	985 387 317 69 46	899 98 175 21 42	31 434 177 23 85	1 112 99 122 4 - 7	921 78 498 - 16	1 020 19 205 - -	1 611 50 198 - 35	767 14 63 6 7		385 7 33 8 7
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
Nane	105 454 747 498 2.1	77 325 589 244 1.9	33 158 351 208 2.1	45 369 629 301 2.0	22 464 733 294 1.9	46 384 516 298 1.9	110 474 867 443 1.9	94 350 298 115 1.5	= = =	77 244 94 25 1.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier 1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1970 or earlier	1 436 141 272 184 490 349 368 90 202 38 27	939 28 204 101 328 278 296 134 116 23 5	613 42 167 57 206 141 137 63 30 11 15	1 026 94 208 119 258 347 318 104 149 36 25	957 80 181 103 336 257 556 288 213 38	911 73 182 127 183 346 333 121 153 29 30	1 396 110 209 129 470 478 498 113 233 105	552 36 109 21 132 254 305 135 128 22 8	-	183 15 28 14 43 83 257 145 81
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS		.0								
No telephone in unit	44 405 340 6 11 55 1 798 1 782 16 6	107 216 199 3 16 1 235 1 176 59 -	9 201 182 - - 9 743 743 - 7 5	20 309 282 - 37 1 344 1 340 4 -	36 250 192 - 6 22 1 513 1 483 30 - -	10 273 215 - 37 1 244 1 235 9 - -	17 429 176 - 104 1 894 1 870 24 - -	49 211 179 5 34 852 821 31 5	-	68 110 95 - 14 440 428 12 - -
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied hausing units (dallars) Renter-occupied hausing units (dollars) Hausehald incame in 1989 belaw paverty level Owner-occupied hausing units Renter-occupied hausing units	41 385 24 029 83 26 57	32 971 17 889 176 71 105	40 407 20 768 36 - 36	47 284 25 284 50 31	49 245 29 505 73 18 55	42 875 21 041 51 14 37	41 516 18 957 167 46 121	37 592 17 552 116 29 87	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	23 480 13 544 135 34 101

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Oata based on sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Eost Peoria	city, Tazewell Caunt	y—Con.			
Area	Troct 203.01 (pt.)	Tract 203.02 (pt.)	Troct 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 212.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 224 (pt.)
All housing units	1 597	2 319	-	-	-	1 229	1 387	339	674
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990	- 69 240 202 473 316 297	55 24 33 475 586 392 290 464	-	-	-	24 95 322 321 241 188 33 5	6 25 180 269 115 374 321 97	6 5 31 61 69 101 30 36	- 6 79 226 109 222 20
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom	9 163 677 587 148 13	35 350 701 973 194 66	-	- - - -	=======================================	31 183 222 600 154 39	12 112 419 706 110 28	123 173 36 7	8 241 79 264 54 28
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vacant condominium housing units	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	9 13 -	Ξ	Ξ	= =
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS						1 000	1 207	339	674
Complete kitchen facilities  Source of water, public system ar private campany  Sewaga dispasal, public sewer  Lacking complete plumbing facilities  Owner-occupied housing units  Renter-occupied housing units  Occupied housing units	1 578 1 592 1 583 11 - 11 1 523	2 312 2 282 2 234 13 6 7		-		1 229 1 168 1 182 - - - 1 160	1 387 1 363 1 352 - - - 1 358	336 321 - - - 331	666 666 - - - - 669
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas	1 409 26 88 - - -	1 910 6 271 9 25 7	=	- - - -	=	816 336 8 -	1 037 - 303 - 12 6	310 - 11 10 -	512 8 149 - -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None	74 514 616 319 1.8	118 874 824 412 1.8	=	=	=	111 266 504 279 1.9	64 516 560 218 1.7	14 96 144 77 1.9	104 239 227 99 1.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier Renter-occupied housing units 1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1970 to 1979	1 134 118 192 91 368 365 389 180 139 70	1 477 47 220 100 430 680 751 390 249 52 39	-			853 113 218 92 216 214 307 79 221 7	988 100 203 80 282 323 370 146 176 34 8 6	288 29 75 22 59 103 43 19 11 7	331 42 62 22 84 121 338 54 150 99 35
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit  Househalder 65 years and over.  Owner-occupied hausing units  Lacking complete plumbing facilities.  No telephone in unit  No vehicle available	53 309 293 - - 26	105 581 489 13 7 78	- - - - -	-		5 336 143 - 5 111 1 160	73 265 245 - 22 1 358	- 104 97 - - 14 331	7 289 44 - - 104 669
Complete plumbing facilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per raam Lacking complete plumbing facilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room	1 466 46 11	2 215 2 198 17 13 13	-	-		1 160 1 160 - - -	1 345 1 345 - - -	331 - - - -	669 - - - - -
Mean household income in 1989:  Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)  Hausehold income in 1989 below paverty level  Owner-occupied housing units  Renter-occupied housing units	20 076 161 45	37 730 20 657 256 60 196	=	=	=	53 065 27 813 50 11 39	36 549 20 116 164 23 141	38 015 26 757 30 17 13	36 731 13 396 110 15 95

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Morton	villoge, Tazewell	County			Pekin city	(pt.), Tozewell	County
Area	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 216.03 (pt.)	Tract 216.04 (pt.)	Tract 216.05	Tract 216.06 (pt.)	Tract 217	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 206 (pt.)	Troct 207 (pt.)	Troct 208 (pt.)
All housing units	814	1 072	886	1 186	1 524	-	-	948	1 515	1 720
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to Morch 1990	28 35 107 443 80 76 20 25	32 53 93 406 172 120 85	- 6 232 229 194 134 91	5  12 127 337 299 155 251	26 29 80 550 722 80 22 15		-	- - 78 168 359 223 120	14 37 303 383 639 94 45	16 157 90 127 183 283 864
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom   1 bedroom   2 bedroom   3 bedrooms   3 bedrooms   5 or more bedrooms   5 or more bedrooms   6 bedrooms   7 or more bedroom	520 220 63 11	11 53 162 489 294 63	8 260 252 275 84 7	11 117 295 453 278 32	7 154 212 842 287 22	-	-	84 454 273 137	49 366 974 94 32	36 342 690 470 133 49
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vocont condominium housing units	8 26 -	Ξ	Ξ	31 25 -	20 22 6	=	Ξ	=	Ξ	Ξ
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								0.40	1 515	1 705
Complete kitchen focilities Source of woter, public system or private company Sewage disposol, public sewer	814 776 770 - - - 773	1 072 1 072 1 060 - - - 1 049	868 883 875 - - - 853	1 186 1 186 1 174 - - - 1 152	1 524 1 509 1 509 7 7 7 -		-	948 948 942 - - - - 916	1 515 1 515 1 515 	1 705 1 720 1 720 8 8 -
HOUSE HEATING FUEL	//3	1 049	633	1 132	1 470			,		
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	491 3 279 - -	771 - 278 - -	621 221 11	1 052 6 64 - 30	1 230 5 257 - 4	-	-	867 11 38 - -	1 362 8 105 - 6	1 265 - 236 7 24
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	17 312 360 84 1.7	24 222 532 271 2.1	31 303 405 114 1.8	49 343 591 169 1.8	87 355 770 284 1.9	=	=	65 360 386 105 1.6	53 459 754 215 1.8	283 577 503 169 1.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units  1989 to Morch 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or earlier  Renter-occupied housing units  1989 to Morch 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or earlier	705 116 256 134 127 72 68 18 50 -	848 74 207 107 319 141 201 113 49 28	437 17 77 44 97 202 416 200 176 31 5	835 49 173 89 227 297 317 153 153 5	1 145 125 277 125 353 265 351 111 136 71 33	-	- - - - - - - - -	676 23 140 82 113 318 240 78 102 33 27	1 244 115 261 95 319 454 237 65 137 22 13	780 61 168 119 163 269 752 274 322 103 36
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit  Householder 65 years ond over.  Owner-occupied housing units  Locking complete plumbing focilities.  No telephone in unit  No vehicle ovoiloble  Complete plumbing focilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room  1.00 or less persons per room  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room	32 138 132 - 7 773 764 9 - -	5 119 113 - 14 1 049 1 043 6 - -	10 207 132 - 26 853 836 17 -	13 310 277 - 49 1 152 1 152 - -	14 335 216 - 79 1 489 1 484 5 7	-	- - - - - - -	36 301 267 - 42 916 916 - -	5 314 295 - 48 1 481 1 470 11 - -	80 389 244 8 22 149 1 524 1 505 19 8 8
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollors) Renter-occupied housing units (dollors) Household income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	52 155 25 869 52 44	63 065 24 691 22 - 22	43 165 26 141 53 5 48	46 807 27 072 71 42 29	54 223 22 765 81 11 70	-	- - - -	33 028 24 686 96 40 56	33 737 23 528 110 56 54	26 315 16 401 350 122 228

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Pel	kin city (pt.), Tazev	vell County—Cor				Washington city,	Tozewell County
Area	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 210	Tract 211.01 (pt.)	Troct 211.02 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	Tract 218.01 (pt.)	Tract 218.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 221 (pt.)
All housing units	1 044	2 687	3 062	2 074	367	241	118	-	-	1 226
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990	- 11 20 50 185 209 569	6 - 30 145 336 441 603 1 126	46 227 1 350 671 423 128 217	9 - 50 636 571 425 225 158	39 213 96 5 5	8 - 35 120 20 21 25 12	33 26 18 34 7	- - - - -	-	- 42 159 100 329 243 353
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	9 107 534 313 74 7	34 426 1 092 883 160 92	10 586 1 003 1 154 275 34	179 593 943 313 46	27 69 66 170 27 8	69 59 109 4	- 26 76 16	-	-	4 88 315 566 202 51
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condaminium housing units Renter-occupied condaminium housing units Vocant condominium hausing units	- 11	=	27	22 6 -	=	37 - -	Ξ	Ξ	-	Ξ
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen focilities Source of water, public system ar private campany Sewage disposal, public sewer Locking complete plumbing facilities Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units Occupied housing units	1 039 1 044 1 044 21 10 11	2 653 2 687 2 687 - - - 2 517	3 062 3 062 3 062 15 - 15 2 958	2 074 2 066 2 017 - - - 2 006	358 367 354 - - - - 347	241 241 236 - - - 237	118 118 118 - - - 118	- - - -	-	1 226 1 226 1 226 - - - - 1 201
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas— 8ottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity — Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. All other fuels No fuel used—	942 5 19 - -	2 353 127 20 17	2 018 11 897 14 18	1 632 24 350 - -	261 9 77 - -	182 - 55 - -	99 - 13 - 6 -	:	-	1 077 - 117 - - 7
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
Nane	152 445 282 87 1.3	278 1 048 932 259 1.5	411 1 106 1 003 438 1.6	129 710 929 238 1.7	24 124 121 78 1.7	51 79 85 22 1.4	7 27 62 22 1.8	=	=	36 346 571 248 1.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1984 1980 to 1984 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier	602 49 96 41 88 328 364 146 135 57 26	1 657 117 387 134 366 653 860 298 420 96 31	1 433 84 358 208 486 297 1 525 541 662 198 113	1 488 61 325 93 422 587 518 206 227 46 19	189 38 39 32 74 6 158 68 48 42	168 53 42 16 42 15 69 26 39 4	91 - 18 34 23 16 27 18 9 - -	-	-	903 88 208 93 190 324 298 94 146 36
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit  Householder 65 years and over	128 271 224 10 20 117 945 872 73 21 10	98 799 651 - 23 197 2 517 2 463 - 54 -	160 657 256 - 21 292 2 943 2 912 31 15	7 610 507 - 116 2 006 1 990 16 - -	30 27 12 - 5 5 5 347 324 23 - -	18 46 46 - 15 237 231 6 6	- 12 12 - - - 118 118 - - -	-	-	20 278 255 - 28 1 201 1 197 4 -
Mean household income in 1989:  Owner-occupied housing units (dallars) Renter-occupied housing units (dallars) Household income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	24 924 14 598 212 50 162	31 333 18 811 325 105 220	39 907 16 406 568 30 538	46 174 24 138 69 40 29	57 062 19 207 56 - 56	32 006 24 774 14 - 14	36 564 29 851 5 - 5	-	-	44 300 24 324 50 31

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Woshington cit	ry, Tozewell Count	y—Con.			Remoind	er of Tozewell Co	unty		
Area	Troct 222 (pt.)	Troct 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Troct 201 (pt.)	Troct 203.01 (pt.)	Troct 203.02 (pt.)	Troct 204 (pt.)	Troct 205 (pt.)	Troct 206 (pt.)	Troct 207 (pt.)
All housing units	1 314	941	422	-	305	18	2 470	1 643	-	30
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990	40 42 71 452 227 200 157 125	8 18 74 196 262 156 75	5 39 28 300 45		- 6 72 55 35 71 66	- - 12 6 - -	6 7 94 497 333 595 579 359	3 32 382 206 571 385 64	-	- 1 16 - 9 4
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	4 161 466 529 133 21	60 218 470 188 5	15 20 346 41 -	=	10 100 144 34 17	- 6 12 -	8 216 1 033 1 039 142 32	38 301 1 112 151 41	-	- 20 7 3 -
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vocont condominium housing units	32 63 4	16 - -	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										00
Complete kitchen focilities	1 314 1 226 1 255 - - - 1 257	941 933 936 - - - 921	422 409 409 - - - - 414	-	305 77 62 - - - 294	18 6 6 - - - 18	2 450 2 454 2 422 16 8 -	1 628 1 613 1 565 8 6 2	-	30 20 20 - - - - 30
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gos	802 18 421 - 16	817 6 98 - -	398 5 5 - 6	-	252 10 14 18 -	13 5 - -	2 152 - 141 9 16 13	1 436 6 108 1 37 2	- - - -	13 - 17 - - -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	22 389 602 244 1.9	37 273 392 219 1.9	70 216 128 2.2	- - -	7 104 98 85 2.0	5 13 - 1.7	134 802 974 421 1.8	35 370 820 365 2.0	- - - -	16 14 - 1.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or eorlier Renter-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979	772 61 152 81 228 250 485 253 203 19 —	720 60 140 94 146 280 201 61 101 16 23	324 11 55 54 72 132 90 29 43 6	-	253 15 30 21 65 122 41 12 21 8	18 - - 13 5 - - - - - -	1 633 155 278 130 477 593 698 360 220 77 20 21	1 291 122 310 124 407 328 299 127 150 11		14 
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit	1 257 1 227 30	10 234 188 - 37 921 916 5 - -	50 42 42 - - - 414 396 18 -	-	14 78 71 - 7 294 294 - - -	- - - - - 18	138 434 379 - 8 81 2 323 2 275 48 8 8	61 240 231 3 4 25 1 582 1 563 19 8 8	-	30 30
Moon household income in 1989:  Owner-occupied housing units (dollors) Renter-occupied housing units (dollors) Household income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	30 700 60 18	42 201 22 675 19 5	37 338 35 354 13 7	-	33 789 21 603 6 -	=	31 951 20 319 279 126 153	37 485 27 004 120 66 54	-	58 106 15 300 13

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				1	Remainder of Taze	well County—Can				
Area	Troct 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 211.01 (pt.)	Tract 211.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 212.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 216.03 (pt.)	Troct 216.04 (pt.)
All housing units	-	-	_	201	819	36	142	971	406	5
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 ta March 1990 1985 ta 1988	-	=	_	_	, <del>-</del>	_	Ξ	16 18	10	_
1980 ta 1984 1970 ta 1979	_	Ξ	=	41	14 55 317	=	6	40 498	42 189	=
1950 to 1959	-	-	=	80 49	208 94	21 15	22 93 21	163 86	84 56	5
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	=	Ξ	_	16 15	63 68	Ξ	Ξ	41 109	25	=
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	=	Ξ	_	33	5 13	Ξ	_	_		
bedrooms	=	=	Ξ	33 81 64 15	258 375 154	27	109	148 584	69 196	5
bedraoms	Ξ	Ξ	=	15 8	154 14	9 -	33	178 61	102 12	-
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium hausing units	=	Ξ	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	=	15	Ξ	=
Vacant condaminium housing units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS  Camplete kitchen facilities				193	819	36	142	961	401	5
Source of water, public system or private campany	<u> </u>	-	=	193 54	331 283	30 21	142 142	754 72	147 171	_
Sewage dispasal, public seweracking complete plumbing facilities Owner-occupied hausing units	-	Ξ	Ξ	8 -		=	-	10 10		_
Renter-occupied hausing units	_	=	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Occupied housing units	-	-	-	186	790	36	142	962	391	5
Utility gas	_	_	_	178	546	36	142	676	186	5
Battled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	-	Ξ	_	8	119 95	=	=	85 158	111 59	-
Fuel ail, kerosene, etc All other fuels	_	Ξ	=	Ė	18 12	Ξ	Ξ	35 8	17 18	-
No fuel used VEHICLES AVAILABLE	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	
Nane	_	_	_	8	40	_	_	6	13	_
12 2	-	=	_	32 130	208 286	6	39 62	157 514	69 181	5
3 or more	=	Ξ	Ξ	130 16 1.9	256 2.0	24 2.9	41 2.1	285 2.2	128 2.2	2.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units	_	Ξ	=	122 6	653 60	30	126	<b>874</b> 114	333 7	<b>5</b>
1985 ta 1988	_	_	_	32 - 44	137 102	- - 9	11 11	193 92	87 57	-
1969 or earlier	_	Ξ	Ξ	40	235 119	21	35 69	327 148	123 59	=
Renter-occupied housing units	-	-	Ξ	<b>64</b> 43	<b>137</b> 54	6	16 -	88 39	58 28	-
1985 to 1988	-	=	=	16	65	6	11_	11	30	
1970 to 1979	=	=	=	5	11 7	Ξ	5	27 4	=	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Na telephone in unit Hauseholder 65 years ond over		-	-	8 34	27 104	- 6	- 20	132	- 33	
Owner-occupied housing units Locking camplete plumbing focilities	_	=	=	17	93	6	20	128	33	-
No telephone in unit	-	Ξ	=	_	_ 25	_	Ξ	=	- 8	
Complete plumbing focilities	_	-	-	186	790	36	142	952 952	391 377	5
1.00 or less persons per raam 1.01 or more persons per raam	-	-	=	170 16	785 5	36	142	952 - 10	14	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities 1.00 ar less persons per raom	_	Ξ	_	=	-	=	=	10	-	
1.01 or mare persons per room Mean household income in 1989:		-	-	-	-			_		
Owner-occupied housing units (dallars)	-	-	Ξ	40 234 15 180	47 743 22 105	61 358 64 000	46 797 44 778	55 916 38 809	56 215 24 459	56 250
Hausehold income in 1989 belaw paverty level Owner-occupied hausing units	-	-	-	43 8	63 45	Ξ	Ξ	15 15	17 5	-
Renter-occupied hausing units	-	-	-	35	18	-	-	-	12	

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Oato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remoinder of Tozewell County—Con.								1100
Area	Troct 216.06 (pt.)	Troct 217.01	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 218.01 (pt.)	Troct 218.02 (pt.)	Troct 219	Troct 220	Troct 221 (pt.)	Troct 222 (pt.)
All housing units	32	1 540	1 596	1 172	901	1 822	1 569	143	256
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to Morch 1990	7 6 6 6	11 20 110 407 224 241 71 456	29 49 98 498 302 172 105 343	2 38 59 319 182 147 209 216	- 6 26 366 231 144 28 100	9 19 77 569 178 199 89 682	17 29 51 330 281 166 112 583	- - 26 - 37 24 56	- 7 7 138 42 19 15 28
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom	12 20	6 59 421 743 252 59	72 352 797 348 27	10 108 350 517 166 21	2 104 226 468 96 5	19 81 373 864 414 71	3 57 406 780 243 80	- 28 75 32 8	- 2 54 148 52
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vocant condominium housing units	=	Ξ	=======================================	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	5 -	=	=
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen focilities Source of water, public system or private company Sewoge dispasal, public sewer Locking complete plumbing focilities Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units Occupied housing units	=	1 535 970 759 17 8 2	1 591 978 813 6 - 6	1 172 701 67 - - 1 117	896 6 7 7 7 <b>750</b>	1 813 1 104 1 032 14 13 -	1 566 972 830 3 3 -	143 16 - - - - 143	256 140 112 - - - <b>256</b>
HOUSE HEATING FUEL	32	1 437	1 307						
Utility gos	19 7 6 -	778 371 137 77 94	803 387 262 69 46	800 98 162 21 36	31 434 177 23 85	917 391 258 54 82	760 327 206 121 52 12	35 99 5 4 -	119 60 77 - - -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None	18	62 301 701 393 2.1	54 375 662 476 2.2	70 298 527 222 1.9	33 158 351 208 2.1	70 428 846 358 2.0	67 415 601 395 2.0	9 23 58 53 2.4	75 131 50 1.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier	- 6 14 12 - - -	1 151 65 213 162 384 327 306 108 104 57 19	1 268 88 230 168 448 334 299 64 163 38 23	28 186 67 305 262 269 116 107 23 5	613 42 167 57 206 141 137 63 30 11 15	1 340 80 250 225 378 407 362 127 156 36 25	1 090 73 180 132 332 373 388 93 146 43 83 23	123 6 - 26 68 23 20 10 3 - 3 4	185 19 29 22 108 7 71 35 10 19 - 7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit  Householder 65 years and over Owner-occupied housing units Lacking complete plumbing focilities  No telephone in unit No vehicle avoiloble  Complete plumbing focilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room  1.00 or less persons per room  1.00 or less persons per room  1.00 or less persons per room	12 12 - - 32 32 - -	61 344 307 8 10 41 1 447 1 422 25 10	26 359 294 6 11 40 1 561 1 551 10 6	107 204 187 - 3 16 1 117 1 058 59 - -	9 201 182 - - 9 743 743 - 7 5	33 421 366 111 5 55 1 689 1 674 15 13	49 417 326 3 2 48 1 475 1 464 11 3 3	- 31 27 - 9 143 143 - -	- 54 41 - 256 256 - - -
1.01 or more persons per room  Macm household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollors) Renter-occupied housing units (dollors) Household income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	72 845	41 729 25 571 123 59 64	42 628 23 858 69 26 43	32 586 16 688 171 71 100	40 407 20 768 36 - 36	36 676 25 321 134 68 66	39 222 26 518 103 46 57	69 193 39 594 — —	47 899 21 336 13 - 13

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Doto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remoinder of Tazewell C	County—Con.		Woodford Cou	nty	
Area	Troct 223 (pt.)	Tract 224 (pt.)	Troct 301.98	Troct 302	Troct 303	Troct 304
All housing units	333	820	988	1 268	1 060	1 529
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT						
1989 to Morch 1990	- 52 104 129 44 - 4	- 10 14 175 396 193 23 9	29 37 121 122 148 62 469	23 52 152 172 171 210 119 541	5 11 38 152 202 191 84 377	16 43 67 453 192 300 108 350
BEDROOMS						
No bedroom	- 7 144 116 47 19	- 9 68 576 127 40	1 70 234 428 189 66	3 55 371 580 215 44	62 292 478 169 59	8 107 320 715 311 68
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS						
Owner-occupied condominium housing units  Renter-occupied condominium housing units  Vocont condominium housing units	5 7 -	=	Ξ	Ξ	2 3 -	Ξ
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Complete kitchen focilities Surver of worker public system or private compony Sewoge disposol, public sewer Locking complete plumbing focilities.  Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	333 308 312 - - -	820 729 706 - -	986 474 95 3 - 3	1 254 1 102 1 047 11 3	1 058 776 779 6 6	1 529 1 201 1 066 - -
Occupied housing units	323	811	930	1 186	1 009	1 480
Utility gos	203 13 107 - -	701 37 44 - 29	435 271 87 100 37	860 103 139 72 12	695 142 82 48 42	1 072 181 203 13 11
VEHICLES AVAILABLE						
None	9 111 124 79 2.0	6 165 424 216 2.1	34 242 419 235 2.0	67 410 446 263 1.8	27 321 428 233 2.0	65 379 678 358 2.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT						
Owner-occupied housing units  1989 to Morch 1990  1985 to 1988  1970 to 1979  1969 or earlier  Renter-occupied housing units  1989 to Morch 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or earlier  2987 to Morch 1990  1988 to 1988	191 13 42 33 37 66 132 60 52 13	741 57 92 53 314 225 70 30 40 	683 43 91 67 173 309 247 71 72 33 44 27	927 63 154 115 263 332 259 108 87 24 16	796 53 104 97 221 321 213 67 77 57	1 171 119 236 150 347 319 309 132 96 38 228 15
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS						
No telephone in unit  Householder 65 years and over  Owner-occupied housing units  Locking complete plumbing focilities  No telephone in unit  No vehicle ovoiloble  Complete plumbing focilities	- 39 27 - - - - 323	10 90 90 - - - - 811 805	28 236 205 3 - 16 927	59 381 324 - 2 48 1 183 1 183	37 290 255 - 5 21 1 003 997	7 363 296 - - 65 1 480 1 470
1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing focilities 1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room	319 4 - - -	805 6 - - -	920 7 3 3	1 1/4 9 3 3	6 6 6 -	10 - - -
Mean household income in 1989:  Owner-occupied housing units (dollors)  Renter-occupied housing units (dollors)  Household income in 1989 below poverty level  Owner-occupied housing units  Renter-occupied housing units	45 417 18 553 32 9 23	45 480 24 726 44 24 20	34 031 20 641 141 76 65	33 055 21 582 117 59 58	40 230 23 305 65 34 31	40 254 26 226 80 41 39

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sampling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Wo	odford County—Cor	l.	
Area	Troct 305.01	Troct 305.02	Troct 306.01	Troct 306.02	Troct 307
All housing units	1 641	1 024	2 007	890	1 525
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					
1989 to Morch 1990	74 90 107 654 281 234 147 54	4 11 77 291 276 246 58 61	29 43 92 613 300 272 164 494	37 42 56 296 123 62 55 219	11 8 42 347 227 215 111 564
BEDROOMS					
No bedroom	5 44 293 892 365 42	28 365 484 126 21	11 295 600 719 317 65	8 42 215 425 180 20	2 67 448 686 269 53
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS					
Owner-occupied condominium housing units Renter-occupied condominium housing units Vocont condominium housing units	= =	=	23 26 -	=	=
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS					
Complete kitchen focilities Source of woter, public system or private company Sewage disposol, public sewer Locking complete plumbing focilities Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	1 636 1 112 421 - -	1 016 85 6 10 -	2 007 1 821 1 613 -	871 322 210 24 1	1 523 1 112 984 2 2
Occupied housing units	1 615	969	1 920	833	1 453
HOUSE HEATING FUEL					
Unility gos	1 075 217 238 21 64	689 107 115 20 36 2	1 457 120 240 58 35 10	349 321 60 22 79 2	1 107 187 72 67 20
VEHICLES AVAILABLE					
None	11 247 881 476 2.3	16 246 385 322 2.2	171 645 788 316 1.7	17 126 383 307 2.3	71 405 675 302 1.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT					
Owner-occupied housing units  1989 to Morch 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or eorlier  Renter-occupied housing units  1989 to Morch 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or eorlier	1 476 217 352 141 497 269 139 42 70 14	774 53 179 114 238 190 195 85 66 20 9	1 285 162 245 222 335 321 635 228 223 81 84	706 46 166 85 248 161 127 31 70 7	1 106 96 191 127 373 319 347 106 153 40 344
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS					
No telephone in unit	2 182 173 - 8 1 615 1 602	19 157 129 - 3 5 967 956	57 599 417 - 6 127 1 920 1 870	12 148 135 - - 11 832 824	51 369 313 - 3 37 1 451 1 436 15
1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing facilities 1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room Mean household income in 1989:	13 - - -	11 2 2 -	50 - - -	8 1 - 1	2 2 -
Owner-occupied housing units (dollors) Renter-occupied housing units (dollors) Household income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	55 834 28 576 57 35 22	41 793 21 287 48 20 28	40 151 19 198 208 43 165	44 783 41 736 38 28 10	37 093 25 685 135 63 72

[Doto based on somple and subject to sompling voriobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Peoria Caunty				Tazewell County			
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Tatol	Pekin city (pt.)	Peario city	Tatol	Eost Peario city	Morton village	Pekin city (pt.)	Woshington city	Woodford Caunty
Specified owner-occupied housing units	77 456	40 109	-	23 186	30 217	5 351	3 367	8 031	2 553	7 130
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	44 181	22 470	-	12 823	17 647	2 981	2 067	4 306	1 529	4 064
Less than \$300 \$300 ta \$399	1 935 5 525	990 2 577	Ξ	558 1 328	805 2 509	49 483	18 123	258 72 <b>7</b>	60 122	140 439 777
\$400 ta \$499 \$500 to \$599	8 765 8 108	4 343 3 884	_	2 375 2 037	3 645 3 463	581 590	195 389	1 157 <b>74</b> 3	297 337	761
\$600 to \$799 \$800 to \$999	10 619	5 295 2 594	_	2 903 1 572	4 189 1 801	822 306	544 390	871 376	429 163	1 135 408
\$1,000 ta \$1,499 \$1,500 ta \$1,999	3 526 595	2 052 471	_	1 471 358	1 104 92	137	346 42	151 15	109 12	408 370 32
\$2,000 ar more Median (dollors)	305 572	264 586	Ξ	221 606	39 554	568	20 712	8 501	- 583	2 589
Not mortgaged Less than \$100	33 275 730	17 639 428	-	10 363 183	12 570 230	2 370 30	1 300	3 725 121	1 024 15	3 066 72
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	13 843 13 414	7 566 6 690	-	3 904 4 061	4 999 5 474	892 1 084	325 616	1 600 1 563	304	1 278 1 250
\$300 to \$399 \$400 ta \$499	3 843 919	1 999 537	_	1 446 427	1 437 338	281 70	301 53	317 79	564 127 14	407 44
\$500 ar mare Medion (dallors)	526 212	419 210	=	342 222	92 215	13 220	5 258	45 206	226	15 213
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$20,000	17 596					1 375		2 354	385	1 348
Less than 20 percent	6 661	9 642 3 542 1 182	=	5 730 2 027	6 606 2 511	462	329 140	934 338	123 52	608
25 to 29 percent	1 947 1 286	1 130	Ξ	682 750	1 058 688	283 172 96	46 37 9	265 168	35 44	156 129
35 percent or mareNot camputed	4 932 374	766 2 803	Ξ	419 1 700	451 1 758	335	91	603	131	69 371 15
Medion	24.1	219 24.9	Ξ	152 25.5	140 23.4	27 23.7	22.3	23.3	27.5	21.9
\$20,000 ta \$34,999 Less than 20 percent 20 ta 24 percent	18 372 12 470	9 564 6 406	_	5 276 3 400	7 245 5 042	1 140 804	675 469	2 013 1 454	705 473 124	1 563 1 022
25 to 29 percent	2 931 1 694	1 569 897	Ξ	900 570	1 113 642	105 168	109 67	320 148	30	249 155 75 62
30 ta 34 percent	649 621	283 402	Ξ	165 234	291 157	42 21	25 5	72 19	52 26	62
Not computed	15.0	14.9	Ξ	15.4	15.1	14.5	15.9	14.1 1 718	16.0 588	15.7 1 890
\$35,000 ta \$49,999 Less than 20 percent	17 770 14 540 1 977	8 651 6 986	=	4 645 3 666	7 229 6 014	1 375 1 077	798 617	1 507 102	466 76	1 540 241
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	882	1 008 458	=	540 293	728 363	195 77	95 60	91	38	61 19
35 percent or mare	194 175	97 102	Ξ	56 90	78 46	20 6	16 10	11	8	27
Nat computed	13.6	13.5	_	13.5	13.9	14.3	15.0	12.7	15.7 875	12.7 2 329
\$50,000 ar mare Less than 20 percent	23 718 21 555	12 252 10 935	Ξ	7 535 6 582	9 137 8 529	1 461 1 383	1 565 1 379	1 946 1 833	803 56	2 091 147
20 to 24 percent	1 471 472	862 304	=	631 212	462 106	66	124 51	88 25	9	62 20
30 ta 34 percent	150 70	104 47	=	69 41	26 14	6	6 5	=	7	9
Nat camputed	11.2	11.4	Ξ	11.5	10.9	11.1	12.4	11.1	10.7 1 <b>074</b>	11.5 2 206
Specified renter-occupied housing units GROSS RENT	40 276	24 992	_	19 422	13 078	2 745	1 353	4 750	1 0/4	
Less than \$100 \$100 ta \$199	1 861 4 362	1 537 2 822	_	1 484   2 440	259 1 376	87 3 <b>79</b>	42 51	115 799	9	65 164
\$200 ta \$299 \$300 to \$399	7 482 11 402	3 971 6 519	Ξ	2 969 4 566	3 009 4 163	594 791	217 414	1 239 1 490	208 393	720
\$400 to \$499 \$500 ta \$599	8 042 3 687	5 334 2 672	Ξ	4 068 2 277	2 301 874	364 178	347 147	657 180	284 119	502 720 407 141 34
\$600 ta \$749 \$750 ta \$999	1 241 388	972 283	_	844 248	235 93	37 25	81 29	53 22	11	12
\$1,000 ar mare Na cash rent	287 1 524	89 793	_	77 ( 449	198 570	174 116	8 17	11 184	50	161
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS	349	359	-	360	337	329	389	308	379	337
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$10,000	12 704	8 528		7 314	3 603	971	179	1 618	121	573
Less than 20 percent	989 854	743 630	=	686 572	216 191	92 46	17 36	104		30 33
25 to 29 percent	1 037 872	709 610	Ξ	639 533	280 225	85 100	20	156 104	4 7	48 37
35 percent or mareNot camputed	7 775	5 109 727	Ξ	4 318 566	2 304 387	534 114	88 18	966	110	362 63
Median	50.0+ 10 039	50.0+ 5 786	Ξ	50.0+ 4 153	50.0+ 3 683	47.9 669	41.2 407	46.2 1 375	50.0+ 262	573 30 33 48 37 362 63 46.9 570
Less than 20 percent	1 559 2 187	684 1 262	Ξ	530 821	770 773	181 122	63 102	353 306	32 46	105
25 to 29 percent	1 803 1 653	1 060 928	=	702 630	653 651	97 100	50 73	262 236	74 57	90 74
35 percent or mare Nat camputed	2 525 312	1 684 168	Ξ	1 386 84	718 118	161	114	179 39	39 14	90 74 123 26 25.8
Medion	28.1 10 318	29.1 6 228	Ē	29.9 4 650	26.8 3 478	26.4 738	28.6 440		28.1 408	25.8 612
Less than 20 percent	6 373	3 600 1 534	=	2 564 1 239	2 362 681	501 100	224 164	849 142	271 92	612 411 112
25 to 29 percent	799 196	605 159	-	486 140	168	22	23 14	56	19	26 7
35 percent or moreNat computed	184 184 439	90 240	-	75 146	90 147	71 36	9	10 30	_ 26	4 52
Median	18.1	18.6 4 450	-	19.0	17.5	17.5	19.8 327	16.5 670	17.5 283	17 4
Less thon 20 percent	7 215 6 685 174	4 450 4 147 122	-	3 305 3 125 71	2 314 2 144 30	367 325 4	314	640 13	273	451 394 22
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	I 57 I	45 7	-	71 37 7	12	7	5	-	-	
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or mare Not computed	12 20 267	6 123	=	6 59	14 109	14 17	- - 6	17	10	35
Median	12.1	12.3	-	12.5	11.8	11.6	12.7	11.5	11.5	11.9

[Ooto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Peoria County									
Area	Troct 28	Troct 29	Troct 30	Troct 31.01	Troct 31.02	Troct 33	Tract 34.01	Troct 34.02	Tract 35	Troct 39
Specified owner-occupied housing units	782	1 048	1 599	994	1 067	969	887	970	121	925
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	471	569	859	885	816	662	620	774	62	<b>626</b> 14
Less thon \$300 \$300 to \$399	16 33	22 7	18 87	65	6	=	25	27	14	66 70
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	81 84	98 67	77 166	178 156	110 <b>78</b>	17 48	54 41	40 56	18 2 <u>3</u>	134 179
\$600 to \$799 \$800 to \$999	167 63	82 86	294 127	172 110	223 197	48 90 98	118 106	108 142	7	70 87
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	63 27	139 37	84	181 17	172 22	202 149	169 27	256 106	=	6
\$2,000 or more	627	31 814	646	642	8 794	58 1 155	73 926	39 1 021	447	635
Not mortgaged	311	479	740	109	251	307	267	196	59	<b>299</b> 7
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199	67	81 221	204 365	24 42	131	23 73 72	65 90	46 84	44 15	78 116
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	34 11	111 20	105 58	21	75 33	72 51	59 21	49 7	_	79 17
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	-	46 272	8 239	22 245	12 297	88 387	32 250	10 260	167	262
Medion (dollors)	238	2/2	239	243	271	307	250	200		
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										124
Less thon \$20,000 Less thon 20 percent	116 33	165 66	216 76	79 21	62 23	87 16	73 4	<b>46</b> 15	38 22	124 38
20 to 24 percent	6 4	66 25 60	34 49	5 <b>2</b> 0	_	9 25	10 10	10	_	11 18
30 to 34 percent	5 68	14	8 38	5 28	39	32	32	11 6	6 10	14 36
Not computed	_	23.3	11 23.9	28.4	41.4	5 28.2	32 17 37.5	23.0	19.1	7 27.6
Median \$20,000 to \$34,999	38.1 216	233	399	153 58 50	150 65	98 29	125 81	126	27 27	209
Less thon 20 percent	152 33	142 51	234 61	50 24	11 38	28 10	26 8	59 13 <b>2</b> 5		122 39 26 18
25 to 29 percent	26	25 7	75 9	8	19	19	10	29	_	18
35 percent or more Not computed	5 -	8 -	20	13	17	-	16.1	21.5	10.0-	17.2
Medion \$35,000 to \$49,999	13.4 176	17.1 189	14.4 425	21.8 290	24.5 221	23.6 95	188 120	143 88	20 20	271 199
Less thon 20 percent	129 35	164 16	304 69	219 39	96 61	95 53 25	36 27	41	-	58
25 to 29 percent	7	-	46	15 7	32 13	5	5	14	=	6 2
35 percent or more Not computed	-	9	6	10	19	12			11.9	16.4
Medion \$50,000 or more	12.8	13.0 461	14.6 559	15.9 472	21.2 634	17.9 689	16.3 501	14.7 655	36	321 276
Less thon 20 percent	268	373 56	516 29	346 83	548 68	545 70	411 60	461 108	36	7
25 to 29 percent	-	18 14	8	24 13	18	35 26	24 6	65 15	-	18 20
35 percent or moreNot computed	-		6	6	_	13	-	6 -	Ξ.	
Medion Specified renter-occupied housing units	11.4	12.8 <b>708</b>	10.6 <b>426</b>	15.6 441	11.9 <b>1 268</b>	13.1 <b>137</b>	13.6 <b>128</b>	16.5 <b>200</b>	10. <b>0-</b> <b>83</b>	13.4 179
GROSS RENT			420	•••				8	_	_
Less than \$100	28	21 57	6	29	5	- 4	11	7		13 42
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	145	21 213	61 65	17 49	58 439	7	27 49	38	7 60	45
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	1 177	309 45	56 146	153 95 81	433 248	15 37	28	46 30	9	45 15 2
\$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	1 6	18 24	75 17	81 6	42 25	32 21	8	45 9 12	7	3
\$1,000 or more No cash rent	15	=	_	11	18	10 11	5	5	432	14 363
Medion (dollors) HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS	443	408	516	484	429	<b>62</b> 5	442	467	432	303
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989					100	32	_	5	7	30
Less thon \$10,000 Less thon 20 percent	. 14	161 14	22	64 11	182	-	=	=	<u> </u>	- 2
20 to 24 percent	.   7	14 14	=		Ξ	=	Ξ	Ξ.	_	2 2
30 to 34 percent	. 82	8 111	22	47	142	27	=	5	7	16 8
Not computedMedian	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	40 50.0+	50.0 <del>+</del>	20	50.0 <del>+</del> 55	50.0+ 29	45.6 47
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 20 percent	.   14	150 17	115	56	278 4	43	-	- 9	-	5 18
20 to 24 percent	.   29	16 10	28 10	17 7	43 74	Ξ	12	- 4	16	11
30 to 34 percent	.   13	47 60	27 39	6 26	56 97	7 36	8	42	13	-
Not computed	.   -	33.4	31.6	33.3	4 31.4	47.5	29.2	37.8	34.5	25.2
Medion \$20,000 to \$34,999 Less thon 20 percent	249	258 124	145 36	134 64	411 188	17 4	60 24	65 34	30 13	55 21 27
20 to 24 percent25 to 29 percent	. 79	117 17	40 43	31 16	164 52	7 -	17 19	13	10	- 2
30 to 34 percent	.   -	=	43 16 10	20	-	_		6	7	_
Not computed	.   -	20.2	24.6	3 20.2	7 20.4	6 21.1	21.8	5 19.4	21.0	20.7
\$35,000 or more Less thon 20 percent	. 208	139 139	144 144	187 180	397 383	45 38	48 35	75 36	17 17	47 39
20 to 24 percent	. 6	-	-	5	-	7	8	39	=	3 -
30 to 34 percent	.   -	=	=	-	7	_	=	-	=	-
Not computed	_   7	12.5	14.1	2 14.6	7 12.3	13.5	5 14.9	20.2	12.5	5 13.0
MEMORI SECTION OF THE PROPERTY	12.4	12.3	14.1	14.0	12.5	10.5				

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling voriability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Totals for s	split trocts/BNA's in	n Peario County—Cor	n.			Pekin city (pt.), Peario County
Area	Tract 41.01	Tract 41.02	Troct 42	Troct 43	Troct 44	Troct 46	T <sub>F</sub> oct 48.02	Troct 49.01	Troct 49.01 (pt.)
Specified awner-occupied housing units SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	643	538	930	815	1 358	1 566	1 379	835	-
With a mortgage	<b>478</b> 10 11	426 13 23	514 28 96	<b>292</b> 33 71 97	<b>678</b> 25 117	771 48 136	<b>710</b> 34 106	<b>452</b> 11 54	Ξ
\$400 to \$499	19 62	64 72	175 43	55	155 178	21 <i>4</i> 152	188 93	151 112	Ξ
\$600 to \$799 \$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	160 113 86	90 121 38	61 60 30	30	160 36 7	157 53 11	211 56 22	89 21 14	Ξ
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 or more	17 -	5	12	Ξ	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	Ξ
Median (dollors)	762 <b>165</b>	709 112	474 416	429 <b>523</b>	520 680	494 <b>795</b>	553 669	511 383	=
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	70 73	- - 65	22 199 128	8 349 141	63 354 217	23 433 290	20 414 208	12 214 133	
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	73 22 -	65 23 24	28 13	9 5	19 27	42	9 7	24	=
\$500 or more Median (dollors)	215	289	26 196	11 178	183	7 190	11 181	188	=
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$20,000	59	53	270	291	398	437	437	212	_
Less thon 20 percent	21 —	23	72 34 42	188 13	169 61	168 96	125 52 62	83 18 22	-
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	- 6 32	7 - 23	42 17 105	29 24 37	26 29 108	42 11 111	60 125	12	Ξ.
Not camputed	44.2	27.5	28.5	16.8	5 22.3	9 22.4	13 27.8	2 25.9	Ξ
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less thon 20 percent 20 to 24 percent	127 54 31	93 37 21	204 162 29	306 236 37	421 284 91	423 327 50	327 244 42	243 166 47	-
25 to 24 percent	21	18	6 7	15 11	22	29 7	12 19	9 19	Ξ
35 percent or more Not computed	21	17	-	7	16	10	10 - 12.7	2	=
Medion	21.5 102 69	22.3 146 84	12.6 257 205	14.7 152 152	15.6 328 314	12.7 379 314	287 247	14.4 192 169	-
20 to 24 percent	26 7	33 17	29 4	=	14	54 -	30 10	20 3	=
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	Ξ	6	9 10	=	=	11	-	=	-
Median \$50,000 or more	15.0 355	19.1 246	12.7 199	10.0 <del>-</del> 66	12.9 211	13.4 327	12.3 328	12.4 188	_
Less than 20 percent	274 69	221 20	187	66	207 4	320 7	317 11	178 2 8	=
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	12	5 - -	12	=	=	=	-	-	=
Not computed	13.9	12.2	10.0-	10.0-	10.8	10.0-	11.2	10.8	Ξ
Specified renter-occupied housing units GROSS RENT	446	741	892	406	697	529	423	202	
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	- 6 18	53 273 131	18 61 105	- - 82	22 98 123	35 91	12 85	20 65	=
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	78 164	95 88	494 171	180 90	180 147	214 102	125 127	61 22	_
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	149	83 _ 11	31	28 7	66 16	41 11	53 _ 8	5	-
\$1,000 or moreNo cash rent	26	7	12	19	37	_ 28	- 6	29	Ξ
Medion (dollars) HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS	467	245	346	347	358	355	349	302	-
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$10,000	45	389	199	69	232	177	78	43	=
Less than 20 percent	Ξ.	36 42 37	9 15 24	=	32 26 9	9 17	_ _ 4	=	=
30 to 34 percent	31	47 216	9 127	10 49	142	8 125	72	5 29	
Not computed	14 50.0+	11 38.6	15 50.0+	10 50.0+	23 50.0+	18 50.0+ 128	2 50.0+ 84	50.0 <del>+</del> 67	=
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 20 percent 20 to 24 percent	55 	145 37 44	323 - 96	183 5 65	190 36 37	9	29 22	16 19	-
25 to 29 percent	26 25	14 20 30	108 82	65 37 32 35	54 28	5 57	3 12	12 9	=
35 percent or more Not computed Medion	4 - 30.3	30 - 24.0	28.0	35 9 27.3	27 8 26.7	39 - 32.8	18 - 23.0	11 23.2	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less than 20 percent	177 112	102 75	243 130	110 92	155 97	178 128	126 97	51 28	-
20 to 24 percent	54 11	19 8	70 31	18	33 10	20 10	17 11 -	5 5 2	=
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	=	Ξ	12	=	- 8 7	20	1	11	=
Medion \$35,000 or more	18.5 169	17.5 105	17.3 127	17.1 44	18.5 120	16.1 46 46	17.3 135 122	17.1 41 41	=
Less than 20 percent	152 5	102	127	44 - -	109 - -	46 - -	122	41 - -	=
30 to 34 percent	_	-	Ξ	Ξ	- . <del>.</del>	Ξ	-	-	Ξ
Not computed	12 11.4	3 14.4	12.1	11.2	11 11.0	13.0	12.0	10.1	=

[Doto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peorio city, Pear	io County				
Area	Troct 1	Troct 2	Troct 3	Troct 5	Troct 6	Troct 7	Troct 8	Troct 9	Troct 11	Troct 12
Specified owner-occupied housing units	234	456	528	425	683	339	303	73	-	27
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	62	139	173	95	311	107	91	<b>34</b> 5	-	_
Less than \$300	17 8	46 29	27 56	25 25	23 83	56	43 21	15	=	=
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	23 9	29 8	52 38	11 _8	99 36	16 11	16	8	_	-
\$600 to \$799 \$800 to \$999	5 -	27	Ξ	26 -	44 18	16	5	6	_	=
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999		_	-	-	8 -	8 <del>-</del>	6	_	_	_
\$2,000 or more Medion (dollars)	413	388	405	382	_ 451	398	316	340	_	=
Not mortgaged Less than \$100	172	317	355 30	<b>330</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>232</b> 14	212 13	<b>39</b> 14	_	<b>27</b> 7
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	91 53	181 88	224	186 109	201 138	126 53	81 60	16 9	_	5 15
\$300 to \$399	19	43 5	63 33	13	18	28	23 30	Ė	_	_
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	=	_	5	6	189	11 185	5 226	167	_	205
Medion (dollors)HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED	182	192	171	180	189	100	220	107		200
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less thon \$20,000	107	199	267	231	300	182	183	38	_	8
Less thon 20 percent	59	79 31	97 58	99 49	133 20	64 30	71 28	23	_	_
25 to 29 percent	26	32	35 11	14 12	25 18	23	26	_	_	_
30 to 34 percent	22	57	66	41 16	91 13	61 4	44 14	15	_	8 _
Not computed Medion	18.9	23.3	23.1	20.9	22.6 199	24.2 73	22.4 29	18.0 16	_	45.0 19
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less thon 20 percent	67 67	151 120	148 128	101 88	170	62	24	9	-	19
20 to 24 percent	_	31	10 10	8	14 11	11	5 -	_	=	-
30 to 34 percent	_	-	-	5 -	_ 4	Ξ	_	-	-	Ξ.
Not computed Medion	10.0-	12.3	10.0-	11.8	13.5	13.2	13.0	7 10.5	_	10.0-
\$35,000 to \$49,999 Less thon 20 percent	45 40	78 78	78 78	57 57	78 71	67 59	73 68 5	11 5	_	-
20 to 24 percent25 to 29 percent	5			-	7	_	5	6	_	_
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	_		- 8	-	_	-	_
35 percent or more Not computed	-	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	10.8	12.1	10.0-	20.4	Ξ	-
Medion \$50,000 or more	10.0-	28 28	35 35	36 36	106 99	17 17	18 18	8 8	-	Ξ
Less thon 20 percent	15	-	-	-	7	'-			-	-
25 to 29 percent		Ξ	Ξ	=	=	=	Ξ	Ξ	_	-
35 percent or more Not computed	ΞΞ					-	-	12.5	=	_
MedionSpecified renter-occupied housing units	10.0 <b>510</b>	11.5 <b>480</b>	10.0 <b>360</b>	10.0 <b>451</b>	10.0 <del>-</del> <b>578</b>	10.0 <b>298</b>	10.0 <b>175</b>	1 072	57	650
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	226	193	_	60	40	15	_	365	-	228
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	77	78 55	32 89	76 90	69 83	17 85	17 66	451 93	18 15	219 129 32
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	39 29	123 20	133 59	117 93	213 125	48 18	30	67 27	6	32 10
\$500 to \$599	10	11	18 29	,,, 4 5	32 12	62 28	37 14	9	9	16
\$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	8 -	'-	-	-	-	-		É	9	_
\$1,000 or more No cosh rent	.11	=	-	6	4 350	25 330	11 299	51 119	217	16 120
Medion (dollors)	118	127	340	288	350	330	277	117	2.,,	120
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989		311	171	240	241	165	57	887	12	532 71
Less thon \$10,000 Less thon 20 percent	146	29 42	8	38 38	19 21	18	9	165 112		71 72
20 to 24 percent	_	32	-	17	17 19	- 7	<u> </u>	193 130	6	72 93 93 197
30 to 34 percent	188	46 162	154	28 100	144	112 28	28 20	218 69	6	197 6
Not computed Medion	33.8	36.2	50.0+	19 33.1	21 47.1	50.0+	50.0+	28.4 138	40.0 30	31.5
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 20 percent	24	49 8	88 15	113 23 35	121 19	48	41	69	6	56 23 17
20 to 24 percent	11 -	16	25 9	4	14 8	26 10	18 12	15 12	15	-
30 to 34 percent	-	25	21 18	8 43	31 49	-	11	12 18	9	16
Not computed Medion	19.6	30.1	27.2	24.8	33.1	5 24.1	26.0	12 18.5	28.0	19.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less thon 20 percent	.   21	89 59	65 50	56 36	125 98	68 26	43 15	20 8	6	54 54
20 to 24 percent	.   -	19	10 5	20	7 20	_ 17	11	_	=	-
30 to 34 percent	. 1 –	11	=	Ξ		9 16	6	-	-	Ξ
Not computed		17.6	- 15.4 -	13.6	17.1	27.4	11 20.5	12 17.5	12.5	11.8
Medion	. 5	31	36	42	91 87	17 17	34 34	27 27	9	8 8
Less thon 20 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 20 percent 25	.  -	31	36	36	-	-	-	- -	-	-
25 to 29 percent	.   -	-	-	<u>-</u>	=	=	=	-	-	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	.   -	-		. 6	4	-	-	10.0	17.5	10.0-
Medion	. l 12.5	11.3	10.0	11.8	11.0	10.0	13.3	10.0-	17.5	10.0-

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sompling voriobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				P	eorio city, Peorio	County—Con.				
Area	Troct 13	Troct 14	Troct 15	Troct 16	Troct 17	Troct 18	Tract 19	Troct 20	Troct 21	Troct 22
Specified owner-occupied housing units	99	220	462	592	27	433	205	417	1 082	1 230
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	36	99	158	346	14	229	120	279	543	607
Less than \$300	22	13 48	32	42 72	-	11 19	18	_ 27	49 84	5 62
6400 to \$499	14	15	56 33 9	117	-	70 67	27 31	41 76	201 80	169 163
5500 to \$599	Ξ	10 13	28	77 38	6 8	50	24	92	129	136 53
800 to \$999	_	_	Ξ	_	Ξ	12	8 12	29 14	Ξ	9
31,500 to \$1,999	_	=	-	-	_	Ξ	=	Ξ	_	10
Aedion (dollors)	380 <b>63</b>	379 <b>121</b>	390 <b>304</b>	459 <b>246</b>	756 <b>13</b>	520 <b>204</b>	544 <b>85</b>	595 <b>138</b>	458 <b>539</b>	551 <b>623</b>
ess thon \$100	16 33	48	3 205	122	-	7 60	11	47	274	6 268
100 to \$199	9	43	86	105	7	68	14	60 12	189 63	309 34
300 to \$399400 to \$499	Ξ	19 5	6 4	19	6	54 15	38 _6	6	8	-
500 or more	5 135	6 223	175	201	292	245	16 326	13 252	199	6 209
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989						07	15	62	349	222
ess thon \$20,000 Less thon 20 percent	44 17	128 22	210 85	162 27	4 -	87 16	15	21	130	323 105
20 to 24 percent	10 12	23 10	37 26	15 32	Ξ	9 22	4	5	26 30	55 37 20 102
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	5	9 64	9 53	28 53	<del>-</del>	_ 27	5 6	7 29	38 125	20 102
Not computed	22.5	35.0	22.7	7 30.6	50.0+	13 27.7	33.5	33.6	28.1	4 25.0
20,000 to \$34,999	20	59	149	198	12	174 109	43 34	42 16	407 299	326 181
Less thon 20 percent	10 5	42 6	120 29	143 38	6	15	-	6	46 53	80 35 12
25 to 29 percent	Ξ.	6 5	_	14 3	Ξ	38	4	5 .5	-	12
35 percent or moreNot computed	5	_	_	Ξ	=	12	5	10	9	18
Median	20.0 28	14.8 27	15.1 92	13.1 98	17.5	15.2 95	16.5 55	24.2 118	14.8 187	18.3 251
Less thon 20 percent	28	27	79	91	Ξ	95	47 8	114	180 7	236
20 to 24 percent	Ξ	_	13	7	=	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	6
30 to 34 percent	=	_	=	_	Ξ	_	_	_	Ξ	-
Not computed	10.0-	- 10.0 <del>-</del>	10.0-	11.8	=	12.6	15.8	11.3	15.3	10.2
.50,000 or more Less thon 20 percent	7	6	11 11	134 134	11	77	92 92	195 171	139 139	330 320
20 to 24 percent	<u>-</u>	-	'-	-	'-	-	-	24	-	Ξ
25 to 29 percent	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	=	-	=	_	-	10
35 percent or moreNot computed	Ξ	_	_	_	-	=		- -	-	10.0
MedianSpecified renter-occupied housing units	10.0 <del>-</del> <b>372</b>	10.0– <b>218</b>	10.4 <b>376</b>	10.0– <b>790</b>	10.0- <b>411</b>	12.2 <b>1 198</b>	10.0- <b>387</b>	12.2 <b>244</b>	10.0– <b>995</b>	10.0- <b>596</b>
ROSS RENT									56	A
ess thon \$100	19 110	49	32	31 81	79 111	23 110	45	21	148	6
200 to \$299	78 87	98 36	98 127	217 229	106 72	390 318	78 106	65 27	208 213	104 210 154
400 to \$499500 to \$599	21 28	8 23	97	122 63	21 8	125 153	45 36	60 16	207 83	84
600 to \$/49	10	-	16	24 12	14	36 28	24 23	23	38 16	15
750 to \$999	Ξ	4 -	=	_	=	_	12	27	26	19
o cosh rent Nedion (dollors)	19 255	255	333	11 356	208	15 315	18 372	5 418	333	374
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS										
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 ess than \$10,000	253	124	108	350	231	466	138	61	406	140
Less than 20 percent	8	8 9	6	10 35	36 32	18	Ξ	Ξ	29 36	6
25 to 29 percent	5	<u> </u>	13	21	12	11 11	4	- 6	99 9	4
30 to 34 percent	194	100	89	250 28	106	348 78	128 6	55	225 8	116 14
Not computed	34 50.0+	49.1	50.0+	50.0+	45 38.6	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	45.9 290	50.0 <del>+</del> 160
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 20 percent	50 11	43 18	173	200 11	69 33	267 32	78 10	46 17	57	10
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	6	Ξ	77 41	39 51	15	61 54	14 7	12	45 41	45 51
30 to 34 percent	12	25	19 30	40 53	21	10 102	_ 47	_ 17	41 106	49
35 percent or moreNot computed	_	_	6	6		8 28.4	36.9	22.5	30.2	5 27.2
Medion	28.1 50	35.7 45	25.8 57	29.6 156	25.5 49	385	88	91	250	151 99
Less thon 20 percent	27 5	27 14	35 15	109 31	42 7	265 65	44 12	43 26	159 38 30	41 11
25 to 29 percent	18	-	7	16	-	15 15	7 7	13	30 5	- "
35 percent or more	=	4	=	-	=	25	18	9 -	18	Ξ
Not computed	18.9	16.3	18.5	17.4	12.4	16.4 80	18.4 83	20.5 46	18.0 49	17.8 145
\$35,000 or more	19 19	6	38 38	84 84	62 62	75	60	29	41 8	145 145
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	=	-	=	Ξ	=	5 -	12 11	6	-	-
30 to 34 percent35 percent or more	-	-	=	=	-	_	Ξ	6	-	=
Not computed	10.5	10.0	10.0	10.6	10.7	11.0	12.8	5 17.0	11.7	12.8
Medion 1	10.5	10.0–	10.0–	10.6	10.7	11.0	12.0	17.0		,

[Doto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				P	eorio city, Peor	no County—Con.	<u>-</u>			
Area	Troct 23	Troct 24	Troct 25	Troct 26	Troct 27	Troct 28 (pt.)	Troct 29 (pt.)	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 646	1 506	790	575	2 003	776	1 048	1 581	974	1 067
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	865	697	486	309	1 079	465	569	841	874	816
Less thon \$300	18	59	23	-	43	16 33	22 7	18 75	65	-
\$300 to \$399	58 144	82 172	132 174	45 89	82 211	81	98	77	172	110
\$500 to \$599	161	161	82	50	211 355	84 161	67 82	160 294	156 172	76 223
\$600 to \$799 \$800 to \$999	219 130	171 42	62 13	66 21	115	63	86	127	105	197
\$1,000 to \$1,499	124	10	-	25	56 6	27	139 37	84 6	181 17	172 22
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 or more	11	_	_	6 7	_	_	31	-	6	22
Medion (dollors)	631 <b>781</b>	530 <b>809</b>	444 <b>304</b>	555 <b>266</b>	593 <b>924</b>	623 311	814 <b>479</b>	651 <b>740</b>	642 100	794 25
Not mortgoged Less thon \$100	18	7	-	-	8	_	-	_	-	
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	278 239	401 348	164 106	121 68	251 496	67 199	81 221	204 365	15 42	13
\$300 to \$399	169	44	27	62	146	34	111	105	21	13 7: 3: 1:
\$400 to \$499	53 24	9	7	5 10	15 8	11	20 46	58 8	22	1:
\$500 or more	232	199	194	215	235	238	272	239	256	297
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	377	489	230	198	559	116	165	216	79	62
Less thon \$20,000	173	181	84	92	127	33	66	76	21	2:
20 to 24 percent	27	70	5	13 21	74 126	6	25 60	34 49	5 20	
25 to 29 percent	31 52	48 77	32 23	24	36	5	-	8	5	
35 percent or more	94	92	86	48	169 27	68	14	38 11	28	3
Not computed	22.9	21 23.8	29.1	22.7	27.6	38.1	23.3	23.9	28.4	41.
\$20,000 to \$34,999	311	375	254 136	142 85	469 260	216 152	233 142	387 234	153 58	15
Less than 20 percent	214 72	248 80	81	27	63	33	51	49	50	6
25 to 29 percent	25	32	17	17	93 29	26	25 7	75 9	24 8	3
30 to 34 percent	_	15	6 14	5 8	24	5	8	20	13	i
Not computed			-	17.1	10.1	13.4	17.1	14.1	21.8	24.
Medion \$35,000 to \$49,999	13.9 418	14.9 309	19.3 143	17.1 94	18.1 339	170	189	425	281	22
Less thon 20 percent	336	279	130	83	273	129 29	164 16	304 69	210 39	9.
20 to 24 percent	34 43	30	13	11	37 12	7	-	46	15	3:
30 to 34 percent	_	-	-	-	1]	5	9	- 6	7 10	6 3: 1:
35 percent or moreNot computed	5_	=	_	Ξ	6	=	-	-	-	
Medion	15.1	10.0	12.6	15.4	13.6	12.4	13.0	14.6 553	16.1 461	21.5
\$50,000 or more Less thon 20 percent	540 481	333 323	163 163	141 130	636 612	274 268	461 373	510	335	63- 54I
20 to 24 percent	28	10	-	11	24	6	56 18	29 8	83 24	6
25 to 29 percent	31_	_	_	_		=	14	-	13	Ţ.
35 percent or more	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	
Not computed	12.2	10.4	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	11.4	12.8	10.6	15.9	11.
Specified renter-occupied housing units	548	584	519	310	1 037	744	708	426	436	1 26
GROSS RENT					35	14	21	_	_	
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199	20	8	36	Ξ	136	28	57	.6	29	
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	245	68	104 108	84 120	77 302	22 145	21 213	61 65	17 49	5 43
\$400 to \$499	102	146 208	154	41	258 119	331	309	56	153	43 24 4
\$500 to \$599	79 42	102 22	66 45	49 16	119 49	- 177 6	45 18	146 75	90 81	4
\$600 to \$749	10	-	45	-	20	-	24	17	6	2
\$1,000 or more	5	30	- 6	_	41	6 15	_		11	1
No cash rent	45 396	420	404	359	373	443	408	516	483	42
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS										
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	<b>5</b> 0	124	176	97	331	118	161	22	64	18
Less thon \$10,000	52 -	-	-	-	16	14	14	-	11	
20 to 24 percent	_	_	12	Ξ	30 46	7	14 14	Ξ	_	
30 to 34 percent	_	Ξ.	-	5	47	_	8	-	47	14
35 percent or moreNot computed	40 12	106 18	159 5	92	192	82 15		22	6	4
Medion	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0 27
\$10,000 to \$19,999	145	130	122 13	65	241 15	169 14		115	56	
Less thon 20 percent20 to 24 percent	25	18	42	6	42	32	16	28	17 7	4 7 5 9
25 to 29 percent	39 16	23 8	42 25 14	13 20	49 54	29 13		10 27	6	5
35 percent or more	65	65	28	26	69	81	60	39	26	9
Not computed	32.7	10 36.9	26.2	33.4	12 30.8	33.7	33.4	31.6	33.3	31.
\$20,000 to \$34,999	202	227	122	70	261	249	258	145 36	129	41 18
Less thon 20 percent	103 41	89 97	61 36	45 7	168 35	115 79	117	40	64 26	16
25 to 29 percent	9	19	12	18	17	55	17	43 16	16 20	5
30 to 34 percent	16	10	7	_	29	_	-	10	-	
Not computed	33	12	6	-	12	-	-	-	3 19.9	20
Medion	18.9 149	21.0 103	19.7 99	18.5 78	18.2 204	20.6 208	139	24.6 144	187	39 38
Less thon 20 percent	144	99	94	78	187	195			180 5	38
20 to 24 percent	<u>-</u> 5	-	5	-	_	6		Ξ	5	
30 to 34 percent	-	=	=	-	_	-	-	-	-	
35 percent or moreNot computed	Ξ	-	_	_	17	7	_	Ξ	2	
Median	12.5	14.9	12.5	11.0	13.1			14.1	14.6	12.

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling voriobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering					Peoria city, Peo	ria County—Con.				
Area	Troct 32	Tract 33 (pt.)	Troct 34.01 (pt.)	Troct 34.02 (pt.)	Tract 35 (pt.)	Tract 39 (pt.)	Tract 41.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)	Tract 42 (pt.)	Tract 43 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	772	965	610	197	-	-	186	534	-	-
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	495	658	443	174	-	-	179	422	-	-
Less than \$300 \$300 to \$399	10	Ξ	9	-	_	=	_	13 23	-	Ξ
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	26 56	17 44	6	- 6	-	Ξ	5	60 72	_	Ξ
	153	90	73 87	7	-	Ξ	43	90	-	-
\$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	167 51	98 202	156	23 87	_	Ξ	52 68	121 38	_	Ξ
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 or more	24 8	149 58	27 73	37 14	-	Ξ	11	5	-	Ξ
Medion (dollars)	802	1 159	1 070	1 199	-	=	969	712	-	-
Not mortgaged	277	307	167	23		Ξ	7	112	Ξ	Ξ
\$100 to \$199	19 164	23	19 40	12	-	=		65	Ξ	Ξ
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	61	73 72	55	'6	-	-	7	23 24	-	_
\$500 or more	33	51 88	21 32	5	_	Ξ	_	-	Ξ	-
Median (dollars)HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED	278	387	333	248	-	-	375	289	-	_
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less thon \$20,000	75	87	34	6	_	_	11	53	_	_
Less thon 20 percent	45	16	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	23	_	Ξ
20 to 24 percent	_	9 25	-	=	-	Ξ.	_	7	-	-
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	30	32	- 17	- 6	-	Ξ	11	23	Ξ	Ξ
Not computed	-	5	17 50.0+	50.0+	-	-	50.0+	27.5		_
Median	19.0 54	28.2 94	59	13	-	=	23	93	-	-
Less than 20 percent	31 16	29 28	31 10	7 6	-	Ξ	7	37 21	Ξ	=
25 ta 29 percent		6	8	=	_	Ξ	-	18	_	=
35 percent or more	7	12	10	=	=	_	16	17	-	Ξ
Not computed	16.7	23.2	19.6	10.0-	_	Ξ	38.8	22.3	=	=
Median	222 87	95 53	100 43	11 11	_		25 12	142 80		=
20 to 24 percent	87	25	25	'-	-	-	6	33 17	_	=
25 to 29 percent	39	5 -	27 5	_	=	Ξ	<u>'</u>	6	=	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	9 -	12		=	=	=	-	6	=	=
Median\$50,000 or more	21.4 421	17.9 689	21.4 417	10.4 167		-	20.4 127	19.2 246	=	=
Less than 20 percent	343 51	545 70	334 53 24	103 32	-	Ξ	62 59	221 20	Ξ	Ξ
25 to 29 percent	11	35		32	-	-	6	5	_	Ξ
30 to 34 percent	16	26 13	6	_	=	Ξ	-	=	Ξ	=
Not computed	11.7	13.1	14.1	17.5	_	_	20.1	12.2	=	Ξ.
Medion Specified renter-occupied housing units	1 091	137	76	13	51	-	326	677	-	7
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	53	_	-
\$100 to \$199	-	7	-	-	=	Ξ	6	273 115	Ξ	=
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	35 315	7	7	=	7	=	35	54 88	=	7
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	457 181	15 37	28 28	7	44	Ξ	128 131	83	=	_
\$600 to \$749	69	32 21	- 8	6	=	_	5	11	Ξ	=
\$1,000 or more	8	10	-	-	-	=	21	_	Ξ	Ξ
No cash rentMedion (dollors)	8 447	11 625	471	448	415	=	491	225	-	363
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS										
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less thon \$10,000	83	32	_	_	7	-	45	367	-	-
Less than 20 percent	-		_	-		Ξ	_	36 42	Ξ	Ξ
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	_	=	-	-	-	-	-	37 47		_
30 to 34 percent	73	27	_	_	7	=	31	198	=	-
Not computed	10 50.0+	5 50.0+	_	-	50.0+	=	14 50.0+	37.4	_	_
\$10,000 to \$19,999	261	43	6	-	20	-	28	131 37	_	7
20 to 24 percent	25	=	_	=	_	Ξ	-	30 14	-	Ξ
25 to 29 percent	45	7	6	_	7	Ξ.	8 16	20	Ξ.	7
35 percent or more	130	36	-	_	13	_	4	30	Ξ	Ξ
Not computed Median \$20,000 to \$34,999	35.0	47.5	27.5	-	45.0	-	31.9	24.7 77	Ξ	32.5
Less than 20 percent	413 196	17 4	33 12	7	7	-	118 64	50	-	Ξ.
20 to 24 percent	176	7	8 13	7		-	46 8	19 8	-	
30 to 34 percent	33	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	_	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	8		:	_		-		10.	-	-
Median\$35,000 or more	20.2	21.1 45	22.8 37	27.5 6	17.5 17	-	19.5 135 123	18.1 102		0
Less thon 20 percent	309	38	29	6	17	-	123 5	102	-	Ξ.
20 to 24 percent	-	7	8	Ξ		-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-	_	_	_		-	=	_	-	-
Not computed		13.5	14.2	- 17.5	12.5	-	7 11.5	14.4	-	
Median	1 12.7	13.3	1-4.2	17.3	,2.3					

[Doto bosed on somple and subject to sompling voriobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peorio o	city, Peorio County-	-Con. Remoinder of Peorio County							
Area	Troct 44 (pt.)	Troct 46 (pt.)	Troct 48.02 (pt.)	Troct 28 (pt.)	Troct 29 (pt.)	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.)	Troct 33 (pt.)	Troct 34.01 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	33	-	88	6	_	18	20	-	4	277
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	_	_	8	6	_	18	11	_	4	177
Less thon \$300 \$300 to \$399	_	-	8 -	_	-	12	=	=	Ξ	16
\$400 to \$499	_	-		_	_	- 6	6	_	- 4	48 29 45 19
\$600 to \$799	_	-	-	6	-	_	<u>-</u> 5	=	=	45 19
\$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	_	-	Ξ	_	_	-	_	-	-	13
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 or more	_	_	_		Ξ	_	_	=	=	
Medion (dollors)Not mortgaged	33	-	225 8 <b>0</b>	725	-	388	496 <b>9</b>	_	575	538 <b>100</b>
Less thon \$100	16	-	8 66	-	-	_	- 9	_	_	46
\$200 to \$299	8	Ξ	6	_	-	-	<u>-</u>	-		50
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	9	Ξ	_	_	_	=	=	=	-	-
\$500 or more	203	_	171	_	_	_	175	=	Ξ	20
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED										
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less thon \$20,000	24	-	50	-	-	_	_	_	_	39
Less thon 20 percent	_	Ξ	42 -	_	=	=	-	-	-	10
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	1 -	_	=	_	=	-	-	=	=	
35 percent or moreNot computed	24	Ξ	8	-		Ξ	=	_	=	1:
Medion	50.0+	-	13.3 17	-	-	12		_	- 4	27. 6
Less thon 20 percent	-	=	17	_	=	_	-	-	<u> </u>	5
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	-	Ξ	=	_	=	12	-	=	4	ï-
30 to 34 percent	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	Ξ	
Not computed Medion	_	=	10.3	_		22.5	_	_	27.5	12.
\$35,000 to \$49,999	9	Ξ	14	6	-	-	9	-	Ξ	8 7
Less thon 20 percent	_	Ξ	14	6	=	Ξ	<u>-</u>	-	-	i
25 to 29 percent	_	_	_	_	=	=	_	_	=	
35 percent or moreNot computed	_	_	_	=		_	_	_	Ξ	
Medion	10.0-	_	10.0-	22.5	-	- 6	10.0- 11	_	Ξ	15.3 84
\$50,000 or more Less thon 20 percent	-	Ξ	7	=	=	6	ii	-	_	7
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	_	Ξ	Ξ	_	_	Ξ	_	-	-	
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	-	Ξ	_	_	_	Ξ.	-	_	Ξ	
Not computed Medion	-	-	10.0-	-	_	10.0-	12.5	_	_	12.
Specified renter-occupied housing units	201	Ξ	45	_	=	-	5	-	-	5
GROSS RENT Less thon \$100	22	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
\$100 to \$199	69	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	
\$200 to \$299	30	=	39	_	-	-	_	_	Ξ	2 2
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	30	Ξ	6	_	=	=	5	-	-	
\$600 to \$749\$750 to \$999	_	_	Ξ	_	Ξ	-	_	_	=	
\$1,000 or more No cosh rent	-	Ξ	Ξ	_	_	=	-	=	Ξ	
Medion (dollors)	214	_	341	-	-	-	525	-	-	37
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less thon \$10,000	114		8	-	-	-	-	_	Ξ	
Less thon 20 percent	26	-	_	_	_	Ξ.	=	-	-	
25 to 29 percent	9	Ξ	_	_	_	Ξ	_	=	Ξ	
35 percent or moreNot computed	61	Ξ	8	_	_	Ξ	_	Ξ	=	
Medion	1 45.0		45.0		_	_	_	_	_	1
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 20 percent	1 2/	-	14	_	_	-	-	-	Ξ	
20 to 24 percent	. [ 7	_	8	-	Ξ	=	=	-	-	
30 to 34 percent	19	=	6	_	Ξ	Ξ	_	=	Ξ	
Not computed Medion	.   -	Ξ	24.4	_	Ξ	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	35.
\$20,000 to \$34,999	.   12		23 15	_	-	_	5	_	-	2 1
Less thon 20 percent20 to 24 percent	.   12	=	8	_	-	-	5	_	-	
25 to 29 percent	.   -	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	
35 percent or moreNot computed	: -	_	_	_	-	=	-	_	-	20.
Medion \$35,000 or more	.   22.5	_	17.8	_	=	_	22.5	_	-	1
Less thon 20 percent	.   9	_	=		-	-	Ξ	_	-	
25 to 29 percent	.   -		-	-	-	-	-	-	=	
30 to 34 percent	.   -	-			_	-	=	_	-	
Not computed Medion	12.5	_	-			_	_	_	=	17.

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				F	Remoinder of Peoric	County—Con.				
Area	Troct 34.02 (pt.)	Troct 35 (pt.)	Troct 36.01	Tract 36.02	Troct 37	Troct 38	Tract 39 (pt.)	Tract 40	Troct 41.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	773	121	704	1 437	656	633	925	966	457	4
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	600	62	503	749	464	272	626	495	299	4
Less than \$300\$300 to \$399	27	14	20 58	58 92	17 43	7 52	14 66	33 71	10 11	-
\$400 to \$499	40	18	97	158	32	42	70	78	14	4
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$799	50 101	23 7	101 193	144 171	95 120	63 67	134 179	114 129	62 117	=
\$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	119 169	Ξ	34	86 32	99 44	28 13	70 87	38 25	61 18	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999	69	-	-	8	8	7	6	7	6	-
\$2,000 or more Medion (dollars)	25 957	447	570	549	6 647	546	635	568	682	475
Net mortgaged Less than \$100	173	59	201 7	688 34	192	361 11	299 7	471 9	158	_
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	46 72	44 15	121 61	341 246	78 94	140 163	78 116	208 192	70 73	_
\$300 to \$399	43	,,,	12	67	20	31	79	48 7	15	-
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	5	Ξ	_	_		12 4	17 2	7	_	_
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED	261	167	185	193	220	214	262	207	211	-
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$20,000	40	20	100	252	82	1/5	124	269	48	
Less mon 20 percent	15	38 22	132 42	353 166	21	165 71	38	108	21	-
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	10	Ξ.	7 12	26 17	10 12	18 16	11 18	54 17	=	-
30 to 34 percent	11	10	26 38	26 98	15 24	16 44	14 36	34 56	6 21	_
Not computed Medion	21.5	19.1	7 30.3	20 20.1	29.2	23.2	7 27.6	22.5	32.5	
\$20,000 to \$34,999	113	27	171	360	118	179	209	247	104	-
Less thon 20 percent	52 7	27	113 22	302 37	54 29	142 28	122 39 26	165 <b>54</b>	47 31	=
25 to 29 percent	25	Ξ	36	21	14 9	3	26 18	28	21	_
35 percent or moreNot computed	29	-	-	-	12	2	4	-	5	
Medion	23.2	10.0-	16.1	1),ī	20.9	13.7	17.2	14.7	20.8	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999 Less thon 20 percent	132	20 20	206 165	301 253	123 88	129 109	271 199	188 168	77 57	4 4
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	41		18 18	13 27	15 20	11 9	58 6	18 2	20	Ξ
30 to 34 percent	_	Ξ	5	8	-	<u>-</u>	6	=	-	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	_	-	_	=	=	Ξ	2			
\$50,000 or more	16.1 488	11.9 36	16.3 195	12.5 423	14.6 333	11.9 160	16.4 321	11.0 262	10.0- 228	17.5
Less than 20 percent	358 76	36	189	402 21	308 25	147	276 7	255 6	212 10	_
25 to 29 percent	33 15	-	-			6	18 20	Ĩ	6	
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	13	Ξ	-	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ.	-	=	_	-
Not computed	16.2	10.0-	11.4	10.7	12.4	10.5	13.4	11.3	11.9	<u>-</u>
Specified renter-occupied housing units GROSS RENT	187	32	219	606	85	154	179	268	120	64
Less than \$100	8	_	-		-	.7	.=	.7	-	-
\$200 to \$299	7	-	34	123 122	- 6	12 30	13 42 45	16 97	18	16
\$400 to \$499	38 39	16	90 77	141 132	27 20	54 39	45 45	83 31	43 36	41
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	30 39	9	13	24 17	13	8 2	15	11	18	_
\$750 10 \$999	9	7	-	'-	Ξ	_	3	-	-	-
No cosh rent	12 5	-	5	47	19	9	14	30	5	7
Medion (dollars) HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS	470	487	384	311	387	349	363	305	395	310
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less thon \$10,000 Less thon 20 percent	5	_	40	171 9	17	38 2	30	63 2	_	22
20 to 24 percent	-	-	-	13	_	3	2 2	2 2	_	_
25 to 29 percent	<u> </u>	-	9	19	<del>-</del>	-	2	7	-	18
35 percent or moreNot computed	5 -	_	31	94 36	6 11	31 2	16 8	41 9	Ξ	4
Median	50.0+	- 9	50.0+ 38	45.0 180	45.0 15	50.0+ 27	45.6 47	50.0+ 91	27	50.0+ 14
Less thon 20 percent	9		-	21 100	<u>-</u>	3 7	5 18	20 16		14
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	1 1		6	32	Ξ	3	11	25	18 9	-
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	4 42	9 -	14 6	8 8	7	10	-	6 16	-	=
Not computed	37.8	32.5	5 31.3	11 23.2	8 45.0	2 29.2	25.2	8 26.1	28.8	22.5
Medion	58	23	40 20	139 113	21 21	46 27	55 21	73 55	59 48	25 25
20 to 24 percent	13	10	7	19	-	8	27	8 2	8 3	=
25 to 29 percent	- 6	=	6 7	7 -	-	6 2	2	-	_	-
35 percent or mareNot computed	5	7	-	_	-	3	5	8		_
Medion \$35,000 or more	18.9	22.7	20.0 101	17.1 116	16.5 32	17.9 43	20.7 47	15.7 41	17.1 34	16.5
Less thon 20 percent	30	-	101	105	32	41	39 3	36	29	_
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	39	=	=	=	-	=	-	-	=	-
30 to 34 percent	_	=	-	-	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ		-	=
Not computed Medion	20.6	-	11.1	11 12.4	13.5	11.1	5 13.0	5 10.0–	5 11.4	3
11/54IVII	, 20.6	_	11.1	12.4	13.3		10.0	10.0		

[Data based on sample and subject to sompling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Remainde	er of Peorio County-	-Con.			
Area	Tract 42 (pt.)	Troct 43 (pt.)	Tract 44 (pt.)	Troct 45	Troct 46 (pt.)	Tract 48.01	Tract 48.02 (pt.)	Tract 49.01 (pt.)	Tract 49.02
Specified owner-occupied housing units	930	815	1 325	1 151	1 566	1 100	1 291	835	909
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	514	292	678	636	77]	673	702	452	639
Less than \$300 \$300 to \$399	28 96	33 71	25 117	31 86	48 136	36 70	26 106	11 54	28 51
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	175 43	97 55	155 178	137 122	214 152	140 114	188 93	151 112	104 153
\$600 to \$799	61	30 6	160 36	174 83	157 53	206 57	211	89 21	169 91
\$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	60 30	-	7	3	11	50	56 22	14	43
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 or more	9	Ξ	Ξ	=	Ξ	Ξ	<del>_</del>	<del>.</del>	_
Median (dollors)	474 416	429 <b>523</b>	520 <b>647</b>	557 <b>515</b>	494 <b>795</b>	577 <b>427</b>	556 <b>589</b>	511 <b>383</b>	589 <b>270</b>
Less than \$100	22	8 349	63 338	29 274	23 433	8 206	12 348	12 214	120
\$100 to \$199	128	141	209	149	290	159 42	202	133 24	136
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	28 13	9 5	19 18	47 14	42	10	7		-
\$500 or more Median (dollars)	26 196	11 178	181	2 185	7 190	200	11 184	188	210
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED									
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000 Less than 20 percent	270 72	291 188	374 169	267 97	437 168	234 98	387 83	212 83	150 49
20 to 24 percent	34	13	61	26	96 42	34 17	52 62	83 18 22 12	49 20 15
25 to 29 percent	42 17	29 24	26 29	23 22 99	11	5	60	12	13 53
35 percent or moreNot computed	105	37	84 5	99	111 9	80	117 13	75 2	-
Median \$20,000 to \$34,999	28.5 204	16.8 306	21.3 421	27.3 301	22.4 423	22.8 264	29.2 310	25.9 243 166	27.0 206
Less than 20 percent	162	236	284	208 28 28	327	200 24	227 42	166 47	122 46
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	29 6	37 15	91 22		50 29	- 11	12	47 9 19	17
30 to 34 percent	7 -	11 7	8 16	6 31	7 10	10 19	19 10	2	21
Not computed Median	12.6	14.7	15.6	14.0	12.7	15.4	13.0	14.4	17.2
\$35,000 to \$49,999	257	152	319 305	317 265	379 314	301 252	273 233	192 169	262 199
Less than 20 percent	205 29	152	14	45	54	19	30 10	20	46 17
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	4 9	=	Ξ	5 2	11	30	-	-	'-
35 percent or moreNot computed	10	Ξ	_	_	_	-	Ξ	-	
Medion	12.7 199	10.0 <u>–</u> 66	13.0 211	12.5 266	13.4 327	14.7 301	12.8 321	12.4 188	15.2 291
\$50,000 or more Less than 20 percent	187	66	207	246	320	279 22	310 11	178	283
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	12	=	4 -	20	<u>'</u>	-	'-	8	8
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	=	Ξ	-	-	Ξ	=	Ξ	Ξ	-
Not' computed Median	10.0-	10.0-	10.8	10.0-	10.0–	11.2	11.3	10.8	12.2
Specified renter-occupied housing units	892	399	496	343	529	194	378	202	166
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	18	_	-	13	7	-	.7	_	-
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	105	82	29 82	61 41	35 91	50	12 85	20 65	23
\$300 to \$399	494	173 90	150 138	92 95	214 102	50 57 34	86 121	61 22	44 37 19
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	31	28	36	24	41 11	12 15	53	5	19 14
\$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	_	7	16 8	5 -	'-	- 13	8	-	· ·
\$1,000 or more No cosh rent	12	19	37	12	28 355	26	- 6	29 302	29
Medion (dollars)	346	346	374	351	355	371	375	302	401
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									1
Less than \$10,000 Less than 20 percent	199	69	118 20	110 15	177	26	70 -	43	16
20 to 24 percent	15	-		17 18	9 17	Ξ	- 4	Ξ	
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	9	10		5	8	22	64	5 29	10
35 percent or moreNot computed	15	49 10	81 17	42 13	125 18	4	2	50.0+	38.5
Median \$10,000 to \$19,999	50.0+ 323	50.0+ 176	50.0+ 124	29.6 117	50.0+ 128	50.0 <del>+</del> 56	50.0+ 70 29	67	55
Less than 20 percent20 to 24 percent	_	5 65	9 24	13	9 18	24 7	29 14	16 19	
25 to 29 percent	1 108	37	47 9	20 21 26	5 57	12	3 6	12	12
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	j 37	25 35	27	32	39	2	18	11	19
Not computed Median	28.0	9 26.8	8 27.7	5 30.4	32.8	20.0	22.1	23.2	32.5 44
Median	243 130	110 92	143 97	80 39	178 128	55 38	103 82	51 28	20
20 to 24 percent	70	18	21 10	23 18	20 10	11	9 11	5 5	4
30 to 34 percent	.   -	-	8	-	-	-	_	2	
35 percent or moreNot computed	.   12		7	_	20	6	1 17.3	11 17.1	16 17.7
Median \$35,000 or more	.   127	17.1 44	18.1 111	20.2 36	16.1 46	16.6 57	135	41	51
Less than 20 percent	127	44	100	36	46	47 2	122	41	40
25 to 29 percent	.   -	-	=	_		-	8 -	-	
35 percent or moreNot computed	-	-	11	-	-	- 8	- 5	_	-
Median		11.2	10.7	12.1	13.0	11.3	12.0	10.1	11.7

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling voriability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remainder of Pe	der of Peorio County— Con.  Totols far split trocts/8NA's in Tazewell Caunty						unty		
Area	Troct 50.97	Tract 50.98	Tract 201	Tract 203.01	Tract 203.02	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 208
Specified owner-occupied housing units	-	-	454	1 264	1 365	1 412	1 232	643	1 185	743
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	-	-	232	681	620	703	878	285	678	359
Less thon \$300 \$300 to \$399	_	_	37	25 180	- 79	50 168	83 229	6 43	49 99	38 88
\$400 to \$499 \$500 ta \$599	_	_	40 27	141 136	127 134	213 151	236 162	101 <b>7</b> 0	199 195	132 65
\$600 ta \$799 \$800 to \$999	_	-	40 27 62 22 38	159 32	20 <b>7</b> 62	106 15	120 28	45 13	105 31	65 28 8
\$1,000 to \$1,499	-	_	38	8	11	-	20	7	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 or mare	-	-	6	_	Ξ	Ξ	_	_	-	
Median (dallars)	-		646 222	496 <b>583</b>	575 <b>745</b>	465 <b>709</b>	449 <b>354</b>	493 <b>358</b>	496 <b>507</b>	437 <b>384</b>
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199	-	_	5 40	332	17 266	391	14 186	7 134	15 193	38 178
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	-	_	131	206	328	283	127	194	239	145
\$400 to \$499	Ξ.	_	46	45	105 29	35	2 <b>7</b> -	12 11	60	13 10
\$500 or more Median (dollars)	Ξ	_	244	191	221	193	189	215	215	191
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000 Less than 20 percent	_	_	94 25	332 129	429 145	355 139	246 101	1 <b>7</b> 0 81	330 105	328 11 <b>7</b>
20 to 24 percent	_	_	39	84 19	92 75	31 33	20 24	21 18	73 29	48 14
30 ta 34 percent 35 percent ar more	_	-	6 17	13 87	31 86	24 110	15 80	10 40	33 77	7 142
Nat computed	_	=	7	-	-	18	6	-	13	24.9
Median	_	-	22.4 165	22.2 254	23.8 309	24.8 530	24.7 334 226	21.0 188	23.7 332	170
Less than 20 percent20 to 24 percent	-	_	119 16	211 21	186 30	405 106	226 52	150 28	215 66	113 40 7
25 to 29 percent	-	-	17	22	67 17	7 12	34 14	10	66 39 12	7
35 percent or more Not computed	-	-	6	-	9	-	8	-	-	3
Median	_	=	14.7	11.5	16.8	12.9	16.0	12.8	16.2	14.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999	_	-	97 63	334 287	359 <b>29</b> 4	2 <b>7</b> 0 245	358 330	169 156	238 212	164 164
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	=	-	21	38 9	56 9	25	17 2	6	20 6	_
30 to 34 percent	_	- 1	13	<u>-</u>	Ė	-	9	7		_
Not computed	-	=	,,=	, <u>,</u>	- -	,, <del>-</del>	-	10.5	140	10.7
Medion \$50,000 or more	_	=	14.2 98	12.1 344	13.6 268	11.6 2 <b>57</b>	13.6 294	12.5 116	14.0 285	81
Less than 20 percent		=	86	344	261 7	25 <b>7</b>	294	116	272 13	78 3
25 to 29 percent	-	-1	- 6	-	-	_	_	-	-	_
35 percent or mare Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Median Specified renter-occupied housing units		-	10.2	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	10.0- 752
GROSS RENT	_	-	305	417	751	687	294	240	253	/32
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199	_	_	65	14	21 78	29	<del>-</del> 2	11	_	7 197
\$200 to \$299	=	-	63	132 171	158	183	35 99	44 88	24 108	213 171
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	=	=	63 95 56	55	312 114	253 141	84	60	80	122
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	=	-	19	19	39 15	59 1 <b>5</b>	55 9	22	28	6
\$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more	_		-		_	=	_	-	_	6
No cash rent Medion (dollars)	-	-	7 319	26 338	14 323	7 359	10 405	15 374	13 393	27 2 <b>7</b> 2
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS	_	_	317	330	323	337	403	3/4	575	-/-
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$10,000			94	120	218	160	39	59	45	290
Less mun 20 percent	_	-	-	-	21 7	-	-	-	-	26 32
20 to 24 percent	_	-	6	-	16	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ.	_	24
30 to 34 percent	_	-	5 76	7 83	31 121	152	33	53	37	24 147 37
Not computedMedion	1 :	_	7 50. <b>0</b> +	30 50. <b>0</b> +	22 49.6	50. <b>0+</b>	50. <b>0+</b>	50. <b>0</b> +	50. <b>0+</b>	37 44.2
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 20 percent	-	-	102	142 12	191 51	258 52	59 3	44 14	76 5	44.2 222 73 47
20 to 24 percent	=	-	64 17	44	5	32	5	6	14	47 24
25 to 29 percent	_	-	11	28 33 25	23 66 38	31 68	8 18	6	15	44 34
35 percent or moreNot computed		_	10	25	38 8	68 7	25	12	29 13	_
Median		-	17.3 84	27.7 90	30.9 245	30.8 150	33.8 114	26.7 80	34.2 80	24.0 163
Less man 20 percent	_	=	50 34	78	210	75 66	65 43	59 6	58 11	156 7
20 ta 24 percent	_	-	34 -	=	15 12	9	2	-	ii	-
30 to 34 percent	_	_	=		8 -	Ξ	-	.=	_	
Not computed			18.2	12 14.3	16.4	20.0	4 18.9	15 15.9	18.0	14.2
\$35,000 or more Less thon 20 percent	-	-	25 25	65 65	97 97	119 113	82 82	57 57	52 52	77 <b>7</b> 0
20 to 24 percent	_	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	_	-		-	Ξ	=	=	-	-	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	-	=	=	=	-	Ξ.		-		7
Median	-	-	13.0	10.0-	10.3	10.0–	12.9	13.0	12.4	12.2

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Ooto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Tozewell County—Con.									
Area	Troct 209	Troct 211.01	Troct 211.02	Tract 212.01	Troct 212.02	Troct 212.03	Tract 215	Troct 216.03	Troct 216.04	Troct 216.06
Specified owner-occupied housing units	595	1 428	1 556	486	821	1 039	1 410	1 059	412	1 102
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	244	1 018	751	372	576	636	969	776	204	719
Less thon \$300 \$300 to \$399	15 83	43 175	15 38	7	49	11 118	13	44	12	24
\$400 to \$499	94 35	255 167	130 72	77 78	44 71	105 157	105 138	23 121	40 68	61 141
\$600 to \$799	17	276 74	189 172	128 43	205 130	179 48	280 259	230 157	50 21	228 111
\$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	Ξ.	28	119	34	70	18	163	163 18	13	121 24
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 or more	_		8	5	7		_	20	574	721
Medion (dollors)	417 <b>351</b>	520 <b>410</b>	729 <b>805</b>	620 114	683 <b>245</b>	561 <b>403</b>	741 <b>441</b>	771 <b>283</b>	208	383
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199	26 229	190	309	46	30	180	81	97	77	56
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	96	186 34	314 114	48	139 51	186 24	251 80	81 67	97 31	222 88 17
\$400 to \$499	_	-	45 23	12	12	13	29	26 12	3 -	17
\$500 or more Medion (dollors)	175	205	223	215	269	212	258	267	222	264
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less thon \$20,000	295	300	305	44	90	239	141	76	69	68
Less thon 20 percent	135	109	114	7	38 19	71 43	35 14	51	45	14 22
20 to 24 percent	49 26	12 67	48 45	4	10	40 12	13 13	5	-	10
30 to 34 percent	15	33 79	24 74	17 7	17	64	58 8	13	20	16
Not computed	20.8	27.2	24.0	9 31.9	21.1	9 25.1	31.7	17.8	15.6	23.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999	160 131	346 236	386 279	93 48	133 90	204 152	258 169	168 79	119 93	194 128
20 to 24 percent	22	81 19	40 43	29 16	16 15	5 41	29 21	48 36	22	21 29 16
30 to 34 percent		10	15	=	12	6	16 23	5	_	16
35 percent or moreNot computed		-	-	-	15.0	15.0	16.6	20.5	14.5	16.4
Medion \$35,000 to \$49,999	11.4 83	16.2 351	13.3 276	19.5 103	15.8 177	326	319	228	82 69	266 232 23
Less than 20 percent	83	289 33	214 20	77 22	101 27	269 25	200 59	133	-	23
25 to 29 percent	_	29	31	- 4	42 7	26	35 19	30	8 5	6 5
35 percent or moreNot computed	_	-	11	_	Ξ	6	6	4	_	
Medion \$50,000 or more	10.5 57	13.9 431	10.0- 589	16.0 246	18.7 421	14.5 270	17.6 692	17.8 587	16.7 142	14.0 574
Less thon 20 percent20 to 24 percent	57	414	524 57	224 15	362 53	270	644 44	496 68	137 5	493 46
25 to 29 percent	=	9	8	7	6	-	4	12	_	35
30 to 34 percent	_	=	=	-	=	Ξ.	-	5	=	_
Not computed	10.0-	12.1	12.4	12.5	12.6	10.9	12.8	13.7	10.0 <b>–</b>	12.3 351
Specified renter-occupied housing units GROSS RENT	364	1 525	582	116	313	380	341	259	410	
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199	19	108 402	16	_	_	19 78	_ 54	10	_	42 26
\$200 to \$299	139	359	89	18 44	8 26	49 72	76 64	50 101	53 123	40 67
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	111 47	446 80	292 112	41	9	108 17	53 57	48 32 18	127 50	106 28 15
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	10	31 23	33 6	_	38 23	5	5	18	42	15 21
\$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more	11	-	10	_	25 174	Ξ	6 5	=	8	-
No cosh rent Medion (dollars)	21 309	76 263	24 357	13 350	10 1 129	32 338	21 357	379	5 426	392
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS										
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$10,000	180	623	114	24	63	151	80	33	35	90
Less thon 20 percent	_	78 61	=	_	-	22	10	5 -	_	12 36 20
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	10	107 64	_	Ξ	-	33 9	6 7	_	_	_
35 percent or more	144	248 65	85 29	18 6	48 15	71 16	46 11	18 10	27 8	22
Not computed	50.0+	32.6	50.0+	50.0+	50. <b>0+</b> 57	42.5	48.1	39.6 86	50.0 <del>+</del> 104	24.6 97
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 20 percent	85	453 166	209 32	33	-	50 25 19	56 16	17 29	14 12	_
20 to 24 percent	32 12	113 97	51 40	12 7	_	-	30 10	14	4 24	17 26 38 16
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	30	34 37	51 28	14	- 57	<del>-</del>	Ξ	26	45	16
Not computed Median	28.3	22.5	7 27.2	28.2	50.0+	20.0	22.0	24.5	5 34.1	30.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less than 20 percent	69	272 223	153 104	32 23	103 18	123 91	125 62	66 29	170 75	30.7 92 34 36
20 to 24 percent	6		22	9	14	17 6	43	30 7	76 16	_
25 to 29 percent	_	-	-	-	71	-	6	-	3	10
35 percent or more Not computed	-	7	10	-	_	9	14	20.7	20.7	21.3
Medion \$35,000 or more	17.2	177	17.8 106	27	49.7 90	18.0 56	19.0 80	74	107	72 72 72
Less thon 20 percent	25	172	101 5	20	55 4	49 -	70 5	74	102	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	Ξ	7	-	- 5	=	5 -	
35 percent or more Nat computed	-	-	-	7	14 10	7	-	_	-	-
Medion	10.0		10.2		17.6	10.3	12.7	13.9	14.3	12.6

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Doto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			otals for split tracts		ell County—Con.			Eost Peo	orio city, Tozewell C	ounty
Area	Troct 217.02	Troct 218.01	Tract 218.02	Troct 221	Tract 222	Troct 223	Troct 224	Troct 201 (pt.)	Troct 201.99	Troct 202
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 202	846	527	891	886	870	1 329	454	-	174
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	715	484	300	491	554	499	<b>933</b> 94	232	-	<b>79</b> 19
Less thon \$300 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	36 58 104	85 125 103	8 62 39	11 47 93	5 71	25 80	117 269	37 40	Ξ	30 23
\$500 to \$599	170 170 199	85 80	112 51	124 187	141 91 99	111 133	230 171	27 62	Ξ	7
\$600 to \$799 \$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	98 50	6	24 4	16 16 13	77 77 65	74 62	43	22 38	=	_
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 or more		Ξ	-	-	5	7	ź	- 6	=	_
Medion (dallars) Not mortgoged	594 <b>487</b>	425 <b>362</b>	541 <b>227</b>	565 <b>400</b>	566 <b>332</b>	654 <b>371</b>	494 <b>396</b>	646 <b>222</b>	<u>-</u>	341 <b>95</b>
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199	21 152	21 173	9 114	130	122	6 58	183	5 40	_	8 65 22
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	224	123 38	74 20	197 44	166 38	227 70	177 32	131 46	_	22
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	14	7	10	20	6	10	4	-	_	Ξ
Medion (dollors)	225	194	194	225	218	243	206	244	-	168
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	040	204	120	105	147	100	224	94	_	92
Less than \$20,000 Less than 20 percent	243 80	296 105 72	132 89	105 17 10	147 74 30	123 29 20	50 42	25 39	Ξ.	53
20 to 24 percent	49 39 19	28 19	13  10	15 18 45	11 5	12 14	10 34	37	Ξ	14 7
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	53	64	20	45	27	48	88	17	_	13
Median	24.1 285	22.7 201	16.3 102	32.9 242	19.9 196	30.2 210	31.5 342	22.4 165	Ξ	17.2 31 31
Less than 20 percent	185	162 30	58 17	181	131 30	140 34	208 69	119	-	31
25 to 29 percent	35 33 20	9	19	33 11 10	16 14	22	28 33	17 7	Ξ	Ξ
35 percent or moreNot computed	12	_	8 -	7 -	5 -	14	4 -	6	Ξ	
Medion \$35,000 to \$49,999	15.9 266	13.1 193	17.5 162	13.4 207	17.5 223	15.9 243	17.1 354	14.7 97	_	13.5 38
Less than 20 percent	224	175 7	150 6	183 19	171 34	177 31	318 36	63 21	Ξ	38
25 to 29 percent	15	11_	6 -	5 -	18 —	21	Ξ	13	=	Ξ.
35 percent or more	2	-	-	-	-	14	13.7	14.2	Ξ	12.0
\$50,000 or more	15.5 408	12.1 156 156	14.2 131 127	13.7 337 334	15.8 320 274	16.4 294 267	409 396	98 86	=	13 13
20 to 24 percent	366 34	-	4	334	40 6	20	13	6	_	=
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	8	=	-		=	7	Ξ	6 -	_	_
Not computed	11.6	10.5	10.0-	10.0-	11.1	10.9	10.0-	10.2	Ξ	10.0-
Medion Specified renter-occupied housing units GROSS RENT	337	290	114	312	554	333	494	305	-	257
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199	20	_ 26	9 -	_	- 2	<del>-</del> 9	47 114	65	Ξ	34 126
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	81 96	102 81	12 52	112 77	56 206	55 187	90 97	63 95	_	62 21
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	87 26	31 14	9	77 49 55	219 39	42 25	48 74	56 19	=	5
\$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	5 -	6	-	_	5 11	Ξ	12	<u> </u>	=	Ξ
\$1,000 or moreNo cash rent	22	30 301	26 353	19 335	16 402	15 356	12 271	7 319	=	9 272
Median (dollors) HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS	359	301	333	333	402	330	2,1			
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less thon \$10,000	73	119	27	41	76	46	231	94	-	107
Less thon 20 percent	-	2	Ξ	Ξ	=	Ξ	49 39 30	- 6	Ξ.	=
25 to 29 percent	2 2	109	- 16	5 36	4 2 70	46	41 59	5 76	-	7 88
35 percent or more Not computed Medion	57 12 50.0+	2 50.0+	11 50.0+	49.4	50.0+	50.0+	13 28.5	50.0+	Ξ	12 50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 20 percent	90	67 18	39	102 26	75 6	146	122 12	102 64	_	71 21
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	16	3 11	15	24 13	10 12	47 52	7 50	17 11	-	24 13
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	32	16	17	25 14	26 21	6 34	9 37	10	-	7 6
Not computed	30.2	19 26.4	7 35.6	25.4	31.8	7 27.2	7 28.8	17.3	_	23.0 74
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less thon 20 percent	89 64	69 48	27 19	84 66	258 159	89 62	39 19	84 50 34	=	56 5
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	10	13	Ξ	8 -	68 19	19 	20	-	=	4
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more		-	- - 8	- 10	12	- 8	=	=	=	- 9
Not computed	14.1	16.0 35	16.3 21	16.3 85	18.3 145	15.3 52	20.1 102	18.2 25	=	16.4 5
Less thon 20 percent	79	34	12	76 -	141	52	102	25	Ξ	5 -
25 to 29 percent	_	=	-	=	Ξ	=	Ξ	=	-	_
35 percent or moreNot computed	- 6	ī	9	9	4	_	-		=	-
Median	13.0	10.9	10.0	13.3	10.7	12.7	10.0	13.0		10.0-

[Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				East Peorio o	city, Tazewell Count	y—Con.			
Area	Troct 203.01 (pt.)	Troct 203.02 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 212.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.03 (pt.)	Tract 215 (pt.)	Tract 224 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 062	1 347	-	-	-	791	919	273	331
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	600	608	-	-	-	561	549	136	216
Less thon \$300 \$300 to \$399	25 167	79	=	-	-	40	100	13 30	17
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	132 104	127 134	-	=	-	44 71	95 139	41	90 67
\$600 to \$799 \$800 to \$999	159 13	195 62	-		-	199 130	144 48	34 18	29 13
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	=	11		Ξ	-	70 7	18	-	Ξ
\$2,000 or more Median (dollors)	479	570	_	_	-	692	564	553	501
Not mortgaged	462	<b>739</b>	-	=	-	230	370	137	115
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199	251	266 322	=	Ξ.	-	30 133	167 166	28 83	45 61
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	166 45	105	Ξ.	=	-	42 12	24 13	10 16	9 -
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	Ī <del>.</del>	29	=	Ξ	=	13 268	211	243	215
Median (dollars)	194	220	-	-	_	200	211	240	
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$20,000	290	423	_	-	_	90	225	69	92 15
Less than 20 percent	111 78	145 92		_	_	38 19	64 43	11	12
25 to 29 percent	19	69 31		=	-	10	40 12	13 13	14 44
35 percent or more	69	86	_	_	_	17 6	57 9	32	_
Not computed	22.2	23.6 309	-	Ξ		21.1 127	25.1 185	34.0 59	34.3 70 45
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less than 20 percent	194 164	186	Ξ	Ξ	-	84 16	185 133 5	42 11	45 6 19
20 to 24 percent	21 9	30 67	-	=	-	15 12	41	-	19
30 to 34 percent	_	17 9	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ.	-	-	6	= = =
Not computed Medion	12.5	16.8	-	Ξ	-	16.3	15.3	13.2	12.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999 Less than 20 percent	296 258	354 289		Ξ	-	177 101	282 225	63 48	12.6 68 55 13
20 to 24 percent	38	56 9	-	Ξ	-	27 42	25 26	15	-
30 to 34 percent35 percent or more	_	-		-	_	7	6	Ξ	= =
Not computed	12.2	13.4		Ξ	_	18.7	15.1	14.3	15.4
\$50,000 or more	282 282	261 254	=	=	-	397 338	227 227	82 82	101 101
Less thon 20 percent20 to 24 percent	_	7	=	-	-	53	=	Ξ	Ī.
25 to 29 percent	-	=	=	Ξ	-	Ě	_	_	Ξ
35 percent or moreNot computed	-		Ξ.	Ξ	=	12.9	10.9	10.0-	10.0-
Median Specified renter-occupied housing units	10.7 384	10.0 <b>751</b>	-	Ξ	-	307	364	43	334
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	_	21	_	_	_	_	19	-	47
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	14 116	78 158	_	Ξ	-	- 8	78 44	- -	110 79 47
\$300 to \$399	165	312 114	_	=	-	26 9	72 108	12	12
\$400 to \$499		39 15	=	=	-	38 17	6 5	18	34
\$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	-	-	_	=	_	25 174	=	Ξ	Ξ
\$1,000 or more No cosh rent	26	14	Ξ	Ξ	-	10 1 147	32 334	13 508	5 208
Median (dollors) HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS	340	323	-	-		1 1-7	004		
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	114	218	_	_	_	63	151	7	217
Less than \$10,000 Less than 20 percent	<u> </u>	21 7	=	=	-	-	22	Ξ	49 39 30
20 to 24 percent		16 31	=	=		-	33 9	Ξ	30 41 53
30 to 34 percent		121		Ξ.	=	48 15	71 16	7	53 5
Not computed	50.0+	22 49.6		=	=	50.0+ 57	42.5	_	28.0 69
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 20 percent	.   12	191 51	=	Ξ	=	-	50 25 19	- 6	8 7
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	44 20	5 23	=	Ξ	_	-	-	=	30
30 to 34 percent		66 38	Ξ	-	_	57	6	=	19
Not computed	-	8 30.9	Ξ			50.0+	20.0		28.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999	. 82	245 210	Ξ	Ξ	_	103 18	118 91	6	7
20 to 24 percent		15 12	-	Ξ	Ξ.	14	12 6	13	-
30 to 34 percent	.   -	8	-	_	_	71	-	-	=
Not computed	. 12	16.4	-	_		49.7	9 17.9		22.5
Median \$35,000 or more	. 65	97 97	-	-	-	84 49	45 38	5	41 41
Less than 20 percent		-	-	=	=	4 7	-	_	:
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent			=	-	-	<u>′</u> 14		_	=
35 percent or more	.   -	-		-	-	10 18.1	7 10.2	12.5	12.9
Medion	. 1 10.0-	10.3	•	-	_	10.1	10.2		DINC ADEAC

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Doto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Morton villoge, Tozewell County								Pekin city (pt.), Tozewell County			
Area	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 216.03 (pt.)	Troct 216.04 (pt.)	Troct 216.05	Troct 216.06 (pt.)	Troct 217	Troct 217.02 (pt.)	Troct 206 (pt.)	Troct 207 (pt.)	Troct 208 (pt.)		
Specified owner-occupied housing units SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	263	815	407	792	1 090	-	•	643	1 175	743		
With a mortgage	176	581	199	<b>398</b>	713	-	-	285 6	<b>676</b> 49	359 38		
Less than \$300 \$300 to \$399	Ē	20	12	67	24	=	-	43	99 199	38 88 132		
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	25	17 72	40 68	52 108	61 135	_	_	101 70	193	65		
\$600 to \$799	23 79	152 133	50 16	91 51	228 111		_	45 13	105 31	65 28 8		
\$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	43	149	13	20	121	-	-	7	-	-		
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 or more	_	18 20	_	_	24	_	_	=		E		
Medion (dollors)	866 87	858 234	570 <b>208</b>	560 <b>394</b>	724 <b>377</b>		_	493 <b>358</b>	496 <b>499</b>	437 <b>384</b> 38 178		
Less thon \$100	-	-	_	-	-	=	-	7	15 185	38		
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	58	75 65	77 97	111 180	56 216	_	-	134 194	239	145		
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	23	67 22	31 3	92 11	88 17	-	-	12 11	60	145 13 10		
\$500 or more	-	5	_	_	_	-	-	215	216	191		
Medion (dollors) HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED	274	275	222	255	265	-	_	215	210	171		
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$20,000	8	63	69	121	68	_	_	170	322	328		
Less thon 20 percent	- 8	43 7	45 4	38 5	14 22		_	81 21	105 65	117 48		
25 to 29 percent	-	-	4	27	10	-	_	18	29 33	14		
30 to 34 percent	_	13	20	9 42	16	-	-	10 40	77	142		
Not computed	22.5	18.1	15.6	28.2	23.9	_	-	21.0	13 23.8	24.9		
\$20,000 to \$34,999	58	123	119	187	188	-	-	188 150	332 215	170 113		
Less thon 20 percent	39	65 23	93 22	144 32	128 21	=	-	28	66	40		
25 to 29 percent	5 3	30	4	5 6	23 16	_		10	39 12	7 7		
35 percent or more		5	-	=		-	-	-	_	3		
Not computed	17.7	19.2	14.5	14.3	16.0	=	-	12.8	16.2	14.7		
\$35,000 to \$49,999	70	169 104	82 69	217 187	260 226	_	_	169 156	236 210	164 164		
20 to 24 percent	13	42	_	17	23	-	-	6	20	=		
25 to 29 percent	14 6	19 -	8 5	13	6 5	_	-	7	-	-		
35 percent or moreNot computed	6	4		Ξ	Ξ	Ξ		_	_	Ξ		
Medion	21.5	16.9	16.7	13.1	14.2	-	-	12.5 116	13.9 285	10.7 81		
\$50,000 or more	127	460 369	137 132	267 267	574 493	-	_	116	272	78		
20 to 24 percent	5 4	68 12	5	Ξ	46 35		_	_	13	-		
30 to 34 percent		6	-	-	=	-	-	_	_	_		
35 percent or moreNot computed	_	5	-	Ξ	_	_	-	<u>_</u>		100		
Medion Specified renter-occupied housing units	15.7 68	14.8 <b>201</b>	10.0- <b>416</b>	10.0- <b>317</b>	12.3 <b>351</b>	_	_	10.0- <b>240</b>	10.0- <b>237</b>	10.0- 752		
GROSS RENT	-	201	7.0	•						7		
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199		10	-	15	42 26	_	-	11	=	197		
\$200 to \$299	27	32	53	65 133	40 67	-	-	44 88	24 92	213 171		
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	8	32 83 31	123 127	70	106	-	-	60 22	80	122		
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	20	27 18	50 42	22	28 15	_	-	22	28	3		
\$750 to \$999	=	-	8	=	21		_	_	_	6		
\$1,000 or moreNo cosh rent	_	_	5	6	6	=	-	15	13 397	27 272		
Medion (dollors)	397	383	426	350	392	-	-	374	397	212		
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										202		
Less thon \$10,000	8	21 5	35	25	90 12	-	_	59	45	290 26		
Less thon 20 percent	_	-	_	=	36	-	-	_	_	26 32 24 24 147 37		
25 to 29 percent	1 :	=	Ξ	Ξ	20	_	_	]		24		
35 percent or more	8	6 10	27 8	25	22		-	53	37 8	37		
Not computed	45.0	50.0+	50.0+	49.6	24.6	-	-	50.0+ 44	50.0+ 67	44.2 222 73 47 24 44		
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 20 percent	14 8	75 17	104 14	117 24	97 -	=	-	14	5	73		
20 to 24 percent	6	24 8	12 4	43 12	17 26	_	_	6	14	24		
25 to 29 percent	-	-	24	11	38	-	_	6	15 20	44 34		
35 percent or moreNot computed	1 =	26	45 5	27	16	_	-	-	13	_		
Medion \$20,000 to \$34,999	1 19.4	24.3 53	34.1 170	24.0 96	30.7 92	_	_	26.7 80	32.7 73	24.0 163 156		
Less thon 20 percent	9	23	75	83	34 36	-	-	59	51 11	156 7		
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	1 -	23 7	76 16	-	-	-	-	-	i <u>i</u>	-		
30 to 34 percent	-	-	3	4	10 6	-	-	=	_	-		
Not computed	-	20.8	20.7	_ 16.7	6 21.3	-	_	15 15.9	18.0	14.2		
Medion \$35,000 or more	17	52 52 52	107	79	72	-	-	57 57	52 52	77 70		
Less than 20 percent	17	52	102	71 2	72 -	-	-	-	- -	-		
25 to 29 percent	-	-	5				_	_	_	_		
30 to 34 percent	-	=	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	7		
Not computed Medion		13.0	14.3	6 10.6		Ξ	=	13.0	12.4			

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering			Pel	kin city (pt.), Taze	· ·	Washington city, Tozewell County				
Area	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 210	Tract 211.01 (pt.)	Tract 211.02 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	Tract 218.01 (pt.)	Tract 218.02 (pt.)	Tract 212.01 (pt.)	Tract 221 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	595	1 604	1 428	1 434	163	155	91	-	-	828
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	244	752	1 018	677	139	99	57	-	-	451
Less than \$300 \$300 ta \$399	15 83	94 192	43 175	7 15	-	6 27	5	-	_	5 26 93
\$400 ta \$499 \$500 to \$599	94 35	210 82	255 167	122 64	11 31	16 30	17 6	_	_	111
\$600 to \$799	17	103	276	181	79	14	23	_	_	187 16
\$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	_	56 8	74 28	164 108	18	-	-	_	_	iš
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 or more	_	7	_	8	Ξ	_	_	_	_	ΞΞ
Median (dallars)	417 <b>351</b>	458 <b>852</b>	520 410	742 757	635 <b>24</b>	501 <b>56</b>	602 <b>34</b>	_	_	589 <b>377</b>
Less than \$100	26	16	190	-	-	19 13	- 6	_	_	130
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	229 96	389 338	186	276 306	24	12	23	-	-	130 191 44
\$300 to \$399 \$400 ta \$499	_	67 20	34	114 38	-	12	5	_	_	3
\$500 ar mareMedian (dollars)	175	22 204	205	23 226	254	160	232	_	_	221
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989		204	200							
Less than \$20,000	295	570	300	289	6	62	12	-	-	105 17
Less than 20 percent	135 49	256 85	109 12	106 40	6	25 12	=	_	-	10
25 to 29 percent	26 15	45 36	67	45 24	=	15 4	6 6	_	_	15 18
35 percent or more	61	124 24	33 79	74	-	6	_	-	_	45
Not computed	20.8	21.0	27.2	24.8	22.5	22.5	30.0	-	-	32.9 223
\$20,000 ta \$34,999 Less than 20 percent	160 131	372 306	346 236	339 240	27 11	46 31	33 21	=	_	162
20 ta 24 percent 25 ta 29 percent	22	26 15	81 19	40 43	- 8	5 10	12	Ξ	_	33 11
30 ta 34 percent	-	18	10	7 9	8 -	_	<u>-</u>	Ξ	_	10 7
Nat camputed		, , ,		-	_	16.9	15.5	-	_	13.2
Median \$35,000 to \$49,999	11.4	13.1 375	16.2 351	12.6 251	26.6 35	13	41	=	-	184 160
Less than 20 percent	83	324 24	289 33	205 12	28 7	13	35	_	_	19
25 ta 29 percent	=	27	29	23	_	_	6	_	=	5 -
35 percent or more	_	-	-	11	-	_	_	_	_	Ξ
Nat camputed Median	10.5	12.7	13.9	10.0-	16.9	12.5	15.7	-	_	14.9 316
\$50,000 or more Less than 20 percent	57 57	287 272	431 414	555 490	95 95	34 34	5 5	_	_	313
20 ta 24 percent 25 ta 29 percent	_	7 8	8	57 8	_	_	_	_	_	3
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	_			_	_	Ξ
35 percent ar mareNot computed	<u>-</u>		-	10.5	10.2	11.6	10.0-	-	_	10.0-
Medion Specified renter-occupied housing units	10.0- 364	10.8 <b>860</b>	12.1 1 <b>525</b>	12.5 <b>518</b>	13.3 <b>158</b>	69	27	-	-	298
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	_		108	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
\$100 to \$199		85 328	402 359	16 60	54	15 23	_	_	_	112
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	111	262	446	262	49 25 23 7	24 7	9	-	_	77 42
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	47	119 43	80 31	107 33	23 7	-	12	Ξ	_	55
\$600 ta \$749 \$750 ta \$999	6 _	15	23	6 10	_	_	- 6	Ξ	_	-
\$1,000 or mare Na cash rent	11 21	_ 8	_ 76	24	_	_		_	_	12
Median (dollars)	309	305	263	361	271	270	416	-	-	333
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000	180	265	623	71	65	20	-	Ξ	_	41
Less than 20 percent	_	_	78 61	_	10	_	Ξ.	-		-
25 to 29 percent	10	9	107 64	_	6 7	_	_	_	_	5
35 percent or more	144	237 10	248 65	42 29	38	20	_	_	_	36
Not computed	50.0+	50.0+	32.6	50.0+	50.0+	50.0 <del>+</del>	- 5	_	_	49.4 102
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 20 percent	-	268 57	453 166	196 24	29 .8	6	-	_	-	26
20 to 24 percent 25 ta 29 percent	32	32 73	113 97	51 40	11 10	_	_	_	_	26 24 13 25 14
30 ta 34 percent 35 percent ar mare	30	56 42	34 37	46 28	Ξ		5	_	_	14
Nat computed	5	8	6	7	23.0	17.5	32.5	_	_	25.4
Median \$20,000 to \$34,999	69	27.8 205	22.5 272	153	33 23	23 23	16	-	_	80 66
Less than 20 percent  20 to 24 percent	63	138 40	223 33		23 10	23	7	-	_	8
25 ta 29 percent	-	27	9	9		-	Ξ	=	-	=
35 percent or more		-	7	10 8	-	_	Ξ	_	_	6
Median	17.2	17.8	15.9	17.8	12.3	10.9 20	19.4 6	=		16.3 75
\$35,000 or mare	25	122 114	177 172		31 31	20	6	-	_	75 69
20 ta 24 percent 25 ta 29 percent	=	8 -	_	5 -	_	=	_	=	_	-
30 ta 34 percent 35 percent ar mare	.   -	-	-	_	=	_	_		_	-
Nat computed	. 5	10.0	5	_	12.0	11.7	17.5	_	_	6 13.5
Median	. 1 10.0–	10.0-	11.5	10.7	12.8	11.7	17.5			

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Washington ci	ty, Tazewell Coun	ty—Con.	Remainder of Tozewell County						
Area	Tract 222 (pt.)	Tract 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Troct 201 (pt.)	Tract 203.01 (pt.)	Tract 203.02 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	711	696	318	-	202	18	1 412	1 232	-	10
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	421	396	261	-	81	12	703	878	-	2
Less than \$300 \$300 to \$399	5 39	7 20	43 37	-	13	_	50 168	83 229	_	-
\$400 to \$499	112	52	40 69	-	32	-	213 151	236 162	-	2
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$799	78 70 72	79 107	65	_	_	12	106	120	-	-
\$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	72 40	68 56	7	_	19 8	_	15	28 20	_	
\$1,500 to \$1,999	5	7	-	-	-	_	Ξ	_	_	
\$2,000 or more Median (dollars)	570	677	515	=	546	643	465	449	_	52
Not mortgaged Less than \$100	290	300 6	57	-	121	6	709 -	<b>354</b> 14	_	-
\$100 to \$199	105 147	58 185	11 41	-	81 40	-	391 283	186 127	_	
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	32	46	75	-	-	<u> </u>	35	27	-	
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	6 -	5	-	-	_	Ξ	. <u>-</u>		_	
Median (dollors)	219	236	227	-	181	275	193	189	-	17:
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989							055	244		
Less than \$20,000 Less than 20 percent	126 64	100 29	54 13	_	42 18	6	355 139	246 101	_	
20 to 24 percent	25	11 12	6 3	-	6	- 6	31 33	20 24	_	
25 to 29 percent	5	9	12	_	_	_	24	15 80	-	
35 percent or moreNot computed	27	39	20	_	18	=	110 18	6	-	
Median	19.9	29.2 192	32.1 118	_	22.5 60	27.5	24.8 530	24.7 334	_	22.
\$20,000 to \$34,999	113	134	64	-	47	=	405	226	-	
20 to 24 percent		28	33	-	13	Ξ	106 7	52 34 14	_	
30 to 34 percent	14	16	12	-	-	Ξ	12	14 8	_	
35 percent or moreNot computed		14 -		-	<u></u>	Ξ	-	_	-	
Median	17.6	14.9 173	19.3 52	-	10.0– 38	5	12.9 270	16.0 358 330	_	
Less man 20 percent	130	128	40 12	-	29	5	245 25	330 17	_	
20 to 24 percent		16 21	-	=	9	=	-	2	-	
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	-	- 8	_	_	_	Ξ	-	9 -	-	
Not computed	_	-	14.1	-	10.0-	17.5	11.6	13.6	_	17.
Median \$50,000 or more	234	16.0 231	16.1 94	_	62	7	257	294 294	-	
Less than 20 percent 20 to 24 percent	199	204 20	87 7	_	62	7	257	-	=	
25 to 29 percent	6	-	-	-	-	Ξ	Ξ	_	_	
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	-	7	=	_	=	Ξ.	-	-	_	
Not computed	-	12.4	10.0-	_	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	=	
Specified renter-occupied housing units	485	201	90	-	33	-	687	294	-	1
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	
\$100 to \$199	-	9 34	-	-	16	Ξ	29 183	2 35	Ξ	
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	. 189	102 29	25 24	_	6	_	253 141	99 84	_	1
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	.   189	29 12	24   20	_	11	Ξ	59	55	=	
\$600 to \$749	5	Ξ.	6	-	_	Ξ	15	9	_	
\$1,000 or more	: I = -		=	-	=	-	7	10		
No cash rent	16	15 <b>354</b>	7 456	_	302	Ξ	359	405	-	37
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS										
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less thon \$10,000	. 58	22	_	_	6	_	160	39	-	
Less than 20 percent	.   -	-	-	-	-	_	Ξ	_	_	
20 to 24 percent	.   4	Ξ.	-	=	-	-	_	-	=	
30 to 34 percent	. 2	22	_	_	- 6	=	152	33	=	
Not computed	-	50.0+	-	=	50.0+	Ξ	50.0 <del>+</del>	50.0 <del>+</del>	_	
Median \$10,000 to \$19,999	50.0+	69	31	-	19	-	258 52	59	_	
Less than 20 percent	.   6	14	_	_	_	Ξ	32	5	_	
25 to 29 percent	.   12	37	12	_	8 11		31 68	8 18	-	
30 to 34 percent	26	5	12	_	'-	-	68	25		
Not computed	30.8	7 27.3	7 32.5	_	30.7	Ξ	30.8	33.8	=	45
Median \$20,000 to \$34,999	_ 234	75 48	19	_	8		150 75	114 65	-	
Less than 20 percent	_ 58	19	7	-	_	-	66	43	-	
25 to 29 percent	_ 19	_	_	Ξ	-	-	-	-	_	
35 percent or more	-	- 8	-	-	-	=	-	-4		
Not computed Median	_   18.2	16.0	17.9	-	12.5	-	20.0 119	18.9 82		. 17
\$35,000 or more Less than 20 percent	_   133	35 35	40 40	_		-	113	82	-	
20 to 24 percent	-	-	-	-	_	-	6	-		
25 to 29 percent		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
35 percent or moreNot computed		-	-	_		_	-	-		
Median		12.5	10.0-	1 -	-	-	10.0-	12.9	-	

[Dato bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				R	temoinder of Taze	well County—Con				
Area	Troct 208 (pt.)	Troct 209 (pt.)	Troct 211.01 (pt.)	Troct 211.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.01 (pt.)	Troct 212.02 (pt.)	Troct 212.03 (pt.)	Troct 215 (pt.)	Troct 216.03 (pt.)	Troct 216.04 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	_	-	-	122	486	30	120	711	244	5
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	_	_	_	74	372	15	87	518	195	5
Less thon \$300	-	-	-	8 23	- 7	- 9	6 18	_	24	_
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	_	_	-	8	77	-	10	39	6	-
\$500 to \$599\$600 to \$799	_		_	8	78 128	- 6	18 35	60 144	78	-
\$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	-	-	-	8 11	43 34	_	Ξ	144 120	24 14	5
\$1,500 to \$1,999	_	_	_	'-	-	Ξ	_	11		-
\$2,000 or more	_	_	_	438	5 620	342	534	814	632	875
Not mortgaged	-	-	-	48	114	15	33	193	49	_
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199	Ξ	_	_	33	46	=	13	47	22 16	-
\$200 to \$299	_	_	_	8 -	48 8	6 9	20	86 47	-	
\$400 to \$499	-	-	-	7	12	_	Ξ	13	4 7	
\$500 or moreMedian (dollars)	Ξ		=	182	215	358	225	259	218	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									10	
Less than \$20,000 Less than 20 percent	_		Ξ	16 8	44 7	Ξ	14 7	58 24	13 8	-
20 to 24 percent	-	-	-	8	- 4	-	-	=	5	
25 to 29 percent	_	-	-	-	17		=	-	-	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	_	_	-	=	7		7	26 8	_	-
Median	-	-	-	17.5	31.9 93	- 6	27.5 19	35.4 114	14.1 45	
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less thon 20 percent	] [	=	_	47 39	48	6	19	77	14	-
20 to 24 percent	_		Ξ	=	29 16	Ξ	Ξ	8	25 6	-
30 to 34 percent	_	-	-	8	=	-	Ξ	5 17	Ξ	
35 percent or moreNot computed	_	_	_		_	, I	<del>.</del>	-		-
Median \$35,000 to \$49,999	_	_		17.5 25	19.5 103	12.5	14.0 44	16.9 151	21.7 59	-
Less thon 20 percent	-	-	-	9	77 22	-	44	93 24	29 19	
20 to 24 percent	_	_	Ξ	8	-	Ξ.	Ξ	21	ii	-
30 to 34 percent	_	_	Ξ	_	4	_	Ξ	13	_	
Not computed	_	=	-	_	16.0	-	11.5	18.4	20.1	
Medion \$50,000 or more	_			22.2 34	246	24	43	388	127 127	5
Less than 20 percent	_	_	_	34	224 15	24	43	349 39	- 127	-
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	7	Ξ	Ξ	_	_	
30 to 34 percent	_	_	-	Ξ	-	-	_	-	_	_
Not computed	_	_	_	10.0-	12.5	10.0-	10.9	12.7	10.5	17.5
Medion Specified renter-occupied housing units	-	-	-	64	116	6	16	72	58	1
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	-	-	_	29	18	_	5	_	18	-
\$300 to \$399	_	_	-	30	44	-	=	19 17	18 17	
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	_	_	_	5 -	41	Ξ	11	12	5	-
\$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	-	_	_	Ξ	-	6	Ξ	5	Ξ	-
\$1,000 or more	=	_	-	-	13	-	-	5 8	_	
No cosh rent Medion (dollors)	_		_	309	350	725	564	437	362	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less thon \$10,000	_	_	_	43	24	_	_	_	12	
Less thon 20 percent		-	-	_	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	_	-	-	Ξ	-	-	-	Ξ	_	
30 to 34 percent	_	_	_	43	18		Ξ.	-	12	
Not computed		-	-	50.0+	50.0+	-	_	Ξ	39.3	
Medion \$10,000 to \$19,999	-	=	-	13	33	-	-	7	11	
Less than 20 percent		Ξ	Ξ	8 -	12	_	_	7	5	
25 to 29 percent	-	_	_	5	7	_	Ξ	_	6	
35 percent or more	-	=	_	=	14	-	_	_	Ξ	
Not computed Median		_	Ξ	19.1	28.2	Ξ	-	22.5	25.4	•
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less thon 20 percent	-	-	_	_	32 23	-	5 -	38 24	13 <u>6</u>	
20 to 24 percent	_		-	-	9	-	5	_	7	
25 to 29 percent	_	_	_	_	_	_	=	6	-	
35 percent or moreNot computed	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	- 8	_	
Medion	-	-	_	_	17.8	- 6	22.5 11	18.1 27	20.4 22	-
\$35,000 or more Less thon 20 percent	-	_	-	8	27 20	6	ii	17	22	
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	5 -	-	
30 to 34 percent	-	_	_	_	=	-	_	5	_	
35 percent or more Not computed	_	_	_	_	7	-	-	_		
Medion		-	-	10.0-	12.5	12.5	10.4	13.5	16.3	

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Remainder	of Tazewell County	—Con.			
Area	Tract 216.06 (pt.)	Tract 217.01	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	Tract 218.01 (pt.)	Tract 218.02 (pt.)	Tract 219	Tract 220	Tract 221 (pt.)	Tract 222 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	12	943	1 047	755	527	1 100	847	63	175
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	6	602	616	427	300	656	483	40	133
Less thon \$300 \$300 to \$399		37 56	30 31	85 120	8 62	43 94	13 79	6 21	32
\$400 to \$499 \$500 ta \$599	-	134 118	88 140	86 79	39 112	183 148	91 89	13	29 13
\$600 ta \$799	.   -	176	185 92	57	51 24	141 33	144 40	_	29 5
\$800 ta \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	=	57 22	50	Ξ	4	14	24	Ξ	25
\$1,500 ta \$1,999 \$2,000 or more	-	2 -	=	Ξ.	Ę		_		539
Median (dollors) Not mortgaged	525	561 <b>341</b>	615 <b>431</b>	408 <b>328</b>	541 <b>227</b>	507 <b>444</b>	554 364	368 <b>23</b>	42
Less thon \$100 \$100 ta \$199		2 126	139	21 167	9 114	16 173	188	_	17
\$200 to \$299	. 6	149	212 64	100 33	74 20	194 49	130 34	6	19
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499		37 17	14	-	10	8	11	17	=
\$500 or more Median (dollors)	225	10 223	228	189	194	218	198	431	211
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									21
Less than \$20,000 Less than 20 percent	_	185 58	181 55	284 105	132 89	251 112	206 89	Ξ	10
20 to 24 percent	-	41 18	55 37 24	72 22	13	38 17	27 20		5
30 to 34 percent	.   -	8 59	15 47	13 64	10 20	8 72	11 55	-	
35 percent or moreNot computed	.   -	1	3	8	-	4	22.2		20.5
Median	- 6	24.1 234	24.6 239	22.3 168	16.3 102	21.5 293	207	19	24 18
Less than 20 percent	.   -	145 35	154 30	141 18	58 17	180 65	141 35	19	-
25 to 29 percent	.   6	44 8	239 154 30 23 20	9	19	27 3	11	=	6
35 percent or mare	.   -	2	12	-	8	18	17	Ξ	Ξ
Nat computed	. 27.5	17.8	15.6	12.8	17.5	16.8	16.7	14.7 23	17.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999 Less than 20 percent	6	252 218	253 211	152 140	162 150	312 284	187 147	23	44 33
20 to 24 percent	.   -	28 2	22 15	7 5	6	19 7	32 5	=	6
30 to 34 percent	.   -	ã	3 2	=	=	2	3		= =
35 percent or moreNat camputed			-	,, =	140	13.5	13.4	10.0-	11,7
Medion550,000 or mare		15.0 272	15.8 374	11.7 151	14.2 131	244	247	21	86 75
Less thon 20 percent		245 11	332 34	151	127 4	242 2	241 6	21	์กั
25 to 29 percent	.   -	8	- 8	Ξ	=	_	_	Ξ	-
35 percent or more	-	2	ž	-	-	Ξ	_	Ξ	Ξ
Not computed	. 1 -	11,1	11.6	10.6	10.0-	10.4	10.2 313	11.0 14	11.4 <b>6</b> 9
Specified renter-occupied housing units GROSS RENT	-	264	268	263	114	287	313	14	•
Less than \$100		1 21	- 5	_ 26	9	3 36	2 13	Ξ.	- 2
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	.   -	76	58 72	102	12	94 83	79 111	Ξ	2 17
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499		73 68	80	72 19	52 9	53	42	7	30
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	.   -	8 5	26 5	14	6	10	2	_	, ,
\$750 to \$999 \$1,000 ar mare	-   -	=	=	Ξ	Ξ.	_	_	Ξ	11
No cash rent	-	12 333	22 379	30 284	26 353	8 305	60 327	7 463	439
Medion (dollars)HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS		333	3/9	204	333	003	<b></b> -		
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	9	£.,	50	119	27	59	60	_	18
Less than \$10,000		56 1	53	2	-	4	_	Ξ	_
20 to 24 percent	: 1	2 1	2	<del>-</del>	Ξ	6	_	=	-
30 to 34 percent	-   -	6 44	2 37	109	16	6 43	45	Ξ	18
Not computed	-   -	2 50.0+	12 50.0+	50.0 <del>+</del>	11 50.0+	43.9	15 50. <b>0</b> +	Ξ	50.0+
Medion		68	84	62 18	39	115 27	79 15	Ξ	15
Less than 20 percent	:  -	5 21	16	3		41	20 14	=	2
25 to 29 percent	:   :	20 14	12 32	11 11	15	15 16	6	=	13
35 percent or moreNot camputed	-   -	6 2	14 1	19	17 7	16	8 16	=	_
Median	_   _	26.7 73	30.7 66	25.2 53	35.6 27	23.7 70	24.1 94	_ 4	44.2 24
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less than 20 percent	-   -	55	41	53 39	19	50 4	70 14	Ξ	14 10
20 to 24 percent		3 11	10 12	6 -	-	10	4	-	-
30 to 34 percent	-   -	2	-	_	-	=	-	=	-
Nat computed	-   -	2 17.1	3 16.6	8 14.2	8 16.3	6 14.7	6 17.3		19.2
Median	-   -	67	65 59	29 28	21 12	43 41	80 55	10	12 12
Less than 20 percent	-   -	61	59 —	26 -	-	7-	-	-	
25 to 29 percent	-   -	Ξ	_	=	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent ar mareNat computed	-1 -	- 6	- 6	ī	9	2	25	3	15.7
Median		11.7	13.7	10.0-	10.0	10.8	10.1	12.5	15.7

[Doto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Remoinder of Tozewell C	County—Con.		Woodford County		
Area	Troct 223 (pt.)	Troct 224 (pt.)	Tract 301.98	Troct 302	Troct 303	Tract 304
Specified owner-occupied housing units	174	680	519	790	628	938
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	103	456	254	335	331	515
Less thon \$300 \$300 to \$399	- 5	51 63	9 65	26 73	30 39	51
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	28 32	139	54 43	26 73 64 51	68 95	81 106
£400 +o \$700	26	77	55	90 16	72 21	106 192 48 37
51,000 to \$1,499	6	23	24	15	6	37
\$2,000 or more	_	=	1	Ξ.	<del>_</del>	-
Medion (dollors)	574 <b>71</b>	481 224	499 <b>265</b>	508 <b>455</b>	523 <b>297</b>	630 <b>423</b> 16
Less thon \$100	72	127	1 138	9 247	1 107	16 166
\$100 to \$199\$200 to \$299	42	75	115	162	126 49	166 183 58
300 to \$399 400 to \$499	24 5	18	11	23 6	12	-
5500 or more	285	192	197	8 191	2 232	214
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989						
ess thon \$20,000	23	78	123 34	220	141	163 71
Less thon 20 percent	9	78 22 24	34 15	108 31	66 18	26
25 to 29 percent	- 5	- 8	8	15 11	26 3	12
35 percent or more	ğ	24	57	53	21 7	48
Not computed	32.5	23.5	32.5	20.2	20.3 186	22.0 194
Less thon 20 percent	18 6	154	108 79	224 182	123	194 112 39 20
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	6	30	13 14	14 17	32 13	20
30 to 34 percent35 percent or more	6	21	2	4 7	16 2	11 12
Not computed		1, =	12.6	11.8	17.3	17.7
Medion \$35,000 to \$49,999	22.5 70	16.3 234 223	13.5 181	194	133	297 258 22 5
Less thon 20 percent	49 15	223	169 10	163 20	111 17	22
25 to 29 percent	1 2	=	2	9 –	3 2	6
30 to 34 percent	6	-	<del>-</del>	2	Ξ	6
Not computed	17.2	12.8	10.0-	11.5	13.1 168	11.6 284
\$50,000 or more	63	214	107 93	152 143	163	284 259 13
20 to 24 percent		6	8 6	7 2	5 -	7
30 to 34 percent	-	=		_	_	5 -
Not computed	100	10.0	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	12.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	10.0- <b>132</b>	10.0 <b>–</b> <b>70</b>	144	226	200	295
GROSS RENT Less thon \$100	_	_	6	12	5	. <del></del>
\$100 to \$199\$100 to \$299		4	9	19 55	10 38	30 58
\$300 to \$399	21 85	25 12	33 24 27	88 26	87 39	101 60
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	13	20	9	10	2	33
\$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	_	6	3 -	Ξ	3 -	=
\$1,000 or more No cosh rent	<u>-</u>	_	33	16	16	13
Medion (dollars)	358	456	323	319	332	340
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less thon \$10,000	24	14	51	72	37	39
Less thon 20 percent	_	_	-	12	2	
25 to 29 percent	-	-	<del>-</del>	6 2	3 -	10
30 to 34 percent	24	6	41	47	30 2	29
Not computed Medion	48.6	50.0+	50.0+	47.7	50.0+ 55	43.3 84
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 20 percent	1 77	22	51 13	55 9	10	84 19 48
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	33	- 8	5 3	9	8 20	40
30 to 34 percent	. <del>.</del>	4 6	4 20	13 11	6	17
35 percent or moreNot computed	-	-]	31.9	29.2	5 26.7	22.4
Medion \$20,000 to \$34,999	14	29.4 1 <u>3</u>	31	73 47	66 46	82 45
Less than 20 percent 20 to 24 percent	14	7 6	10 7	9	9	14 10
25 to 29 percent	-	-1	_	3 7	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	_ 14	7	- 8	13
Not computed	13.9	19.6	18.1	16.7 26	16.0 42	18.6 90
\$35,000 or more Less thon 20 percent	.   17	21 21	11 5	26	39	90
20 to 24 percent	.   -	_	-	Ξ		_
30 to 34 percent	.   -	-	=	=	Ξ	_
Not computed	.  -	10.0	10.0–	10.7	3 10.0–	12.8
Median	. ! 13.3	10.0-	10.0-	10.7	10.0	

[Dota based an sample and subject ta sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	7 - 4	Woo	odfard Caunty—Can		
Area	Tract 305.01	Troct 305.02	Tract 306.01	Troct 306.02	Troct 307
Specified owner-occupied housing units SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	1 240 944	627 370	1 102 571	467 324	819 420
.ess than \$300	2	22	20	2	6
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	49 137	49 93	30 106	19 75	64
5500 to \$599	117	51	151	60	87
600 to \$799	231	97	194	91	113
800 to \$999 51,000 ta \$1,499	205 188	22 34	44 26	23 37	2
\$1,500 ta \$1,999	13	2	-	17	
2,000 ar more	2	5.4	_	612	
Nedian (dallars)Net mortgaged	737 <b>296</b>	544 <b>257</b>	588 <b>531</b>	143	52 39
Less than \$100	6	14	18	1	
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	53 141	99 122	197 209	49 64	22: 12:
300 to \$399	83	15	107	25	3
\$400 ta \$499	13	7	-	4	
6500 or more	259	209	228	228	190
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	207	20.	220		
Less than \$20,000	104	117	218	65	197
Less thon 20 percent	26 14	55 10	134 12	20 5	9. 2: 2:
25 to 29 percent	7	22	17	5	2
30 to 34 percent	9	7	_	11	
35 percent or mare Not computed	44 4	23	55	24	4
Medion	31.7	21.7	18.0	31.1	20.
520,000 to \$34,999	149	152	240	1]]	19
Less than 20 percent	95 15	110 24	124 67	57 18	14 2
25 to 29 percent	10	6	43	20	1
30 to 34 percent	18 11	5 7	6	7 9	1
35 percent or moreNot computed	' <u>'</u>	<u> </u>	=		
Median	17.0	13.3	19.5	19.6	15.
35,000 to \$49,999 Less than 20 percent	272 177	127 104	327 261	118 85	24 21
20 ta 24 percent	68	16	48	19	2
25 ta 29 percent	18	-	12	4	1
30 to 34 percent	5 2	7	6	10	
Not computed	2	_		_	
Median	16.9 715	12.3 231	14.2 317	13.4 173	11. 18
Less thon 20 percent	603	210	297	141	18
20 to 24 percent	74	12	.7	21	
25 to 29 percent	21 15	9 -	13	4 -	
35 percent or more	2	_	-	7	
Not computed	13.9	11.2	10.8	11.6	10.
MedianSpecified renter-occupied housing units	139	182	613	96	31
GROSS RENT					
Less thon \$100	5 5	9	37 62	Ξ	2
\$200 to \$299	30	38	169	20	6
300 to \$399	29	62	167	36	12
400 to \$499 500 to \$599	27 23	28 13	132 22	36 13 13	5
600 to \$749	9	iĭ		-	
3750 ta \$999	6	-	4	_	
1,000 or more	5	21	20	14	2 35
Median (dollars)	393	347	324	347	35
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS					
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$10,000	22	43	222	15	7
Less than 20 percent	3	ž	12	-	
20 ta 24 percent	-	-	31 23	_	
25 ta 29 percent	3	3	29	=	
35 percent or mare	15	19	118	6	5
Not computed	1 50.0+	18 50.0+	9 37.6	50.0	50.0
Median \$10,000 ta \$19,999	39	45	156	21	6
Less than 20 percent	10	9	17	5	]
20 to 24 percent	8	4 3	50 32	5	1
30 ta 34 percent	5	10	21	4	1
35 percent ar mare	8	16	36	- 2	
Not computed	2 25.4	3 32.5	26.7	24.5	25.
Median \$20,000 to \$34,999	33	74	147	26	8
Less than 20 percent	24 5	65 9	104 34	13 8	5
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	2		5	ž	
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-4	Ξ	
35 percent or mareNat camputed	- 2		4	3	
Median	15.3	16.5	17.9	19.1	17.
\$35,000 or more	45 38	20 9	88 68	34 34	9
Less than 20 percent	38 7	11	-	-	,
25 to 29 percent	_		-	-	
30 ta 34 percent	-	_			
Nat computed			20	_	
Median	13.8	20.5	12.5	10.6	10.

# Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Oata bosed an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peoria Count	у		Tatals for split	tracts/8NA's in Peoria Co	ounty
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Total	Peoria city	Tozewell County	Tract 30	Tract 31.01	Tract 31.02
Occupied housing units	119 941	61 773	36 435	46 805	1 928	1 305	2 473
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							
1989 to March 1990	903 1 787 5 717 28 116 21 255 21 845 14 432 25 886	407 916 2 746 13 372 10 181 11 237 8 204 14 710	267 609 1 584 7 358 6 090 6 632 4 489 9 406	327 595 2 461 11 773 9 250 8 788 5 369 8 242	- - 329 931 596 72	36 71 112 764 239 62 21	33 55 264 1 331 702 73 15
BEDROOMS							
Na bedroom	790 12 186 37 197 50 186 16 398 3 184	504 7 165 20 592 23 678 8 264 1 570	413 5 415 12 534 12 423 4 702 948	260 4 366 13 708 21 248 6 037 1 186	89 317 1 173 302 47	103 229 614 332 27	60 443 845 697 372 56
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Complete kitchen facilities Somere af water, public system ar private company	119 501 104 626 97 004 370 230 140	61 495 55 663 52 115 208 139 69	36 244 36 365 35 555 108 58 50	46 658 41 326 38 980 145 79 66	1 918 1 928 1 901 10 - 10	1 300 1 280 1 269 - -	2 473 2 473 2 446 - -
HOUSE HEATING FUEL							
Urility gas	91 773 7 228 17 627 1 323 1 889 101	48 191 2 849 9 497 367 846 23	29 370 214 6 586 24 218 23	35 872 2 733 6 894 535 707 64	1 705 6 194 7 16	854 27 424 - - -	1 273 23 1 177 - -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE							
None	8 350 40 486 49 389 21 716 1.8	4 860 22 822 24 136 9 955 1.7	3 607 14 936 13 493 4 399 1.5	3 024 14 645 20 182 8 954 1.8	26 657 962 283 1.8	17 339 709 240 2.0	44 1 026 1 139 264 1.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT							
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or eorlier Renter-occupied housing units 1989 ta March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier	84 788 7 156 16 438 9 373 23 915 27 906 35 153 13 636 14 245 3 916 2 497 859	42 299 3 669 7 842 4 650 11 496 14 642 19 474 7 577 7 750 2 167 1 545 435	22 689 2 236 4 484 2 374 5 605 7 990 13 746 5 509 5 309 1 527 1 126 275	33 577 2 639 6 883 3 605 9 727 10 723 13 228 5 190 5 593 1 435 700 310	1 539 151 273 154 390 571 389 116 193 50 20	957 160 269 107 344 77 348 139 152 33 24	1 326 153 390 134 432 217 1 147 629 405 49 64
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS							
No telephane in unit	3 645 29 688 23 337 140 371 5 188	1 795 16 226 12 655 75 195 2 847	1 199 10 397 7 579 40 119 2 029	1 581 10 739 8 437 62 157 2 003	- 505 428 - - 19	16 103 80 - - 4	11 240 170 - - 33
Complete plumbing facilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or mare persons per room  Lacking camplete plumbing facilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or mare persons per room	119 571 118 269 1 302 370 356 14	61 565 61 027 538 208 208	36 327 36 035 292 108 108	46 660 46 024 636 145 132 13	1 918 1 897 21 10 10	1 305 1 301 4 - -	2 473 2 455 18 -
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) Hausehold income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	42 341 22 674 11 699 3 999 7 700	43 486 23 435 6 355 2 202 4 153	46 406 23 016 4 329 1 116 3 213	41 079 21 366 4 468 1 398 3 070	52 428 35 480 38 20 18	54 928 32 954 56 21 35	57 476 31 394 118 35 83

Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Totals for split tracts/B County—Co				Peana city, Peona	County		
Area	Tract 41.02	Tract 44	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3	Troct 5	Tract 6	Tract 9
Occupied housing units	. 1 323	1 957	420	535	765	648	777	422
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 ta March 1990	.   22	- 5	Ξ	- 8	=	<del>-</del> 8	Ę.	24
980 to 1984 970 to 1979 960 to 1969	. l 819	104 84 219	11 11 29	16 18 18	35	70 - 7	20 43 99	152 171 12
950 to 1959 940 to 1949	47	336 535	76 122	166 136	54 85 107	55 38	192 227	
1939 or earlier BEDROOMS	- 8	674	171	173	484	470	196	63
lo bedroom	. 7					_	7	22
bedroom	292 539	170 766 709	88 196	55 210	121 274	141 255	101 376	302 84 7
bedraomsbedraoms	. 66	270	106 30	226 28	243 89 38	141 90 21	219 <b>7</b> 4	7
5 or mare bedrooms	'	42	-	16	38	21	_	
Complete kitchen focilities Source af water, public system or private campany		1 957 1 877	420 420	535	759 765	641 648	769 777	412 422
iewone disposal public sewer	1 210	1 941	420	535 535	753 10	648	777 6	422
acking camplete plumbing facilities	Ξ -	-	Ξ	-	5 5	=	<del>-</del> 6	7
IOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Jilliry gos	- 586 7	1 845	400	521 7	741 10	613	688 12	72
lectricity uel oil, kerasene, etc	717	96	- - 8	7 -	14	35 -	70 - 7	350
NO TUEL USEG	- 13	8 -	12	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	<u>-</u>	
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								0.45
lone	634	163 844 704	112 165 111	47 345 106	130 290 265	140 306 147	71 356 247	249 147 26
or more	154	246 1.6	32 1.2	37 1.3	80 1.5	55 1.3	103 1.5	.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units	- <b>696</b> - 102	1 <b>451</b> 147	241 34	<b>379</b> 13	<b>500</b> 30	<b>355</b> 15	517 24	14 7
1989 to March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984	. l 194	253 147	40 28	35 11	30 78 7	49 36	78 44	-
970 to 1979 969 or eorlier Renter-occupied housing units	1 234	290 614 <b>506</b>	34 40 28 26 113 179	66 254 <b>156</b>	138 247 <b>265</b>	59 196 <b>293</b>	115 256 <b>260</b>	408
985 to 1988	- 178 317	149 261 30	47 93 11	58 47	124 65 25	55 186	76 87 49	408 107 130 120 51
980 to 1984	.   25	30 60	11 28	16 18 17	25 44 7	29 6 17	49 31 17	120
1969 or eorlier SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	,	٥	-	17	,	17	"	
No telephone in unit	_ 55	35	79	30	83	101	37	50
louseholder 65 years and over Owner-occupied housing units	_   133	644 582	137 109	203 174	254 230	258 172	316 248	25]
Locking complete plumbing focilities	. l	80	17 58	- - 35	5 - 64	14 87	- - 48	34 159
Complete plumbing focilities	1 323	1 957 1 949	420 420	535 535	755 735	648 648	771 750	415
1.01 or mare persons per room  cking complete plumbing facilities	_ <del>-</del>	8 -	420 - -	- -	20 10	-	21 6	408
1.00 or less persons per room1.01 or more persons per room	.   -	-	Ξ	Ξ	10	Ξ	<u>6</u> -	-
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dallars)	42 168	32 636	24 412	23 287	24 720	21 083	28 929 21 710	22 091 8 663
Renter-occupied housing units (dollors) Hausehold incame in 1989 belaw poverty level Owner-occupied hausing units	- 15 867 - 274	21 974 237 113	8 982 118 17	18 071 79 39	15 479 157 38	15 755 140 38	21 /10 96 38	200
Renter-occupied hausing units	253	124	101	40	119	102	58	20

### Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Peorio city, Peario Co	untyCon.			
Area	Troct 12	Troct 13	Troct 14	Troct 16	Tract 18	Troct 20	Troct 21	Troct 22
Occupied housing units	275	284	326	1 110	1 251	568	1 644	1 653
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to Morch 1990	- 23 83 7 19 22 121	- 6 14 48 25 56 42 93	- 9 11 22 25 54 205	- - 79 11 88 118	- 20 - 50 40 151 150 840	- - - - 52 27 489	33 197 72 229 226 887	7 7 73 51 191 444 880
BEDROOMS								
No bedroom	22 185 46 22 - -	9 98 92 56 16 13	- 59 130 90 41 6	18 211 328 321 192 40	85 373 269 361 133 30	19 85 165 231 68	15 351 723 410 115 30	63 755 712 123
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								1 452
Complete kitchen focilities  Source of water, public system or private company  Sewoge dispasol, public sewer  Locking complete plumbing focilities.  Owner-occupied housing units  Renter-occupied housing units	275 275 275 - - -	284 284 284 9 - 9	326 326 326 - - -	1 110 1 110 1 110 - - -	1 240 1 251 1 251 - - -	564 568 568 - - -	1 644 1 644 1 644 — —	1 653 1 653 1 643 6 6
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gos	209 - 52 - 14 -	270 - 14 - - -	310 - 12 - 4 -	1 057 - 53 - - -	1 096 20 72 - 52 11	560  8  	1 388 242 14	1 615 34 4 -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None	165 101 9 - .4	115 105 46 18 .9	53 194 53 26 1.2	244 429 313 124 1.3	253 543 303 152 1.3	17 175 299 77 1.9	192 890 458 104 1.3	120 737 603 193 1.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier Renter-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier	20 - 8 7 5 255 119 73 14 33	92 	181 4 29 49 37 62 145 95 17 8 19 6	592 43 69 53 124 303 518 247 194 36 35 6	466 54 64 51 73 224 785 330 251 126 70 8	382 67 52 47 112 104 186 113 54 12 - 7	970 72 119 107 306 366 674 256 255 88 57	1 184 139 182 115 260 488 469 149 197 31 84
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit	72 85 5 - 17 69	100 81 50 - 5 35	44 97 70 - - 27	62 308 228 - 13 98	108 263 179 - - 54	- 88 75 - - 12	65 586 394 — — 106	16 533 472 6  90
Complete plumbing focilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room  Locking complete plumbing focilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room	275 275 - - - -	275 269 6 9	326 313 13 - - -	1 110 1 090 20 - -	1 251 1 226 25 - -	568 568 - - - -	1 644 1 624 20 - -	1 647 1 647 - 6 6
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollors) Renter-occupied housing units (dollors) Household income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	20 518 10 713 134 8 126	23 062 10 191 151 10 141	20 021 11 155 112 32 80	32 514 17 197 197 33 164	37 674 16 823 333 31 302	49 045 27 791 65 19 46	27 113 14 851 273 68 205	37 213 26 124 129 53 76

Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Peorio city, Peori	io County—Con.			
Area	Troct 24	Troct 25	Troct 27	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 31.02 (pt.)	Tract 32	Troct 41.02 (pt.)
Occupied housing units	1 953	1 137	2 719	1 910	1 272	2 473	1 812	1 051
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	10 - - 55 225 392 597 674	- 24 54 94 162 803	7 	- - 311 931 596 72	36 71 112 746 233 62 12	33 55 264 1 331 702 73 15	27 42 122 692 704 209 16	- 14 241 672 77 41 6
BEDROOMS								
No bedroom	100 893 733 186 41	19 85 525 326 161 21	384 999 1 060 224 52	89 305 1 167 302 47	97 220 601 327 27	60 443 845 697 372 56	26 362 682 542 185 15	7 292 338 341 66 7
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Complete kitchen focilities	1 953 1 953 1 947 22 22	1 124 1 137 1 137 - - -	2 711 2 719 2 704 - - -	1 900 1 910 1 895 10 -	1 267 1 262 1 261 - -	2 473 2 473 2 446 - - -	1 803 1 806 1 800 - -	1 039 1 051 1 051 - -
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gos	1 903 - 41 - 9	1 112  25  -	2 242 28 441 - 8	1 693 - 194 7 16	843 14 415 - - -	1 273 23 1 177 - - -	1 138 - 674 - - -	334 710 7
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None	173 881 697 202 1.5	90 458 403 186 1.7	266 1 197 955 301 1.5	26 645 962 277 1.8	17 316 704 235 2.0	44 1 026 1 139 264 1.7	8 802 770 232 1.7	125 482 304 140 1.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or eorlier Renter-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or eorlier	1 452 93 286 126 282 665 501 194 212 53 42	792 68 125 81 208 310 345 149 150 33 13	1 860 139 322 160 409 830 859 242 327 158 132	1 521 151 267 154 378 571 389 116 193 50 20	929 160 269 101 331 68 343 139 147 33 24	1 326 153 390 134 432 217 1 147 629 405 49	831 97 180 112 240 202 981 525 372 46 28	488 76 86 125 193 8 <b>563</b> 154 284 102 18
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit	- 667 603 - 116	42 291 253 6 57	26 1 013 699 - 199	- 505 428 - - 19	16 103 80 - - 4	11 240 170 - - 33	- 274 177 - -	46 218 60 - - 43
Complete plumbing focilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room  Locking complete plumbing focilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room	1 931 1 916 15 22 22	1 137 1 137 - - - -	2 719 2 708 11 - -	1 900 1 879 21 10 10	1 272 1 268 4 - -	2 473 2 455 18 - -	1 812 1 804 8 - -	1 051 1 051 - - -
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollors) Renter-occupied housing units (dollors) Household income in 1989 below paverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	34 430 23 849 162 90 72	31 905 21 028 132 76 56	39 815 22 342 298 139 159	52 569 35 480 38 20 18	55 155 33 010 48 13 35	57 476 31 394 118 35 83	53 860 30 832 66 - 66	50 844 15 770 239 8 231

# Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peorio County			Totols for spli	t trocts/8NA's in Peorio Co	ounty
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Total	Peorio city	Tazewell County	Troct 30	Troct 31.01	Tract 31.02
Specified owner-occupied housing units	74 584	37 384	20 683	30 079	1 499	902	1 002
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	42 209	20 623	11 136	17 529	769	802	758
\$300 to \$399	1 836 5 258	891 2 332	1 090	805 2 487	18 87	59 167	6
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	8 294 7 787	3 900 3 598	1 978 1 766	3 619 3 431	77 151 251	129 156	78 216 167
\$600 to \$799	10 159 4 601	4 875 2 392	2 539 1 391	4 151 1 801 1 104	106 73	94 174	167
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	3 409 568	1 935 444	1 354 331 213	92 39	136	17	151 22 8
\$2,000 or more Medion (dollors)	297 573	256 589	616 9 <b>547</b>	553 12 550	631 <b>730</b>	663 100	780 <b>244</b>
Not mortgaged	32 375 691	16 761 395 7 202	150 3 564	224 4 991	204	15	Ξ
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	13 471 13 164 3 709	6 448 1 865	3 845 1 321	5 468 1 437	365 105	42 21	124 75 33 12
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	851 489	469 382	362 305	338 92	48 8	22	33 12
\$500 or more Medion (dollors)	212	210	222	216	238	256	299
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 8Y SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less thon \$20,000	16 813	8 869	4 999	6 596	210	64	55
Less thon 20 percent 20 to 24 percent	6 470 2 351	3 353 1 137	1 854 639	2 509 1 058	76 34	12 5	23
25 to 29 percent	1 852 1 252	1 037 732	664 388	686 451	49 8	20 5	
35 percent or moreNot computed	4 553 335	2 430 180	1 341 113	1 <b>752</b> 1 <b>40</b>	32 11	22	32
Medion	23.8 17 714	24.4 8 965	24.6 4 746	23.4 7 188	23.5 389	28.8 135	38.2 150
Less thon 20 percent	12 117 2 800	6 094 1 438	3 138 773	5 001 1 113	234 51 75	53 44	65 11
25 to 29 percent	1 602 621	812 261	489 143	635 285	9	24 8	150 65 11 38 19
35 percent or more Not computed	567 7	353 7	196 7	154	20	6	_
Medion \$35,000 to \$49,999	14.9 17 064	14.7 7 993	14.8 4 062	15.0 7 184	14.2 391	21.6 256 192	191
Less than 20 percent	13 985 1 889	6 472 927	3 205 480	5 976 721	289 60	39 15	24.5 191 96 45 25
25 to 29 percent	841 180	417 83	253 42	363 78	36	10	6 19
35 percent or moreNot computed	167	94	82	46	6 -	15.4	19.9
Medion \$50,000 or more	13.6 22 993	13.5 11 557	13.5 6 876	13.8 9 111	509 466	447 321	606 534
Less thon 20 percent	20 899 1 423	10 309 814	5 992 583 201	8 503 462 106	29	83 24	61 11
25 to 29 percent30 to 34 percent	461 150 60	293 104 37	69 31	26 14	- 6	13	
35 percent or more Not computed Medion	11.2	11.4	11.5	10.9	10.1	15.8	11.6
Specified renter-occupied housing units	34 139	19 053	13 688	12 900	389	346	1 147
GROSS RENT Less than \$100\$ \$100 to \$199	777 3 379	453 1 856	414 1 497	259 1 371	_	_ 21	=
\$200 to \$299	6 483 10 342	3 019 5 500	2 023 3 621	2 962 4 123	61 65	12 49	49 396
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	7 085 3 110	4 421 2 108	3 198 1 744	2 257 861	41 138	135 57	391 226
\$600 to \$749	930	683 232	555 197	213 86	75	55	42 25
\$1,000 or moreNo cosh rent	287 1 416	89	77 362	198 570	_	11	18
Medion (dollors) HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS	354		375	337	518	472	430
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989		5 170	4 000	3 565	22	38	138
Less thon \$10,000 Less thon 20 percent	9 295 538	292	4 002 1 235 318	216 191		11	
20 to 24 percent	598 748	374 431 336	371 259	269 225	_	=	-
30 to 34 percent	5 917	3 285	2 514 305	2 283 381	22	21 6	121 17
Not computed	50.0+	50.0+ 4 784	50.0+ 3 196	50.0+ 3 643	50.0+ 115	45.0 51	50.0+ 251
Less thon 20 percent	1 351	476 1 061	344 629	770 768	11 28	12	43
25 to 29 percent	1 618	892	546 511	636 642	10 27	7	43 58 50 92
35 percent or moreNot computed	2 222	1 390	1 094 72	709 118	39	26	4
Medion	28 1	29.4	30.4 3 776	26.8 3 433	31.6 129	35.2 104	31.8 376
20 to 24 percent	2 129	3 125 1 336	2 132 1 046	2 330 681	36 40 43	57 31	171 151 47
25 to 29 percent	661 145	473 108	354 89	162 30	_	5 8 -	-
35 percent or more Not computed	137 406		35 120	83 147	10 - 23.6	3 19.4	7 20.4
Medion \$35,000 or more	18.0	3 793	18.9 2 714	17.5 2 259	123 123 123	153 146	382 368
Less thon 20 percent	148	96	2 560 45 37	2 089 30	-	5	-
25 to 29 percent	.] 12	7	37 7	12 5 14	-	=	7
35 percent or more Not computed	267	123	59 12.6	109 11.8	-	2 15.4	7 12.2
Medion	. l 12.1	12.4	12.6	11.0	15.0	15.4	

## Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold ore 400 persons. Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Totals for split tracts/8 County—Co	it trocts/BNA's in Peorio ounty—Con.  Peorio city, Peorio County						
Area	Troct 41.02	Troct 44	Troct 1	Troct 2	Troct 3	Tract 5	Troct 6	Troct 9
Specified owner-occupied housing units	462	1 318	220	379	474	324	500	14
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	361	643	48	100	126	46	186	-
Less thon \$300	13 17 –	19 113	17 8	39 29	11 49	25 13	18 58	-
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	64 65 86	151 174	23	21 6	38 28	=	31 25	
\$600 to \$799 \$800 to \$999	83	147 32	Ξ	5 -	Ξ	8 <del>-</del>	28 18	
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	28	7	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	8 -	
2,000 or more Medion (dollors)	5 660	_ 519	344	361	- 406	_ 291	435	
Not mortgaged	101	675 63	172	279	<b>348</b> 30	278 16	314 7	10 14
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	_ 65	354 212	91 53	169 67	224 61	146 103	180 108	
3300 to \$399	23 13	19 27	19	43	33	13	11	
\$500 or more Medion (dollors)	282	182	182	189	170	188	181	100
MOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	262	182	182	167	170	100	101	100
Less thon \$20,000 Less thon 20 percent	47	392 169	102 59	183 79	230 95 58	171 82	211 126	
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	23 7	61 26	26	23	58 28	49 8	14 12	
30 to 34 percent	, 17	29	17	32	11 38	12 20	52	:
35 percent or more	-	102	-	49 _ 20.7	21.7	20.4	7 17.7	10.0
Medion	25.4 87	22.0 411	18.4 67	22.7 121	138	96	156 144	10.0
20 to 24 percent	37 21	278 91	67 -	103 18	128 10	88	4	
25 to 29 percent	18	18 8	=	Ξ	Ξ	8 -	<del>4</del>	
35 percent or moreNot computed	11_	16	Ξ.	=	ΞΞ	=	4	
Medion	21.5 146	15.7 308	10.0- 36	11.9 54	10.0- 71	11.4 33	12.7 60	
Less thon 20 percent20 to 24 percent	84 33 17	301 7	36	54 -	71	33	53 _	
25 to 29 percent	17	-	_	Ξ	_	_	7	
35 percent or moreNot computed	6 -	_		Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	_	
Medion \$50,000 or more	19.1 182	12.8 207	10.0 <u>–</u> 15	10.0- 21	10.0 35	10.0 <del>-</del> 24	10.0 <del>-</del> 73	
Less thon 20 percent20 to 24 percent	164 13	203	15	21	35	24	66 7	:
25 to 29 percent	5	=	-	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ.	
35 percent or moreNot computed	_	-	_		=	-	_	
MedionSpecified renter-occupied housing units	12.1 <b>627</b>	10.8 <b>506</b>	10.0 <del>-</del> 167	10.2 <b>156</b>	10.0- <b>260</b>	10.0 <b>–</b> <b>293</b>	10.0- <b>252</b>	40
GROSS RENT					200			7
Less than \$100	28 235	10 45	25 16	16 10	24	46 39	12	19
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	114 95	100 142	16 55 34	37 73	62 110	54 84	28 133	19 3 5 2
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	70 67	125 29	8 10	20 -	23 18	59	52 19	2
\$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	11	16 8	8 -	=	23	5 -	4 -	
\$1,000 or more	7	31	11	=	Ξ	6	4	.1
Medion (dollors)HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS	249	365	245	356	332	305	359	15
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989		140	104	40	100	161	72	32
Less thon \$10,000 Less thon 20 percent	326 20	140 20	124 13	48 16	109	23 24	, <u>,</u>	32- 3
20 to 24 percent	42	20 10 9	- -	Ξ	Ξ	17 18	Ξ	6 8 5 5 3 27. 6 2
30 to 34 percent	32 191	90	23 65 23	32	100	71 8	59 13	5
Not computedMedion	38.9	11 48.4	39.5	50.0	50.0+	33.5	50.0+ 72	27
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 20 percent	128 32	141 17	22	33 8	69 10	60 13 22	13	2
20 to 24 percent	40 14	24 47	11	Æ	25 9	4	8 -	1
30 to 34 percent	20 22	18 27	11	25 -	7 18	8 13	13 38	i
Not computed	24.0	8 27.7	32.5	31.7	24.9	23.9	35.5	24.
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less thon 20 percent	94 67	125 79	21 21	54 40	55 45	38 22	57 44	
20 to 24 percent	19	21 10	Ξ	14	10	16	7 6	
30 to 34 percent	-	8	=	_	Ξ	_	Ξ	
Not computed	17.9	7 18.6	10.2	17.8	14.4	14.3	17.4	17
\$35,000 or more	79	100		21 21	27 27	34 28	51 47	1
20 to 24 percent	, · · ·	-	-	-	=	-	Ξ	
25 to 29 percent	-	-	-	=	-	-	=	
35 percent or more								

# Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold ore 400 persons. Doto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peorio city, Peoria County—Con.							
Area	Troct 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Troct 16	Tract 18	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22
Specified owner-occupied housing units SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	20	72	165	519	350	382	897	1 168
With a mortgage	-	25	59	273	180	259	433	545
Less than \$300 \$300 to \$399		16	13 30	37 49	11 19	27	49 76	62
\$400 to \$499	-	9	10	90 65	43 57	31 71	123 80	169 131 106 53
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$799	Ξ	-	6	32	50	87	105	106
\$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	Ξ	Ξ	_	=	_	29 14	Ξ	9
\$1,500 to \$1,999	-	-	-	-	-	_		10
\$2,000 or more Medion (dollars)	Ξ	382	366	465	528	602	468	531
Not mortgaged Less than \$100	20	<b>47</b> 16	106	246	170 7	123	464	623
\$100 to \$199	.5	26	48	122	40	37 60	255 174	26 30 3
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	15	5	38 9	105 19	68 40	12	22	34
\$400 to \$499	-	-	5	-	15	6 8	8	
\$500 or more Medion (dollars)	217	125	209	201	249	256	193	209
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 8Y SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	8	40	101	139	72	42	319	310
Less thon \$20,000	-	17	17	27	16	iĩ	130	105
20 to 24 percent		10 8	23 4	15 20	9 22	5	26 30	5: 3: 20
30 to 34 percent	-	_	5	28	19	7 19	38 95	20
35 percent or more	8 -	5	52 -	42 7	6	-	_	
Median	45.0 12	21.5	35.7 46	30.7 192	26.8 126	33.6 37	25.6 324	24. 30
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less than 20 percent	12	4	35	143	104	16	228	17.
20 to 24 percent		5	6	32 14	15 7	6	34 53	7 3 1
30 to 34 percent	_	-	5	3	<del>-</del>	10	_ 9	1
Not computed	_	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	-	-	
Median	10.0-	20.5	12.5 18	12.8 72	13.5 75	22.1 118	14.4 153	17. 24
\$35,000 to \$49,999 Less than 20 percent	_	16 16	18	65	75	114	146	22
20 to 24 percent	_	Ξ		7	Ξ	4 -	<del>/</del>	
30 to 34 percent	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	
35 percent or more Not computed		Ξ	Ξ.	Ξ	<u>-</u>	<del>.</del>	-	10.0
Median		10.0-	10.0-	12.3 116	13.8 77	11.3 185	15.3 101	10.0- 30
Less thon 20 percent	Ξ	7	=	116	77	161	101	29
20 to 24 percent				Ξ	Ξ	24	_	
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	_	Ξ	_	1
Not computed	_	Ξ	=	Ξ	<del>.</del>	7	-	10.0
Median Specified renter-occupied housing units	255	10.0- 185	145	10.0– <b>518</b>	12.2 <b>785</b>	12.0 <b>186</b>	10.0 <del>-</del> <b>674</b>	46
GROSS RENT	233	100	145					
Less thon \$100	24 100	- 79	34	19 68	11 83	12	51 127	
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	95	52	64	144	283	45	163 163	5 18
\$300 to \$399	10	21 17	22 8	155 72	210 64	17 45	118	12
\$500 to \$599	-	9	17	25 12	89 25	16 19	34	6
\$600 to \$749 \$750 to \$999	10	Ξ	Ξ	12	5	-	-	
\$1,000 or more No cash rent	16	7	-	11	15	27 5	18	1
Medion (dollars)	196	226	260	327	303	459	290	37
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$10,000	166	121	89	187	283	36	301 29	6
Less than 20 percent  20 to 24 percent	7 12	6	9	4 29	9	-	36	
25 to 29 percent	25	-	-	14 6	11	<del>-</del>	88 9	
30 to 34 percent	36 80	6 98	73	119	213	30	139	1
Not computed Median	35.0	11 50.0+	7 46.7	15 48.4	50 50.0+	49.2	29.9	50.0
\$10,000 to \$19,999	42	26	28	179	174	31 8	181 45	12
Less than 20 percent  20 to 24 percent	18 8	- 6	11	11 33	20 38	6	45	2
25 to 29 percent	-	6	-	51	43 10	Ξ	41 15	4
30 to 34 percent	Ξ	8	17	35 43	55	17	35	4
Not computed	16 17.5	30.8	35.9	6 29.2	8 27.9	41.4	25.1	28
\$20,000 to \$34,999	47	29	28	104	279 211	73 35	176 115	15
Less than 20 percent20 to 24 percent	47 -	6 5	20 8	78 16	45	16	38	1
25 to 29 percent	-	18	Ē	10	7	13	5	
30 to 34 percent	Ξ.	Ξ	Ξ	=	16	9	-	
Not computed	11.6	26.0	15.0	17.5	15.8	20.5	18 18.0	17
Median	-	9	-	48	49	46 29	16 16	11 11
Less than 20 percent20 to 24 percent	_	9	Ξ	48	44 5	-	-	'
25 to 29 percent	-	=	-	-	-	6	Ξ.	
30 to 34 percent		-	_	-	-	6	=	
Not computed	-	10.0-	-	12.0	15.8	5 17.0	10.0-	12
Medion	-	10.0-	_	12.0	13.0			

## Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold ore 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Peoria city, Peorio County—Con.							
Area	Troct 24	Tract 25	Troct 27	Troct 30 (pt.)	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 31.02 (pt.)	Troct 32	Troct 41.02 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	1 411	721	1 776	1 481	882	1 002	736	458
With a mortgage	<b>631</b> 59	417 23	<b>888</b> 34	<b>751</b> 18	791	758	468	<b>357</b> 13
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	82 156	124 141	61 176	75 77	59 161	6	10 26	17
\$500 to \$599	140 162	54 62	176 171 275	145 251	129 156	78 216	56 153	65 86
\$600 to \$799 \$800 to \$999	22 10	13	115	106 73	89 174	167 151	160 41	60 65 86 83 28
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	-	Ξ	50 6	6	174 17 6	22	14	5
\$2,000 or moreMedion (dollors)	515	443	601	637 <b>730</b>	663 91	780 <b>244</b>	789 <b>268</b>	666 101
Not mortgaged	<b>780</b> 7	304	888 8	204	- 6	<del>***</del>	19	Ξ
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	372 348	164 106 27	251 468	365 105	42 21	124 75	164 61	65 23 13
\$400 to \$499	44	7	138 15	48 8	22	33 12	24	13
\$500 or more Medion (dollors)	202	194	8 234	238	284	299	276	282
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less thon \$20,000	472	224	538	210	64	55	75	47
Less thon 20 percent	181 70	84 5	127 74	76 34	12 5	23	45 -	23 7
25 to 29 percent	48 68	32 23 80	126 36	49	20 5	=	-	_
35 percent or moreNot computed	84 21	80	148 27	32 11	22	32	30	17
Medion	23.2	28.6 220	27.2 421	23.5 377	28.8 135	38.2 150	19.0 54	25.4 87
Less thon 20 percent	369 248 80	129 54	250 46	234 39	53 44	65 11	31 16	37 21
25 to 29 percent	26 15	17 6	84 17	75 9	24 8	38 19	Ξ	18
35 percent or more Not computed	-	14	24	20	6	17	7 <del>-</del>	11
Medion \$35,000 to \$49,999	14.6 279	18.4 122	16.5 292	14.0 391	21.6 247	24.5 191	16.7 222	21.5 142
Less thon 20 percent	259	109 13	232 37	289 60	183 39	96 45	87 87	142 80 33 17
25 to 29 percent	20	Ξ	6 11	36	15	25 6	39	6
35 percent or moreNot computed	Ξ	Ξ	6 -	6	10	19	9	6
Medion \$50,000 or more	10.0- <b>29</b> 1	12.3 155	13.6 525	14.1 503	15.7 436	19.9 606	21.4 385	19.2 182
Less than 20 percent	281 10	155	501 24	460 29	310 83	534 61	324 44 11	182 164 13 5
25 to 29 percent	-	Ξ	-	8 -	24 13	11	- 6	ž
35 percent or moreNot computed	<del>.</del>	<u>-</u>	-	6	6	11.6	11.5	12.1
Medion Specified renter-occupied housing units	10.0 <b>501</b>	10.0- <b>345</b>	10.0- <b>859</b>	10.2 <b>389</b>	16.1 <b>341</b>	1 147	981	563
GROSS RENT Less thon \$100	-	. <del></del>	26	-	-	-	-	28 235
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	68	30 72	110 77	61	21 12	49 396	35 290	28 235 98 54 70 67
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	133 170	83 103	257 188	65 41	49 135 52	391 226	413 167	70 67
\$500 to \$599	81 22	39 12	119 21	138 75 9	55	42 25	42 18	11
\$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more	- -	<del>-</del>	20	-	6	18	8	
No cosh rent Medion (dollors)	27 413	384	41 367	518	469	430	447	229
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989							.,	20.4
Less thon \$10,000 Less thon 20 percent	88 -	101	265 16	22	38 11	138	66	20
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	=	12	21 37	-	Ξ	Ξ	=	304 20 42 37 32 173
30 to 34 percent	- 84	89	47 144	22	2]	121	56 10	173
Not computed	50.0 <del>+</del>	50.0+	46.4	50.0+	45.0	17 50.0+	50.0+	37.8 114
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 20 percent	120	79 13	194 15	115	51	251 4	252 _ 25	114 32 26 14 20 22
20 to 24 percent	18 23	31 14	15 34 34 54 45 12	28 10	12	43 58 50 92	45 61	14
30 to 34 percent	8 55	14 7	54 45	27 39	6 26	92 4	121	
Not computed	10 35.0	24.3	30.7	31.6	35.2	31.8 376	34.6 367	24.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less thon 20 percent	204 76	102 56 26	221 141	129 36 40	99 57 26	171 151	174	24.8 69 42 19 8
20 to 24 percent	90 19	26 7 7	28 11	43	26 5 8	47 -	163 22	8
30 to 34 percent	10	-	29 -	10	- 2	- - 7	- 8	-
Not computed	21.2	6 19.2	12 18.2 179	23.6 123	19.2 153	20.4 382	20.2 296	18.8 76
\$35,000 or more Less thon 20 percent	89 85	63 63	179 162	123	146	368	279 17	76
20 to 24 percent	=	=	=	=	-	7	- -	
30 to 34 percent	=	=	- - 17	-	- 2	7	_	
Not computed	13.4	12.0	12.8	15.0	15.4	12.2	12.5	14.7

Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Pearia Cou	inty	Totals for split	trocts/8NA's in Pear	io County	Pearia	city, Pearia County	
Area	Peoria, IL MSA	Total	Peario city	Tract 31.01	Tract 41.02	Tract 44	Tract 1	Tract 2	Tract 3
Occupied housing units	8 060	7 977	7 737	186	199	232	372	415	147
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990	31 175 495 1 457 1 038 1 151 1 508 2 205	29 173 495 1 438 1 017 1 140 1 480 2 205	29 173 485 1 390 971 1 107 1 395 2 187	11 134 28 13	- 6 10 146 12 25 -	15 17 70 31 37 40	- 13 68 46 77 98 70	23 24 75 30 48 104	- - - 22 20 24 81
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom	150 1 449 2 511 2 788 971 191	150 1 449 2 483 2 735 969 191	138 1 439 2 389 2 650 934 187	34 102 50	37 32 100 30	6 21 100 74 27 4	15 23 216 77 41	38 125 189 60 3	20 49 53 18 7
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									_
Complete kitchen facilities	8 045 8 038 7 957 24 — 24	7 962 7 970 7 889 24 – 24	7 722 7 730 7 649 24 - 24	186 186 186 - -	199 199 199 - - -	232 232 232  	372 372 372 - - -	415 415 402 - - -	147 147 147 - - -
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas Bottled, tank, ar LP gas	5 883 97 1 860 - 75 145	5 827 97 1 833 - 75 145	5 652 97 1 768 - 75 145	109 77 - - -	73 126 - -	161 71 - - -	251 31 19 - 12 59	297 2 84 - - 32	131 6 10 - - -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
Nane	2 665 2 948 1 666 781 1.1	2 665 2 907 1 640 765 1.1	2 632 2 832 1 550 723 1.1	20 36 87 43 2.1	37 57 53 52 1.7	80 90 39 23 1.1	255 86 15 16 .4	195 165 41 14 .7	17 102 16 12 1.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990	2 569 308 482 315 921 543 5 491 1 972 2 396 806 240 77	2 522 306 460 315 898 543 5 455 1 957 2 375 806 240 77	2 402 293 434 297 859 519 5 335 1 924 2 329 765 240 77	89 15 18 - 56 - 97 28 57 7 5	85 4 26 -3 12 114 58 56 -	48 8 21 4 4 11 184 54 58 67 5	29 15 4 5 5 - 343 84 172 82 5	96 8 15 14 59 - 319 53 164 70 32	52 7 33 7 5 95 35 48 12
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit	1 029 576 - 106	1 348 1 019 566 - 106 381	1 327 997 544 - 106 381	14 6 6 - -	- 12 - - -	26 17 17 - - -	229 32 20 - -	107 13 13 - - 8	24 5 5 - -
Complete plumbing focilities	7 545 491 24	7 953 7 462 491 24 24	7 713 7 223 490 24 24	186 157 29 - - -	199 199 - - - -	232 221 11 - - -	372 317 55 - - -	415 387 28 - - -	147 122 25 - -
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) Hausehold income in 1989 belaw paverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	276	35 725 13 410 3 479 276 3 203	35 907 13 153 3 444 264 3 180	47 977 31 089 22 - 22	55 468 17 169 67 12 55	27 132 14 532 100 - 100	19 113 5 720 300 5 295	29 990 7 488 300 12 288	16 631 11 083 84 16 68

Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	er to sumpting variability				Peoria Caunty—Co	n.			
Area	Tract 5	Tract 6	Troct 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 16
Occupied housing units	261	<b>52</b> 6	533	395	727	378	200	124	334
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 ta March 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	31 43 13 25 12 5	- 36 92 59 88 104	- 41 81 49 33 139	- 26 17 14 53 285	24 218 178 35 8 143	- - 13 15 101 221 28	11 14 13 62 43 26 31	- 6 - 10 33 14 21 40	- - 36 - 44 84 170
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom	- 68 52 88 48 5	- 64 194 225 38 5	14 47 76 270 92 34	- 149 180 53 13	18 358 210 118 15 8	10 153 128 82 - 5	5 44 62 46 34 9	13 35 53 9	8 62 90 74 88 12
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen focilities	261 261 261 - -	526 526 526 - - -	533 533 492 - -	385 395 395 - - -	727 727 712 14 – 14	373 371 378 5 - 5	200 200 200 5 - 5	124 124 124 - - -	334 334 334 - - -
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas	217 - 44 - - -	383 3 140 - -	460 7 66 - -	386 - 9 - - -	316 5 336 - 33 37	329 13 29 - 7 -	178 8 14 - -	105  19  	271 
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None	92 85 32 52 1.2	154 208 130 34 1.1	121 176 145 91 1.5	82 132 107 74 1.5	499 180 40 8 .4	330 35 8 5 .2	124 49 20 7 .6	38 56 30 -	133 143 31 27 .9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units  1989 to Morch 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or earlier  Renter-occupied housing units  1989 to March 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1979 or earlier	106 - 6 30 46 24 155 52 65 31 7	207 12 36 37 109 13 319 130 118 39 32	265 24 10 34 91 106 268 112 72 43 20 21	264 13 9 15 555 172 131 73 38 11	64 - 5 18 11 30 663 184 270 132 51 26	- - - - 378 80 166 94 13 25	31 -7 -7 -15 9 169 97 67 - -5	41 10 6 9 16  83 31 45 7 	64 12 25 - 27 270 118 123 29 -
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit	56 66 22  28 45 261 245	61 72 51 - 13 29 526 491	92 124 84 - 7 25 533 463	20 141 141 - 42 395 384	214 187 21 - 16 128 713 656	137 37 - 13 32 373 346	92 9 4 - 4 195 153	- 10 10 - - - - 124 124	97 13 - - 6 6 334 328
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing facilities 1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room	245 16 - - -	35 - - -	463 70 - - -	11 - - -	57 14 14	27 5 5	42 5 5 -	=	6 - - -
Mean household income in 1989:  Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)  Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)  Household income in 1989 below poverty level  Owner-occupied housing units  Renter-occupied housing units	24 518 10 767 102 22 80	30 448 15 498 229 45 184	23 989 13 800 237 61 176	23 359 22 474 95 44 51	25 959 7 281 508 - 508	5 341 341 - 341	25 696 10 721 119 4 115	27 252 17 654 50 11 39	35 897 15 464 162 - 162

# Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Pearia city, Pearia County—Con.										
Area	Tract 18	Tract 21	Troct 22	Troct 24	Tract 25	Tract 27	Tract 31.01 (pt.)	Tract 41.02 (pt.)	Tract 44 (pt.)		
Occupied housing units	427	550	165	148	226	376	186	177	147		
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1989 to March 1990	32 - - - 91 74 230	- - 23 40 137 168 182	- 10 20 38 7 14 76	- - 10 77 41 10	- - - 17 44 29 136	10 - - 143 102 98 23 -	- 11 134 28 13 -	- 6 10 142 6 13 -	- 15 7 60 17 31 11 6		
BEDROOMS											
No bedroom	37 126 70 157 20 17	- 61 191 229 69	- 8 80 33 37 7	14 52 82 -	- 16 114 61 30 5	- 80 69 135 81	- 34 102 50	37 22 88 30	6 11 60 55 15		
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS											
Complete kitchen facilities	427 427 421 - -	550 550 550 - - -	165 165 165 - - -	148 148 148 - - -	226 226 226 - - -	376 376 376 - - -	186 186 186 — — —	177 177 177 - - -	147 147 147 - - -		
HOUSE HEATING FUEL											
Utility gos	382 34 - - 11	484 - 60 - - 6	165 - - - -	124 - 24 - - -	210 - 16 - - -	225 8 131 - 12 -	109  77  -	63 114 - - -	92 - 55 - - -		
VEHICLES AVAILABLE											
None	95 241 79 12 1.0	35 287 159 69 1.5	24 63 59 19	18 88 33 9 1.3	67 74 68 17 1.2	54 113 127 82 1.7	20 36 87 43 2.1	37 57 31 52 1.6	64 64 19 - .7		
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier Renter-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier	81 15 29 30 - 7 <b>346</b> 161 134 42 9	228 31 28 51 58 60 322 171 111 33 7	52 7 32 - 13 - 113 15 73 18 7	81 20  30 31 67 28 31 8 	57 	198 42 50 9 89 8 178 74 92 7	89 15 18 - 56 - 97 28 57 7 7	63 - 26 - 37 - 114 58 56 - -	8 8 8 - - 139 48 48 38 5		
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Na telephone in unit	92 11 4 - -	10 72 64 - -	13 16 - - - - 9	- 23 9 - -	21 5 - - -	- 35 17 - - 18	14 6 6 - -	- 12 - - -	10 8 8 - -		
Complete plumbing facilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room  Lacking camplete plumbing facilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room	427 416 11 - -	550 516 34 - -	165 152 13 - -	148 148 - - - -	226 220 6 - - -	376 367 9 - - -	186 157 29 - - -	177 177 - - - -	147 136 11 - - -		
Mean household income in 1989:  Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) Hausehold income in 1989 belaw poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	24 193 12 157 194 13	36 140 17 262 124 10	44 413 18 374 43 - 43	50 325 16 280 45 9	41 153 18 433 92 - 92	47 912 19 180 62 12 50	47 977 31 089 22 - 22	65 927 17 169 55 - 55	9 540 9 226 94 - 94		

# Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Doto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peorio Co	unty	Totols for split	trocts/BNA's in Peo	rio County	Peorio	city, Peorio County	
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Total	Peorio city	Troct 31.01	Troct 41.02	Troct 44	Troct 1	Troct 2	Troct 3
Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 300	2 275	2 192	78	63	31	14	77	52
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	1 564	1 541	1 461	78	52	31	14	39	47
Less thon \$300	236	81 236	75 231	- 6	- 6	6	Ξ	7	16 7
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	257	373 252	353 243	6 27	7	4 -	- 9	8 2	14 10
\$600 to \$799	353	252 337 161	302 156	16 16	4 25	13	5 -	22	Ξ
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	79	79 22	79 22	7 -	10	_	Ξ	-	Ξ
\$2,000 or more Medion (dollors)	_	532	530	600	- 875	- 661	580	610	404
Not mortgaged	736	734 26	<b>731</b> 26	-	ii	-	_	38	5
\$100 to \$199	287	287	287 201	Ξ.	=	-	_	12 21	_
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	125	201 125	125	Ξ	11	-	Ξ	5	_
\$500 or more	37	58 37	55 37	Ξ	_	-	Ξ	217	5 500+
Medion (dollors) HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	226	225	225	-	454	-	_	217	300.
Less thon \$20,000	668	668	653 152	6	6	6	5	16	35
Less thon 20 percent20 to 24 percent	. 37	152 37	37	=	-	-	=	8	7
25 to 29 percent	.   31	87 31	86 31	<del>-</del>	- -		5	- 8	28
35 percent or moreNot computed	. 39	322 39	308 39	6 -	6 -	6	50.0+	30.0	43.9
Medion\$20,000 to \$34,999	505	35.7 499	35.1 475	50.0+ 13	50.0 <del>+</del> 6	50.0+ 10	50.0+	30.0 30 17	10
Less thon 20 percent	.   110	239 110	232 108	_ 6	Ξ	6	Ξ.	13	10
25 to 29 percent	. 28	79 22	75 22	_	- -	-	Ξ.	Ξ	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	. 49	49	38	7 -	6 -	_	_		-
Medion \$35,000 to \$49,999	20.6	20.5 553	20.3 516	35.4 34	45.0 —	14.2 11	9	13.9 24	27.5 <u>7</u>
Less than 20 percent	459	444	422 52	27	_	4 7	4 5	24 _	7
25 to 29 percent	. 28	66 28 7	27	- 7	_	-	_	=	_
35 percent or more	.   8	, 8	8	<u>-</u>		_	=	=	_
Medion	. 14.2	13.9 555	13.7 548	17.6 25	 51	21.1	20.5	12.5 7	17.5
\$50,000 or more Less thon 20 percent	. 497	493	486	25	51	4	=	7	_
20 to 24 percent	.   11	41 11	41 11	_	-	-	Ξ	=	_
30 to 34 percent	.   10	10	10	Ξ.	=	-	Ξ.	=	_
Not computed Medion	. 11.9	12.0	11.9	12.8	12.5	17.5	343	16.5 <b>319</b>	95
Specified renter-occupied housing units GROSS RENT	. 5 418	5 382	5 262	91	114	184			,,,
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199		1 084 902	1 070 883	- 8	25 38	12 53	201 61	177 68	8
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	. 855	855 811	855 773	5	17	53 23 31	55 5	18 45	27 18
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	. 1 822	814 526	792 505	18 38	18 16	22 37	21 _	Ξ	36
\$600 to \$749	257 51	249	249 51	22	Ξ	_	_	11	6
\$1,000 or more	.   -	90	84	_	Ξ	-	-	Ξ	_
No cosh rent	. 278		273	530	160	301	90	96	364
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less thon \$10,000 Less thon 20 percent	3 179	3 179 451	3 148 451	22	63 16	92 12	314 133	258 13	62
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	.   254	254 278	254 268	_	Ξ	16	16 -	42 32	8
30 to 34 percent	. 263	263	263 1 681	22	15 25	52	29 123	46 125	- 54
Not computed	. 237	237	231 45.0	50.0+	7 34.0	12 50.0+	13 30.3	34.6	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	- 904	884 181	856 165	5	17 5	49 19	24 24	16	19 5
Less thon 20 percent20 to 24 percent	. 182	177	177 128	5	<u>4</u>	13	=	16	=
25 to 29 percent	.   107	98	98 276	=	- 8	10	_	Ξ	14
35 percent or moreNot computed	. 12	12	12	22.5	24.4	22.1	12.5	22.5	31.6
Medion	_   796	796	28.1 766	30	8 8	30 18		35 19	5
Less thon 20 percent20 to 24 percent	_   159	159	377 154	7	-	12	-	5	- 5
25 to 29 percent	_   51		121 51	12	-	-	-	11	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	_   23	23	40 23	-	-	10.1	-	10.0-	27.5
Medion \$35,000 or more	- 19.6 - 539	523	19.9 492	28.6	10.0- 26	18.1	5	10.0= 10 10	27.3 9
Less thon 20 percent	- 513 - 26		466 26	34	26 -	13	-	-	7
25 to 29 percent		Ξ.	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	-   -	_	Ξ	_	_		-	-	10.0
Medion	12.2	12.1	12.2	10.7	13.5	10.4	12.5	10.0-	12.5

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Peorio city,	Peoria County—Co	n.			
Area	Troct 5	Troct 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 13	Troct 14	Tract 16
Specified owner-occupied housing units	94	177	244	251	59	-	27	41	61
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	49	125	107	85	34	-	11	26	61
ess than \$300	12	5 25	- 56	37 21	5 15	=	- 6	11	5 23 21
\$400 to \$499	1 <u>1</u>	68 11	16 11	16	-	=	5	15	21 12
5500 to \$599	18	16	16	=	ő	Ξ	-	-	Ξ.
800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	_	Ξ	- 8	5 -	Ξ	=	Ξ	=	Ξ,
\$1,500 to \$1,999	_	Ξ	=	6	_	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=
Median (dollars)	509	460	398	334	340 <b>25</b>	Ξ	346 1 <b>6</b>	457 <b>15</b>	421
Not mortgaged	45	52	137 -	166 13	-	Ξ	-		-
\$100 to \$199\$200 to \$299	33 6	21 24	55 49	59 36	16 9	Ξ	4	5	-
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	-	7	22	23 30	Ξ	_	Ξ	10	Ξ,
\$500 or more	6	-	11	5	189	-	5 213	331	_
Median (dollars) HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	134	213	238	246	189	-	213		
Less than \$20,000	53	83	102	144 52	31 16	_	4	20 5	23
Less than 20 percent	17 -	7	18 11	18	-	-	7		12
25 to 29 percent	6	13 18	12	26	-	-	-	4	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	14 16	39 6	61	38 10	15	-	-	5 -	11
Median	26.3	35.5	43.4	24.2 20	19.7	-	27.5 11	29.2	29.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less than 20 percent	5	43 26	64 53	15	9	= =	6	-	-
20 to 24 percent	_	10 7	11	5 -	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	6	Ξ,
30 to 34 percent	5	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	_	Ξ	_ 5	Ξ	-
Not computed	20.5	18.4	13.7	13.3	10.5	-	19.6	27.5	Į.
Median	32.5 24	18	61	69	11	-	12 12	9	26 26
Less than 20 percent	24	18	53 _	64 5	6	Ξ	-	<u>-</u>	-
25 to 29 percent	Ξ	Ξ	_	_	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ
35 percent or more	=	_	8	-		-	-	Ξ	Ξ
Medion	15.4	12.5	12.7	10.0 <del>-</del> 18	20.4	-	10.0-	12.5	10.7 12
\$50,000 or more	12 12	33 33	17 17	18	8	Ξ	_	6	12
20 to 24 percent	_	_	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ,
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	-	_	-	_	Ξ	Ξ,
Not computed	10.0	10.1	10.0-	10.0-	12.5	Ξ	=	10.0	12.5
Median Specified renter-occupied housing units	10.0- 147	319	261	131	657	378	169	66	264
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	14	40	15	_	294	204	19	_	12
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	37	57 48	17 77	39	246 55	110 34	19 26	15 27	13 73 66 50 38 12
\$300 to \$399	25 33	80 73	30	30	16	24	60	14	66 50
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	34 4	/3 13	18 62	37	<u>-</u>	Ę.	19	6	38
\$600 to \$749	_	8 -	28	14	Ξ	6	10	4	-
\$1,000 or more No cash rent	_	=	_ 14	11	39	Ξ	12	Ξ	_
Median (dollars)	270	335	324	377	103	97	320	247	384
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less than \$10,000	73	162 19	151 18	40	563 126	358 64	126 8	28	163 6
Less than 20 percent	15 14	21	-	Ξ	48	60	-	<u> </u>	6 7
25 to 29 percent	10	17 19	7	Ξ	107 80	68 57	-	_	_
35 percent or more	23 11	78 8	112 14	20 20	166 36	109	90 23	20	131 13
Median	31.0	40.9	50.0+ 35	50.0+ 29	29.2 67	29.0 5	50.0+ 24	50.0+ 15	50.0+ 21
Less than 20 percent	48 5	49 6	-	-	40	5	ii	7	- 6
20 to 24 percent	13	6 8	18 10	18	3 12	=	7	_	5
30 to 34 percent	30	18 11	7	11	_	=	6 -	8	10
Not computed	37.0	31.3	24.9	24.0	12 14.9	17.5	25.7	35.3	34.5
Median	18	68	58	28	12	7	9	17 7	44 31
20 to 24 percent	14 4	54 -	16	11	Ξ	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	6	7 6
25 to 29 percent	Ξ	14	17 9	<del>-</del>	Ξ	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	16	11	12	-	-	4 -	_
Nedian	11.4	16.9	28.8	23.9	-	12.5	17.5 10	21.3 6	14.7 36
\$35,000 or more	8 8	40 40	17 17	34 34	15 15	8	10	6	36
20 to 24 percent	=	-	=	-	-	Ξ	=	-	Ξ.
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
35 percent or moreNot computed	=		-		10.0	10.0	15.0	10.0-	10.0-
Median	12.5	12.4	10.0-	13.3	10.0	10.0-	15.0	10.0-	10.0-

## Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Doto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering				Peorio city,	, Peorio County—Co	in.			
Area	Troct 18	Troct 21	Troct 22	Troct 24	Troct 25	Troct 27	Troct 31.01 (pt.)	Troct 41.02 (pt.)	Troct 44 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	75	180	52	81	50	190	78	63	-
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	49	105	52	52	50	161	78	52	-
Less thon \$300\$300 to \$399	Ξ.	_8	Ξ		. 8	21	6	6	-
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	27 10	78 -	32	10 13	14 28	27 33	6 27	7	=
\$600 to \$799	12	19	20	9 20	_	80	16 16	4 25	Ξ
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	_	_	Ξ	_	=	_	7	10	=
\$2,000 or more Medion (dollors)	493	- 441	588	717	_ 510	598	600	875	Ξ
Not mortgagedLess than \$100	26	75	-	29	-	29	_	11	_
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	12	19 15	Ξ	29	-	21	-	Ξ	_
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	14	41	=	-	_	8	_	11	-
\$500 or more	304	313	_	164	=	273		_ 454	_
Medion (dollors) HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989			-				,	6	
Less thon \$20,000 Less thon 20 percent	7 -	30	13	9 -	Ξ.	12	6 -	-	=
20 to 24 percent	Ξ	=	-	-	=	=	-	=	-
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	=	30	13	9 -	=	12	6	6	-
Not computed Medion	7 -	38.8	50.0 <del>+</del>	32.5	-	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	Ξ
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less thon 20 percent	48 5	83 71	17 7	-	21 7	48 10	13	6 -	_
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	31	12	10	=	14	17 9	6	_	_
30 to 34 percent	12	-	Ξ	-	_	12	7	- 6	Ξ
Not computed	28.1	16.1	20.7		21.3	24.1	35.4	45.0	Ξ
\$35,000 to \$49,999 Less thon 20 percent	20 20 20	34 34	=	30 20	21 21	26 26	34 27	_	
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	-	_	Ξ	10	<u></u>	-	- -	-	Ξ
30 to 34 percent	Ξ.	-	Ξ	-	=	-	7	-	_
35 percent or moreNot computed		15.5	=	12.5	14.0	14.3	17.6	-	_
\$50,000 or more	10.0-	33 33	22 22	42 42	8	104 104	25 25	51 51	=
Less thon 20 percent		-	-	-	-	-	-		_
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent		=	Ξ	=	-	-	-	-	_
35 percent or moreNot computed	=	-	-	11.7	10.0-	11.0	12.8	12.5	_
Specified renter-occupied housing units	346	10.0 <del>-</del> <b>306</b>	11.3 <b>113</b>	11.7 <b>67</b>	169	178	91	114	139
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	12	5	-	-	<del>-</del>	9	_	25 38	12 53
\$200 to \$299	18 96 79	21 37	47	= 8	32 32	26 -	5	17	53 23 21
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	46	50 89 42	20 22 24	38	25 51 22 33	45 70	18	18 16	9 21
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	8	38	24	14 -	33	28	38 22	-	-
\$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more	23	16	Ξ	_	=	_	Ξ	=	-
No cosh rent Medion (dollors)	373	8 429	324	437	454	422	530	160	216
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less thon \$10,000	147	98	52	36	75	66	22	63 16	78 12
20 to 24 percent	9	11	Ξ	=	=	9	_	=	16
25 to 29 percent	-	79	_ 52	22	70	48	22	15 25	44
35 percent or moreNot computed	19	8	-	14	5 50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	7 34.0	50.0+
Medion \$10,000 to \$19,999	50.0+ 93	50.0+ 109	50.0+ 3]	50.0+ 10	43	47	5	17	49 19
Less thon 20 percent	23	12	18	Ξ	11	8 15	5	4	13
25 to 29 percent		26	7	-	11	24	Ξ	- 8	10
35 percent or more Not computed	-	71 <del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	10	21	_	22.5	24.4	22.1
Medion \$20,000 to \$34,999	106	41.7 66	22.6	45.0 7	29.8 15	40.2 40 27	30 7	8 8	12
Less thon 20 percent  20 to 24 percent	54 20	36	-	7	5 5	27 7	-	-	12
25 to 29 percent	15	30	-	-	5 -	6 -	11 12	-	
35 percent or moreNot computed	9 -	-	Ξ	=		-		10.0	22.5
Medion\$35,000 or more	. 19.7	19.3 33 25	30	17.5 14	22.5 36	18.2 25	28.6 34	10.0 <del>-</del> 26	22.5
Less thon 20 percent	. } -	25 8	30	14 -	31 5	25 -	34 -	26	
25 to 29 percent	.   -	-	-	-	Ξ	Ξ	-	-	
35 percent or moreNot computed	.   -	=	-	=	=		-	-	
Medion	-	13.3	13.5	17.5	13.2	13.7	10.7	13.5	

# Table 38. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Dato based on sample and subject to sampling variobility, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

[Threshold is 400 persons. Dato based on sample olid sobject	1 to Sampling Voltonia
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	
	Peoria, IL MSA
Occupied housing units	307
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	
1985 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	7 9 46 48 37 60
BEDROOMS	
No bedroom	7 48 109 66 57 20
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Camplete kitchen facilities Saurce of water, public system or private company Sewage dispasal, public sewer Lacking complete plumbing focilities Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	299 273 251 - -
HOUSE HEATING FUEL	
Utility gos	237 9 49 - 12
VEHICLES AVAILABLE	
None	55 85 95 72 1.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	
Owner-occupied housing units  1989 to March 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or earlier  Renter-occupied housing units  1989 to March 1990  1985 to 1988  1980 to 1984  1970 to 1979  1969 or earlier	124 14 24 3 46 37 183 82 65 22 7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	
No telephone in unit	32
Householder 65 years ond over	38 18 - 6 27
Complete plumbing facilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room  Lacking camplete plumbing facilities  1.00 or less persons per room  1.01 or more persons per room	307 277 30 - - -
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) Household income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	41 123 29 795 71 7 64

# Table 39. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

[Threshald is 400 persons. Doto based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	
	Peoria, IL MSA
Specified owner-occupied housing unitsSELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	109
With a mortgage	59
ess than \$300	12
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	20 12
5500 ta \$599	12
600 to \$799 800 to \$999 1,000 to \$1,499	8 7
31,500 to \$1,999	Ξ
2.UUU or more	489
Median (dollars)	50
ess than \$100 1100 ta \$199 2200 ta \$299 3300 to \$399	6 43 1
200 ta \$299	Ĭ
5400 to \$499	_
500 or more	163
Median (dollars)HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED	103
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 ess than \$20,000	27
Less than 20 percent	18 2
20 to 24 percent	2
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	- 7
Not computed	
Median	17.5
Median	36 26
20 to 24 percent	7
30 to 34 percent	_
35 percent or moreNot computed	3
Medion	17.9
Medion	21 21
20 to 24 percent	_
25 to 29 percent	Ξ
35 percent or moreNot computed	_
Median	13.1
550,000 ar mare Less than 20 percent	25 25
20 to 24 percent	-
30 to 34 percent	] =
35 percent or moreNot computed	_
Median  Specified renter-occupied housing units	11.3
Specified renter-occupied housing units GROSS RENT	175
Less than \$100	, <u>-</u>
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	15
\$300 to \$399	46 33 22
\$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	22
\$600 to \$749 \$750 ta \$999	7
\$1,000 ar more	_
No cosh rent Medion (dollars)	18 351
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS	
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	,,
Less than \$10,000	61
20 ta 24 percent 25 ta 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	2
30 to 34 percent	11
35 percent or mareNat camputed	29
Median	50.0+
Median	18
25 to 24 percent	9
30 ta 34 percent	-
35 percent ar mareNot computed	2
Median	21.1
Median	140
20 to 24 percent	9
30 to 34 percent	-
35 percent of mare	1 /
Nat computed	20.6
\$35,000 or mare	
20 to 24 percent	-
25 to 29 percent 30 ta 34 percent 35 percent ar mare	
35 percent ar mare	-
Not camputed	10.2

Table 40. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based an sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peoria Cau	inty
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Total	Peorio city
Occupied housing units	633	551	471
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			
1989 to Morch 1990	54 19 203 107	- 45 14 187 90	- 45 4 148 74
1950 ta 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	65 38 147	62 28 125	60 23 117
BEDROOMS			
No bedroom	13 171 158 177 100 14	8 155 148 138 88 14	8 141 125 108 75 14
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS			
Camplete kitchen focilities Source of water, public system ar private company Sewage disposal, public sewer Lacking complete plumbing facilities Owner-occupied hausing units Renter-occupied hausing units	628 628 586 - - -	546 546 509 - - -	466 471 441 - - -
HOUSE HEATING FUEL			
Utility gas	467 - 147 - 19 -	395  137  19	338 - 114 - 19
VEHICLES AVAILABLE			
None	42 257 228 106 1.7	42 206 197 106 1.7	42 175 157 97 1.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			
Owner-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1969 or earlier Renter-occupied housing units 1989 to Morch 1990 1985 to 1988 1980 to 1984 1970 to 1979 1970 or earlier	291 35 91 58 101 6 342 249 74 12 7	258 35 78 44 95 6 293 224 64 5	209 35 51 37 86  262 202 55 5
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS			
Na telephone in unit	- 12 12 - -	- 6 6 - -	- 6 6 -
Na vehicle ovailable  Camplete plumbing facilities  1.00 ar less persans per room  1.01 ar more persans per room  Lacking camplete plumbing facilities  1.00 or less persans per room  1.01 ar more persans per room	633 565 68 -	551 493 58 - -	471 420 51 - -
Mean household Income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dallars) Renter-occupied housing units (dallars) Househald income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	74 080 26 530 145 17 128	78 710 27 255 132 17	88 699 25 713 130 17 113

# Table 41. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Doto bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peorio Cou	nty
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Totol	Peorio ci
Specified owner-occupied housing units	260	233	18
ELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	199	178	14
	9	9	·
330 to \$399	10 42	2 34	
500 to \$599	21	16	
600 to \$799   800 to \$999	48   18	48 18	;
1,000 to \$1,499	38	38	
1,500 to \$1,999	5 8	5 8	
ledion (dollors)	655	690	7
Not mortgaged	61	<b>55</b> 7	
ess thon \$100	20	20	
200 to \$299300 to \$399	24	18	
300 to \$399400 to \$499	10	10	
500 or more	-	_	
MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	207	201	1
ess thon \$20,000 Less thon 20 percent	35 10	33 10	
20 to 24 percent	_	-	
20 to 24 percent	2	-	
35 percent or more	23	23	
Not computed	-	_	
Medion	38.4 63	39.1 49	3
Medion	48	34	
20 to 24 percent	9	9	
25 to 29 percent	6	6	
35 percent or more	-	-	
Not computed	17.2	17.7	2
35,000 to \$49,999	67	56	Ī
Less than 20 percent	40	29	
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	7	7 13	
30 to 34 percent	7	7	
35 percent or moreNot computed			
Medion	18.4	19.7	2
50,000 or more	95 95	95 95	
Less thon 20 percent	73	73	
25 to 29 percent	-	-	
30 to 34 percent		Ξ	
Not computed		,, <del>,</del>	
Medion Specified renter-occupied housing units	10.6 <b>342</b>	10.6 <b>293</b>	1
GROSS RENT	V.2	2.0	
ess thon \$100	-	-	
5100 to \$199 5200 to \$299 3300 to \$399	32 53	28 35	
300 to \$399	108	102	
5400 to \$499	83	78 10	
6600 to \$749	49	40	
5750 to \$999	-	-	
61,000 or more	] [	Ξ	
Medion (dollors)	361	366	;
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS			
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	98	94	
Less thon \$10,000	"-	~=	
20 to 24 percent	-	-	
25 to 29 percent		_	
35 percent or more	77	73	
Not computed	50.0+	21 50.0+	50
Medion	66	46	
Less thon 20 percent	9	9	
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	17	6	
30 to 34 percent	9	9	
35 percent or moreNot computed	25	16	
Medion	30.6	31.1	3
Medion	66 45	48 27	
20 to 24 percent	10	10	
25 to 29 percent	11	11	
30 to 34 percent		Ξ	
Not computed		-	
Medion	17.1	19.0 105	2
\$35,000 or more	112	105	
Less thon 20 percent	1 _1	-	
Less thon 20 percent	-		
20 to 24 percent	-	_	
20 to 24 percent	_	=	

# Table 42. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any roce. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peorio Cou	nty		
Area	Peario, IL MSA	Totol	Peario city	Tozewell County	
Occupied housing units	953	666	498	251	
EAR STRUCTURE BUILT					
989 to Morch 1990	9	9	-	-	
985 to 1988	102	2 73	62	29	
970 to 1979	176	101	66	52 10	
960 to 1969	214 109	107 81	90 64	10	
950 to 1959 940 to 1949 939 or earlier	138 203	107 186	77 139	2: 2:	
EDROOMS					
o bedroom	-		-	_:	
bedroombedrooms	205 304	154 225	135 180	3' 7'	
bedrooms	323	216	139	39 72 99 33	
bedrooms or more bedrooms	98 23	59 12	34 10	3	
ELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS					
omplete kitchen focilities	953	666	498	25 20	
ewage dispasal, public sewer	881 873	639 627	498 493	20	
ource of woter, public system or privote compony ewoge dispasol, public sewer cking complete plumbing focilities	2.7	_	-		
Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	=	=	-		
IOUSE HEATING FUEL					
Itility gosottled, tonk, or LP gos	758 14	531 8	399	19	
lectricityetricity	145	108	93	3	
ll other fuels {	10	19	- 6	Ī	
lo fuel used	-	-	-		
/EHICLES AVAILABLE					
lone	73 353	48 265	39 211	1 8	
	398	283	197	9	
or more	129 1.7	70 1.6	51 1.6	9 5 2.	
EAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT					
Owner-occupied housing units	454 47	307	200	12	
985 to 1988	136	32 79	20 50	1 4 1 3 2 <b>12</b> 7	
980 to 1984 970 to 1979	58	42 122	35 93	1	
969 or earlier	156 57	32	2	2	
969 or earlier	499 231	<b>359</b> 149	<b>29</b> 8 124	12	
985 to 1988	216 [	159	123	4	
980 to 1984970 to 1979	20 20	19 20	19 20		
969 or earlier	12	12	12		
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS					
No telephone in unit	55	33	32	2	
touseholder 65 years ond over Owner-occupied housing units	76 53	71 48	44 21		
Locking complete plumbing focilities	- 6	40 - 6	6		
No telephone in unit No vehicle avoiloble	15	15	6		
Complete plumbing focilities	953	666	498	25	
1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room	880 73	614 52	446 52	23	
ocking complete plumbing focilities	/-	-	-		
1.00 or less persons per room1.01 or more persons per room	_	-	Ξ		
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollors)	35 980	35 284	35 922	39 41	
Renter-occupied housing units (dollors)  dousehold income in 1989 below poverty level	23 370	26 016	24 792	17 83	
Owner-occupied housing units	176 51	103 29	103 29	5	
Renter-occupied housing units	125	74	74	ģ.	

## Table 43. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hisponic origin may be of only roce. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peorio Cour	ty	
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Total	Peorio city	Tozewell County
Specified owner-occupied housing units	404	271	178	114
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	302	181	136	104
Less thon \$300 \$300 to \$399	9 33	9 16	16	9
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	50 40	48 21	38 14	2 19
\$600 to \$799	126	58	48	59
\$800 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	39 5	24 5	15 5	15
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 or more	=	-	-	-
Medion (dollors)	623	592	600	650
Not mortgaged	102	<b>90</b> 2	42	10 2
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299	37 45	37 40	26 16	3
\$300 to \$399	16	11	-	5
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	_		_	_
Medion (dollors) [	231	223	186	275
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989		_		
Less thon \$20,000	99 19	78 19	58 10	21
Less thon 20 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	8	8	6	-
25 to 29 percent	11 3	6 3 42	_	5
35 percent or more Not computed	58	42	42	16
Modion	44.2	41.5	46.5	50.0+
\$20,000 to \$34,999 Less thon 20 percent	111	64 46	34   16	29 14
20 to 24 percent	22	12	12	13
25 to 29 percent	19 6	6 -	6	-
35 percent or more Not computed	2	_	_	-
Medion	17.7	13.8	20.4	21.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999 Less thon 20 percent	90 65	72 54	50 32	17 10
20 to 24 percent	15 10	8 10	8 10	7
30 to 34 percent	-	-	-	_
35 percent or more Not computed	_	Ξ	_	_
Medion	17.1	16.8	18.2	18.8
\$50,000 or more Less thon 20 percent	104 92	57 45	36 24	47 47
20 to 24 percent	12	12	12	
25 to 29 percent	=	_	-	-
35 percent or more Not computed	_	_	_	Ξ
MedionSpecified renter-occupied housing units	13.6 <b>493</b>	14.2 <b>359</b>	14.2 298	13.4 11 <b>7</b>
GROSS RENT	473	337	2,0	***
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199	55	6 34	6 34	9
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	86	67	61	19
\$400 to \$499	204 79	162 53	128 40	19 37 26 21
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	41 17	20 12	12 12	21 5
\$750 to \$999	'-	-	'-	_
No cosh rent	5	5	5	Ξ
Medion (dollors)	344	339	335	366
HOUSENOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989				
Less thon 20 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent	118	73	73	33
20 to 24 percent	7	7	7	=
25 to 29 percent	_	_	_	_
33 percent of thore	79	46	46	21
Not computed	32 48.1	20 50.0+	20 50.0+	12 46.6
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 20 percent	110	84 11	77 S	21
20 to 24 percent	11	9	9	7
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	47 12	42 12	41 12	_
35 percent or more	24	10	10	14
Not computed	28.0	27.6	28.0	37.2
Medion	180 102	126 80	87 51	54 22
20 to 24 percent	65 13	39	29 7	26
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	13		-	-
35 percent or more Not computed	-	_		
Medion	19.1	18.0	18.5	21.0 9
Medion	85 85	76 76	61 61	9
20 to 24 percent	-	72	-	-
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	_	Ξ	-	
35 percent or moreNot computed	=	_	_	
Median	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	16.8

# Table 44. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold ond complementary threshold ore 400 persons. Dato bosed on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Peoria Cou	nty	
Area	Peorio, IL MSA	Total	Peorio city	Tozewell County
Occupied housing units	119 435	61 446	36 188	46 648
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1989 to Morch 1990	903 1 785 5 658 28 007 21 108 21 783 14 376 25 815	407 914 2 695 13 316 10 098 11 196 8 172 14 648	267 609 1 544 7 317 6 024 6 591 4 457 9 379	327 595 2 453 11 731 9 186 8 775 5 347 8 234
BEDROOMS				
No bedroom	790 12 072 37 011 50 055 16 334 3 173	504 7 090 20 447 23 598 8 239 1 568	413 5 350 12 423 12 374 4 680 948	260 4 327 13 674 21 205 6 005 1 177
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS				
Complete kitchen focilities	118 995 104 172 96 563 370 230 140	61 168 55 363 51 822 208 139 69	35 997 36 118 35 313 108 58 50	46 501 41 194 38 848 145 79 66
HOUSE HEATING FUEL				
Utility gos	91 405 7 220 17 527 1 313 1 869 101	47 960 2 841 9 422 367 833 23	29 191 214 6 518 24 218 23	35 757 2 733 6 869 525 700 64
VEHICLES AVAILABLE				
None	8 329 40 255 49 209 21 642 1.8	4 852 22 640 24 025 9 929 1.7	3 599 14 800 13 413 4 376 1.5	3 011 14 601 20 130 8 906 1.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT				
Owner-occupied housing units	84 573 7 153 16 385 9 328 23 840 27 867 34 862 13 498 14 126 3 897 2 482 859	42 166 3 666 7 816 4 621 11 437 14 626 19 280 7 505 7 662 2 148 1 530 435	22 587 2 236 4 460 2 345 5 556 7 990 13 601 5 456 5 251 1 508 1 111 275	33 512 2 639 6 870 3 590 9 711 10 702 13 136 5 129 5 562 1 435 700 310
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS				
No telephone in unit	3 639 29 632 23 298 140 371 5 188	1 789 16 175 12 621 75 195 2 847	1 194 10 359 7 558 40 119 2 029	1 581 10 734 8 432 62 157 2 003
Complete plumbing focilities 1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing focilities 1.00 or less persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room	119 065 117 769 1 296 370 356 14	61 238 60 706 532 208 208	36 080 35 794 286 108 108	46 503 45 867 636 145 132
Mean household income in 1989: Owner-occupied housing units (dollors) Renter-occupied housing units (dollors) Household income in 1989 below poverty level Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	42 351 22 639 11 624 3 970 7 654	43 503 23 354 6 316 2 181 4 135	46 433 22 938 4 290 1 095 3 195	41 076 21 389 4 440 1 398 3 042

## Table 45. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering		Pearia Ca	ınty	
Area	Peoria, IL MSA	Total	Peoria city	Tazewell County
Specified owner-occupied housing units	74 390	37 272	20 591	30 014
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	42 064	20 548	11 067	17 474
Less thon \$300	1 836	891	474	805
\$300 to \$399	5 234	2 316	1 074	2 487
\$400 to \$499	8 280	3 886	1 966	3 619
\$500 to \$599	7 778	3 589	1 760	3 431
\$600 to \$799	10 089 4 578	4 852 2 384	2 517	4 111 1 786
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	3 404	1 930	1 349	1 104
\$2,000 or more	568	444	331	92
	297	256	213	39
Median (dollars) Not mortgaged	573	589	617	553
	<b>32 326</b>	16 724	9 524	<b>12 540</b>
Less than \$100	687	393	150	222
	13 456	7 187	3 549	4 991
\$200 to \$299	13 141	6 430	3 837	5 465
	3 702	1 863	1 321	1 432
\$400 to \$499	851	469	362	338
	489	382	305	92
Median (dollors) HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989	212	210	223	216
Less than \$20,000	16 767	8 838	4 970	6 581
Less than 20 percent	6 462	3 345	1 846	2 509
20 to 24 percent	2 349	1 135	639	1 058
	1 847	1 037	664	681
30 to 34 percent	1 252	732	388	451
	4 522	2 409	1 320	1 742
Not computed	335	180	113	140
	23.7	24.3	24.6	23.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999	17 657	8 944	4 735	7 168
Less than 20 percent	12 095	6 079	3 133	4 996
20 to 24 percent	2 790	1 438	773	1 111
30 to 34 percent	1 583	806	483	622
	615	261	143	285
35 percent or mareNat computed	567 7	353 7	196 i 7	154
Median	14.9	14.7	14.8	15.0
	17 024	7 954	4 028	7 184
Less than 20 percent	13 955	6 443	3 181	5 976
	1 889	927	480	721
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	831 180	407 83	243 42	363 78
35 percent or moreNot camputed	167	94	82	46
Median	13.5	13.4	13.4	13.8
	22 942	11 536	6 858	9 081
Less than 20 percent	20 853	10 293	5 979 578	8 473
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	1 418 461	809 293	201	462 106
35 percent or mare	150	104	69	26
	60	37	31	14
Not computed Median	11.2	11.4	11.5	10.9
Specified renter-occupied housing units GROSS RENT	33 854	18 859	13 543	12 814
Less thon \$100	771	. 447	408	259
	3 364	1 849	1 490	1 363
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	6 454	3 003 5 413	2 007	2 949 4 086
\$400 to \$499	10 213 7 025	4 368	3 562 3 158	2 250
\$500 ta \$599	3 081	2 100	1 744	840
	918	671	543	213
\$1,000 or mare	330	232	197	86
	287	89	77	198
Na cash rent	1 411	687	357	570
Median (dollors)	354	369	375	337
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS				
A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 Less thon \$10,000	9 248	5 145	3 977	3 543
Less than 20 percent20 to 24 percent	538	292	235	216
	591	367	311	191
25 to 29 percent	748	431	371	269
	598	336	259	225
35 percent or mare	5 894	3 278	2 507	2 267
	879	441	294	375
Median	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
	8 941	4 754	3 167	3 622
Less than 20 percent	1 351	476 1 061	344 629	770 761
20 to 24 percent	1 593	872	527	636
30 to 34 percent35 percent or more	1 525	809	511	642
	2 198	1 380	1 084	695
Not camputed	300	156	72	118
Median	28.1	29.4	30.5	26.7
Median	9 236	5 232	3 735	3 399
	5 810	3 077	2 107	2 322
20 to 24 percent	2 084	1 317	1 037	655
	654	466	347	162
30 to 34 percent	145 137	108	89 35	30 83
Not computed	406	214	120	147
Median	18.0 6 429	18.5 3 728	18.9 2 664	17.4 2 250 2 080
20 to 24 percent	5 925 148	3 451 96	2 510 45	30
20 to 24 percent	57	45 7	37 7	12 5
35 percent or moreNot computed	20 267	123	59	14 109
Medion	12.2	12.4	12.7	11.8

Table 46. Percent of Persons and Housing Units in Sample: 1990

[Far definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Persar	ıs	Hausing	units	Census Tract or Block Numbering	Person	s	Hausing (	units
Area	100-percent caunt	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample	Area	100-percent caunt	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample
Pearia, IL MSA	339 172	17.8	136 458	17.7	REMAINDER OF PEORIA COUNTY—Con.				
PEORIA COUNTY  Tatal	182 827	15.7	75 211	15.7	Tract 36.02	5 623 2 912	13.1	2 264	12.4
Pekin city (pt.) Pearia city	113 504	13.2	48 260	13.3	Tract 37 Tract 38 Tract 39 (pt.)	2 912 2 997 4 429	14.8 29.2 28.5	1 094 1 174 1 579	15.0 31.5 <b>29</b> .5
TAZEWELL COUNTY  Tatal	100 (00				Tract 40	4 281 1 922 704	30.1 16.1 15.1	1 631 699 315	29.5 31.3 15.3 17.1
East Pearia city Martan village	123 692 21 378 13 799	17.7 13.9 15.7	49 315 8 924 5 482	17.6 14.1 16.0	Tract 42 (pt.)	4 070 2 806	12.1 15.6	2 022 1 291	12.1 15.4
Pekin city (pt.) Washingtan city	32 254 10 099	13.3 16.4	13 776 3 903	13.5 16.2	Tract 44 (pt.)	5 148	12.4	2 058	11.8
WOODFORD COUNTY  Total	32 653	29.6	11 932	30.3	Tract 45	5 066 5 493 4 040	30.2 11.0 25.7	1 784 2 254 1 487	34.0 11.2 26.0
OTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN PEORIA		27.0	11 732	30.3	Tract 48.02 (pt.) Tract 49.01 (pt.) Tract 49.02 Tract 50.97	4 602 3 595 4 068	12.5 32.6 26.8	1 814 1 354 1 376	13.3 33.4 27.0
Tract 28	3 605 4 168 5 673	15.0 11.1 12.6	1 715 1 995	15.2 11.4	Tract 50.98	-	-	-	-
Tract 31.01	4 495 5 835	15.6 11.9	2 113 1 567 2 811	12.1 16.1 11.8	TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN TAZEWELL COUNTY				
Tract 34.01	3 325 3 119 3 820	16.0 16.1 15.5	1 224 1 142 1 311	15.7 16.1 15.6	Tract 201	2 015 4 835	16.6	926 1 962	16.4 11.9
Tract 35	1 078 4 429	14.1 28.5	469 1 579	14.3 29.5	Tract 203.02	5 370 5 955	12.0 11.6	2 252 2 467	11.8 11.6
Tract 41.01	3 007 4 058	15.6 14.8	1 231 1 599	14.9 15.4	Tract 205 Tract 206 Tract 207	4 876 2 078 3 950	32.2 15.8 15.3	1 647 973 1 520	33.0 15.7 15.7
Tract 42 Tract 43 Tract 44	4 089 2 823 5 899	12.0 15.6	2 029 1 299	12.1 15.4	Tract 208	3 770 2 469 7 343	15.5 14.4 11.9	1 729 1 035 3 063	15.7 14.8 11.7
Tract 46	5 493 4 902	12.3 11.0 12.4	2 299 2 254 1 965	11.8 11.2 13.2	Tract 211.01				
Tract 49.01EKIN CITY (PT.), PEORIA COUNTY	3 595	32.6	1 354	33.4	Tract 211.02  Tract 212.01  Tract 212.02	5 506 2 205 3 144	12.0 15.1 15.1	2 291 804 1 284	12.2 15.0 15.8
Tract 49.01 (pt.)	-	-	-	_	Tract 212.03 Tract 215 Tract 216.03	4 019 6 172 4 256	14.8 16.0 15.9	1 551 2 449 1 495	15.7 16.0 15.5
ORIA CITY, PEORIA COUNTY					Tract 216.04	2 106 4 470	14.2 16.2	952 1 559	15.9 16.0
Tract 1 Tract 2 Tract 3	1 935 2 742 2 795	8.9 12.0 14.1	852 1 144 1 106	10.9 13.3 14.4	Tract 217.02 Tract 218.01	4 987 3 417	26.2 26.3	1 839 1 296	27.6 24.8
Tract 5 Tract 6 Tract 7	2 419 3 452	15.2 16.3	1 068 1 444	14.8 15.1	Tract 218.02	2 021 3 408	14.8	878 1 350	15.5 16.6
Tract 8	2 075 1 365 2 528	11.3 12.4 11.7	770 576 1 301	13.4 13.2 13.5	Tract 222 Tract 223	3 952 3 355	15.4 16.5	1 350 1 577 1 256 1 926	15.9 16.1 15.7
Tract 11	295 1 753	13.2 13.4	138 754	11.6 14.3	EAST PEORIA CITY, TAZEWELL COUNTY	5 201	16.3	1 926	15.7
Tract 14	1 289 1 367	17.5 15.5	629 567	16.7 15.5	Tract 201 (pt.)	2 015	16.6	926	16.4
Tract 15 Tract 16 Tract 17	2 271 3 683 685	14.3 14.9 14.2	962 1 652 508	15.2 14.9 15.0	Tract 201.99	6 1 052	33.3 14.0	453	15.2 11.7
Tract 18	4 031 1 999 3 899	9.6 14.2 13.6	1 954 671 691	9.9 15.5	Tract 203.01 (pt.) Tract 203.02 (pt.) Tract 204 (pt.)	4 040 5 284 18	12.4	1 661 2 219 3	11.8
Tract 21	5 300 4 420	10.0	2 368 1 934	15.3 10.7 14.7	Tract 205 (pt.) Tract 212.01 (pt.) Tract 212.02 (pt.)	3 070	15.0	1 254	- 15.8
Tract 23	5 295 4 967	12.4 12.6	2 334 2 220	11.7 12.1	Tract 212.03 (pt.)	3 579 982	14.9 14.8	1 393 372	15.7 15.1
Tract 26	3 613 2 070	15.7 14.5	1 494 972	15.4 15.3 11.9	MORTON VILLAGE, TAZEWELL COUNTY	1 332	15.9	643	16.2
Tract 29 (pt.)	7 285 3 588 4 166	12.6 15.0 11.1	3 230 1 708 1 993	11.9 15.2 11.4	Tract 215 (pt.)	1 571	16.2	752	16.4
Tract 30 (pt.) Tract 31.01 (pt.) Tract 31.02 (pt.)	5 631 4 380 5 826	12.6 15.6 12.0	2 096 1 528 2 808	12.1 16.2 11.9	Tract 216.03 (pt.)	2 968 2 092	15.7 14.2	1 074 946	15.5 15.9
Tract 32	4 136	11.5	2 071	11.4	Tract 216.05	2 806 4 362 —	15.8 16.2	1 186 1 524 -	16.4 16.1 –
Tract 33 (pt.) Tract 34.01 (pt.) Tract 34.02 (pt.)	3 316 2 102 722 578	16.0 15.8 15.4	1 220 749 235	15.7 15.6 15.7		-	-	-	-
Tract 35 (pt.)	1 085	13.5	290	13.4	PEKIN CITY (PT.), TAZEWELL COUNTY	0.070	15.0	070	167
Tract 41.02 (pt.)	3 354 19	14.6	532 1 284 7	14.5 15.0	Tract 206 (pt.) Tract 207 (pt.) Tract 208 (pt.)	2 078 3 881 3 770	15.8 15.1 15.5	973 1 490 1 729	15.7 15.6 15.7
Tract 43 (pt.) Tract 44 (pt.) Tract 46 (pt.)	17 751	5.9 11.5	8 241	12.5 11.6	Tract 210	2 469 6 067 7 343	14.4 11.5 11.9	1 035 2 687 3 063	14.8 11.8 11.7
Tract 46 (pt.)	300	10.7	151	12.6	Troct 211.02 (pt.)	4 983 857	12.0 16.8	2 075 366	12.2 16.1
Tract 28 (pt.)	17	23.5	7	14.3	Tract 207 (pt.)	491 315 —	15.3 19.4	240 118 -	15.8 16.1 —
Tract 29 (pt.) Tract 30 (pt.) Tract 31.01 (pt.)	2 42 115	11.9 14.8	17 39	11.8 12.8	WASHINGTON CITY, TAZEWELL COUNTY				
Tract 31.02 (pt.)	9	22.2	3 4	25.0	Tract 212.01 (pt.)			1	_
Tract 34.01 (pt.)	1 017 3 098 500	15.5 14.8	393 1 076 179	17.0 15.6 15.6	Tract 221 (pt.)	3 044 3 159 2 573	17.1 15.6 16.5	1 225 1 314 925	16.6 16.0 16.1
Tract 36.01	2 758	15.7	1 035	15.8	Tract 223 (pt.)	2 573 1 323	16.4	438	15.8

# Table 46. Percent of Persons and Housing Units in Sample: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering	Persai	ns	Hausing	units	Census Tract or Block Numbering	Persans		nsus Tract or Block Numbering Persons Haus		Hausing	using units	
Area	100-percent caunt	Percent in sample	100-percent caunt	Percent in sample	Area	100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent caunt	Percent in sample			
REMAINDER OF TAZEWELL COUNTY					REMAINDER OF TAZEWELL COUNTY—Con.	4 404	27.4	1 599	29.4			
Tract 201 (pt.) Tract 203.01 (pt.)	795	11.2	301	13.0	Tract 217.02 (pt.)	4 496 3 102	27.4 27.0	1 178	25.6			
Tract 203.02 (pt.)	86	7.0	33	9.1	Tract 218.02 (pt.)	2 021	14.8	878	15.5			
Tract 204 (pt.)	5 937	11.6	2 464	11.6	Tract 219	4 700	33.1	1 815	33.6			
Tract 205 (pt.)	4 876	32.2	1 647	33.0	Tract 220	4 084	32.2	1 581	34.1			
Troct 206 (pt.)	-	-	_	_	Tract 221 (pt.)	364	15.4	125	16.8			
Tract 207 (pt.)	69	27.5	30	23.3	Tract 222 (pt.)	793	14.8	263	15.2			
Tract 208 (pt.)	-	-	-	-	Tract 223 (pt.)	782	16.4	331 845	16.0 15.4			
Tract 209 (pt.)	-	-	-	-	Tract 224 (pt.)	2 546	16.4	845	15.4			
Tract 211.01 (pt.)	-	-	-	-	WOODFORD COUNTY							
Tract 211.02 (pt.)	523	12.4	216	11.6		2 679	28.8	993	29.5			
Tract 212.01 (pt.)	2 205	15.1	803	15.1	Tract 302	3 035	41.3	1 278 1 053	43.3 37.7			
Tract 212.02 (pt.)	74	18.9	30	16.7	Tract 303	2 833 4 296	36.4 15.7	1 524	15.7			
Tract 212.03 (pt.)	440 2 762	13.6	158 959	15.2 16.0	Tract 304	5 017	35.5	1 649	35.6			
Tract 215 (pt.)	1 288	16.0 16.4	421	15.4	Tract 305.02	2 552	30.1	1 011	28.6			
Tract 216.04 (pt.)	1 200	14.3	421	16.7	Tract 306.01	5 583	15.8	1 993	16.0			
Tract 216.06 (pt.)	108	13.9	35	14.3	Tract 306.02	2 563	33.6	897	32.7			
Tract 217.01	4 097	31.6	1 512	31.9	Tract 307	4 095	39.9	1 534	41.7			



# APPENDIX A. Area Classifications

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These definitions are for all geographic entities and concepts that the Census Bureau will include in its standard 1990 census data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one 1990 census data product. For a description of geographic areas included in each data product, see appendix F.

# AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives. Alaska is divided into

Land Area (See Area Measurement)

Incorporated Place (See Place)

Independent City (See County)

Internal Point ...

Gore (See County Subdivision)
Grant (See County Subdivision)

12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's were established by the Department of the Interior, in cooperation with Alaska Natives. Each ANRC was designed to include, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests. The ANRC boundaries for the 1990 census were identified by the Bureau of Land Management. A 13th region was established for Alaska Natives who are not permanent residents and who chose not to enroll in one of the 12 ANRC's; no census products are prepared for the 13th region. ANRC's were first identified for the 1980 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 07 through 84. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

#### Alaska Native Village (ANV) Statistical Area

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203. Because ANV's do not have legally designated boundaries, the Census Bureau has established Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA's) for statistical purposes. For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with officials of the nonprofit corporation within each participating Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC), as well as other knowledgeable officials, to delineate boundaries that encompass the settled area associated with each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's that the Census Bureau recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 6001 through 8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

#### American Indian Reservation and Trust Land

American Indian Reservation—Federal American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order, and recognized by the Federal Government as territory in which American Indian tribes have jurisdiction. State reservations are lands held in trust by State governments for the use and benefit of a given tribe. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Department of Interior (for Federal reservations), and State governments (for State reservations). The names of American Indian reservations recognized by State governments, but not by the Federal Government, are followed by "(State)." Areas composed of reservation lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are called "joint areas," and are treated as separate American Indian reservations for census purposes.

Federal reservations may cross State boundaries, and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross State boundaries, only the portion of the reservations in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; the entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations nationwide, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code; because the FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence of American Indian reservations within each State, the FIPS code is different in each State for reservations in more than one State.

Trust Land—Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe, held in trust by the Federal Government. Trust lands may be held in trust either for a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual member of a tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands recognized for the 1990 census comprise all tribal trust lands and inhabited individual trust lands located outside of a reservation boundary. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands may be located in more than one State. Only the trust lands in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; all trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The Census Bureau first reported data for tribal trust lands for the 1980 census.

Trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. Trust lands not associated with a reservation are presented by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservations.

# Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA's) are areas, delineated outside Oklahoma by federally- and State-recognized tribes without a land base or associated trust lands, to provide statistical areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TDSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which federally-recognized tribes have jurisdiction and areas in which State tribes provide benefits and services to their members. The names of TDSA's delineated by State-recognized tribes are followed by "(State)." The Census Bureau did not recognize TDSA's before the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9001 through 9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

#### Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA)

Tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (TJSA's) are areas, delineated by federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction; if tribal officials delineated adjacent TJSA's so that they include some duplicate territory, the overlap area is called a "joint use area," which is treated as a separate TJSA for census purposes.

TJSA's replace the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)" shown in 1980 census data products. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma comprised the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries from 1900 to 1907; these reservations were dissolved during the 2- to 3-year period preceding the statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were identified only for the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5001 through 5989. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSA's, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each TJSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

#### **AREA MEASUREMENT**

Area measurements provide the size, in square kilometers (also in square miles in printed reports), recorded for each geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data in general-purpose data products (except crews-of-vessels entities and ZIP Codes). (Square kilometers may be divided by 2.59 to convert an area measurement to square miles.) Area was calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded for the entity in the Census Bureau's geographic data base (see "TIGER"). On machine-readable files, area measurements are shown to three decimal places; the decimal point is implied. In printed reports and listings, area measurements are shown to one decimal.

The Census Bureau provides measurements for both land area and total water area for the 1990 census; the water figure includes inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1980 census, the Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and inland water.) The Census Bureau will provide measurements for the component types of water for the affected entities in a separate file. "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the Census Bureau's geographic data base. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that data base as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are considered to be "coastal" and "territorial"

waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, and territorial waters is for statistical purposes, and does not necessarily reflect legal definitions thereof.

By definition, census blocks do not include water within their boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Land area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on census maps and in the TIGER file because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division, or the water is associated with a State but is not within the legal boundary of any county. Crews-of-vessels entities (see "Census Tract and Block Numbering Area" and "Block") do not encompass territory and therefore have no area measurements. ZIP Codes do not have specific boundaries, and therefore, also do not have area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the data base, and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

#### **BLOCK**

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads.

Tabulation blocks, used in census data products, are in most cases the same as collection blocks, used in the census enumeration. In some cases, collection blocks have been "split" into two or more parts required for data tabulations. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts or block numbering areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, congressional districts, voting districts, urban or rural areas, or urbanized areas. The 1990 census is the first for which the entire United States and its possessions are block-numbered.

Blocks are numbered uniquely within each census tract or BNA. A block is identified by a three-digit number, sometimes with a single alphabetical suffix. Block numbers with suffixes generally represent collection blocks that were "split" in order to identify separate geographic entities that divide the original block. For example, when a city limit runs through data collection block 101, the data for the portion inside the city is tabulated in block 101A and the portion outside, in block 101B. A block number with the suffix "Z" represents a "crews-of-vessels" entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data, but that does not represent a true geographic area; such a block is shown on census maps associated with an anchor symbol and a census tract or block numbering area with a .99 suffix.

#### **BLOCK GROUP (BG)**

#### Geographic Block Group

A geographic block group (BG) is a cluster of blocks having the same first digit of their three-digit identifying numbers within a census tract or block numbering area (BNA). For example, BG 3 within a census tract or BNA includes all blocks numbered between 301 and 397. In most cases, the numbering involves substantially fewer than 97 blocks. Geographic BG's never cross census tract or BNA boundaries, but may cross the boundaries of county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, urbanized areas, voting districts, and congressional districts. BG's generally contain between 250 and 550 housing units, with the ideal size being 400 housing units.

#### **Tabulation Block Group**

In the data tabulations, a geographic BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of county subdivision, place, American Indian and Alaska Native area, urbanized area, voting district, urban/rural and congressional district shown in the data product; for example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there will be separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BG's are used in tabulating decennial census data nationwide in the 1990 census, in all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and in Tape Address Register (TAR) areas in the 1970 census. For purposes of data presentation, BG's are a substitute for the enumeration districts (ED's) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses, and in all areas for pre-1970 censuses.

#### **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some counties, county subdivisions, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and many incorporated places, changed between those reported for the 1980 census and January 1, 1990. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

- 1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
- 2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
- 3. Establishment of new governmental units.
- 4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
- 5. Changes in treaties and Executive Orders.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, and places are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in the area as delineated at each census. Information on boundary changes reported between the 1980 and 1990 censuses for counties, county subdivisions, and incorporated places is presented in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3, and in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* printed reports. For information on boundary changes for such areas in the decade preceding other decennial censuses, see the *Number of Inhabitants* reports for each census. Boundary changes are not reported for some areas, such as census designated places and block groups.

# CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION

#### **Census Division**

Census divisions are groupings of States that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine divisions, which the Census Bureau adopted in 1910 for the presentation of data. The regions, divisions, and their constituent States are:

#### **Northeast Region**

New England Division:

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

Middle Atlantic Division:

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

#### **Midwest Region**

East North Central Division:

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

West North Central Division:

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

#### South Region

South Atlantic Division:

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida East South Central Division:

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

West South Central Division:

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

#### **West Region**

Mountain Division:

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

Pacific Division:

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

#### **Census Region**

Census regions are groupings of States that subdivide the United States for the presentation of data. There are four regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Prior to 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940's, there were three regions—North, South, and West.

# CENSUS TRACT AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREA

#### **Block Numbering Area (BNA)**

Block numbering areas (BNA's) are small statistical subdivisions of a county for grouping and numbering blocks in nonmetropolitan counties where local census statistical areas committees have not established census tracts. State agencies and the Census Bureau delineated BNA's for the 1990 census, using guidelines similar to those for the delineation of census tracts. BNA's do not cross county boundaries.

BNA's are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 9901.07. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic BNA number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many BNA's do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. BNA numbers range from 9501 through 9989.99, and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 0001 through 9499.99 denote a census tract). The suffix .99 identifies a BNA that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-ofvessels" BNA appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its BNA number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers); the BNA relates to the ships associated with the onshore BNA's having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify BNA's that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities.

Some of these revisions produced BNA's that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a BNA can be summarized with an adjacent BNA.

#### **Census Tract**

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county. Census tracts are delineated for all metropolitan areas (MA's) and other densely populated counties by local census statistical areas committees following Census Bureau guidelines (more than 3,000 census tracts have been established in 221 counties outside MA's). Six States (California, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) and the District of Columbia are covered entirely by census tracts. Census tracts usually have between 2,500 and 8,000 persons and, when first delineated, are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Census tracts do not cross county boundaries. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new development, etc., may require occasional revisions; census tracts occasionally are split due to large population growth, or combined as a result of substantial population decline. Census tracts are referred to as "tracts" in all 1990 data products.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only on machine-readable files.

Census tract numbers range from 0001 through 9499.99 and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 9501 through 9989.99 denote a block numbering area). The suffix .99 identifies a census tract that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" census tract appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its census tract number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers). These census tracts relate to the ships associated with the onshore census tract having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify census tracts that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities. Some of these revisions may have resulted in census tracts that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a census tract can be summarized with an adjacent census tract.

#### **CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)**

Congressional districts (CD's) are the 435 areas from which persons are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the States, based on census population counts, each State is responsible for establishing CD's for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CD's in the State as practicable, based on the decennial census counts.

The CD's that were in effect on January 1, 1990 were those of the 101st Congress. Data on the 101st Congress appear in an early 1990 census data product (Summary Tape File 1A). The CD's of the 101st Congress are the same as those in effect for the 102nd Congress. CD's of the 103rd Congress, reflecting redistricting based on the 1990 census, are summarized in later 1990 data products (STF's 1D and 3D, and 1990 CPH-4, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress* printed reports).

#### COUNTY

The primary political divisions of most States are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as "parishes." In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized "boroughs" and the "census areas" that are delineated for statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and county equivalent is assigned a threedigit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within State, except for the independent cities, which follow the listing of counties.

#### **COUNTY SUBDIVISION**

County subdivisions are the primary subdivisions of counties and their equivalents for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories.

Each county subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code in alphabetical order within county and a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

#### Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCD's) are subdivisions of a county that were delineated by the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State officials and local census statistical

areas committees, for statistical purposes. CCD's were established in 21 States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCD's), where the MCD's do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCD's change frequently, and/or where the MCD's are not generally known to the public. CCD's have no legal functions, and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's usually are delineated to follow visible features, and in most cases coincide with census tract or block numbering area boundaries. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCD's have been established in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. For the 1980 census, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were MCD's.

#### Census Subarea (Alaska)

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas were delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. The census subareas, identified first in 1980, replaced the various types of subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

#### **Minor Civil Division (MCD)**

Minor civil divisions (MCD's) are the primary political or administrative divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, election districts, gores, grants, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some States, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to (part of) the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

The Census Bureau recognizes MCD's in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes.

The MCD's in 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these MCD's in all data products in which it provides data for places.

#### **Unorganized Territory (unorg.)**

In nine States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), some counties contain territory that is not included in an MCD recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. Each unorganized territory is given a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorg."

#### **GEOGRAPHIC CODE**

Geographic codes are shown primarily on machine-readable data products, such as computer tape and compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), but also appear on other products such as microfiche; they also are shown on some census maps. Codes are identified as "census codes" only if there is also a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent, or for which the Census Bureau does not use the FIPS code. The exceptions, which use only the FIPS code in census products, are county, congressional district, and metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, and primary metropolitan statistical area).

#### Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, census division, census region, county subdivision, place, State, urbanized area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes appear in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme;* in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

# Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and State. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS

codes used in the census are shown in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme;* in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

The objective of the FIPS codes is to improve the use of data resources of the Federal Government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. More information about FIPS and FIPS code documentation is available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

#### United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for States are used in all 1990 data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the FIPS two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

#### **GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION**

#### **Hierarchical Presentation**

A hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure in census products. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation, and is explained for machine-readable media in the discussion of file structure in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": block, within block group, within census tract or block numbering area, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within State, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

United States
Region
Division
State
County
County subdivision
Place (or part)
Census tract/block numbering area
(or part)
Block group (or part)

#### **Inventory Presentation**

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical or code sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census

tract/block numbering area, or block group. An example of a series of inventory presentations is: State, followed by all the counties in that State, followed by all the places in that State. Graphically, this is shown as:

State

County "A"

County "B"

County "C"

Place "X"

Place "Y"

Place "Z"

#### HISTORICAL COUNTS

Historical counts for total population and total housing units are shown in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report series. As in past censuses, the general rule for presenting historical data for States, counties, county subdivisions, and places is to show historical counts only for single, continually existing entities. Stated another way, if an entity existed for both the current and preceding censuses, the tables show counts for the preceding censuses. Included in this category are entities of the same type (county, county subdivision, place) even if they had changed their names. Also included are entities that merged, but only if the new entity retained the name of one of the merged entities. The historical counts shown are for each entity as it was bounded at each census.

In cases where an entity was formed since a preceding census, such as a newly incorporated place or a newly organized township, the symbol three dots "..." is shown for earlier censuses. The three-dot symbol also is shown for those parts of a place that have extended into an additional county or county subdivision through annexation or other revision of boundaries since the preceding census.

In a few cases, changes in the boundaries of county subdivisions caused a place to be split into two or more parts, or to be split differently than in the preceding census. If historical counts for the parts of the place as currently split did not appear in a preceding census, "(NA)" is shown for the place in each county subdivision; however, the historical population and housing unit counts of the place appear in tables that show the entire place. For counties, county subdivisions, and places formed since January 1, 1980, 1980 census population and housing unit counts in the 1990 territory are reported in the geographic change notes included in the "User Notes" text section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, and in the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

In some cases, population and housing unit counts for individual areas were revised since publication of the 1980 reports (indicated by the prefix "r"). In a number of tables of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, 1980 counts are shown for aggregations of individual areas,

such as the number, population, and housing unit counts of places in size groups, or urban and rural distributions. Revisions of population and housing unit counts for individual areas were not applied to the various aggregations. Therefore, it may not be possible to determine the individual areas in a given aggregation using the historical counts; conversely, the sum of the counts shown for individual areas may not agree with the aggregation.

#### **INTERNAL POINT**

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity caused this point to be located outside the boundaries of the entity, it is relocated from the center so that it is within the entity. If the internal point for a block falls in a water area, it is relocated to a land area within the block. On machine-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

#### **METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)**

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MA's are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MA classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on MA's. The MA's are designated and defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards. These standards were developed by the interagency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MA's nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA comprises one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MA's are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside MA's are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The

metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify an MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) that is divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's). Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Secretary, Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

#### **Central City**

In each MSA and CMSA, the largest place and, in some cases, additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few PMSA's do not have central cities. The largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities are included in the title of the MA; there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that city that extends outside the MA boundary.

# Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)

If an area that qualifies as an MA has more than one million persons, primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's) may be defined within it. PMSA's consist of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties that demonstrates very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSA's are established, the larger area of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA).

### Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) are relatively freestanding MA's and are not closely associated with other MA's. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties.

# **Metropolitan Area Title and Code**

The title of an MSA contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a city with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a PMSA may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population. A CMSA title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if such a designation is supported by local opinion and is deemed to be unambiguous and suitable by the Office of Management and Budget.

The titles for all MA's also contain the name of each State in which the area is located. Each metropolitan area is assigned a four-digit FIPS code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is a "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit codes for CMSA's, also assigned alphabetically.

#### **OUTLYING AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES**

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as the statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), Republic of Palau (Palau), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A of the text in the data products for each area.

#### **PLACE**

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a four-digit census code that is unique within State. Each place is also assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State. Consolidated cities (see below) are assigned a one-character alphabetical census code that is unique nationwide and a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

# Census Designated Place (CDP)

Census designated places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but are not legally incorporated places. Their boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.

Beginning with the 1950 census, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has identified and delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP." In the 1980 census, "(CDP)" was used; in 1970, 1960, and 1950 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

- In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau uses three population size criteria to designate a CDP. These criteria are:
  - a. 1,000 or more persons if outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - 2,500 or more persons if inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - c. 250 or more persons if outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census, and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.
- In Alaska, 25 or more persons if outside a UA, and 2,500 or more persons if inside a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
- 3. In Hawaii, 300 or more persons, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For the 1990 census, CDP's qualified on the basis of the population counts prepared for the 1990 Postcensus Local Review Program. Because these counts were subject to change, a few CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's. By agreement with the State of Hawaii, the Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

# **Consolidated City**

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD

continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city."

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic census code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. The semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)" are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS place code that are unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State.

#### **Incorporated Place**

Incorporated places recognized in 1990 census data products are those reported to the Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 1990 under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

#### POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population or housing unit density is computed by dividing the total population or housing units of a geographic unit (for example, United States, State, county, place) by its land area measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "persons (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "persons (or housing units) per square mile" of land area in 1990 census printed reports.

#### STATE

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are shown under "CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION" in this appendix.

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as State equivalents for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States. Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A in the data products for each area.

Each State and equivalent is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by State name, followed by the outlying area names. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned a two-digit census code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the outlying areas of the Pacific are assigned "0" as the division code. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/United States Postal Service (USPS) code.

In 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), the minor civil divisions also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these minor civil divisions in all data products in which it provides data for places.

#### **TIGER**

TIGER is an acronym for the new digital (computerreadable) geographic data base that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The Census Bureau developed the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER) System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map publication, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and publication of the collected data, assigning residential and employer addresses to their geographic location and relating those locations to the Census Bureau's geographic units, and so forth. The content of the TIGER data base is made available to the public through a variety of "TIGER Extract" files that may be obtained from the Data User Services Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

#### UNITED STATES

The United States comprises the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In addition, the Census Bureau treats

the outlying areas as statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas include American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

#### **URBAN AND RURAL**

The Census Bureau defines "urban" for the 1990 census as comprising all territory, population, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in:

- Places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities."
- 2. Census designated places of 2,500 or more persons.
- 3. Other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Territory, population, and housing units not classified as urban constitute "rural." In the 100-percent data products, "rural" is divided into "places of less than 2,500" and "not in places." The "not in places" category comprises "rural" outside incorporated and census designated places and the rural portions of extended cities. In many data products, the term "other rural" is used; "other rural" is a residual category specific to the classification of the rural in each data product.

In the sample data products, rural population and housing units are subdivided into "rural farm" and "rural nonfarm." "Rural farm" comprises all rural households and housing units on farms (places from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold in 1989); "rural nonfarm" comprises the remaining rural.

The urban and rural classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In censuses prior to 1950, "urban" comprised all territory, persons, and housing units in incorporated places of 2,500 or more persons, and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density. The definition of urban that restricted itself to incorporated places having 2,500 or more persons excluded many large, densely settled areas merely because they were not incorporated. Prior to the 1950 census, the Census Bureau attempted to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by classifying selected areas as "urban under special rules." Even with these rules, however, many large, closely built-up areas were excluded from the urban category.

To improve its measure of urban territory, population, and housing units, the Census Bureau adopted the concept of the urbanized area and delineated boundaries for

unincorporated places (now, census designated places) for the 1950 census. Urban was defined as territory, persons, and housing units in urbanized areas and, outside urbanized areas, in all places, incorporated or unincorporated, that had 2,500 or more persons. With the following three exceptions, the 1950 census definition of urban has continued substantially unchanged. First, in the 1960 census (but not in the 1970, 1980, or 1990 censuses), certain towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and Arlington County, Virginia, were designated as urban. However, most of these "special rule" areas would have been classified as urban anyway because they were included in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more persons. Second, "extended cities" were identified for the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Extended cities primarily affect the figures for urban and rural territory (area), but have very little effect on the urban and rural population and housing units at the national and State levels-although for some individual counties and urbanized areas, the effects have been more evident. Third, changes since the 1970 census in the criteria for defining urbanized areas have permitted these areas to be defined around smaller centers.

Documentation of the urbanized area and extended city criteria is available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

#### **Extended City**

Since the 1960 census, there has been a trend in some States toward the extension of city boundaries to include territory that is essentially rural in character. The classification of all the population and living quarters of such places as urban would include in the urban designation territory, persons, and housing units whose environment is primarily rural. For the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses, the Census Bureau identified as rural such territory and its population and housing units for each extended city whose closely settled area was located in an urbanized area. For the 1990 census, this classification also has been applied to certain places outside urbanized areas.

In summary presentations by size of place, the urban portion of an extended city is classified by the population of the entire place; the rural portion is included in "other rural."

### **URBANIZED AREA (UA)**

The Census Bureau delineates urbanized areas (UA's) to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places. A UA comprises one or more places ("central place") and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory ("urban fringe") that together have a minimum of 50,000 persons. The urban fringe generally consists of contiguous territory having a density of least 1,000 persons per square mile. The urban fringe also includes outlying territory of such

density if it was connected to the core of the contiguous area by road and is within 1 1/2 road miles of that core, or within 5 road miles of the core but separated by water or other undevelopable territory. Other territory with a population density of fewer than 1,000 people per square mile is included in the urban fringe if it eliminates an enclave or closes an indentation in the boundary of the urbanized area. The population density is determined by (1) outside of a place, one or more contiguous census blocks with a population density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile or (2) inclusion of a place containing census blocks that have at least 50 percent of the population of the place and a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The complete criteria are available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

#### **Urbanized Area Central Place**

One or more central places function as the dominant centers of each UA. The identification of a UA central place permits the comparison of this dominant center with the remaining territory in the UA. There is no limit on the number of central places, and not all central places are necessarily included in the UA title. UA central places include:

- Each place entirely (or partially, if the place is an extended city) within the UA that is a central city of a metropolitan area (MA).
- 2. If the UA does not contain an MA central city or is located outside of an MA, the central place(s) is determined by population size.

#### **Urbanized Area Title and Code**

The title of a UA identifies those places that are most important within the UA; it links the UA to the encompassing MA, where appropriate. If a single MA includes most of the UA, the title and code of the UA generally are the same as the title and code of the MA. If the UA is not mostly included in a single MA, if it does not include any place that is a central city of the encompassing MA, or if it is not located in an MA, the Census Bureau uses the population size of the included places, with a preference for incorporated places, to determine the UA title. The name of each State in which the UA is located also is in each UA title.

The numeric code used to identify each UA is the same as the code for the mostly encompassing MA (including CMSA and PMSA). If MA title cities represent multiple UA's, or the UA title city does not correspond to the first name of an MA title, the Census Bureau assigns a code based on the alphabetical sequence of the UA title in relationship to the other UA and MA titles.

#### **VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)**

A voting district (VTD) is any of a variety of types of areas (for example, election districts, precincts, wards, legislative districts) established by State and local governments for purposes of elections. For census purposes, each State participating in Phase 2 of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program outlined the boundaries of VTD's around groups of whole census blocks on census maps. The entities identified as VTD's are not necessarily those legally or currently established. Also, to meet the "whole block" criterion, a State may have had to adjust VTD boundaries to nearby block boundaries. Therefore, the VTD's shown on the 1990 census tapes, listings, and maps may not represent the actual VTD's in effect at the time of the census. In the 1980 census, VTD's were referred to as "election precincts."

Each VTD is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to nonparticipating areas; the Census Bureau reports data for areas coded "ZZZZ."

#### ZIP CODE®

ZIP Codes are administrative units established by the United States Postal Service (USPS) for the distribution of mail. ZIP Codes serve addresses for the most efficient delivery of mail, and therefore generally do not respect political or census statistical area boundaries. ZIP Codes usually do not have clearly identifiable boundaries, often serve a continually changing area, are changed periodically to meet postal requirements, and do not cover all the land area of the United States. ZIP Codes are identified by five-digit codes assigned by the USPS. The first three digits identify a major city or sectional distribution center, and the last two digits generally signify a specific post office's delivery area or point. For the 1990 census, ZIP Code data are tabulated for the five-digit codes in STF 3B.



# **APPENDIX B. Definitions of Subject Characteristics**

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# POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to questionnaire item 5, which was asked of all persons. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 1990. The age response in question 5a was used normally to represent a person's age. However, when the age response was unacceptable or unavailable, a person's age was derived from an acceptable year-of-birth response in question 5b.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of other questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies. Therefore, age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

Some tabulations are shown by the age of the householder. These data were derived from the age responses for each householder. (For more information on householder, see the discussion under "Household Type and Relationship.")

Median Age—This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Generally, median age is computed on the basis of more detailed age intervals than are shown in some census publications; thus, a median based on a less detailed distribution may differ slightly from a corresponding median for the same population based on a more detailed distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Limitation of the Data—Counts in 1970 and 1980 for persons 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. Improvements were made in the questionnaire design, in the allocation procedures, and to the respondent instruction guide to attempt to minimize this problem for the 1990 census.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

Comparability—Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data are not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

#### **ANCESTRY**

The data on ancestry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 13, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question was based on self-identification; the data on ancestry represent self-classification by people according to the ancestry group(s) with which they most closely identify. Ancestry refers to a person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage or the place of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Some ethnic identities, such as "Egyptian" or "Polish" can be traced to geographic areas outside the United States, while other ethnicities such as "Pennsylvania Dutch" or "Cajun" evolved in the United States.

The intent of the ancestry question was not to measure the degree of attachment the respondent had to a particular ethnicity. For example, a response of "Irish" might reflect total involvement in an "Irish" community or only a memory of ancestors several generations removed from the individual.

The Census Bureau coded the responses through an automated review, edit, and coding operation. The openended write-in ancestry item was coded by subject-matter specialists into a numeric representation using a code list containing over 1,000 categories. The 1990 code list reflects the results of the Census Bureau's own research and consultations with many ethnic experts. Many decisions were made to determine the classification of responses. These decisions affected the grouping of the tabulated data. For example, the "Assyrian" category includes both responses of "Assyrian" and "Chaldean."

The ancestry question allowed respondents to report one or more ancestry groups. While a large number of respondents listed a single ancestry, the majority of answers included more than one ethnic entry. Generally, only the first two responses reported were coded in 1990. If a response was in terms of a dual ancestry, for example, Irish-English, the person was assigned two codes, in this case one for Irish and another for English.

However, in certain cases, multiple responses such as "French Canadian," "Scotch-Irish," "Greek Cypriote," and "Black Dutch" were assigned a single code reflecting their status as unique groups. If a person reported one of these unique groups in addition to another group, for example, "Scotch-Irish English," resulting in three terms, that person received one code for the unique group ("Scotch-Irish") and another one for the remaining group ("English"). If a person reported "English Irish French," only English and Irish were coded. Certain combinations of ancestries where the ancestry group is a part of another, such as "German-Bavarian," the responses were coded as a single ancestry using the smaller group ("Bavarian"). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry ("Polish" or "Italian").

The Census Bureau accepted "American" as a unique ethnicity if it was given alone, with an ambiguous response, or with State names. If the respondent listed any other ethnic identity such as "Italian American," generally the "American" portion of the response was not coded. However, distinct groups such as "American Indian," "Mexican American," and "African American" were coded and identified separately because they represented groups who considered themselves different from those who reported as "Indian," "Mexican," or "African," respectively.

In all tabulations, when respondents provided an unacceptable ethnic identity (for example, an uncodeable or unintelligible response such as "multi-national," "adopted," or "I have no idea"), the answer was included in "Ancestry not reported."

The tabulations on ancestry are presented using two types of data presentations—one used total persons as the base, and the other used total responses as the base. The following are categories shown in the two data presentations:

Presentation Based on Persons:

Single Ancestries Reported—Includes all persons who reported only one ethnic group. Included in this

category are persons with multiple-term responses such as "Scotch-Irish" who are assigned a single code.

Multiple Ancestries Reported—Includes all persons who reported more than one group and were assigned two ancestry codes.

Ancestry Unclassified—Includes all persons who provided a response that could not be assigned an ancestry code because they provided nonsensical entries or religious responses.

Presentations Based on Responses:

Total Ancestries Reported—Includes the total number of ancestries reported and coded. If a person reported a multiple ancestry such as "French Danish," that response was counted twice in the tabulations—once in the "French" category and again in the "Danish" category. Thus, the sum of the counts in this type of presentation is not the total population but the total of all responses.

First Ancestry Reported—Includes the first response of all persons who reported at least one codeable entry. For example, in this category, the count for "Danish" would include all those who reported only Danish and those who reported Danish first and then some other group.

Second Ancestry Reported—Includes the second response of all persons who reported a multiple ancestry. Thus, the count for "Danish" in this category includes all persons who reported Danish as the second response, regardless of the first response provided.

The Census Bureau identified hundreds of ethnic groups in the 1990 census. However, it was impossible to show information for every group in all census tabulations because of space constraints. Publications such as the 1990 CP-2, Social and Economic Characteristics and the 1990 CPH-3, Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas reports show a limited number of groups based on the number reported and the advice received from experts. A more complete distribution of groups is presented in the 1990 Summary Tape File 4, supplementary reports, and a special subject report on ancestry. In addition, groups identified specifically in the questions on race and Hispanic origin (for example, Japanese, Laotian, Mexican, Cuban, and Spaniard), in general, are not shown separately in ancestry tabulations.

Limitation of the Data—Although some experts consider religious affiliation a component of ethnic identity, the ancestry question was not designed to collect any information concerning religion. The Bureau of the Census is prohibited from collecting information on religion. Thus, if a religion was given as an answer to the ancestry question, it was coded as an "Other" response.

Comparability—A question on ancestry was first asked in the 1980 census. Although there were no comparable data prior to the 1980 census, related information on ethnicity was collected through questions on parental birthplace, own birthplace, and language which were included in previous censuses. Unlike other census questions, there was no imputation for nonresponse to the ancestry question.

In 1990, respondents were allowed to report more than one ancestry group; however, only the first two ancestry groups identified were coded. In 1980, the Census Bureau attempted to code a third ancestry for selected triple-ancestry responses.

New categories such as "Arab" and "West Indian" were added to the 1990 question to meet important data needs. The "West Indian" category excluded "Hispanic" groups such as "Puerto Rican" and "Cuban" that were identified primarily through the question on Hispanic origin. In 1990, the ancestry group, "American" is recognized and tabulated as a unique ethnicity. In 1980, "American" was tabulated but included under the category "Ancestry not specified."

A major improvement in the 1990 census was the use of an automated coding system for ancestry responses. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses.

## CITIZENSHIP

The data on citizenship were derived from answers to questionnaire item 9, which was asked of a sample of persons.

Citizen—Persons who indicated that they were nativeborn and foreign-born persons who indicated that they have become naturalized. (For more information on native and foreign born, see the discussion under "Place of Birth.")

There are four categories of citizenship: (1) born in the United States, (2) born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, (3) born abroad of American parents, and (4) citizen by naturalization.

Naturalized Citizen—Foreign-born persons who had completed the naturalization process at the time of the census and upon whom the rights of citizenship had been conferred.

**Not a Citizen**—Foreign-born persons who were not citizens, including persons who had begun but not completed the naturalization process at the time of the census.

Limitation of the Data—Evaluation studies completed after previous censuses indicated that some persons may have reported themselves as citizens although they had not yet attained the status.

Comparability—Similar questions on citizenship were asked in the censuses of 1820, 1830, 1870, 1890 through 1950, 1970, and 1980. The 1980 question was asked of a sample of the foreign-born population. In 1990, both native and foreign-born persons who received the long-form questionnaire were asked to respond to the citizenship question.

### **EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT**

Data on educational attainment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 12, which was asked of a sample of persons. Data are tabulated as attainment for persons 15 years old and over. Persons are classified according to the highest level of school completed or the highest degree received. The question included instructions to report the level of the previous grade attended or the highest degree received for persons currently enrolled in school. The question included response categories which allowed persons to report completing the 12th grade without receiving a high school diploma, and which instructed respondents to report as "high school graduate(s)"-persons who received either a high school diploma or the equivalent, for example, passed the Test of General Educational Development (G.E.D.), and did not attend college. (On the Military Census Report guestionnaire, the lowest response category was "Less than 9th grade.")

Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that schooling completed in foreign or ungraded school systems should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American system; that vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges were not to be reported unless they were college level degrees; and that honorary degrees were not to be reported. The instructions gave "medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology" as examples of professional school degrees, and specifically excluded "barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade" from the professional school category. The order in which they were listed suggested that doctorate degrees were "higher" than professional school degrees, which were "higher" than master's degrees.

Persons who did not report educational attainment were assigned the attainment of a person of the same age, race or Spanish origin, and sex who resided in the same or a nearby area. Persons who filled more than one circle were edited to the highest level or degree reported.

High School Graduate or Higher—Includes persons whose highest degree was a high school diploma or

its equivalent, persons who attended college or professional school, and persons who received a college, university, or professional degree. Persons who reported completing the 12th grade but not receiving a diploma are not included.

Not Enrolled, Not High School Graduate—Includes persons of compulsory school attendance age or above who were not enrolled in school and were not high school graduates; these persons may be taken to be "high school dropouts." There is no restriction on when they "dropped out" of school, and they may have never attended high school.

In prior censuses, "Median school years completed" was used as a summary measure of educational attainment. In 1990, the median can only be calculated for groups of which less than half the members have attended college. "Percent high school graduate or higher" and "Percent bachelor's degree or higher" are summary measures which can be calculated from the present data and offer quite readily interpretable measures of differences between population subgroups. To make comparisons over time, "Percent high school graduate or higher" can be calculated and "Percent bachelor's degree or higher" can be approximated with data from previous censuses.

Comparability—From 1840 to 1930, the census measured educational attainment by means of a basic literacy question. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. In the censuses of 1950 through 1980, a two-part question asking highest grade of school attended and whether that grade was finished was used to construct highest grade or year of school completed. For persons who have not attended college, the response categories in the 1990 educational attainment question should produce data which are comparable to data on highest grade completed from earlier censuses.

The response categories for persons who have attended college were modified from earlier censuses because there was some ambiguity in interpreting responses in terms of the number of years of college completed. For instance, it was not clear whether "completed the fourth year of college," "completed the senior year of college," and "college graduate" were synonymous. Research conducted shortly before the census suggests that these terms were more distinct in 1990 than in earlier decades, and this change may have threatened the ability to estimate the number of "college graduates" from the number of persons reported as having completed the fourth or a higher year of college. It was even more difficult to make inferences about post-baccalaureate degrees and "Associate" degrees from highest year of college completed. Thus, comparisons of post-secondary educational attainment in this and earlier censuses should be made with great caution.

In the 1960 and subsequent censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were assigned the same attainment level as a similar person whose residence was in the same or a nearby area. In the 1940 and 1950 censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were not allocated.

### **EMPLOYMENT STATUS**

The data on employment status were derived from answers to questionnaire items 21, 25, and 26, which were asked of a sample of persons. The series of questions on employment status was asked of all persons 15 years old and over and was designed to identify, in this sequence: (1) persons who worked at any time during the reference week; (2) persons who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding layoff); (3) persons on layoff; and (4) persons who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last four weeks and were available for work during the reference week. (For more information, see the discussion under "Reference Week.")

The employment status data shown in this and other 1990 census tabulations relate to persons 16 years old and over. Some tabulations showing employment status, however, include persons 15 years old. By definition, these persons are classified as "Not in Labor Force.". In the 1940, 1950, and 1960 censuses, employment status data were presented for persons 14 years old and over. The change in the universe was made in 1970 to agree with the official measurement of the labor force as revised in January 1967 by the U.S. Department of Labor. The 1970 census was the last to show employment data for persons 14 and 15 years old.

Employed—All civilians 16 years old and over who were either (1) "at work"—those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession, worked on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (2) were "with a job but not at work"—those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or unpaid volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations; also excluded are persons on active duty in the United States Armed Forces.

Unemployed—All civilians 16 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they (1) were neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference week, and (2) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (3) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are civilians who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. Examples of job seeking activities are:

- · Registering at a public or private employment office
- · Meeting with prospective employers
- Investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business
- Placing or answering advertisements
- · Writing letters of application
- · Being on a union or professional register

**Civilian Labor Force—**Consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

**Experienced Unemployed—**These are unemployed persons who have worked at any time in the past.

**Experienced Civilian Labor Force—**Consists of the employed and the experienced unemployed.

**Labor Force**—All persons classified in the civilian labor force plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

**Not in Labor Force—**All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force. This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an *off* season who were not looking for work, institutionalized persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

**Worker**—This term appears in connection with several subjects: journey-to-work items, class of worker, weeks worked in 1989, and number of workers in family in 1989. Its meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined in each case by referring to the definition of the subject in which it appears.

Actual Hours Worked Last Week—All persons who reported working during the reference week were asked to report in questionnaire item 21b the number of hours that they worked. The statistics on hours worked pertain to the number of hours actually worked at all jobs, and do not necessarily reflect the number of hours typically or usually worked or the scheduled number of hours. The concept of "actual hours" differs from that of "usual hours" described below. The number of persons who worked only a small number of hours is probably understated since such persons sometimes consider themselves as not working. Respondents were asked to include overtime or extra hours worked, but to exclude lunch hours, sick leave, and vacation leave.

Limitation of the Data—The census may understate the number of employed persons because persons who have irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs sometimes report themselves as not working. The number of employed persons "at work" is probably overstated in the census (and conversely, the number of employed "with a job, but not at work" is understated) since some persons on vacation or sick leave erroneously reported themselves as working. This problem has no effect on the total number of employed persons. The reference week for the employment data is not the same for all persons. Since persons can change their employment status from one week to another, the lack of a uniform reference week may mean that the employment data do not reflect the reality of the employment situation of any given week. (For more information, see the discussion under "Reference Week.")

Comparability—The questionnaire items and employment status concepts for the 1990 census are essentially the same as those used in the 1980 and 1970 censuses. However, these concepts differ in many respects from those associated with the 1950 and 1960 censuses.

Since employment data from the census are obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, some tabulations may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 16 years of age.

An additional difference in the data arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the census statistics, whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the employment status data in census tabulations include persons on the basis of place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when comparing data for workers who commute between areas.

Census data on actual hours worked during the reference week may differ from data from other sources. The census measures hours actually worked, whereas some surveys measure hours paid for by employers. Comparability of census actual hours worked data may also be affected by the nature of the reference week (see "Reference Week").

For several reasons, the unemployment figures of the Census Bureau are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. For example, figures on unemployment compensation claims exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (including some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Census Bureau. Persons working only a few hours during the week and persons with a job but not at work are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "Employed" in the census. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as the place of residence of the unemployed worker.

The figures on employment status from the decennial census are generally comparable with similar data collected in the Current Population Survey. However, some difference may exist because of variations in enumeration and processing techniques.

### **FERTILITY**

The data on fertility (also referred to as "children ever born") were derived from answers to questionnaire item 20, which was asked of a sample of women 15 years old and over regardless of marital status. Stillbirths, stepchildren, and adopted children were excluded from the number of children ever born. Ever-married women were instructed to include all children born to them before and during their most recent marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children who were still living in the home. Never-married women were instructed to include all children born to them.

Data are most frequently presented in terms of the aggregate number of children ever born to women in the specified category and in terms of the rate per 1,000 women. For purposes of calculating the aggregate, the open-ended response category, "12 or more" is assigned a value of 13.

Limitation of the Data—Although the data are assumed to be less complete for out-of-wedlock births than for births occurring within marriage, comparisons of 1980 census data on the fertility of single women with other census sources and administrative records indicate that no significant differences were found between different data sources; that is, 1980 census data on children ever born to single women were complete with no significant understatements of childbearing.

Comparability—The wording of the question on children ever born was the same in 1990 as in 1980. In 1970, however, the question on children ever born was asked of all ever-married women but only of never-married women

who received self-administered questionnaires. Therefore, rates and numbers of children ever born to single women in 1970 may be understated. Data presented for children ever born to ever-married women are comparable for the 1990 census and all previous censuses containing this question.

### **GROUP QUARTERS**

All persons not living in households are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized: (1) institutionalized persons and (2) other persons in group quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters").

Institutionalized Persons—Includes persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such persons are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of persons in the institution. Generally, institutionalized persons are restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

Type of Institution—The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions which specialize in only one specific type of service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions which had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans' Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in "mental (psychiatric) hospitals"; in hospital wards for persons with chronic diseases, patients were classified in "hospitals for the chronically ill." Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

Correctional Institutions—Includes prisons, Federal detention centers, military stockades and jails, police lockups, halfway houses, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

Prisons—Where persons convicted of crimes serve their sentences. In some census products, the prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) "Federal" (operated by the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) "State." Residents who are criminally insane were classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration: (1) in institutions (or hospital wards)

operated by departments of correction or similar agencies; or (2) in institutions operated by departments of mental health or similar agencies.

Federal Detention Centers—Operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Bureau of Prisons. These facilities include detention centers used by the Park Police; Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers; INS Centers, such as the INS Federal Alien Detention Facility; INS Processing Centers; and INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings, as well as those aliens who have not been placed into proceedings, such as custodial required departures; and INS Detention Centers operated within local jails, and State and Federal prisons.

Military Stockades, Jails—Operated by military police and used to hold persons awaiting trial or convicted of violating military laws.

Local Jails and Other Confinement Facilities—Includes facilities operated by counties and cities that primarily hold persons beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours. Also included in this category are work farms used to hold persons awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract for local governments (but *not* by State governments).

Police Lockups—Temporary-holding facilities operated by county and city police that hold persons for 48 hours or less only if they have not been formally charged in court.

Halfway Houses—Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, prerelease centers, and community-residential centers.

Other Types of Correctional Institutions—Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol/drug abuse.

Nursing Homes—Comprises a heterogeneous group of places. The majority of patients are elderly, although persons who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, such as soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with or without nursing care. In some census products, nursing homes are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private not-for-profit," and "Private for profit."

Mental (Psychiatric) Hospitals—Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison, and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, mental hospitals are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Hospitals for Chronically III—Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, including those in military hospitals and wards for the chronically ill located on military bases; or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include tuberculosis hospitals or wards, wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill, neurological wards, hospices, wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases, and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. (For more information, see "Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere.")

Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Mentally Retarded—Includes those institutions such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded, and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Physically Handicapped—Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for persons with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims, and to persons with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Hospitals, and Wards for Drug/Alcohol Abuse—Includes hospitals, and hospital wards in psychiatric and general hospitals. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally-trained staff.

Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere—Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), military, and surgical wards of hospitals, and wards for persons with infectious diseases.

Juvenile Institutions—Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

Homes for Abused, Dependent, and Neglected Children—Includes orphanages and other institutions which provide long-term care (usually more than 30 days) for children. This category is classified in some census products by type of ownership as "Public" and "Private."

Residential Treatment Centers—Includes those institutions which primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents—Includes residential training schools or homes, and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

Public Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents— Usually operated by a State agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). Some are operated by county and city governments. These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

Private Training Schools—Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

Detention Centers—Includes institutions providing short-term care (usually 30 days or less) primarily for delinquent children pending disposition of their cases by a court. This category also covers diagnostic centers. In practice, such institutions may be caring for both delinquent and neglected children pending court disposition.

Other Persons in Group Quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters")—Includes all persons who live in group quarters other than institutions. Persons who live in the following living quarters are

classified as "other persons in group quarters" when there are 10 or more unrelated persons living in the unit; otherwise, these living quarters are classified as housing units.

Rooming Houses—Includes persons residing in rooming and boarding houses and living in quarters with 10 or more unrelated persons.

Group Homes—Includes "community-based homes" that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

Homes for the Mentally III—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. In some data products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private," and "Ownership not known." Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

Homes for the Mentally Retarded—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded. This category is classified by type of ownership in some census products, as "Federal," "State," "Private," or "Ownership not known."

Homes for the Physically Handicapped—Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. Persons with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," or "Ownership not known."

Homes or Halfway Houses for Drug/Alcohol Abuse—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to persons suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be re-entering the work force.

Maternity Homes for Unwed Mothers—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their

children. These homes may provide social services and post-natal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

Other Group Homes—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and job corps centers with 10 or more unrelated persons. These types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for persons who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly.

Religious Group Quarters—Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

College Quarters Off Campus—Includes privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons. In census products, persons in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "noninstitutional group quarters" regardless of the number of people sharing the unit. These include persons residing in the following types of group quarters:

College Dormitories—Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. Students in privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus are also included, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college-level students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons.

Military Quarters—Includes military personnel living in barracks and dormitories on base, in transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and on military ships. However, patients in military hospitals receiving treatment for chronic diseases or who had no usual home elsewhere, and persons being held in military stockades were included as part of the institutional population.

Agriculture Workers' Dormitories—Includes persons in migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms, such as those on "tree farms."

Other Workers' Dormitories—Includes persons in logging camps, construction workers' camps, firehouse dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), and nonfarm migratory workers' camps (for example, workers in mineral and mining camps).

Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities) and Visible in Street Locations—Includes persons enumerated during the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation primarily on March 20-21, 1990. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless." If a person was at one of the locations below on March 20-21, the person was counted as described below. (For more information on the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.) This category is divided into four classifications:

Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities)—Includes persons who stayed overnight on March 20, 1990, in permanent and temporary emergency housing, missions, hotels/motels, and flophouses charging \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night; Salvation Army shelters, hotels, and motels used entirely for homeless persons regardless of the nightly rate charged; rooms in hotels and motels used partially for the homeless; and similar places known to have persons who have no usual home elsewhere staying overnight. If not shown separately, shelters and group homes that provide temporary sleeping facilities for runaway, neglected, and homeless children are included in this category in data products.

Shelters for Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children—Includes shelters/group homes which provide temporary sleeping facilities for juveniles.

Visible in Street Locations—Includes street blocks and open public locations designated before March 20, 1990, by city and community officials as places where the homeless congregate at night. All persons found at predesignated street sites from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m. and leaving abandoned or boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m. on March 21, 1990, were enumerated during "street" enumeration, except persons in uniform such as police and persons engaged in obvious money-making activities other than begging or panhandling. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless."

This cannot be considered a complete count of all persons living on the streets because those who were so well hidden that local people did not know where to find them were likely to have been missed as were persons moving about or in places not identified by local officials. It is also possible that persons with homes could have been included in the count of "visible in street locations" if they were present when the enumerator did the enumeration of a particular block.

Predesignated street sites include street corners, parks, bridges, persons emerging from abandoned and boarded-up buildings, noncommercial campsites (tent cities), all-night movie theaters, all-night restaurants, emergency hospital waiting rooms, train stations, airports, bus depots, and subway stations.

Shelters for Abused Women (Shelters Against Domestic Violence or Family Crisis Centers)—Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In some census products, "shelters for abused women" are included in the category "other noninstitutional group quarters."

Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General and Military Hospitals—Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members. It excludes patients.

Crews of Maritime Vessels—Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going and Great Lakes ships are included.

Staff Residents of Institutions—Includes staff residing in group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally-authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

Other Nonhousehold Living Situations—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere enumerated during transient or "T-Night" enumeration at YMCA's, YWCA's, youth hostels, commercial and government-run campgrounds, campgrounds at racetracks, fairs, and carnivals, and similar transient sites.

Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters—Includes living quarters for persons temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

**Limitation of the Data—**Two types of errors can occur in the classification of "types of group quarters":

1. Misclassification of Group Quarters—During the 1990 Special Place Prelist operation, the enumerator determined the type of group quarters associated with each special place in their assignment. The enumerator used the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List and Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List to assign a two-digit code number followed by either an "I," for institutional, or an "N," for noninstitutional to each group quarters. In 1990, unacceptable group quarter codes were edited. (For more information on editing of unacceptable data, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

2. No Classification (unknowns)—The imputation rate for type of institution was higher in 1980 (23.5 percent) than in 1970 (3.3 percent). Improvements were made to the 1990 Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List; that is, the inclusion of more group quarters categories and an "Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List." (For more information on the allocation rates for Type of Institution, see the allocation rates in 1990 CP-1, General Population Characteristics.)

In previous censuses, allocation rates for demographic characteristics (such as age, sex, race, and marital status) of the institutional population were similar to those for the total population. The allocation rates for sample characteristics such as school enrollment, highest grade completed, income, and veteran status for the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population have been substantially higher than the population in households at least as far back as the 1960 census. The data, however, have historically presented a reasonable picture of the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population.

Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)—For the 1990 census "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, persons well hidden, moving about, or in locations enumerators did not visit were likely to be missed. The number of people missed will never be known; thus, the 1990 census cannot be considered to include a definitive count of America's total homeless population. It does, however, give an idea of relative differences among areas of the country. Other components were counted as part of regular census procedures.

The count of persons in shelters and visible on the street could have been affected by many factors. How much the factors affected the count can never be answered definitively, but some elements include:

- How well enumerators were trained and how well they followed procedures.
- 2. How well the list of shelter and street locations given to the Census Bureau by the local government reflected the actual places that homeless persons stay at night.
- 3. Cities were encouraged to open temporary shelters for census night, and many did that and actively encouraged people to enter the shelters. Thus, people who may have been on the street otherwise were in shelters the night of March 20, so that the ratio of shelter-to-street population could be different than usual.
- 4. The weather, which was unusually cold in some parts of the country, could affect how likely people were to seek emergency shelter or to be more hidden than usual if they stayed outdoors.
- 5. The media occasionally interfered with the ability to do the count.
- How homeless people perceived the census and whether they wanted to be counted or feared the census and hid from it.

The Census Bureau conducted two assessments of Shelter and Street Night: (1) the quality of the lists of shelters used for the Shelter-and-Street-Night operation, and (2) how well procedures were followed by censustakers for the street count in parts of five cities (Chicago, Los Angeles, New Orleans, New York, and Phoenix). Information about these two assessments is available from the Chief, Center for Survey Methods Research, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Comparability-For the 1990 census, the definition of institutionalized persons was revised so that the definition of "care" only includes persons under organized medical or formally-authorized, supervised care or custody. As a result of this change to the institutional definition, maternity homes are classified as noninstitutional rather than institutional group quarters as in previous censuses. The following types of other group quarters are classified as institutional rather than noninstitutional group quarters: "halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes)" and "wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere," which includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric, military, and surgical wards of hospitals, other-purpose wards of hospitals, and wards for infectious diseases. These changes should not significantly affect the comparability of data with earlier censuses because of the relatively small number of persons involved.

As in 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons living together were classified as living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated persons.

Several changes also have occurred in the identification of specific types of group quarters. For the first time, the 1990 census identifies separately the following types of correctional institutions: persons in halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes), military stockades and jails, and police lockups. In 1990, tuberculosis hospitals or wards are included with hospitals for the chronically ill; in 1980, they were shown separately. For 1990, the noninstitutional group quarters category, "Group homes" is further classified as: group homes for drug/alcohol abuse; maternity homes (for unwed mothers), group homes for the mentally ill, group homes for the mentally retarded, and group homes for the physically handicapped. Persons living in communes, foster-care homes, and job corps centers are classified with "Other group homes" only if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit; otherwise, they are classified as housing units.

In 1990, workers' dormitories were classified as group quarters regardless of the number of persons sharing the dorm. In 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons had to share the dorm for it to be classified as a group quarters. In 1960, data on persons in military barracks were shown only for men. In subsequent censuses, they include both men and women.

In 1990 census data products, the phrase "inmates of institutions" was changed to "institutionalized persons." Also, persons living in noninstitutional group quarters were

referred to as "other persons in group quarters," and the phrase "staff residents" was used for staff living in institutions.

In 1990, there are additional institutional categories and noninstitutional group quarters categories compared with the 1980 census. The institutional categories added include "hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse" and "military hospitals for the chronically ill." The noninstitutional group quarters categories added include emergency shelters for homeless persons; shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children; shelters for abused women; and visible-in-street locations. Each of these noninstitutional group quarters categories was enumerated on March 20-21, 1990, during the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation. (For more information on the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.)

## HISPANIC ORIGIN

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin were derived from answers to questionnaire item 7, which was asked of all persons. Persons of Hispanic origin are those who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic origin categories listed on the questionnaire—"Mexican," "Puerto Rican," or "Cuban"—as well as those who indicated that they were of "other Spanish/Hispanic" origin. Persons of "Other Spanish/Hispanic" origin are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or the Dominican Republic, or they are persons of Hispanic origin identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. Write-in responses to the "other Spanish/Hispanic" category were coded only for sample data.

Origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the Hispanic origin of the householder. In all cases where households, families, or occupied housing units are classified by Hispanic origin, the Hispanic origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under "Household Type and Relationship.")

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single origin response, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her origin or descent. If a person could not provide a single group, the origin of the person's mother was used. If a single group could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was used.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by the computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. In the processing of sample

questionnaires, responses to other questions on the questionnaire, such as ancestry and place of birth, were used to assign an origin before any reference was made to the origin-reported by other household members. If an origin was not entered for any household member, an origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation process described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Comparability—There may be differences between the total Hispanic origin population based on 100-percent tabulations and sample tabulations. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For more information on sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

The 1990 data on Hispanic origin are generally comparable with those for the 1980 census. However, there are some differences in the format of the Hispanic origin question between the two censuses. For 1990, the word "descent" was deleted from the 1980 wording. In addition, the term "Mexican-Amer." used in 1980 was shortened further to "Mexican-Am." to reduce misreporting (of "American") in this category detected in the 1980 census. Finally, the 1990 question allowed those who reported as "other Spanish/Hispanic" to write in their specific Hispanic origin group.

Misreporting in the "Mexican-Amer." category of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin may affect the comparability of 1980 and 1990 census data for persons of Hispanic origin for certain areas of the country. An evaluation of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the Midwest Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of possible misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census was severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Hispanic origin population was generally sparse. However, national 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Hispanic origin population at the national level was not seriously affected by the reporting problem. (For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the 1980 census Spanish/Hispanic origin item, see the 1980 census Supplementary Reports.)

The 1990 and 1980 census data on the Hispanic population are not directly comparable with 1970 Spanish origin data because of a number of factors: (1) overall improvements in the 1980 and 1990 censuses, (2) better coverage of the population, (3) improved question designs, and (4) an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups.

Specific changes in question design between the 1980 and 1970 censuses included the placement of the category "No, not Spanish/Hispanic" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population.

### HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP

### Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

Persons Per Household—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where persons in households are cross-classified by race or Hispanic origin, persons in the household are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

# Relationship to Householder

Householder—The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to questionnaire item 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder.

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder

is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

**Spouse**—Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages, as well as persons in common-law marriages.

The number of spouses is equal to the number of "married-couple families" or "married-couple households" in 100-percent tabulations. The number of spouses, however, is generally less than half of the number of "married persons with spouse present" in sample tabulations, since more than one married couple can live in a household, but only spouses of householders are specifically identified as "spouse." For sample tabulations, the number of "married persons with spouse present" includes married-couple subfamilies and married-couple families.

**Child**—Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

Natural-Born or Adopted Son/Daughter—A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child. Also, this category includes sons or daughters of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

Stepson/Stepdaughter—A son or daughter of the house-holder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

Own Child—A never-married child under 18 years who is a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. Own children of the householder living with two parents are by definition found only in married-couple families.

In a subfamily, an "own child" is a never-married child under 18 years of age who is a son, daughter, stepchild, or an adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in a father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily.

"Related children" in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

Other Relatives—In tabulations, includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

*Grandchild*—The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

Brother/Sister—The brother or sister of the house-holder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the "Other relative" category on the questionnaire.

Parent—The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the "Other relative" category on the questionnaire.

Other Relatives—Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, cousin, and so forth).

**Nonrelatives**—Includes any household member, including foster children not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

Roomer, Boarder, or Foster Child—Roomer, boarder, lodger, and foster children or foster adults of the householder.

Housemate or Roommate—A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily in order to share expenses.

*Unmarried Partner*—A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Other Nonrelatives—A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for age, sex, and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

#### Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group guarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

# **Family Type**

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or "other family" according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship which were asked on a 100-percent basis.

Married-Couple Family—A family in which the house-holder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

# Other Family:

Male Householder, No Wife Present—A family with a male householder and no spouse of householder present.

Female Householder, No Husband Present—A family with a female householder and no spouse of householder present.

Persons Per Family—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where the measure, "persons in family" or "persons per family" are cross-tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

# Subfamily

A subfamily is a married couple (husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household) with or without never-married children under 18 years old, or one parent with one or more never-married children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, either the householder or the householder's spouse. The number of subfamilies is not included in the count of families, since subfamily members are counted as part of the householder's family.

Subfamilies are defined during processing of sample data. In selected tabulations, subfamilies are further classified by type: married-couple subfamilies, with or without own children; mother-child subfamilies; and father-child subfamilies.

Lone parents include people maintaining either oneparent families or one-parent subfamilies. Married couples include husbands and wives in both married-couple families and married-couple subfamilies.

### **Unmarried-Partner Household**

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a "married-couple household" that includes a householder and an "unmarried partner." An "unmarried partner" can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An "unmarried partner" in an "unmarried-partner household" is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

# **Unmarried-Couple Household**

An unmarried-couple household is composed of two unrelated adults of the opposite sex (one of whom is the householder) who share a housing unit with or without the presence of children under 15 years old.

### Foster Children

Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder and are included in the category, "Roomer, boarder, or foster child" on the questionnaire. Foster children are identified as persons under 18 years old and living in households that have no nonrelatives 18 years old and over (who might be parents of the nonrelatives under 18 years old).

# Stepfamily

A stepfamily is a "married-couple family" with at least one stepchild of the householder present, where the householder is the husband.

Comparability—The 1990 definition of a household is the same as that used in 1980. The 1980 relationship category "Son/daughter" has been replaced by two categories, "Natural-born or adopted son/daughter" and "Stepson/stepdaughter." "Grandchild" has been added as a separate category. The 1980 nonrelative categories: "Roomer, boarder" and "Partner, roommate" have been replaced by the categories "Roomer, boarder, or foster child," "Housemate, roommate," and "Unmarried partner." The 1980 nonrelative category "Paid employee" has been dropped.

### **INCOME IN 1989**

The data on income in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire items 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1989 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net nonfarm self-employment income; net farm self-employment income; interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income; Social Security or railroad retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; retirement or disability income; and all other income. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of

wage or salary income and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. "Earnings" represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for persons, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

# Income Type in 1989

The eight types of income reported in the census are defined as follows:

- Wage or Salary Income—Includes total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1989. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piecerate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.
- Nonfarm Self-Employment Income—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses includes costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.
- 3. Farm Self-Employment Income—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government farm programs, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.
- 4. Interest, Dividend, or Net Rental Income—Includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers, net royalties, and periodic payments from an estate or trust fund.

- Social Security Income—Includes Social Security pensions and survivors benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. Medicare reimbursements are not included.
- 6. Public Assistance Income—Includes: (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal or State welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled; (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item.
- 7. Retirement or Disability Income—Includes: (1) retirement pensions and survivor benefits from a former employer, labor union, or Federal, State, county, or other governmental agency; (2) disability income from sources such as worker's compensation; companies or unions; Federal, State, or local government; and the U.S. military; (3) periodic receipts from annuities and insurance; and (4) regular income from IRA and KEOGH plans.
- 8. All Other Income—Includes unemployment compensation, Veterans Administration (VA) payments, alimony and child support, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

**Income of Households—**Includes the income of the householder and all other persons 15 years old and over in the household, whether related to the householder or not. Because many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income.

Income of Families and Persons—In compiling statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount. However, for persons 15 years old and over, the total amounts of their own incomes are used. Although the income statistics covered the calendar year 1989, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1990). Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1989 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. Yet, family income amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1989 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1989 as in April 1990.

Median Income—The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median for persons is based on persons with income. The median income values for all households, families, and persons are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in most tabulations. Median household or family income figures of \$50,000 or less are calculated using linear interpolation. For persons, corresponding median values of \$40,000 or less are also computed using linear interpolation. All other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. (For more information on medians and interpolation, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Mean Income—This is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income. "Per capita income" is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Because the mean is influenced strongly by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in some data products for most small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtained summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in census tabulations.

Limitation of the Data—Since questionnaire entries for income frequently are based on memory and not on records, many persons tended to forget minor or irregular sources of income and, therefore, underreport their income. Underreporting tends to be more pronounced for income sources that are not derived from earnings, such as Social Security, public assistance, or from interest, dividends, and net rental income.

There are errors of reporting due to the misunderstanding of the income questions such as reporting gross rather than net dollar amounts for the two questions on net self-employment income, which resulted in an overstatement of these items. Another common error is the reporting of identical dollar amounts in two of the eight type of income items where a respondent with only one source of income assumed that the second amount should be entered to represent total income. Such instances of

overreporting had an impact on the level of mean nonfarm or farm self-employment income and mean total income published for the various geographical subdivisions of the State.

Extensive computer editing procedures were instituted in the data processing operation to reduce some of these reporting errors and to improve the accuracy of the income data. These procedures corrected various reporting deficiencies and improved the consistency of reported income items associated with work experience and information on occupation and class of worker. For example, if persons reported they were self-employed on their own farm, not incorporated, but had reported wage and salary earnings only, the latter amount was shifted to net farm selfemployment income. Also, if any respondent reported total income only, the amount was generally assigned to one of the type of income items according to responses to the work experience and class-of-worker questions. Another type of problem involved nonreporting of income data. Where income information was not reported, procedures were devised to impute appropriate values with either no income or positive or negative dollar amounts for the missing entries. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

In income tabulations for households and families, the lowest income group (e.g., less than \$5,000) includes units that were classified as having no 1989 income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly created families, or families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the households and families who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data presented in the tabulations covers money income only. The fact that many farm families receive an important part of their income in the form of "free" housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. Nonmoney income such as business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses was also received by some nonfarm residents. Many low income families also receive income "in kind" from public welfare programs. In comparing income data for 1989 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, unless adjustments for changes in prices are made.

Comparability—The income data collected in the 1980 and 1970 censuses are similar to the 1990 census data, but there are variations in the detail of the questions. In 1980, income information for 1979 was collected from persons in approximately 19 percent of all housing units and group quarters. Each person was required to report:

Wage or salary income

- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- · Net farm self-employment income
- · Interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income
- · Social Security income
- · Public assistance income
- · Income from all other sources

Between the 1980 and 1990 censuses, there were minor differences in the processing of the data. In both censuses, all persons with missing values in one or more of the detailed type of income items and total income were designated as allocated. Each missing entry was imputed either as a "no" or as a dollar amount. If total income was reported and one or more of the type of income fields was not answered, then the entry in total income generally was assigned to one of the income types according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the income recipient. This person was designated as unallocated.

In 1980 and 1990, all nonrespondents with income not reported (whether heads of households or other persons) were assigned the reported income of persons with similar characteristics. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data.")

There was a difference in the method of computer derivation of aggregate income from individual amounts between the two census processing operations. In the 1980 census, income amounts less than \$100,000 were coded in tens of dollars, and amounts of \$100,000 or more were coded in thousands of dollars; \$5 was added to each amount coded in tens of dollars and \$500 to each amount coded in thousands of dollars. Entries of \$999,000 or more were treated as \$999,500 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999. In the 1990 census, income amounts less than \$999,999 were keyed in dollars. Amounts of \$999,999 or more were treated as \$999,999 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999 in all of the computer derivations of aggregate income.

In 1970, information on income in 1969 was obtained from all members in every fifth housing unit and small group quarters (less than 15 persons) and every fifth person in all other group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- · Net farm self-employment income
- Social Security or Railroad Retirement
- · Public assistance or welfare payments
- Income from all other sources

If a person reported a dollar amount in wage or salary, net nonfarm self-employment income, or net farm self-employment income, the person was considered as unallocated only if no further dollar amounts were imputed for any additional missing entries.

In 1960, data on income were obtained from all members in every fourth housing unit and from every fourth person 14 years old and over living in group quarters. Each person was required to report wage or salary income, net self-employment income, and income other than earnings received in 1959. An assumption was made in the editing process that no other type of income was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage and salary income or self-employment but who had failed to report the receipt of other money income.

For several reasons, the income data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with those that may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for Federal tax purposes, differs somewhat from the Census Bureau concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is different because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income and the inclusion of net capital gains in tax returns. Furthermore, members of some families file separate returns and others file joint returns; consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

The earnings data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with earnings records of the Social Security Administration. The earnings record data for 1989 excluded the earnings of most civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings. Furthermore, earnings received from any one employer in excess of \$48,000 in 1989 are not covered by earnings records. Finally, because census data are obtained from household questionnaires, they may differ from Social Security Administration earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) of the Department of Commerce publishes annual data on aggregate and per-capita personal income received by the population for States, metropolitan areas, and selected counties. Aggregate income estimates based on the income statistics shown in census products usually would be less than those shown in the BEA income series for several reasons. The Census Bureau data are obtained directly from households, whereas the BEA income series is estimated largely on the basis of data from administrative records of business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The BEA income series includes some items not included in the income data shown in census publications, such as income "in kind," income received by nonprofit institutions, the value of services of

banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges, Medicare payments, and the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to April 1, 1990. On the other hand, the census income data include contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same household and employer contributions for social insurance.

# INDUSTRY, OCCUPATION, AND CLASS OF WORKER

The data on industry, occupation, and class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire items 28, 29, and 30 respectively. These questions were asked of a sample of persons. Information on industry relates to the kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization; occupation describes the kind of work the person does on the job.

For employed persons, the data refer to the person's job during the reference week. For those who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. For unemployed persons, the data refer to their last job. The industry and occupation statistics are derived from the detailed classification systems developed for the 1990 census as described below. The *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* provided additional information on the industry and occupation classification systems.

Respondents provided the data for the tabulations by writing on the questionnaires descriptions of their industry and occupation. These descriptions were keyed and passed through automated coding software which assigned a portion of the written entries to categories in the classification system. The automated system assigned codes to 59 percent of the industry entries and 38 percent of the occupation entries.

Those cases not coded by the computer were referred to clerical staff in the Census Bureau's Kansas City processing office for coding. The clerical staff converted the written questionnaire descriptions to codes by comparing these descriptions to entries in the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For the industry code, these coders also referred to an Employer Name List (formerly called Company Name List). This list, prepared from the Standard Statistical Establishment List developed by the Census Bureau for the economic censuses and surveys, contained the names of business establishments and their Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes converted to population census equivalents. This list facilitated coding and maintained industrial classification comparability.

# Industry

The industry classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 236 categories for employed persons, classified into 13 major industry groups. Since 1940, the industrial classification has been based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC). The 1990 census classification was developed from the 1987 SIC published by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President.

The SIC was designed primarily to classify establishments by the type of industrial activity in which they were engaged. However, census data, which were collected from households, differ in detail and nature from those obtained from establishment surveys. Therefore, the census classification systems, while defined in SIC terms, cannot reflect the full detail in all categories. There are several levels of industrial classification found in census products. For example, the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* report includes 41 unique industrial categories, while the 1990 Summary Tape File 4 (STF 4) presents 72 categories.

# Occupation

The occupational classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 501 specific occupational categories for employed persons arranged into 6 summary and 13 major occupational groups. This classification was developed to be consistent with the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1980, published by the Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, U.S. Department of Commerce. Tabulations with occupation as the primary characteristic present several levels of occupational detail. The most detailed tabulations are shown in a special 1990 subject report and tape files on occupation. These products contain all 501 occupational categories plus industry or class of worker subgroupings of occupational categories.

Some occupation groups are related closely to certain industries. Operators of transportation equipment, farm operators and workers, and private household workers account for major portions of their respective industries of transportation, agriculture, and private households. However, the industry categories include persons in other occupations. For example, persons employed in agriculture include truck drivers and bookkeepers; persons employed in the transportation industry include mechanics, freight handlers, and payroll clerks; and persons employed in the private household industry include occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary.

### Class of Worker

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire item 30. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation and categorizes persons according to the type of ownership of the employing organization. The class of worker categories are defined as follows:

Private Wage and Salary Workers—Includes persons who worked for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or piece rates for a private for profit employer or a

private not-for-profit, tax-exempt or charitable organization. Self-employed persons whose business was incorporated are included with private wage and salary workers because they are paid employees of their own companies. Some tabulations present data separately for these subcategories: "For profit," "Not for profit," and "Own business incorporated."

Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, or other formal international organizations were classified as "Private-not-for-profit."

**Government Workers**—Includes persons who were employees of any local, State, or Federal governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency. For some tabulations, the data were presented separately for the three levels of government.

**Self-Employed Workers**—Includes persons who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm.

**Unpaid Family Workers—**Includes persons who worked 15 hours or more without pay in a business or on a farm operated by a relative.

Salaried/Self-Employed—In tabulations that categorize persons as either salaried or self-employed, the salaried category includes private and government wage and salary workers; self-employed includes self-employed persons and unpaid family workers.

The industry category, "Public administration," is limited to regular government functions such as legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities of governments. Other government organizations such as schools, hospitals, liquor stores, and bus lines are classified by industry according to the activity in which they are engaged. On the other hand, the class of worker government categories include all government workers.

Occasionally respondents supplied industry, occupation, or class of worker descriptions which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification or did not report on these items at all. Some of these cases were corrected through the field editing process and during the coding and tabulation operations. In the coding operation, certain types of incomplete entries were corrected using the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For example, it was possible in certain situations to assign an industry code based on the occupation reported.

Following the coding operations, there was a computer edit and an allocation process. The edit first determined whether a respondent was in the universe which required an industry and occupation code. The codes for the three items (industry, occupation, and class of worker) were checked to ensure they were valid and were edited for their relation to each other. Invalid and inconsistent codes were either blanked or changed to a consistent code.

If one or more of the three codes were blank after the edit, a code was assigned from a "similar" person based on other items such as age, sex, education, farm or nonfarm residence, and weeks worked. If all the labor force and income data also were blank, all these economic items were assigned from one other person who provided all the necessary data.

Comparability—Comparability of industry and occupation data was affected by a number of factors, primarily the systems used to classify the questionnaire responses. For both the industry and occupation classification systems, the basic structures were generally the same from 1940 to 1970, but changes in the individual categories limited comparability of the data from one census to another. These changes were needed to recognize the "birth" of new industries and occupations, the "death" of others, and the growth and decline in existing industries and occupations, as well as, the desire of analysts and other users for more detail in the presentation of the data. Probably the greatest cause of incomparability is the movement of a segment of a category to a different category in the next census. Changes in the nature of jobs and respondent terminology, and refinement of category composition made these movements necessary.

In the 1990 census, the industry classification had minor revisions to reflect recent changes to the SIC. The 1990 occupational classification system is essentially the same as that for the 1980 census. However, the conversion of the census classification to the SOC in 1980 meant that the 1990 classification system was less comparable to the classifications used prior to the 1980 census.

Other factors that affected data comparability included the universe to which the data referred (in 1970, the age cutoff for labor force was changed from 14 years to 16 years); how the industry and occupation questions were worded on the questionnaire (for example, important changes were made in 1970); improvements in the coding procedures (the Employer Name List technique was introduced in 1960); and how the "not reported" cases are handled. Prior to 1970, they were placed in the residual categories, "Industry not reported" and "Occupation not reported." In 1970, an allocation process was introduced that assigned these cases to major groups. In 1990, as in 1980, the "Not reported" cases were assigned to individual categories. Therefore, the 1980 and 1990 data for individual categories included some numbers of persons who were tabulated in a "Not reported" category in previous censuses.

The following publications contain information on the various factors affecting comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Changes Between the 1950 and 1960 Occupation and Industry Classifications With Detailed Adjustments of 1950 Data to the 1960 Classifications, Technical Paper No. 18, 1968; U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1970 Occupation and Industry Classification Systems in Terms of their 1960 Occupation and Industry Elements, Technical

Paper No. 26, 1972; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, *The Relationship Between the 1970 and 1980 Industry and Occupation Classification Systems*, Technical Paper No. 59, 1988. For citations for earlier census years, see the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-D, *Detailed Population Characteristics*.

The 1990 census introduced an additional class of worker category for "private not-for-profit" employers. This category is a subset of the 1980 category "employee of private employer" so there is no comparable data before 1990. Also in 1990, employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, etc., are classified as "private not-for-profit," rather than Federal Government as in 1970 and 1980. While in theory, there was a change in comparability, in practice, the small number of U.S. residents working for foreign governments made this change negligible.

Comparability between the statistics on industry and occupation from the 1990 census and statistics from other sources is affected by many of the factors described in the section on "Employment Status." These factors are primarily geographic differences between residence and place of work, different dates of reference, and differences in counts because of dual job holding. Industry data from population censuses cover all industries and all kinds of workers, whereas, data from establishments often excluded private household workers, government workers, and the self-employed. Also, the replies from household respondents may have differed in detail and nature from those obtained from establishments.

Occupation data from the census and data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., may not be as comparable as expected. Organizational listings often include persons not in the labor force or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation; or the same person may be included in two or more different listings. In addition, relatively few organizations, except for those requiring licensing, attained complete coverage of membership in a particular occupational field.

# **JOURNEY TO WORK**

### Place of Work

The data on place of work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 22, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Data were tabulated for workers 16 years and over; that is, members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Data on place of work refer to the geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, or post office); whether or not the place of work was inside or

outside the limits of that city or town; and the county, State, and ZIP Code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name were unknown, a description of the location, such as the building name or nearest street or intersection, was to be entered.

Persons who worked at more than one location during the reference week were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours. Persons who regularly worked in several locations each day during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work did not begin at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

In some tabulations, place-of-work locations may be defined as "in area of residence" and "outside area of residence." The area of residence may vary from table to table or even within a table, and refers to the particular area or areas shown. For example, in a table that provides data for counties, "in area of residence" refers to persons who worked in the same county in which they lived, while "outside area of residence" refers to persons whose workplace was located in a county different from the one in which they lived. Similarly, in a table that provides data for several types of areas, such as the State and its individual metropolitan areas (MA's), counties, and places, the place-of-work data will be variable and is determined by the geographic level (State, MA, county, or place) shown in each section of the tabulation.

In tabulations that present data for States, workplaces for the residents of the State may include, in addition to the State itself, each contiguous State. The category, "in noncontiguous State or abroad," includes persons who worked in a State that did not border their State of residence as well as persons who worked outside the United States.

In tabulations that present data for an MSA/PMSA, place-of-work locations are specified to show the main destinations of workers living in the MSA/PMSA. (For more information on metropolitan areas (MA's), see Appendix A, Area Classifications.) All place-of-work locations are identified with respect to the boundaries of the MSA/PMSA as "inside MSA/PMSA" or "outside MSA/PMSA." Locations within the MSA/PMSA are further divided into each central city, and each county or county balance. Selected large incorporated places also may be specified as places of work.

Within New England MSA/PMSA's, the places of work presented generally are cities and towns. Locations outside the MSA/PMSA are specified if they are important commuting destinations for residents of the MSA/PMSA, and may include adjoining MSA/PMSA's and their central cities, their component counties, large incorporated places, or counties, cities, or other geographic areas outside any MA. In tabulations for MSA/PMSA's in New England;

Honolulu, Hawaii; and certain other MA's, some place-of-work locations are identified as "areas" (e.g., Area 1, Area 5, Area 12, etc.). Such areas consist of groups of towns, cities, census designated places (Honolulu MSA only), or counties that have been identified as unique place-of-work destinations. When an adjoining MSA/PMSA or MSA/PMSA remainder is specified as a place-of-work location, its components are not defined. However, the components are presented in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* and the 1990 CH-1, *General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* reports. In tabulations that present data for census tracts outside MA's, place-of-work locations are defined as "in county of residence" and "outside county of residence."

In areas where the workplace address was coded to the block level, persons were tabulated as working inside or outside a specific place based on the location of that address, regardless of the response to question 22c concerning city/town limits. In areas where it was impossible to code the workplace address to the block level. persons were tabulated as working in a place if a place name was reported in question 22b and the response to question 22c was either "Yes" or the item was left blank. In selected areas, census designated places (CDP's) may appear in the tabulations as places of work. The accuracy of place-of-work data for CDP's may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents, and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

Place-of-work data are given for selected minor civil divisions (generally, cities, towns, and townships) in the nine Northeastern States, based on the responses to the place-of-work question. Many towns and townships are regarded locally as equivalent to a place and therefore, were reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that formed a part of a township or town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the township or town. The accuracy of the place-of-work data for minor civil divisions is greatest for the New England States. However, the data for some New England towns, for towns in New York, and for townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania may be affected by coding problems that resulted from the unfamiliarity of the respondent with the minor civil division in which the workplace was located or when a township and a city or borough of the same or similar name are located close together.

Place-of-work data may show a few workers who made unlikely daily work trips (e.g., workers who lived in New York and worked in California). This result is attributable to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work, such as persons away from home on business.

Comparability—The wording of the question on place of work was substantially the same in the 1990 census as it was in 1980. However, data on place of work from the

1990 census are based on the full census sample, while data from the 1980 census were based on only about one-half of the full sample.

For the 1980 census, nonresponse or incomplete responses to the place-of-work question were not allocated, resulting in the use of "not reported" categories in the 1980 publications. However, for the 1990 census, when place of work was not reported or the response was incomplete, a work location was allocated to the person based on their means of transportation to work, travel time to work, industry, and location of residence and workplace of others. The 1990 publications, therefore, do not contain a "not reported" category for the place-of-work data.

Comparisons between 1980 and 1990 census data on the gross number of workers in particular commuting flows, or the total number of persons working in an area, should be made with extreme caution. Any apparent increase in the magnitude of the gross numbers may be due solely to the fact that for 1990 the "not reported" cases have been distributed among specific place-of-work destinations, instead of tallied in a separate category as in 1980.

Limitation of the Data—The data on place of work relate to a reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because the enumeration was not completed in 1 week. However, for the majority of persons, the reference week for the 1990 census is the last week in March 1990. The lack of a uniform reference week means that the place-of-work data reported in the census will not exactly match the distribution of workplace locations observed or measured during an actual workweek.

The place-of-work data are estimates of persons 16 years old and over who were both employed and at work during the reference week (including persons in the Armed Forces). Persons who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons are not included in the place-of-work data. Therefore, the data on place of work understate the total number of jobs or total employment in a geographic area during the reference week. It also should be noted that persons who had irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs during the reference week may have erroneously reported themselves as not working.

The address where the individual worked most often during the reference week was recorded on the census questionnaire. If a worker held two jobs, only data about the primary job (the one worked the greatest number of hours during the preceding week) was requested. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was

asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

# Means of Transportation to Work

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.") Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week.

Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often, that is, the greatest number of days. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category, "Car, truck, or van," includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of one-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category, "Public transportation," includes workers who used a bus or trolley bus, streetcar or trolley car, subway or elevated, railroad, ferryboat, or taxicab even if each mode is not shown separately in the tabulation. The category, "Other means," includes workers who used a mode of travel which is not identified separately within the data distribution. The category, "Other means," may vary from table to table, depending on the amount of detail shown in a particular distribution.

The means of transportation data for some areas may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (e.g., subway or elevated riders in an MA where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is largely due to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as persons away from home on business in an area where subway service was available) and persons who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was unavailable where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of an MA and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

# **Private Vehicle Occupancy**

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that their means of transportation to work was "Car, truck, or van." (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The category, "Drove alone," includes persons who usually drove alone to work as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category, "Carpooled," includes workers who reported that two or more persons usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week.

Persons Per Car, Truck, or Van—This is obtained by dividing the number of persons who reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

# Time Leaving Home to Go to Work

The data on time leaving home to go to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24a. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. The departure time refers to the time of day that the person usually left home to go to work during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

### **Travel Time to Work**

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, and time spent in other activities related to getting to work. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

# LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH

# Language Spoken at Home

Data on language spoken at home were derived from the answers to questionnaire items 15a and 15b, which were asked of a sample of persons born before April 1, 1985. Instructions mailed with the 1990 census questionnaire stated that a respondent should mark "Yes" in question 15a if the person sometimes or always spoke a language other than English at home and should not mark "Yes" if a language was spoken only at school or if speaking was limited to a few expressions or slang. For question 15b, respondents were instructed to print the name of the non-English language spoken at home. If the person spoke more than one language other than English, the person was to report the language spoken more often or the language learned first.

The cover of the census questionnaire included information in Spanish which provided a telephone number for respondents to call to request a census questionnaire and instructions in Spanish. Instruction guides were also available in 32 other languages to assist enumerators who encountered households or respondents who spoke no English.

Questions 15a and 15b referred to languages spoken at home in an effort to measure the current use of languages other than English. Persons who knew languages other than English but did not use them at home or who only used them elsewhere were excluded. Persons who reported speaking a language other than English at home may also speak English; however, the questions did not permit determination of the main or dominant language of persons who spoke both English and another language. (For more information, see discussion below on "Ability to Speak English.")

For persons who indicated that they spoke a language other than English at home in question 15a, but failed to specify the name of the language in question 15b, the language was assigned based on the language of other speakers in the household; on the language of a person of the same Spanish origin or detailed race group living in the same or a nearby area; or on a person of the same ancestry or place of birth. In all cases where a person was assigned a non-English language, it was assumed that the language was spoken at home. Persons for whom the name of a language other than English was entered in question 15b, and for whom question 15a was blank were assumed to speak that language at home.

The write-in responses listed in question 15b (specific language spoken) were transcribed onto computer files and coded into more than 380 detailed language categories using an automated coding system. The automated procedure compared write-in responses reported by respondents with entries in a computer dictionary, which initially contained approximately 2,000 language names. The dictionary was updated with a large number of new names, variations in spelling, and a small number of residual categories. Each write-in response was given a numeric code that was associated with one of the detailed categories in the dictionary. If the respondent listed more than one non-English language, only the first was coded.

The write-in responses represented the names people used for languages they speak. They may not match the names or categories used by linguists. The sets of categories used are sometimes geographic and sometimes linguistic. Figure 1 provides an illustration of the content of

the classification schemes used to present language data. For more information, write to the Chief, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Household Language—In households where one or more persons (age 5 years old or over) speak a language other than English, the household language assigned to all household members is the non-English language spoken by the first person with a non-English language in the following order: householder, spouse, parent, sibling, child, grandchild, other relative, stepchild, unmarried partner, housemate or roommate, roomer, boarder, or foster child, or other nonrelative. Thus, persons who speak only English may have a non-English household language assigned to them in tabulations of persons by household language.

Figure 1. Four- and Twenty-Five-Group Classifications of 1990 Census Languages Spoken at Home with Illustrative Examples

Four-Group Classification	Twenty-Five-Group Classification	Examples			
Spanish Other Indo- European	Spanish French Italian	Spanish, Ladino French, Cajun, French Creole			
	Portuguese German Yiddish Other West Germanic Scandanavian	Afrikaans, Dutch, Pennsylvania Dutch Danish, Norwegian, Swedish			
	Polish Russian South Slavic	Serbocroatian, Bulgarian, Macedonian, Slovene			
	Other Slavic Greek	Czech, Slovak, Ukranian			
	Indic	Hindi, Bengali, Gujarathi, Punjabi, Romany, Sinhalese Armenian, Gaelic,			
	Other Indo- European, not elsewhere classified	Lithuanian, Persian			
Languages of Asia and the Pacific	Chinese Japanese Mon-Khmer Tagalog Korean	Cambodian			
	Vietnamese Other languages (part)	Chamorro, Dravidian Languages, Hawaiian, Ilocano, Thai, Turkish			
All other languages	Arabic Hungarian Native North American languages Other languages (part)	Amharic, Syriac, Finnish, Hebrew, Languages of Central and South America, Other Languages of Africa			

# **Ability to Speak English**

Persons 5 years old and over who reported that they spoke a language other than English in question 15a were also asked in question 15c to indicate their ability to speak English based on one of the following categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The data on ability to speak English represent the person's own perception about his or her own ability or, because census questionnaires are usually completed by one household member, the responses may represent the perception of another household member. The instruction guides and questionnaires that were mailed to households did not include any information on how to interpret the response categories in question 15c.

Persons who reported that they spoke a language other than English at home but whose ability to speak English was not reported, were assigned the English-language ability of a randomly selected person of the same age, Spanish origin, nativity and year of entry, and language group.

Linguistic Isolation—A household in which no person age 14 years or over speaks only English and no person age 14 years or over who speaks a language other than English speaks English "Very well" is classified as "linguistically isolated." All the members of a linguistically isolated household are tabulated as linguistically isolated, including members under age 14 years who may speak only English.

Limitation of the Data—Persons who speak a language other than English at home may have first learned that language at school. However, these persons would be expected to indicate that they spoke English "Very well." Persons who speak a language other than English, but do not do so *at home*, should have been reported as not speaking a language other than English at home.

The extreme detail in which language names were coded may give a false impression of the linguistic precision of these data. The names used by speakers of a language to identify it may reflect ethnic, geographic, or political affiliations and do not necessarily respect linguistic distinctions. The categories shown in the tabulations were chosen on a number of criteria, such as information about the number of speakers of each language that might be expected in a sample of the United States population.

Comparability—Information on language has been collected in every census since 1890. The comparability of data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the subpopulations to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published.

The same question on language was asked in the 1980 and 1990 censuses. This question on the current language spoken at home replaced the questions asked in prior

censuses on mother tongue; that is, the language other than English spoken in the person's home when he or she was a child; one's first language; or the language spoken before immigrating to the United States. The censuses of 1910-1940, 1960 and 1970 included questions on mother tongue. A change in coding procedure from 1980 to 1990 should have improved accuracy of coding and may affect the number of persons reported in some of the 380 plus categories. It should not greatly affect the 4-group or 25group lists. In 1980, coding clerks supplied numeric codes for the written entries on each questionnaire using a 2,000 name reference list. In 1990 written entries were transcribed to a computer file and matched to a computer dictionary which began with the 2,000 name list, but expanded as unmatched names were referred to headquarters specialists for resolution.

The question on ability to speak English was asked for the first time in 1980. In tabulations from 1980, the categories "Very well" and "Well" were combined. Data from other surveys suggested a major difference between the category "Very well" and the remaining categories. In tabulations showing ability to speak English, persons who reported that they spoke English "Very well" are presented separately from persons who reported their ability to speak English as less than "Very well."

# **MARITAL STATUS**

The data on marital status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for persons 15 years old and over.

All persons were asked whether they were "now married," "widowed," "divorced," "separated," or "never married." Couples who live together (unmarried persons, persons in common-law marriages) were allowed to report the marital status they considered the most appropriate.

**Never Married**—Includes all persons who have never been married, including persons whose only marriage(s) was annulled.

**Ever Married**—Includes persons married at the time of enumeration (including those separated), widowed, or divorced.

Now Married, Except Separated—Includes persons whose current marriage has not ended through widowhood, divorce, or separation (regardless of previous marital history). The category may also include couples who live together or persons in common-law marriages if they consider this category the most appropriate. In certain tabulations, currently married persons are further classified as "spouse present" or "spouse absent."

Separated—Includes persons legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord. Included are persons who have been deserted or who have parted because they no longer want to live together but who have not obtained a divorce.

Widowed—Includes widows and widowers who have not remarried.

**Divorced**—Includes persons who are legally divorced and who have not remarried.

In selected sample tabulations, data for married and separated persons are reorganized and combined with information on the presence of the spouse in the same household.

**Now Married—**All persons whose current marriage has not ended by widowhood or divorce. This category includes persons defined above as "separated."

Spouse Present—Married persons whose wife or husband was enumerated as a member of the same household, including those whose spouse may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization.

Spouse Absent—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household. This category also includes all married persons living in group quarters.

Separated—Defined above.

Spouse Absent, Other—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, excluding separated. Included is any person whose spouse was employed and living away from home or in an institution or absent in the Armed Forces.

Differences between the number of currently married males and the number of currently married females occur because of reporting differences and because some husbands and wives have their usual residence in different areas. In sample tabulations, these differences can also occur because different weights are applied to the individual's data. Any differences between the number of "now married, spouse present" males and females are due solely to sample weighting. By definition, the numbers would be the same.

When marital status was not reported, it was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and sex and age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

Comparability—The 1990 marital status definitions are the same as those used in 1980 with the exception of the term "never married" which replaces the term "single" in tabulations. A general marital status question has been asked in every census since 1880.

# **MOBILITY LIMITATION STATUS**

The data on mobility limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19a, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a mobility limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to go outside the home alone. Examples of outside activities on the questionnaire included shopping and visiting the doctor's office.

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability—**This was the first time that a question on mobility limitation was included in the census.

## PLACE OF BIRTH

The data on place of birth were derived from answers to questionnaire item 8, which was asked on a sample basis. The place-of-birth question asked respondents to report the U.S. State, commonwealth or territory, or the foreign country where they were born. Persons born outside the United States were asked to report their place of birth according to current international boundaries. Since numerous changes in boundaries of foreign countries have occurred in the last century, some persons may have reported their place of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference.

Persons not reporting place of birth were assigned the birthplace of another family member or were allocated the response of another person with similar characteristics. Persons allocated as foreign born were not assigned a specific country of birth but were classified as "Born abroad, country not specified."

Nativity—Information on place of birth and citizenship were used to classify the population into two major categories: native and foreign born. When information on place of birth was not reported, nativity was assigned on the basis of answers to citizenship, if reported, and other characteristics.

Native—Includes persons born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States. The small number of persons who were born in a foreign country but have at least one American parent also are included in this category.

The native population is classified in the following groups: persons born in the State in which they resided at the time of the census; persons born in a different State, by region; persons born in Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the U.S.; and persons born abroad with at least one American parent.

**Foreign Born**—Includes persons not classified as "Native." Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The foreign-born population is shown by selected area, country, or region of birth; the places of birth shown in data products were selected based on the number of respondents who reported that area or country of birth.

Comparability—Data on the State of birth of the native population have been collected in each census beginning with that of 1850. Similar data were shown in tabulations for the 1980 census and other recent censuses. Nonresponse was allocated in a similar manner in 1980; however, prior to 1980, nonresponse to the place of birth question was not allocated. Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The questionnaire instruction to report mother's State of residence instead of the person's actual State of birth (if born in a hospital in a different State) was dropped in 1990. Evaluation studies of 1970 and 1980 census data demonstrated that this instruction was generally either ignored or misunderstood. Since the hospital and the mother's residence is in the same State for most births, this change may have a slight effect on State of birth data for States with large metropolitan areas that straddle State lines.

### **POVERTY STATUS IN 1989**

The data on poverty status were derived from answers to the same questions as the income data, questionnaire items 32 and 33. (For more information, see the discussion under "Income in 1989.") Poverty statistics presented in census publications were based on a definition originated by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently modified by Federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1980 and prescribed by the Office of Management and Budget in Directive 14 as the standard to be used by Federal agencies for statistical purposes.

At the core of this definition was the 1961 economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Agriculture Department's 1955 survey of food consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; hence, the poverty level for these families was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses for these smaller households.

The income cutoffs used by the Census Bureau to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals included a set of 48 thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person to nine or more persons) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families were further differentiated by age of the householder (under 65 years old and 65 years old and over).

The total income of each family or unrelated individual in the sample was tested against the appropriate poverty threshold to determine the poverty status of that family or unrelated individual. If the total income was less than the corresponding cutoff, the family or unrelated individual was classified as "below the poverty level." The number of persons below the poverty level was the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the poverty level and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the poverty level.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,674 in 1989. (For more information, see table A below.) Poverty thresholds were applied on a national basis and were not adjusted for regional, State or local variations in the cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 171, Poverty in the United States: 1988 and 1989.

Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined—Poverty status was determined for all persons except institutionalized persons, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. These groups also were excluded from the denominator when calculating poverty rates.

**Specified Poverty Levels—**Since the poverty levels currently in use by the Federal Government do not meet all the needs of data users, some of the data are presented for alternate levels. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the average income cutoff at 125 percent of poverty level was \$15,843 (\$12,674 x 1.25) in 1989 for a family of four persons.

Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level—The average thresholds shown in the first column of table A are weighted by the presence and number of children. For example, the weighted average threshold for a given family size is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that family size.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals are applied to all families and unrelated individuals, the weighted average poverty thresholds are derived using all families and unrelated individuals rather than just those classified as being below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families and unrelated individuals below alternate poverty levels, the weighted thresholds

shown in table A may be multiplied directly by the appropriate factor. The weighted average thresholds presented in the table are based on the March 1990 Current Population Survey. However, these thresholds would not differ significantly from those based on the 1990 census.

Income Deficit—Represents the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold.

This measure provided an estimate of the amount which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective poverty thresholds. The income deficit is thus a measure of the degree of impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual. However, caution must be used in comparing the average deficits of families with different characteristics. Apparent differences in average income deficits may, to some extent, be a function of differences in family size.

Mean Income Deficit—Represents the amount obtained by dividing the total income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families (or unrelated individuals) in that group.

Comparability—The poverty definition used in the 1990 and 1980 censuses differed slightly from the one used in the 1970 census. Three technical modifications were made to the definition used in the 1970 census as described below:

 The separate thresholds for families with a female householder with no husband present and all other families were eliminated. For the 1980 and 1990 censuses, the weighted average of the poverty thresholds for these two types of families was applied to all types of families, regardless of the sex of the householder.

- 2. Farm families and farm unrelated individuals no longer had a set of poverty thresholds that were lower than the thresholds applied to nonfarm families and unrelated individuals. The farm thresholds were 85 percent of the corresponding levels for nonfarm families in the 1970 census. The same thresholds were applied to all families and unrelated individuals regardless of residence in 1980 and 1990.
- 3. The thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons in 1970 to nine or more persons in 1980 and 1990.

These changes resulted in a minimal increase in the number of poor at the national level. For a complete discussion of these modifications and their impact, see the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133.

The population covered in the poverty statistics derived from the 1980 and 1990 censuses was essentially the same as in the 1970 census. The only difference was that in 1980 and 1990, unrelated individuals under 15 years old were excluded from the poverty universe, while in 1970, only those under 14 years old were excluded. The poverty data from the 1960 census excluded all persons in group quarters and included all unrelated individuals regardless of age. It was unlikely that these differences in population coverage would have had significant impact when comparing the poverty data for persons since the 1960 censuses.

Current Population Survey—Because of differences in the questionnaires and data collection procedures, estimates of the number of persons below the poverty level by various characteristics from the 1990 census may differ from those reported in the March 1990 Current Population Survey.

### RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to questionnaire item 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects

Table A. Poverty Thresholds in 1989 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

Size of Family Unit	Weighted	Related children under 18 years								
	average thresh- olds	None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight or more
One person (unrelated individual). Under 65 years	\$6,310 6 451 5,947	\$6,451 5,947								
Two persons  Householder under 65 years  Householder 65 years and  over	8,076 8,343 7,501	8,303 7,495	\$8,547 8,515							
Three persons Four persons Five persons. Six persons. Seven persons Eight persons Nine or more persons	12,674 14,990 16,921 19,162	9,699 12,790 15,424 17,740 20,412 22,830 27,463	9,981 12,999 15,648 17,811 20,540 23,031 27,596	\$9,990 12,575 15,169 17,444 20,101 22,617 27,229	\$12,619 14,798 17,092 19,794 22,253 26,921	\$14,572 16,569 19,224 21,738 26,415	\$16,259 18,558 21,084 25,719	\$17,828 20,403 25,089	\$20,230 24,933	\$23,973

self-identification; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The data for race represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they most closely identify. Furthermore, it is recognized that the categories of the race item include both racial and national origin or socio-cultural groups.

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single response to the race question, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her racial identity. If a person could not provide a single race response, the race of the mother was used. If a single race response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. In all cases where occupied housing units, households, or families are classified by race, the race of the householder was used.

The racial classification used by the Census Bureau generally adheres to the guidelines in Federal Statistical Directive No. 15, issued by the Office of Management and Budget, which provides standards on ethnic and racial categories for statistical reporting to be used by all Federal agencies. The racial categories used in the 1990 census data products are provided below.

White—Includes persons who indicated their race as "White" or reported entries such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

**Black**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Black or Negro" or reported entries such as African American, Afro-American, Black Puerto Rican, Jamaican, Nigerian, West Indian, or Haitian.

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut—Includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories identified below.

American Indian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

American Indian Tribe—Persons who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written tribal entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flathead) represent nations or reservations.

The information on tribe is based on self-identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of Federally- or State-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary tape files and special data products. The information is derived from the American Indian Detailed Tribal

Classification List for the 1990 census. The classification list represents all tribes, bands, and clans that had a specified number of American Indians reported on the census questionnaire.

Eskimo—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Eskimo" or reported entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, and Yupik.

Aleut—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Aleut" or reported entries such as Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian.

Asian or Pacific Islander—Includes persons who reported in one of the Asian or Pacific Islander groups listed on the questionnaire or who provided write-in responses such as Thai, Nepali, or Tongan. A more detailed listing of the groups comprising the Asian or Pacific Islander population is presented in figure 2 below. In some data products, information is presented separately for the Asian population and the Pacific Islander population.

Asian—Includes "Chinese," "Filipino," "Japanese," "Asian Indian," "Korean," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian." In some tables, "Other Asian" may not be shown separately, but is included in the total Asian population.

Chinese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Chinese" or who identified themselves as Cantonese, Tibetan, or Chinese American. In standard census reports, persons who reported as "Taiwanese" or "Formosan" are included here with Chinese. In special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander population, information on persons who identified themselves as Taiwanese are shown separately.

Filipino—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Filipino" or reported entries such as Philipino, Philipine, or Filipino American.

Japanese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Japanese" and persons who identified themselves as Nipponese or Japanese American.

Asian Indian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" and persons who identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

Korean—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Korean" and persons who identified themselves as Korean American.

Vietnamese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Vietnamese" and persons who identified themselves as Vietnamese American.

Cambodian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

Hmong—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

Laotian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

Thai—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

Other Asian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, Amerasian, or Eurasian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Asian."

**Pacific Islander**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Pacific Islander" by classifying themselves into one of the following groups or identifying themselves as one of the Pacific Islander cultural groups of Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian.

Hawaiian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Hawaiian" as well as persons who identified themselves as Part Hawaiian or Native Hawaiian.

Samoan—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Samoan" or persons who identified themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

Guamanian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Guamanian" or persons who identified themselves as Chamorro or Guam.

Other Pacific Islander—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Fijian, or a cultural group such as Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Pacific Islander."

Other Race—Includes all other persons not included in the "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and the "Asian or Pacific Islander" race categories described above. Persons reporting in the "Other race" category and providing write-in entries such as multiracial, multiethnic, mixed, interracial, Wesort, or a Spanish/Hispanic origin group (such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) are included here.

Written entries to three categories on the race item—"Indian (Amer.)," "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," and "Other race"—were reviewed, edited, and coded by subject matter specialists. (For more information on the coding operation, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

The written entries under "Indian (Amer.)" and "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)" were reviewed and coded during 100-percent processing of the 1990 census questionnaires. A substantial portion of the entries for the "Other race" category also were reviewed, edited, and coded during the 100-percent processing. The remaining entries under "Other race" underwent review and coding during sample processing. Most of the written entries reviewed and coded during sample processing were those indicating Hispanic origin such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican.

If the race entry for a member of a household was missing on the questionnaire, race was assigned based upon the reported entries of race by other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for the daughter of the householder, then the race of her mother (as female householder or female spouse) would be assigned. If there was no female householder or spouse in the household, the daughter would be assigned her father's (male householder) race. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Limitation of the Data—In the 1980 census, a relatively high proportion (20 percent) of American Indians did not report any tribal entry in the race item. Evaluation of the pre-census tests indicated that changes made for the 1990 race item should improve the reporting of tribes in the rural areas (especially on reservations) for the 1990 census. The results for urban areas were inconclusive. Also, the precensus tests indicated that there may be overreporting of the Cherokee tribe. An evaluation of 1980 census data showed overreporting of Cherokee in urban areas or areas where the number of American Indians was sparse.

In the 1990 census, respondents sometimes did not fill in a circle or filled the "Other race" circle and wrote in a response, such as Arab, Polish, or African American in the shared write-in box for "Other race" and "Other API" responses. During the automated coding process, these responses were edited and assigned to the appropriate racial designation. Also, some Hispanic origin persons did not fill in a circle, but provided entries such as Mexican or Puerto Rican. These persons were classified in the "Other race" category during the coding and editing process. There may be some minor differences between sample data and 100-percent data because sample processing included additional edits not included in the 100-percent processing.

Figure 2. Asian or Pacific Islander Groups Reported in the 1990 Census

Asian	Pacific Islander
Asian  Chinese Filipino Japanese Asian Indian Korean Vietnamese Cambodian Hmong Laotian Thai Other Asian¹ Bangladeshi Bhutanese Borneo Burmese Celebesian Ceram Indochinese Indonesian Iwo-Jiman	Pacific Islander  Hawaiian Samoan Guamanian Other Pacific Islander¹ Carolinian Fijian Kosraean Melanesian³ Micronesian³ Northern Mariana Islander Palauan Papua New Guinean Ponapean (Pohnpeian) Polynesian³ Solomon Islander Tahitian Tarawa Islander Tokelauan Tongan Trukese (Chuukese)
Javanese Malayan Maldivian Nepali Okinawan Pakistani Sikkim Singaporean Sri Lankan Sumatran Asian, not specified <sup>2</sup>	Yapese Pacific Islander, not specified

<sup>1</sup>In some data products, specific groups listed under "Other Asian" or "Other Pacific Islander" are shown separately. Groups not shown are tabulated as "All other Asian" or "All other Pacific Islander," respectively.

<sup>2</sup>Includes entries such as Asian American, Asian, Asiatic, Amerasian, and Eurasian.

<sup>3</sup>Polynesian, Micronesian, and Melanesian are Pacific Islander cultural groups.

Comparability—Differences between the 1990 census and earlier censuses affect the comparability of data for certain racial groups and American Indian tribes. The 1990 census was the first census to undertake, on a 100-percent basis, an automated review, edit, and coding operation for written responses to the race item. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the race subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses. In the 1980 census, there was only a limited clerical review of the race responses on the 100-percent forms with a full clerical review conducted only on the sample questionnaires.

Another major difference between the 1990 and preceding censuses is the handling of the write-in responses for the Asian or Pacific Islander populations. In addition to the nine Asian or Pacific Islander categories shown on the questionnaire under the spanner "Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," the 1990 census race item provided a new residual category, "Other API," for Asian or Pacific Islander persons who did not report in one of the listed Asian or Pacific

Islander groups. During the coding operation, write-in responses for "Other API" were reviewed, coded, and assigned to the appropriate classification. For example, in 1990, a write-in entry of Laotian, Thai, or Javanese is classified as "Other Asian," while a write-in entry of Tongan or Fijian is classified as "Other Pacific Islander." In the 1990 census, these persons were able to identify as "Other API" in both the 100-percent and sample operations.

In the 1980 census, the nine Asian or Pacific Islander groups were also listed separately. However, persons not belonging to these nine groups wrote in their specific racial group under the "Other" race category. Persons with a written entry such as Laotian, Thai, or Tongan, were tabulated and published as "Other race" in the 100-percent processing operation in 1980, but were reclassified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" in 1980 sample tabulations. In 1980 special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander populations, data were shown separately for "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander."

The 1970 questionnaire did not have separate race categories for Asian Indian, Vietnamese, Samoan, and Guamanian. These persons indicated their race in the "Other" category and later, through the editing process, were assigned to a specific group. For example, in 1970, Asian Indians were reclassified as "White," while Vietnamese, Guamanians, and Samoans were included in the "Other" category.

Another difference between 1990 and preceding censuses is the approach taken when persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin did not report in a specific race category but reported as "Other race" or "Other." These persons commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Venezuelan, or Latino. In the 1990 and 1980 censuses, these entries remained in the "Other race" or "Other" category, respectively. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

### REFERENCE WEEK

The data on labor force status and journey to work were related to the reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents since the enumeration was not completed in one week. The occurrence of holidays during the enumeration period could affect the data on actual hours worked during the reference week, but probably had no effect on overall measurement of employment status (see the discussion below on "Comparability").

Comparability—The reference weeks for the 1990 and 1980 censuses differ in that Passover and Good Friday occurred in the first week of April 1980, but in the second week of April 1990. Many workers presumably took time off for those observances. The differing occurrence of

these holidays could affect the comparability of the 1990 and 1980 data on actual hours worked for some areas if the respective weeks were the reference weeks for a significant number of persons. The holidays probably did not affect the overall measurement of employment status since this information was based on work activity during the entire reference week.

### **RESIDENCE IN 1985**

The data on residence in 1985 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 14b, which asked for the State (or foreign country), county, and place of residence on April 1, 1985, for those persons reporting in question 14a that on that date they lived in a different house than their current residence. Residence in 1985 is used in conjunction with location of current residence to determine the extent of residential mobility of the population and the resulting redistribution of the population across the various States, metropolitan areas, and regions of the country.

When no information on residence in 1985 was reported for a person, information for other family members, if available, was used to assign a location of residence in 1985. All cases of nonresponse or incomplete response that were not assigned a previous residence based on information from other family members were allocated the previous residence of another person with similar characteristics who provided complete information.

The tabulation category, "Same house," includes all persons 5 years old and over who did not move during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by 1990 had returned to their 1985 residence. The category, "Different house in the United States," includes persons who lived in the United States in 1985 but in a different house or apartment from the one they occupied on April 1, 1990. These movers are then further subdivided according to the type of move.

In most tabulations, movers are divided into three groups according to their 1985 residence: "Different house, same county," "Different county, same State," and "Different State." The last group may be further subdivided into region of residence in 1985. The category, "Abroad," includes those persons who were residing in a foreign country, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the U.S. in 1985, including members of the Armed Forces and their dependents. Some tabulations show movers who were residing in Puerto Rico or an outlying area in 1985 separately from those residing in other countries.

In tabulations for metropolitan areas, movers are categorized according to the metropolitan status of their current and previous residences, resulting in such groups as movers within an MSA/PMSA, movers between MSA/PMSA's, movers from nonmetropolitan areas to MSA/PMSA, and movers from central cities to the remainder of an MSA/PMSA. In some tabulations, these categories are further subdivided by size of MSA/PMSA, region of current or previous residence, or movers within or between central cities and the remainder of the same or a different MSA/PMSA.

The size categories used in some tabulations for both 1985 and 1990 residence refer to the populations of the MSA/PMSA on April 1, 1990; that is, at the end of the migration interval.

Some tabulations present data on inmigrants, outmigrants, and net migration. "Inmigrants" are generally defined as those persons who entered a specified area by crossing its boundary from some point outside the area. In some tabulations, movers from abroad are included in the number of inmigrants; in others, only movers within the United States are included.

"Outmigrants" are persons who depart from a specific area by crossing its boundary to a point outside it, but without leaving the United States. "Net migration" is calculated by subtracting the number of outmigrants from the number of inmigrants and, depending upon the particular tabulation, may or may not include movers from abroad. The net migration for the area is net inmigration if the result was positive and net outmigration if the result was negative. In the tabulations, net outmigration is indicated by a minus sign (-).

Inmigrants and outmigrants for States include only those persons who did not live in the same State in 1985 and 1990; that is, they exclude persons who moved between counties within the same State. Thus, the sum of the inmigrants to (or outmigrants from) all counties in any State is greater than the number of inmigrants to (or outmigrants from) that State. However, in the case of net migration, the sum of the nets for all the counties within a State equal the net for the State. In the same fashion, the net migration for a division or region equals the sum of the nets for the States comprising that division or region, while the number of inmigrants and outmigrants for that division or region is less than the sum of the inmigrants or outmigrants for the individual States.

The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1985 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5-year period. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of the census had returned to their 1985 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county, MSA/PMSA, or State or moving between nonmetropolitan areas may be understated.

Comparability—Similar questions were asked on all previous censuses beginning in 1940, except the questions in 1950 referred to residence 1 year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Although the questions in the 1940 census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census was reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. Comparability with the 1960 and 1970 census is also somewhat reduced because nonresponse was not allocated in those earlier censuses. For the 1980 census, nonresponse was allocated in a manner similar to the 1990 allocation scheme.

# SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND LABOR FORCE STATUS

Tabulation of data on enrollment, educational attainment, and labor force status for the population 16 to 19 years old allows for calculation of the proportion of the age group who are not enrolled in school and not high school graduates or "dropouts" and an unemployment rate for the "dropout" population. Definitions of the three topics and descriptions of the census items from which they were derived are presented in "Educational Attainment," "Employment Status," and "School Enrollment and Type of School." The published tabulations include both the civilian and Armed Forces populations, but labor force status is provided for the civilian population only. Therefore, the component labor force statuses may not add to the total lines enrolled in school, high school graduate, and not high school graduate. The difference is Armed Forces.

Comparability—The tabulation of school enrollment by labor force status is similar to that published in 1980 census reports. The 1980 census tabulation included a single data line for Armed Forces; however, enrollment, attainment, and labor force status data were shown for the civilian population only. In 1970, a tabulation was included for 16 to 21 year old males not attending school.

# SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL

Data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 11, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons were classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" public or private school or college at any time between February 1, 1990, and the time of enumeration. The question included instructions to "include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which would lead to a high school diploma or a college degree" as regular school. Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring were not to be included unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Persons who did not answer the enrollment question were assigned the enrollment status and type of school of a person with the same age, race or Hispanic origin, and, at older ages, sex, whose residence was in the same or a nearby area.

Public and Private School—Includes persons who attended school in the reference period and indicated they were enrolled by marking one of the questionnaire categories for either "public school, public college" or "private school, private college." The instruction guide defines a public school as "any school or college controlled and supported by a local, county, State, or Federal Government." Schools supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups are defined as private. Persons who filled both the "public" and "private" circles are edited to the first entry, "public."

Level of School in Which Enrolled-Persons who were enrolled in school were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," "elementary or high school," or "college" according to their response to question 12 (years of school completed or highest degree received). Persons who were enrolled and reported completing nursery school or less were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," which includes kindergarten. Similarly, enrolled persons who had completed at least kindergarten, but not high school, were classified as enrolled in elementary or high school. Enrolled persons who reported completing high school or some college or having received a post-secondary degree were classified as enrolled in "college." Enrolled persons who reported completing the twelfth grade but receiving "NO DIPLOMA" were classified as enrolled in high school. (For more information on level of school, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.")

Comparability—School enrollment questions have been included in the census since 1840; grade attended was first asked in 1940; type of school was first asked in 1960. Before 1940, the enrollment question in various censuses referred to attendance in the preceding six months or the preceding year. In 1940, the reference was to attendance in the month preceding the census, and in the 1950 and subsequent censuses, the question referred to attendance in the two months preceding the census date.

Until the 1910 census, there were no instructions limiting the kinds of schools in which enrollment was to be counted. Starting in 1910, the instructions indicated that attendance at "school, college, or any educational institution" was to be counted. In 1930 an instruction to include "night school" was added. In the 1940 instructions, night school, extension school, or vocational school were included only if the school was part of the regular school system. Correspondence school work of any kind was excluded. In the 1950 instructions, the term "regular school" was introduced, and it was defined as schooling which "advances a person towards an elementary or high school diploma or a college, university, or professional school degree." Vocational, trade, or business schools were excluded unless they were graded and considered part of a regular school system. On-the-job training was excluded, as was nursery school. Instruction by correspondence was excluded unless it was given by a regular school and counted towards promotion.

In 1960, the question used the term "regular school or college" and a similar, though expanded, definition of "regular" was included in the instructions, which continued to exclude nursery school. Because of the census' use of mailed questionnaires, the 1960 census was the first in which instructions were written for the respondent as well as enumerators. In the 1970 census, the questionnaire used the phrase "regular school or college" and included instructions to "count nursery school, kindergarten, and schooling which leads to an elementary school certificate, high school diploma, or college degree." Instructions in a separate document specified that to be counted as regular

school, nursery school must include instruction as an important and integral phase of its program, and continued the exclusion of vocational, trade, and business schools. The 1980 census question was very similar to the 1970 question, but the separate instruction booklet did not require that nursery school include substantial instructional content in order to be counted.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained and published has varied over the censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons of all ages in the 1930 and 1940 and 1970 through 1990; for persons under age 30, in 1950; and for persons age 5 to 34, in 1960. Most of the published enrollment figures referred to persons age 5 to 20 in the 1930 census, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1960, 3 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980. This growth in the age group whose enrollment was reported reflects increased interest in the number of children in preprimary schools and in the number of older persons attending colleges and universities.

In the 1950 and subsequent censuses, college students were enumerated where they lived while attending college, whereas in earlier censuses, they generally were enumerated at their parental homes. This change should not affect the comparability of national figures on college enrollment since 1940; however, it may affect the comparability over time of enrollment figures at sub-national levels.

Type of school was first introduced in the 1960 census, where a separate question asked the enrolled persons whether they were in a "public" or "private" school. Since the 1970 census, the type of school was incorporated into the response categories for the enrollment question and the terms were changed to "public," "parochial," and "other private." In the 1980 census, "private, church related" and "private, not church related" replaced "parochial" and "other private."

Grade of enrollment was first available in the 1940 census, where it was obtained from responses to the question on highest grade of school completed. Enumerators were instructed that "for a person still in school, the last grade completed will be the grade preceding the one in which he or she was now enrolled." From 1950 to 1980, grade of enrollment was obtained from the highest grade attended in the two-part question used to measure educational attainment. (For more information, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.") The form of the question from which level of enrollment was derived in the 1990 census most closely corresponds to the question used in 1940. While data from prior censuses can be aggregated to provide levels of enrollment comparable to the 1990 census, 1990 data cannot be disaggregated to show single grade of enrollment as in previous censuses.

Data on school enrollment were also collected and published by other Federal, State, and local government agencies. Where these data were obtained from administrative records of school systems and institutions of higher learning, they were only roughly comparable with data from population censuses and household surveys because of

differences in definitions and concepts, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods. At the local level, the difference between the location of the institution and the residence of the student may affect the comparability of census and administrative data. Differences between the boundaries of school districts and census geographic units also may affect these comparisons.

### **SELF-CARE LIMITATION STATUS**

The data on self-care limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19b, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a self-care limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to take care of their own personal needs, such as dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home.

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability—**This was the first time that a question on self-care limitation was included in the census.

### SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to questionnaire item 3, which was asked of all persons. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age and marital status of the person. For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Sex Ratio**—A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

**Comparability—**A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

### **VETERAN STATUS**

Data on veteran status, period of military service, and years of military service were derived from answers to questionnaire item 17, which was asked of a sample of persons.

Veteran Status—The data on veteran status were derived from responses to question 17a. For census data products, a "civilian veteran" is a person 16 years old or over who had served (even for a short time) but is not now serving on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard, or who served as a Merchant Marine seaman during World War II. Persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves are classified as veterans only if they were ever called or ordered to active duty not counting the 4-6 months for initial training or yearly summer camps. All other civilians 16 years old and over are classified as nonveterans.

Period of Military Service-Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to indicate in question 17b the period or periods in which they served. Persons serving in at least one wartime period are classified in their most recent wartime period. For example, persons who served both during the Korean conflict and the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964 are classified in one of the two "Korean conflict" categories. If the same person had also served during the Vietnam era, he or she would instead be included in the "Vietnam era and Korean conflict" category. The responses were edited to eliminate inconsistencies between reported period(s) of service and the age of the person and to cancel out reported combinations of periods containing unreasonable gaps (for example, a person could not serve during World War I and the Korean conflict without serving during World War II). Note that the period of service categories shown in this report are mutually exclusive.

Years of Military Service—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to report the total number of years of active-duty service in question 17c. The data were edited for consistency with responses to question 17b (Period of Military Service) and with the age of the person.

Limitation of the Data—There may be a tendency for the following kinds of persons to report erroneously that they served on active duty in the Armed Forces: (a) persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves but were never called to active duty; (b) civilian employees or volunteers for the USO, Red Cross, or the Department of Defense (or its predecessor Departments, War and Navy); and (c) employees of the Merchant Marine or Public Health Service. There may also be a tendency for persons to erroneously round up months to the nearest year in question 17c (for example, persons with 1 year 8 months of active duty military service may mistakenly report "2 years").

Comparability—Since census data on veterans were based on self-reported responses, they may differ from data from other sources such as administrative records of the Department of Defense. Census data may also differ from Veterans Administration data on the benefits-eligible population, since factors determining eligibility for veterans benefits differ from the rules for classifying veterans in the census.

The wording of the question on veteran status (17a) for 1990 was expanded from the veteran/not veteran question in 1980 to include questions on current active duty status and service in the military Reserves and the National Guard. The expansion was intended to clarify the appropriate response for persons in the Armed Forces and for persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserve units only. For the first time in a census, service during World War II as a Merchant Marine Seaman was considered active-duty military service and persons with such service were counted as veterans. An additional period of military service, "September 1980 or later" was added in 1990. As in 1970 and 1980, persons reporting more than one period of service are shown in the most recent wartime period of service category. Question 17c (Years of Military Service) was new for 1990.

### **WORK DISABILITY STATUS**

The data on work disability were derived from answers to questionnaire item 18, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a work disability if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which limited the kind or amount of work they could do at a job or business. A person was limited in the kind of work he or she could do if the person had a health condition which restricted his or her choice of jobs. A person was limited in the amount of work if he or she was not able to work full-time. Persons with a work disability were further classified as "Prevented from working" or "Not prevented from working."

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

Comparability—The wording of the question on work disability was the same in 1990 as in 1980. Information on work disability was first collected in 1970. In that census, the work disability question did not contain a clause restricting the definition of disability to limitations caused by a health condition that had lasted 6 or more months; however, it did contain a separate question about the duration of the disability.

#### **WORK STATUS IN 1989**

The data on work status in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks according to the criteria described below are classified as "Worked in 1989." All other persons 16 years old and over are classified as "Did not work in 1989." Some tabulations showing work status in 1989 include 15 year olds; these persons, by definition, are classified as "Did not work in 1989."

# Weeks Worked in 1989

The data on weeks worked in 1989 were derived from responses to questionnaire item 31b. Question 31b (Weeks Worked in 1989) was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated in question 31a that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of weeks during 1989 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included.

# Usual Hours Worked Per Week Worked in 1989

The data on usual hours worked per week worked in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31c. This question was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of hours a person usually worked during the weeks worked in 1989. The respondent was to report the number of hours worked per week in the majority of the weeks he or she worked in 1989. If the hours worked per week varied considerably during 1989, the respondent was to report an approximate average of the hours worked per week. The statistics on usual hours worked per week in 1989 are not necessarily related to the data on actual hours worked during the census reference week (question 21b).

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "Usually worked full time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "Usually worked part time."

**Year-Round Full-Time Workers**—All persons 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1989.

**Number of Workers in Family in 1989—**The term "worker" as used for these data is defined based on the criteria for Work Status in 1989.

Limitation of the Data—It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1989 and the number of weeks worked are understated since there was some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment or to exclude weeks worked without pay. There may also be a tendency for persons not to include weeks of paid vacation among their weeks worked; one result may be that the census figures may understate the number of persons who worked "50 to 52 weeks."

Comparability—The data on weeks worked collected in the 1990 census were comparable with data from the 1980, 1970, and 1960 censuses, but may not be entirely comparable with data from the 1940 and 1950 censuses. Since the 1960 census, two separate questions have been used to obtain this information. The first identified persons with any work experience during the year and, thus, indicated those persons for whom the questions on number of weeks worked applied. In 1940 and 1950, however, the questionnaires contained only a single question on number of weeks worked.

In 1970, persons responded to the question on weeks worked by indicating one of six weeks-worked intervals. In 1980 and 1990, persons were asked to enter the specific number of weeks they worked.

## YEAR OF ENTRY

The data on year of entry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 10, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question, "When did this person come to the United States to stay?" was asked of persons who indicated in the question on citizenship that they were not born in the United States. (For more information, see the discussion under "Citizenship.")

The 1990 census questions, tabulations, and census data products about citizenship and year of entry include no reference to immigration. All persons who were born and resided outside the United States before becoming residents of the United States have a date of entry. Some of these persons are U.S. citizens by birth (e.g., persons born in Puerto Rico or born abroad of American parents). To avoid any possible confusion concerning the date of entry of persons who are U.S. citizens by birth, the term, "year of entry" is used in this report instead of the term "year of immigration."

Limitation of the Data—The census questions on nativity, citizenship, and year of entry were not designed to measure the degree of permanence of residence in the United States. The phrase, "to stay" was used to obtain the year in which the person became a resident of the United States. Although the respondent was directed to indicate the year he or she entered the country "to stay," it was difficult to ensure that respondents interpreted the phrase correctly.

Comparability—A question on year of entry, (alternately called "year of immigration") was asked in each decennial census from 1890 to 1930, 1970, and 1980. In 1980, the question on year of entry included six arrival time intervals. The number of arrival intervals was expanded to ten in 1990. In 1980, the question on year of entry was asked only of the foreign-born population. In 1990, all persons who responded to the long-form questionnaire and were not born in the United States were to complete the question on year of entry.

### HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

#### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion of "Group Quarters" under Population Characteristics.) Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, dormitories, barracks, and old railroad cars.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contains nine or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of at least 10 unrelated persons), it is classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contains eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, it is classified as a housing unit.

Occupied Housing Units—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders. In sample tabulations, the counts of household and occupied housing units may vary slightly because of different sample weighting methods.

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere also are classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

**Staff Living Quarters—**The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

Comparability—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

# **ACREAGE**

The data on acreage were obtained from questionnaire items H5a and H19a. Question H5a was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. Question H19a was asked on a sample basis at occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes.

Question H5a asks whether the house or mobile home is located on a place of 10 or more acres. The intent of this

item is to exclude owner-occupied and renter-occupied one-family houses on 10 or more acres from the specified owner- and renter-occupied universes for value and rent tabulations.

Question H19a provides data on whether the unit is located on less than 1 acre. The main purpose of this item, in conjunction with question H19b on agricultural sales, is to identify farm units. (For more information, see discussion under "Farm Residence.")

For both items, the land may consist of more than one tract or plot. These tracts or plots are usually adjoining; however, they may be separated by a road, creek, another piece of land, etc.

Comparability—Question H5a is similar to that asked in 1970 and 1980. This item was asked for the first time of mobile home occupants in 1990. Question H19a is an abbreviated form of a question asked on a sample basis in 1980. In previous censuses, information on city or suburban lot and number of acres was obtained also.

# AGRICULTURAL SALES

Data on the sales of agricultural crops were obtained from questionnaire item H19b, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied one-family houses and mobile homes located on lots of 1 acre or more. Data for this item exclude units on lots of less than 1 acre, units located in structures containing 2 or more units, and all vacant units. This item refers to the total amount (before taxes and expenses) received in 1989 from the sale of crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products, and nursery and forest products, produced on "this property." Respondents new to a unit were asked to estimate total agricultural sales in 1989 even if some portion of the sales had been made by other occupants of the unit.

This item is used mainly to classify housing units as farm or nonfarm residences, not to provide detailed information on the sale of agricultural products. Detailed information on the sale of agricultural products is provided by the Census Bureau's Census of Agriculture (Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics, Bureau of the Census, 1989). (For more information, see the discussion under "Farm Residence.")

#### **BEDROOMS**

The data on bedrooms were obtained from questionnaire item H9, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The number of bedrooms is the count of rooms designed to be used as bedrooms; that is, the number of rooms that would be listed as bedrooms if the house or apartment were on the market for sale or for rent. Included are all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms even if they currently are being used for some other purpose. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

Comparability—Data on bedrooms have been collected in every census since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, data for bedrooms were shown only for year-round units. In past censuses, a room was defined as a bedroom if it was used mainly for sleeping even if also used for other purposes. Rooms that were designed to be used as bedrooms but used mainly for other purposes were not considered to be bedrooms. A distribution of housing units by number of bedrooms calculated from data collected in a 1986 test showed virtually no differences in the two versions except in the two bedroom category, where the previous "use" definition showed a slightly lower proportion of units.

### **BOARDED-UP STATUS**

Boarded-up status was obtained from questionnaire item C2 and was determined for all vacant units. Boarded-up units have windows and doors covered by wood, metal, or masonry to protect the interior and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure, a unit in a multi-unit structure, or an entire multi-unit structure may be boarded-up in this way. For certain census data products, boarded-up units are shown only for units in the "Other vacant" category. A unit classified as "Usual home elsewhere" can never be boarded up. (For more information, see the discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

Comparability—This item was first asked in the 1980 census and was shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all vacant housing units.

# **BUSINESS ON PROPERTY**

The data for business on property were obtained from questionnaire item H5b, which was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied one-family houses with business or medical offices on the property from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

A business must be easily recognizable from the outside. It usually will have a separate outside entrance and have the appearance of a business, such as a grocery store, restaurant, or barber shop. It may be either attached to the house or mobile home or be located elsewhere on the property. Those housing units in which a room is used for business or professional purposes and have no recognizable alterations to the outside are *not* considered as having a business. Medical offices are considered businesses for tabulation purposes.

**Comparability—**Data on business on property have been collected since 1940.

#### **CONDOMINIUM FEE**

The data on condominium fee were obtained from questionnaire item H25, which was asked at owner-occupied condominiums. This item was asked on a sample basis. A condominium fee normally is charged monthly to the owners of the individual condominium units by the condominium owners association to cover operating, maintenance, administrative, and improvement costs of the common property (grounds, halls, lobby, parking areas, laundry rooms, swimming pool, etc.) The costs for utilities and/or fuels may be included in the condominium fee if the units do not have separate meters.

Data on condominium fees may include real estate tax and/or insurance payments for the common property, but do not include real estate taxes or fire, hazard, and flood insurance for the individual unit already reported in questions H21 and H22.

Amounts reported were the regular monthly payment, even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. Costs were estimated as closely as possible when exact costs were not known.

The data from this item were added to payments for mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments; and utilities and fuels to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for condominium owners.

Comparability-This is a new item in 1990.

#### **CONDOMINIUM STATUS**

The data on condominium housing units were obtained from questionnaire item H18, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. Condominium is a type of ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similarly cwned units and to hold a common or joint ownership in some or all of the common areas and facilities such as land, roof, hallways, entrances, elevators, swimming pool, etc. Condominiums may be single-family houses as well as units in apartment buildings. A condominium unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such. A unit classified as "mobile home or trailer" or "other" (see discussion under "Units in Structure") cannot be a condominium unit.

**Limitation of the Data—**Testing done prior to the 1980 and 1990 censuses indicated that the number of condominiums may be slightly overstated.

Comparability—In 1970, condominiums were grouped together with cooperative housing units, and the data were reported only for owner-occupied cooperatives and condominiums. Beginning in 1980, the census identified all

condominium units and the data were shown for renteroccupied and vacant year-round condominiums as well as owner occupied. In 1970 and 1980, the question on condominiums was asked on a 100-percent basis. In 1990, it was asked on a sample basis.

#### **CONTRACT RENT**

The data on contract rent (also referred to as "rent asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H7a, which was asked at all occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in census data products. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. Rent-free houses or apartments may be provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, sharecroppers, or others.

Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included. For vacant units, it is the monthly rent asked for the rental unit at the time of enumeration.

If the contract rent includes rent for a business unit or for living quarters occupied by another household, the respondent was instructed to report that part of the rent estimated to be for his or her unit only. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

If a renter pays rent to the owner of a condominium or cooperative, and the condominium fee or cooperative carrying charge is also paid by the renter to the owner, the respondent was instructed to include the fee or carrying charge.

If a renter receives payments from lodgers or roomers who are listed as members of the household, the respondent was instructed to report the rent without deduction for any payments received from the lodgers or roomers. The respondent was instructed to report the rent agreed to or contracted for even if paid by someone else such as friends or relatives living elsewhere, or a church or welfare agency.

In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for all renter-occupied housing units, as well as specified renter-occupied and vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information on rent, see the discussion under "Gross Rent.")

Median and Quartile Contract Rent—The median divides the rent distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the rent distribution into four equal parts. In computing median and quartile contract rent, units reported as "No cash rent" are excluded. Median and quartile rent calculations are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Contract Rent—To calculate aggregate contract rent, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$80" is \$50. The amount assigned to the category "\$1,000 or more" is \$1,250. Mean contract rent is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Limitation of the Data—In the 1970 and 1980 censuses, contract rent for vacant units had high allocation rates, about 35 percent.

Comparability—Data on this item have been collected since 1930. For 1990, quartiles were added because the range of rents and values in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large rent and value differences among various geographic areas.

#### **DURATION OF VACANCY**

The data for duration of vacancy (also referred to as "months vacant") were obtained from questionnaire item D, which was completed by census enumerators. The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months and years) between the date the last occupants moved from the unit and the time of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant.

For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed. Units occupied by an entire household with a usual home elsewhere are assigned to the "Less than 1 month" interval.

Comparability—Similar data have been collected since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all vacant housing units.

#### **FARM RESIDENCE**

The data on farm residence were obtained from questionnaire items H19a and H19b. An occupied one-family house or mobile home is classified as a farm residence if: (1) the housing unit is located on a property of 1 acre or more, and (2) at least \$1,000 worth of agricultural products were sold from the property in 1989. Group quarters and housing units that are in multi-unit buildings or vacant are not included as farm residences.

A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household paying cash rent for land and buildings is enumerated as a farm residence only if sales of agricultural products from its yard (as opposed to the general property on which it is located) amounted to at least \$1,000 in 1989. A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household that does not pay cash rent is enumerated as a farm residence if the remainder of the farm (including its yard) qualifies as a farm.

Farm residence is provided as an independent data item only for housing units located in rural areas. It may be derived for housing units in urban areas from the data items on acreage and sales of agricultural products on the public-use microdata sample (PUMS) files. (For more information on PUMS, see Appendix F, Data Products and User Assistance.)

The farm population consists of persons in households living in farm residences. Some persons who are counted on a property classified as a farm (including in some cases farm workers) are excluded from the farm population. Such persons include those who reside in multi-unit buildings or group quarters.

Comparability—These are the same criteria that were used to define a farm residence in 1980. In 1960 and 1970, a farm was defined as a place of 10 or more acres with at least \$50 worth of agricultural sales or a place of less than 10 acres with at least \$250 worth of agricultural sales. Earlier censuses used other definitions. Note that the definition of a farm residence differs from the definition of a farm in the Census of Agriculture (Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics, Bureau of the Census, 1989).

#### **GROSS RENT**

Gross rent is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else). Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of utilities and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures for the tabulations. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the tabulations. Gross rent is calculated on a sample basis.

Comparability—Data on gross rent have been collected since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

### GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989 is a computed ratio of monthly gross rent to monthly household income (total household income in 1989 divided by 12). The ratio was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole percentage. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss in 1989 comprise the category "Not computed." This item is calculated on a sample basis.

#### **HOUSE HEATING FUEL**

The data on house heating fuel were obtained from questionnaire item H14, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The data show the type of fuel used most to heat the house or apartment.

**Utility Gas**—Includes gas piped through underground pipes from a central system to serve the neighborhood.

**Bottled, Tank, or LP Gas—**Includes liquid propane gas stored in bottles or tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty.

Fuel Oil, Kerosene, Etc.—Includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids.

**Wood**—Includes purchased wood, wood cut by household members on their property or elsewhere, driftwood, saw-mill or construction scraps, or the like.

**Solar Energy**—Includes heat provided by sunlight which is collected, stored, and actively distributed to most of the rooms.

Other Fuel—Includes all other fuels not specified elsewhere.

No Fuel Used—Includes units that do not use any fuel or that do not have heating equipment.

**Comparability—**Data on house heating fuel have been collected since 1940. The category, "Solar energy" is new for 1990.

#### INSURANCE FOR FIRE, HAZARD, AND FLOOD

The data on fire, hazard, and flood insurance were obtained from questionnaire item H22, which was asked at a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics for this item refer to the annual premium for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on

the property (land and buildings); that is, policies that protect the property and its contents against loss due to damage by fire, lightning, winds, hail, flood, explosion, and so on.

Liability policies are included only if they are paid with the fire, hazard, and flood insurance premiums and the amounts for fire, hazard, and flood cannot be separated. Premiums are included even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, the premiums are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance is added to payments for real estate taxes, utilities, fuels, and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

A separate question (H23d) determines whether insurance premiums are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting these premiums twice in the computations.

Comparability—Data on payment for fire and hazard insurance were collected for the first time in 1980. Flood insurance was not specifically mentioned in the wording of the question in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

#### KITCHEN FACILITIES

Data on kitchen facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H11, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) an installed sink with piped water, (2) a range, cook top and convection or microwave oven, or cookstove, and (3) a refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure. They need not be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered a range or cookstove. An ice box is not considered to be a refrigerator.

Comparability—Data on complete kitchen facilities were collected for the first time in 1970. Earlier censuses collected data on individual components, such as kitchen sink and type of refrigeration equipment. In 1970 and 1980, data for kitchen facilities were shown only for year-round units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units,

#### **MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT**

The data on meals included in the rent were obtained from questionnaire item H7b, which was asked of all

occupied housing units that were rented for cash and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

The statistics on meals included in rent are presented for specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information, see the discussion under "Contract Rent.")

Comparability—This is a new item in 1990. It is intended to measure "congregate" housing, which generally is considered to be housing units where the rent includes meals and other services, such as transportation to shopping and recreation.

#### MOBILE HOME COSTS

The data on mobile home costs were obtained from questionnaire item H26, which was asked at owner-occupied mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis.

These data include the total yearly costs for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees, and license fees on all owner-occupied mobile homes. The instructions are to not include real estate taxes already reported in question H21.

Costs are estimated as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. Amounts are the total for an entire 12-month billing period, even if they are paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid.

The data from this item are added to payments for mortgages, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, utilities, and fuels to derive selected monthly owner costs for mobile homes owners.

Comparability—This item is new for 1990.

#### MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on mortgage payment were obtained from questionnaire item H23b, which was asked at owner occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis. Question H23b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid the lender for the first mortgage (deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt) on the property. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

The amounts reported include everything paid to the lender including principal and interest payments, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, and mortgage insurance premiums. Separate questions determine whether real estate taxes and fire, hazard, and flood

insurance payments are included in the mortgage payment to the lender. This makes it possible to avoid counting these components twice in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs."

Comparability—Information on mortgage payment was collected for the first time in 1980. It was collected only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, one-family houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions on monthly mortgage payments were asked of all owner-occupied one-family houses, including one-family houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office.

The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from a single question. Two questions were used in 1990; one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages or home equity loans. (For more information, see the discussion under "Second or Junior Mortgage Payment.")

#### **MORTGAGE STATUS**

The data on mortgage status were obtained from questionnaire items H23a and H24a, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. "Mortgage" refers to all forms of debt where the property is pledged as security for repayment of the debt. It includes such debt instruments as deeds of trust, trust deeds, contracts to purchase, land contracts, junior mortgages and home equity loans.

A mortgage is considered a first mortgage if it has prior claim over any other mortgage or if it is the only mortgage on the property. All other mortgages, (second, third, etc.) are considered junior mortgages. A home equity loan is generally a junior mortgage. If no first mortgage is reported, but a junior mortgage or home equity loan is reported, then the loan is considered a first mortgage.

In most census data products, the tabulations for "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." The category "not mortgaged" is comprised of housing units owned free and clear of debt.

Comparability—A question on mortgage status was included in the 1940 and 1950 censuses, but not in the 1960 and 1970 censuses. The item was reinstated in 1980 along with a separate question dealing with the existence of second or junior mortgages. In 1980, the mortgage status questions were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses on less than 10 acres. Excluded were mobile homes,

condominiums, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions were asked of all one-family owner-occupied housing units, including houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and houses with a business or medical office.

#### **PERSONS IN UNIT**

This item is based on the 100-percent count of persons in occupied housing units. All persons occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth.

The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. The phrase "persons in unit" is used for housing tabulations, "persons in households" for population items. Figures for "persons in unit" match those for "persons in household" for 100-percent data products. In sample products, they may differ because of the weighting process.

Median Persons in Unit—In computing median persons in unit, a whole number is used as the midpoint of an interval; thus, a unit with 4 persons is treated as an interval ranging from 3.5 to 4.5 persons. Median persons is rounded to the nearest hundredth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Persons in Occupied Housing Units—This is the total population minus those persons living in group quarters. "Persons per occupied housing unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units.

#### PERSONS PER ROOM

"Persons per room" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. Persons per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Mean Persons Per Room—This is computed by dividing persons in housing units by the aggregate number of rooms. This is intended to provide a measure of utilization. A higher mean may indicate a greater degree of utilization or crowding; a low mean may indicate under-utilization. (For more information on means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

#### PLUMBING FACILITIES

The data on plumbing facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H10, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Complete plumbing facilities include hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower. All three facilities must be located inside the house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Housing units are classified as lacking complete plumbing facilities when any of the three facilities are not present.

Comparability—The 1990 data on complete plumbing facilities are not strictly comparable with the 1980 data. In 1980, complete plumbing facilities were defined as hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet in the housing unit for the exclusive use of the residents of that unit. In 1990, the Census Bureau dropped the requirement of exclusive use from the definition of complete plumbing facilities. Of the 2.3 million year-round housing units classified in 1980 as lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use, approximately 25 percent of these units had complete plumbing but the facilities were also used by members of another household. From 1940 to 1970, separate and more detailed questions were asked on piped water, bathing, and toilet facilities. In 1970 and 1980, the data on plumbing facilities were shown only for yearround units.

#### **POVERTY STATUS OF HOUSEHOLDS IN 1989**

The data on poverty status of households were derived from answers to the income questions. The income items were asked on a sample basis. Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1989 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household, nor does their presence affect the household size in determining the appropriate poverty threshold. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual for one and twopersons households. (For more information, see the discussion of "Poverty Status in 1989" and "Income in 1989" under Population Characteristics.)

#### **REAL ESTATE TAXES**

The data on real estate taxes were obtained from questionnaire item H21, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics from this question refer to the total amount of all real estate taxes on the entire property (land and buildings) payable in 1989 to all taxing jurisdictions, including special assessments, school taxes, county taxes, and so forth.

Real estate taxes include State, local, and all other real estate taxes even if delinquent, unpaid, or paid by someone who is not a member of the household. However, taxes due from prior years are not included. If taxes are paid on other than a yearly basis, the payments are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for real estate taxes is added to payments for fire, hazard, and flood insurance; utilities and fuels; and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989." A separate question (H23c) determines whether real estate taxes are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting taxes twice in the computations.

Comparability—Data for real estate taxes were collected for the first time in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes or trailers, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

#### ROOMS

The data on rooms were obtained from questionnaire item H3, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. The statistics on rooms are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

Median Rooms—This measure divides the room distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. Median rooms is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Rooms—To calculate aggregate rooms, an arbitrary value of "10" is assigned to rooms for units falling within the terminal category, "9 or more." (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Comparability—Data on rooms have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

#### SECOND OR JUNIOR MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on second or junior mortgage payments were obtained from questionnaire items H24a and H24b, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Question H24a asks whether a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan exists on the property. Question H24b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid to the lender on all second or junior mortgages and home equity loans. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

All mortgages other than first mortgages are classified as "junior" mortgages. A second mortgage is a junior mortgage that gives the lender a claim against the property that is second to the claim of the holder of the first mortgage. Any other junior mortgage(s) would be subordinate to the second mortgage. A home equity loan is a line of credit available to the borrower that is secured by real estate. It may be placed on a property that already has a first or second mortgage, or it may be placed on a property that is owned free and clear.

If the respondents answered that no first mortgage existed, but a second mortgage did (as in the above case with a home equity loan), a computer edit assigned the unit a first mortgage and made the first mortgage monthly payment the amount reported in the second mortgage. The second mortgage data were then made "No" in question H24a and blank in question H24b.

Comparability—The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from one single question. Two questions were used in 1990: one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages and home equity loans.

#### SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS

The data on selected monthly owner costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20 through H26 for a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts to purchase, or similar debts on the property (including payments for the first mortgage, second or junior mortgages, and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). It also includes, where appropriate, the monthly condominium fee for condominiums and mobile home costs (personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees) for mobile homes.

In certain tabulations, selected monthly owner costs are presented separately for specified owner-occupied housing units (owner-occupied one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property), owner-occupied condominiums, and owner-occupied mobile homes. Data usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged."

Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs—This measure is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

Comparability—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The 1990 tabulations of selected monthly owner costs for specified owner-occupied housing units are virtually identical to 1980, the primary difference was the amounts of the first and second mortgages were collected in separate questions in 1990, while the amounts were collected in a single question in 1980. The component parts of the item were tabulated for mobile homes and condominiums for the first time in 1990.

In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

# SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

The information on selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989 is the computed ratio of selected monthly owner costs to monthly household income in 1989. The ratio was computed separately for each unit and rounded to the nearest whole percentage. The data are tabulated separately for specified owner-occupied units, condominiums, and mobile homes.

Separate distributions are often shown for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." Units occupied by households reporting no income or a net loss in 1989 are included in the "not computed" category. (For more information, see the discussion under "Selected Monthly Owner Costs.")

Comparability—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The tabulations of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for specified owner-occupied housing units are comparable to 1980.

#### SEWAGE DISPOSAL

The data on sewage disposal were obtained from questionnaire item H16, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Housing units are either connected to a public sewer, to a septic tank or cesspool, or they dispose

of sewage by other means. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. A housing unit is considered to be connected to a septic tank or cesspool when the unit is provided with an underground pit or tank for sewage disposal. The category, "Other means" includes housing units which dispose of sewage in some other way.

Comparability—Data on sewage disposal have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

#### SOURCE OF WATER

The data on source of water were obtained from questionnaire item H15, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. Housing units may receive their water supply from a number of sources. A common source supplying water to five or more units is classified as a "Public system or private company." The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, water company, etc., or it may be obtained from a well which supplies water to five or more housing units. If the water is supplied from a well serving four or fewer housing units, the units are classified as having water supplied by either an "Individual drilled well" or an "Individual dug well." Drilled wells or small diameter wells are usually less than 1-1/2 feet in diameter. Dug wells are usually larger than 1-1/2 feet wide and generally hand dug. The category, "Some other source" includes water obtained from springs, creeks, rivers, lakes, cisterns, etc.

Comparability—Data on source of water have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

#### TELEPHONE IN HOUSING UNIT

The data on telephones were obtained from questionnaire item H12, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. A telephone must be inside the house or apartment for the unit to be classified as having a telephone. Units where the respondent uses a telephone located inside the building but not in the respondent's living quarters are classified as having no telephone.

Comparability—Data on telephones in 1980 are comparable to 1990. The 1960 and 1970 censuses collected data on telephone availability. A unit was classified as having a telephone available if there was a telephone number on which occupants of the unit could be reached. The telephone could have been in another unit, in a common hall, or outside the building.

#### **TENURE**

The data for tenure were obtained from questionnaire item H4, which was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

Owner Occupied—A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information was collected on the long-form questionnaire and are shown in census products containing sample data. (For more information, see the discussion under "Mortgage Status.")

Renter Occupied—All occupied housing units which are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. "No cash rent" units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the "No cash rent" category. "Rented for cash rent" includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a health services provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

Comparability—Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1970, the question on tenure also included a category for condominium and cooperative ownership. In 1980, condominium units and cooperatives were dropped from the tenure item, and since 1980, only condominium units are identified in a separate question.

For 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve

the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage.

#### **UNITS IN STRUCTURE**

The data on units in structure (also referred to as "type of structure") were obtained from questionnaire item H2, which was asked at all housing units. A structure is a separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores and office space are excluded.

The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

1-Unit, Detached—This is a 1-unit structure detached from any other house; that is, with open space on all four sides. Such structures are considered detached even if they have an adjoining shed or garage. A one-family house that contains a business is considered detached as long as the building has open space on all four sides. Mobile homes or trailers to which one or more permanent rooms have been added or built also are included.

1-Unit, Attached—This is a 1-unit structure that has one or more walls extending from ground to roof separating it from adjoining structures. In row houses (sometimes called townhouses), double houses, or houses attached to non-residential structures, each house is a separate, attached structure if the dividing or common wall goes from ground to roof.

2 or More Units—These are units in structures containing 2 or more housing units, further categorized as units in structures with 2, 3 or 4, 5 to 9, 10 to 19, 20 to 49, and 50 or more units.

Mobile Home or Trailer—Both occupied and vacant mobile homes to which no permanent rooms have been added are counted in this category. Mobile homes or trailers used only for business purposes or for extra sleeping space and mobile homes or trailers for sale on a dealer's lot, at the factory, or in storage are not counted in the housing inventory.

**Other**—This category is for any living quarters occupied as a housing unit that does not fit the previous categories. Examples that fit this category are houseboats, railroad cars, campers, and vans.

Comparability—Data on units in structure have been collected since 1940 and on mobile homes and trailers since 1950. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are

shown for all housing units. In 1980, the data were collected on a sample basis. The category, "Boat, tent, van, etc." was replaced in 1990 by the category "Other." In some areas, the proportion of units classified as "Other" is far larger than the number of units that were classified as "Boat, tent, van, etc." in 1980.

#### **USUAL HOME ELSEWHERE**

The data for usual home elsewhere are obtained from questionnaire item B, which was completed by census employees. A housing unit temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons with a usual residence elsewhere is classified as vacant. The occupants are classified as having a "Usual home elsewhere" and are counted at the address of their usual place of residence. Typical examples are people in a vacation home, persons renting living quarters temporarily for work, and migrant workers.

**Limitation of the Data**—Evidence from previous censuses suggests that in some areas enumerators marked units as "vacant—usual home elsewhere" when they should have marked "vacant—regular."

**Comparability**—Data for usual home elsewhere was tabulated for the first time in 1980.

#### UTILITIES

The data on utility costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20a through H20d, which were asked of occupied housing units. These items were asked on a sample basis.

Questions H20a through H20d asked for the yearly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, water) and other fuels (oil, coal, wood, kerosene, etc.). For the tabulations, these yearly amounts are divided by 12 to derive the average monthly cost and are then included in the computation of "Gross Rent," "Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989," "Selected Monthly Owner Costs," and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

Costs are recorded if paid by or billed to occupants, a welfare agency, relatives, or friends. Costs that are paid by landlords, included in the rent payment, or included in condominium or cooperative fees are excluded.

Limitation of the Data—Research has shown that respondents tended to overstate their expenses for electricity and gas when compared to utility company records. There is some evidence that this overstatement is reduced when yearly costs are asked rather than monthly costs. Caution should be exercised in using these data for direct analysis because costs are not reported for certain kinds of units

such as renter-occupied units with all utilities included in the rent and owner-occupied condominium units with utilities included in the condominium fee.

Comparability—The data on utility costs have been collected since 1980 for owner-occupied housing units, and since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

#### **VACANCY STATUS**

The data on vacancy status were obtained from questionnaire item C1, which was completed by census enumerators. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

For Rent—These are vacant units offered "for rent," and vacant units offered either "for rent" or "for sale."

For Sale Only—These are vacant units being offered "for sale only," including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "for sale only."

Rented or Sold, Not Occupied—If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as "rented or sold, not occupied."

For Seasonal, Recreational, or Occasional Use—These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons or for weekend or other occasional use throughout the year.

Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included here.

For Migrant Workers—These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

Other Vacant—If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "other vacant." For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

Homeowner Vacancy Rate—This is the percentage relationship between the number of vacant units for sale and the total homeowner inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and the number of vacant units that are for sale only.

Rental Vacancy Rate—This is the percentage relationship of the number of vacant units for rent to the total rental inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent.

Comparability—Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. For 1990, the category, "seasonal/recreational/occasional use" combined vacant units classified in 1980 as "seasonal or migratory" and "held for occasional use." Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. In 1990, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

#### VALUE

The data on value (also referred to as "price asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H6, which was asked at housing units that were owned, being bought, or vacant for sale at the time of enumeration. Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. If the house or mobile home was owned or being bought, but the land on which it sits was not, the respondent was asked to estimate the combined value of the house or mobile home and the land. For vacant units, value was the price asked for the property.

Value was tabulated separately for all owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale housing units, owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale mobile homes or trailers, and specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units. Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units include only one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for "specified units" exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings.

Median and Quartile Value—The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the value distribution into four equal parts. These measures are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Value—To calculate aggregate value, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$10,000" is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category "\$500,000 or more"

is \$600,000. Mean value is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Comparability—In 1980, value was asked only at owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres with no business or medical office on the property and at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale condominium housing units. Mobile homes were excluded. Value data were presented for specified owner-occupied housing units, specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units, and owner-occupied condominium housing units.

In 1990, the question was asked at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale-only housing units with no exclusions. Data presented for specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units will include one-family condominium houses but not condominiums in multi-unit structures since condominium units are now identified only in long-form questionnaires.

For 1990, quartiles have been added because the range of values and rents in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large value and rent differences among various geographic areas.

#### **VEHICLES AVAILABLE**

The data on vehicles available were obtained from questionnaire item H13, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data show the number of households with a specified number of passenger cars, vans, and pickup or panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less kept at home and available for the use of household members. Vehicles rented or leased for one month or more, company vehicles, and police and government vehicles are included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled or immobile vehicles are excluded. Vehicles kept at home but used only for business purposes also are excluded.

**Vehicles Per Household—**This is computed by dividing aggregate vehicles available by the number of occupied housing units.

Limitation of the Data—The 1980 census evaluations showed that the number of automobiles was slightly over-reported; the number of vans and trucks slightly underreported. The statistics do not measure the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

Comparability—Data on automobiles available were collected from 1960 to 1980. In 1980, a separate question also was asked on the number of trucks and vans. The data on automobiles and trucks and vans were presented

separately and also as a combined vehicles available tabulation. The 1990 data are comparable to the 1980 vehicles available tabulations.

#### YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT

The data on year householder moved into unit were obtained from questionnaire item H8, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data refer to the year of the latest move by the householder. If a householder moved back into a housing unit he or she previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another within the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year that the householder moved in is not necessarily the same year other members of the household moved, although in the great majority of cases an entire household moves at the same time.

Comparability—In 1960 and 1970, this question was asked of every person and included in population reports. This item in housing tabulations refers to the year the householder moved in. In 1980 and 1990, the question was asked only of the householder.

#### YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT

The data on year structure built were obtained from questionnaire item H17, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Data on year structure built refer to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For housing units under construction that met the housing unit definition—that is, all exterior windows, doors, and final usable floors were in place—the category "1989 or March 1990" was used. For a house-boat or a mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year was assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in census data products relate to the number of units built during the specified periods that were still in existence at the time of enumeration.

Median Year Structure Built—The median divides the distribution into two equal parts. The median is rounded to the nearest calendar year. Median age of housing can be obtained by subtracting median year structure built from 1990. For example, if the median year structure built is 1957, the median age of housing in that area is 33 years (1990 minus 1957).

**Limitation of the Data**—Data on year structure built are more susceptible to errors of response and nonreporting than data on many other items because respondents must rely on their memory or on estimates by persons who have

lived in the neighborhood a long time. Available evidence indicates there is underreporting in the older-year-structure-built categories, especially "Built in 1939 or earlier." The introduction of the "Don't know" category (see the discussion on "Comparability") may have resulted in relatively higher allocation rates. Data users should refer to the discussion in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data, and to the allocation tables.

Comparability—Data on year structure built were collected for the first time in the 1940 census. Since then, the response categories have been modified to accommodate the 10-year period between each census. In 1990, the category, "Don't Know," was added in an effort to minimize the response error mentioned in the paragraph above on limitation of the data.

#### **DERIVED MEASURES**

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by a dash (-).

#### Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. "Pareto interpolation" is an alternative to linear interpolation. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category.

#### Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum of a group of numerical items (or aggregate) by the total number of items. Aggregates are used in computing mean values. For example, mean family income is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all income reported by persons in families by the total number of families. (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

#### Median

This measure represents the middle value in a distribution. The median divides the total frequency into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in specific census publications and other data products.

In reports, if the median falls within the upper interval of the tabulation distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+); if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-). For summary tape files, if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value. (Additional information on medians is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

#### Percentages, Rates, and Ratios

These measures are frequently presented in census products to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1)

subtraction, which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items, and (2) the quotient of two numbers, which provides a relative measure of difference.

#### Quartile

This measure divides a distribution into four equal parts. The first quartile (or lower quartile) is the value that defines the upper limit of the lowest one-quarter of the cases. The second quartile is the median. The third quartile (or upper quartile) defines the lower limit of the upper one-quarter of the cases in the distribution. The difference between the upper and lower quartiles is called the interquartile range. This interquartile range is less affected by wide variations than is the mean. Quartiles are presented for certain financial characteristics such as housing value and rent.

# APPENDIX C. Accuracy of the Data

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#### INTRODUCTION

The data contained in this data product are based on the 1990 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. Estimates derived from a sample are expected to be different from the 100-percent figures because they are subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Sampling error in data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. Nonsampling error affects both sample and 100-percent data, and is introduced as a result of errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. Provided below is a detailed discussion of both types of errors and a description of the estimation procedures.

#### SAMPLE DESIGN

Every person and housing unit in the United States was asked certain basic demographic and housing questions (for example, race, age, marital status, housing value, or rent). A sample of these persons and housing units was asked more detailed questions about such items as income, occupation, and housing costs in addition to the basic demographic and housing information. The primary sampling unit for the 1990 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Persons in group quarters were sampled at a 1-in-6 rate.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. Approximately 95 percent of the population was enumerated by the mailback procedure. In these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list, which was updated by the United States Postal Service and Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized and the appropriate units were electronically designated as sample units. The questionnaires were either mailed or hand-delivered to the addresses with instructions to complete and mail back the form.

Housing units in governmental units with a precensus (1988) estimated population of fewer than 2,500 persons were sampled at 1-in-2. Governmental units were defined for sampling purposes as all incorporated places, all counties, all county equivalents such as parishes in Louisiana, and all minor civil divisions in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. Housing units in census tracts and block numbering areas (BNA's) with a precensus housing unit count below 2,000 housing units were sampled at 1-in-6 for those portions not in small governmental units (governmental units with a population less than 2,500). Housing units within census tracts and BNA's with 2,000 or more housing units were sampled at 1-in-8 for those portions not in small governmental units.

In list/enumerate areas (about 5 percent of the population), each enumerator was given a blank address register with designated sample lines. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed an assigned area and listed all housing units in the address register in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit listed on a designated sample line, were collected. For all governmental units with fewer than 2,500 persons in list/enumerate areas, a 1-in-2 sampling rate was used. All other list/enumerate areas were sampled at 1-in-6.

Housing units in American Indian reservations, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas, and Alaska Native villages were sampled according to the same criteria as other governmental units, except the sampling rates were based on the size of the American Indian and Alaska Native population in those areas as measured in the 1980 census. Trust lands were sampled at the same rate as their associated American Indian reservations. Census designated places in Hawaii were sampled at the same rate as governmental units because the Census Bureau does not recognize incorporated places in Hawaii.

The purpose of using variable sampling rates was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas and decrease respondent burden in more densely populated areas while maintaining data reliability. When all sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately one out of every six housing units in the Nation was included in the 1990 census sample.

#### CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

To maintain the confidentiality required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to the 1990 census data to assure that

published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, or housing units. As a result, a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into the estimates of census characteristics. The sample itself provides adequate protection for most areas for which sample data are published since the resulting data are estimates of the actual counts; however, small areas require more protection. The edit is controlled so that the basic structure of the data is preserved.

The confidentiality edit is implemented by selecting a small subset of individual households from the internal sample data files and blanking a subset of the data items on these household records. Responses to those data items were then imputed using the same imputation procedures that were used for nonresponse. A larger subset of households is selected for the confidentiality edit for small areas to provide greater protection for these areas. The editing process is implemented in such a way that the quality and usefulness of the data were preserved.

#### **ERRORS IN THE DATA**

Since statistics in this data product are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from 100-percent figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The sample estimate also would differ from other samples of housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a sample estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. Described below is the method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this product.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during any of the various complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one

direction will make both sample and 100-percent data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to under-report their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will tend to be understated for the higher income categories and overstated for the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

#### Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through C in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this data product. To calculate the standard error, it is necessary to know the basic standard error for the characteristic (given in table A or B) that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, households, or housing units) and estimation technique; the design factor for the particular characteristic estimated (given in table C); and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in the sample. For machinereadable products, the percent-in-sample is included in a data matrix on the file for each tabulation area. In printed reports, the percent-in-sample is provided in data tables at the end of the statistical tables that compose the report. The design factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1990 census. Tape purchasers will receive table C, the table of design factors, as a supplement to the technical documentation. Table C is included in this appendix for printed reports.

The steps given below should be used to calculate the standard error of an estimate of a total or a percentage contained in this product. A percentage is defined here as a ratio of a numerator to a denominator where the numerator is a subset of the denominator. For example, the proportion of Black teachers is the ratio of Black teachers to all teachers.

- 1. Obtain the standard error from table A or B (or use the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- 2. Find the geographic area to which the estimate applies in the appropriate percent-in-sample table or appropriate matrix, and obtain the person or housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for this area. Use the person "percent-in-sample" figure for person and family characteristics. Use the housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for housing unit characteristics.
- Use table C to obtain the design factor for the characteristic (for example, employment status, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percentin-sample with which you are working. Multiply the basic standard error by this factor.

The unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages will approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. Nevertheless, these estimated totals and percentages still are subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate. For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the basic standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use a basic standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in the section entitled "Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors."

Sums and Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to sums of and differences between two sample estimates. To estimate the standard error of a sum or difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- For the sum of or difference between a sample estimate and a 100-percent value, use the standard error of the sample estimate. The complete count value is not subject to sampling error.
- For the sum of or difference between two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors:

$$SE_{\hat{X}}^{\hat{}}$$
 and  $SE_{\hat{Y}}^{\hat{}}$  of estimates  $\hat{X}$  and  $\hat{Y}$ :
$$SE_{(\hat{X}+\hat{Y})} = SE_{(\hat{X}-\hat{Y})} = \sqrt{(SE_{\hat{X}}^{\hat{}})^2 + (SE_{\hat{Y}}^{\hat{}})^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or from a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1990 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this appendix.

3. For the differences between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest. For example, to determine the estimate of non-Black teachers, one may subtract the estimate of Black teachers from the estimate of total teachers. To determine the standard error of the estimate of non-Black teachers apply the above formula directly.

Ratios—Frequently, the statistic of interest is the ratio of two variables, where the numerator is not a subset of the

denominator. For example, the ratio of teachers to students in public elementary schools. The standard error of the ratio between two sample estimates is estimated as follows:

- 1. If the ratio is a proportion, then follow the procedure outlined for "Totals and Percentages."
- If the ratio is not a proportion, then approximate the standard error using the formula below.

$$SE_{(\hat{X}/\hat{Y})} = \frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}} \sqrt{\frac{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2}{\hat{X}^2} + \frac{(SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}{\hat{Y}^2}}$$

Medians-For the standard error of the median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above. Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, continue cumulating frequencies until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

When interpolation is required in the upper open-ended interval of a distribution to obtain a confidence bound, use 1.5 times the lower limit of the open-ended confidence interval as the upper limit of the open-ended interval.

#### Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1990 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

 Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples;

- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 times the estimated standard error below the estimate to 1.645 times the estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.
- Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent, 90 percent, and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability of confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the 100-percent value).

Confidence intervals also may be constructed for the ratio, sum of, or difference between two sample figures. This is done by first computing the ratio, sum, or difference, then obtaining the standard error of the ratio, sum, or difference (using the formulas given earlier), and finally forming a confidence interval for this estimated ratio, sum, or difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the ratio, sum, or difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this appendix do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68, 90, or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this data product based on the estimated standard errors.

A standard sampling theory text should be helpful if the user needs more information about confidence intervals and nonsampling errors.

#### **Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors**

The following is a hypothetical example of how to compute a standard error of a total and a percentage. Suppose a particular data table shows that for City A 9,948 persons out of all 15,888 persons age 16 years and over were in the civilian labor force. The percent-in-sample

table lists City A with a percent-in-sample of 16.0 percent (Persons column). The column in table C which includes 16.0 percent-in-sample shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment status."

The basic standard error for the estimated total 9,948 may be obtained from table A or from the formula given below table A. In order to avoid interpolation, the use of the formula will be demonstrated here. Suppose that the total population of City A was 21,220. The formula for the basic standard error, SE, is

SE(9,948) = 
$$\sqrt{5(9,948)(1-9,948/21,220)}$$
  
= 163 persons.

The standard error of the estimated 9,948 persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is found by multiplying the basic standard error 163 by the design factor, 1.1 from table C. This yields an estimated standard error of 179 for the total number of persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force.

The estimated percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force in City A is 62.6. From table B, the unadjusted standard error is found to be approximately 0.85 percentage points. The standard error for the estimated 62.6 percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is  $0.85 \times 1.1 = 0.94$  percentage points.

A note of caution concerning numerical values is necessary. Standard errors of percentages derived in this manner are approximate. Calculations can be expressed to several decimal places, but to do so would indicate more precision in the data than is justifiable. Final results should contain no more than two decimal places when the estimated standard error is one percentage point (i.e., 1.00) or more.

In the previous example, the standard error of the 9,948 persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force was found to be 179. Thus, a 90 percent confidence interval for this estimated total is found to be:

One can say, with about 90 percent confidence, that this interval includes the value that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The following is an illustration of the calculation of standard errors and confidence intervals when a difference between two sample estimates is obtained. For example, suppose the number of persons in City B age 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force was 9,314 and the total number of persons 16 years and over was 16,666. Further suppose the population of City B was 25,225. Thus, the estimated percentage of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is 55.9 percent. The unadjusted standard error determined using the formula provided at the bottom of table B is 0.86

percentage points. We find that City B had a percent-insample of 15.7. The range which includes 15.7 percent-insample in table C shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment Status." Thus, the approximate standard error of the percentage (55.9 percent) is  $0.86 \times 1.1 = 0.95$  percentage points.

Now suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the difference between City A and City B of the percentages of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force. The difference in the percentages of interest for the two cities is:

$$62.6 - 55.9 = 6.7$$
 percent.

Using the results of the previous example:

$$SE(6.7) = \sqrt{(SE(62.6))^2 + (SE(55.9))^2} = \sqrt{(0.94)^2 + (0.95)^2}$$

= 1.34 percentage points

The 90 percent confidence interval for the difference is formed as before:

$$[6.70 - 1.645(1.34)]$$
 to  $[6.70 + 1.645(1.34)]$  or  $4.50$  to  $8.90$ 

One can say with 90 percent confidence that the interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

For reasonably large samples, ratio estimates are normally distributed, particularly for the census population. Therefore, if we can calculate the standard error of a ratio estimate then we can form a confidence interval around the ratio. Suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the ratio of the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City A to the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City B. The ratio of the two estimates of interest is:

$$9948/9314 = 1.07$$

$$SE (1.07) = \left(\frac{9948}{9314}\right)\sqrt{\frac{179^2}{(9948)^2} + \frac{188^2}{(9314)^2}}$$

Using the results above, the 90 percent confidence interval for this ratio would be:

#### **ESTIMATION PROCEDURE**

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure (iterative proportional fitting) resulting in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For

any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units possessing the characteristic in the tabulation area. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weight assigned to the family member designated as householder. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value 6, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with the weight of 6. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights varying from person to person or housing unit to housing unit. The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas generally were formed of contiguous geographic units which agreed closely with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas never crossed State or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count below 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in four stages. For persons, the first stage applied 17 household-type groups. The second stage used two groups: sampling rate of 1-in-2; sampling rate less than 1-in-2. The third stage used the dichotomy householders/nonhouseholders. The fourth stage applied 180 aggregate age-sex-race-Hispanic origin categories. The stages were as follows:

#### **PERSONS**

#### STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

OTAGE I. THE	OI TIOOOLIIOLD
Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in
	housing unit
	Persons in Group Quarters
17	Persons in Group Quarters
STAGE II: SAME	PLING RATES

Sampling rate of 1-in-2

Sampling rate less than 1-in-2

#### STAGE III: HOUSEHOLDER/NONHOUSEHOLDER

1	Householder
2	Nonhouseholder

#### STAGE IV: AGE/SEX/RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN

Group	White
	Persons of Hispanic Origin
1	Male
2	0 to 4 years 5 to 14 years
3	15 to 19 years
4	20 to 24 years
5	25 to 34 years
6	35 to 54 years
7	55 to 64 years
8	65 to 74 years
9	75 years and over
10-18	Female
10-10	Same age categories as groups 1 through 9.
	· ·
40.00	Persons Not of Hispanic Origin
19-36	Same sex and age categories
	as groups 1 through 18.
	Black
37-72	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin cate-
	gories as groups 1 through 36.
	Asian or Pacific Islander
73-108	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin cate-
	gories as groups 1 through 36.
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut
109-144	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin cate-
	gories as groups 1 through 36.
	Other Race (includes those races not
	listed above)
145-180	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin cate-
	gories as groups 1 through 36.

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign an initial weight to each sample person record. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure, prior to iterative proportional fitting, was to combine categories in each of the four estimation stages, when needed to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For each stage, any group that did not meet certain criteria for the unweighted sample count or for the ratio of the 100-percent to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the fourth stage, an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each race/Hispanic origin category was applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent four stages of ratio adjustment applying the grouping procedures described above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight.

In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Next, at stage III, the stage II weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. Finally, at stage IV, the stage III weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage III weights for sample persons in each stage IV group. The four stages of ratio adjustment were performed two times (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage IV were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight of the persons in a particular group was 7.25 then 1/4 of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8, while the remaining 3/4 received a weight of 7.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons, except that vacant units were treated differently. The occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in four stages, and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in a single stage. The first stage for occupied housing units applied 16 household type categories, while the second stage used the two sampling categories described above for persons. The third stage applied three units-instructure categories; i.e. single units, multi-unit less than 10 and multi-unit 10 or more. The fourth stage could potentially use 200 tenure-race-Hispanic origin-value/rent groups. The stages for ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

#### OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

#### STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

STAGE I: TY	PE OF HOUSEHOLD—Con.		Renter
11 12-16	All Other Housing Units 1 person in housing unit 2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit	101	White Householder Householder of Hispanic origin Rent Less than \$100
STAGE II: SA	AMPLING RATE CATEGORY  Sampling rate of 1-in-2	102 103 104	\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399
2 STAGE III: U	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2 NITS IN STRUCTURE	105 106 107	\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749
1 2	Single unit structure  Multi-unit structure consisting of fewer than 10 individual units	108 109 110	\$750 to \$999 \$1,000 or more No cash rent
3	Multi-unit structure consisting of 10 or more individual units	111-120	Householder Not of Hispanic Origin Same rent categories as groups 101 through 110
	ENURE/RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER/VALUE OR RENT  Owner  White Householder  Householder of Hispanic Origin	121-140	Black Householder Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
1 2 3	Value Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999	141-160	Asian or Pacific Islander House- holder Same Hispanic origin/rent cate- gories as groups 101 through
4 5 6 7	\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$249,999	161-180	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder
8 9 10	\$250,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999 \$300,000 or more Other <sup>1</sup>	101-100	Same Hispanic origin/rent cate- gories as groups 101 through 120  Householder of Other Race
11-20	Householder Not of Hispanic Origin Same value categories as groups 1 through 10	181-200	Same Hispanic origin/rent cate- gories as groups 101 through 120
21-40	Black Householder Same Hispanic origin/value cate- gories as groups 1 through 20	1	Vacant Housing Units  Vacant for rent
41-60	Asian or Pacific Islander Householder Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20	2 3	Vacant for sale Other vacant
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		tes produced by this procedure realize some sampling efficiency that would have resulted

of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and if the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial, unadjusted weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

Householder

Same Hispanic origin/value cate-

Same Hispanic origin/value cate-

gories as groups 1 through 20

gories as groups 1 through 20

Householder of Other Race

61-80

81-100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Value of units in this category results from other factors besides housing value alone, for example, inclusion of more than 10 acres of land, or presence of a business establishment on the premises.

#### **Control of Nonsampling Error**

As mentioned earlier, both sample and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. This component of error could introduce serious bias into the data, and the total error could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. Described below are the primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions actually were carried out during the census. As part of the 1990 census evaluation program, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

**Undercoverage**—It is possible for some households or persons to be missed entirely by the census. The undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 census and results from the 1990 census testing cycle. In developing and updating the census address list, the Census Bureau used a variety of specialized procedures in different parts of the country.

- In the large urban areas, the Census Bureau purchased and geocoded address lists. Concurrent with geocoding, the United States Postal Service (USPS) reviewed and updated this list. After the postal check, census enumerators conducted a dependent canvass and update operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials were given the opportunity to examine block counts of address listings (local review) and identify possible errors. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- In small cities, suburban areas, and selected rural parts
  of the country, the Census Bureau created the address
  list through a listing operation. The USPS reviewed and
  updated this list, and the Census Bureau reconciled
  USPS corrections and updated through a field operation.
  In the fall of 1989, local officials participated in reviewing
  block counts of address listings. Prior to mailout, the
  USPS conducted a final review.
- The Census Bureau (rather than the USPS) conducted a listing operation in the fall of 1989 and delivered census questionnaires in selected rural and seasonal housing areas in March of 1990. In some inner-city public housing developments, whose addresses had been obtained via the purchased address list noted above, census questionnaires were also delivered by Census Bureau enumerators.

Coverage improvement programs continued during and after mailout. A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent improved further the coverage of persons and housing units. All local officials were given the opportunity to participate in a post-census local review, and census enumerators conducted an additional recanvass. In addition, efforts were made to improve the coverage of unique population groups, such as the homeless and parolees/probationers. Computer and clerical edits and telephone and personal visit followup also contributed to improved coverage.

More extensive discussion of the programs implemented to improve coverage will be published by the Census Bureau when the evaluation of the coverage improvement program is completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error, although the questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency, and problems were followed up as necessary.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was monitored carefully. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse were reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely

reflect this difference either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was reduced substantially during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were imputed by the computer by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

#### **EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA**

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were edited during field data collection operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires also were reviewed by census clerks for omissions, certain specific inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable. For some district offices, the initial edit was automated; however, for the majority of the district offices, it was performed by clerks. As a result of this operation, a telephone or personal visit followup was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as a sample of questionnaires with omissions and/or inconsistencies.

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned

using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Imputations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when there was no housing information available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.

#### Table A. Unadjusted Standard Error for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Total <sup>1</sup>		Size of publication area <sup>2</sup>												
LStilliated Total	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1,000		-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2,500		-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5,000		-	- (	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10,000		-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15,000		-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25,000		-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75,000		-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100,000		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500,000	-	-	-	-	- [	-	-	-	-	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		5 480

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For estimated totals larger than 10,000,000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N})}$$

N = Size of area

 $\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentage

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage		Base of percentage <sup>1</sup>											
Listinated Percentage	500	750	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error. This table should only be used for proportions, that is, where the numerator is a subset of the denominator.

SE(
$$\hat{p}$$
) =  $\sqrt{\frac{5}{B}\hat{p}(100-\hat{p})}$ 

B = Base of estimated percentage

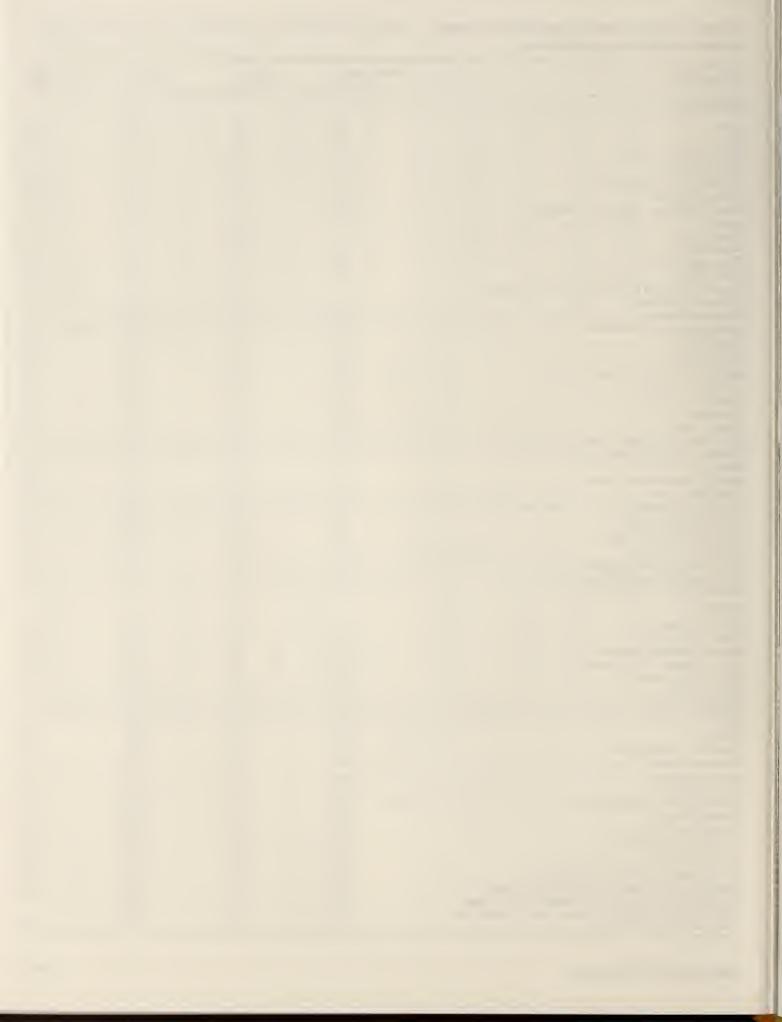
p = Estimated percentage

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

#### Table C. Standard Error Design Factors—Illinois

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 15 percent	15 to 30 percent	30 to 45 percent	45 percen or more
POPULATION				
Age	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Sex	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.8
Race	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin (of any race)	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Marital status	1.2	0.9	0.5	0.4
Household type and relationship	1.4	1.0	0.6	0.9
Children ever born	2.7	2.2	1.2	1.9
Nork disability and mobility limitation status	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.
	2.1	1.7	0.9	0.
Ancestry		2.0	1.1	1.
Place of birth	2.3			0.
Citizenship	1.8	1.5	0.8	
Residence in 1985	2.2	1.9	1.0	0.
ear of entry	1.5	1.2	0.6	0.
anguage spoken at home and ability to speak English	1.7	1.4	0.7	0.
ducational attainment.	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.
School enrollment	1.8	1.4	0.7	0.
Type of regidence (when / well)		1	1.4	1.
ype of residence (urban/rural)	2.3	2.1		
lousehold type	1.4	1.0	0.6	0.
amily type	1.2	1.1	0.5	0
roup quarters	1.1	0.8	0.7	0
Subfamily type and presence of children	1.3	1.0	0.5	0
imployment status	1.3	1.0	0.5	0
ndustry	1.3	1,1	0.6	0
Occupation	1.3	1.1	0.6	0
class of worker	1.5	1.3	0.7	Ō
Outs not wook and wooks worked in 1000			0.5	ő
ours per week and weeks worked in 1989	1.2	1.0	0.5	
lumber of workers in family	1.4	1.1	0.6	0.
lace of work	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.
Means of transportation to work	1.5	1.2	0.7	0.
ravel time to work	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.
Private vehicle occupancy	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.
ime leaving home to go to work	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.
ype of income in 1989	1.5	1.2	0.6	Ö
ype of income in 1969			0.5	ő
ousehold income in 1989	1.2	1.0		0
amily income in 1989	1.2	1.0	0.5	0
overty status in 1989 (persons)	1.7	1.4	0.7	
overty_status in 1989 (families)	1.2	1.0	0.5	0
rmed Forces and veteran status	1.6	1.2	0.6	0
OUSING				
age of householder	1.2	1.0	0.6	0
lace of householder	1.2	1.0	0.6	0
lispanic origin of householder	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.
ype of residence (urban/rural)	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.
andominium etatus	1.2		0.5	- 0
Condominium status		1.1		0
nits in structure	1.2	1.0	0.5	
enure	1.2	1.0	0.6	0
ccupancy status	1.2	1.0	0.6	0
alue	1.2	1.0	0.5	0
iross rent	1.3	1.1	0.6	0
lousehold income in 1989	1.2	1.0	0.5	0
ear structure built	1.2	1.0	0.5	0
				0
ooms, bedrooms	1.3	1.1	0.6	0
itchen facilities	1.3	1.0	0.5	0
ource of water, plumbing facilities	1.3	1.1	0.6	0
ewage disposal	1.2	1.0	0.5	0
louse heating fuel	1.5	1.2	0.6	0
elephone in housing unit	1.3	1.1	0.6	0
ehicles available	1.3	1.1	0.6	0
ear householder moved into structure	1.2	1.1	0.5	0
fortgage status and monthly mortgage costs	1.2	1.0	0.5	ő
Nortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.
			0.6	0.
Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.
lousehold income in 1989 by selected monthly owner costs				
as a percentage of income	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.



# APPENDIX D. Collection and Processing Procedures

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#### **ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES**

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first United States census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

#### **Enumeration Rules**

Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. In a departure from earlier censuses, foreign diplomatic personnel participated voluntarily in the census, regardless of their residence on or off the premises of an embassy. As in previous censuses, persons in the United States specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in the 1990 census. United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents overseas, are included in the population counts for States for purposes of Congressional apportionment, but are excluded from all other tabulations for States and their subdivisions. The counts of United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents, were obtained from administrative records maintained by Federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas, such as employees of international agencies

and private businesses and students, were not enumerated, nor were their counts obtained from administrative sources. On the other hand, Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States.

#### **Residence Rules**

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the United States or overseas, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

Persons in the Armed Forces—Members of the Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one municipality, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the municipality named on the Department of the Navy's homeport list. These rules also apply to Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship. Personnel on Navy ships deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day were considered to be part of the overseas population.

Persons on Maritime Ships—Persons aboard maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

- 1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the United States or its territories.
- 2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the United States or its territories.
- 3. The port of destination in the United States or its territories, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
- 4. The overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports. (These persons were not included in the overseas population for apportionment purposes.)

Persons Away at School—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in Federal or State prisons; local jails; Federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day—Migrant agricultural workers who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day. Persons in worker camps who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the camp where they were on Census Day.

In some parts of the country, natural disasters displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

#### DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1990 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The questionnaire packet included general information about the 1990 census and an instruction guide explaining how to complete the questionnaire. Spanishlanguage questionnaires and instruction guides were available on request. Instruction guides also were available in 32 other languages.

#### **Enumeration of Housing Units**

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire:

- A short-form questionnaire that contained a limited number of basic population and housing questions; these questions were asked of all persons and housing units and are often referred to as 100-percent questions.
- A long-form questionnaire that contained the 100percent items and a number of additional questions; a sampling procedure was used to determine those housing units that were to receive the long-form questionnaire.

Three sampling rates were employed. For slightly more than one-half of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long-form or sample questionnaire. In functioning local governmental units (counties and incorporated places, and in some parts of the country, towns and townships) estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire in order to enhance the reliability of the sample data for these small areas. For census tracts and block numbering areas having more than 2,000 housing units in the Census Bureau's address files, one in every eight housing units (about 13 percent) received a sample questionnaire, providing reliable statistics for these areas while permitting the Census Bureau to stay within a limit of 17.7 million sample questionnaires, or a one-in-six sample, nationwide.

The mail-out/mail-back procedure was used mainly in cities, suburban areas, towns, and rural areas where mailing addresses consisted of a house number and street name. In these areas, the Census Bureau developed mailing lists that included about 88.4 million addresses. The questionnaires were delivered through the mail and respondents were to return them by mail. Census questionnaires were delivered 1 week before Census Day (April 1, 1990)

The update/leave/mail-back method was used mainly in densely populated rural areas where it was difficult to develop mailing lists because mailing addresses did *not* use house number and street name. The Census Bureau compiled lists of housing units in advance of the census. Enumerators delivered the questionnaires, asked respondents to return them by mail, and added housing units not on the mailing lists. This method was used mainly in the South and Midwest, and also included some high-rise, low-income urban areas. A variation of this method was used in urban areas having large numbers of boarded-up buildings. About 11 million housing units were enumerated using this method.

The list/enumerate method (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration) was used mainly in very remote and sparsely-settled areas. The United States

Postal Service delivered unaddressed short-form questionnaires before Census Day. Starting a week before Census Day, enumerators canvassed these areas, checked that all housing units received a questionnaire, created a list of all housing units, completed long-form questionnaires, and picked up the completed short-form questionnaires. This method was used mainly in the West and Northeast to enumerate an estimated 6.5 million housing units.

#### Followup

**Nonresponse Followup—**In areas where respondents were to mail back their questionnaires, an enumerator visited each address from which a questionnaire was not received.

Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup—In the mail-back areas, some households returned a questionnaire that did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information, or the respondent had indicated difficulty in deciding who was to be listed on the questionnaire. These households were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or to clarify who was to be enumerated in the household. In areas where an enumerator picked up the questionnaires, the enumerator checked the respondent-filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency.

#### **Special Enumeration Procedures**

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports, Military Census Reports, and Shipboard Census Reports) included the 100-percent population questions but did not include any housing questions. In all group quarters, all persons were asked the basic population questions; in most group quarters, additional questions were asked of a sample (one-in-six) of persons.

#### Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)

The Census Bureau collected data for various components of the homeless population at different stages in the 1990 census. "Shelter and Street Night" (S-Night) was a special census operation to count the population in four types of locations where homeless people are found. On the evening of March 20, 1990, and during the early morning hours of March 21, 1990, enumerators counted persons in pre-identified locations:

- 1. Emergency shelters for the homeless population (public and private; permanent and temporary).
- 2. Shelters with temporary lodging for runaway youths.
- 3. Shelters for abused women and their children.

4. Open locations in streets or other places not intended for habitation.

Emergency shelters include all hotels and motels costing \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night regardless of whether persons living there considered themselves to be homeless, hotels and motels (regardless of cost) used entirely to shelter homeless persons, and pre-identified rooms in hotels and motels used for homeless persons and families. Enumeration in shelters usually occurred from 6 p.m. to midnight; street enumeration, from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m.; abandoned and boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and shelters for abused women, from 6 p.m. on March 20 to noon on March 21.

Other components, which some consider as part of the homeless population, were enumerated as part of regular census operations. These include persons doubled up with other families, as well as persons with no other usual home living in transient sites, such as commercial campgrounds, maternity homes for unwed mothers, and drug/alcohol abuse detoxification centers. In institutions, such as local jails and mental hospitals, the Census Bureau does not know who has a usual home elsewhere; therefore, even though some are literally homeless, these persons cannot be identified separately as a component of the homeless population.

There is no generally agreed-upon definition of "the homeless," and there are limitations in the census count that prevent obtaining a total count of the homeless population under any definition. As such, the Census Bureau does not have a definition and will not provide a total count of "the homeless." Rather, the Census Bureau will provide counts and characteristics of persons found at the time of the census in *selected* types of living arrangements. These selected components can be used as building blocks to construct a count of homeless persons appropriate to particular purposes as long as the data limitations are taken into account.

In preparation for "Shelter-and-Street-Night" enumeration, the regional census centers (RCC's) mailed a certified letter (Form D-33 (L)) to the highest elected official of each active functioning government of the United States (more than 39,000) requesting them to identify:

- All shelters with sleeping facilities (permanent and temporary, such as church basements, armories, public buildings, and so forth, that could be open on March 20).
- 2. Hotels and motels used to house homeless persons and families.
- 3. A list of outdoor locations where homeless persons tend to be at night.
- 4. Places such as bus or train stations, subway stations, airports, hospital emergency rooms, and so forth, where homeless persons seek shelter at night.

5. The specific addresses of abandoned or boarded-up buildings where homeless persons were thought to stay at night.

The letter from the RCC's to the governmental units emphasized the importance of listing night-time congregating sites. The list of shelters was expanded using information from administrative records and informed local sources. The street sites were limited to the list provided by the jurisdictions. All governmental units were eligible for "Shelter and Street Night." For cities with 50,000 or more persons, the Census Bureau took additional steps to update the list of shelter and street locations if the local jurisdiction did not respond to the certified letter. Smaller cities and rural areas participated if the local jurisdiction provided the Census Bureau a list of shelters or open public places to visit or if shelters were identified through our inventory development, local knowledge update, or during the Special Place Prelist operation.

The Census Bureau encouraged persons familiar with homeless persons and the homeless themselves to apply as enumerators. This recruiting effort was particularly successful in larger cities.

For shelters, both long- and short-form Individual Census Reports (ICR's) were distributed. For street enumeration, only short-form ICR's were used. Persons in shelters and at street locations were asked the basic population questions. Additional questions about social and economic characteristics were asked of a sample of persons in shelters only.

Enumerators were instructed *not* to ask who was homeless; rather, they were told to count all persons (including children) staying overnight at the shelters, and everyone they saw on the street except the police, other persons in uniform, and persons engaged in employment or obvious money-making activities other than begging and panhandling.

At both shelter and street sites, persons found sleeping were not awakened to answer questions. Rather, the enumerator answered the sex and race questions by observation and estimated the person's age to the best of his or her ability. In shelters, administrative records and information from the shelter operator were used, when available, for persons who were already asleep.

Less than 1 percent of shelters refused to participate in the census count at first. By the end of the census period, most of those eventually cooperated and the number of refusals had been reduced to a few. For the final refusals, head counts and population characteristics were obtained by enumerators standing outside such shelters and counting people as they left in the morning.

The "street" count was restricted to persons who were visible when the enumerator came to the open, public locations that had been identified by local jurisdictions. Homeless persons who were well hidden, moving about, or in locations other than those identified by the local governments were likely missed. The number missed will never be known and there is no basis to make an estimate

of the number missed from census data. The count of persons in open, public places was affected by many factors, including the extra efforts made to encourage people to go to shelters for "Shelter and Street Night," the weather (which was unusually cold in many parts of the country), the presence of the media, and distrust of the census. Expectations of the number of homeless persons on the street cannot be based on the number seen during the day because the night-time situation is normally very different as more homeless persons are in shelters or very well hidden.

For both "Shelter-and-Street-Night" locations, the Census Bureau assumed that the usual home of those enumerated was in the block where they were found (shelter or street).

The "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation replaced and expanded the 1980 Mission Night (M-Night) and Casual Count operations. These two operations were aimed at counting the population who reported having no usual residence. M-Night was conducted a week after Census Day, in April 1980. Enumerators visited hotels, motels, and similar places costing \$4 or less each night; missions, flophouses, local jails and similar places at which the average length of stay was 30 days or less; and nonshelter locations, such as bus depots, train stations, and all night movie theaters. Questions were asked of everyone, regardless of age. Enumerators conducted M-Night up to midnight on April 8, 1980, and returned the next morning to collect any forms completed after midnight.

The Casual Count operation was conducted in May 1980 at additional nonshelter locations, such as street corners, pool halls, welfare and employment offices. This operation lasted for approximately 2 weeks. Casual Count was conducted during the day only in selected large central cities. Only persons who appeared to be at least 15 years of age were asked if they had been previously enumerated. Casual Count was actually a coverage-improvement operation. It was not specifically an operation to count homeless persons living in the streets. Persons were excluded if they said they had a usual home outside the city because it was not cost effective to check through individual questionnaires in another city to try to find the person.

#### PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Respondents returned many census questionnaires by mail to 1 of over 344 census district offices or to one of six processing offices. In these offices, the questionnaires were "checked in" and edited for completeness and consistency of the responses. After this initial processing had been performed, all questionnaires were sent to the processing offices.

In the processing offices, the household questionnaires were microfilmed and processed by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computers (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied

by the respondent was indicated by filling circles in predesignated positions. FOSDIC electronically "read" these filled circles from the microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred the information to computer tape. The computer tape did not include individual names, addresses, or handwritten responses.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred to computer disk. Selected written entries in the race question on both the short and long forms were keyed from the microfilm and coded using the data base developed from the 1980 census and subsequent content and operational tests. Keying of other written entries on the long forms occurred in the seven processing offices.

The information (for example, income dollar amounts or homeowner shelter costs) on these keyed files was merged with the FOSDIC data or processed further through one of three automated coding programs. The codes for industry, occupation, place-of-birth, migration, place-of-work, ancestry, language, relationship, race, and Hispanic origin were merged with the FOSDIC data for editing, weighting, and tabulating operations at Census Bureau headquarters. All responses to the questions on Individual Census Reports (ICR's), Military Census Reports (MCR's), and Shipboard Census Reports (SCR's) were keyed, not processed by microfilm or FOSDIC.



# APPENDIX E. Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

#### Your Guide for the

# 1990 U.S. Census Form

This guide gives helpful information on filling out your census form. If you need more help, call the local U.S. census office. The telephone number is on the cover of the questionnaire. After you have filled out your form, please return it in the envelope we have provided.

On the inside	Page
How to fill out your census form	2
Example	2
Your answers are confidential	2
Instructions for the census questions	3-11
What the census is about	12
Why the census asks certain questions	12
CENSUS '90	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

#### **How to Fill Out Your Census Form**

Please use a black lead pencil only. Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens. Most questions ask you to fill in the circle, or to print the information. See **Example** below.

Make sure you print answers for everyone in this household. If someone in the household, such as a roomer or boarder, does not want to give you all the information for the form, print at least the person's name and answer questions 2 and 3. A census taker will call to get the other information directly from the person.

There may be a question you cannot answer exactly. For example, you might not know the age of an elderly person or the price for which your house would sell. Ask someone else in your household; if no one knows, give your best estimate.

Instructions for individual questions begin on page 3 of this guide. They will help you to understand the questions and answer them correctly.

If you have a question about filling out the census form or need assistance, call the local U.S. census office. The telephone number is given on the cover of the questionnaire.

If you do not mail back your census form, a census taker will be sent out to assist you. But it saves time and your taxpayer dollars if you fill out the form yourself and mail it back.

#### Example

a. Age b. Year of	birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
4119	4 9	0191	1 9 8 1
00 00 00 1 0 80	0000	000000	1 800000
10 10 10 90	1010	101010	901010
2020	2020	2020	2020
3030	3030	3030	3030
14040 1	4 9 40	14040	4040
5050	5050	5050	5050
16060 i	6060	i6 O 6 O	i 6060
7070	7070	7070	7070
18080	8080	18080	8 • 80
9090	909●	909	9090

#### **Your Answers Are Confidential**

The law authorizing the census (Title 13, U.S. Code) also provides that your answers are confidential. No one except census workers may see your completed form and they can be fined and/or imprisoned for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years can your individual census form become available to other government agencies (whether federal, state, county, or local). Until then, no other person or business can see your individual report.

The same law that protects the confidentiality of your answers requires that you provide the information asked in this census to the best of your knowledge.

Information collected from the decennial census is used for a variety of statistical purposes. Census information is used to find out where funding is most needed for schools, health centers, highways, and other services. Census results are used by members of public and private groups--including community organizations--and by businesses and industries, as well as by agencies at all levels of government.

# Instructions for Questions 1a through 7

1a. List everyone who lives at this address in question 1a. If you are not sure if you should list a person, see the rules on page 1 of the census form. If you are still not sure, answer as best you can and fill in "Yes" for question H1a or H1b, as appropriate.

If there are more than seven people in your household, please list all the persons in question 1a, complete the form for seven people, and mail it back in the enclosed envelope. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the additional persons.

- If everyone listed in question 1a usually lives at another address(es), print the address(es) in 1b.
- 2. Fill one circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

If Other relative of the person in column 1, print the exact relationship such as son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, nephew, niece, mother-in-law, father-in-law, cousin, and so on.

If the Stepson/stepdaughter of the person in column 1 also has been legally adopted by the person in column 1, mark Stepson/stepdaughter but do not mark Natural-born or adopted son/daughter. In other words, Stepson/stepdaughter takes precedence over Adopted son/daughter.

4. Fill ONE circle for the race each person considers himself/herself to be.

If you fill the **Indian (Amer.)** circle, print the name of the tribe or tribes in which the person is enrolled. If the person is not enrolled in a tribe, print the name of the principal tribe(s).

If you fill the Other API circle [under Asian or Pacific Islander (API)], only print the name of the group to which the person belongs. For example, the Other API category includes persons who identify as Burmese, Fijian, Hmong, Indonesian, Laotian, Bangladeshi, Pakistani, Tongan, Thai, Cambodian, Sri Lankan, and so on.

If you fill the Other race circle, be sure to print the name of the race.

If the person considers himself/herself to be White, Black or Negro, Eskimo or Aleut, fill one circle only. Please do not print the race in the hoxes.

The **Black or Negro** category also includes persons who identify as African-American, Afro-American, Haitian, Jamaican, West Indian, Nigerian, and so on

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

- 5. Print age at last birthday in the space provided (print "00" for babies less than 1 year old). Fill in the matching circle below each box. Also, print year of birth in the space provided. Then fill in the matching circle below each box. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the Example on page 2 of this guide.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin if the person's origin (ancestry) is Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Argentinean, Colombian, Costa Rican, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Guaternalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Peruvian, Salvadoran, from other Spanish-speaking countries of the Caribbean or Central or South America, or from Spain.

If you fill the Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic circle, print one group. A person who is not of Spanish/Hispanic origin should answer this question by filling the No (not Spanish/Hispanic) circle. Note that the term "Mexican-Am." refers only to persons of Mexican origin or ancestry.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

# Instructions for Question H1a through H1b

- H1a. Refer to the list of persons you entered in question 1a on page 1. If you left anyone out of your list because you were not sure if the person(s) should be listed, answer question H1a as Yes. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you did not list the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1a as No.
  - b. If you included anyone on your list even though you were not sure that you should list the person(s), answer question H1b as Yes. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you listed the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1b as No.

# Instructions for Questions H2 through H7b

#### **H2.** Fill only one circle.

Count all occupied and vacant apartments in the house or building. Do not count stores or office space.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall that goes from ground to roof. An example of A one-family house attached to one or more houses is a house in a row of houses attached to one another.

A mobile home or trailer that has had one or more rooms added or built onto it should be counted as a *one-family detached house*; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

- H3. Count only whole rooms in your house, apartment, or mobile home used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, foyers, halls, half-rooms, porches, balconies, unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other unfinished space used for storage.
- H4. Housing is owned if the owner or co-owner lives in it. Mark Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan if the house, apartment, or mobile home is mortgaged or there is a contract to purchase. Mark Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage) if there is no mortgage or other debt. If the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned but the land is rented, mark this question to show the status of the house, apartment, or mobile home.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid, even if the rent is paid by persons who are not members of your household, or by a federal, state, or local government agency.

Mark Occupied without payment of cash rent if the unit is not owned or being bought by the occupants and if money rent is not paid or contracted. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. A house or apartment may be provided as part of wages or salary. Examples are: caretaker's or janitor's house or apartment; parsonages; tenant farmer or sharecropper houses for which the occupants do not pay cash rent; or military housing.

- **H5a.** Answer H5a and H5b if you live in a one-family house or a mobile home; include only land that you own or rent.
  - b. A business is easily recognized from the outside; for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H6. If this is a house, include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the land. If this is a condominium unit, estimate the value for your house or apartment including your share of the common elements. If this is a mobile home, include the value of the mobile home and the value of the land. If you rent the land, estimate the value of the rented land and add it to the value of the mobile home.
- H7a. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent for your house, apartment, or mobile home is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:	If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
By the day	30	4 times a year	3
By the week	4	2 times a year	6
Every other wee	k 2	Once a year .	

b. Answer Yes if meals are included in the monthly rent payment, or you must contract for meals or a meal plan in order to live in this building.

# Instructions for Questions H8 through H19b

- H8. The person listed in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house, apartment, or mobile home.
- H9. Include all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms in this house, apartment, or mobile home, even if they are currently being used for other purposes.
- H10. Mark Yes, have all three facilities if you have all the facilities mentioned; all facilities must be in your house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time. Mark No if any of the three facilities is not present.
- H11. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cookstove.
- **H12.** Answer **Yes** only if the telephone is located in your house, apartment, or mobile home.
- H13. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks of one-ton capacity or less that are regularly kept at home and used by household members for nonbusiness purposes. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H14. Fill the circle for the fuel used most to heat your house, apartment, or mobile home. In buildings containing more than one apartment you may obtain this information from the owner, manager, or janitor.
  Solar energy is provided by a system that collects, stores, and distributes heat from the sun. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed; for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H15. If a well provides water for five or more houses, apartments, or mobile homes, mark A public system. If a well provides water for four or fewer houses, apartments, or mobile homes, fill one of the circles for Individual well.
  Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in

**Drilled wells**, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. **Dug wells** are generally hand dug and are larger than 1½ feet wide.

- H16. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H17. Fill the circle corresponding to the period in which the original construction was completed, not the time of any later remodeling, additions, or conversions. In buildings containing more than one apartment, the owner, manager, or janitor may be of help in determining when the building was built.

If you live in a houseboat or a trailer or mobile home, fill the circle corresponding to the model year in which it was manufactured.

If you do not know the period when the building was first constructed, fill the circle for **Don't know**.

- H18. A condominium is a type of ownership in which the apartments, houses, or mobile homes in a building or development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned.

  Cooperative occupants should mark No.
- H19a. Answer H19a and H19b if you live in a one-family house or mobile home.
  - b. This property is the acreage on which the house is located; it includes adjoining land you rent for your use. Report sales made in 1989 from this property by you or previous occupants.

# Instructions for Questions H20 through H26

H20. If your house or apartment is rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H7a.

If you live in a condominium, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to your condominium fee.

If your fuel and utility costs are already included in your rent or condominium fee, fill the **Included in rent or in condominium fee** circle. Do not enter any dollar amounts.

The amounts to be reported should be the total amount for the past 12 months. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. If you have lived in this house or apartment less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own house or apartment. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket [ ] the two utilities.

- H21. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions (city or town, county, state, school district, etc.) even if they are included in your mortgage payment, not yet paid or paid by someone else, or are delinquent. Do not include taxes past due from previous years.
- **H22.** When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis. Enter the yearly amount even if no payment was made during the past 12 months
- **H23a.** The word *mortgage* is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans that are secured by real estate.
  - b. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a to change it to a monthly amount.

Include payments on first mortgages and contracts to purchase only. Payments for second or junior mortgages and home equity loans should be reported in H24h.

- **H24a.** A second or junior mortgage or home equity loan is secured by real estate.
  - b. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H7a and change it to a monthly amount. Include payments on all second or junior mortgages or home equity loans.
- **H25.** A condominium fee is normally assessed by the condominium owners' association for the purpose of improving and maintaining the common areas. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a on how to change it to a monthly amount.
- H26. Report amount even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. Include payments for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees and license fees. Do not include real estate taxes already reported in H21. The amount to be reported should be the total amount for an entire 12-month billing period even if made in two or more installments. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

#### Instructions for Question 8

8. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person was born. If the person was born in Washington, D.C., print District of Columbia. If the person was born in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas.

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the name of the foreign country or area where the person was born. Use current boundaries, not boundaries at the time of the person's birth. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland, or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies).

# Instructions for Questions 9 through 13

- 9. A person should fill the Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization circle only if he/she has completed the naturalization process and is now a United States citizen. If the person was born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas, he/she should fill the Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas circle. If the person was born outside the United States (or at sea) and has at least one American parent, he/she should fill the Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents circle.
- 10. If the person has entered the United States (that is, the 50 states and the District of Columbia) more than once, fill the circle for the latest year he/she came to stav.
- 11. Do not include enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college.

A public school is any school or college that is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government. Schools are private if supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups.

12. Mark the category for the highest grade or level of schooling the person has successfully completed or the highest degree the person received. If the person is enrolled in school, mark the category containing the highest grade completed (the grade previous to the grade in which enrolled). Schooling completed in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American school system.

Persons who completed high school by passing an equivalency test, such as the General Educational Development (GED) examination, and did not attend college, should fill the circle for high school graduate.

Do not include vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges unless they were college level associate degrees or higher.

Some examples of professional school degrees include medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology. Do not include barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade.

Do not include honorary degrees awarded by colleges and universities to individuals for their accomplishments. Include only "earned" degrees.

13. Print the ancestry group. Ancestry refers to the person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage. Ancestry also may refer to the country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

Persons who have more than one origin and cannot identify with a single ancestry group may report two ancestry groups (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific. For example, print whether West Indian, Asian Indian, or American Indian. West Indian includes persons whose ancestors came from Jamaica, Trinidad, Haiti, etc. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese; French Canadian from Canadian; and Dominican Republic from Dominica Island.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

# Instructions for Questions 14a through 19

- 14a. Mark Yes if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1985, even if he/she moved away and came back since then. Mark No if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different lot or trailer site).
  - **b**. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1985, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.

#### Part (1)

If the person lived in the United States on April 1, 1985, print the name of the State (or District of Columbia) where he or she lived. Continue with parts (2) through (4).

If the person lived in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print the name of the territory or commonwealth, such as Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas. Then go to question 15a.

If the person lived outside the United States, print the name of the foreign country or area where he or she lived. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies). Then go to question 15a.

#### Part (2)

If the person lived in Louisiana, print the parish name. If the person lived in Alaska, print the borough name. If the person lived in New York city and the county name is not known, print the borough name. If the person lived in an independent city (not in any county) or in Washington, D.C., leave blank and enter the city name in part (3).

#### Part (3)

If the person lived in New England, print the name of the town rather than the village name, unless the name of the town is not known. If the person lived outside the limits or boundaries of any city or town, print the name of the post office or the nearest town and mark No, lived outside the city/town limits in part (4).

#### Part (4)

Mark Yes if the location is now inside the city/town limits even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1985; that is, if the area was annexed by the city/town since that time.

15. Mark Yes if the person sometimes or always speaks a language other than English at home.

Do not mark **Yes** for a language spoken only at school or if speaking is limited to a few expressions or slang.

Print the name of the language spoken at home. If this person speaks more than one non-English language and cannot determine which is spoken more often, report the first language the person learned to speak.

- 17a. For a person with service in the National Guard or a military reserve unit, fill one of the two Yes, active duty circles if and only if the person has ever been called up for active duty other than training; otherwise, mark Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only. For a person whose only service was as a civilian employee or volunteer for the Red Cross, USO, Public Health Service, or War or Defense Department, mark No. Count World War II Merchant Marine Seaman service as active duty; do not count other Merchant Marine service as active duty.
- 18. Mark Yes to part (a) if a health condition substantially limits this person in his or her choice of occupation or if the condition limits the amount of work that can be accomplished in a given period of time. Mark Yes to part (b) if the health condition prevents this person from holding any significant employment.
- 19. Consider a person to have difficulty with these activities if any of the following situations apply: (1) it takes extra time or extra effort for the person to perform one or more of the activities, (2) there are times when the person cannot perform one or more of the activities, or (3) the person is completely unable to perform one or more of the activities.

# Instructions for Questions 20 through 23b

- 20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with you. Do not include miscarriages or stillborn children or any adopted, foster, or stepchildren.
- 21a. Count as work Mark Yes:
  - Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
  - Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.
  - Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.
  - Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.
  - Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work - Mark No:

- Housework or yard work at home.
- Unpaid volunteer work.
- School work.
- Work done as a resident of an institution.
- 22a. Include the street type (for example, St., Road, Ave.) and the street direction (if a direction such as "North" is part of the address). For example, print 1239 N. Main St. or 1239 Main St., N.W. not just 1239 Main.

If the only known address is a post office box, give a description of the work location. For example, print the name of the building or shopping center where the person works, the nearest intersection, the nearest street where the workplace is located, etc. DO NOT GIVE A POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER.

If the person worked at a military installation or military base that has no street address, report the name of the military installation or base.

If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), print the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked. If the exact address of a school is not known, print the name of the school.

If the person worked on a college or university campus and the exact address of the workplace is not known, print the name of the building where he or she worked.

d. If the person worked in New York city and the county is not known, print the name of the borough where the person worked.

If the person worked in Louisiana, print the name of the parish where the person worked.

If the person worked in Alaska, print the name of the borough where the person worked.

- e. If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 22e and leave the other parts of question 22 blank.
- 23a. If the person usually used more than one type of transportation to get to work (for example, rode the bus and transferred to the subway), fill the circle of the one method of transportation that he/she used for most of the distance during the trip.
  - b. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination, fill the circle for Drove alone.

DO NOT include persons who rode to school or some other nonwork destination in the count of persons who rode in the vehicle.

# Instructions for Questions 24a through 30

- **24a.** Give the time of day the person usually *left home to go to work.* DO NOT give the time that the person usually began his or her work.
  - If the person usually left home to go to work sometime between 12:00 o'clock midnight and 12:00 o'clock noon, fill the a.m. circle.
  - If the person usually left home to go to work sometime between 12:00 o'clock noon and 12:00 o'clock midnight, fill the **p.m.** circle.
  - **b.** Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation or picking up passengers in a carpool.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-by-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last 4 weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
  - **b.** Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.
    - Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.
    - Mark No. other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.
- 27. Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm, and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- **28a.** If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that had no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his/her own business, print "self-employed."
  - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a did. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person worked. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what to enter:

Enter a description like the following -

the following 
Metal furniture manufacturing
Retail grocery store
Petroleum refining
Cattle ranch

Do not enter 
Furniture company
Grocery store
Oil company
Ranch

29. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person did. If the person was a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description. Some examples of what to enter:

Enter a description like

the following - Do not enter Production clerk Clerk
Carpenter's helper Helper
Auto engine mechanic Mechanic
Registered nurse Nurse

Mark Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT ... organization
if the person worked for a cooperative, credit union, mutual insurance
company, or similar organization.

Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, and other international organizations should mark PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT... organization.

For persons who worked at a public school, college or university, mark the appropriate government category; for example, mark State GOVERNMENT employee for a state university, or mark Local GOVERNMENT employee for a county-run community college or a city-run public school.

# Instructions for Questions 31a through 32h

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work.
  - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
- **32.** Fill the **Yes** or **No** circle for each part and enter the amount received during 1989.

If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report, if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and fill the **No** circle for the other person.

- a. Include wages and salaries from all jobs before deductions. Be sure to include any tips, commissions, or bonuses. Owners of incorporated businesses should enter their salary here. Military personnel should include base pay plus cash housing and/or subsistence allowance, flight pay, uniform allotments, reenlistment bonuses, etc.
- b. Include NONFARM profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. Exclude profit (or loss) of incorporated businesses you own.
- C. Include FARM profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. Exclude profit (or loss) of incorporated farm businesses you own. Also exclude amounts from land rented for cash but include amounts from land rented for shares.
- d. Include interest received or credited to checking and savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit (CDs), IRAs, KEOGHs, and government bonds

Include dividends received, credited, or reinvested from ownership of stocks or mutual funds.

Include profit (or loss) from royalties and the rental of land, buildings or real estate, or from roomers or boarders. Income received by self-employed persons whose *primary* source of income is from renting property or from royalties should be included in questions 32b or 32c above. Include regular payments from an estate or trust fund.

- e. Include Social Security (and/or Railroad Retirement) payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers, and to disabled workers before Medicare deductions.
- f. Include Supplemental Security Income received by aged, blind, or disabled persons, Aid to Families with Dependent Children, or income from other government programs such as general or emergency assistance. Do not include assistance received from private charities. Exclude assistance to pay for heating (cooling) costs.
- g. Include retirement, disability, or survivor benefits received from companies and unions; Federal, State, and local governments, and the U.S. military. Include regular income from annuities and IRA or KEOGH retirement plans.
- h. Include Veterans' (VA) disability compensation and educational assistance payments (VEAP), unemployment compensation, child support or alimony, and all other regular payments such as Armed Forces transfer payments; assistance from private charities; regular contributions from persons not living in the household, etc.

Do not include the following as income in any item:

- · Refunds or rebates of any kind
- Withdrawals from savings of any kind
- Capital gains or losses from the sale of homes, shares of stock, etc.
- Inheritances or insurance settlements
- Any type of loan
- · Pay in-kind such as food, free rent, etc.

# What the Census Is About -

Some Questions and Answers

#### Why are we taking a census?

The most important reason for taking a decennial census is to determine how many representatives each state will have in Congress.

#### What does the Census Bureau do with the information you provide?

The individual information collected in the census is grouped together into statistical totals. Information such as the number of persons in a given area, their ages, educational background, the characteristics of their housing, etc., enable government, business, and industry to plan more effectively.

#### How long have we been taking the census?

The first census was taken in 1790 in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution. A census has been taken every 10 years since. The 1990 Decennial Census marks the 200th anniversary of the census.

#### How are you being counted?

Census forms are delivered to all households a few days before census day. Households are requested to fill out the form and mail it back to the census office.

# Why the Census Asks Certain Questions

#### Here are a few reasons for asking some of the questions.

It is as important to get information about people and their houses as it is to count them.

#### Name?

Names help make sure that everyone in a household is counted, but that no one is counted twice.

#### Value or rent?

Government and planning agencies use answers to these questions in combination with other information to develop housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

#### Complete plumbing?

This question gives information on the quality of housing. The data are used with other statistics to show how the "level of living" compares in various areas and how it has changed over time.

#### Place of birth?

This question provides information used to study long-term trends as to where people move and to study migration patterns and differences in growth patterns.

#### Job?

Answers to the questions about the jobs people hold provide information on the extent and types of employment in different areas of the country. From this information, training programs can be developed and the need for new industries can be determined.

#### Income?

Income, more than anything else, determines how families or persons live. Income information makes it possible to compare the economic levels of different areas.

**CENSUS '90** 

# OFFICIAL 1990 U.S. CENSUS FORM



Thank you for taking time to complete and return this census questionnaire. It's important to you, your community, and the Nation.

# The law requires answers but guarantees privacy.

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), you're required to answer the census questions to the best of your knowledge. However, the same law guarantees that your census form remains confidential. For 72 years-or until the year 2062-only Census Bureau employees can see your form. No one else-no other government body, no police department, no court system or welfare agency-is permitted to see this confidential information under any circumstances.

# How to get started-and get help.

Start by listing on the next page the names of all the people who live in your home. Please answer all questions with a black lead pencil. You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide. If you need additional help, call the toll-free telephone number to the left, near your address.

#### Please answer and return your form promptly.

Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided. Avoid the inconvenience of having a census taker visit your home.

Again, thank you for answering the 1990 Census. Remember: Return the completed form by April 1, 1990.

# Para personas de habla hispana –

(For Spanish-speaking persons)

Si usted desea un cuestionario del censo en español, llame sin cargo alguno al siguiente número: 1-800-CUENTAN (o sea 1-800-283-6826)

U.S. Department of Commerce BUREAU OF THE CENSUS FORM D-2

OMB No. 0607-0628 Approval Expires 07/31/91

#### Page 1

The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

1a. List on the numbered lines below the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE at this address is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, follow the instructions given in question 1b below.

#### Include

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

#### Do NOT include

- · Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person. Begin on line 1 with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start on line 1 with any adult household member.

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
1			7		
2			8		
3			9		
4			10		
5			11		
6			12		

1b. If EVERYONE is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, list the name of each person on the numbered lines above, fill this circle and print their usual address below. DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THE FRONT COVER.

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number	
City	State	ZIP Code	
County or foreign country	Names of nearest intersecting streets	or roads	

NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. USE A BLACK LEAD PENCIL ONLY.

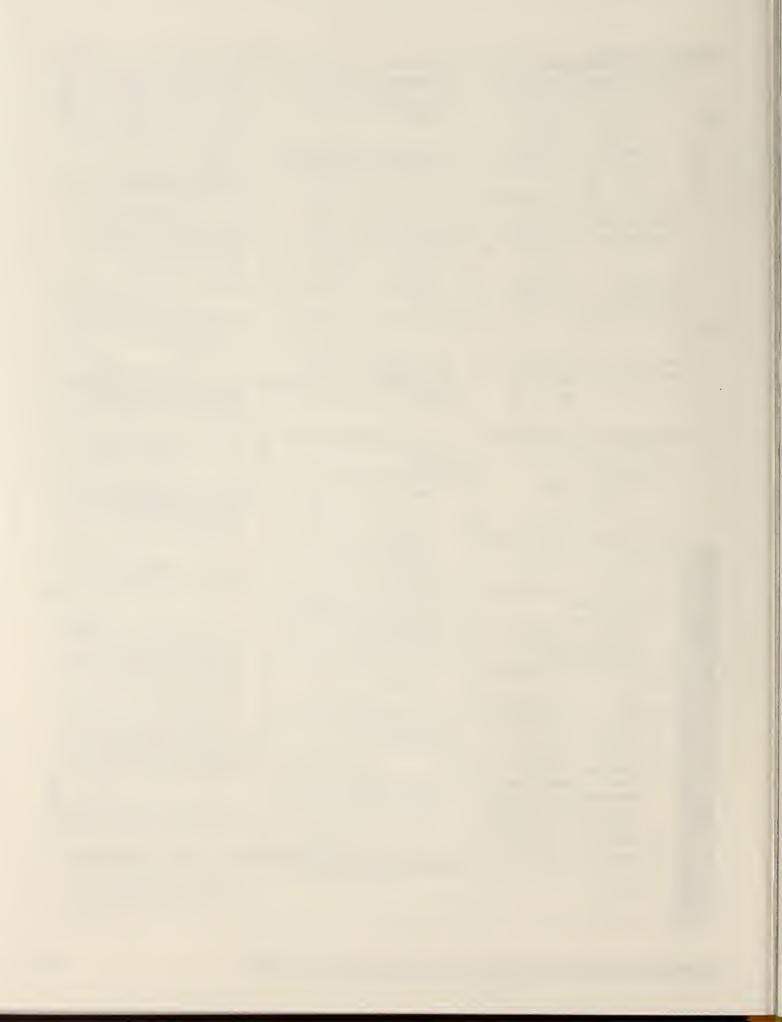
ge z	PLEASE AL	PERSON 1		
		Last name	PERSON 2	
Please fill one column 🔷			\	
	for each person listed in Question 1a on page 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle Initial	
2.	How is this person related		If a RELATIVE of Person 1:	
	to PERSON 1?	START in this column with the household	O Husband/wife O Brother/sister	
	Fill ONE circle for each person.	member (or one of the members) in whose name	O Natural-born O Father/mother or adopted O Grandchild	
	If Other relative of person in column 1,	the home is owned, being bought, or rented.	son/daughter O Other relative -	
	fill circle and print exact relationship, such	Walnut by the state of the state of	O Stepson/	
	as mother-in-law, grandparent, son-in-law, niece, cousin, and so on.	If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.		
			If NOT RELATED to Person 1:	
			O Roomer, boarder, O Unmarried or foster child partner	
			O Housemate, O Other nonrelative	
3.	Sex Fill ONE circle for each person.	O Male O Female	O Male O Female	
4.	Race	O White	O White	
	Fill ONE circle for the race that the person considers himself/herself to be.	O Black or Negro	O Black or Negro	
		<ul> <li>Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.)</li> </ul>	O Indian (Arner.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.)	
	If Indian (Amer.), print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.	//	<b>/</b>	
		O Eskimo	O Eskimo	
		Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander (API)	Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander (API)	
		O Chinese O Japanese	O Chinese O Japanese	
	WO.4	O Filipino O Asian Indian	O Filipino O Asian Indian	
	If Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API), print one group, for example: Hmong,	O Hawaiian O Samoan	O Hawaiian O Samoan	
	Fijian, Laotian, Thai, Tongan, Pakistani,	○ Korean ○ Guamanian ○ Vietnamese ○ Other API →	O Korean O Guamanian O Vietnamese O Other API	
	Cambodian, and so on.	//	[/]\	
	If Other race, print race.	Other race (Print race)	Other race (Print race)	
5.	Age and year of birth	a. Age b. Year of birth	a. Age b. Year of birth	
	a. Print each person's age at last birthday.			
	Fill in the matching circle below each box.	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 • 8 0 0 0 0 0	000000 1 800000	
		101010 901010	101010 901010	
	b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the	2020 2020	2020 2020	
	matching circle below each box.	3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 4 0	3 0 3 0	
		5050 5050	5050 5050	
		6060 6060	6060 6060	
		7070 7070	7070 7070 8080	
		9090 9090	9090 9090	
6.	Marital status	C Now married O Separated	O Now married O Separated	
	Fill ONE circle for each person.	O Widowed O Never married	O Widowed O Never married	
_		C Divorced	O Divorced	
7.	Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin?	C No (not Spanish/Hispanic)	No (not Spanish/Hispanic)	
	Fill ONE circle for each person.	C Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano	O Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano	
		C Yes, Puerto Rican C Yes, Cuban	O Yes, Puerto Rican O Yes, Cuban	
		C Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	
		(Print one group, for example: Argentinear Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan,	Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan,	
	If Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic,	Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)	Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)	
	print one group.			
	EOD CENTRE HEE	С	0	
	FOR CENSUS USE		0	

	PERSON 7	NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1a—H26 FOR THIS HOUSEHOLD		
C. Husband-furth	Lost name Fost name Middle mobal	Question 1a on page 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, someone  H5a. Is this house on ten or more acres?	H5a. Is this house on ten or more acres?	
Septomolytes	C Husband/wife O Brother/sister O Natural-born O Father/mother or adopted O Grandchild	stays here once in a while and has no other home?  Yes, please print the name(s)  No and reason(s).	10р)	
O White O Black or Nego O Black or Nego O Black or Nego O Black or Nego O Indian (Ame.) Print the name of the embeld or principal robe 1/7  O Eskins O Eskins O Aleur Adan or Pacific blander (API) O Eskins O Aleur Adan or Pacific blander (API) O Chainese O Japanese O A make Ambiding with 2 partments A building with 2 partments O A building with 3 to 9 apartments O A building with 3 to 9 apartments O Other nee (Print race)  A building with 3 to 9 apartments O Other nee (Print race)  A building with 3 to 9 apartments O Other nee (Print race)  A building with 5 to 9 apartments O Other nee (Print race)  B how many rooms do you have in this house or apartment?  D Not count ballyones, porches, balconies, feyers, balk, or half-rooms O or nee of the print race partment in the bouse or apartment?  O oned by you or someone in this household fre	O Stepson/ stepdaughter  If NOT RELATED to Person 1: O Roomer, boarder, O Unmarried or foster child partner O Housemate, O Other	b. Did you include anyone in your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 even though you were not sure that the person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person who usually lives somewhere else?  Answer only if you or someone in this household OWI OR IS BUYING this house or apartment —  H6. What is the value of this property; that is, how made you think this house and lot or condominium would sell for if it were for sale?  Chest than \$10,000 Color \$70,000 to \$74,900 to \$79,900 to \$70,000 to \$79,900 to \$70,000 to \$79,900 to \$70,000	much n unit	
O Eskino O Alevari Assan or Pacific Islander (APP) O Chinese O Japanese O Filipino O Asian Indian O Samoon O Korean O Guamanian O Verhamese O Other APP O Oher rece (Print race)  O Ther race (Print race)  O Ther race (Print ra	O White O Black or Negro Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the	and reason(s)	999 4,999 9,999 4,999 9,999	
O Korean O Guamarian O Vietnamese O Other API 7	O Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander (API)  O Chinese O Japanese O Filipino Asian Indian	O A mobile home or trailer O A one-family house detached from any other house O A one-family house attached to one or more houses O A building with 2 apartments O A building with 3 or 4 apartments  O S50,000 to \$54,999 O \$250,000 to \$399 O \$300,000 to \$399 O \$400,000 to \$499 O \$560,000 to \$69,999 O \$500,000 or more	9,999 9,999 9,999	
1	O Korean O Guamanian O Vietnamese O Other API	A building with 20 to 49 apartments  A building with 50 or more apartments  Other  Less than \$80  \$375 to \$399  \$80 to \$99  \$400 to \$424  H3. How many rooms do you have in this house or apartment?  \$100 to \$124  \$425 to \$449	nt —	
3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 • 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	or half-rooms.  O 1 room O 4 rooms O 7 rooms O 2 rooms O 5 rooms O 8 rooms O 3 rooms O 6 rooms O 9 or more rooms O \$2550 to \$599 O 3 rooms O 6 rooms O 9 or more rooms O \$2550 to \$599 O \$560 to \$649		
Now married   O   Separated   O   Never married   O   Never marr	3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0	Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan? Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)?  Rented for cash rent?  Someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)?  Book to \$324 Someone for \$750 to \$999 Significant for the following for the monthly rent include any meals?		
O Widowed O Never married Divorced  O No (not Spanish/Hispanic) O Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano O Yes, Puerto Rican O Yes, Cuban O Yes, Cuban O Yes, Other Spanish/Hispanic O Yes, Ot		FOR CENSUS USE		
O Divorced  O No (not Spanish/Hispanic) O Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano O Yes, Puerto Rican O Yes, Cuban O Yes, Cuban O Yes, Cuban O Yes, Cuban O Yes, Other Spanish/Hispanic O Yes,		parrone = "		
O Yes, Outbarn O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)  Call Vacancy status  O For rent O For seas/ O For sale only rec/occ O Rented or O For migrant sold, not workers occupied O Other vacant  O PAF O RE O I/T O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	O Divorced O No (not Spanish/Hispanic)	Occupied Vacant  C Less than 1 C 6 up to 12  C 1 up to 2 C 12 up to 24  C 2 up to 6 C 24 or more		
0 C2. Is this unit boarded up? F. Cov. 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, Other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan,	C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C	1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5	
		8 C2. Is this unit boarded up? F. Cov. 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 8	

H8. When did the person listed in column 1 on page 2 move into this house or apartment?		H14. Which FUEL is used MOST for heating this house or apartment?	H20. What are the yearly costs of utilities and fuels for this house or apartment?
	O 1989 or 1990	O Gas: from underground pipes	If you have lived here less than 1 year,
		serving the neighborhood	estimate the yearly cost.
	O 1985 to 1988		
	O 1980 to 1984	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	a. Electricity
	O 1970 to 1979	Electricity	a. Liectricity
	O 1960 to 1969	<ul> <li>Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.</li> </ul>	
	O 1959 or earlier	O Coal or coke	
		O Wood	
		O Solar energy	
110	the second desired to the second second second	O Other fuel	.00
<u>H9.</u>		O No fuel used	Yearly cost — Dollars
	many bedrooms would you list if this house or	O 140 ruei used	
	apartment were on the market for sale or rent?		OR
		HISP D	
	O No bedroom	H15. Do you get water from -	O Included in rent or in condominium fee
	O 1 bedroom	O. A. 10	
	O 2 bedrooms	A public system such as a city water	No charge or electricity not used
	O 3 bedrooms	department, or private company?	
	O 4 bedrooms	An individual drilled well?	
		An individual dug well?	
	O 5 or more bedrooms	O Some other source such as a spring,	b. Gas
		creek, river, cistem, etc.?	
		Geen, fiver, Chieffi, etc.?	
H10	Do you have COMPLETE plumbing facilities		
	in this house or apartment; that is, 1) hot and	H16. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	r
	cold piped water, 2) a flush toilet, and 3) a	<ul> <li>Yes, connected to public sewer</li> </ul>	\$ .00
	bathtub or shower?	No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	
		O No, use other means	
	O Marchan Wall Care	o no, use other means	
	O Yes, have all three facilities		OR
	O No	H17. About when was this building first built?	OK
			○ Included in cent or in condominium fee
		U 1989 or 1990	No charge or gas not used
		☐ ○ 1985 to 1988	O THE CHANGE OF GAS HOT LOCA
H11.	Do you have COMPLETE kitchen facilities;	O 1980 to 1984	
===	that is, 1) a sink with piped water, 2) a range	O 1970 to 1979	
		0 1960 to 1969	c. Water
	or cookstove, and 3) a refrigerator?		
		O 1950 to 1959	
	O Yes	O 1940 to 1949	
	O No	O 1939 or eartier	
	U 110	O Don't know	
			\$ .00
			L
		H18. Is this house or apartment part of a	Yearly cost — Dollars
		condominium?	
H12.	Do you have a telephone in this house or	- Constitution	OR
	apartment?	○ Yes	
			O Included in rent or in condominium fee
		○ No	O No charge
	O Yes		
	O No		
	O 140	If you live in an apartment building, skip to H20.	
		a you are in an apaintern valually, sup to ribe.	
		1110-1-4-1-1	d Oil and houses and sta
		H19a. Is this house on less than 1 acre?	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.
	•••	() V., (II + 1100	
H13.	How many automobiles, vans, and trucks of	O Yes — Skip to H20	
	one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for	_ O No	
	use by members of your household?		
		1.1.1000	
		b. In 1989, what were the actual sales of all agricultural	\$ .00
	O None	products from this property?	Yearly cost — Dollars
	0 1		
		ON	
	0 2	O None	OR
	0 3	O \$1 to \$999	J.,
	0 4	O \$1,000 to \$2,499	
	0 5	0 \$2,500 to \$4,999	O Included in rent or in condominium fee
	0 6		No charge or these fuels not used
		0 \$5,000 to \$9,999	O THO CHALGE OF THESE THEIS HOT LISEL
	O 7 or more	○ \$10,000 or more	
1			

PERSON 1  Last name First name Middle initial	14a. Did this person live in this house or apartment 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?  O Born after April 1, 1985 — Go to questions for	18. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months and which —
8. In what U.S. State or foreign country was this	○ Yes — Skip to 15a the next person	a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?
person born?	√ ○ No	O Yes O No
	b. Where did this person live 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?	b. Prevents this person from working at a job?
(Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.)  9. Is this person a CITIZEN of the United States?	(1) Name of U.S. State or foreign country—	O Yes O No
Yes, born in the United States — Skip to 11 Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization	(If outside U.S., print answer above and skip to 15a.)  (2) Name of county in the U.S.—	19. Because of a health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months, does this person have any difficulty —  a. Going outside the home alone, for example, to shop or visit a doctor's office?  O Yes O No
O No, not a citizen of the United States		
10. When did this person come to the United States to stay?  1987 to 1990 1985 or 1986 1982 to 1984 1980 or 1981 1980 or 1981 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1964 1960 to 1964 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1979 1960 before 1950	(3) Name of city or town in the U.S.  (4) Did this person live inside the city or town limits?  O Yes O No, lived outside the city/town limits	b. Taking care of his or her own personal needs, such as bathing, dressing, or getting around inside the home?  O Yes O No  If this person is a female —  20. How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren or children
At any time since February 1, 1990, has this person attended regular school or college?     Include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma.	15a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?  O Yes  O No — Skip to 16	Shadon tas: Do not count first separation of children   She has adopted.   None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more
or a college degree.  O No, has not attended since February 1  O Yes, public school, public college  O Yes, private school, private college	(For example: Chinese, Italian, Spanish, Vietnamese)  c. How well does this person speak English?	21a. Did this person work at any time LAST WEEK?  O Yes — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active
12. How much school has this person COMPLETED? Fill ONE circle for the highest level COMPLETED or degree RECEIVED. If currently enrolled, mark the level of previous grade attended or highest degree received.	O Very well O Not well O Well O Not at all  16. When was this person born?	duty in the Armed Forces.)  O No — Fill this circle if this person did not work, or did only own housework, school work, or volunteer work. — Skip to 25
No school completed     Nursery school     Kindergarlen	O Born before April 1, 1975 — Go to 17a O Born April 1, 1975 or later — Go to questions for the next person	b. How many hours did this person work LAST WEEK (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked
Sth, 6th, 7th, or 8th grade Sth fith, 7th, or 8th grade	17a. Has this person ever been on active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States or ever been in the United States military Reserves	Hours 2  22. At what location did this person work
O 10th grade O 11th grade O 12th grade, NO DIPLOMA O HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE - high school	or the National Guard? If service was in Reserves or National Guard only, see instruction guide.  O Yes, now on active duty	LAST WEEK?  If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.  a. Address (Number and street)—7
DIPLOMA or the equivalent (For example: GED)  Some college but no degree  Associate degree in college - Occupational program Associate degree in college - Academic program  Bachelor's degree (For example: BA, AB, BS)	O Yes, on active duty in past, but not now O Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only — Skip to 18 O No — Skip to 18	[If the exact address is not known, give a description of the location such as the building name or the nearest
Master's degree (For example: MA, MS, MEng,     MEd, MSW, MBA)	b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.	b. Name of city, towa, or post office
Professional school degree (For example: MD, DDS, DVM, LLB, JD) Doctorate degree (For example: PhD, EdD)  13. What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin?	O September 1980 or later O May 1975 to August 1980 Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) February 1955—July 1964 Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)	c. Is the work location inside the limits of that city or town?
(See instruction guide for further information.)	O World War II (September 1940 – July 1947) O World War I (April 1917 – November 1918) Any other time	O Yes O No, outside the city/town limits
(For example: German, Italian, Afro-Amer., Croatian, Cape Verdean, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Haitian, Cajun, French Canadian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Irish, Polish, Slovak, Taiwanese, Thai, Ukrainian, etc.)	c. In total, how many years of active-duty military service has this person had?  Years	e. State 7 f. ZIP Code 7

ERSON 1 ON PAGE 2		
23a. How did this person usually get to work LAST WEEK? If this person usually used more than one method of transportation during the trip, fill the circle of the one used for most of the distance.  Car, truck, or van	28. Industry or Employer  a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, fill this circle  o and print the branch of the Armed Forces.  (Name of company, business, or other employer)  b. What kind of business or industry was this?  Describe the activity at location where employed.  (For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, retail bakery)	32. INCOME IN 1989 — Fill the "Yes" circle below for each income source received during 1989. Otherwise, fill the "No" circle. If "Yes," enter the total amount received during 1989. For income received jointly, see instruction guide. If exact amount is not known, please give best estimate if net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.  a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tip from all jobs — Report amount before deduction taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.  O Yes — OO Annual amount — Dollars  b. Self-employment income from own nonfarm
O Drove alone	c. Is this mainly — Fill ONE circle  O Manufacturing O Other (agriculture, O Wholesale trade construction, service, O Retail trade government, etc.)	business, including proprietorship and partnership — Report NET income after business expenses.  O Yes — \$ .00
24a. What time did this person usually leave home to go to work LAST WEEK?  C a.m. D p.m.  b. How many minutes did it usually take this person	a. What kind of work was this person doing?  (For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine	Annual amount — Dollars  c. Farm self-employment income — Report NET income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.  O Yes —
to get from home to work LAST WEEK?  Minutes — Skip to 28  25. Was this person TEMPORARILY absent or on layoff from a job or business LAST WEEK?	b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?  (For example: patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines,	income, or income from estates and trusts —  Report even small amounts credited to an account  O Yes —
Yes, on layoff Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc. No  No  26a. Has this person been looking for work during the	icing cakes)  30. Was this person — Fill ONE circle  Employee of a PRIVATE FOR PROFIT company or business or of an individual, for wages, salary, or commissions  Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT,	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement  O Yes — \$ .000  Annual amount — Dollars  f. Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), other public assistance or public welfare payments.
last 4 weeks?  O Yes  No — Skip to 27  b. Could this person have taken a job LAST WEEK	tax-exempt, or charitable organization  Local GOVERNMENT employee (city, county, etc.)  State GOVERNMENT employee  Federal GOVERNMENT employee  SELF-EMPLOYED in common incomposer  SELF-EMPLOYED in common incomp	O Yes — \$ .00  No Annual amount — Dollars  g. Retirement, survivor, or disability pensions  Do NOT include Social Security.
if one had been offered?  No, already has a job  No, temporarily ill  No, other reasons (in school, etc.)  Yes, could have taken a job	business, professional practice, or farm  SELF-EMPLOYED in own INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm  31a. Last year (1989), did this person work, even for a	O Yes
27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?  O 1990	few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?  O Yes  O No — Skip to 32	unemployment compensation, child support or alimony — Do NOT include lump sum paym such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.  O Yes ——
O 1989 O 1988 O 1985 to 1987  28  28  28-30. CURRENT OR MOST RECENT JOB	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1989?  Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.  Weeks	No Sanual amount — Dollars  33. What was this person's total income in 1989  Add entries in questions 32a through 32h; subtra
ACTIVITY. Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for his/her last job or business since 1985.	c. During the weeks WORKED in 1989, how many hours did this person usually work each week?	above amount.  O None OR \$ .00 Annual amount — Dollars



# APPENDIX F. Data Products and User Assistance

#### CONTENTS

Data Products	F-
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Other Census Bureau Resources	
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The 1990 census data products, being released during 1991-93, are available in a variety of new and traditional media. The Census Bureau has increased the product options available to data users in an effort to meet a variety of requirements and maximize the usefulness of the data. For example, laser discs, called CD-ROM (compact disc—read-only memory), are a new data delivery medium.

The Census Bureau also has expanded services and sources of assistance available to data users. For example, the State Data Center Program has been expanded to include over 1,400 organizations to provide data and services to the public.

This appendix provides a detailed introduction to the 1990 census data products and related materials, such as maps and reference publications. It concludes by describing sources of assistance and other Census Bureau data available to the public.

#### **DATA PRODUCTS**

Printed reports and computer tape files traditionally are the most widely used products. The Census Bureau also offers data on microfiche, on CD-ROM laser discs, and through its online service, CENDATA<sup>TM</sup>. These various products are described below. For information about prices and how to order, write or call Customer Services. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The data products present statistics about the subjects covered in the 1990 census questionnaires. These subjects are listed in figure 1, page F-7. As the figure shows, there are 100-percent subjects (those covered in questions asked of everyone or about every housing unit) and sample subjects (those covered in questions asked at about one out of every six housing units). Generally, a data product presents either 100-percent data prepared by tabulating the responses to the 100-percent questions from all questionnaires, or sample data prepared by tabulating only the responses to the 100-percent and sample questions from the "long-form" questionnaires. Two report series, 1990 CPH-3 and 1990 CPH-4 (see figure 2, page F-8), present both 100-percent and sample data.

# **Printed Reports**

Printed reports are the most convenient and readily available source of data for most census users. The Census Bureau releases the reports in several series (see figure 2) that are grouped under three broad titles: 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH), 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP), and 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH). There also are reports, not reflected in figure 2, for the outlying areas of the Pacific. The reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

In several series, there are separate reports for each State. The geographic coverage of the State reports is listed in figure 2. The United States summaries for these report series contain, for the most part, data for the United States, regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), counties, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, places with 10,000 or more persons, and other large substate areas (for example, county subdivisions, such as towns and townships, with 10,000 or more persons in selected States).

Report series that present data for small areas, such as census tracts, contain limited subject-matter detail (for example, counts of people by age ranges—under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, etc.—rather than by single years). Report series that include greater amounts of subject-matter detail include less geographic detail.

# **Computer Tape Files**

The Census Bureau provides more data on tape and other machine-readable products than in printed reports. These products are sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. There are several general types of data files released on computer tape (available on both reels and cartridges). They are introduced below, and more information is presented in figures 3 and 4, pages F-11 through F-13.

**Public Law 94-171 Data—**This data file presents the counts designed and formatted for use in legislative redistricting. These counts also are available on CD-ROM and paper listings. Excerpts are available on CENDATA<sup>TM</sup>. The counts, for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts, include totals for population, race groups, persons of Hispanic origin, population 18 years and over, and housing units. (See figure 4.)

Summary Tape Files (STF's)— These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- Each STF has three or more file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF's 1 and 2 contain 100-percent data, and STF's 3 and 4 offer sample data.
- STF's 1 and 3 report on smaller areas and offer less data detail than STF's 2 and 4.
- STF's 1 through 4 offer greater data detail than the 1980 STF's 1 through 4.

Subject Summary Tape Files (SSTF's)—These files are the source of the subject reports and provide greater subject-matter detail than the STF's. They present data for the United States, regions, and divisions, and, in some cases, also for States, counties, and large cities. (See figure 4.)

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files—These computer tape files (see figure 4) contain data from samples of long-form housing-unit records ("microdata") for large geographic areas. Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

Microdata files enable users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There are two PUMS files:

- A file presenting a 5-percent sample of housing units in which each household record includes codes to let the user know in what area, such as a group of counties, a single county, or a place, the household is located. Each area identified must have a population of at least 100,000 and boundaries that do not cross State lines.
- A file presenting a 1-percent sample of housing units. Its household records include codes associating them with MA's and other large areas, the boundaries of which may cross State lines. (For the 1980 census, there were two files with 1-percent samples. The 1-percent sample showing data for selected urbanized areas and other large areas will not be produced for the 1990 census.)

Other Special Computer Tape Files—Other files include the Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File and the County-to-County Migration File. (See figure 4.) The Census Bureau may prepare additional special files.

#### Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche as they were for the 1980 census. The microfiche present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the entire land area of the Nation and its possessions was block-numbered. This increased the number of blocks for which the Census Bureau provides data from 2.5 million in 1980 to 7 million for 1990. The cost and storage of block data of this magnitude would be prohibitive if the data were published in printed reports.

STF's 1A and 3A are available on microfiche, as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, all printed reports are offered on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

# Compact Disc—Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM)

For the 1990 census, the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 file; an extract of STF 1B that presents selected statistics for blocks; and STF's 1A, 1C, 3A, 3B, and 3C are also available on CD-ROM. (One 4 3/4-inch CD-ROM, a type of optical or laser disc, can hold the contents of approximately 1,600 flexible diskettes, or three or four high-density computer tapes.)

# **Online Information Systems**

The Census Bureau began CENDATA<sup>TM</sup>, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA<sup>TM</sup> is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA<sup>TM</sup> provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of State, county, MA, and place data from the P.L. 94-171 tape file and STF's 1 and 3.

#### **Custom Data Products**

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations— UDAP can provide a set of predefined data tables for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

**Special Tabulations**—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

#### **GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS**

#### Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps. Among the most useful are these four series:

County Block Maps—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and governmental entities, such as census tracts and places; and physical features. The P.L. 94-171 version of these maps also shows voting district boundaries in those States that furnished them. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by county (or equivalent entity) with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. An average county requires 20 map sheets. The maps may be purchased from Customer Services.

County Subdivision Outline Maps—Maps in this State-based series present the boundaries of the counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas (including off-reservation trust lands), tribal designated statistical areas, and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. Also, they appear on multiple page-size sheets in the State reports of these series: 1990 CPH-1, 1990 CPH-2, 1990 CPH-5, 1990 CP-1, 1990 CP-2, 1990 CH-1, and 1990 CH-2.

Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps—Maps in this county-based series depict census tract or BNA boundaries and numbers, and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental units in relation to the census tracts/BNA's. Customer Services sells electrostatic-plotter copies, and the Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

Voting District Outline Maps—Maps in this county-based series depict voting district boundaries (for those counties for which States furnished boundary information) and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental unit boundaries in relation to the voting districts. They are prepared on electrostatic plotters and sold by Customer Services.

# **Geographic Publications**

The Geographic Identification Code Scheme report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal information processing standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for States, metropolitan areas, counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

# Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and inland water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990 census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the entire United States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Pacific territories over which the United States has jurisdiction.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the P.L. 94-171 file or the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area of the country. For example, a map for a particular county could show the distribution of the voting age population by city block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files. TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads, railroads, and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files also furnish address ranges and associated ZIP

Codes for each side of street segments in major urban areas; provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and golf courses; and include other information.

TIGER/Line<sup>TM</sup> files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/Boundary<sup>TM</sup> and TIGER/DataBase<sup>TM</sup>, are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

#### REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- 1990 Census of Population and Housing, Guide. This guide, in the 1990 CPH-R report series, provides detailed information about all aspects of the census and a comprehensive glossary of census terms. Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- 1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program. A free report describing 1990 census products, comparing 1990 products with those of 1980, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- Census '90 Basics. A free booklet covering how the 1990 census data were collected and processed, the full range of data products, the maps and geographic files, and more, but with less detail than the Guide (above). Request from Customer Services.
- Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community. A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.
- Strength in Numbers. A free, tabloid-size booklet designed to assist people in using 1990 census data in redistricting. Among other features, it includes illustrations of maps and Public Law 94-171 counts. Request from Customer Services.
- TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base. A
  free booklet describing the structure and uses of the
  Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- Census and You. The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

- Monthly Product Announcement. A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services
- Census Catalog and Guide. A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA $^{\mathsf{TM}}$ , the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

#### SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

#### U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and its 12 regional offices. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

Washington, DC, Contacts—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (fax number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.

# Regional Office Contacts—

Atlanta, GA	404-347-2274
Boston, MA	617-565-7078
Charlotte, NC	704-371-6144
Chicago, IL	312-353-0980
Dallas, TX	214-767-7105
Denver, CO	303-969-7750
Detroit, MI	313-354-4654
Kansas City, KS	913-236-3711
Los Angeles, CA	818-904-6339
New York, NY	212-264-4730
Philadelphia, PA	215-597-8313
Seattle, WA	206-728-5314

# **Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office**

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

# Other Sources of Products and Services

State Data Centers—The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State Data Centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. For a list of the State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services. The list also notes organizations in States participating in the Census Bureau's Business/Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program. The BIDC's help business people, economic development planners, and other data users obtain and use data.

National Services Program—The National Services Program (NSP) provides data-related services for nationally based nonprofit organizations that represent minorities or other segments of the population who have been historically undercounted in decennial censuses. The participants include social service, business, professional, civil rights, educational, and religious groups. Through a pilot project, the National Services Information Center (NSIC) Initiative, three of these nonprofit groups now offer their clientele reports, computer tape printouts, and other information from the Census Bureau. To learn more about the NSP and the NSIC, write to the National Services Program, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, or call 301-763-1384.

National Clearinghouse—The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and

using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

Depository Libraries—There are 1,400 libraries that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

# OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- People: Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- Business and industry: Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- Housing and construction: Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- Farms: Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- Governments: Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- Foreign trade: Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- Other nations: Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Surveys and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

The other statistical activities of the Census Bureau are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the

annual Census Catalog and Guide. Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

# **Current Demographic and Housing Programs**

Two types of current programs complement the 10-year census: population estimates and surveys. The total population of the United States is estimated monthly; the population of States, counties, and metropolitan areas is estimated annually; and the population of places and other governmental units is estimated every 2 years. Projections of future population are made at the national and State levels.

The Census Bureau's many household surveys update population and housing characteristics at the national level and sometimes for States and metropolitan areas, as well. These surveys also obtain many characteristics not included in the 10-year census. The Current Population Survey is taken monthly; the American Housing Survey national sample is taken biennially; the American Housing Survey metropolitan sample is taken in 44 areas, 11 per year in a 4-year cycle; most other surveys are annual or less frequent.

# **Economic Censuses and Surveys**

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries. Also included are related programs, such as statistics on minority- and women-owned businesses, enterprise statistics, and censuses of economic activity in Puerto Rico and some of the outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

The Census Bureau also has programs that provide current statistics on such measures as total sales of particular kinds of businesses or production of particular products. These programs include monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* and *Current Industrial Reports*. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics based on data compiled primarily from administrative records.

# **Agriculture Census and Surveys**

The agriculture census is conducted concurrently with the economic censuses. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the county level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold. Results of three surveys—the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, 1988 Census of Horticulture Specialties, and 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey—are published in conjunction with the 1987 Census of Agriculture. Also, the Census Bureau regularly issues reports from a survey on cotton ginnings.

# **Governments Census and Surveys**

The census of governments, also for years ending in "2" and "7," covers all types of governments: Federal, State, county, municipal (place), township (county subdivision), school district, and special district. It provides data on such subjects as number of public employees, payrolls, revenue, and expenditures.

Annual and quarterly surveys cover the same principal subjects but generate data only for States and the largest local governments.

# **Foreign Trade Statistics**

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States and Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions.

#### Other Statistical Activities

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).

#### 100-PERCENT COMPONENT

#### **Population**

Household relationship

Sex Race

Age Marital status

Hispanic origin

#### Housing

Number of units in structure Number of rooms in unit

Tenure—owned or rented

Value of home or monthly rent

Congregate housing (meals included in rent)

Vacancy characteristics

#### SAMPLE COMPONENT

# **Population**

Social characteristics:

Education-enrollment and attainment

Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into U.S.

Ancestry

Language spoken at home

Migration (residence in 1985)

Disability

Fertility

Veteran status

#### Economic characteristics:

Labor force

Occupation, industry, and class of worker

Place of work and journey to work

Work experience in 1989

Income in 1989

Year last worked

# Housing

Year moved into residence

Number of bedrooms

Plumbing and kitchen facilities

Telephone in unit

Vehicles available

Heating fuel

Source of water and method of sewage disposal

Year structure built

Condominium status

Farm residence

Shelter costs, including utilities

NOTE: Questions dealing with the subjects covered in the 100-percent component were asked of all persons and housing units. Those covered by the sample component were asked of a sample of the population and housing units.

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
	199	CENSUS OF POPUL	ATION AND HOUSING (1990 C	PH)
		100	-Percent Data	
1990 CPH-1	Summary Popula- tion and Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CPH-2	Population and Housing Unit Counts	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, State component parts of metropolitan areas (MA's) and urbanized areas (UA's), and summary geographic areas (for example, urban and rural)
		100-Perce	nt and Sample Data	
1990 CPH-3	Population and Housing Charac- teristics for Cen- sus Tracts and Block Numbering Areas	MA's, and the nonmetropolitan balance of each State, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	In MA's: census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and counties. In the remainder of each State: census tracts/BNA's, places of 10,000 or more, and counties
1990 CPH-4	Population and Housing Charac- teristics for Con- gressional Districts of the 103rd Con- gress	States and DC	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	Congressional districts (CD's) and, within CD's, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
		S	ample Data	
1990 CPH-5	Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Charac- teristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population and housing subjects	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
		1990 CENSUS O	F POPULATION (1990 CP)	
		100-	Percent Data	
1990 CP-1	General Population Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and house- hold relationship charac- teristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural
		-		

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
			OPULATION (1990 CP)—Con.	
1990 CP-1-1A	General Population Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	100-Per	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CP-1-1B	General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and house- hold relationship charac- teristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CP-1-1C	General Population Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and house- hold relationship charac- teristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
		Sa	ample Data	
1990 CP-2	Social and Eco- nomic Characteris- tics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and the State portion of American Indian areas
1990 CP-2-1A	Social and Eco- nomic Characteris- tics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as for CP-1-1A
1990 CP-2-1B	Social and Eco- nomic Characteris- tics for Metropoli- tan Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual MA's, as for CP-1-1B
1990 CP-2-1C	Social and Eco- nomic Characteris- tics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual UA's, as for CP-1-1C
1990 CP-3	Population Subject Reports	Selected subjects	Approximately 30 reports on population census subjects such as migration, education, income, the older population, and racial and ethnic groups	Generally limited to the U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
			OF HOUSING (1990 CH) -Percent Data	
1990 CH-1	General Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural
1990 CH-1-1A	General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CH-1-1B	General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CH-1-1C	General Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy char- acteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
•		S	ample Data	
1990 CH-2	Detailed Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and State parts of American Indian areas
1990 CH-2-1A	Detailed Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as in 1990 CH-1-1A
1990 CH-2-1B	Detailed Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual MA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1B
1990 CH-2-1C	Detailed Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual UA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1C
1990 CH-3	Housing Subject Reports	Selected subjects	Approximately 10 reports on housing census subjects such as structural characteristics and space utilization	Generally limited to U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files

Summary Tape F (STF 1A, 1B, etc.) and data type (100 percent or sample) <sup>1</sup>		Geographic areas	Description
	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's). Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	
	B <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's, blocks. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	
STF 1 (100 percent)	C <sub>3</sub>	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), American Indian and Alaska Native areas	Over 900 cells/items of 100- percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area
	D	Congressional districts (CD's) of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and American Indian areas	
	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's	
STF 2 (100 percent)	В	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	Over 2,100 cells/items of 100- percent population and housing counts and characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 2 files will include a set of tabula- tions for the total population and separate presentations of tabula- tions by race and Hispanic origin
	С	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	
	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas	
	Вз	Five-digit ZIP Codes within each State	
STF 3 (Sample)	C <sub>3</sub>	U.S., regions, divisions, States, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	Over 3,300 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area
	D	CD's of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States	

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files—Con.

	Geographic areas	Description
Α	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's	
В	State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	Over 8,500 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 4 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin.
С	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	
	A B	A In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's  B State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas  C U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian

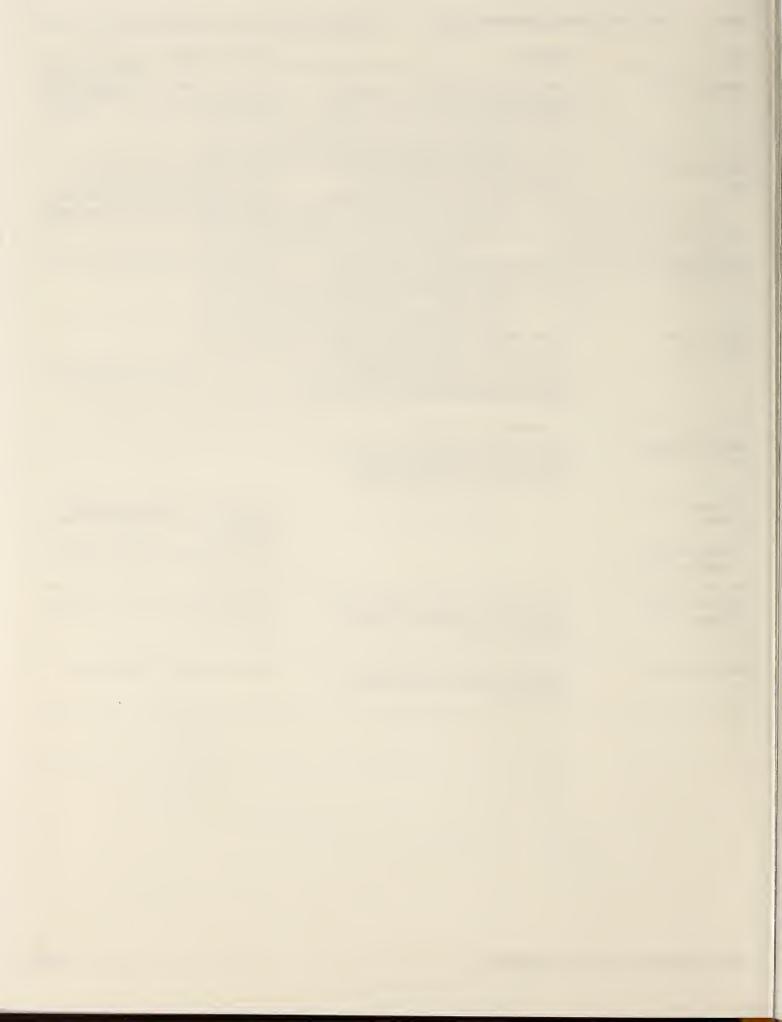
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Similar STF's will be prepared for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

<sup>2</sup>Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file.

<sup>3</sup>Also available on laser disc (CD-ROM). STF 1B CD-ROM presents the same file extract as STF 1B microfiche.

Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products

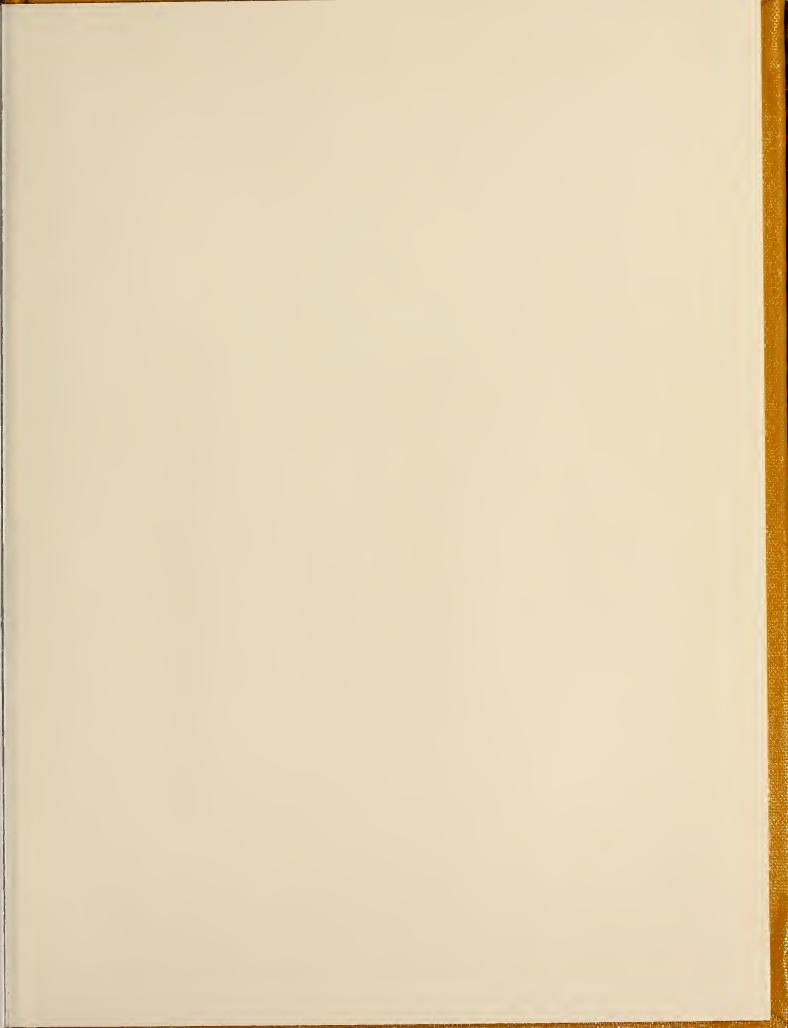
Title	Description	Geographic areas
Subject Summary Tape Files	About 20 computer tape files used to produce the subject reports (1990 CP-3 and 1990 CH-3 series). On the average, a file is the source of two subject reports	U.S., regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), and large counties and places
Public Law 94-171 Data File (redistricting data)	Counts by total, race, and Hispanic origin for the total population and population 18 years old and over, and counts of housing units. Available on tape, CD-ROM, and paper listings	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's), and blocks; voting districts where States have identified them for the Census Bureau; and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Census/Equal Employ- ment Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulated by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Counties, MA's, places of 50,000 or more inhabitants
County-to-County Migration File	Summary statistics for all intra-state county-to- county migration streams and significant inter- state county-to-county migration streams. Each record will include codes for the geographic area of destination, and selected characteris- tics of the persons who made up the migration stream	States, counties
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files	Machine-readable files containing a sample of individual long-form census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	
5 Percent—PUMS Areas		County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants
1 Percent—Metro- politan Areas (1990)		MA's and other large areas with 100,000 or more inhabitants
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	A set of standard tabulations provided on print- outs, tapes, or other products with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas



# APPENDIX G. Maps

Census Tract/Block Numbering Area Outline Maps—These are county-based maps that depict the boundaries and codes of census tracts or block numbering areas, the features and feature names underlying the boundaries and names of counties, county subdivisions, places, and American Indian/Alaska Native areas. Map scales vary to minimize the number of sheets. Printed versions of these maps are available from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office (GPO).





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